

τ

$$J = \frac{1}{2}$$

τ discovery paper was PERL 75. $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ cross-section threshold behavior and magnitude are consistent with pointlike spin-1/2 Dirac particle. BRANDELIK 78 ruled out pointlike spin-0 or spin-1 particle. FELDMAN 78 ruled out $J = 3/2$. KIRKBY 79 also ruled out $J=\text{integer}$, $J = 3/2$.

τ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1777.05^{+0.29}_{-0.26} OUR AVERAGE				
1778.2 ± 0.8 ± 1.2		ANASTASSOV 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6$ GeV
1776.96 ^{+0.18} _{-0.21} ^{+0.25} _{-0.17}	65	¹ BAI	96 BES	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.54\text{--}3.57$ GeV
1777.8 ± 0.7 ± 1.7	35k	² BAEST	93 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6$ GeV
1776.3 ± 2.4 ± 1.4	11k	³ ALBRECHT	92M ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
1783 ± 3 ₋₄	692	⁴ BACINO	78B DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.1\text{--}7.4$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1776.9 ± 0.4 _{-0.5} ± 0.2	14	⁵ BAI	92 BES	Repl. by BAI 96

¹ BAI 96 fit $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ at different energies near threshold.

² BAEST 93 fit spectra of minimum kinematically allowed τ mass in events of the type $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- \rightarrow (\pi^+ n \pi^0 \nu_\tau)(\pi^- m \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ $n \leq 2$, $m \leq 2$, $1 \leq n+m \leq 3$. If $m_{\nu_\tau} \neq 0$, result increases by $(m_{\nu_\tau}^2 / 1100$ MeV).

³ ALBRECHT 92M fit τ pseudomass spectrum in $\tau^- \rightarrow 2\pi^- \pi^+ \nu_\tau$ decays. Result assumes $m_{\nu_\tau} = 0$.

⁴ BACINO 78B value comes from $e^\pm X^\mp$ threshold. Published mass 1782 MeV increased by 1 MeV using the high precision $\psi(2S)$ mass measurement of ZHOLENTZ 80 to eliminate the absolute SPEAR energy calibration uncertainty.

⁵ BAI 92 fit $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ near threshold using $e\mu$ events.

τ MEAN LIFE

VALUE (10^{-15} s)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
290.0\pm 1.2 OUR AVERAGE				
290.1 \pm 1.5 \pm 1.1		BARATE 97R ALEP		1989–1994 LEP runs
291.4 \pm 3.0		ABREU 96B DLPH		1991–1993 LEP runs
290.1 \pm 4.0	34k	ACCIARRI 96K L3		1994 LEP run
289.2 \pm 1.7 \pm 1.2		ALEXANDER 96E OPAL		1990–1994 LEP runs
289.0 \pm 2.8 \pm 4.0	57.4k	BAEST 96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6$ GeV	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

291.2 ± 2.0 ± 1.2	BARATE	97I	ALEP	Repl. by BARATE 97R
297 ± 9 ± 5	ABE	95Y	SLD	1992–1993 SLC runs
293 ± 9 ± 12	ADRIANI	93M	L3	1991 LEP run
304 ± 14 ± 7	BATTLE	92	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
309 ± 23 ± 30	ADEVA	91F	L3	1990 LEP run
301 ± 29	KLEINWORT	89	JADE	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 35\text{--}46 \text{ GeV}$
288 ± 16 ± 17	AMIDEI	88	MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
306 ± 20 ± 14	BRAUNSCH...	88C	TASS	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 36 \text{ GeV}$
299 ± 15 ± 10	ABACHI	87C	HRS	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
295 ± 14 ± 11	ALBRECHT	87P	ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.3\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
309 ± 17 ± 7	BAND	87B	MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
325 ± 14 ± 18	BEBEK	87C	CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.5 \text{ GeV}$
460 ± 190	FELDMAN	82	MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

τ MAGNETIC MOMENT ANOMALY

$$\mu_\tau / (e\hbar/2m_\tau) - 1 = (g_\tau - 2)/2$$

For a theoretical calculation $[(g_\tau - 2)/2 = 11773(3) \times 10^{-7}]$, see SAMUEL 91B.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
> -0.052 and < 0.058 (CL = 95%) OUR LIMIT				
> -0.052 and < 0.058	95	ACCIARRI	98E L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
> -0.068 and < 0.065	95	⁶ ACKERSTAFF	98N OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
> -0.004 and < 0.006	95	⁷ ESCRIBANO	97 RVUE	$Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ at LEP
< 0.01	95	⁸ ESCRIBANO	93 RVUE	$Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ at LEP
< 0.12	90	GRIFOLS	91 RVUE	$Z \rightarrow \tau \tau \gamma$ at LEP
< 0.023	95	⁹ SILVERMAN	83 RVUE	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ at PETRA

⁶ ACKERSTAFF 98N use $Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- \gamma$ events. The limit applies to an average of the form factor for off-shell τ 's having p^2 ranging from m_τ^2 to $(M_Z - m_\tau)^2$.

⁷ ESCRIBANO 97 use preliminary experimental results.

⁸ ESCRIBANO 93 limit derived from $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$, and is on the absolute value of the magnetic moment anomaly.

⁹ SILVERMAN 83 limit is derived from $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ total cross-section measurements for q^2 up to $(37 \text{ GeV})^2$.

τ ELECTRIC DIPOLE MOMENT (d_τ)

A nonzero value is forbidden by both T invariance and P invariance.

VALUE (10^{-16} e cm)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
> -3.1 and < 3.1 (CL = 95%) OUR LIMIT				
> -3.1 and < 3.1	95	ACCIARRI	98E L3	1991–1995 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

> -3.8 and < 3.6	95	¹⁰ ACKERSTAFF 98N OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
<0.11	95	^{11,12} ESCRIBANO 97 RVUE	$Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ at LEP
<0.5	95	¹³ ESCRIBANO 93 RVUE	$Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ at LEP
<7	90	GRIFOLS 91 RVUE	$Z \rightarrow \tau \tau \gamma$ at LEP
<1.6	90	DELAGUILA 90 RVUE	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ $E_{cm}^{ee} = 35$ GeV

¹⁰ ACKERSTAFF 98N use $Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- \gamma$ events. The limit applies to an average of the form factor for off-shell τ 's having p^2 ranging from m_τ^2 to $(M_Z - m_\tau)^2$.

¹¹ ESCRIBANO 97 derive the relationship $|d_\tau| = \cot \theta_W |d_\tau^W|$ using effective Lagrangian methods, and use a conference result $|d_\tau^W| < 5.8 \times 10^{-18}$ e cm at 95% CL (L. Silvestris, ICHEP96) to obtain this result.

¹² ESCRIBANO 97 use preliminary experimental results.

¹³ ESCRIBANO 93 limit derived from $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$, and is on the absolute value of the electric dipole moment.

τ WEAK DIPOLE MOMENT (d_τ^W)

A nonzero value is forbidden by CP invariance.

$\text{Re}(d_\tau^W)$

VALUE (10^{-17} e cm)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.56	95	ACKERSTAFF 97L OPAL	1991–1995 LEP runs	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<3.0	90	¹⁴ ACCIARRI 98C L3	1991–1995 LEP runs	
<0.78	95	¹⁵ AKERS 95F OPAL	Repl. by ACKER-STAFF 97L	
<1.5	95	¹⁵ BUSKULIC 95C ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs	
<7.0	95	¹⁵ ACTON 92F OPAL	$Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ at LEP	
<3.7	95	¹⁵ BUSKULIC 92J ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 95C	

¹⁴ ACCIARRI 98C limit is on the absolute value of the real part of the weak dipole moment.

¹⁵ Limit is on the absolute value of the real part of the weak dipole moment, and applies for $q^2 = m_Z^2$.

$\text{Im}(d_\tau^W)$

VALUE (10^{-17} e cm)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.5	95	ACKERSTAFF 97L OPAL	1991–1995 LEP runs	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<4.5	95	¹⁶ AKERS 95F OPAL	Repl. by ACKER-STAFF 97L	
¹⁶ Limit is on the absolute value of the imaginary part of the weak dipole moment, and applies for $q^2 = m_Z^2$.				

τ^- WEAK ANOMALOUS MAGNETIC DIPOLE MOMENT (α_τ^w)

$\text{Re}(\alpha_\tau^w)$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<4.5 \times 10^{-3}$	90	17 ACCIARRI	98C L3	1991–1995 LEP runs

¹⁷ ACCIARRI 98C limit is on the absolute value of the real part of the weak anomalous magnetic dipole moment.

$\text{Im}(\alpha_\tau^w)$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<9.9 \times 10^{-3}$	90	18 ACCIARRI	98C L3	1991–1995 LEP runs

¹⁸ ACCIARRI 98C limit is on the absolute value of the imaginary part of the weak anomalous magnetic dipole moment.

τ^- DECAY MODES

τ^+ modes are charge conjugates of the modes below. “ h^\pm ” stands for π^\pm or K^\pm . “ ℓ ” stands for e or μ . “Neutral” means neutral hadron whose decay products include γ 's and/or π^0 's.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level
Modes with one charged particle		
Γ_1 particle $^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$ ("1-prong")	(84.71 \pm 0.13) %	S=1.2
Γ_2 particle $^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\geq 0 K^0 \nu_\tau$	(85.30 \pm 0.13) %	S=1.2
Γ_3 $\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau$	[a] (17.37 \pm 0.09) %	
Γ_4 $\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau \gamma$	[b] (3.0 \pm 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_5 $e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau$	[a] (17.81 \pm 0.07) %	
Γ_6 $h^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	(49.52 \pm 0.16) %	S=1.2
Γ_7 $h^- \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	(12.32 \pm 0.12) %	S=1.5
Γ_8 $h^- \nu_\tau$	(11.79 \pm 0.12) %	S=1.5
Γ_9 $\pi^- \nu_\tau$	[a] (11.08 \pm 0.13) %	S=1.4
Γ_{10} $K^- \nu_\tau$	[a] (7.1 \pm 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{11} $h^- \geq 1$ neutrals ν_τ	(36.91 \pm 0.17) %	S=1.2
Γ_{12} $h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(25.84 \pm 0.14) %	S=1.1
Γ_{13} $\pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (25.32 \pm 0.15) %	S=1.1
Γ_{14} $\pi^- \pi^0$ non- $\rho(770) \nu_\tau$	(3.0 \pm 3.2) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{15} $K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (5.2 \pm 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{16} $h^- \geq 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(10.79 \pm 0.16) %	S=1.2
Γ_{17} $h^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(9.39 \pm 0.14) %	S=1.2

Γ_{18}	$h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(9.23 \pm 0.14) %	S=1.2
Γ_{19}	$\pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] (9.15 \pm 0.15) %	S=1.2
Γ_{20}	$K^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] (8.0 \pm 2.7) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{21}	$h^- \geq 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(1.40 \pm 0.11) %	S=1.1
Γ_{22}	$h^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(1.23 \pm 0.10) %	S=1.1
Γ_{23}	$\pi^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] (1.11 \pm 0.14) %	
Γ_{24}	$K^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] (4.3 \pm 10.0) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{25}	$h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(1.7 \pm 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{26}	$h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, η)	[a] (1.1 \pm 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{27}	$K^- \geq 0\pi^0 \geq 0K^0 \nu_\tau$	(1.66 \pm 0.10) %	
Γ_{28}	$K^- \geq 1 (\pi^0 \text{ or } K^0) \nu_\tau$	(9.5 \pm 1.0) $\times 10^{-3}$	

Modes with K^0 's

Γ_{29}	K^0 (particles) $-\nu_\tau$	(1.66 \pm 0.09) %	S=1.4
Γ_{30}	$h^- \bar{K}^0 \geq 0$ neutrals $\geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	(1.62 \pm 0.09) %	S=1.4
Γ_{31}	$h^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau$	(9.9 \pm 0.8) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.5
Γ_{32}	$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (8.3 \pm 0.8) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.4
Γ_{33}	$\pi^- \bar{K}^0$	< 1.7 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
	(non- $K^*(892)^-$) ν_τ		
Γ_{34}	$K^- K^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (1.59 \pm 0.24) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{35}	$h^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(5.5 \pm 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{36}	$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (3.9 \pm 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{37}	$\bar{K}^0 \rho^- \nu_\tau$	(1.9 \pm 0.7) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{38}	$K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (1.51 \pm 0.29) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{39}	$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(6 \pm 4) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{40}	$K^- K^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	< 3.9 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
Γ_{41}	$\pi^- K^0 \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (1.21 \pm 0.21) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.2
Γ_{42}	$\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \nu_\tau$	(3.0 \pm 0.5) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.2
Γ_{43}	$\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	(6.0 \pm 1.0) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.2
Γ_{44}	$\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	< 2.0 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
Γ_{45}	$\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(3.1 \pm 1.2) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{46}	$K^- K^0 \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	(3.1 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{47}	$K^0 h^+ h^- h^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	< 1.7 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
Γ_{48}	$K^0 h^+ h^- h^- \nu_\tau$	(2.3 \pm 2.0) $\times 10^{-4}$	

Modes with three charged particles

Γ_{49}	$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0$ neut. ν_τ ("3-prong")	(15.18 \pm 0.13) %	S=1.2
Γ_{50}	$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ (ex. $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$)	(14.60 \pm 0.13) %	S=1.2
Γ_{51}	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	(14.60 \pm 0.14) %	
Γ_{52}	$h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau$	(9.96 \pm 0.10) %	S=1.1
Γ_{53}	$h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(9.62 \pm 0.10) %	S=1.1
Γ_{54}	$h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, ω)	(9.57 \pm 0.10) %	S=1.1
Γ_{55}	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$	(9.56 \pm 0.11) %	S=1.1

