

**$f_2(1270)$**

$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^+(2^{++})$

### **$f_2(1270)$ T-MATRIX POLE $\sqrt{s}$**

Note that  $\Gamma \approx 2 \text{ Im}(\sqrt{s})$ .

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>(1260–1283) – <math>i</math> (90–110) OUR ESTIMATE</b>			
(1268 ± 8) – $i$ (101 ± 6)	RODAS	22	RVUE $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \gamma (\pi\pi, K\bar{K})$
(1263.3 ± 0.2 ± 1.5) – $i$ (96.9 ± 0.2 ± 0.8)	ALBRECHT	20	RVUE $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \eta, \pi^0 \eta \eta, \pi^0 K^+ K^-$
(1270 ± 8) – $i$ (97 ± 8)	<sup>1</sup> ANISOVICH	09	RVUE 0.0 $\bar{p}p, \pi N$
(1278 ± 5) – $i$ (102 ± 10)	<sup>1</sup> BERTIN	97C	OBLX 0.0 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

<sup>1</sup> Amplitude did not include dispersive corrections.

### **$f_2(1270)$ MASS**

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1275.4 ± 0.8 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
1275.8 ± 1.0 ± 0.4		<sup>1</sup> BOGOLYUB...	13	SPEC $7\pi^+(K^+, p)A \rightarrow n\gamma + X$
1262 $\pm \frac{1}{2} \pm 8$		2 ABLIKIM	06V	BES2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^-$
1275 $\pm 15$		ABLIKIM	05	BES2 $J/\psi \rightarrow \phi \pi^+ \pi^-$
1283 $\pm 5$		ALDE	98	GAM4 $100 \pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 n$
1272 $\pm 8$	200k	PROKOSHKIN	94	GAM2 $38 \pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 n$
1269.7 ± 5.2	5730	AUGUSTIN	89	DM2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow 5\pi$
1283 $\pm 8$	400	<sup>3</sup> ALDE	87	GAM4 $100 \pi^- p \rightarrow 4\pi^0 n$
1274 $\pm 5$		<sup>3</sup> AUGUSTIN	87	DM2 $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^-$
1283 $\pm 6$		<sup>4</sup> LONGACRE	86	MPS $22 \pi^- p \rightarrow n2K_S^0$
1276 $\pm 7$		COURAU	84	DLCO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
1273.3 ± 2.3		<sup>5</sup> CHABAUD	83	ASPK $17 \pi^- p$ polarized
1280 $\pm 4$		<sup>6</sup> CASON	82	STRC $8 \pi^+ p \rightarrow \Delta^{++} \pi^0 \pi^0$
1281 $\pm 7$	11600	GIDAL	81	MRK2 $J/\psi$ decay
1282 $\pm 5$		<sup>7</sup> CORDEN	79	OMEG $12-15 \pi^- p \rightarrow n2\pi$
1269 $\pm 4$	10k	APEL	75	NICE $40 \pi^- p \rightarrow n2\pi^0$
1272 $\pm 4$	4600	ENGLER	74	DBC $6 \pi^+ n \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- p$
1277 $\pm 4$	5300	FLATTE	71	HBC $7.0 \pi^+ p$
1273 $\pm 8$		<sup>3</sup> STUNTEBECK	70	HBC $8 \pi^- p, 5.4 \pi^+ d$
1265 $\pm 8$		BOESEBECK	68	HBC $8 \pi^+ p$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1257 $\pm 6$		<sup>8</sup> KLEMPT	22	RVUE $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0 \pi^0, \gamma K_S^0 K_S^0$
1263 $\pm 12$		CARVER	21	CLAS $\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 p$
1259 $\pm 4 \pm 4$	1.7k	<sup>9,10</sup> DOBBS	15	$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^-$
1267 $\pm 4 \pm 3$	1.5k	<sup>9,10</sup> DOBBS	15	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^-$

