

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^-)$$

## $K_S^0$ MEAN LIFE

For earlier measurements, beginning with BOLDT 58B, see our our 1986 edition, Physics Letters **170B** 130 (1986).

OUR FIT is described in the note on "Fits for  $K_L^0$  CP-Violation Parameters" in the  $K_L^0$  Particle Listings.

VALUE ( $10^{-10}$ s)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.8934±0.0008 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.8940±0.0009 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.8971±0.0021		BERTANZA 97	NA31	
0.8941±0.0014±0.0009		SCHWINGEN...95	E773	$\Delta m$ free, $\phi_{+-}=\phi_{SW}$
0.8929±0.0016		GIBBONS 93	E731	
0.8920±0.0044	214k	GROSSMAN 87	SPEC	
0.881 ± 0.009	26k	ARONSON 76	SPEC	
0.8924±0.0032		<sup>1</sup> CARITHERS 75	SPEC	
0.8937±0.0048	6M	GEWENIGER 74B	ASPK	
0.8958±0.0045	50k	<sup>2</sup> SKJEGGESTAD 72	HBC	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.905 ± 0.007		<sup>3</sup> ARONSON 82B	SPEC	
0.867 ± 0.024	2173	<sup>4</sup> FACKLER 73	OSPK	
0.856 ± 0.008	19994	<sup>5</sup> DONALD 68B	HBC	
0.872 ± 0.009	20000	<sup>5,6</sup> HILL 68	DBC	
0.866 ± 0.016		<sup>5</sup> ALFF-...	66B OSPK	
0.843 ± 0.013	5000	<sup>5</sup> KIRSCH 66	HBC	

<sup>1</sup>CARITHERS 75 value is for  $m_{K_L^0} - m_{K_S^0}$ .  $\Delta m = 0.5301 \pm 0.0013$ . The  $\Delta m$  dependence of the total decay rate (inverse mean life) is  $\Gamma(K_S^0) = [(1.122 \pm 0.004) + 0.16(\Delta m - 0.5348)/\Delta m]10^{10}/s$ , or, in terms of meanlife  $\tau_s = 0.8913 \pm 0.0032 - 0.238(\Delta m - 0.5348)$  where  $\Delta m$  and  $\tau_s$  are in units of  $10^{10}\text{fs}^{-1}$  and  $10^{-10}\text{s}$  respectively.

<sup>2</sup>HILL 68 has been changed by the authors from the published value ( $0.865 \pm 0.009$ ) because of a correction in the shift due to  $\eta_{+-}$ . SKJEGGESTAD 72 and HILL 68 give detailed discussions of systematics encountered in this type of experiment.

<sup>3</sup>ARONSON 82 find that  $K_S^0$  mean life may depend on the kaon energy.

<sup>4</sup>FACKLER 73 does not include systematic errors.

<sup>5</sup>Pre-1971 experiments are excluded from the average because of disagreement with later more precise experiments.

<sup>6</sup>HILL 68 has been changed by the authors from the published value ( $0.865 \pm 0.009$ ) because of a correction in the shift due to  $\eta_{+-}$ . SKJEGGESTAD 72 and HILL 68 give detailed discussions of systematics encountered in this type of experiment.

## $K_S^0$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level
$\Gamma_1$ $\pi^+ \pi^-$	$(68.61 \pm 0.28) \%$	S=1.2
$\Gamma_2$ $\pi^0 \pi^0$	$(31.39 \pm 0.28) \%$	S=1.2
$\Gamma_3$ $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$	$[a,b] (1.78 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_4$ $\gamma \gamma$	$(2.4 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-6}$	
$\Gamma_5$ $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$(3.2 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-7}$	
$\Gamma_6$ $3\pi^0$	$< 1.9 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_7$ $\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu$	$[c,d] (6.70 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.1
$\Gamma_8$ $\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu$	$[c,d] (4.69 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.1
<b><math>\Delta S = 1</math> weak neutral current (S1) modes</b>		
$\Gamma_9$ $\mu^+ \mu^-$	$S1 < 3.2 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{10}$ $e^+ e^-$	$S1 < 1.4 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{11}$ $\pi^0 e^+ e^-$	$S1 < 1.1 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%

- [a] Most of this radiative mode, the low-momentum  $\gamma$  part, is also included in the parent mode listed without  $\gamma$ 's.
- [b] See the Particle Listings below for the energy limits used in this measurement.
- [c] Calculated from  $K_L^0$  semileptonic rates and the  $K_S^0$  lifetime assuming  $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ .
- [d] The value is for the sum of the charge states or particle/antiparticle states indicated.

