

**$K^\pm$  – THIS IS PART 2 OF 3**

To reduce the size of this section's PostScript file, we have divided it into three PostScript files. We present the following index:

## PART 1

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1	Mass
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## PART 2

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## PART 3

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**$K^+$  BRANCHING RATIOS** **$\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**  **$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$** 

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>63.51±0.18 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.3.			
<b>63.24±0.44</b>	62k	CHIANG	72	OSPK	+ 1.84 GeV/c $K^+$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
56.9 ± 2.6		9 ALEXANDER	57	EMUL	+
58.5 ± 3.0		9 BIRGE	56	EMUL	+

<sup>9</sup> Old experiments not included in averaging. **$\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$**  **$\Gamma_1/\Gamma_4$** 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<b>11.35±0.12 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.8.		
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
10.38±0.82	427	10 YOUNG	65	EMUL
10 Deleted from overall fit because YOUNG 65 constrains his results to add up to 1. Only YOUNG 65 measured ( $\mu\nu$ ) directly.				

 **$\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**  **$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$** 

VALUE (units $10^{-5}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
2.1 <sup>+1.8</sup> <sub>-1.3</sub>	4	BOWEN	67B	OSPK	+
<160.0	95	BORREANI	64	HBC	+

 **$\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$**  **$\Gamma_2/\Gamma_1$** 

VALUE (units $10^{-5}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<b>2.45±0.11 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
2.51±0.15	404	HEINTZE	76	SPEC
2.37±0.17	534	HEARD	75B	SPEC
2.42±0.42	112	CLARK	72	OSPK
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1.8 <sup>+0.8</sup> <sub>-0.6</sub>	8	MACEK	69	ASPK
1.9 <sup>+0.7</sup> <sub>-0.5</sub>	10	BOTTERILL	67	ASPK

 **$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**  **$\Gamma_3/\Gamma$** 

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>21.16±0.14 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.			
<b>21.18±0.28</b>	16k	CHIANG	72	OSPK	+ 1.84 GeV/c $K^+$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
21.0 ± 0.6		CALLAHAN	65	HLBC	See $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$
21.6 ± 0.6		TRILLING	65B	RVUE	
23.2 ± 2.2	11	ALEXANDER	57	EMUL	+
27.7 ± 2.7	11	BIRGE	56	EMUL	+

<sup>11</sup> Earlier experiments not averaged.

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$  $\Gamma_3/\Gamma_1$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>0.3331 ± 0.0028 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.				

**0.3316 ± 0.0032 OUR AVERAGE**

0.3329 ± 0.0047 ± 0.0010	45k	USHER	92	SPEC	+	$p\bar{p}$ at rest
0.3355 ± 0.0057	<sup>12</sup>	WEISSENBE...	76	SPEC	+	
0.305 ± 0.018	1600	ZELLER	69	ASPK	+	
0.3277 ± 0.0065	4517	AUERBACH	67	OSPK	+	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.328 ± 0.005	25k	<sup>12</sup> WEISSENBE...	74	STRC	+
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<sup>12</sup> WEISSENBERG 76 revises WEISSENBERG 74.

<sup>13</sup> AUERBACH 67 changed from 0.3253 ± 0.0065. See comment with ratio  $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ .

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$  $\Gamma_3/\Gamma_4$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<b>3.78 ± 0.04 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.5.			
<b>3.84 ± 0.27 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.9.			
3.96 ± 0.15	1045	CALLAHAN	66	FBC
3.24 ± 0.34	134	YOUNG	65	EMUL

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_4/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>5.59 ± 0.05 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.8.				
<b>5.52 ± 0.10 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.				
5.34 ± 0.21	693	<sup>14</sup> PANDOULAS	70	EMUL	+
5.71 ± 0.15		DEMARCO	65	HBC	
6.0 ± 0.4	44	YOUNG	65	EMUL	+
5.54 ± 0.12	2332	CALLAHAN	64	HLBC	+
5.1 ± 0.2	540	SHAKLEE	64	HLBC	+
5.7 ± 0.3		ROE	61	HLBC	+