1277	$\pm 6$	870	<sup>11</sup> SCHEGELSKY 06A	RVUE	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$
1251	$\pm 10$		TIKHOMIROV 03	SPEC	$40.0 \pi^- C \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0 K_L^0 X$
1260	$\pm 10$		<sup>12</sup> ALDE 97	GAM2	$450 pp \rightarrow pp\pi^0\pi^0$
1278	$\pm 6$		<sup>12</sup> GRYGOREV 96	SPEC	$40 \pi^- N \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0 X$
1262	$\pm 11$		AGUILAR-...	EHS	$400 pp$
1275	$\pm 10$		AKER 91	CBAR	$0.0 \bar{p}p \rightarrow 3\pi^0$
1220	$\pm 10$		BREAKSTONE 90	SFM	$pp \rightarrow pp\pi^+\pi^-$
1288	$\pm 12$		ABACHI 86B	HRS	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-X$
1284	$\pm 30$	3k	BINON 83	GAM2	$38 \pi^- p \rightarrow n2\eta$
1280	$\pm 20$	3k	APEL 82	CNTR	$25 \pi^- p \rightarrow n2\pi^0$
1284	$\pm 10$	16000	DEUTSCH...	HBC	$16 \pi^+ p$
1258	$\pm 10$	600	TAKAHASHI 72	HBC	$8 \pi^- p \rightarrow n2\pi$
1275	$\pm 13$		ARMENISE 70	HBC	$9 \pi^+ n \rightarrow p\pi^+\pi^-$
1261	$\pm 5$	1960	<sup>3</sup> ARMENISE 68	DBC	$5.1 \pi^+ n \rightarrow p\pi^+ MM^-$
1270	$\pm 10$	360	<sup>3</sup> ARMENISE 68	DBC	$5.1 \pi^+ n \rightarrow p\pi^0 MM$
1268	$\pm 6$		<sup>13</sup> JOHNSON 68	HBC	$3.7-4.2 \pi^- p$

<sup>1</sup> Averaged over six nuclear targets, no statistically significant dependence on target nucleus observed.

<sup>2</sup> Breit-Wigner mass.

<sup>3</sup> Mass errors enlarged by us to  $\Gamma/\sqrt{N}$ ; see the note with the  $K^*(892)$  mass.

<sup>4</sup> From a partial-wave analysis of data using a K-matrix formalism with 5 poles.

<sup>5</sup> From an energy-independent partial-wave analysis.

<sup>6</sup> From an amplitude analysis of the reaction  $\pi^+\pi^- \rightarrow 2\pi^0$ .

<sup>7</sup> From an amplitude analysis of  $\pi^+\pi^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  scattering data.

<sup>8</sup> Fit of the tensor partial waves from BES3 in the multipole basis.

<sup>9</sup> Using CLEO-c data but not authored by the CLEO Collaboration.

<sup>10</sup> From a fit to a Breit-Wigner line shape with fixed  $\Gamma = 185$  MeV.

<sup>11</sup> From analysis of L3 data at 91 and 183–209 GeV.

<sup>12</sup> Systematic uncertainties not estimated.

<sup>13</sup> JOHNSON 68 includes BONDAR 63, LEE 64, DERADO 65, EISNER 67.

## $f_2(1270)$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>186.6 \pm 2.3</math> OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.5.		
<b><math>185.8^{+2.8}_{-2.1}</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.6. See the ideogram below.		
$190.3 \pm 1.9 \pm 1.8$		<sup>1</sup> BOGOLYUB... 13	SPEC	$7\pi^+(K^+,p)A \rightarrow n\gamma + X$
$175^{+6}_{-4} \pm 10$		<sup>2</sup> ABLIKIM 06V	BES2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-$
$190 \pm 20$		ABLIKIM 05	BES2	$J/\psi \rightarrow \phi\pi^+\pi^-$
$171 \pm 10$		ALDE 98	GAM4	$100 \pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0n$
$192 \pm 5$	200k	PROKOSHKIN 94	GAM2	$38 \pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0n$
$180 \pm 24$		AGUILAR-... 91	EHS	$400 pp$
$169 \pm 9$	5730	<sup>3</sup> AUGUSTIN 89	DM2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow 5\pi$
$150 \pm 30$	400	<sup>3</sup> ALDE 87	GAM4	$100 \pi^- p \rightarrow 4\pi^0n$
$186^{+9}_{-2}$		<sup>4</sup> LONGACRE 86	MPS	$22 \pi^- p \rightarrow n2K_S^0$