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## CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 3 branching ratios uses 17 measurements and one constraint to determine 2 parameters. The overall fit has a  $\chi^2 = 16.5$  for 16 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients  $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \cdot \delta x_j)$ , in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions,  $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ . The fit constrains the  $x_i$  whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x_2 & -100 \\ \hline & x_1 \end{array}$$


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## $K_S^0$ DECAY RATES

### $\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu)$

VALUE ( $10^6 \text{ s}^{-1}$ )

**7.50 ± 0.08 OUR EVALUATION**

DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

$\Gamma_7$

Error includes scale factor of 1.1. From  $K_L^0$  measurements, assuming that  $\Delta S = \Delta Q$  in  $K^0$  decay so that  $\Gamma(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^\pm e^\mp \nu) = \Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e)$ .

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

seen

9.3 ± 2.5

BURGUN 72 HBC  $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 p \pi^+$   
AUBERT 65 HLBC  $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ , CP cons. not assumed

### $\Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu)$

VALUE ( $10^6 \text{ s}^{-1}$ )

**5.25 ± 0.07 OUR EVALUATION**

DOCUMENT ID

$\Gamma_8$

Error includes scale factor of 1.1. From  $K_L^0$  measurements, assuming that  $\Delta S = \Delta Q$  in  $K^0$  decay so that  $\Gamma(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu) = \Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu)$ .

## $K_S^0$ BRANCHING RATIOS

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$

**0.6861 ± 0.0028 OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

**0.671 ± 0.010 OUR AVERAGE**

0.670 ± 0.010	3447	7 DOYLE	69 HBC	$\pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K^0$
0.70 ± 0.08		COLUMBIA	60B HBC	
0.68 ± 0.04		CRAWFORD	59B HBC	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.740 ± 0.024		7 ANDERSON	62B HBC	

7 Anderson result not published, events added to Doyle sample.

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0)$

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

$\Gamma_1/\Gamma_2$

**2.186 ± 0.028 OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

**2.197 ± 0.026 OUR AVERAGE**

2.11 ± 0.09	1315	EVERHART	76 WIRE	$\pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K^0$
2.169 ± 0.094	16k	COWELL	74 OSPK	$\pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K^0$
2.16 ± 0.08	4799	HILL	73 DBC	$K^+ d \rightarrow K^0 p p$
2.22 ± 0.10	3068	8 ALITTI	72 HBC	$K^+ p \rightarrow \pi^+ p K^0$
2.22 ± 0.08	6380	MORSE	72B DBC	$K^+ n \rightarrow K^0 p$
2.10 ± 0.11	701	9 NAGY	72 HLBC	$K^+ n \rightarrow K^0 p$
2.22 ± 0.095	6150	10 BALTAY	71 HBC	$K p \rightarrow K^0$ neutrals
2.282 ± 0.043	7944	11 MOFFETT	70 OSPK	$K^+ n \rightarrow K^0 p$
2.10 ± 0.06	3700	MORFIN	69 HLBC	$K^+ n \rightarrow K^0 p$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
2.12 ± 0.17	267	9 BOZOKI	69 HLBC	
2.285 ± 0.055	3016	11 GOBBI	69 OSPK	$K^+ n \rightarrow K^0 p$

<sup>8</sup> The directly measured quantity is  $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- / \text{all } K^0 = 0.345 \pm 0.005$ .

<sup>9</sup> NAGY 72 is a final result which includes BOZOKI 69.

<sup>10</sup> The directly measured quantity is  $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- / \text{all } \bar{K}^0 = 0.345 \pm 0.005$ .

<sup>11</sup> MOFFETT 70 is a final result which includes GOBBI 69.