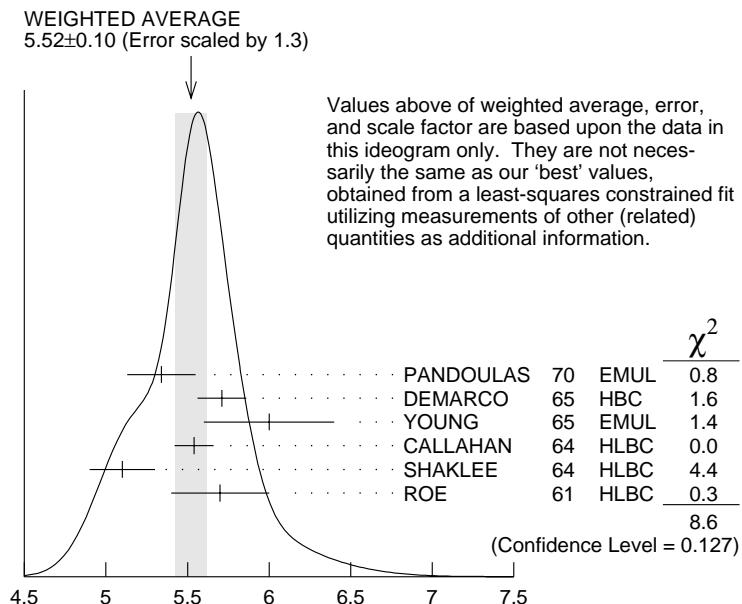
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

5.56 ± 0.20	2330	<sup>15</sup> CHIANG	72	OSPK	+	1.84 GeV/c $K^+$
5.2 ± 0.3		<sup>16</sup> TAYLOR	59	EMUL	+	
6.8 ± 0.4		<sup>16</sup> ALEXANDER	57	EMUL	+	
5.6 ± 0.4		<sup>16</sup> BIRGE	56	EMUL	+	

<sup>14</sup> Includes events of TAYLOR 59.

<sup>15</sup> Value is not independent of CHIANG 72  $\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ ,  $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ ,  $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ ,  $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ ,  $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ , and  $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ .

<sup>16</sup> Earlier experiments not averaged.



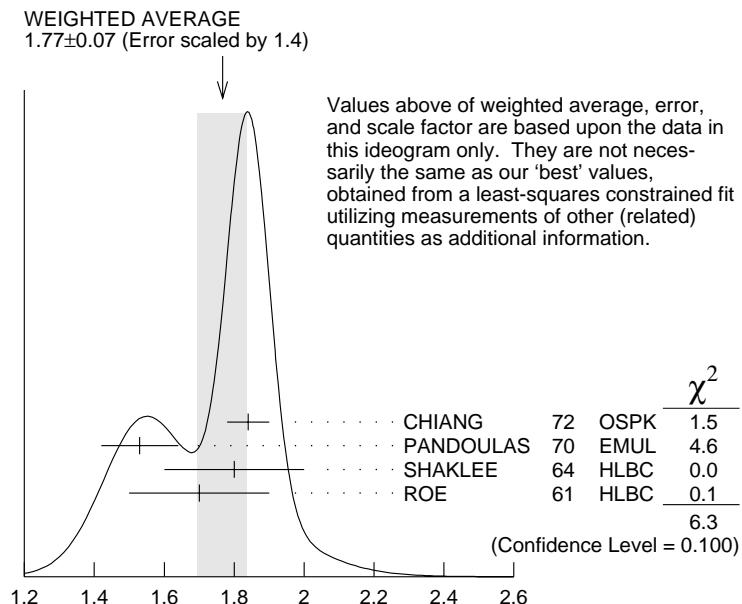
$$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \text{ (units } 10^{-2})$$

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>1.73±0.04 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			
<b>1.77±0.07 OUR AVERAGE</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.			
1.84±0.06	1307	CHIANG	72	OSPK	+
1.53±0.11	198	<sup>17</sup> PANDOULAS	70	EMUL	+
1.8 ±0.2	108	SHAKLEE	64	HLBC	+
1.7 ±0.2		ROE	61	HLBC	+
• • •		We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
1.5 ±0.2		<sup>18</sup> TAYLOR	59	EMUL	+
2.2 ±0.4		<sup>18</sup> ALEXANDER	57	EMUL	+
2.1 ±0.5		<sup>18</sup> BIRGE	56	EMUL	+

<sup>17</sup> Includes events of TAYLOR 59.

<sup>18</sup> Earlier experiments not averaged.



$$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \text{ (units } 10^{-2})$$

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT	$\Gamma_5/\Gamma_3$
<b>0.0819±0.0020 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.				
<b>0.081 ±0.005</b>	574	<sup>19</sup> LUCAS	73B	HBC	—	Dalitz pairs only
19 LUCAS 73B gives $N(\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0) = 574 \pm 5.9\%$ , $N(2\pi) = 3564 \pm 3.1\%$ . We quote $0.5N(\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0)/N(2\pi)$ where 0.5 is because only Dalitz pair $\pi^0$ 's were used.						