$179.2^{+6.9}_{-6.6}$		5 CHABAUD	83	ASPK	$17 \pi^- p$ polarized
160 $\pm 11$		DENNEY	83	LASS	$10 \pi^+ N$
196 $\pm 10$	3k	APEL	82	CNTR	$25 \pi^- p \rightarrow n 2\pi^0$
152 $\pm 9$		6 CASON	82	STRG	$8 \pi^+ p \rightarrow \Delta^{++} \pi^0 \pi^0$
186 $\pm 27$	11600	GIDAL	81	MRK2	$J/\psi$ decay
216 $\pm 13$		7 CORDEN	79	OMEG	$12\text{--}15 \pi^- p \rightarrow n 2\pi$
190 $\pm 10$	10k	APEL	75	NICE	$40 \pi^- p \rightarrow n 2\pi^0$
192 $\pm 16$	4600	ENGLER	74	DBC	$6 \pi^+ n \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- p$
183 $\pm 15$	5300	FLATTE	71	HBC	$7 \pi^+ p \rightarrow \Delta^{++} f_2$
196 $\pm 30$		3 STUNTEBECK	70	HBC	$8 \pi^- p, 5.4 \pi^+ d$
216 $\pm 20$	1960	3 ARMENISE	68	DBC	$5.1 \pi^+ n \rightarrow p \pi^+ \text{MM}^-$
128 $\pm 27$		3 BOESEBECK	68	HBC	$8 \pi^+ p$
176 $\pm 21$	3,8 JOHNSON		68	HBC	$3.7\text{--}4.2 \pi^- p$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
168 $\pm 7$		9 KLEMPPT	22	RVUE	$J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^0 \pi^0,$ $\gamma K_S^0 K_S^0$
183 $\pm 2$		CARVER	21	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 p$
195 $\pm 15$	870	10 SCHEGELSKY	06A	RVUE	$\gamma \gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$
121 $\pm 26$		TIKHOMIROV	03	SPEC	$40.0 \pi^- C \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0 K_L^0 X$
187 $\pm 20$		11 ALDE	97	GAM2	$450 p p \rightarrow p p \pi^0 \pi^0$
184 $\pm 10$		11 GRYGOREV	96	SPEC	$40 \pi^- N \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0 X$
200 $\pm 10$		AKER	91	CBAR	$0.0 \bar{p} p \rightarrow 3\pi^0$
240 $\pm 40$	3k	BINON	83	GAM2	$38 \pi^- p \rightarrow n 2\eta$
187 $\pm 30$	650	3 ANTIPOV	77	CIBS	$25 \pi^- p \rightarrow p 3\pi$
225 $\pm 38$	16000	DEUTSCH...	76	HBC	$16 \pi^+ p$
166 $\pm 28$	600	3 TAKAHASHI	72	HBC	$8 \pi^- p \rightarrow n 2\pi$
173 $\pm 53$		3 ARMENISE	70	HBC	$9 \pi^+ n \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^-$

<sup>1</sup> Averaged over six nuclear targets, no statistically significant dependence on target nucleus observed.

<sup>2</sup> Breit-Wigner width

<sup>3</sup> Width errors enlarged by us to  $4\Gamma/\sqrt{N}$ ; see the note with the  $K^*(892)$  mass.

<sup>4</sup> From a partial-wave analysis of data using a K-matrix formalism with 5 poles.

<sup>5</sup> From an energy-independent partial-wave analysis.

<sup>6</sup> From an amplitude analysis of the reaction  $\pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow 2\pi^0$ .

