

**$\rho(1700)$**

$I^G(J^{PC}) = 1^+(1^{--})$

### **$\rho(1700)$ MASS**

#### **$\eta\rho^0$ AND $\pi^+\pi^-$ MODES**

VALUE (MeV)

DOCUMENT ID

**$1720 \pm 20$  OUR ESTIMATE**

#### **$\eta\rho^0$ MODE**

VALUE (MeV)

EVTS

DOCUMENT ID

TECN

COMMENT

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1834 $\pm$ 12	13.4k	<sup>1</sup> GRIBANOV	20	CMD3	1.1–2.0 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$
1840 $\pm$ 10	7.4k	<sup>2</sup> ACHASOV	18	SND	1.22–2.00 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$
1740 $\pm$ 20		ANTONELLI	88	DM2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$
1701 $\pm$ 15		<sup>3</sup> FUKUI	88	SPEC	$8.95\pi^-p \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-n$

<sup>1</sup> Mass and width of the  $\rho(770)$  fixed at 775 and 149 MeV, respectively; solution 2 of model 2,  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  decays used.

<sup>2</sup> From the combined fit of AULCHENKO 15 and ACHASOV 18 in the model with the interfering  $\rho(1450)$ ,  $\rho(1700)$  and  $\rho(2150)$  with the parameters of the  $\rho(1450)$  and  $\rho(1700)$  floating and the mass and width of the  $\rho(2150)$  fixed at 2155 MeV and 320 MeV, respectively. The phases of the resonances are  $\pi$ , 0 and  $\pi$ , respectively.

<sup>3</sup> Assuming  $\rho^+f_0(1370)$  decay mode interferes with  $a_1(1260)^+\pi^-$  background. From a two Breit-Wigner fit.

#### **$\pi\pi$ MODE**

VALUE (MeV)

EVTS

DOCUMENT ID

TECN

COMMENT

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1770.54 $\pm$ 5.49		<sup>1</sup> BARTOS	17	RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
1718.50 $\pm$ 65.44		<sup>2</sup> BARTOS	17A	RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
1766.80 $\pm$ 52.36		<sup>3</sup> BARTOS	17A	RVUE	$\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau$
1644 $\pm$ 36	20k	<sup>4</sup> LEES	17C	BABR	$J/\psi \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$
1780 $\pm$ 20	$^{+15}_{-20}$	63.5k	<sup>5</sup> ABRAMOWICZ12	ZEUS	$e p \rightarrow e\pi^+\pi^-p$
1861 $\pm$ 17		<sup>6</sup> LEES	12G	BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$
1728 $\pm$ 17	$\pm$ 89	5.4M	<sup>7,8</sup> FUJIKAWA	08	BELL
1780	$^{+37}_{-29}$		<sup>9</sup> ABELE	97	CBAR
1719	$\pm$ 15		<sup>9</sup> BERTIN	97C	OBLX
1730	$\pm$ 30		CLEGG	94	RVUE
1768	$\pm$ 21		BISELLLO	89	DM2
1745.7	$\pm$ 91.9		DUBNICKA	89	RVUE
1546	$\pm$ 26		GESHKEN...	89	RVUE
1650			<sup>10</sup> ERKAL	85	RVUE
1550	$\pm$ 70		ABE	84B	HYBR
					$20-70\gamma p \rightarrow \gamma\pi$
					$20\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-p$

1590	$\pm 20$	<sup>11</sup> ASTON	80	OMEG	20–70 $\gamma p \rightarrow p 2\pi$
1600	$\pm 10$	<sup>12</sup> ATIYA	79B	SPEC	50 $\gamma C \rightarrow C 2\pi$
1598	$+24$ $-22$	BECKER	79	ASPK	17 $\pi^- p$ polarized
1659	$\pm 25$	<sup>10</sup> LANG	79	RVUE	
1575		<sup>10</sup> MARTIN	78C	RVUE	17 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- n$
1610	$\pm 30$	<sup>10</sup> FROGGATT	77	RVUE	17 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- n$
1590	$\pm 20$	<sup>13</sup> HYAMS	73	ASPK	17 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- n$

<sup>1</sup> Applies the Unitary & Analytic Model of the pion electromagnetic form factor of DUB-NICKA 10 to analyze the data of LEES 12G and ABLIKIM 16C.

<sup>2</sup> Applies the Unitary & Analytic Model of the pion electromagnetic form factor of DUB-NICKA 10 to analyze the data of ACHASOV 06, AKHMETSHIN 07, AUBERT 09AS, and AMBROSINO 11A.