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT	$\Gamma_5/\Gamma_4$
<b>0.310±0.007 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.				
<b>0.304±0.009 OUR AVERAGE</b>						
0.303±0.009	2027	BISI	65	BC	+	HBC+HLBC
0.393±0.099	17	YOUNG	65	EMUL	+	

### $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT	$\Gamma_6/\Gamma$
<b>3.18±0.08 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.5.				
<b>3.33±0.16</b>	2345	CHIANG	72	OSPK	+	$1.84 \text{ GeV}/c K^+$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
2.8 ±0.4	20	TAYLOR	59	EMUL	+	
5.9 ±1.3	20	ALEXANDER	57	EMUL	+	
2.8 ±1.0	20	BIRGE	56	EMUL	+	

20 Earlier experiments not averaged.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$  $\Gamma_6/\Gamma_1$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<b>0.0501±0.0013 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.5.			
<b>0.0488±0.0026 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.054 ± 0.009	240	ZELLER	69	ASPK +
0.0480±0.0037	424	21 GARLAND	68	OSPK +
0.0486±0.0040	307	22 AUERBACH	67	OSPK +

21 GARLAND 68 changed from  $0.055 \pm 0.004$  in agreement with  $\mu$ -spectrum calculation of GAILLARD 70 appendix B. L.G.Pondrom, (private communication 73).

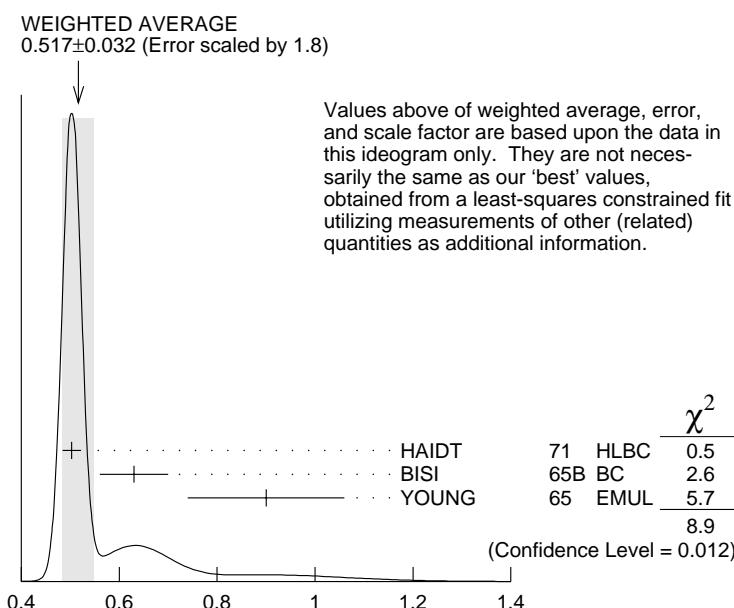
22 AUERBACH 67 changed from  $0.0602 \pm 0.0046$  by erratum which brings the  $\mu$ -spectrum calculation into agreement with GAILLARD 70 appendix B.

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$  $\Gamma_6/\Gamma_4$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>0.569±0.014 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.5.				
<b>0.517±0.032 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.8. See the ideogram below.				
0.503±0.019	1505	23 HAIDT	71	HLBC +	
0.63 ± 0.07	2845	24 BISI	65B	BC +	HBC+HLBC
0.90 ± 0.16	38	YOUNG	65	EMUL +	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
0.510±0.017	1505	23 EICHTEN	68	HLBC +	

23 HAIDT 71 is a reanalysis of EICHTEN 68.

24 Error enlarged for background problems. See GAILLARD 70.

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)$						$\Gamma_6/\Gamma_7$
VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT	
<b>0.660 ± 0.015 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.5.					
<b>0.680 ± 0.013 OUR AVERAGE</b>						
0.705 ± 0.063	554	25 LUCAS	73B HBC	—	Dalitz pairs only	
0.698 ± 0.025	3480	26 CHIANG	72 OSPK	+	1.84 GeV/c $K^+$	
0.667 ± 0.017	5601	BOTTERILL	68B ASPK	+		
0.703 ± 0.056	1509	27 CALLAHAN	66B HLBC			
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>						
0.670 ± 0.014	28 HEINTZE	77 SPEC	+			
0.67 ± 0.12	WEISSENBE...	76 SPEC	+			
0.608 ± 0.014	1585	29 BRAUN	75 HLBC	+		
0.596 ± 0.025	30 HAIDT	71 HLBC	+			
0.604 ± 0.022	1398	30 EICHTEN	68 HLBC			

<sup>25</sup> LUCAS 73B gives  $N(K_{\mu 3}) = 554 \pm 7.6\%$ ,  $N(K_{e3}) = 786 \pm 3.1\%$ . We divide.

<sup>26</sup> CHIANG 72  $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)$  is statistically independent of CHIANG 72  $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  and  $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ .