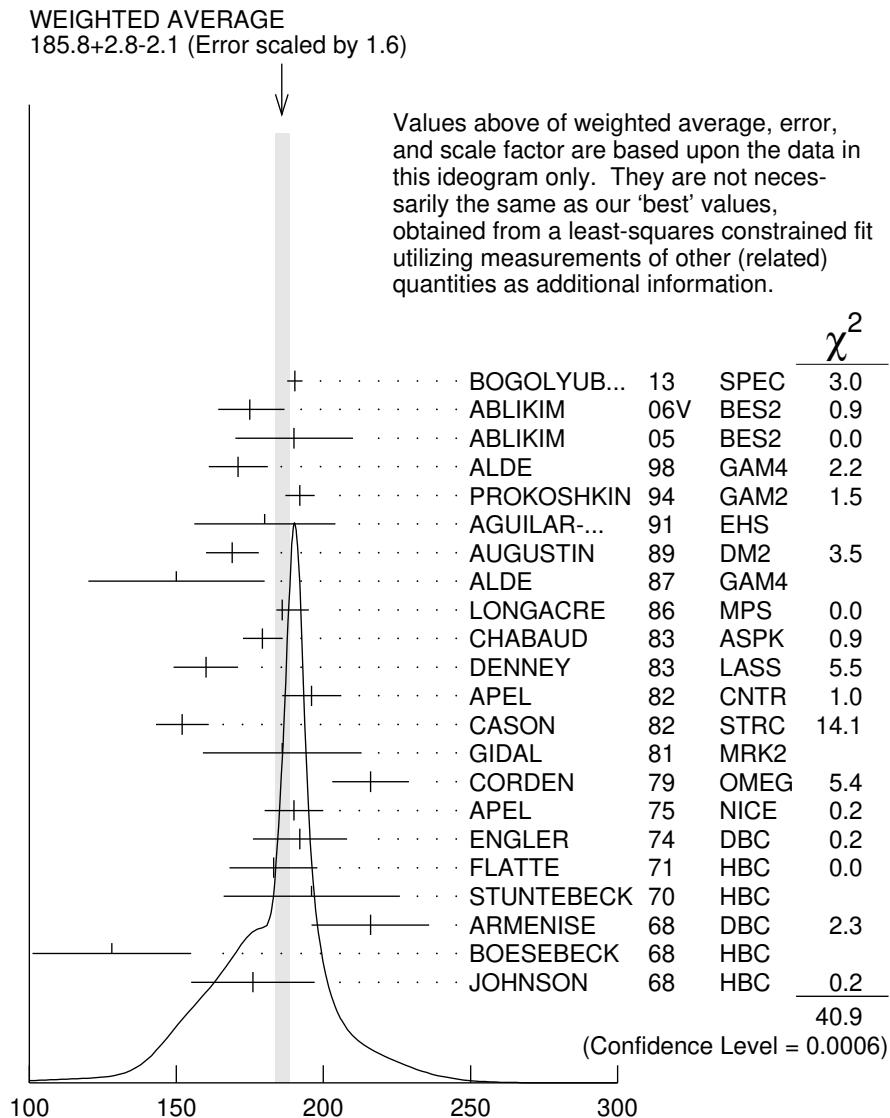
<sup>7</sup> From an amplitude analysis of  $\pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$  scattering data.

<sup>8</sup> JOHNSON 68 includes BONDAR 63, LEE 64, DERADO 65, EISNER 67.

<sup>9</sup> Fit of the tensor partial waves from BES3 in the multipole basis.

<sup>10</sup> From analysis of L3 data at 91 and 183–209 GeV.

<sup>11</sup> Systematic uncertainties not estimated.



### $f_2(1270)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level
$\Gamma_1 \pi\pi$	$(84.3 \pm 2.9) \%$	$S=1.2$
$\Gamma_2 \pi^+\pi^- 2\pi^0$	$(7.7 \pm 1.1) \%$	$S=1.2$
$\Gamma_3 K\bar{K}$	$(4.6 \pm 0.4) \%$	$S=2.7$
$\Gamma_4 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	$(2.8 \pm 0.4) \%$	$S=1.2$
$\Gamma_5 \eta\eta$	$(4.0 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-3}$	$S=2.1$

$\Gamma_6$	$4\pi^0$	$(3.0 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_7$	$\gamma\gamma$	$(1.42 \pm 0.24) \times 10^{-5}$	S=1.4
$\Gamma_8$	$\eta\pi\pi$	$< 8 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
$\Gamma_9$	$K^0 K^- \pi^+ + \text{c.c.}$	$< 3.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
$\Gamma_{10}$	$e^+ e^-$	$< 6 \times 10^{-10}$	CL=90%

## CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to the total width, 4 partial widths, a combination of partial widths obtained from integrated cross sections, and 6 branching ratios uses 44 measurements and one constraint to determine 8 parameters. The overall fit has a  $\chi^2 = 82.3$  for 37 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients  $\langle \delta p_i \delta p_j \rangle / (\delta p_i \cdot \delta p_j)$ , in percent, from the fit to parameters  $p_i$ , including the branching fractions,  $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ . The fit constrains the  $x_i$  whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