### $\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma_2/\Gamma$

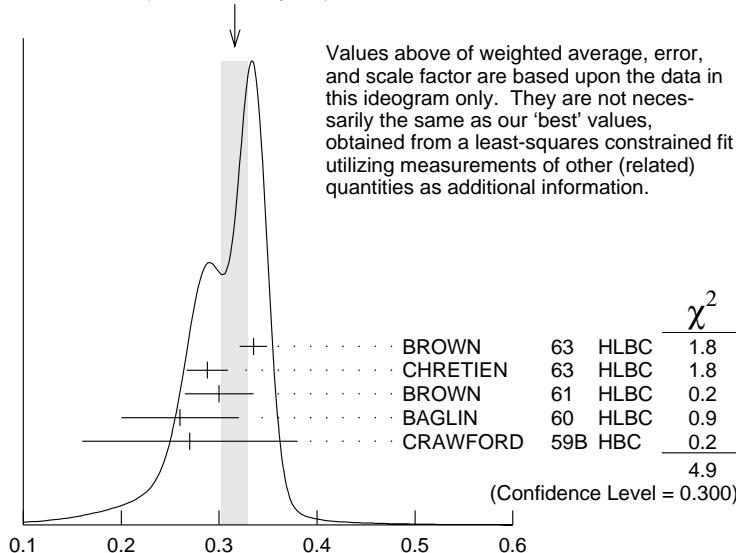
VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN
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**0.3139 ± 0.0028 OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

**0.316 ± 0.014 OUR AVERAGE** Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.

0.335 ± 0.014	1066	BROWN	63	HLBC
0.288 ± 0.021	198	CHRETIEN	63	HLBC
0.30 ± 0.035		BROWN	61	HLBC
0.26 ± 0.06		BAGLIN	60	HLBC
0.27 ± 0.11		CRAWFORD	59B	HBC

WEIGHTED AVERAGE  
0.316 ± 0.014 (Error scaled by 1.3)



### $\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^-)$

### $\Gamma_3/\Gamma_1$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS
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**2.60 ± 0.08 OUR AVERAGE**

2.56 ± 0.09	1286	RAMBERG	93	E731	$p_\gamma > 50 \text{ MeV}/c$
2.68 ± 0.15		TAUREG	76	SPEC	$p_\gamma > 50 \text{ MeV}/c$
2.8 ± 0.6		BURGUN	73	HBC	$p_\gamma > 50 \text{ MeV}/c$
3.3 ± 1.2	10	WEBBER	70	HBC	$p_\gamma > 50 \text{ MeV}/c$
no ratio given	27	BELLOTTI	66	HBC	$p_\gamma > 50 \text{ MeV}/c$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

7.10 ± 0.22	3723	RAMBERG	93	E731	$p_\gamma > 20 \text{ MeV}/c$
3.0 ± 0.6	29	<sup>14</sup> BOBISUT	74	HLBC	$p_\gamma > 40 \text{ MeV}/c$
12 TAUREG 76 find direct emission contribution <0.06, CL = 90%.					
13 BURGUN 73 estimates that direct emission contribution is $0.3 \pm 0.6$ .					
14 BOBISUT 74 not included in average because $p_\gamma$ cut differs. Estimates direct emission contribution to be 0.5 or less, CL = 95%.					

### $\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2.4 ± 0.9</b>		35	<sup>15</sup> BARR	95B NA31	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
2.2 ± 1.1		16	<sup>16</sup> BARR	95B NA31	
< 13	90		BALATS	89 SPEC	
2.4 ± 1.2		19	BURKHARDT	87 NA31	
< 133	90		BARMIN	86B XEBC	
< 200	90		VASSERMAN	86 CALO	$\phi \rightarrow K_S^0 K_L^0$
< 400	90	0	BARMIN	73B HLBC	
< 710	90	0	<sup>17</sup> BANNER	72B OSPK	
< 2000	90	0	MORSE	72B DBC	
< 2200	90	0	<sup>17</sup> REPELLIN	71 OSPK	
< 21000	90	0	<sup>17</sup> BANNER	69 OSPK	

15 BARR 95B quotes this as the combined BARR 95B + BURKHARDT 87 result after rescaling BURKHARDT 87 to use same branching ratios and lifetimes as BARR 95B.

16 BARR 95B result is calculated using  $B(K_L \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = (5.86 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-4}$ .