<sup>27</sup> From CALLAHAN 66B we use only the  $K_{\mu 3}/K_{e3}$  ratio and do not include in the fit the ratios  $K_{\mu 3}/(\pi\pi^+\pi^0)$  and  $K_{e3}/(\pi\pi^+\pi^0)$ , since they show large disagreements with the rest of the data.

<sup>28</sup> HEINTZE 77 value from fit to  $\lambda_0$ . Assumes  $\mu$ - $e$  universality.

<sup>29</sup> BRAUN 75 value is from form factor fit. Assumes  $\mu$ - $e$  universality.

<sup>30</sup> HAIDT 71 is a reanalysis of EICHTEN 68. Only individual ratios included in fit (see  $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$  and  $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$ ).

### $[\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0) + \Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)]/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $(\Gamma_3 + \Gamma_6)/\Gamma$

We combine these two modes for experiments measuring them in xenon bubble chamber because of difficulties of separating them there.

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<b>24.34 ± 0.15 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			
<b>24.6 ± 1.0 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.4.			
25.4 ± 0.9	886	SHAKLEE	64 HLBC	+
23.4 ± 1.1		ROE	61 HLBC	+

### $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_7/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>4.82 ± 0.06 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.3.				
<b>4.85 ± 0.09 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
4.86 ± 0.10	3516	CHIANG	72 OSPK	+	1.84 GeV/c $K^+$
4.7 ± 0.3	429	SHAKLEE	64 HLBC	+	
5.0 ± 0.5		ROE	61 HLBC	+	
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
5.1 ± 1.3	31 ALEXANDER	57 EMUL	+		
3.2 ± 1.3	31 BIRGE	56 EMUL	+		

<sup>31</sup> Earlier experiments not averaged.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$  $\Gamma_7/\Gamma_1$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<b>0.0759±0.0011 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.4.		
<b>0.0752±0.0024 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.069 ± 0.006	350	ZELLER	69 ASPK	+
0.0775±0.0033	960	BOTTERILL	68C ASPK	+
0.069 ± 0.006	561	GARLAND	68 OSPK	+
0.0791±0.0054	295	32 AUERBACH	67 OSPK	+

32 AUERBACH 67 changed from  $0.0797 \pm 0.0054$ . See comment with ratio  $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ . The value  $0.0785 \pm 0.0025$  given in AUERBACH 67 is an average of AUERBACH 67  $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$  and CESTER 66  $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/[\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu) + \Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)]$ .

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)$  $\Gamma_7/\Gamma_3$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>0.2280±0.0035 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.3.			
<b>0.221 ± 0.012</b>	786	33 LUCAS	73B HBC	-	Dalitz pairs only

33 LUCAS 73B gives  $N(K_{e3}) = 786 \pm 3.1\%$ ,  $N(2\pi) = 3564 \pm 3.1\%$ . We divide.

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$  $\Gamma_7/\Gamma_4$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<b>0.862±0.011 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.3.		
<b>0.860±0.014 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.867±0.027	2768	BARMIN	87 XEBC	+
0.856±0.040	2827	BRAUN	75 HLBC	+
0.850±0.019	4385	34 HAIDT	71 HLBC	+
0.94 ± 0.09	854	BELLOTTI	67B HLBC	
0.90 ± 0.06	230	BORREANI	64 HBC	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.846±0.021	4385	34 EICHTEN	68 HLBC	+
0.90 ± 0.16	37	YOUNG	65 EMUL	+

34 HAIDT 71 is a reanalysis of EICHTEN 68.

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/[\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu) + \Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)]$  $\Gamma_7/(\Gamma_1+\Gamma_3)$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<b>5.70±0.08 OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.4.		
<b>6.01±0.15 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
5.92±0.65		35 WEISSENBERG 76	SPEC	+
6.16±0.22	5110	ESCHSTRUTH 68	OSPK	+
5.89±0.21	1679	CESTER	66 OSPK	+

35 Value calculated from WEISSENBERG 76 ( $\pi^0 e\nu$ ), ( $\mu\nu$ ), and ( $\pi\pi^0$ ) values to eliminate dependence on our 1974 ( $\pi^2\pi^0$ ) and ( $\pi\pi^+\pi^-$ ) fractions.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)$  $\Gamma_8 / \Gamma_7$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-4}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>
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**4.3 $^{+0.9}_{-0.7}$  OUR FIT****4.1 $^{+1.0}_{-0.7}$  OUR AVERAGE**4.2 $^{+1.0}_{-0.9}$  25 BOLOTOV 86B CALO –3.8 $^{+5.0}_{-1.2}$  2 LJUNG 73 HLBC +