$x_2$	-91						
$x_3$	10 -39						
$x_4$	10 -38 1						
$x_5$	1 -6 0 0						
$x_6$	0 -7 0 0 0						
$x_7$	4 1 -15 0 0 0						
$\Gamma$	-71	65	-10	-7	-1	0	-6
	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	$x_5$	$x_6$	$x_7$

Mode	Rate (MeV)			Scale factor
$\Gamma_1$ $\pi\pi$	157.2	$+4.0$	$-1.1$	
$\Gamma_2$ $\pi^+ \pi^- 2\pi^0$	14.3	$+2.2$	$-6.0$	1.2
$\Gamma_3$ $K\bar{K}$	8.5	$\pm 0.8$		2.8
$\Gamma_4$ $2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	5.2	$\pm 0.7$		1.2
$\Gamma_5$ $\eta\eta$	0.75	$\pm 0.14$		2.1
$\Gamma_6$ $4\pi^0$	0.56	$\pm 0.19$		
$\Gamma_7$ $\gamma\gamma$	$0.0026 \pm 0.0005$			1.4

## $f_2(1270)$ PARTIAL WIDTHS

$\Gamma(\pi\pi)$	$\Gamma_1$
<i>VALUE (MeV)</i>	<i>EVTs</i>
<b><math>157.2^{+4.0}_{-1.1}</math> OUR FIT</b>	
<b><math>157.0^{+6.0}_{-1.0}</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> LONGACRE 86 MPS $22\pi^- p \rightarrow n2K_S^0$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$152 \pm 8$                     870                    <sup>2</sup> SCHEGELSKY 06A RVUE  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$

<sup>1</sup> From a partial-wave analysis of data using a K-matrix formalism with 5 poles.

<sup>2</sup> From analysis of L3 data at 91 and 183–209 GeV and using SU(3) relations.

### $\Gamma(K\bar{K})$

$\Gamma_3$

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>8.5 \pm 0.8</math> OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 2.8.		

$9.0^{+0.7}_{-0.3}$                     1 LONGACRE 86 MPS  $22\pi^- p \rightarrow n2K_S^0$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$7.5 \pm 2.0$                     870                    <sup>2</sup> SCHEGELSKY 06A RVUE  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$

<sup>1</sup> From a partial-wave analysis of data using a K-matrix formalism with 5 poles.

<sup>2</sup> From analysis of L3 data at 91 and 183–209 GeV and using SU(3) relations.

### $\Gamma(\eta\eta)$

$\Gamma_5$

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.75 \pm 0.14</math> OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 2.1.		

**$1.0 \pm 0.1$**                     1 LONGACRE 86 MPS  $22\pi^- p \rightarrow n2K_S^0$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$1.8 \pm 0.4$                     870                    <sup>2</sup> SCHEGELSKY 06A RVUE  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$

<sup>1</sup> From a partial-wave analysis of data using a K-matrix formalism with 5 poles.

<sup>2</sup> From analysis of L3 data at 91 and 183–209 GeV and using SU(3) relations.

### $\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)$

$\Gamma_7$

The value of this width depends on the theoretical model used. Unitary approaches with scalars typically (with exception of PENNINGTON 08) give values clustering around 2.6 keV; without an S-wave contribution, values are systematically higher (typically around 3 keV).

VALUE (keV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>2.6 \pm 0.5</math> OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.4.		

**$2.93 \pm 0.40$**                     1 DAI                    14A RVUE Compilation

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$3.14 \pm 0.20$                     2,3 PENNINGTON 08 RVUE Compilation

$3.82 \pm 0.30$                     3,4 PENNINGTON 08 RVUE Compilation

$2.55 \pm 0.15$                     870                    <sup>5</sup> SCHEGELSKY 06A RVUE  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K_S^0$

$2.84 \pm 0.35$                     BOGLIONE 99 RVUE  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-, \pi^0\pi^0$

$2.93 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.32$                     6 YABUKI 95 VNS

$2.58 \pm 0.13^{+0.36}_{-0.27}$                     7 BEHREND 92 CELL  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^+\pi^-$

$3.10 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.35$                     8 BLINOV 92 MD1  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^+\pi^-$

$2.27 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.11$                     ADACHI 90D TOPZ  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^+\pi^-$

$3.15 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.39$                     BOYER 90 MRK2  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^+\pi^-$

$3.19 \pm 0.16^{+0.29}_{-0.28}$                     MARSISKE 90 CBAL  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^0\pi^0$

