

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ $I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$ Status: ***

The spin-parity has not been measured but is expected to be $3/2^-$:
 this is presumably the charm counterpart of the strange $\Lambda(1520)$.

 $\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ MASS

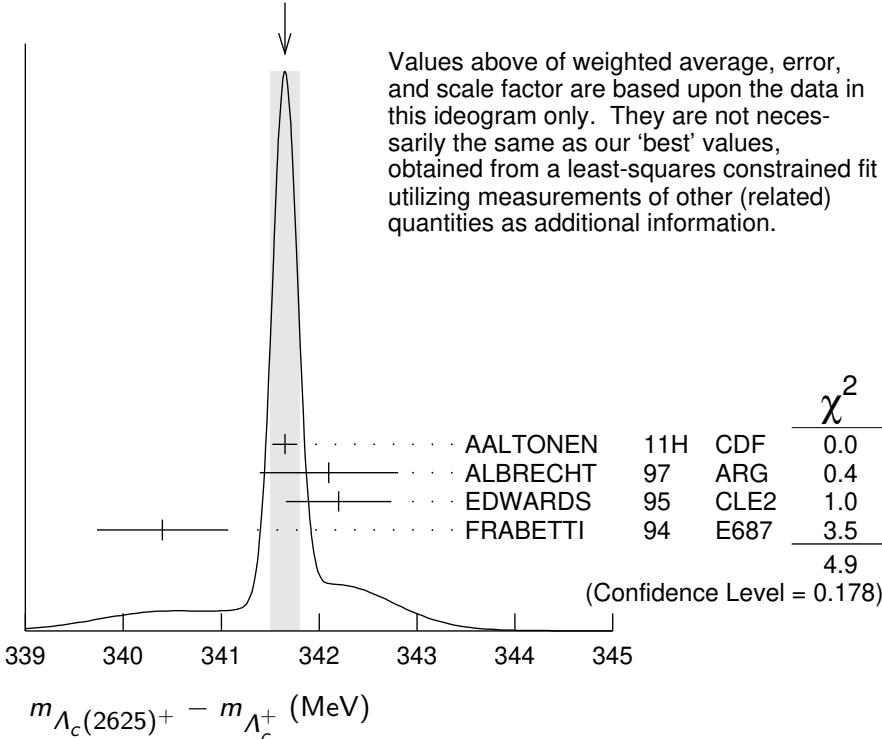
The mass is obtained from the $\Lambda_c(2625)^+ - \Lambda_c^+$ mass-difference measurements below.

| VALUE (MeV) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----------------|
| 2628.11 ± 0.19 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. | | |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 2626.6 ± 0.5 ± 1.5 | 42 ± 9 | ALBRECHT | 93F ARG | See ALBRECHT 97 |

 $\Lambda_c(2625)^+ - \Lambda_c^+$ MASS DIFFERENCE

| VALUE (MeV) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|--------------|---|---------|--|
| 341.65 ± 0.13 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. | | |
| 341.65 ± 0.15 OUR AVERAGE | | Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below. | | |
| 341.65 $\pm 0.04 \pm 0.12$ | 6.2k | AALTONEN | 11H CDF | $p\bar{p}$ at 1.96 TeV |
| 342.1 $\pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$ | 51 | ALBRECHT | 97 ARG | $e^+ e^- \approx 10$ GeV |
| 342.2 $\pm 0.2 \pm 0.5$ | 245 ± 19 | EDWARDS | 95 CLE2 | $e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV |
| 340.4 $\pm 0.6 \pm 0.3$ | 40 ± 9 | FRABETTI | 94 E687 | γBe , $\bar{E}_\gamma = 220$ GeV |

WEIGHTED AVERAGE
 341.65 ± 0.15 (Error scaled by 1.3)



$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ WIDTH

| VALUE (MeV) | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--|-----|----------|-------------|------|------------------------------------|
| <0.97 | 90 | 6.2k | AALTONEN | 11H | $p\bar{p}$ at 1.96 TeV |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | | |
| <1.9 | 90 | 245 ± 19 | EDWARDS | 95 | CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV |
| <3.2 | 90 | | ALBRECHT | 93F | ARG $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$ |

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ DECAY MODES

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi\pi$ and its submode $\Sigma(2455)\pi$ are the only strong decays allowed to an excited Λ_c^+ having this mass.

| Mode | Fraction (Γ_i/Γ) | Confidence level |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------|
| $\Gamma_1 \Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ | ≈ 67% | |
| $\Gamma_2 \Sigma_c(2455)^{++} \pi^-$ | <5 | 90% |
| $\Gamma_3 \Sigma_c(2455)^0 \pi^+$ | <5 | 90% |
| $\Gamma_4 \Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ 3-body | large | |
| $\Gamma_5 \Lambda_c^+ \pi^0$ | [a] not seen | |
| $\Gamma_6 \Lambda_c^+ \gamma$ | not seen | |

[a] A test that the isospin is indeed 0, so that the particle is indeed a Λ_c^+ .

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$$\Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455)^{++} \pi^-)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-) \quad \Gamma_2/\Gamma_1$$

| VALUE | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|-------|-----|-------------|------|---------------------------------|
| <0.08 | 90 | EDWARDS | 95 | CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV |

$$\Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455)^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-) \quad \Gamma_3/\Gamma_1$$

| VALUE | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|-------|-----|-------------|------|---------------------------------|
| <0.07 | 90 | EDWARDS | 95 | CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV |

$$[\Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455)^{++} \pi^-) + \Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455)^0 \pi^+)]/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-) \quad (\Gamma_2 + \Gamma_3)/\Gamma_1$$

| VALUE | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--|-----|------|-------------|------|---------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|-------------|----|----------|-----|------|---|
| <0.36 | 90 | FRABETTI | 94 | E687 | γ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma = 220$ GeV |
| 0.46 ± 0.14 | 21 | ALBRECHT | 93F | ARG | $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$ |

$$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$$
 3-body $)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-) \quad \Gamma_4/\Gamma_1$

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--|------|-------------|------|---------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|-------------|----|----------|-----|-----|--------------------------------|
| 0.54 ± 0.14 | 16 | ALBRECHT | 93F | ARG | $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$ |
|-------------|----|----------|-----|-----|--------------------------------|

$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$

Γ_5/Γ_1

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0$ decay is forbidden by isospin conservation if this state is in fact a Λ_c .

| VALUE | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|-----------------|-----|-------------|------|----------------------------|
| <0.91 | 90 | EDWARDS 95 | CLE2 | $e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV |

$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \gamma)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$

Γ_6/Γ_1

| VALUE | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|-----------------|-----|-------------|------|----------------------------|
| <0.52 | 90 | EDWARDS 95 | CLE2 | $e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV |

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ REFERENCES

AALTONEN 11H PR D84 012003
ALBRECHT 97 PL B402 207
EDWARDS 95 PRL 74 3331
FRAEBETTI 94 PRL 72 961
ALBRECHT 93F PL B317 227

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