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

&lt;37.0 90 0 ROMANO 71 HLBC +

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_8 / \Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-5}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>
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**2.1  $\pm 0.4$  OUR FIT****2.54 $\pm 0.89$**  10 BARMIN 88B HLBC + $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$  $\Gamma_9 / \Gamma_4$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-4}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>
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**6.99 $\pm 0.30$  OUR AVERAGE** Error includes scale factor of 1.2.7.21 $\pm 0.32$  30k ROSENLET 77 SPEC +7.36 $\pm 0.68$  500 BOURQUIN 71 ASPK7.0  $\pm 0.9$  106 SCHWEINB... 71 HLBC +5.83 $\pm 0.63$  269 ELY 69 HLBC +

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

6.7  $\pm 1.5$  69 BIRGE 65 FBC + $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{10} / \Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-5}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.77 $^{+0.54}_{-0.50}$  1 CLINE 65 FBC + $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu) / \Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$  $\Gamma_{10} / \Gamma_4$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-4}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>
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**2.57 $\pm 1.55$**  7 BISI 67 DBC +

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $\sim 2.5$  1 GREINER 64 EMUL + $\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{11} / \Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-6}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>
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&lt;3.5 90 0 BOLOTOV 88 SPEC –

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

&lt;9 90 0 BARMIN 92 XEBC +

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma$ 

All values given here assume a phase space pion energy spectrum.

VALUE (units $10^{-7}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>11 ± 3 ±1</b>		31	36 KITCHING	97	B787	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
< 10	90	0	ATIYA	90B	B787	T $\pi$ 117–127 MeV
< 84	90	0	ASANO	82	CNTR +	T $\pi$ 117–127 MeV
–420 ±520		0	ABRAMS	77	SPEC +	T $\pi$ <92 MeV
< 350	90	0	LJUNG	73	HLBC +	6–102, 114–127 MeV
< 500	90	0	KLEMS	71	OSPK +	T $\pi$ <117 MeV
–100 ±600			CHEN	68	OSPK +	T $\pi$ 60–90 MeV

36 KITCHING 97 is extrapolated from their model-independent branching fraction ( $6.0 \pm 1.5 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-7}$  for  $100 \text{ MeV}/c < P_{\pi^+} < 180 \text{ MeV}/c$  using Chiral Perturbation Theory.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ 3\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma$ 

Values given here assume a phase space pion energy spectrum.

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>&lt;1.0</b>	90	ASANO	82	CNTR +	$T(\pi)$ 117–127 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<3.0	90	KLEMS	71	OSPK +	$T(\pi) > 117 \text{ MeV}$

 $\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu \nu\bar{\nu})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{14}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<b>&lt;6.0</b>	90	0	37 PANG	73	CNTR +

37 PANG 73 assumes  $\mu$  spectrum from  $\nu$ - $\nu$  interaction of BARDIN 70.

 $\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e \nu\bar{\nu})/\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e)$  $\Gamma_{15}/\Gamma_2$ 

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<b>&lt;3.8</b>	90	0	HEINTZEE	79	SPEC +

 $\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu e^+ e^-)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e)$  $\Gamma_{16}/\Gamma_9$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>3.3 ± 0.9</b>	14	38 DIAMANT-...	76	SPEC +	$m_{e^+ e^-} > 140 \text{ MeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

27. ±8. 14 38 DIAMANT-... 76 SPEC + Extrapolated BR

38 DIAMANT-BERGER 76 gives this result times our 1975  $\pi^+ \pi^- e\nu$  BR ratio. The second DIAMANT-BERGER 76 value is the first value extrapolated to 0 to include low mass  $e^+ e^-$  pairs. More recent calculations (BIJNENS 93) of this extrapolation disagree with those of DIAMANT-BERGER 76.

$\Gamma(e^+\nu_e e^+e^-)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^- e^+\nu_e)$   $\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma_9$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b><math>0.76^{+0.76}_{-0.38}</math></b>	4	39 DIAMANT-...	76	SPEC	+ $m_{e^+e^-} > 140$ MeV	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

5.4 $^{+5.4}_{-2.7}$	4	39 DIAMANT-...	76	SPEC	+ Extrapolated BR	
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39 DIAMANT-BERGER 76 gives this result times our 1975  $\pi^+\pi^-e\nu$  BR ratio. The second DIAMANT-BERGER 76 value is the first value extrapolated to 0 to include low mass  $e^+e^-$  pairs. More recent calculations (BIJNENS 93) of this extrapolation disagree with those of DIAMANT-BERGER 76.