<sup>3</sup> Applies the Unitary & Analytic Model of the pion electromagnetic form factor of DUB-NICKA 10 to analyze the data of FUJIKAWA 08.

<sup>4</sup> From a Dalitz plot analysis in an isobar model with  $\rho(1450)$  and  $\rho(1700)$  masses and widths floating.

<sup>5</sup> Using the KUHN 90 parametrization of the pion form factor, neglecting  $\rho-\omega$  interference.

<sup>6</sup> Using the GOUNARIS 68 parametrization of the pion form factor leaving the masses and widths of the  $\rho(1450)$ ,  $\rho(1700)$ , and  $\rho(2150)$  resonances as free parameters of the fit.

<sup>7</sup>  $|F_\pi(0)|^2$  fixed to 1.

<sup>8</sup> From the GOUNARIS 68 parametrization of the pion form factor.

<sup>9</sup> T-matrix pole.

<sup>10</sup> From phase shift analysis of HYAMS 73 data.

<sup>11</sup> Simple relativistic Breit-Wigner fit with constant width.

<sup>12</sup> An additional 40 MeV uncertainty in both the mass and width is present due to the choice of the background shape.

<sup>13</sup> Included in BECKER 79 analysis.

## $\pi\omega$ MODE

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
1708 $\pm 41$	7815	<sup>1</sup> ACHASOV	13	SND    1.05–2.00 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$
1550 to 1620		<sup>2</sup> ACHASOV	00I	SND $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$
1580 to 1710		<sup>3</sup> ACHASOV	00I	SND $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$
1710 $\pm 90$		ACHASOV	97	RVUE $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^0$

<sup>1</sup> From a phenomenological model based on vector meson dominance with the interfering  $\rho(1450)$  and  $\rho(1700)$  and their widths fixed at 400 and 250 MeV, respectively. Systematic uncertainty not estimated.

<sup>2</sup> Taking into account both  $\rho(1450)$  and  $\rho(1700)$  contributions. Using the data of ACHASOV 00I on  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^0$  and of EDWARDS 00A on  $\tau^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^- \nu_\tau$ .  $\rho(1450)$  mass and width fixed at 1400 MeV and 500 MeV respectively.

<sup>3</sup> Taking into account the  $\rho(1700)$  contribution only. Using the data of ACHASOV 00I on  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^0$  and of EDWARDS 00A on  $\tau^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^- \nu_\tau$ .

## $K\bar{K}$ MODE

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
1688.7 $\pm 3.1^{+141.1}_{-1.3}$		<sup>1</sup> ALBRECHT	20	RVUE	0.9 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
1541 $\pm 12 \pm 33$	190k	<sup>2</sup> AAIJ	16N	LHCb	$D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$

1740.8 ± 22.2	27k	<sup>3</sup> ABELE	99D	CBAR	±	0.0	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
1582 ± 36	1600	CLELAND	82B	SPEC	±	50	$\pi p \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm p$

<sup>1</sup> T-matrix pole, 2 poles, 3 channels, including  $\pi\pi$  scattering data from HYAMS 75.

<sup>2</sup> Using the GOUNARIS 68 parameterization with a fixed width. Value is average using different  $K\pi$  S-wave parametrizations in fit.

<sup>3</sup> K-matrix pole. Isospin not determined, could be  $\omega(1650)$  or  $\phi(1680)$ .

## 2 ( $\pi^+ \pi^-$ ) MODE

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
1851 <sup>+ 27</sup> - 24		ACHASOV	97	RVUE $e^+ e^- \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
1570 ± 20		<sup>1</sup> CORDIER	82	DM1 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
1520 ± 30		<sup>2</sup> ASTON	81E	OMEG 20–70 $\gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$
1654 ± 25		<sup>3</sup> DIBIANCA	81	DBC $\pi^+ d \rightarrow pp2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
1666 ± 39		<sup>1</sup> BACCI	80	FRAG $e^+ e^- \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
1780	34	KILLIAN	80	SPEC 11 $e^- p \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
1500		<sup>4</sup> ATIYA	79B	SPEC 50 $\gamma C \rightarrow C4\pi^\pm$
1570 ± 60	65	<sup>5</sup> ALEXANDER	75	HBC 7.5 $\gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$
1550 ± 60		<sup>2</sup> CONVERSI	74	OSPK $e^+ e^- \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
1550 ± 50	160	SCHACHT	74	STRC 5.5–9 $\gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$
1450 ± 100	340	SCHACHT	74	STRC 9–18 $\gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$
1430 ± 50	400	BINGHAM	72B	HBC 9.3 $\gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$

<sup>1</sup> Simple relativistic Breit-Wigner fit with model dependent width.