Γ_{56}	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(9.52 \pm 0.11) %	S=1.1
Γ_{57}	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, ω)	[a] (9.23 \pm 0.11) %	S=1.1
Γ_{58}	$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1$ neutrals ν_τ	(5.18 \pm 0.11) %	S=1.2
Γ_{59}	$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1$ neutrals ν_τ (ex. $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$)	(4.98 \pm 0.11) %	S=1.2
Γ_{60}	$h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(4.50 \pm 0.09) %	S=1.1
Γ_{61}	$h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(4.31 \pm 0.09) %	S=1.1
Γ_{62}	$h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, ω)	(2.59 \pm 0.09) %	
Γ_{63}	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(4.35 \pm 0.10) %	
Γ_{64}	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(4.22 \pm 0.10) %	
Γ_{65}	$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, ω)	[a] (2.49 \pm 0.10) %	
Γ_{66}	$h^- (\rho\pi)^0 \nu_\tau$	(2.88 \pm 0.35) %	
Γ_{67}	$(a_1(1260)h)^- \nu_\tau$	< 2.0 %	CL=95%
Γ_{68}	$h^- \rho \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(1.35 \pm 0.20) %	
Γ_{69}	$h^- \rho^+ h^- \nu_\tau$	(4.5 \pm 2.2) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{70}	$h^- \rho^- h^+ \nu_\tau$	(1.17 \pm 0.23) %	
Γ_{71}	$h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(5.4 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{72}	$h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	(5.3 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{73}	$h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0, ω, η)	[a] (1.1 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{74}	$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (1.4 \pm 0.9) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.5
Γ_{75}	$h^- h^- h^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(2.8 \pm 0.8) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{76}	$K^- h^+ h^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	(5.4 \pm 0.7) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1
Γ_{77}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	(3.1 \pm 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1
Γ_{78}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$	(2.3 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{79}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] (1.8 \pm 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{80}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	(8 \pm 4) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{81}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] (2.4 \pm 4.3) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{82}	$K^- \pi^+ K^- \geq 0$ neut. ν_τ	< 9 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
Γ_{83}	$K^- K^+ \pi^- \geq 0$ neut. ν_τ	(2.3 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{84}	$K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$	[a] (1.61 \pm 0.26) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{85}	$K^- K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] (6.9 \pm 3.0) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{86}	$K^- K^+ K^- \geq 0$ neut. ν_τ	< 2.1 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
Γ_{87}	$K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau$	< 1.9 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{88}	$\pi^- K^+ \pi^- \geq 0$ neut. ν_τ	< 2.5 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
Γ_{89}	$e^- e^- e^+ \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau$	(2.8 \pm 1.5) $\times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{90}	$\mu^- e^- e^+ \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau$	< 3.6 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%

Modes with five charged particles

Γ_{91}	$3h^- 2h^+ \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ (ex. $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+$) ("5-prong")	$(9.7 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{92}	$3h^- 2h^+ \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] $(7.5 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{93}	$3h^- 2h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)	[a] $(2.2 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{94}	$3h^- 2h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 1.1 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%

Miscellaneous other allowed modes

Γ_{95}	$(5\pi)^- \nu_\tau$	$(7.4 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{96}	$4h^- 3h^+ \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ ("7-prong")	$< 2.4 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{97}	$K^*(892)^- \geq 0 (h^0 \neq K_S^0) \nu_\tau$	$(1.94 \pm 0.31) \%$	
Γ_{98}	$K^*(892)^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	$(1.33 \pm 0.13) \%$	
Γ_{99}	$K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$	$(1.28 \pm 0.08) \%$	
Γ_{100}	$K^*(892)^0 K^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	$(3.2 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{101}	$K^*(892)^0 K^- \nu_\tau$	$(2.1 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{102}	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	$(3.8 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{103}	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(2.2 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{104}	$(\bar{K}^*(892)\pi)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.1 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{105}	$K_1(1270)^- \nu_\tau$	$(4 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{106}	$K_1(1400)^- \nu_\tau$	$(8 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{107}	$K_2^*(1430)^- \nu_\tau$	$< 3 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
Γ_{108}	$a_0(980)^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ		
Γ_{109}	$\eta \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$< 1.4 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
Γ_{110}	$\eta \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[a] $(1.74 \pm 0.24) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{111}	$\eta \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.4 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{112}	$\eta K^- \nu_\tau$	$(2.7 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{113}	$\eta K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$	$(2.9 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{114}	$\eta K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.8 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{115}	$\eta \bar{K}^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(2.2 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{116}	$\eta \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	$< 3 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{117}	$\eta \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(3.4 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{118}	$\eta a_1(1260)^- \nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta \pi^- \rho^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 3.9 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{119}	$\eta \eta \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$< 1.1 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
Γ_{120}	$\eta \eta \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 2.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
Γ_{121}	$\eta'(958) \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$< 7.4 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{122}	$\eta'(958) \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 8.0 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{123}	$\phi \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$< 2.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{124}	$\phi K^- \nu_\tau$	$< 6.7 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{125}	$f_1(1285) \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(5.8 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-4}$	

Γ_{126}	$f_1(1285)\pi^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow$ $\eta\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau$	$(1.9 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{127}	$h^-\omega \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ	$(2.36 \pm 0.08) \%$
Γ_{128}	$h^-\omega\nu_\tau$	[a] $(1.93 \pm 0.06) \%$
Γ_{129}	$h^-\omega\pi^0\nu_\tau$	[a] $(4.3 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{130}	$h^-\omega 2\pi^0\nu_\tau$	$(1.9 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-4}$

**Lepton Family number (*LF*), Lepton number (*L*),
or Baryon number (*B*) violating modes**

(In the modes below, ℓ means a sum over e and μ modes)

L means lepton number violation (e.g. $\tau^- \rightarrow e^+\pi^-\pi^-$). Following common usage, *LF* means lepton family violation *and not* lepton number violation (e.g. $\tau^- \rightarrow e^-\pi^+\pi^-$). *B* means baryon number violation.

Γ_{131}	$e^-\gamma$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{132}	$\mu^-\gamma$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{133}	$e^-\pi^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{134}	$\mu^-\pi^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 4.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{135}	$e^-\bar{K}^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{136}	$\mu^-\bar{K}^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{137}	$e^-\eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 8.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{138}	$\mu^-\eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 9.6	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{139}	$e^-\rho^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{140}	$\mu^-\rho^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 6.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{141}	$e^-\bar{K}^*(892)^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 5.1	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{142}	$\mu^-\bar{K}^*(892)^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 7.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{143}	$e^-\bar{K}^*(892)^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 7.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{144}	$\mu^-\bar{K}^*(892)^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 7.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{145}	$e^-\phi$	<i>LF</i>	< 6.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{146}	$\mu^-\phi$	<i>LF</i>	< 7.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{147}	$\pi^-\gamma$	<i>L</i>	< 2.8	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{148}	$\pi^-\pi^0$	<i>L</i>	< 3.7	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{149}	$e^-e^+e^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{150}	$e^-\mu^+\mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.8	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{151}	$e^+\mu^-\mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{152}	$\mu^-e^+e^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{153}	$\mu^+e^-e^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{154}	$\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{155}	$e^-\pi^+\pi^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{156}	$e^+\pi^-\pi^-$	<i>L</i>	< 1.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{157}	$\mu^-\pi^+\pi^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 8.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{158}	$\mu^+\pi^-\pi^-$	<i>L</i>	< 3.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{159}	$e^-\pi^+K^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 6.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%

Γ_{160}	$e^- \pi^- K^+$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.8	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{161}	$e^+ \pi^- K^-$	<i>L</i>	< 2.1	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{162}	$e^- K^+ K^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 6.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{163}	$e^+ K^- K^-$	<i>L</i>	< 3.8	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{164}	$\mu^- \pi^+ K^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 7.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{165}	$\mu^- \pi^- K^+$	<i>LF</i>	< 7.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{166}	$\mu^+ \pi^- K^-$	<i>L</i>	< 7.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{167}	$\mu^- K^+ K^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.5	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{168}	$\mu^+ K^- K^-$	<i>L</i>	< 6.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{169}	$e^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 6.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{170}	$\mu^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{171}	$e^- \eta \eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.5	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{172}	$\mu^- \eta \eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 6.0	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{173}	$e^- \pi^0 \eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.4	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{174}	$\mu^- \pi^0 \eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.2	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{175}	$\bar{p} \gamma$	<i>L,B</i>	< 2.9	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{176}	$\bar{p} \pi^0$	<i>L,B</i>	< 6.6	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{177}	$\bar{p} \eta$	<i>L,B</i>	< 1.30	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{178}	e^- light boson	<i>LF</i>	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%
Γ_{179}	μ^- light boson	<i>LF</i>	< 5	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%

[a] Basis mode for the τ .

[b] See the Particle Listings below for the energy limits used in this measurement.

CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 65 branching ratios uses 141 measurements and one constraint to determine 29 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 94.2$ for 113 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \cdot \delta x_j)$, in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$. The fit constrains the x_i whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

	x_{32}	x_{34}	x_{36}	x_{38}	x_{41}	x_{57}	x_{65}	x_{73}	x_{74}	x_{79}	x_{81}	x_{84}	x_{85}	x_{92}	x_{93}	x_{110}	x_{128}	x_{129}	x_{26}	x_{32}	x_{34}	x_{36}	x_{38}	x_{41}	x_{57}	x_{65}	x_{73}	x_{74}
x_{32}	-1																											
x_{34}	0	-10																										
x_{36}	-1	-8	-1																									
x_{38}	0	-3	-2	-29																								
x_{41}	-1	-4	-1	-2	-1																							
x_{57}	-3	-17	4	0	0	0																						
x_{65}	-2	1	0	-10	7	0	-10																					
x_{73}	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	-1	-2																		
x_{74}	-3	0	0	0	0	-1	-13	-15	-15	-3																		
x_{79}	0	2	-18	0	0	0	-40	3	0	0																		
x_{81}	0	1	1	7	-23	0	3	-41	0	0																		
x_{84}	0	0	0	0	0	0	-23	3	0	0																		
x_{85}	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	-30	0	0																		
x_{92}	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																		
x_{93}	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0																		
x_{110}	-14	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	-14	-1																		
x_{128}	-1	0	0	-4	-1	0	-6	-28	-1	-8																		
x_{129}	-1	0	0	0	0	0	-1	-4	-42	-4																		

	x_{81}	x_{84}	x_{85}	x_{92}	x_{93}	x_{110}	x_{128}	x_{129}
x_{81}	-8							
x_{84}	0	0						
x_{85}	0	0	-9					
x_{92}	0	0	0	0				
x_{93}	0	0	0	0	-24			
x_{110}	0	0	0	0	0	0		
x_{128}	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
x_{129}	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1

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τ^- BRANCHING RATIOS

$$\Gamma(\text{particle}^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau (\text{"1-prong"}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_1 / \Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_1 / \Gamma = (\Gamma_3 + \Gamma_5 + \Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{13} + \Gamma_{15} + \Gamma_{19} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24} + \Gamma_{26} + \Gamma_{32} + 0.6569 \Gamma_{34} + 0.6569 \Gamma_{36} + 0.6569 \Gamma_{38} + 0.4316 \Gamma_{41} + 0.708 \Gamma_{110} + 0.09 \Gamma_{128} + 0.09 \Gamma_{129}) / \Gamma$$

The charged particle here can be e , μ , or hadron. In many analyses, the sum of the topological branching fractions (1, 3, and 5 prongs) is constrained to be unity. Since the 5-prong fraction is very small, the measured 1-prong and 3-prong fractions are highly correlated and cannot be treated as independent quantities in our overall fit. We arbitrarily choose to use the 3-prong fraction in our fit, and leave the 1-prong fraction out. We do, however, use these 1-prong measurements in our average below. The measurements used only for the average are marked "avg," whereas "f&a" marks a result used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
84.71 ± 0.13 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		

85.1 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE

85.6 ± 0.6 ± 0.3 avg	3300	19 ADEVA	91F L3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 88.3\text{--}94.3 \text{ GeV}$
84.9 ± 0.4 ± 0.3 avg		BEHREND	89B CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 14\text{--}47 \text{ GeV}$
84.7 ± 0.8 ± 0.6 avg		20 AIHARA	87B TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
86.4 ± 0.3 ± 0.3		ABACHI	89B HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
87.1 ± 1.0 ± 0.7		21 BURCHAT	87 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
87.2 ± 0.5 ± 0.8		SCHMIDKE	86 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
84.7 ± 1.1 ± 1.6	169	22 ALTHOFF	85 TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.5 \text{ GeV}$
86.1 ± 0.5 ± 0.9		BARTEL	85F JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
87.8 ± 1.3 ± 3.9		23 BERGER	85 PLUT	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
86.7 ± 0.3 ± 0.6		FERNANDEZ	85 MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

19 Not independent of ADEVA 91F $\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{neut. } \nu_\tau (\text{"3-prong"}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ value.

20 Not independent of AIHARA 87B $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$, $\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$, and $\Gamma(h^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

21 Not independent of SCHMIDKE 86 value (also not independent of BURCHAT 87 value for $\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{neut. } \nu_\tau (\text{"3-prong"}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$).