$2.35 \pm 0.65$                     9 MORGAN 90 RVUE  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-, \pi^0\pi^0$

$3.19 \pm 0.09^{+0.22}_{-0.38}$                     2177                    OEST 90 JADE  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^0\pi^0$

$3.2 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.4$	<sup>10</sup> AIHARA	86B	TPC	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$2.5 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.5$	BEHREND	84B	CELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$2.85 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.5$	<sup>11</sup> BERGER	84	PLUT	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- 2\pi$
$2.70 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.20$	COURAU	84	DLCO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$2.52 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.38$	<sup>12</sup> SMITH	84C	MRK2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$2.7 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.6$	EDWARDS	82F	CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- 2\pi^0$
$2.9^{+0.6}_{-0.4} \pm 0.6$	<sup>13</sup> EDWARDS	82F	CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- 2\pi^0$
$3.2 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.6$	BRANDELIK	81B	TASS	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$3.6 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.5$	ROUSSARIE	81	MRK2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$2.3 \pm 0.8$	<sup>14</sup> BERGER	80B	PLUT	$e^+ e^-$

<sup>1</sup> Based on a  $K$ -matrix analysis of BELLE data from MORI 07, UEHARA 08A, UEHARA 09 and UEHARA 13. The width is derived for the pole on the third sheet which is closest to the physical axis. Supersedes PENNINGTON 08.

<sup>2</sup> Solution A (preferred solution based on  $\chi^2$ -analysis).

<sup>3</sup> Dispersion theory based amplitude analysis of BOYER 90, MARSISKE 90, BEHREND 92, and MORI 07.

<sup>4</sup> Solution B (worse than solution A; still acceptable when systematic uncertainties are included).

<sup>5</sup> From analysis of L3 data at 91 and 183–209 GeV and using SU(3) relations.

<sup>6</sup> With a narrow scalar state around 1220 MeV.

<sup>7</sup> Using a unitarized model with a 300 – 500 keV wide scalar at 1100 MeV.

<sup>8</sup> Using the unitarized model of LYTH 85.

<sup>9</sup> Error includes spread of different solutions. Data of MARK2 and CRYSTAL BALL used in the analysis. Authors report strong correlations with  $\gamma\gamma$  width of  $f_0(1370)$ :  $\Gamma(f_2) + 1/4 \Gamma(f^0) = 3.6 \pm 0.3$  KeV.

<sup>10</sup> Radiative corrections modify the partial widths; for instance the COURAU 84 value becomes  $2.66 \pm 0.21$  in the calculation of LANDRO 86.

<sup>11</sup> Using the MENNESSIER 83 model.

<sup>12</sup> Superseded by BOYER 90.

<sup>13</sup> If helicity = 2 assumption is not made.

<sup>14</sup> Using mass, width and  $B(f_2(1270) \rightarrow 2\pi)$  from PDG 78.

$\Gamma(e^+ e^-)$		$\Gamma_{10}$		
VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.11</b>	90	ACHASOV	00K	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$
<b>• • •</b> We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. <b>• • •</b>				
<1.7	90	VOROBIEV	88	ND $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$

### $f_2(1270) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma(\text{total})$

$\Gamma(K\bar{K}) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$		$\Gamma_3\Gamma_7/\Gamma$	
VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.121 ± 0.020 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.3.		
<b>0.091 ± 0.007 ± 0.027</b>	<sup>1</sup> ALBRECHT	90G ARG	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- K^+ K^-$
<b>• • •</b> We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. <b>• • •</b>			
0.104 ± 0.007 ± 0.072	<sup>2</sup> ALBRECHT	90G ARG	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- K^+ K^-$

<sup>1</sup> Using an incoherent background.

<sup>2</sup> Using a coherent background.

$\Gamma(\eta\eta) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_5\Gamma_7/\Gamma$		
<u>VALUE (eV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>11.5^{+1.8+4.5}_{-2.0-3.7}</math></b>	1 UEHARA	10A BELL	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \eta\eta$

<sup>1</sup> Including interference with the  $f'_2(1525)$  (parameters fixed to the values from the 2008 edition of this review, PDG 08) and  $f_0(Y)$ .