 $\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-7}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>	
<b>&lt;4.1</b>	90	ATIYA	89	B787	+

 $\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{19}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b><math>5.50 \pm 0.28</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>						
6.6 $\pm 1.5$	40,41 DEMIDOV	90 XEBC			$P(\mu) < 231.5$ MeV/c	
6.0 $\pm 0.9$		BARMIN	88 HLBC	+	$P(\mu) < 231.5$ MeV/c	

5.4 $\pm 0.3$	42 AKIBA	85 SPEC			$P(\mu) < 231.5$ MeV/c
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

3.5 $\pm 0.8$	41,43 DEMIDOV	90 XEBC			$E(\gamma) > 20$ MeV
3.2 $\pm 0.5$	57 44 BARMIN	88 HLBC	+		$E(\gamma) > 20$ MeV
5.8 $\pm 3.5$	12 WEISSENBE...	74 STRC	+		$E(\gamma) > 9$ MeV

40  $P(\mu)$  cut given in DEMIDOV 90 paper, 235.1 MeV/c, is a misprint according to authors (private communication).

41 DEMIDOV 90 quotes only inner bremsstrahlung (IB) part.

42 Assumes  $\mu$ -e universality and uses constraints from  $K \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$ .

43 Not independent of above DEMIDOV 90 value. Cuts differ.

44 Not independent of above BARMIN 88 value. Cuts differ.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{20}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-4}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<b><math>2.75 \pm 0.15</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>							
2.71 $\pm 0.45$	140	BOLOTOV	87 WIRE	-		$T\pi^-$ 55–90 MeV	
2.87 $\pm 0.32$	2461	SMITH	76 WIRE	$\pm$		$T\pi^\pm$ 55–90 MeV	
2.71 $\pm 0.19$	2100	ABRAMS	72 ASPK	$\pm$		$T\pi^+$ 55–90 MeV	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.5	$\frac{+1.1}{-0.6}$	45	LJUNG	73	HLBC	+	$T\pi^+$ 55–80 MeV	
2.6	$\frac{+1.5}{-1.1}$	45	LJUNG	73	HLBC	+	$T\pi^+$ 55–90 MeV	
6.8	$\frac{+3.7}{-2.1}$	17	45	LJUNG	73	HLBC	+	$T\pi^+$ 55–102 MeV
2.4	$\pm 0.8$	24	EDWARDS	72	OSPK		$T\pi^+$ 58–90 MeV	
<1.0		0	46	MALTSEV	70	HLBC	+	$T\pi^+$ <55 MeV
<1.9	90	0	EMMERSON	69	OSPK		$T\pi^+$ 55–80 MeV	
2.2	$\pm 0.7$	18	CLINE	64	FBC	+	$T\pi^+$ 55–80 MeV	

<sup>45</sup> The LJUNG 73 values are not independent.

<sup>46</sup> MALTSEV 70 selects low  $\pi^+$  energy to enhance direct emission contribution.

### $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Direct emission part of  $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ .

VALUE (units $10^{-5}$ )	EVTS
<b>1.8 <math>\pm 0.4</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>	

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
BOLOTOV	WIRE	—	$T\pi^-$ 55–90 MeV
SMITH	WIRE	$\pm$	$T\pi^\pm$ 55–90 MeV
ABRAMS	ASPK	$\pm$	$T\pi^\pm$ 55–90 MeV

### $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	EVTS
<b>1.04 <math>\pm 0.31</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>	

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
BARMIN	XEBC		$E(\gamma) > 5$ MeV
STAMER	EMUL	+	$E(\gamma) > 11$ MeV

### $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0\gamma)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0)$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	EVTS
<b>4.3 <math>\pm 3.2</math></b>	

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
BOLOTOV	SPEC	—	$E(\gamma) > 10$ MeV

### $\Gamma(\pi^0\mu^+\nu_\mu\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (units $10^{-5}$ )	CL%	EVTS
<b>&lt;6.1</b>	90	0

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
LJUNG	HLBC	+	$E(\gamma) > 30$ MeV

### $\Gamma(\pi^0e^+\nu_e\gamma)/\Gamma(\pi^0e^+\nu_e)$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS
<b>0.54 <math>\pm 0.04</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
47 BARMIN	XEBC		$E(\gamma) > 10$ MeV, $0.6 < \cos\theta_e \gamma < 0.9$
192 BOLOTOV	CALO	—	$E(\gamma) > 10$ MeV
13 ROMANO	HLBC		$E(\gamma) > 10$ MeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$1.51 \pm 0.25$	82	<sup>47</sup> BARMIN	91	XEBC	$E(\gamma) > 10$ MeV, $\cos\theta_e \gamma < 0.98$
$0.48 \pm 0.20$	16	<sup>50</sup> LJUNG	73	HLBC	+
$0.22^{+0.15}_{-0.10}$		<sup>50</sup> LJUNG	73	HLBC	+
$0.53 \pm 0.22$		<sup>49</sup> ROMANO	71	HLBC	+
$1.2 \pm 0.8$		BELLOTTI	67	HLBC	+
					$E(\gamma) > 30$ MeV
					$E(\gamma) > 30$ MeV

<sup>47</sup> BARMIN 91 quotes branching ratio  $\Gamma(K \rightarrow e\pi^0\nu\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{all}}$ . The measured normalization is  $[\Gamma(K \rightarrow e\pi^0\nu) + \Gamma(K \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^-)]$ . For comparison with other experiments we used  $\Gamma(K \rightarrow e\pi^0\nu)/\Gamma_{\text{all}} = 0.0482$  to calculate the values quoted here.