22 Not independent of ALTHOFF 85 $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$, $\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$, $\Gamma(h^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$, and $\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{neut. } \nu_\tau (\text{"3-prong"}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

23 Not independent of (1-prong + 0 π^0) and (1-prong + ≥ 1 π^0) values.

$$\Gamma(\text{particle}^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_2 / \Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_2 / \Gamma = (\Gamma_3 + \Gamma_5 + \Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{13} + \Gamma_{15} + \Gamma_{19} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24} + \Gamma_{26} + \Gamma_{32} + \Gamma_{34} + \Gamma_{36} + \Gamma_{38} + \Gamma_{41} + 0.708 \Gamma_{110} + 0.09 \Gamma_{128} + 0.09 \Gamma_{129}) / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
85.30 ± 0.13 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		

84.59 ± 0.33 OUR AVERAGE

84.48 ± 0.27 ± 0.23 avg	ACTON	92H OPAL	1990–1991 LEP runs
85.45 ± 0.69 ± 0.65 f&a	DECAMP	92C ALEP	1989–1990 LEP runs

$\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_3/Γ

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

To minimize the effect of experiments with large systematic errors, we exclude experiments which together would contribute 5% of the weight in the average.

VALUE (%)		EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
17.37±0.09 OUR FIT					
17.32±0.09 OUR AVERAGE					
17.37±0.08±0.18	avg		24 ANASTASSOV 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
17.31±0.11±0.05	f&a	20.7k	BUSKULIC	96C ALEP	1991–1993 LEP runs
17.02±0.19±0.24	f&a	6586	ABREU	95T DAPH	1991–1992 LEP runs
17.36±0.27	f&a	7941	AKERS	95I OPAL	1990–1992 LEP runs
17.6 ± 0.4 ± 0.4	f&a	2148	ADRIANI	93M L3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 88–94 \text{ GeV}$
17.4 ± 0.3 ± 0.5	avg		25 ALBRECHT	93G ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4–10.6 \text{ GeV}$
17.35±0.41±0.37	f&a		DECAMP	92C ALEP	1989–1990 LEP runs
17.7 ± 0.8 ± 0.4	f&a	568	BEHREND	90 CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 35 \text{ GeV}$
17.4 ± 1.0	f&a	2197	ADEVA	88 MRKJ	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 14–16 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
17.7 ± 1.2 ± 0.7			AIHARA	87B TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
18.3 ± 0.9 ± 0.8			BURCHAT	87 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
18.6 ± 0.8 ± 0.7		558	26 BARTEL	86D JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
12.9 ± 1.7 ± 0.7			ALTHOFF	85 TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.5 \text{ GeV}$
18.0 ± 0.9 ± 0.5		473	26 ASH	85B MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
18.0 ± 1.0 ± 0.6			27 BALTRUSAIT..85	MRK3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.77 \text{ GeV}$
19.4 ± 1.6 ± 1.7		153	BERGER	85 PLUT	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
17.6 ± 2.6 ± 2.1		47	BEHREND	83C CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34 \text{ GeV}$
17.8 ± 2.0 ± 1.8			BERGER	81B PLUT	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9–32 \text{ GeV}$

²⁴ This ANASTASSOV 97 result is not independent of $\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(e^-\bar{\nu}_e\nu_\tau)$ and $\Gamma(e^-\bar{\nu}_e\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

²⁵ Not independent of ALBRECHT 92D $\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(e^-\bar{\nu}_e\nu_\tau)$ and ALBRECHT 93G $\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau) \times \Gamma(e^-\bar{\nu}_e\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}^2$ values.

²⁶ Modified using $B(e^-\bar{\nu}_e\nu_\tau)/B(\text{"1 prong"})$ and $B(\text{"1 prong"}) = 0.855$.

²⁷ Error correlated with BALTRUSAITIS 85 $e\nu\bar{\nu}$ value.

$$\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\text{particle}^- \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau \text{"1-prong"}) \quad \Gamma_3/\Gamma_1$$

$$\Gamma_3/\Gamma_1 = \Gamma_3 / (\Gamma_3 + \Gamma_5 + \Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{13} + \Gamma_{15} + \Gamma_{19} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24} + \Gamma_{26} + 0.6569\Gamma_{32} + 0.6569\Gamma_{34} + 0.6569\Gamma_{36} + 0.6569\Gamma_{38} + 0.4316\Gamma_{41} + 0.708\Gamma_{110} + 0.09\Gamma_{128} + 0.09\Gamma_{129})$$

VALUE		EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.2051±0.0010 OUR FIT					
Error includes scale factor of 1.1.					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
0.217 ± 0.009 ± 0.008			BARTEL	86D JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.211 ± 0.010 ± 0.006		390	ASH	85B MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_4/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.30±0.04±0.05	116	28 ALEXANDER	96S OPAL	1991–1994 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.23±0.10	10	29 WU	90 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
28 ALEXANDER 96S impose requirements on detected γ 's corresponding to a τ -rest-frame energy cutoff $E_\gamma > 20 \text{ MeV}$.				
29 WU 90 reports $\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau\gamma)/\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau) = 0.013 \pm 0.006$, which is converted to $\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ using $\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = 17.35\%$. Requirements on detected γ 's correspond to a τ rest frame energy cutoff $E_\gamma > 37 \text{ MeV}$.				

 $\Gamma(e^-\bar{\nu}_e\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_5/Γ

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

To minimize the effect of experiments with large systematic errors, we exclude experiments which together would contribute 5% of the weight in the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
17.81±0.07 OUR FIT				
17.78±0.08 OUR AVERAGE				
17.76±0.06±0.17 f&a		ANASTASSOV 97 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$	
17.78±0.10±0.09 f&a	25.3k	ALEXANDER 96D OPAL	1991–1994 LEP runs	
17.79±0.12±0.06 f&a	20.6k	BUSKULIC 96C ALEP	1991–1993 LEP runs	
17.51±0.23±0.31 f&a	5059	ABREU 95T DLPH	1991–1992 LEP runs	
17.9 ± 0.4 ± 0.4 f&a	2892	ADRIANI 93M L3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 88–94 \text{ GeV}$	
17.5 ± 0.3 ± 0.5 avg		30 ALBRECHT 93G ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4–10.6 \text{ GeV}$	
19.1 ± 0.4 ± 0.6 avg	2960	31 AMMAR 92 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.5–10.9 \text{ GeV}$	
18.09±0.45±0.45 f&a		DECAMP 92C ALEP	1989–1990 LEP runs	
17.0 ± 0.5 ± 0.6 f&a	1.7k	ABACHI 90 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
17.97±0.14±0.23	3970	AKERIB CLEO	Repl. by ANAS-TASSOV 97	
18.4 ± 0.8 ± 0.4	644	BEHREND CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 35 \text{ GeV}$	
16.3 ± 0.3 ± 3.2		JANSSEN CBAL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4–10.6 \text{ GeV}$	
18.4 ± 1.2 ± 1.0		AIHARA TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$	
19.1 ± 0.8 ± 1.1		BURCHAT MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$	
16.8 ± 0.7 ± 0.9	515	31 BARTEL JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$	
20.4 ± 3.0 ± 1.4		ALTHOFF TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.5 \text{ GeV}$	
17.8 ± 0.9 ± 0.6	390	31 ASH MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$	
18.2 ± 0.7 ± 0.5		32 BALTRUSAIT..85 MRK3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.77 \text{ GeV}$	
13.0 ± 1.9 ± 2.9		BERGER PLUT	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$	
18.3 ± 2.4 ± 1.9	60	BEHREND CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34 \text{ GeV}$	
16.0 ± 1.3	459	33 BACINO DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.1–7.4 \text{ GeV}$	

³⁰ Not independent of ALBRECHT 92D $\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(e^-\bar{\nu}_e\nu_\tau)$ and ALBRECHT 93G $\Gamma(\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu\nu_\tau) \times \Gamma(e^-\bar{\nu}_e\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}^2$ values.

³¹ Modified using $B(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/B(\text{"1 prong"})$ and $B(\text{"1 prong"}) = 0.855$.

³² Error correlated with BALTRUSAITIS 85 $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$.

³³ BACINO 78B value comes from fit to events with e^\pm and one other nonelectron charged prong.

$\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\text{particle}^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau \text{ ("1-prong")}) \quad \Gamma_5/\Gamma_1$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_5/\Gamma_1 = & \Gamma_5 / (\Gamma_3 + \Gamma_5 + \Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{13} + \Gamma_{15} + \Gamma_{19} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24} + \Gamma_{26} + \\ & 0.6569\Gamma_{32} + 0.6569\Gamma_{34} + 0.6569\Gamma_{36} + 0.6569\Gamma_{38} + 0.4316\Gamma_{41} + 0.708\Gamma_{110} + 0.09\Gamma_{128} + \\ & 0.09\Gamma_{129}) \end{aligned}$$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.2102 ± 0.0009 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
0.2231 ± 0.0044 ± 0.0073	2856	AMMAR	92 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.5\text{--}10.9 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.196 ± 0.008 ± 0.010		BARTEL	86D JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.208 ± 0.010 ± 0.007	390	ASH	85B MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) \times \Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}^2 \quad \Gamma_3 \Gamma_5/\Gamma^2$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.03094 ± 0.00021 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
0.0306 ± 0.0005 ± 0.0013	3230	ALBRECHT	93G ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.0288 ± 0.0017 ± 0.0019		ASH	85B MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) \quad \Gamma_3/\Gamma_5$

Predicted to be 1 for sequential lepton, 1/2 for para-electron, and 2 for para-muon. Para-electron also ruled out by HEILE 78.

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.976 ± 0.006 OUR FIT			
0.978 ± 0.011 OUR AVERAGE			
0.9777 ± 0.0063 ± 0.0087 f&a	ANASTASSOV 97	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.997 ± 0.035 ± 0.040 f&a	ALBRECHT	92D ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(h^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_6/\Gamma$

$$\Gamma_6/\Gamma = (\Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{13} + \Gamma_{15} + \Gamma_{19} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24} + \Gamma_{26} + 0.6569\Gamma_{32} + 0.6569\Gamma_{34} + \\ 0.6569\Gamma_{36} + 0.6569\Gamma_{38} + 0.4316\Gamma_{41} + 0.708\Gamma_{110} + 0.09\Gamma_{128} + 0.09\Gamma_{129})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
49.52 ± 0.16 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		
48.6 ± 1.2 ± 0.9 avg	³⁴ AIHARA	87B TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

³⁴ Not independent of AIHARA 87B $e\nu\bar{\nu}$, $\mu\nu\bar{\nu}$, and $\pi^+ 2\pi^- (\geq 0\pi^0)\nu$ values.

$\Gamma(h^- \geq 0K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_7/Γ

$$\Gamma_7/\Gamma = (\Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{32} + \frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{34} + \frac{1}{4}\Gamma_{41})/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
12.32 ± 0.12 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.5.		

12.42 ± 0.14 OUR AVERAGE

12.44 ± 0.11 ± 0.11	f&a	15k	35 BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	1991–1993 LEP run
12.47 ± 0.26 ± 0.43	f&a	2967	36 ACCIARRI	95 L3	1992 LEP run
12.4 ± 0.7 ± 0.7	f&a	283	37 ABREU	92N DLPH	1990 LEP run
11.7 ± 0.6 ± 0.8	avg		38 ALBRECHT	92D ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
12.98 ± 0.44 ± 0.33	f&a		39 DECOMP	92C ALEP	1989–1990 LEP runs
12.1 ± 0.7 ± 0.5	f&a	309	ALEXANDER	91D OPAL	1990 LEP run
12.3 ± 0.9 ± 0.5	f&a	1338	BEHREND	90 CELL	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 35 \text{ GeV}$
11.3 ± 0.5 ± 0.8	avg	798	40 FORD	87 MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
12.3 ± 0.6 ± 1.1	avg	328	41 BARTEL	86D JADE	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

11.1 ± 1.1 ± 1.4		42 BURCHAT	87 MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
13.0 ± 2.0 ± 4.0		BERGER	85 PLUT	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
11.2 ± 1.7 ± 1.2	34	43 BEHREND	83C CELL	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 34 \text{ GeV}$

35 BUSKULIC 96 quote $11.78 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.13$ We add 0.66 to undo their correction for unseen K_L^0 and modify the systematic error accordingly.

36 ACCIARRI 95 with 0.65% added to remove their correction for $\pi^- K_L^0$ backgrounds.

37 ABREU 92N with 0.5% added to remove their correction for $K^*(892)^-$ backgrounds.

38 Not independent of ALBRECHT 92D $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) \times \Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$, and $\Gamma(h^- \geq 0K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ values.

39 DECAMP 92C quote $B(h^- \geq 0K_L^0 \geq 0(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) \nu_\tau) = 13.32 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.33$.

We subtract 0.35 to correct for their inclusion of the K_S^0 decays.

40 FORD 87 result for $B(\pi^- \nu_\tau)$ with 0.67% added to remove their K^- correction and adjusted for 1992 B("1 prong").

41 BARTEL 86D result for $B(\pi^- \nu_\tau)$ with 0.59% added to remove their K^- correction and adjusted for 1992 B("1 prong").

42 BURCHAT 87 with 1.1% added to remove their correction for K^- and $K^*(892)^-$ backgrounds.

43 BEHREND 83C quote $B(\pi^- \nu_\tau) = 9.9 \pm 1.7 \pm 1.3$ after subtracting 1.3 ± 0.5 to correct for $B(K^- \nu_\tau)$.