<b>Helicity-0/Helicity-2 RATIO IN <math>\gamma\gamma \rightarrow f_2(1270) \rightarrow \pi\pi</math></b>			
<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>3.7 \pm 0.3^{+15.9}_{-2.9}</math></b>	UEHARA	08A BELL	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^0 \pi^0$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

9.5 $\pm$ 1.8	1 DAI	14A RVUE	Compilation
13	2,3 PENNINGTON 08	RVUE	Compilation
26	3,4 PENNINGTON 08	RVUE	Compilation

<sup>1</sup> Based on a  $K$ -matrix analysis of BELLE data from MORI 07, UEHARA 08A, UEHARA 09 and UEHARA 13. The width is derived for the pole on the third sheet which is closest to the physical axis.

<sup>2</sup> Solution A (preferred solution based on  $\chi^2$ -analysis).

<sup>3</sup> Dispersion theory based amplitude analysis of BOYER 90, MARSISKE 90, BEHREND 92, and MORI 07.

<sup>4</sup> Solution B (worse than solution A; still acceptable when systematic uncertainties are included).

## $f_2(1270)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(\pi\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$			
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>

**$0.843^{+0.029}_{-0.009}$  OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

### 0.837 $\pm$ 0.020 OUR AVERAGE

0.849 $\pm$ 0.025	CHABAUD	83	ASPK	17 $\pi^- p$ polarized
0.85 $\pm$ 0.05	250	BEAUPRE	71	HBC $8 \pi^+ p \rightarrow \Delta^{++} f_2$
0.8 $\pm$ 0.04	600	OH	70	HBC $1.26 \pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- n$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.856 \pm 0.001 \pm 0.05$  <sup>1</sup> ALBRECHT 20 RVUE  $0.9 \bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \eta, \pi^0 \eta\eta, \pi^0 K^+ K^-$

<sup>1</sup> Residue from T-matrix pole, 4 poles, 4 channels, including scattering data from HYAMS 75 ( $\pi\pi$ ), LONGACRE 86 ( $K\bar{K}$ ), BINON 83 ( $\eta\eta$ ).

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^- 2\pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi\pi)$	$\Gamma_2/\Gamma_1$			
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>

**$0.091^{+0.014}_{-0.040}$  OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

**0.15  $\pm$  0.06** 600 EISENBERG 74 HBC  $4.9 \pi^+ p \rightarrow \Delta^{++} f_2$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.07 EMMS 75D DBC  $4 \pi^+ n \rightarrow p f_2$

$\Gamma(K\bar{K})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_3/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
0.033±0.001±0.005	<sup>1</sup> ALBRECHT	20 RVUE	$0.9 \bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \eta, \pi^0 \eta \eta, \pi^0 K^+ K^-$

<sup>1</sup> Residue from T-matrix pole, 4 poles, 4 channels, including scattering data from HYAMS 75 ( $\pi\pi$ ), LONGACRE 86 ( $K\bar{K}$ ), BINON 83 ( $\eta\eta$ ).

 $\Gamma(K\bar{K})/\Gamma(\pi\pi)$  $\Gamma_3/\Gamma_1$ 

We average only experiments which either take into account  $f_2(1270)$ - $a_2(1320)$  interference explicitly or demonstrate that  $a_2(1320)$  production is negligible.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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**0.054<sup>+0.005</sup><sub>-0.006</sub> OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 2.7.

**0.041<sup>+0.004</sup><sub>-0.005</sub> OUR AVERAGE**

0.045±0.01		<sup>1</sup> BARGIOTTI	03 OBLX	$\bar{p}p$
0.037 <sup>+0.008</sup> <sub>-0.021</sub>		ETKIN	82B MPS	$23 \pi^- p \rightarrow n 2K_S^0$
0.045±0.009		CHABAUD	81 ASPK	$17 \pi^- p$ polarized
0.039±0.008		LOVERRE	80 HBC	$4 \pi^- p \rightarrow K\bar{K}N$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
0.052±0.025		ABLIKIM	04E BES2	$J/\psi \rightarrow \omega K^+ K^-$
0.036±0.005		<sup>2</sup> COSTA	80 OMEG	$1-2.2 \pi^- p \rightarrow K^+ K^- n$
0.030±0.005		<sup>3</sup> MARTIN	79 RVUE	
0.027±0.009		<sup>4</sup> POLYCHRO...	79 STRC	$7 \pi^- p \rightarrow n 2K_S^0$
0.025±0.015		EMMS	75D DBC	$4 \pi^+ n \rightarrow p f_2$
0.031±0.012	20	ADERHOLZ	69 HBC	$8 \pi^+ p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ p$

<sup>1</sup> Coupled channel analysis of  $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ ,  $K^+ K^- \pi^0$ , and  $K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^\mp$ .