<sup>2</sup> Simple relativistic Breit-Wigner fit with constant width.

<sup>3</sup> One peak fit result.

<sup>4</sup> Parameters roughly estimated, not from a fit.

<sup>5</sup> Skew mass distribution compensated by Ross-Stodolsky factor.

## $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$ MODE

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
1660 ± 30	ATKINSON	85B	OMEG 20–70 $\gamma p$

## 3( $\pi^+ \pi^-$ ) AND 2( $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ ) MODES

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
1730 ± 34	<sup>1</sup> FRABETTI	04	E687 $\gamma p \rightarrow 3\pi^+ 3\pi^- p$
1783 ± 15	CLEGG	90	RVUE $e^+ e^- \rightarrow 3(\pi^+ \pi^-)2(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$

<sup>1</sup> From a fit with two resonances with the JACOB 72 continuum.

$$m_{\rho(1700)^0} - m_{\rho(1700)^\pm}$$

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
-48.30 ± 83.81	<sup>1</sup> BARTOS	17A	RVUE $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ , $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$

<sup>1</sup> Applies the Unitary & Analytic Model of the pion electromagnetic form factor of DUBNICKA 10 to analyze the data of ACHASOV 06, AKHMETSHIN 07, AUBERT 09AS, AMBROSINO 11A, and FUJIKAWA 08.

**$\rho(1700)$  WIDTH** **$\eta\rho^0$  AND  $\pi^+\pi^-$  MODES**VALUE (MeV)**250±100 OUR ESTIMATE**DOCUMENT ID **$\eta\rho^0$  MODE**VALUE (MeV)EVTSDOCUMENT IDTECNCOMMENT

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

**• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •**

47±19	13.4k	<sup>1</sup> GRIBANOV	20	CMD3	$1.1\text{--}2.0 e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$
132±40	7.4k	<sup>2</sup> ACHASOV	18	SND	$1.22\text{--}2.00 e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$
150±30		ANTONELLI	88	DM2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$
282±44		<sup>3</sup> FUKUI	88	SPEC	$8.95 \pi^- p \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^- n$

<sup>1</sup> Mass and width of the  $\rho(770)$  fixed at 775 and 149 MeV, respectively; solution 2 of model 2,  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  decays used.

<sup>2</sup> From the combined fit of AULCHENKO 15 and ACHASOV 18 in the model with the interfering  $\rho(1450)$ ,  $\rho(1700)$  and  $\rho(2150)$  with the parameters of the  $\rho(1450)$  and  $\rho(1700)$  floating and the mass and width of the  $\rho(2150)$  fixed at 2155 MeV and 320 MeV, respectively. The phases of the resonances are  $\pi$ , 0 and  $\pi$ , respectively.

<sup>3</sup> Assuming  $\rho^+ f_0(1370)$  decay mode interferes with  $a_1(1260)^+\pi$  background. From a two Breit-Wigner fit.

 **$\pi\pi$  MODE**VALUE (MeV)EVTSDOCUMENT IDTECNCOMMENT

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

**• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •**

268.98± 11.40		<sup>1</sup> BARTOS	17	RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	
489.58± 16.95		<sup>2</sup> BARTOS	17A	RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	
414.71±119.48		<sup>3</sup> BARTOS	17A	RVUE	$\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau$	
109 ± 19	20k	<sup>4</sup> LEES	17C	BABR	$J/\psi \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	
310 ± 30	+25 -35	63.5k	<sup>5</sup> ABRAMOWICZ12	ZEUS	$e p \rightarrow e\pi^+\pi^- p$	
316 ± 26		<sup>6</sup> LEES	12G	BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$	
164 ± 21	+89 -26	5.4M	<sup>7,8</sup> FUJIKAWA	08	BELL	$\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau$
275 ± 45		<sup>9</sup> ABELE	97	CBAR	$\bar{p}n \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$	
310 ± 40		<sup>9</sup> BERTIN	97C	OBLX	$0.0 \bar{p}p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	
400 ± 100		CLEGG	94	RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	
224 ± 22		BISELLLO	89	DM2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	
242.5 ± 163.0		DUBNICKA	89	RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	
620 ± 60		GESHKEN...	89	RVUE		
<315		<sup>10</sup> ERKAL	85	RVUE	$20\text{--}70 \gamma p \rightarrow \gamma\pi$	
280 ± 30	-80	ABE	84B	HYBR	$20 \gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- p$	
230 ± 80		<sup>11</sup> ASTON	80	OMEG	$20\text{--}70 \gamma p \rightarrow p2\pi$	
283 ± 14		<sup>12</sup> ATIYA	79B	SPEC	$50 \gamma C \rightarrow C2\pi$	
175 ± 98	-53	BECKER	79	ASPK	$17 \pi^- p$ polarized	