$\Gamma(h^- \geq 0K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\text{particle}^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0K_L^0 \nu_\tau \text{ ("1-prong")})$ Γ_7/Γ_1

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_7/\Gamma_1 = & (\Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{32} + \frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{34} + \frac{1}{4}\Gamma_{41})/(\Gamma_3 + \Gamma_5 + \Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{13} + \Gamma_{15} + \Gamma_{19} + \\ & \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24} + \Gamma_{26} + 0.6569\Gamma_{32} + 0.6569\Gamma_{34} + 0.6569\Gamma_{36} + 0.6569\Gamma_{38} + 0.4316\Gamma_{41} + \\ & 0.708\Gamma_{110} + 0.09\Gamma_{128} + 0.09\Gamma_{129}) \end{aligned}$$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.1455 ± 0.0014 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.4.		

0.135 ± 0.009 OUR AVERAGE

0.131 ± 0.006 ± 0.009	798	44 FORD	87 MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
0.143 ± 0.007 ± 0.013	328	45 BARTEL	86D JADE	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$

⁴⁴ FORD 87 result divided by 0.865, their assumed value for B ("1 prong").

⁴⁵ BARTEL 86D result with 0.6% added to remove their K^- correction and then divided by 0.866, their assumed value for B ("1 prong").

$$\Gamma(h^- \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$$

$$\Gamma_7/\Gamma_5$$

$$\Gamma_7/\Gamma_5 = (\Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10} + \frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{32} + \frac{1}{2}\Gamma_{34} + \frac{1}{4}\Gamma_{41}) / \Gamma_5$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.692±0.008 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.4.

0.678±0.037±0.044 ALBRECHT 92D ARG $E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.647±0.039±0.061 ⁴⁶ BARTEL 86D JADE $E_{cm}^{ee} = 34.6$ GeV

⁴⁶ Combined result of BARTEL 86D $e\nu\bar{\nu}$, $\mu\nu\bar{\nu}$, and $\pi^-\nu$ assuming $B(\mu\nu\bar{\nu})/B(e\nu\bar{\nu}) = 0.973$.

$$\Gamma(h^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_8/\Gamma = (\Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10}) / \Gamma_5$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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11.79±0.12 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.5.

11.65±0.21 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.9.

11.98±0.13±0.16 f&a ACKERSTAFF 98M OPAL 1991–1995 LEP runs

11.52±0.05±0.12 f&a ANASTASSOV 97 CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$$\Gamma(h^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$$

$$\Gamma_8/\Gamma_5 = (\Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10}) / \Gamma_5$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.662 ± 0.008 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.4.

0.6484±0.0041±0.0060 avg ⁴⁷ ANASTASSOV 97 CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

⁴⁷ Not independent of ANASTASSOV 97 $\Gamma(h^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ value.

$$\Gamma(\pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_9/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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11.08±0.13 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.4.

11.07±0.18 OUR AVERAGE

11.06±0.11±0.14 avg ⁴⁸ BUSKULIC 96 ALEP LEP 1991–1993 data

11.7 ± 0.4 ± 1.8 f&a 1138 BLOCKER 82D MRK2 $E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.5\text{--}6.7$ GeV

⁴⁸ Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 $B(h^- \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- \nu_\tau)$ values.

$\Gamma(K^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	Γ_{10}/Γ
0.71±0.05 OUR FIT					
0.71±0.05 OUR AVERAGE					
0.72±0.04±0.04	728	BUSKULIC	96	ALEP LEP 1991–1993 data	
0.85±0.18	27	ABREU	94K	DLPH LEP 1992 Z data	
0.66±0.07±0.09	99	BATTLE	94	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6$ GeV	
0.59±0.18	16	MILLS	84	DLCO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29$ GeV	
1.3 ± 0.5	15	BLOCKER	82B	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.9\text{--}6.7$ GeV	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
0.64±0.05±0.05	336	BUSKULIC	94E	ALEP Repl. by BUSKULIC 96	

$\Gamma(h^- \geq 1 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{11}/Γ

$$\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{13} + \Gamma_{15} + \Gamma_{19} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24} + \Gamma_{26} + 0.157\Gamma_{32} + 0.157\Gamma_{34} + 0.157\Gamma_{36} + 0.157\Gamma_{38} + 0.0246\Gamma_{41} + 0.708\Gamma_{110} + 0.09\Gamma_{128} + 0.09\Gamma_{129})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)

DOCUMENT ID

TECN

COMMENT

36.91±0.17 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

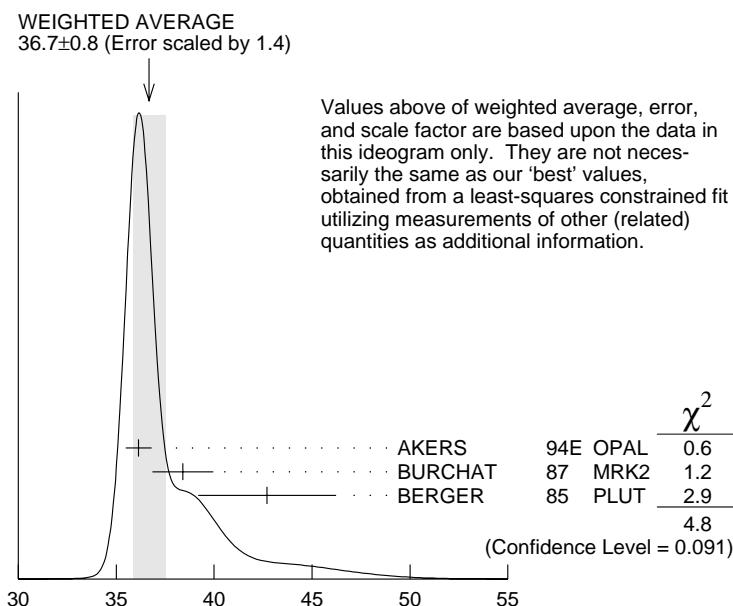
36.7 ±0.8 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.

36.14±0.33±0.58 AKERS 94E OPAL 1991–1992 LEP runs

38.4 ± 1.2 ± 1.0 49 BURCHAT 87 MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29$ GeV

42.7 ± 2.0 ± 2.9 BERGER 85 PLUT $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6$ GeV

⁴⁹ BURCHAT 87 quote for $B(\pi^\pm \geq 1 \text{ neutral} \nu_\tau) = 0.378 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.010$. We add 0.006 to account for contribution from $(K^{*-} \nu_\tau)$ which they fixed at BR = 0.013.



$$\Gamma(h^- \geq 1 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} (\%)$$

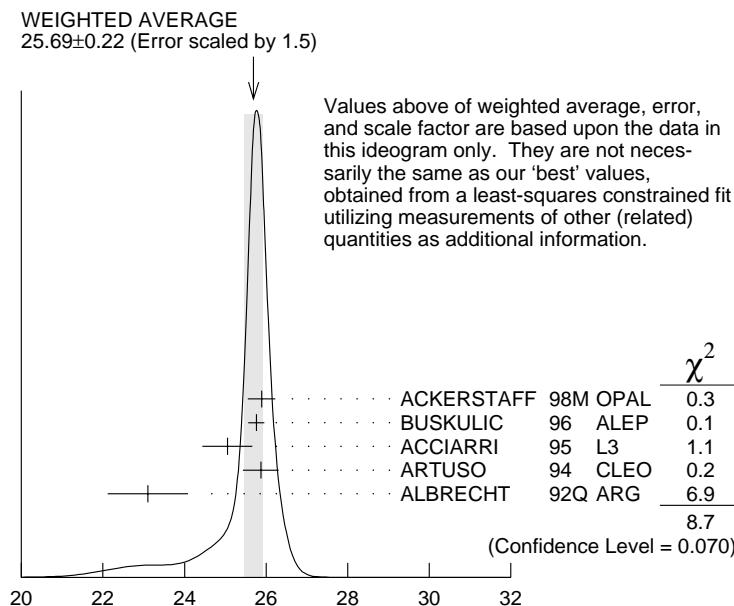
$\Gamma(h^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{13}+\Gamma_{15})/\Gamma$			
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
25.84±0.14 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
25.69±0.22 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below.		
25.89±0.17±0.29		ACKERSTAFF 98M OPAL	98M OPAL	1991–1995 LEP runs
25.76±0.15±0.13	31k	BUSKULIC 96 ALEP	ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
25.05±0.35±0.50	6613	ACCIARRI 95 L3	L3	1992 LEP run
25.87±0.12±0.42	51k	⁵⁰ ARTUSO 94 CLEO	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
23.1 ± 0.4 ± 0.9	1249	⁵¹ ALBRECHT 92Q ARG	ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
25.98±0.36±0.52		⁵² AKERS 94E OPAL	OPAL	Repl. by ACKER-STAFF 98M
22.9 ± 0.8 ± 1.3	283	⁵³ ABREU 92N DLPH	DLPH	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 88.2\text{--}94.2 \text{ GeV}$
25.02±0.64±0.88	1849	DECAMP 92C ALEP	ALEP	1989–1990 LEP runs
22.0 ± 0.8 ± 1.9	779	ANTREASYAN 91 CBAL	CBAL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
22.6 ± 1.5 ± 0.7	1101	BEHREND 90 CELL	CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 35 \text{ GeV}$
23.1 ± 1.9 ± 1.6		BEHREND 84 CELL	CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 14,22 \text{ GeV}$

⁵⁰ ARTUSO 94 reports the combined result from three independent methods, one of which (23% of the $\tau^- \rightarrow h^-\pi^0\nu_\tau$) is normalized to the inclusive one-prong branching fraction, taken as 0.854 ± 0.004 . Renormalization to the present value causes negligible change.

⁵¹ ALBRECHT 92Q with 0.5% added to remove their correction for $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^-\nu_\tau$ background.

⁵² AKERS 94E quote $(26.25 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.52) \times 10^{-2}$; we subtract 0.27% from their number to correct for $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- K_L^0 \nu_\tau$.

⁵³ ABREU 92N with 0.5% added to remove their correction for $K^*(892)^-$ backgrounds.



$$\Gamma(h^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} (\%)$$

$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{13}/Γ

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
25.32±0.15 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
25.31±0.18 OUR AVERAGE				
25.30±0.15±0.13	avg	54 BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
25.36±0.44	avg	55 ARTUSO	94 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
21.5 ± 0.4 ± 1.9	4400	56,57 ALBRECHT	88L ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
23.0 ± 1.3 ± 1.7	582	ADLER	87B MRK3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.77 \text{ GeV}$
25.8 ± 1.7 ± 2.5		58 BURCHAT	87 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
22.3 ± 0.6 ± 1.4	629	57 YELTON	86 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

54 Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

55 Not independent of ARTUSO 94 $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and BATTLE 94 $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

56 The authors divide by $(\Gamma_3 + \Gamma_5 + \Gamma_9 + \Gamma_{10})/\Gamma = 0.467$ to obtain this result.

57 Experiment had no hadron identification. Kaon corrections were made, but insufficient information is given to permit their removal.

58 BURCHAT 87 value is not independent of YELTON 86 value. Nonresonant decays included.

$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^0 \text{non-}\rho(770)\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{14}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.3 ± 0.1 ± 0.3		59 BEHREND	84 CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 14,22 \text{ GeV}$
59 BEHREND 84 assume a flat nonresonant mass distribution down to the $\rho(770)$ mass, using events with mass above 1300 to set the level.				