<sup>2</sup> Re-evaluated by CHABAUD 83.

<sup>3</sup> Includes PAWLICKI 77 data.

<sup>4</sup> Takes into account the  $f_2(1270)$ - $f'_2(1525)$  interference.

 $\Gamma(2\pi^+ 2\pi^-)/\Gamma(\pi\pi)$  $\Gamma_4/\Gamma_1$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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**0.033±0.005 OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

**0.033±0.004 OUR AVERAGE** Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

0.024±0.006	160	EMMS	75D DBC	$4 \pi^+ n \rightarrow p f_2$
0.051±0.025	70	EISENBERG	74 HBC	$4.9 \pi^+ p \rightarrow \Delta^{++} f_2$
0.043 <sup>+0.007</sup> <sub>-0.011</sub>	285	<sup>1</sup> LOUIE	74 HBC	$3.9 \pi^- p \rightarrow n f_2$
0.037±0.007	154	ANDERSON	73 DBC	$6 \pi^+ n \rightarrow p f_2$
0.047±0.013		OH	70 HBC	$1.26 \pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- n$

<sup>1</sup> LOUIE 74 was quoted as 0.065 in PDG 74. Factor 2/3 to go from  $\pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow \pi\pi$  forgotten. Mike L.

$\Gamma(\eta\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_5/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-3}$ )	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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**4.0±0.8 OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 2.1.**2.9±0.5 OUR AVERAGE**

2.7±0.7	BINON	05	GAMS 33 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta\eta n$
2.8±0.7	ALDE	86D	GAM4 100 $\pi^- p \rightarrow 2\eta n$
5.2±1.7	BINON	83	GAM2 38 $\pi^- p \rightarrow 2\eta n$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
4.0±1.0±2.0	<sup>1</sup> ALBRECHT	20	RVUE 0.9 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\eta, \pi^0\eta\eta, \pi^0K^+K^-$

<sup>1</sup> Residue from T-matrix pole, 4 poles, 4 channels, including scattering data from HYAMS 75 ( $\pi\pi$ ), LONGACRE 86 ( $K\bar{K}$ ), BINON 83 ( $\eta\eta$ ).

 $\Gamma(\eta\eta)/\Gamma(\pi\pi)$  $\Gamma_5/\Gamma_1$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>0.003±0.001</b>		BARBERIS	00E	450 $p p \rightarrow p_f \eta\eta p_s$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
<0.05	95	EDWARDS	82F	CBAL $e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- 2\eta$
<0.016	95	EMMS	75D	DBC 4 $\pi^+ n \rightarrow p f_2$
<0.09	95	EISENBERG	74	HBC 4.9 $\pi^+ p \rightarrow \Delta^{++} f_2$

 $\Gamma(4\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_6/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>0.0030±0.0010 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.003 ±0.001</b>	$400 \pm 50$	ALDE	87	GAM4 100 $\pi^- p \rightarrow 4\pi^0 n$

 $\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_7/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-5}$ )	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
$1.57 \pm 0.01^{+1.39}_{-0.14}$	UEHARA	08A	BELL 10.6 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^0 \pi^0$

 $\Gamma(\eta\pi\pi)/\Gamma(\pi\pi)$  $\Gamma_8/\Gamma_1$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>&lt;0.010</b>	95	EMMS	75D	DBC 4 $\pi^+ n \rightarrow p f_2$

 $\Gamma(K^0 K^- \pi^+ + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma(\pi\pi)$  $\Gamma_9/\Gamma_1$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>&lt;0.004</b>	95	EMMS	75D	DBC 4 $\pi^+ n \rightarrow p f_2$

 $\Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{10}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-10}$ )	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>&lt;6</b>	90	ACHASOV	00K	SND $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$

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DAI	14A	PR D90 036004	L.-Y. Dai, M.R. Pennington	(CEBAF)
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TIKHOMIROV	03	PAN 66 828	G.D. Tikhomirov <i>et al.</i>	
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