232	$\pm$ 34	10 LANG	79 RVUE	
340		10 MARTIN	78C RVUE	$17 \pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- n$
300	$\pm$ 100	10 FROGGATT	77 RVUE	$17 \pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- n$
180	$\pm$ 50	13 HYAMS	73 ASPK	$17 \pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- n$

<sup>1</sup> Applies the Unitary & Analytic Model of the pion electromagnetic form factor of DUB-NICKA 10 to analyze the data of LEES 12G and ABLIKIM 16c.

<sup>2</sup> Applies the Unitary & Analytic Model of the pion electromagnetic form factor of DUB-NICKA 10 to analyze the data of ACHASOV 06, AKHMETSHIN 07, AUBERT 09AS, and AMBROSINO 11A.

<sup>3</sup> Applies the Unitary & Analytic Model of the pion electromagnetic form factor of DUB-NICKA 10 to analyze the data of FUJIKAWA 08.

<sup>4</sup> From a Dalitz plot analysis in an isobar model with  $\rho(1450)$  and  $\rho(1700)$  masses and widths floating.

<sup>5</sup> Using the KUHN 90 parametrization of the pion form factor, neglecting  $\rho-\omega$  interference.

<sup>6</sup> Using the GOUNARIS 68 parametrization of the pion form factor leaving the masses and widths of the  $\rho(1450)$ ,  $\rho(1700)$ , and  $\rho(2150)$  resonances as free parameters of the fit.

<sup>7</sup>  $|F_\pi(0)|^2$  fixed to 1.

<sup>8</sup> From the GOUNARIS 68 parametrization of the pion form factor.

<sup>9</sup> T-matrix pole.

<sup>10</sup> From phase shift analysis of HYAMS 73 data.

<sup>11</sup> Simple relativistic Breit-Wigner fit with constant width.

<sup>12</sup> An additional 40 MeV uncertainty in both the mass and width is present due to the choice of the background shape.

<sup>13</sup> Included in BECKER 79 analysis.

## K $\bar{K}$ MODE

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
150.9 $\pm$ 2.5 $^{+60}_{-10.6}$		1 ALBRECHT	20 RVUE		$0.9 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
187.2 $\pm$ 26.7	27k	2 ABELE	99D CBAR	$\pm$	$0.0 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
265 $\pm$ 120	1600	CLELAND	82B SPEC	$\pm$	$50 \pi p \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm p$

<sup>1</sup> T-matrix pole, 2 poles, 3 channels, including  $\pi\pi$  scattering data from HYAMS 75.

<sup>2</sup> K-matrix pole. Isospin not determined, could be  $\omega(1650)$  or  $\phi(1680)$ .

## 2( $\pi^+ \pi^-$ ) MODE

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
510 $\pm$ 40		1 CORDIER	82 DM1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
400 $\pm$ 50		2 ASTON	81E OMEG	$20-70 \gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$
400 $\pm$ 146		3 DIBIANCA	81 DBC	$\pi^+ d \rightarrow pp 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
700 $\pm$ 160		1 BACCI	80 FRAG	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
100	34	KILLIAN	80 SPEC	$11 e^- p \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
600		4 ATIYA	79B SPEC	$50 \gamma C \rightarrow C4\pi^\pm$
340 $\pm$ 160	65	5 ALEXANDER	75 HBC	$7.5 \gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$
360 $\pm$ 100		2 CONVERSI	74 OSPK	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
400 $\pm$ 120	160	6 SCHACHT	74 STRC	$5.5-9 \gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$
850 $\pm$ 200	340	6 SCHACHT	74 STRC	$9-18 \gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$
650 $\pm$ 100	400	BINGHAM	72B HBC	$9.3 \gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$

<sup>1</sup> Simple relativistic Breit-Wigner fit with model-dependent width.

<sup>2</sup> Simple relativistic Breit-Wigner fit with constant width.

<sup>3</sup> One peak fit result.

<sup>4</sup> Parameters roughly estimated, not from a fit.