$\Gamma(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{15}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.52±0.05 OUR FIT				
0.52±0.06 OUR AVERAGE				
0.52±0.04±0.05	395	BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
0.51±0.10±0.07	37	BATTLE	94 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.53±0.05±0.07	220	BUSKULIC	94E ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 96

$\Gamma(h^- \geq 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

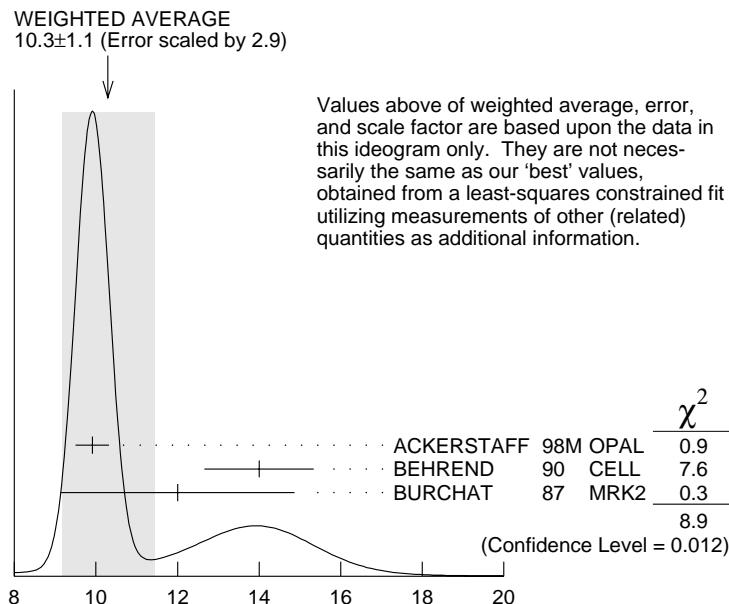
Γ_{16}/Γ

$$\Gamma_{16}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{19} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24} + \Gamma_{26} + 0.157\Gamma_{32} + 0.157\Gamma_{34} + 0.157\Gamma_{36} + 0.157\Gamma_{38} + 0.0246\Gamma_{41} + 0.319\Gamma_{110})/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
10.79±0.16 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
10.3 ± 1.1 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 2.9. See the ideogram below.
9.91±0.31±0.27 f&a		ACKERSTAFF	98M OPAL	1991–1995 LEP runs
14.0 ± 1.2 ± 0.6 avg	938	60 BEHREND	90 CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 35 \text{ GeV}$
12.0 ± 1.4 ± 2.5 f&a		61 BURCHAT	87 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				

$9.89 \pm 0.34 \pm 0.55$	⁶² AKERS	94E OPAL	Repl. by ACKER-STAFF 98M
$13.9 \pm 2.0 \pm 1.9 \pm 2.2$	⁶³ AIHARA	86E TPC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29$ GeV
⁶⁰ No independent of BEHREND 90 $\Gamma(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ (exp. K^0) and $\Gamma(h^- \geq 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$.			
⁶¹ Error correlated with BURCHAT 87 $\Gamma(\rho^- \nu_e)/\Gamma(\text{total})$ value.			
⁶² AKERS 94E not independent of AKERS 94E $B(h^- \geq 1\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurements.			
⁶³ AIHARA 86E (TPC) quote $B(2\pi^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau) + 1.6B(3\pi^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau) + 1.1B(\pi^0 \eta \pi^- \nu_\tau)$.			



$$\Gamma(h^- \geq 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} (\%)$$

$$\Gamma(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{19} + \Gamma_{20} + 0.157\Gamma_{32} + 0.157\Gamma_{34})/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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9.39 ± 0.14 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

9.48 ± 0.13 ± 0.10 12k 64 BUSKULIC 96 ALEP LEP 1991–1993 data

⁶⁴ BUSKULIC 96 quote $9.29 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.10$. We add 0.19 to undo their correction for $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- K^0 \nu_\tau$.

$$\Gamma(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{19} + \Gamma_{20})/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. f&a marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)		EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
9.23±0.14 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.				
8.95±0.33 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.				
8.88±0.37±0.42	f&a	1060	ACCIARRI	95 L3	1992 LEP run
8.96±0.16±0.44	avg		65 PROCARIO	93 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
10.38±0.66±0.82	f&a	809	66 DECOMP	92C ALEP	1989–1990 LEP runs
5.7 ± 0.5 +1.7 –1.0	f&a	133	67 ANTREASYAN	91 CBAL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
10.0 ± 1.5 ± 1.1	f&a	333	68 BEHREND	90 CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 35 \text{ GeV}$
8.7 ± 0.4 ± 1.1	f&a	815	69 BAND	87 MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
6.0 ± 3.0 ± 1.8	f&a		BEHREND	84 CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 14,22 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

6.2 ± 0.6 ± 1.2 70 GAN 87 MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

65 PROCARIO 93 entry is obtained from $B(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ using ARTUSO 94 result for $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$.

66 We subtract 0.0015 to account for $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$ contribution.

67 ANTREASYAN 91 subtract 0.001 to account for the $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$ contribution.

68 BEHREND 90 subtract 0.002 to account for the $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau$ contribution.

69 BAND 87 assume $B(\pi^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau) = 0.01$ and $B(\pi^- \pi^0 \eta \nu_\tau) = 0.005$.

70 GAN 87 analysis use photon multiplicity distribution.

$$\Gamma(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$$

$$\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma_{12} = (\Gamma_{19} + \Gamma_{20}) / (\Gamma_{13} + \Gamma_{15})$$

$$\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma_{12}$$

VALUE		DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.357±0.006 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

0.342±0.006±0.016 71 PROCARIO 93 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

71 PROCARIO 93 quote $0.345 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.016$ after correction for 2 kaon backgrounds assuming $B(K^* \nu_\tau) = 1.42 \pm 0.18\%$ and $B(h^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) = 0.48 \pm 0.48\%$. We multiply by 0.990 ± 0.010 to remove these corrections to $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$.

$$\Gamma(\pi^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{19}/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)		DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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9.15±0.15 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

9.21±0.13±0.11 avg 72 BUSKULIC 96 ALEP LEP 1991–1993 data

72 Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 $B(h^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ and $B(K^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$ values.

$\Gamma(h^- \geq 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{21}/Γ																									
$\Gamma_{21}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24} + \Gamma_{26} + 0.157\Gamma_{36} + 0.157\Gamma_{38} + 0.0246\Gamma_{41} + 0.319\Gamma_{110})/\Gamma$																										
Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.																										
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>VALUE (%)</th> <th>EVTS</th> <th>DOCUMENT ID</th> <th>TECN</th> <th>COMMENT</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1.40 ± 0.11 OUR FIT</td> <td>Error includes scale factor of 1.1.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.8 ± 0.6 OUR AVERAGE</td> <td>Error includes scale factor of 1.1.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.53 ± 0.40 ± 0.46</td> <td>f&a</td> <td>186</td> <td>DECAMP</td> <td>92C ALEP 1989–1990 LEP runs</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.2 ± 1.0 ± 1.0</td> <td>f&a</td> <td></td> <td>BEHREND</td> <td>90 CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 35 \text{ GeV}$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	1.40 ± 0.11 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.				1.8 ± 0.6 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.				1.53 ± 0.40 ± 0.46	f&a	186	DECAMP	92C ALEP 1989–1990 LEP runs	3.2 ± 1.0 ± 1.0	f&a		BEHREND	90 CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 35 \text{ GeV}$
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT																						
1.40 ± 0.11 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.																									
1.8 ± 0.6 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.																									
1.53 ± 0.40 ± 0.46	f&a	186	DECAMP	92C ALEP 1989–1990 LEP runs																						
3.2 ± 1.0 ± 1.0	f&a		BEHREND	90 CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 35 \text{ GeV}$																						

$\Gamma(h^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{22}/Γ			
$\Gamma_{22}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24} + 0.157\Gamma_{36} + 0.157\Gamma_{38})/\Gamma$	Γ_{22}/Γ			
<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.23 ± 0.10 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
1.22 ± 0.10 OUR AVERAGE				
1.24 ± 0.09 ± 0.11	f&a	2.3k	74 BUSKULIC	96 ALEP LEP 1991–1993 data
1.70 ± 0.24 ± 0.38	f&a	293	ACCIARRI	95 L3 1992 LEP run
1.15 ± 0.08 ± 0.13	avg		75 PROCARIO	93 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.0	+1.4 -0.1	+1.1 -0.1	76 GAN	87 MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29$ GeV

⁷⁴ BUSKULIC 96 quote $B(h^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) = 1.17 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.11$. We add 0.07 to remove their correction for K^0 backgrounds.

⁷⁵ PROCARIO 93 entry is obtained from $B(h^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ using ARTUSO 94 result for $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$.

76 Highly correlated with GAN 87 $\Gamma(\eta\pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ value. Authors quote
 $B(\pi^\pm 3\pi^0\nu_\tau) + 0.67B(\pi^\pm\eta\pi^0\nu_\tau) = 0.047 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.011$.

$$\Gamma(h^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) \quad \Gamma_{22}/\Gamma_{12}$$

$$\Gamma_{22}/\Gamma_{12} = (\Gamma_{23} + \Gamma_{24} + 0.157\Gamma_{36} + 0.157\Gamma_{38})/(\Gamma_{13} + \Gamma_{15})$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.048±0.004 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.	
0.044±0.003±0.005	77 PROCARIO	93 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV

77 PROCARIO 93 quote $0.041 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.005$ after correction for 2 kaon backgrounds assuming $B(K^{*-} \nu_\tau) = 1.42 \pm 0.18\%$ and $B(h^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) = 0.48 \pm 0.48\%$. We add 0.003 ± 0.003 and multiply the sum by 0.990 ± 0.010 to remove these corrections.

$$\Gamma(\pi^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (ex. K^0))/\Gamma_{total} \quad \Gamma_{23}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>
1.11±0.14 OUR FIT	

$$\Gamma(K^- 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau (ex. K^0))/\Gamma_{total} \quad \Gamma_{24}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.043^{+0.100}_{-0.029} OUR FIT			

0.05 ± 0.13 ⁷⁸ BUSKULIC 94E ALEP 1991-1992 LEP runs

⁷⁸ BUSKULIC 94E quote $B(K^- \geq 0\pi^0 \geq 0K^0 \nu_\tau) = [B(K^- \nu_\tau) + B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) + B(K^- K^0 \nu_\tau) + B(K^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) + B(K^- \pi^0 K^0 \nu_\tau)] = 0.05 \pm 0.13\%$ accounting for common systematic errors in BUSKULIC 94E and BUSKULIC 94F measurements of these modes. We assume $B(K^- \geq 2K^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- \geq 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ are negligible.

$$\Gamma(h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau (ex. K^0))/\Gamma_{total} \quad \Gamma_{25}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{25}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{26} + 0.319\Gamma_{110})/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.17±0.06 OUR FIT				
0.16±0.06 OUR AVERAGE				

$0.16 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.09$ 232 ⁷⁹ BUSKULIC 96 ALEP LEP 1991–1993 data

$0.16 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.05$ 80 PROCARIO 93 CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} \approx 10.6$ GeV

⁷⁹ BUSKULIC 96 quote result for $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \geq 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau$. We assume $B(h^- \geq 5\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ is negligible.

⁸⁰ PROCARIO 93 quotes $B(h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) = 0.006 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.002$. We multiply by the ARTUSO 94 result for $B(h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ to obtain $B(h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$. PROCARIO 93 assume $B(h^- \geq 5\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ is small and do not correct for it.

$$\Gamma(h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau (ex. K^0, \eta))/\Gamma_{total} \quad \Gamma_{26}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>
0.11±0.06 OUR FIT	

$\Gamma(K^- \geq 0\pi^0 \geq 0K^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$$\Gamma_{27}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{10} + \Gamma_{15} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{24} + \Gamma_{34} + \Gamma_{38})/\Gamma$$

Γ_{27}/Γ

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)		EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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1.66±0.10 OUR FIT

1.69±0.07 OUR AVERAGE

1.70±0.05±0.06	avg	1610	81 BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
1.54±0.24	f&a		ABREU	94K DLPH	LEP 1992 Z data
1.70±0.12±0.19	f&a	202	82 BATTLE	94 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
1.6 ± 0.4 ± 0.2	f&a	35	AIHARA	87B TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
1.71±0.29	f&a	53	MILLS	84 DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.60±0.07±0.12		967	83 BUSKULIC	94E ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 96
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81 Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 $B(K^- \nu_\tau)$, $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, $B(K^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, $B(K^- K^0 \nu_\tau)$, and $B(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

82 BATTLE 94 quote $1.60 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.19$. We add 0.10 ± 0.02 to correct for their rejection of $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.

83 Not independent of BUSKULIC 94E $B(K^- \nu_\tau)$, $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, $B(K^- 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, $B(K^- K^0 \nu_\tau)$, and $B(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

$\Gamma(K^- \geq 1(\pi^0 \text{ or } K^0) \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{28}/Γ

$$\Gamma_{28}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{15} + \Gamma_{20} + \Gamma_{24} + \Gamma_{34} + \Gamma_{38})/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)		EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.95±0.10 OUR FIT

0.76±0.23 OUR AVERAGE

0.69±0.25	avg		84 ABREU	94K DLPH	LEP 1992 Z data
1.2 ± 0.5 ± 0.2	f&a	9	AIHARA	87B TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

84 Not independent of ABREU 94K $B(K^- \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau)$ measurements.

$\Gamma(K^0(\text{particles})^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{29}/Γ

$$\Gamma_{29}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{32} + \Gamma_{34} + \Gamma_{36} + \Gamma_{38} + \Gamma_{41})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)		EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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1.66±0.09 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.4.

1.94±0.13 OUR AVERAGE

1.94±0.12±0.12		929	85 BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
1.94±0.18±0.12		141	86 AKERS	94G OPAL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 88–94 \text{ GeV}$

85 BARATE 98E measure $\Gamma(K_S^0(\text{particles})^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = (0.970 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.062)\%$. We multiply this by 2 to obtain the listed value.

86 AKERS 94G measure $\Gamma(K_S^0(\text{particles})^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = 0.97 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.06$.

$$\Gamma(h^- \bar{K}^0 \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{30}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{30}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{32} + \Gamma_{34} + \Gamma_{36} + \Gamma_{38} + 0.657\Gamma_{41})/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.62 ± 0.09 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.4.		
1.3 ± 0.3	44	TSCHIRHART	88 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(h^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{31}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{32} + \Gamma_{34})/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.99 ± 0.08 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.5.		
0.90 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE				

1.01 ± 0.11 ± 0.07 avg	555	87 BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.855 ± 0.036 ± 0.073 f&a	1242	COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

87 Not independent of BARATE 98E $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

$$\Gamma(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{32}/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.83 ± 0.08 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.4.		
0.78 ± 0.06 OUR AVERAGE				

0.855 ± 0.117 ± 0.066 avg	509	88 BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.79 ± 0.10 ± 0.09 f&a	98	89 BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
0.704 ± 0.041 ± 0.072 avg		90 COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.95 ± 0.15 ± 0.06 f&a		91 ACCIARRI	95F L3	1991–1993 LEP runs

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.88 ± 0.14 ± 0.09	53	BUSKULIC	94F ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 96
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88 BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays. Not independent of BARATE 98E $B(K^0 \text{ particles}^- \nu_\tau)$ value.