17 These limits are for maximum interference in  $K_S^0 - K_L^0$  to  $2\gamma$ 's.

### $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (units $10^{-7}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>3.2 ± 1.2 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
2.5 $^{+1.3}_{-1.0} {}^{+0.5}_{-0.6}$		500k	<sup>18</sup> ADLER	97B CPLR	
4.8 $^{+2.2}_{-1.6} {}^{+1.1}$			<sup>19</sup> ZOU	96 E621	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
4.1 $^{+2.5}_{-1.9} {}^{+0.5}_{-0.6}$			<sup>20</sup> ADLER	96E CPLR	Sup. by ADLER 97B
3.9 $^{+5.4}_{-1.8} {}^{+0.9}_{-0.7}$			<sup>21</sup> THOMSON	94 E621	Sup. by ZOU 96
< 490	90		<sup>22</sup> BARMIN	85 HLBC	
< 850	90		METCALF	72 ASPK	

18 ADLER 97B find the  $CP$ -conserving parameters  $\text{Re}(\lambda) = (28 \pm 7 \pm 3) \times 10^{-3}$ ,  $\text{Im}(\lambda) = (-10 \pm 8 \pm 2) \times 10^{-3}$ . They estimate  $B(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$  from  $\text{Re}(\lambda)$  and the  $K_L^0$  decay parameters. See also ANGELOPOULOS 98C.

19 ZOU 96 is from the measured quantities  $|\rho_{+-0}| = 0.039 {}^{+0.009}_{-0.006} \pm 0.005$  and  $\phi_\rho = (-9 \pm 18)^\circ$ .

20 ADLER 96E is from the measured quantities  $\text{Re}(\lambda) = 0.036 \pm 0.010 {}^{+0.002}_{-0.003}$  and  $\text{Im}(\lambda)$  consistent with zero. Note that the quantity  $\lambda$  is the same as  $\rho_{+-0}$  used in other footnotes.

### $\Gamma_4/\Gamma$

### $\Gamma_5/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-7}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>3.2 ± 1.2 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
2.5 $^{+1.3}_{-1.0} {}^{+0.5}_{-0.6}$		500k	<sup>18</sup> ADLER	97B CPLR	
4.8 $^{+2.2}_{-1.6} {}^{+1.1}$			<sup>19</sup> ZOU	96 E621	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
4.1 $^{+2.5}_{-1.9} {}^{+0.5}_{-0.6}$			<sup>20</sup> ADLER	96E CPLR	Sup. by ADLER 97B
3.9 $^{+5.4}_{-1.8} {}^{+0.9}_{-0.7}$			<sup>21</sup> THOMSON	94 E621	Sup. by ZOU 96
< 490	90		<sup>22</sup> BARMIN	85 HLBC	
< 850	90		METCALF	72 ASPK	

<sup>21</sup> THOMSON 94 calculates this branching ratio from their measurements  $|\rho_{+-0}| = 0.035^{+0.019}_{-0.011} \pm 0.004$  and  $\phi_\rho = (-59 \pm 48)^\circ$  where  $|\rho_{+-0}| e^{i\phi_\rho} = A(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0, I = 2)/A(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$ .

<sup>22</sup> BARMIN 85 assumes that *CP*-allowed and *CP*-violating amplitudes are equally suppressed.

### $\Gamma(3\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_6/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-5}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN
< 1.9	90	17300	23 ANGELOPO...	CPLR

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 3.7	90	BARMIN	83	HLBC
< 43	90	BARMIN	73	HLBC

<sup>23</sup> ANGELOPOULOS 98B is from  $\text{Im}(\eta_{000}) = -0.05 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.05$ , assuming  $\text{Re}(\eta_{000}) = \text{Re}(\epsilon) = 1.635 \times 10^{-3}$  and using the value  $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0) = 0.2112 \pm 0.0027$ .

### $\Gamma(\mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_9/\Gamma$

Test for  $\Delta S = 1$  weak neutral current. Allowed by first-order weak interaction combined with electromagnetic interaction.

VALUE (units $10^{-5}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN
< 0.032	90	GJESDAL	73 ASPK

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 14	90	BOHM	69	OSPK
< 0.7	90	HYAMS	69B	OSPK
< 22	90	24 STUTZKE	69	OSPK
< 7	90	BOTT-...	67	OSPK

<sup>24</sup> Value calculated by us, using 2.3 instead of 1 event, 90% CL.