<sup>48</sup>  $\cos\theta(e\gamma)$  between 0.6 and 0.9.

<sup>49</sup> Both ROMANO 71 values are for  $\cos\theta(e\gamma)$  between 0.6 and 0.9. Second value is for comparison with second LJUNG 73 value. We use lowest  $E(\gamma)$  cut for Summary Table value. See ROMANO 71 for  $E_\gamma$  dependence.

<sup>50</sup> First LJUNG 73 value is for  $\cos\theta(e\gamma) < 0.9$ , second value is for  $\cos\theta(e\gamma)$  between 0.6 and 0.9 for comparison with ROMANO 71.

### $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Structure-dependent part.

$\Gamma_{26}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-5}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<5.3	90	BOLOTOV	86B	CALO

### $\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{27}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<5	90	0	BARMIN	92	XEBC	+

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{28}/\Gamma$

Test of  $\Delta S = \Delta Q$  rule.

VALUE (units $10^{-7}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 9.0	95	0	SCHWEINB...	71	HLBC	+
< 6.9	95	0	ELY	69	HLBC	+
<20.	95		BIRGE	65	FBC	+

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e)$

$\Gamma_{28}/\Gamma_9$

Test of  $\Delta S = \Delta Q$  rule.

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN
< 3	90	3	<sup>51</sup> BLOCH	76

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<130.	95	0	BOURQUIN	71	ASPK
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<sup>51</sup> BLOCH 76 quotes  $3.6 \times 10^{-4}$  at CL = 95%, we convert.

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Test of $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ rule.

$\Gamma_{29}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<3.0	95	0	BIRGE	65	FBC

$\Gamma(\pi^+ e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{30}/\Gamma$ 

Test for  $\Delta S = 1$  weak neutral current. Allowed by combined first-order weak and electromagnetic interactions.

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-7}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>2.74 \pm 0.23</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>						
2.75 $\pm 0.23 \pm 0.13$	500	52	ALLIEGRO	92	SPEC	+
2.7 $\pm 0.5$	41	53	BLOCH	75	SPEC	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
< 17	90		CENCE	74	ASPK	+
< 2.7	90		CENCE	74	ASPK	+
< 320	90		BEIER	72	OSPK	±
< 44	90		BISI	67	DBC	+
< 8.8	90		CLINE	67B	FBC	+
< 24.5	90	1	CAMERINI	64	FBC	+

<sup>52</sup> ALLIEGRO 92 assumes a vector interaction with a form factor given by  $\lambda = 0.105 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.015$  and a correlation coefficient of  $-0.82$ .

<sup>53</sup> BLOCH 75 assumes a vector interaction.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{31}/\Gamma$ 

Test for  $\Delta S = 1$  weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-8}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>
<b><math>5.0 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.9</math></b>		54 ADLER	97C B787	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
< 23	90	ATIYA	89	B787
< 240	90	BISI	67	DBC
< 300	90	CAMERINI	65	FBC

<sup>54</sup> ADLER 97C gives systematic error  $0.7 \times 10^{-8}$  and theoretical uncertainty  $0.6 \times 10^{-8}$ , which we combine in quadrature to obtain our second error.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{32}/\Gamma$ 

Test for  $\Delta S = 1$  weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-9}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>0.42^{+0.97}_{-0.35}</math></b>		1	ADLER	97	B787	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
< 2.4	90		ADLER	96	B787	
< 7.5	90		ATIYA	93	B787	+
< 5.2	90		55 ATIYA	93	B787	+
< 17	90	0	ATIYA	93B	B787	+
< 34	90		ATIYA	90	B787	+
< 140	90		ASANO	81B	CNTR	+
< 940	90		56 CABLE	73	CNTR	+
< 560	90		56 CABLE	73	CNTR	+
< 57000	90	0	57 LJUNG	73	HLBC	+
< 1400	90		56 KLEMS	71	OSPK	+

<sup>55</sup> Combining ATIYA 93 and ATIYA 93B results. Superseded by ADLER 96.

<sup>56</sup> KLEMS 71 and CABLE 73 assume  $\pi$  spectrum same as  $K_{e3}$  decay. Second CABLE 73 limit combines CABLE 73 and KLEMS 71 data for vector interaction.

<sup>57</sup> LJUNG 73 assumes vector interaction.