<sup>5</sup> Skew mass distribution compensated by Ross-Stodolsky factor.

<sup>6</sup> Width errors enlarged by us to  $4\Gamma/\sqrt{N}$ ; see the note with the  $K^*(892)$  mass.

## $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$ MODE

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
300 $\pm$ 50	ATKINSON	85B	OMEG 20–70 $\gamma p$

## $\omega\pi^0$ MODE

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
350 to 580	<sup>1</sup> ACHASOV 00I	SND	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$
490 to 1040	<sup>2</sup> ACHASOV 00I	SND	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$

<sup>1</sup> Taking into account both  $\rho(1450)$  and  $\rho(1700)$  contributions. Using the data of ACHASOV 00I on  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\pi^0$  and of EDWARDS 00A on  $\tau^- \rightarrow \omega\pi^-\nu_\tau$ .  $\rho(1450)$  mass and width fixed at 1400 MeV and 500 MeV respectively.

<sup>2</sup> Taking into account the  $\rho(1700)$  contribution only. Using the data of ACHASOV 00I on  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\pi^0$  and of EDWARDS 00A on  $\tau^- \rightarrow \omega\pi^-\nu_\tau$ .

## 3( $\pi^+\pi^-$ ) AND 2( $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ ) MODES

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
315 $\pm$ 100	<sup>1</sup> FRABETTI 04	E687	$\gamma p \rightarrow 3\pi^+3\pi^-\rho$
285 $\pm$ 20	CLEGG 90	RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow 3(\pi^+\pi^-)2(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$

<sup>1</sup> From a fit with two resonances with the JACOB 72 continuum.

## $\Gamma_{\rho(1700)^0} - \Gamma_{\rho(1700)^\pm}$

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
74.87 $\pm$ 120.67	<sup>1</sup> BARTOS 17A	RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-, \tau^- \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau$

<sup>1</sup> Applies the Unitary & Analytic Model of the pion electromagnetic form factor of DUB-NICKA 10 to analyze the data of ACHASOV 06, AKHMETSHIN 07, AUBERT 09AS, AMBROSINO 11A, and FUJIKAWA 08.

## $\rho(1700)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1$ $4\pi$	
$\Gamma_2$ $2(\pi^+\pi^-)$	seen
$\Gamma_3$ $\rho\pi\pi$	seen
$\Gamma_4$ $\rho^0\pi^+\pi^-$	seen
$\Gamma_5$ $\rho^0\pi^0\pi^0$	
$\Gamma_6$ $\rho^\pm\pi^\mp\pi^0$	seen
$\Gamma_7$ $a_1(1260)\pi$	seen
$\Gamma_8$ $h_1(1170)\pi$	seen

$\Gamma_9$	$\pi(1300)\pi$	seen
$\Gamma_{10}$	$\rho\rho$	seen
$\Gamma_{11}$	$\pi^+\pi^-$	seen
$\Gamma_{12}$	$\pi\pi$	seen
$\Gamma_{13}$	$K\bar{K}^*(892)+\text{c.c.}$	seen
$\Gamma_{14}$	$\eta\rho$	seen
$\Gamma_{15}$	$a_2(1320)\pi$	not seen
$\Gamma_{16}$	$K\bar{K}$	seen
$\Gamma_{17}$	$e^+e^-$	seen
$\Gamma_{18}$	$\pi^0\omega$	seen
$\Gamma_{19}$	$\pi^0\gamma$	not seen
$\Gamma_{20}$	$f_0(1500)\gamma$	not seen

### $\rho(1700)\Gamma(i)\Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma(\text{total})$

This combination of a partial width with the partial width into  $e^+e^-$  and with the total width is obtained from the cross-section into channel I in  $e^+e^-$  annihilation.

### $\Gamma(2(\pi^+\pi^-)) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_2\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
2.6 $\pm 0.2$	DELCOURT	81B DM1	$e^+e^- \rightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-)$
2.83 $\pm 0.42$	BACCI	80 FRAG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-)$

### $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{11}\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
0.13	<sup>1</sup> DIEKMAN	88 RVUE	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
$0.029^{+0.016}_{-0.012}$	KURDADZE	83 OLYA	$0.64-1.4 e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$

<sup>1</sup> Using total width = 220 MeV.

### $\Gamma(K\bar{K}^*(892)+\text{c.c.}) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{13}\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
0.305 $\pm 0.071$	<sup>1</sup> BIZOT	80 DM1	$e^+e^-$

<sup>1</sup> Model dependent.