### $\Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{10}/\Gamma$

Test for  $\Delta S = 1$  weak neutral current. Allowed by first-order weak interaction combined with electromagnetic interaction.

VALUE (units $10^{-7}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 1.4	90	0	ANGELOPO...	97 CPLR	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 28	90	0	BLICK	94	CNTR Hyperon facility
< 100	90	0	BARMIN	86	XEBC
< 1100	90	0	BITSADZE	86	CALO
< 3400	90	0	BOHM	69	OSPK

### $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$

Test for  $\Delta S = 1$  weak neutral current. Allowed by first-order weak interaction combined with electromagnetic interaction.

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN
< 1.1	90	0	BARR	93B NA31

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 45	90	0	GIBBONS	88 E731
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## CP-VIOLATION PARAMETERS IN $K_S^0$ DECAY

$$\text{Im}(\eta_{+-0})^2 = \Gamma(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0, \text{CP-violating}) / \Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$$

*CPT assumed valid (i.e. Re( $\eta_{+-0}$ )  $\simeq$  0).*

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
<0.23	90	601	25 BARMIN	85	HLBC
<1.2	90	192	BALDO...	75	HLBC
<0.71	90	148	MALLARY	73	OSPK
<0.66	90	180	JAMES	72	HBC
<1.2	90	99	JONES	72	OSPK
<0.12	90	384	METCALF	72	ASPK
<1.2	90	99	CHO	71	DBC
<1.0	90	98	JAMES	71	HBC
<1.2	95	50	26 MEISNER	71	HBC
<0.8	90	71	WEBBER	70	HBC
<0.45	90		BEHR	66	HLBC
<3.8	90	18	ANDERSON	65	HBC
					Incl. in JAMES 72
					CL=90% not avail.
					Incl. in WEBBER 70

<sup>25</sup> BARMIN 85 find Re( $\eta_{+-0}$ ) = (0.05  $\pm$  0.17) and Im( $\eta_{+-0}$ ) = (0.15  $\pm$  0.33). Includes events of BALDO-CEOLIN 75.

<sup>26</sup> These authors find Re(A) = 2.75  $\pm$  0.65, above value at Re(A) = 0.

$$\text{Im}(\eta_{+-0}) = \text{Im}(A(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0, \text{CP-violating}) / A(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0))$$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>-0.002 <math>\pm</math> 0.009</b> $^{+0.002}_{-0.001}$	500k	27 ADLER	97B CPLR	

**• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •**

-0.002  $\pm$  0.018  $\pm$  0.003 137k 28 ADLER 96D CPLR Sup. by ADLER 97B

-0.015  $\pm$  0.017  $\pm$  0.025 272k 29 ZOU 94 SPEC

<sup>27</sup> ADLER 97B also find Re( $\eta_{+-0}$ ) = -0.002  $\pm$  0.007  $^{+0.004}_{-0.001}$ . See also ANGELOPOULOS 98C.

<sup>28</sup> The ADLER 96D fit also yields Re( $\eta_{+-0}$ ) = 0.006  $\pm$  0.013  $\pm$  0.001 with a correlation +0.66 between real and imaginary parts. Their results correspond to  $|\eta_{+-0}| < 0.037$  with 90% CL.

<sup>29</sup> ZOU 94 use theoretical constraint Re( $\eta_{+-0}$ ) = Re( $\epsilon$ ) = 0.0016. Without this constraint they find Im( $\eta_{+-0}$ ) = 0.019  $\pm$  0.061 and Re( $\eta_{+-0}$ ) = 0.019  $\pm$  0.027.

$$\text{Im}(\eta_{000})^2 = \Gamma(K_S^0 \rightarrow 3\pi^0) / \Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow 3\pi^0)$$

*CPT assumed valid (i.e. Re( $\eta_{000}$ )  $\simeq$  0). This limit determines branching ratio  $\Gamma(3\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  above.*

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.1</b>	90	632	30 BARMIN	83	HLBC

**• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •**

<0.28 90 31 GJESDAL 74B SPEC Indirect meas.

<1.2 90 22 BARMIN 73 HLBC

<sup>30</sup> BARMIN 83 find Re( $\eta_{000}$ ) = (-0.08  $\pm$  0.18) and Im( $\eta_{000}$ ) = (-0.05  $\pm$  0.27). Assuming CPT invariance they obtain the limit quoted above.