89 BUSKULIC 96 measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter.

90 Not independent of COAN 96 $B(h^- K^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- K^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurements.

91 ACCIARRI 95F do not identify π^- / K^- and assume $B(K^- K^0 \nu_\tau) = (0.29 \pm 0.12)\%$.

$$\Gamma(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 (\text{non-}K^*(892)^-) \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{33}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL %</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.17	95	ACCIARRI	95F L3	1991–1993 LEP runs

$\Gamma(K^- K^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{34}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.159±0.024 OUR FIT				
0.161±0.024 OUR AVERAGE				
0.158±0.042±0.017	46	92 BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.26 ±0.09 ±0.02	13	93 BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
0.151±0.021±0.022	111	COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.29 ±0.12 ±0.03	8	BUSKULIC	94F ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 96

92 BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.93 BUSKULIC 96 measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter. $\Gamma(h^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_{35}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{36} + \Gamma_{38})/\Gamma$

Data marked “avg” are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. “f&a” marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.55 ±0.05 OUR FIT				
0.50 ±0.06 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.2.				
0.446±0.052±0.046 avg	157	94 BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.562±0.050±0.048 f&a	264	COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
94 Not independent of BARATE 98E $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.				

 $\Gamma(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{36}/Γ

Data marked “avg” are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. “f&a” marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.39 ±0.05 OUR FIT				
0.36 ±0.05 OUR AVERAGE				
0.294±0.073±0.037 f&a	142	95 BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.32 ±0.11 ±0.05 f&a	23	96 BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
0.417±0.058±0.044 avg		97 COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.41 ±0.12 ±0.03 f&a		98 ACCIARRI	95F L3	1991–1993 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.33 ±0.14 ±0.07	9	BUSKULIC	94F ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 96

95 BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.96 BUSKULIC 96 measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter.97 Not independent of COAN 96 $B(h^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurements.98 ACCIARRI 95F do not identify π^- / K^- and assume $B(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) = (0.05 \pm 0.05)\%$.

$\Gamma(\bar{K}^0 \rho^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{37}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.188±0.054±0.038	99 BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
99 BARATE 98E determine the $\bar{K}^0 \rho^-$ fraction in $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ decays to be $(0.64 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.10)$ and multiply their $B(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurement by this fraction to obtain the quoted result.			

 $\Gamma(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{38}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.151±0.029 OUR FIT				
0.133±0.031 OUR AVERAGE				
0.152±0.076±0.021	15	100 BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.10 ±0.05 ±0.03	5	101 BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
0.145±0.036±0.020	32	COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.05 ±0.05 ±0.01	1	BUSKULIC	94F ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 96
100 BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.				
101 BUSKULIC 96 measure K^0 's by detecting K_L^0 's in their hadron calorimeter.				

 $\Gamma(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{39}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.58±0.33±0.14	5	102 BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
102 BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.				

 $\Gamma(K^- K^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{40}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.39 × 10⁻³	95	BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

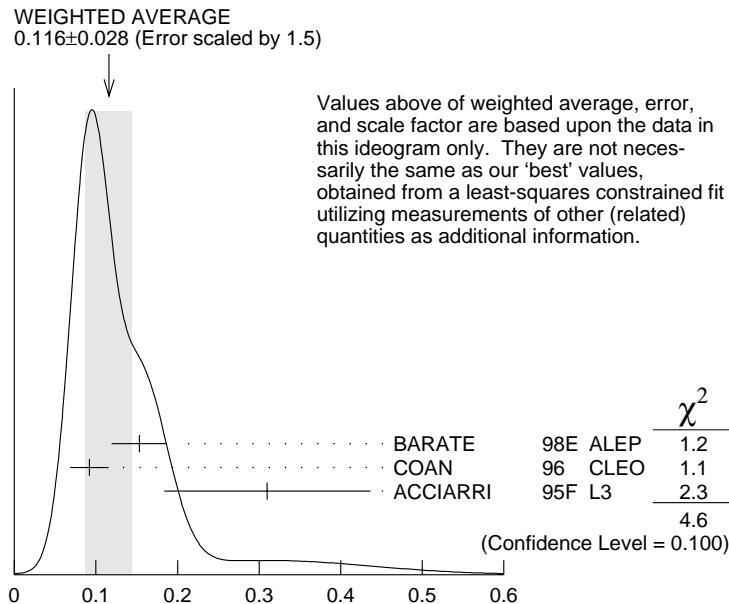
 $\Gamma(\pi^- K^0 \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{41}/Γ

Data marked “avg” are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. “f&a” marks results used for the fit and the average.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.121±0.021 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
0.116±0.028 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below.
0.153±0.030±0.016	f&a	74 103 BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.092±0.020±0.012	avg	42 104 COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.31 ±0.12 ±0.04	f&a		ACCIARRI	95F L3 1991–1993 LEP runs

103 BARATE 98E obtain this value by adding twice their $B(\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \nu_\tau)$ value to their $B(\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)$ value.

104 We multiply the COAN 96 measurement $B(h^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \nu_\tau) = (0.023 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.003)\%$ by 4 to obtain the listed value. This factor of 1/4 is uncertain, and might be as large as 1/2, due to Bose-Einstein correlations and the resonant parentage of this state.



$$\Gamma(\pi^- K_S^0 \bar{K}_S^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} (\%)$$

$$\Gamma(\pi^- K_S^0 \bar{K}_S^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

Bose-Einstein correlations might make the mixing fraction different than 1/4.

$$\Gamma_{42}/\Gamma = \frac{1}{4} \Gamma_{41}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.030±0.005 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

$$0.024 \pm 0.005 \text{ OUR AVERAGE}$$

0.026±0.010±0.005	6	BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.023±0.005±0.003	42	COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(\pi^- K_S^0 \bar{K}_L^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{43}/\Gamma = \frac{1}{2} \Gamma_{41}/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.060±0.010 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
0.101±0.023±0.013 avg	68	BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

$$\Gamma(\pi^- K_S^0 \bar{K}_S^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{44}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.020	95	BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

$$\Gamma(\pi^- K_S^0 \bar{K}_L^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{45}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.031±0.011±0.005	11	BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs

$\Gamma(K^- K^0 \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (%)

0.31 ± 0.04 OUR FIT

DOCUMENT ID

$\Gamma_{46}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{34} + \Gamma_{38})/\Gamma$

$\Gamma(K^0 h^+ h^- h^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (%)

CL%

DOCUMENT ID

TECN

COMMENT

<0.17

95

TSCHIRHART

88

HRS

$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<0.27

90

BELTRAMI

85

HRS

$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

Γ_{47}/Γ

$\Gamma(K^0 h^+ h^- h^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (%)

EVTS

DOCUMENT ID

TECN

COMMENT

0.023 ± 0.019 ± 0.007

6

BARATE

98E

ALEP

1991–1995 LEP runs

105 BARATE 98E reconstruct K^0 's using $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays.

Γ_{48}/Γ

$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \text{ neut. } \nu_\tau \text{ ("3-prong")})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{49}/Γ

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_{49}/\Gamma = & (0.3431\Gamma_{32} + 0.3431\Gamma_{34} + 0.3431\Gamma_{36} + 0.3431\Gamma_{38} + 0.4508\Gamma_{41} + \Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{65} + \\ & \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{74} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{84} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.285\Gamma_{110} + 0.9101\Gamma_{128} + 0.9101\Gamma_{129})/\Gamma \end{aligned}$$

Data marked “avg” are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. “f&a” marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)

EVTS

DOCUMENT ID

TECN

COMMENT

15.18 ± 0.13 OUR FIT

Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

14.8 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE

14.4 ± 0.6 ± 0.3	f&a	ADEVA	91F L3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 88.3\text{--}94.3 \text{ GeV}$
15.0 ± 0.4 ± 0.3	f&a	BEHREND	89B CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 14\text{--}47 \text{ GeV}$
15.1 ± 0.8 ± 0.6	f&a	AIHARA	87B TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
13.5 ± 0.3 ± 0.3		ABACHI	89B HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
12.8 ± 1.0 ± 0.7	106	BURCHAT	87 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
12.1 ± 0.5 ± 1.2		RUCKSTUHL	86 DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
12.8 ± 0.5 ± 0.8	1420	SCHMIDKE	86 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
15.3 ± 1.1 ± 1.3	367	ALTHOFF	85 TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.5 \text{ GeV}$
13.6 ± 0.5 ± 0.8		BARTEL	85F JADE	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
12.2 ± 1.3 ± 3.9	107	BERGER	85 PLUT	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
13.3 ± 0.3 ± 0.6		FERNANDEZ	85 MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
24 ± 6	35	BRANDELIK	80 TASS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 30 \text{ GeV}$
32 ± 5	692	108 BACINO	78B DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.1\text{--}7.4 \text{ GeV}$
35 ± 11		108 BRANDELIK	78 DASP	Assumes $V\text{-}A$ decay
18 ± 6.5	33	108 JAROS	78 MRK1	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} > 6 \text{ GeV}$

106 BURCHAT 87 value is not independent of SCHMIDKE 86 value.

107 Not independent of BERGER 85 $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$, $\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$, $\Gamma(h^- \geq 1 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$, and $\Gamma(h^- \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$, and therefore not used in the fit.

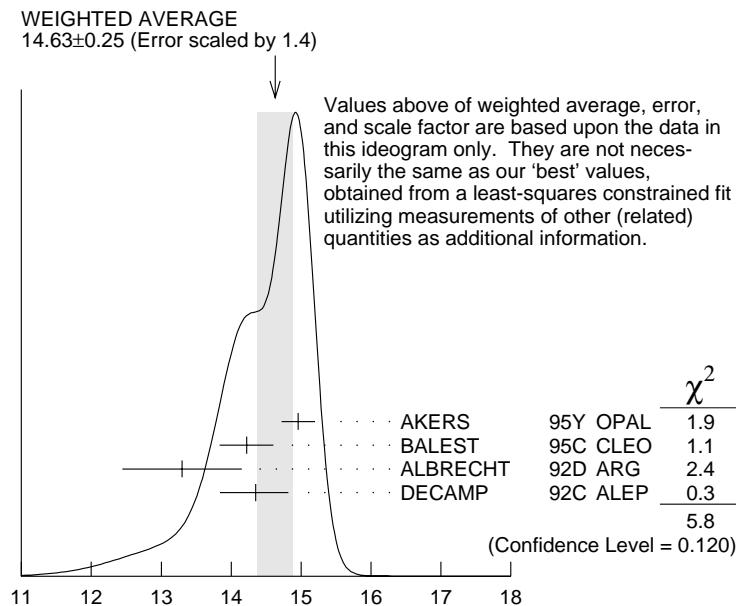
108 Low energy experiments are not in average or fit because the systematic errors in background subtraction are judged to be large.

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{50}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{50}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{74} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{84} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.285\Gamma_{110} + 0.9101\Gamma_{128} + 0.9101\Gamma_{129})/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)		EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
14.60±0.13 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.				
14.63±0.25 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.				
14.96±0.09±0.22	f&a	10.4k	AKERS	95Y OPAL	1991–1994 LEP runs
14.22±0.10±0.37	avg	109	BALEST	95C CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
13.3 ± 0.3 ± 0.8	f&a	110	ALBRECHT	92D ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
14.35 ^{+0.40} _{-0.45} ±0.24	f&a		DECAMP	92C ALEP	1989–1990 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
15.26±0.26±0.22			ACTON	92H OPAL	Repl. by AKERS 95Y
109	Not independent of BALEST 95C $B(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau)$ and $B(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values, and BORTOLETTO 93 $B(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)$ value.				
110	This ALBRECHT 92D value is not independent of their $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau) \Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}^2$ value.				



$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} (\%)$$

$$\Gamma(\pi^-\pi^+\pi^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(h^-h^-h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau \text{ ("3-prong")}) \quad \Gamma_{51}/\Gamma_{49}$$

$$\Gamma_{51}/\Gamma_{49} = (0.3431\Gamma_{32} + 0.3431\Gamma_{36} + 0.1078\Gamma_{41} + \Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{74} + 0.285\Gamma_{110} + 0.9101\Gamma_{128} + 0.9101\Gamma_{129})/(0.3431\Gamma_{32} + 0.3431\Gamma_{34} + 0.3431\Gamma_{36} + 0.3431\Gamma_{38} + 0.4508\Gamma_{41} + \Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{74} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{84} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.285\Gamma_{110} + 0.9101\Gamma_{128} + 0.9101\Gamma_{129})$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.962±0.005 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
0.945±0.019	490	111 BAUER	94 TPC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

111 BAUER 94 quote $B(\pi^-\pi^+\pi^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau) = 0.1329 \pm 0.0027$. We divide by 0.1406, their assumed value for B ("3prong").

$$\Gamma(h^-h^-h^+\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{52}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{52}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{32} + 0.3431\Gamma_{34} + \Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{84} + 0.0221\Gamma_{128})/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
9.96±0.10 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		

9.7 ±0.4 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 3.1. See the ideogram below.