### $\Gamma(\eta\rho) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{14}\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$

VALUE (eV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
1.35 $\pm 0.53 \pm 0.08$	13.4k	<sup>1</sup> GRIBANOV	20 CMD3	$1.1-2.0 e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$
84 $\pm 26 \pm 4$		2 LEES	18 BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$
7 $\pm 3$		ANTONELLI	88 DM2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$

<sup>1</sup> Mass and width of the  $\rho(770)$  fixed at 775 and 149 MeV, respectively; solution 2 of model 2,  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  decays used.

<sup>2</sup> Includes non-resonant contribution. The selected fit model includes three  $\rho$  excited states.  
Model uncertainty is 80%.

 $\Gamma(K\bar{K}) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{16}\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
$0.035 \pm 0.029$	<sup>1</sup> BIZOT	80	DM1 $e^+e^-$

<sup>1</sup> Model dependent.

 $\Gamma(\rho\pi\pi) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_3\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
$3.510 \pm 0.090$	<sup>1</sup> BIZOT	80	DM1 $e^+e^-$

<sup>1</sup> Model dependent.

 $\rho(1700) \Gamma(i)/\Gamma(\text{total}) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma(\text{total})$  $\Gamma(\pi^0\omega)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$0.09 \pm 0.05$	10.2k	<sup>1</sup> ACHASOV	16D SND	$1.05\text{--}2.00 e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$
$1.7 \pm 0.4$	7815	<sup>2</sup> ACHASOV	13 SND	$1.05\text{--}2.00 e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$

<sup>1</sup> From a phenomenological model based on vector meson dominance with interfering  $\rho(700)$ ,  $\rho(1450)$ , and  $\rho(1700)$ . The  $\rho(1700)$  mass and width are fixed at 1720 MeV and 250 MeV, respectively. Systematic uncertainty not estimated. Supersedes ACHASOV 13.

<sup>2</sup> From a phenomenological model based on vector meson dominance with the interfering  $\rho(1450)$  and  $\rho(1700)$  and their widths fixed at 400 and 250 MeV, respectively. Systematic uncertainty not estimated.

 $\Gamma(\eta\rho)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{14}/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-8}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				

$8.3^{+3.8}_{-3.1}$	7.4k	<sup>1</sup> ACHASOV	18 SND	$1.22\text{--}2.00 e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$
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<sup>1</sup> From the combined fit of AULCHENKO 15 and ACHASOV 18 in the model with the interfering  $\rho(1450)$ ,  $\rho(1700)$  and  $\rho(2150)$  with the parameters of the  $\rho(1450)$  and  $\rho(1700)$  floating and the mass and width of the  $\rho(2150)$  fixed at 2155 MeV and 320 MeV, respectively. The phases of the resonances are  $\pi$ , 0 and  $\pi$ , respectively.

 $\rho(1700)$  BRANCHING RATIOS $\Gamma(\rho\pi\pi)/\Gamma(4\pi)$  $\Gamma_3/\Gamma_1$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
$0.28 \pm 0.06$	<sup>1</sup> ABELE	01B CBAR	$0.0 \bar{p}n \rightarrow 5\pi$

<sup>1</sup>  $\omega\pi$  not included.

### $\Gamma(\rho^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(2(\pi^+ \pi^-))$

$\Gamma_4/\Gamma_2$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
~1.0		DELCOURT 81B	DM1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
0.7 ± 0.1	500	SCHACHT 74	STRC	5.5–18 $\gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$
0.80		<sup>1</sup> BINGHAM 72B	HBC	9.3 $\gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$

<sup>1</sup> The  $\pi\pi$  system is in *S*-wave.

### $\Gamma(\rho^0 \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(\rho^\pm \pi^\mp \pi^0)$

$\Gamma_5/\Gamma_6$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
<0.10	ATKINSON 85B	OMEG		20–70 $\gamma p$
<0.15	ATKINSON 82	OMEG 0		20–70 $\gamma p \rightarrow p4\pi$

### $\Gamma(a_1(1260)\pi)/\Gamma(4\pi)$

$\Gamma_7/\Gamma_1$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
0.16 ± 0.05	<sup>1</sup> ABELE 01B	CBAR	0.0 $\bar{p}n \rightarrow 5\pi$

<sup>1</sup>  $\omega\pi$  not included.

### $\Gamma(h_1(1170)\pi)/\Gamma(4\pi)$

$\Gamma_8/\Gamma_1$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
0.17 ± 0.06	<sup>1</sup> ABELE 01B	CBAR	0.0 $\bar{p}n \rightarrow 5\pi$

<sup>1</sup>  $\omega\pi$  not included.