<sup>31</sup> GJESDAL 74B uses  $K2\pi$ ,  $K_{\mu 3}$ , and  $K_{e3}$  decay results, unitarity, and CPT. Calculates  $|\eta_{000}| = 0.26 \pm 0.20$ . We convert to upper limit.

$$\text{Im}(\eta_{000}) = \text{Im}(A(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0)/A(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0))$$

$K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$  violates  $CP$  conservation, in contrast to  $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$  which has a  $CP$ -conserving part.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN
$-0.05 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.05$	17300	32 ANGELOPO...	98B CPLR

32 ANGELOPOULOS 98B assumes  $\text{Re}(\eta_{000}) = \text{Re}(\epsilon) = 1.635 \times 10^{-3}$ . Without assuming  $CPT$  invariance, they obtain  $\text{Re}(\eta_{000}) = 0.18 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.06$  and  $\text{Im}(\eta_{000}) = 0.15 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.03$ .

## $K_S^0$ REFERENCES

ANGELOPO...	98B	PL B425 391	A. Angelopoulos+	(CLEAR Collab.)
ANGELOPO...	98C	EPJ C5 389	A. Angelopoulos+	(CLEAR Collab.)
ADLER	97B	PL B407 193	R. Adler+	(CLEAR Collab.)
ANGELOPO...	97	PL B413 232	A. Angelopoulos+	(CLEAR Collab.)
BERTANZA	97	ZPHY C73 629	L. Bertanza (PISA, CERN, EDIN, MANZ, ORSAY, SIEG)	
ADLER	96D	PL B370 167	+Alhalel, Angelopoulos+	(CLEAR Collab.)
ADLER	96E	PL B374 313	+Alhalel, Angelopoulos+	(CLEAR Collab.)
ZOU	96	PL B369 362	+Beretvas, Caracappa+	(RUTG, MINN, MICH)
BARR	95B	PL B351 579	+Buchholz+ (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LALO, PISA, SIEG)	
SCHWINGEN...	95	PRL 74 4376	Schwingenheuer+ (IFI, CHIC, ELMT, FNAL, ILL, RUTG)	
BLICK	94	PL B334 234	+Kolosov, Kutjin, Shelikov+	(SERP, JINR)
THOMSON	94	PL B337 411	+Zou, Beretvas, Caracappa, Devlin+ (RUTG, MINN, MICH)	
ZOU	94	PL B329 519	+Beretvas, Caracappa, Devlin+ (RUTG, MINN, MICH)	
BARR	93B	PL B304 381	+Buchholz+ (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LALO, PISA, SIEG)	
GIBBONS	93	PRL 70 1199	+Barker, Briere, Makoff+ (FNAL E731 Collab.)	
Also	97	PR D55 6625	L.K. Gibbons+ (FNAL E731 Collab.)	
RAMBERG	93	PRL 70 2525	+Bock, Coleman, Enagonio, Hsiung+ (FNAL E731 Collab.)	