### $\Gamma(\mu^- \nu e^+ e^+)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e)$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<0.5	90	0	58 DIAMANT-...	76 SPEC	+

<sup>58</sup> DIAMANT-BERGER 76 quotes this result times our 1975  $\pi^+ \pi^- e \nu$  BR ratio.

### $\Gamma_{33}/\Gamma_9$

### $\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Forbidden by lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<0.004	90	0	59 LYONS	81 HLBC	0	200 GeV $K^+$ narrow band $\nu$ beam

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<0.012	90	59 COOPER	82 HLBC	Wideband $\nu$ beam
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<sup>59</sup> COOPER 82 and LYONS 81 limits on  $\nu_e$  observation are here interpreted as limits on lepton family number violation in the absence of mixing.

### $\Gamma_{34}/\Gamma$

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE (units $10^{-10}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
< 2.1	90	0	LEE	90 SPEC	+	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<11	90	0	CAMPAGNARI 88	SPEC	+	In LEE 90
<48	90	0	DIAMANT-...	76 SPEC	+	

### $\Gamma_{35}/\Gamma$

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^- e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE (units $10^{-9}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
< 7	90	0	60 DIAMANT-...	76 SPEC	+

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<28	90	60 BEIER	72 OSPK	±
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<sup>60</sup> Measurement actually applies to the sum of the  $\pi^+ \mu^- e^+$  and  $\pi^- \mu^+ e^+$  modes.

### $\Gamma_{36}/\Gamma$

### $\Gamma(\pi^- \mu^+ e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Test of total lepton number conservation.

VALUE (units $10^{-9}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
< 7	90	0	61 DIAMANT-...	76 SPEC	+

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<28	90	61 BEIER	72 OSPK	±
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<sup>61</sup> Measurement actually applies to the sum of the  $\pi^+ \mu^- e^+$  and  $\pi^- \mu^+ e^+$  modes.

### $\Gamma_{37}/\Gamma$

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^- e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Test of total lepton number conservation.

VALUE (units $10^{-8}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG
<1.4	90	BEIER	72 OSPK	±	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<1.4	90	BEIER	72 OSPK	±
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### $\Gamma_{36}/\Gamma$

$\Gamma(\pi^- e^+ e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{38}/\Gamma$ 

Test of total lepton number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-5}$ )	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
<1.5	CHANG	68	HBC

 $\Gamma(\pi^- e^+ e^+)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e)$  $\Gamma_{38}/\Gamma_9$ 

Test of total lepton number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-4}$ )	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>
<2.5	90	0	62 DIAMANT-...	76	SPEC +

62 DIAMANT-BERGER 76 quotes this result times our 1975 BR ratio.

 $\Gamma(\pi^- \mu^+ \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{39}/\Gamma$ 

Forbidden by total lepton number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-4}$ )	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>
<1.5	90	63 LITTENBERG	92 HBC

63 LITTENBERG 92 is from retroactive data analysis of CHANG 68 bubble chamber data.

 $\Gamma(\mu^+ \bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{40}/\Gamma$ 

Forbidden by total lepton number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-3}$ )	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<3.3	90	64 COOPER	82	HLBC Wideband $\nu$ beam

64 COOPER 82 limit on  $\bar{\nu}_e$  observation is here interpreted as a limit on lepton number violation in the absence of mixing. | $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{41}/\Gamma$ 

Forbidden by total lepton number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.003	90	65 COOPER	82	HLBC Wideband $\nu$ beam

65 COOPER 82 limit on  $\bar{\nu}_e$  observation is here interpreted as a limit on lepton number violation in the absence of mixing. | $\Gamma(\pi^+ \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{42}/\Gamma$ 

Violates angular momentum conservation. Not listed in Summary Table.

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-6}$ )	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
<1.4	90	ASANO	82	CNTR +
<4.0	90	66 KLEMS	71	OSPK +

66 Test of model of Selleri, Nuovo Cimento **60A** 291 (1969). |

**$K^+$  LONGITUDINAL POLARIZATION OF EMITTED  $\mu^+$** 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<-0.990	90	67 AOKI	94	SPEC	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<-0.990	90	IMAZATO	92	SPEC	+
-0.970±0.047		68 YAMANAKA	86	SPEC	+
-1.0 ±0.1		68 CUTTS	69	SPRK	+
-0.96 ±0.12		68 COOMBES	57	CNTR	+

<sup>67</sup> AOKI 94 measures  $\xi P_\mu = -0.9996 \pm 0.0030 \pm 0.0048$ . The above limit is obtained by summing the statistical and systematic errors in quadrature, normalizing to the physically significant region ( $|\xi P_\mu| < 1$ ) and assuming that  $\xi=1$ , its maximum value.

<sup>68</sup> Assumes  $\xi=1$ .