### $\Gamma(\pi(1300)\pi)/\Gamma(4\pi)$

$\Gamma_9/\Gamma_1$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
0.30 ± 0.10	<sup>1</sup> ABELE 01B	CBAR	0.0 $\bar{p}n \rightarrow 5\pi$

<sup>1</sup>  $\omega\pi$  not included.

### $\Gamma(\rho\rho)/\Gamma(4\pi)$

$\Gamma_{10}/\Gamma_1$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
0.09 ± 0.03	<sup>1</sup> ABELE 01B	CBAR	0.0 $\bar{p}n \rightarrow 5\pi$

<sup>1</sup>  $\omega\pi$  not included.

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
0.108 ± 0.017 <sup>+0.162</sup> <sub>-0.004</sub>	<sup>1</sup> ALBRECHT 20	RVUE	0.9 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
0.287 <sup>+0.043</sup> <sub>-0.042</sub>	BECKER 79	ASPK	17 $\pi^- p$ polarized
0.15 to 0.30	<sup>2</sup> MARTIN 78C	RVUE	17 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- n$
<0.20	<sup>3</sup> COSTA... 77B	RVUE	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow 2\pi, 4\pi$
0.30 ± 0.05	<sup>2</sup> FROGGATT 77	RVUE	17 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- n$

$<0.15$	<sup>4</sup> EISENBERG	73	HBC	$5 \pi^+ p \rightarrow \Delta^{++} 2\pi$
$0.25 \pm 0.05$	<sup>5</sup> HYAMS	73	ASPK	$17 \pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- n$

<sup>1</sup> Residue from T-matrix pole, 2 poles, 3 channels, Chew-Mandelstam functions and simplified analytic continuation for the  $4\pi$  channel. Includes scattering data from HYAMS 75 and model-independent calculation of GARCIA-MARTIN 11A.

<sup>2</sup> From phase shift analysis of HYAMS 73 data.

<sup>3</sup> Estimate using unitarity, time reversal invariance, Breit-Wigner.

<sup>4</sup> Estimated using one-pion-exchange model.

<sup>5</sup> Included in BECKER 79 analysis.

### $\Gamma(K\bar{K})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma_{16}/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.007 \pm 0.006^{+0.041}_{-0.002}$	<sup>1</sup> ALBRECHT	20	RVUE	$0.9 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
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<sup>1</sup> Residue from T-matrix pole, 2 poles, 3 channels, Chew-Mandelstam functions and simplified analytic continuation for the  $4\pi$  channel. Includes scattering data from HYAMS 75 and model-independent calculation of GARCIA-MARTIN 11A.

### $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2(\pi^+\pi^-))$

### $\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma_2$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.13 \pm 0.05$	ASTON	80	OMEG	$20-70 \gamma p \rightarrow p 2\pi$
$<0.14$	<sup>1</sup> DAVIER	73	STRC	$6-18 \gamma p \rightarrow p 4\pi$
$<0.2$	<sup>2</sup> BINGHAM	72B	HBC	$9.3 \gamma p \rightarrow p 2\pi$

<sup>1</sup> Upper limit is estimate.

<sup>2</sup>  $2\sigma$  upper limit.

### $\Gamma(\pi\pi)/\Gamma(4\pi)$

### $\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma_1$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.16 \pm 0.04$	<sup>1,2</sup> ABELE	01B	CBAR	$0.0 \bar{p}n \rightarrow 5\pi$
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<sup>1</sup> Using ABELE 97.

<sup>2</sup>  $\omega\pi$  not included.

### $\Gamma(K\bar{K}^*(892)+\text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

possibly seen	COAN	04	CLEO	$\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^- K^+ \nu_\tau$
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### $\Gamma(K\bar{K}^*(892)+\text{c.c.})/\Gamma(2(\pi^+\pi^-))$

### $\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma_2$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.15 \pm 0.03$	<sup>1</sup> DELCOURT	81B	DM1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \bar{K}K\pi$
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<sup>1</sup> Assuming  $\rho(1700)$  and  $\omega$  radial excitations to be degenerate in mass.