7.6 ± 0.1 ± 0.5	avg	7.5k	112 ALBRECHT	96E ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
9.92 ± 0.10 ± 0.09	f&a	11.2k	113 BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
9.49 ± 0.36 ± 0.63	f&a		DECAMP	92C ALEP	1989–1990 LEP runs
8.7 ± 0.7 ± 0.3	f&a	694	114 BEHREND	90 CELL	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 35 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

7.0 ± 0.3 ± 0.7	1566	115 BAND	87 MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
6.7 ± 0.8 ± 0.9		116 BURCHAT	87 MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
6.4 ± 0.4 ± 0.9		117 RUCKSTUHL	86 DLCO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
7.8 ± 0.5 ± 0.8	890	SCHMIDKE	86 MRK2	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
8.4 ± 0.4 ± 0.7	1255	117 FERNANDEZ	85 MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
9.7 ± 2.0 ± 1.3		BEHREND	84 CELL	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 14,22 \text{ GeV}$

112 ALBRECHT 96E not independent of ALBRECHT 93C $\Gamma(h^-h^-h^+\nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0) \times \Gamma(\text{particle}^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}^2 \text{ value.}$

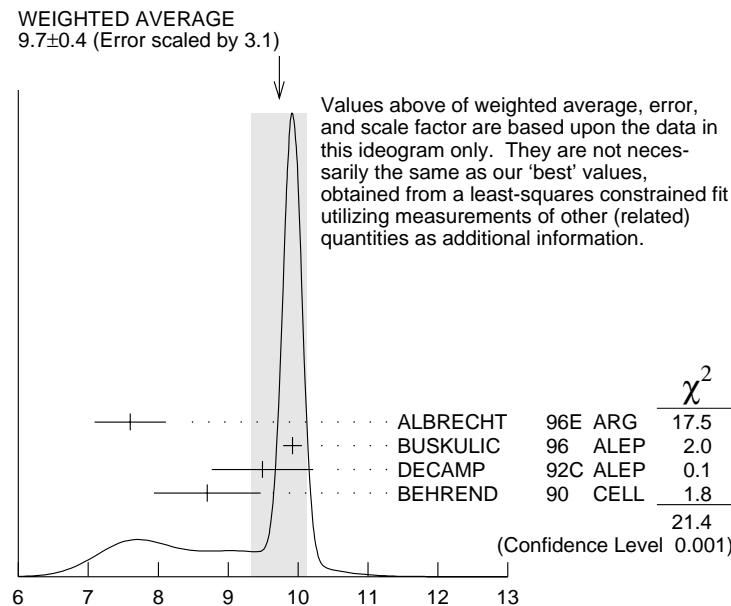
113 BUSKULIC 96 quote $B(h^-h^-h^+\nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0)) = 9.50 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.11$. We add 0.42 to remove their K^0 correction and reduce the systematic error accordingly.

114 BEHREND 90 subtract 0.3% to account for the $\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^-\nu_\tau$ contribution to measured events.

115 BAND 87 subtract for charged kaon modes; not independent of FERNANDEZ 85 value.

116 BURCHAT 87 value is not independent of SCHMIDKE 86 value.

117 Value obtained by multiplying paper's $R = B(h^-h^-h^+\nu_\tau)/B(3\text{-prong})$ by $B(3\text{-prong}) = 0.143$ and subtracting 0.3% for $K^*(892)$ background.



$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} (\%)$$

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neut. } \nu_\tau \text{ ("3-prong")}) \quad \Gamma_{52}/\Gamma_{49}$$

$$\Gamma_{52}/\Gamma_{49} = (0.3431\Gamma_{32} + 0.3431\Gamma_{34} + \Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{84} + 0.0221\Gamma_{128}) / (0.3431\Gamma_{32} + 0.3431\Gamma_{34} + 0.3431\Gamma_{36} + 0.3431\Gamma_{38} + 0.4508\Gamma_{41} + \Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{74} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{84} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.285\Gamma_{110} + 0.9101\Gamma_{128} + 0.9101\Gamma_{129})$$

This branching fraction is not independent of values for $\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ and $\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neut. } \nu_\tau \text{ ("3-prong")}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.656 ± 0.006 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.47 ± 0.03 ± 0.06	RUCKSTUHL 86 DLCO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
0.61 ± 0.03 ± 0.05	FERNANDEZ 85 MAC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{53}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{53}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{84} + 0.0221\Gamma_{128}) / \Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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9.62 ± 0.10 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

9.57 ± 0.11 OUR AVERAGE

9.50 ± 0.10 ± 0.11	avg	11.2k	118 BUSKULIC	96 ALEP LEP 1991–1993 data
9.87 ± 0.10 ± 0.24	avg		119 AKERS	95Y OPAL 1991–1994 LEP runs
9.51 ± 0.07 ± 0.20	f&a	37.7k	BALEST	95C CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

118 Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 B($h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau$) value.

119 Not independent of AKERS 95Y B($h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ (ex. $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$)) and B($h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0)) / B($h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0$ neutrals ν_τ (ex. $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$)) values.

$$\frac{\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-))}{\Gamma_{53}/\Gamma_{50}}$$

$$\Gamma_{53}/\Gamma_{50} = (\Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{84} + 0.0221\Gamma_{128}) / (\Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{74} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{84} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.285\Gamma_{110} + 0.9101\Gamma_{128} + 0.9101\Gamma_{129})$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.659±0.006 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
0.660±0.004±0.014	AKERS	95Y OPAL	1991–1994 LEP runs

$$\frac{\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{54}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{84}) / \Gamma}$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
9.57±0.10 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{55}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{32} + \Gamma_{57} + 0.0221\Gamma_{128}) / \Gamma}$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
9.56±0.11 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{56}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{32} + \Gamma_{57}) / \Gamma}$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
9.52±0.11 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{57}/\Gamma}$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
9.23±0.11 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

$$\frac{\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{58}/\Gamma}$$

$$\Gamma_{58}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{36} + 0.3431\Gamma_{38} + 0.1077\Gamma_{41} + \Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{74} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.285\Gamma_{110} + 0.888\Gamma_{128} + 0.9101\Gamma_{129}) / \Gamma$$

Data marked “avg” are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. “f&a” marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.18±0.11 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		

5.2 ±0.6 OUR AVERAGE

5.6 ± 0.7 ± 0.3	avg	352	120 BEHREND	90 CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 35 \text{ GeV}$
4.2 ± 0.5 ± 0.9	f&a	203	121 ALBRECHT	87L ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
6.2 ± 2.3 ± 1.7	f&a		BEHREND	84 CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 14,22 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

6.1 ± 0.8 ± 0.9		122 BURCHAT	87 MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
7.6 ± 0.4 ± 0.9		123,124 RUCKSTUHL	86 DLCO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
4.7 ± 0.5 ± 0.8		530 125 SCHMIDKE	86 MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
5.6 ± 0.4 ± 0.7		124 FERNANDEZ	85 MAC $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

120 BEHREND 90 value is not independent of BEHREND 90 $B(3h\nu_\tau \geq 1 \text{ neutrals}) + B(5\text{-prong})$.

121 ALBRECHT 87L measure the product of branching ratios $B(3\pi^\pm \pi^0 \nu_\tau) B((e\bar{\nu} \text{ or } \mu\bar{\nu} \text{ or } \pi \text{ or } K \text{ or } \rho)\nu_\tau) = 0.029$ and use the PDG 86 values for the second branching ratio which sum to 0.69 ± 0.03 to get the quoted value.

122 BURCHAT 87 value is not independent of SCHMIDKE 86 value.

123 Contributions from kaons and from $>1\pi^0$ are subtracted. Not independent of (3-prong + $0\pi^0$) and (3-prong + $\geq 0\pi^0$) values.

124 Value obtained using paper's $R = B(h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau)/B(3\text{-prong})$ and current $B(3\text{-prong}) = 0.143$.

125 Not independent of SCHMIDKE 86 $h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau$ and $h^- h^- h^+(\geq 0\pi^0)\nu_\tau$ values.

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{59}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{59}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{74} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.285\Gamma_{110} + 0.888\Gamma_{128} + 0.9101\Gamma_{129})/\Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.98 ± 0.11 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			

5.07 ± 0.24 OUR AVERAGE

$5.09 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.23$ avg 126 AKERS 95Y OPAL 1991–1994 LEP runs

$4.95 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.65$ f&a 570 DECAMP 92C ALEP 1989–1990 LEP runs

126 Not independent of AKERS 95Y $B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-))$ and $B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / B(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-))$ values.

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{60}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{60}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{36} + 0.3431\Gamma_{38} + \Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.888\Gamma_{128} + 0.0221\Gamma_{129})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.50 ± 0.09 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.			

4.45 ± 0.09 ± 0.07 6.1k 127 BUSKULIC 96 ALEP LEP 1991–1993 data

127 BUSKULIC 96 quote $B(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) = 4.30 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.09$. We add 0.15 to remove their K^0 correction and reduce the systematic error accordingly.

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{61}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{61}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.888\Gamma_{128} + 0.0221\Gamma_{129})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.31 ± 0.09 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.			
4.23 ± 0.06 ± 0.22	7.2k BAEST 95C CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$			

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{62}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{85})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
2.59 ± 0.09 OUR FIT	

$$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{63}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{36} + \Gamma_{65} + 0.888\Gamma_{128} + 0.0221\Gamma_{129})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
4.35 ± 0.10 OUR FIT	

$$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{64}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{65} + 0.888\Gamma_{128} + 0.0221\Gamma_{129})/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID
4.22 ± 0.10 OUR FIT	

$$\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{65}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (%) DOCUMENT ID

2.49±0.10 OUR FIT

$$\Gamma(h^- (\rho \pi)^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau) \quad \Gamma_{66}/\Gamma_{60}$$

$$\Gamma_{66}/\Gamma_{60} = (\Gamma_{68} + \Gamma_{69} + \Gamma_{70}) / \Gamma_{60}$$

VALUE DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

0.64±0.07±0.03 128 ALBRECHT 91D ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

128 ALBRECHT 91D not independent of their $\Gamma(h^- \rho^+ h^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, $\Gamma(h^- \rho^- h^+ \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, and $\Gamma(h^- \rho \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

$$\Gamma((a_1(1260) h)^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau) \quad \Gamma_{67}/\Gamma_{60}$$

VALUE CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

<0.44 95 129 ALBRECHT 91D ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

129 ALBRECHT 91D not independent of their $\Gamma(h^- \omega \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0))$, $\Gamma(h^- \rho \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, $\Gamma(h^- \rho^+ h^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, and $\Gamma(h^- \rho^- h^+ \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

$$\Gamma(h^- \rho \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau) \quad \Gamma_{68}/\Gamma_{60}$$

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

0.30±0.04±0.02 393 ALBRECHT 91D ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(h^- \rho^+ h^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau) \quad \Gamma_{69}/\Gamma_{60}$$

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

0.10±0.03±0.04 142 ALBRECHT 91D ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(h^- \rho^- h^+ \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau) \quad \Gamma_{70}/\Gamma_{60}$$

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

0.26±0.05±0.01 370 ALBRECHT 91D ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$[\Gamma(h^- \rho^+ h^- \nu_\tau) + \Gamma(h^- \rho^- h^+ \nu_\tau)] / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau) \quad (\Gamma_{69} + \Gamma_{70}) / \Gamma_{60}$$

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

0.33±0.06±0.01 475 130 ALBRECHT 91D ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

130 ALBRECHT 91D not independent of their $\Gamma(h^- \rho^+ h^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $\Gamma(h^- \rho^- h^+ \nu_\tau) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ values.

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{71}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{71}/\Gamma = (0.1077\Gamma_{41} + \Gamma_{73} + 0.236\Gamma_{110} + 0.888\Gamma_{129}) / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%) DOCUMENT ID

0.54±0.04 OUR FIT

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{72}/\Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{72}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{73} + 0.236\Gamma_{110} + 0.888\Gamma_{129}) / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%) EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

0.53±0.04 OUR FIT

0.50±0.07±0.07 1.8k BUSKULIC 96 ALEP LEP 1991–1993 data

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau(\text{ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neut. } \nu_\tau(\text{"3-prong"}) \quad \Gamma_{72}/\Gamma_{49}$$

$$\Gamma_{72}/\Gamma_{49} = (\Gamma_{73} + 0.236\Gamma_{110} + 0.888\Gamma_{129}) / (0.3431\Gamma_{32} + 0.3431\Gamma_{34} + 0.3431\Gamma_{36} + 0.3431\Gamma_{38} + 0.4508\Gamma_{41} + \Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{74} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{84} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.285\Gamma_{110} + 0.9101\Gamma_{128} + 0.9101\Gamma_{129})$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.0348 ± 0.0028 OUR FIT				
0.034 ± 0.002 ± 0.003	668	BORTOLETTO93	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau(\text{ex. } K^0, \omega, \eta)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{73}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>
0.11 ± 0.04 OUR FIT	

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{74}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.14^{+0.09}_{-0.07} OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.5.
0.11 ± 0.04 ± 0.05	440	BUSKULIC	96	ALEP LEP 1991–1993 data

$$\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{75}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻⁴)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.85 ± 0.56 ± 0.51	57	ANDERSON	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(K^- h^+ h^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{76}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{34} + 0.3431\Gamma_{38} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{84} + \Gamma_{85}) / \Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.54 ± 0.07 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
<0.6	90	AIHARA	84C TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{77}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{34} + 0.3431\Gamma_{38} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{81}) / \Gamma$$

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.31 ± 0.06 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
0.30 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
0.275 ± 0.064	avg	131 BARATE	98	ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs
0.58 ^{+0.15} _{-0.13}	± 0.12	f&a	20	132 BAUER
0.22 ^{+0.16} _{-0.13}	± 0.05	f&a	9	133 MILLS

131 Not independent of BARATE 98 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.

132 We multiply 0.58% by 0.20, the relative systematic error quoted by BAUER 94, to obtain the systematic error.

133 Error correlated with MILLS 85 ($K K \pi \nu$) value. We multiply 0.22% by 0.23, the relative systematic error quoted by MILLS 85, to obtain the systematic error.