BALATS	89	SJNP 49 828	+Berezin, Bogdanov, Vishnevskii, Vishnyakov+ (ITEP)	
		Translated from YAF 49 1332.		
GIBBONS	88	PRL 61 2661	+Papadimitriou+ (FNAL E731 Collab.)	
BURKHARDT	87	PL B199 139	+ (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LALO, PISA, SIEG)	
GROSSMAN	87	PRL 59 18	+Heller, James, Shupe+ (MINN, MICH, RUTG)	
BARMIN	86	SJNP 44 622	+Barylov, Davidenko, Demidov+ (ITEP)	
		Translated from YAF 44 965.		
BARMIN	86B	NC 96A 159	+Barylov, Chistyakova, Chuvilo+ (ITEP, PADO)	
BITSADZE	86	PL 167B 138	+Budagov (CMNS, SOFI, SERP, TBL, JINR, BAKU+)	
PDG	86B	PL 170B 130	+Aguilar-Benitez, Porter+ (CERN, CIT+)	
VASSERMAN	86	JETPL 43 588	+Golubev, Gluskin, Druzhinin+ (NOVO)	
		Translated from ZETFP 43 457.		
BARMIN	85	NC 85A 67	+Barylov, Chistyakova, Chuvilo+ (ITEP, PADO)	
Also	85B	SJNP 41 759	Barmen, Barylov, Volkov+ (ITEP)	
		Translated from YAF 41 1187.		
BARMIN	83	PL 128B 129	+Barylov, Chistyakova, Chuvilo+ (ITEP, PADO)	
Also	84	SJNP 39 269	Barmen, Barylov, Golubchikov+ (ITEP, PADO)	
		Translated from YAF 39 428.		
ARONSON	82	PRL 48 1078	+Bernstein+ (BNL, CHIC, STAN, WISC)	
ARONSON	82B	PRL 48 1306	+Bock, Cheng, Fischbach (BNL, CHIC, PURD)	
Also	82B	PL 116B 73	Fischbach, Cheng+ (PURD, BNL, CHIC)	
Also	83	PR D28 476	Aronson, Bock, Cheng+ (BNL, CHIC, PURD)	
Also	83B	PR D28 495	Aronson, Bock, Cheng+ (BNL, CHIC, PURD)	
ARONSON	76	NC 32A 236	+McIntyre, Roehrig+ (WISC, EFI, UCSD, ILLC)	
EVERHART	76	PR D14 661	+Kraus, Lande, Long, Lowenstein+ (PENN)	
TAUREG	76	PL 65B 92	+Zech, Dydak, Navarria+ (HEIDH, CERN, DORT)	
BALDO...	75	NC 25A 688	Baldo-Ceolin, Bobisut, Calimani+ (PADO, WISC)	
CARITHERS	75	PRL 34 1244	+Modis, Nygren, Pun+ (COLU, NYU)	
BOBISUT	74	LNC 11 646	+Huzita, Mattioli, Puglierin (PADO)	
COWELL	74	PR D10 2083	+Lee-Franzini, Orcutt, Franzini+ (STON, COLU)	
GEWENIGER	74B	PL 48B 487	+Gjesdal, Presser+ (CERN, HEIDH)	
GJESDAL	74B	PL 52B 119	+Presser, Steffen+ (CERN, HEIDH)	
BARMIN	73	PL 46B 465	+Barylov, Davidenko, Demidov+ (ITEP)	
BARMIN	73B	PL 47B 463	+Barylov, Davidenko, Demidov+ (ITEP)	
BURGUN	73	PL 46B 481	+Bertranet, Lesquoy, Muller, Pauli+ (SACL, CERN)	
FACKLER	73	PRL 31 847	+Frisch, Martin, Smoot, Sompayrac (MIT)	
GJESDAL	73	PL 44B 217	+Presser, Steffen, Steinberger+ (CERN, HEIDH)	