### $\Gamma(\eta\rho)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{14}/\Gamma$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
possibly seen		AKHMETSHIN 00D	CMD2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$
<0.04		DONNACHIE 87B	RVUE	
<0.02	58	ATKINSON 86B	OMEG	20–70 $\gamma p$

### $\Gamma(\eta\rho)/\Gamma(2(\pi^+\pi^-))$ $\Gamma_{14}/\Gamma_2$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
0.123±0.027	DELCOURT 82	DM1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- \text{ MM}$
~0.1	ASTON 80	OMEG	20–70 $\gamma p$

### $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^- \text{ neutrals})/\Gamma(2(\pi^+\pi^-))$ $(\Gamma_5 + \Gamma_6 + 0.714\Gamma_{14})/\Gamma_2$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
2.6±0.4	<sup>1</sup> BALLAM 74	HBC	9.3 $\gamma p$

<sup>1</sup> Upper limit. Background not subtracted.

### $\Gamma(a_2(1320)\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{15}/\Gamma$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
not seen	AMELIN 00	VES	$37\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^- n$

### $\Gamma(K\bar{K})/\Gamma(2(\pi^+\pi^-))$ $\Gamma_{16}/\Gamma_2$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
0.015±0.010		<sup>1</sup> DELCOURT 81B	DM1		$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K\bar{K}$
<0.04	95	BINGHAM 72B	HBC	0	9.3 $\gamma p$

<sup>1</sup> Assuming  $\rho(1700)$  and  $\omega$  radial excitations to be degenerate in mass.

### $\Gamma(K\bar{K})/\Gamma(K\bar{K}^*(892)+\text{c.c.})$ $\Gamma_{16}/\Gamma_{13}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
0.052±0.026	BUON 82	DM1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

### $\Gamma(\pi^0\omega)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
not seen		MATVIENKO 15	BELL	$\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow D^{*+}\omega\pi^-$
seen	1.6k	ACHASOV 12	SND	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$
not seen	2382	AKHMETSHIN 03B	CMD2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\gamma$
seen		ACHASOV 97	RVUE	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega\pi^0$

$\Gamma(\pi^0\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$\Gamma_{19}/\Gamma$
<b>not seen</b>	1 ACHASOV	10D SND	$1.075\text{--}2.0 \text{ e}^+\text{e}^- \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma$	

<sup>1</sup> From a fit of a VMD model with two effective resonances with masses of 1450 MeV and 1700 MeV to describe the excited vector states  $\omega(1420)$ ,  $\rho(1450)$ ,  $\omega(1650)$ , and  $\rho(1700)$ . The width of the highest mass effective resonance is fixed at 315 MeV.

 $\Gamma(f_0(1500)\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$\Gamma_{20}/\Gamma$
<b>not seen</b>	1 ACHASOV	22 SND	$1.17\text{--}2.00 \text{ e}^+\text{e}^- \rightarrow \eta\eta\gamma$	

<sup>1</sup> The 90% CL upper limit on the Born cross sections  $\sigma(e^+\text{e}^- \rightarrow \phi(1680) \rightarrow f'_2(1525)\gamma \rightarrow \eta\eta\gamma)$  and  $\sigma(e^+\text{e}^- \rightarrow \rho(1700) \rightarrow f_0(1500)\gamma \rightarrow \eta\eta\gamma)$  is 10.6 pb.

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ACHASOV	18	PR D97 012008	M.N. Achasov <i>et al.</i>	(SND Collab.)
LEES	18	PR D97 052007	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
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LEES	17C	PR D95 072007	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
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ACHASOV	16D	PR D94 112001	M.N. Achasov <i>et al.</i>	(SND Collab.)
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ALEXANDER	75	PL 57B 487	G. Alexander <i>et al.</i> (TELA)
HYAMS	75	NP B100 205	B.D. Hyams <i>et al.</i> (CERN, MPIM)
BALLAM	74	NP B76 375	J. Ballam <i>et al.</i> (SLAC, LBL, MPIM)
CONVERSI	74	PL 52B 493	M. Conversi <i>et al.</i> (ROMA, FRAS)
SCHACHT	74	NP B81 205	P. Schacht <i>et al.</i> (MPIM)
DAVIER	73	NP B58 31	M. Davier <i>et al.</i> (SLAC)
EISENBERG	73	PL 43B 149	Y. Eisenberg <i>et al.</i> (REHO)
HYAMS	73	NP B64 134	B.D. Hyams <i>et al.</i> (CERN, MPIM)
BINGHAM	72B	PL 41B 635	H.H. Bingham <i>et al.</i> (LBL, UCB, SLAC) IGJP
JACOB	72	PR D5 1847	M. Jacob, R. Slansky
GOUNARIS	68	PRL 21 244	G.J. Gounaris, J.J. Sakurai

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