HILL	73	PR D8 1290	+Sakitt, Samios, Burris, Engler+	(BNL, CMU)
MALLARY	73	PR D7 1953	+Binnie, Gallivan, Gomez, Peck, Sciulli+	(CIT)
ALITTI	72	PL 39B 568	+Lesquoy, Muller	(SACL)
BANNER	72B	PRL 29 237	+Cronin, Hoffman, Knapp, Shochet	(PRIN)
BURGUN	72	NP B50 194	+Lesquoy, Muller, Pauli+	(SACL, CERN, OSLO)
JAMES	72	NP B49 1	+Montanet, Paul, Saetre+	(CERN, SACL, OSLO)
JONES	72	NC 9A 151	+Abashian, Graham, Mantsch, Orr, Smith+	(ILL)
METCALF	72	PL 40B 703	+Neuhofer, Niebergall+	(CERN, IPN, WIEN)
MORSE	72B	PRL 28 388	+Nauenberg, Bierman, Sager+	(COLO, PRIN, UMD)
NAGY	72	NP B47 94	+Telbisz, Vesterombi	(BUDA)
Also	69	PL 30B 498	Bozoki, Fenyves, Gombosi, Nagy+	(BUDA)
SKJEGGEST...	72	NP B48 343	Skjeggestad, James+	(OSLO, CERN, SACL)
BALTAY	71	PRL 27 1678	+Bridgewater, Cooper, Gershwin, Habibi+	(COLU)
Also	71	Thesis Nevis 187	Cooper	(COLU)
CHO	71	PR D3 1557	+Dralle, Canter, Engler, Fisk+	(CMU, BNL, CASE)
JAMES	71	PL 35B 265	+Montanet, Paul, Pauli+	(CERN, SACL, OSLO)
MEISNER	71	PR D3 59	+Mann, Hertzbach, Kofler+	(MASA, BNL, YALE)
REPELLIN	71	PL 36B 603	+Wolff, Chollet, Gaillard, Jane+	(ORSAY, CERN)
MOFFETT	70	BAPS 15 512	+Gobbi, Green, Hakel, Rosen	(ROCH)
WEBBER	70	PR D1 1967	+Solmitz, Crawford, Alston-Garnjost	(LRL)
Also	69	Thesis UCRL 19226	Webber	(LRL)
BANNER	69	PR 188 2033	+Cronin, Liu, Pilcher	(PRIN)
BOHM	69	Thesis		(AACH)
BOZOKI	69	PL 30B 498	+Fenyves, Gombosi, Nagy+	(BUDA)
DOYLE	69	Thesis UCRL 18139		(LRL)
GOBBI	69	PRL 22 682	+Green, Hakel, Moffett, Rosen+	(ROCH)
HYAMS	69B	PL 29B 521	+Koch, Potter, VonLindern, Lorenz+	(CERN, MPIM)
MORFIN	69	PRL 23 660	+Sinclair	(MICH)
STUTZKE	69	PR 177 2009	+Abashian, Jones, Mantsch, Orr, Smith	(ILL)
DONALD	68B	PL 27B 58	+Edwards, Nisar+	(LIVP, CERN, IPNP, CDEF)
HILL	68	PR 171 1418	+Robinson, Sakitt+	(BNL, CMU)
BOTT-...	67	PL 24B 194	Bott-Bodenhausen, DeBouard, Cassel+	(CERN)
ALFF-...	66B	PL 21 595	Alff-Steinberger, Heuer, Kleinkecht+	(CERN)
BEHR	66	PL 22 540	+Brisson, Petiau+	(EPOL, MILA, PADO, ORSAY)
BELLOTTI	66	NC 45A 737	+Pullia, Baldo-Ceolin+	(MILA, PADO)
KIRSCH	66	PR 147 939	+Schmidt	(COLU)
ANDERSON	65	PRL 14 475	+Crawford, Golden, Stern, Binford+	(LRL, WISC)
AUBERT	65	PL 17 59	+Behr, Canavan, Chouinet+	(EPOL, ORSAY)
BROWN	63	PR 130 769	+Kadyk, Trilling, Roe+	(LRL, MICH)
CHRETIEN	63	PR 131 2208	+ (BRAN, BROW, HARV, MIT)	
ANDERSON	62B	CERN Conf. 836	+Crawford+	(LRL)
BROWN	61	NC 19 1155	+Bryant, Burnstein, Glaser, Kadyk+	(MICH)
BAGLIN	60	NC 18 1043	+Bloch, Brisson, Hennessy+	(EPOL)
COLUMBIA	60B	Rochester Conf. 727	Schwartz+	(COLU)
CRAWFORD	59B	PRL 2 266	+Cresti, Douglass, Good, Ticho+	(LRL)
BOLDT	58B	PRL 1 150	+Caldwell, Pal	(MIT)

## — OTHER RELATED PAPERS —

LITTENBERG	93	ARNPS 43 729	+Valencia	(BNL, FNAL)
Rare and Radiative Kaon Decays				
BATTISTON	92	PRPL 214 293	+Coclicoichio, Fogli, Paver	(PGIA, CERN, TRSTT)
Status and Perspectives of $K$ Decay Physics				
TRILLING	65B	UCRL 16473		(LRL)
Updated from 1965 Argonne Conference, page 115.				
CRAWFORD	62	CERN Conf. 827		(LRL)
FITCH	61	NC 22 1160	+Piroue, Perkins	(PRIN, LASL)
GOOD	61	PR 124 1223	+Matsen, Muller, Piccioni+	(LRL)
BIRGE	60	Rochester Conf. 601	+Ely+	(LRL, WISC)
MULLER	60	PRL 4 418	+Birge, Fowler, Good, Piccioni+	(LRL, BNL)