$\Gamma(K^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.23 ±0.04 OUR FIT

0.214±0.037±0.029

$\Gamma_{78}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{34} + \Gamma_{79})/\Gamma$

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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BARATE 98 ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

$\Gamma(K^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau(\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{79}/Γ

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.18±0.05 OUR FIT

$\Gamma(K^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{80}/\Gamma = (0.3431\Gamma_{38} + \Gamma_{81})/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.08 ±0.04 OUR FIT

0.061±0.039±0.018

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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BARATE 98 ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs

$\Gamma(K^-\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau(\text{ex. } K^0))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{81}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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(2.4^{+4.3}_{-1.6}) × 10⁻⁴ OUR FIT

$\Gamma(K^-\pi^+K^-\geq 0 \text{ neut. }\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{82}/Γ

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<0.09

95

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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BAUER 94 TPC $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^-K^+\pi^-\geq 0 \text{ neut. }\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{83}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{84} + \Gamma_{85})/\Gamma$

Data marked “avg” are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. “f&a” marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.23 ±0.04 OUR FIT

0.22 ±0.04 OUR AVERAGE

0.238±0.042 avg

EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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134 BARATE 98 ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs
0.15^{+0.09}_{-0.07} ±0.03 f&a 4 135 BAUER 94 TPC $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

134 Not independent of BARATE 98 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^-K^+\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ and $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^-K^+\pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ values.
135 We multiply 0.15% by 0.20, the relative systematic error quoted by BAUER 94, to obtain the systematic error.

$\Gamma(K^-K^+\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{84}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.161±0.026 OUR FIT

0.165±0.027 OUR AVERAGE

0.163±0.021±0.017

EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.22^{+0.17}_{-0.11} ±0.05 9 136 MILLS 85 DLCO $E_{\text{cm}}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

136 Error correlated with MILLS 85 ($K\pi\pi\pi^0\nu$) value. We multiply 0.22% by 0.23, the relative systematic error quoted by MILLS 85, to obtain obtain the systematic error.

$\Gamma(K^- K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{85}/Γ			
VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
0.069±0.030 OUR FIT				
0.075±0.029±0.015	BARATE	98	ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
$\Gamma(K^- K^+ K^- \geq 0 \text{ neut. } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{86}/Γ			
VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.21	95	BAUER	94	TPC $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
$\Gamma(K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{87}/Γ			
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.9 × 10⁻⁴	90	BARATE	98	ALEP 1991–1995 LEP runs
$\Gamma(\pi^- K^+ \pi^- \geq 0 \text{ neut. } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{88}/Γ			
VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.25	95	BAUER	94	TPC $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
$\Gamma(e^- e^- e^+ \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{89}/Γ			
VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁵)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.8±1.4±0.4	5	ALAM	96	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\Gamma(\mu^- e^- e^+ \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{90}/Γ			
VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁵)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<3.6	90	ALAM	96	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\Gamma(3h^- 2h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \text{) ("5-prong")})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{91}/Γ			
$\Gamma_{91}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{92} + \Gamma_{93})/\Gamma$				
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.097±0.007 OUR FIT				
0.102±0.011 OUR AVERAGE				
0.097±0.005±0.011	419	GIBAUT	94B	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.26 ± 0.06 ± 0.05		ACTON	92H	OPAL $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 88.2\text{--}94.2 \text{ GeV}$
0.10 $\begin{array}{l} +0.05 \\ -0.04 \end{array}$ ± 0.03		DECAMP	92C	ALEP 1989–1990 LEP runs
0.102±0.029	13	BYLSMA	87	HRS $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
0.16 ± 0.08 ± 0.04	4	BURCHAT	85	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.16 ± 0.13 ± 0.04		BEHREND	89B	CELL $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 14\text{--}47 \text{ GeV}$
0.3 ± 0.1 ± 0.2		BARTEL	85F	JADE $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 34.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.13 ± 0.04	10	BELTRAMI	85	HRS Repl. by BYLSMA 87
1.0 ± 0.4	10	BEHREND	82	CELL Repl. by BEHREND 89B

$$\left[\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau) + \Gamma(3h^- 2h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \text{ ("5-prong")))} \right] / \Gamma_{\text{total}} = (\Gamma_{58} + \Gamma_{91}) / \Gamma = (\Gamma_{58} + \Gamma_{91}) / (\Gamma_{58} + \Gamma_{91}) = (0.3431 \Gamma_{36} + 0.3431 \Gamma_{38} + 0.1077 \Gamma_{41} + \Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{74} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{85} + \Gamma_{92} + \Gamma_{93} + 0.285 \Gamma_{110} + 0.888 \Gamma_{128} + 0.9101 \Gamma_{129}) / (\Gamma_{58} + \Gamma_{91})$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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5.28 ± 0.11 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.

5.4 ± 0.5 OUR AVERAGE

5.05 ± 0.29 ± 0.65	570	DECAMP	92C ALEP	1989–1990 LEP runs
5.8 ± 0.7 ± 0.2	352	137 BEHREND	90 CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 35 \text{ GeV}$

137 BEHREND 90 not independent of their $\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement.

$$\Gamma(3h^- 2h^+ \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} = \Gamma_{92} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.075 ± 0.007 OUR FIT

0.073 ± 0.008 OUR AVERAGE

0.080 ± 0.011 ± 0.013	58	BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
0.077 ± 0.005 ± 0.009	295	GIBAUT	94B CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.064 ± 0.023 ± 0.01	12	ALBRECHT	88B ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
0.051 ± 0.020	7	BYLSMA	87 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.067 ± 0.030	5	138 BELTRAMI	85 HRS	Repl. by BYLSMA 87

138 The error quoted is statistical only.

$$\Gamma(3h^- 2h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} = \Gamma_{93} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.022 ± 0.005 OUR FIT

0.021 ± 0.005 OUR AVERAGE

0.018 ± 0.007 ± 0.012	18	BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
0.019 ± 0.004 ± 0.004	31	GIBAUT	94B CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.051 ± 0.022	6	BYLSMA	87 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.067 ± 0.030	5	139 BELTRAMI	85 HRS	Repl. by BYLSMA 87

139 The error quoted is statistical only.

$$\Gamma(3h^- 2h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} = \Gamma_{94} / \Gamma$$

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.011	90	GIBAUT	94B CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma((5\pi)^- \nu_\tau) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} = \Gamma_{95} / \Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_{95} / \Gamma = (\Gamma_{26} + \frac{1}{4} \Gamma_{41} + \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{92} + 0.236 \Gamma_{110} + 0.888 \Gamma_{129}) / \Gamma$$

Data marked “avg” are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. “f&a” marks results used for the fit and the average.

VALUE (%)	—	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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0.74 ± 0.07 OUR FIT

0.61 ± 0.06 ± 0.08 avg 140 GIBAUT 94B CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

140 Not independent of GIBAUT 94B $B(3h^- 2h^+ \nu_\tau)$, PROCARIO 93 $B(h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau)$, and BORTOLETTO 93 $B(2h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau) / B(\text{"3prong"})$ measurements. Result is corrected for η contributions.

$\Gamma(4h^- 3h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau \text{ ("7-prong")})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{96}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<2.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	EDWARDS	97B CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	95	ACKERSTAFF	97J OPAL	1990–1995 LEP runs
$<2.9 \times 10^{-4}$	90	BYLSMA	87 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^- \geq 0 (h^0 \neq K_S^0) \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{97}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.94 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.15$	74	AKERS	94G OPAL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 88\text{--}94 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{98}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.33 ± 0.13 OUR AVERAGE				
$1.19 \pm 0.15 \begin{matrix} +0.13 \\ -0.18 \end{matrix}$	104	ALBRECHT	95H ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$1.43 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.13$	475	¹⁴¹ GOLDBERG	90 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.9 \text{ GeV}$
¹⁴¹ GOLDBERG 90 estimates that 10% of observed $K^*(892)^-$ are accompanied by a π^0 .				

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^- \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{99}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.28 ± 0.08 OUR AVERAGE				
$1.39 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.10$		142 BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
1.11 ± 0.12		143 COAN	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$1.42 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.09$		144 ACCIARRI	95F L3	1991–1993 LEP runs
$1.23 \pm 0.21 \begin{matrix} +0.11 \\ -0.21 \end{matrix}$	54	145 ALBRECHT	88L ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$1.9 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.4$	44	¹⁴⁶ TSCHIRHART	88 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
$1.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.4$	15	¹⁴⁷ AIHARA	87C TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
$1.3 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.3$	31	YELTON	86 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$1.45 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.11$	273	¹⁴⁸ BUSKULIC	94F ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 96
1.7 ± 0.7	11	DORFAN	81 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 4.2\text{--}6.7 \text{ GeV}$

¹⁴² Not independent of BUSKULIC 96 $B(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau)$ and $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurements.

¹⁴³ Not independent of COAN 96 $B(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau)$ and BATTLE 94 $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ measurements. $K\pi$ final states are consistent with and assumed to originate from $K^*(892)^-$ production.

¹⁴⁴ This result is obtained from their $B(\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau)$ assuming all those decays originate in $K^*(892)^-$ decays.

¹⁴⁵ The authors divide by $\Gamma_1/\Gamma = 0.865$ to obtain this result.

¹⁴⁶ Not independent of TSCHIRHART 88 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \bar{K}^0 \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\text{total})$.

¹⁴⁷ Decay π^- identified in this experiment, is assumed in the others.

¹⁴⁸ BUSKULIC 94F obtain this result from BUSKULIC 94F $B(\bar{K}^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau)$ and BUSKULIC 94E $B(K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau)$ assuming all of those decays originate in $K^*(892)^-$ decays.

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)$ Γ_{99}/Γ_{13}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.075±0.027	149 ABREU	94K DLPH	LEP 1992 Z data
149 ABREU 94K quote $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^-\nu_\tau)B(K^*(892)^-\rightarrow K^-\pi^0)/B(\tau^- \rightarrow \rho^-\nu_\tau) = 0.025 \pm 0.009$. We divide by $B(K^*(892)^-\rightarrow K^-\pi^0) = 0.333$ to obtain this result.			

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 K^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{100}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.32±0.08±0.12	119	GOLDBERG	90	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.9 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 K^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{101}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.21 ±0.04 OUR AVERAGE				
0.213±0.048		150 BARATE	98 ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.20 ±0.05 ±0.04	47	ALBRECHT	95H ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
150 BARATE 98 measure the $K^- (\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$ fraction in $\tau^- \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau$ decays to be $(35 \pm 11)\%$ and derive this result from their measurement of $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ assuming the intermediate states are all $K^-\rho$ and $K^-K^*(892)^0$.				

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals} \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{102}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.38±0.11±0.13	105	GOLDBERG	90	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.9 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{103}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.22 ±0.05 OUR AVERAGE				
0.209±0.058		151 BARATE	98 ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.25 ±0.10 ±0.05	27	ALBRECHT	95H ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
151 BARATE 98 measure the $K^-K^*(892)^0$ fraction in $\tau^- \rightarrow K^-K^+\pi^-\nu_\tau$ decays to be $(87 \pm 13)\%$ and derive this result from their measurement of $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow K^-K^+\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$.				

 $\Gamma((\bar{K}^*(892)\pi)^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^-\bar{K}^0\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{104}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.106±0.037±0.032		152 BARATE	98E ALEP	1991–1995 LEP runs
152 BARATE 98E determine the $\bar{K}^0\rho^-$ fraction in $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^-\bar{K}^0\pi^0\nu_\tau$ decays to be $(0.64 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.10)$ and multiply their $B(\pi^-\bar{K}^0\pi^0\nu_\tau)$ measurement by one minus this fraction to obtain the quoted result.				

 $\Gamma(K_1(1270)^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{105}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.41+0.41-0.35±0.10	5	153 BAUER	94 TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

153 We multiply 0.41% by 0.25, the relative systematic error quoted by BAUER 94, to obtain the systematic error.

$\Gamma(K_1(1400)^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$		Γ_{106}/Γ			
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
0.76^{+0.40}_{-0.33}^{±0.20}	11	154 BAUER	94 TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$	

154 We multiply 0.76% by 0.25, the relative systematic error quoted by BAUER 94, to obtain the systematic error.

$[\Gamma(K_1(1270)^-\nu_\tau) + \Gamma(K_1(1400)^-\nu_\tau)]/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$		$(\Gamma_{105} + \Gamma_{106})/\Gamma$			
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
1.17^{+0.41}_{-0.37}^{±0.29}	16	155 BAUER	94 TPC	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$	

155 We multiply 1.17% by 0.25, the relative systematic error quoted by BAUER 94, to obtain the systematic error. Not independent of BAUER 94 $B(K_1(1270)^-\nu_\tau)$ and BAUER 94 $B(K_1(1400)^-\nu_\tau)$ measurements.

$\Gamma(K_2^*(1430)^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$		Γ_{107}/Γ			
VALUE (%)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.3	95		TSCHIRHART	88 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<0.33	95	156 ACCIARRI	95F L3	1991–1993 LEP runs
<0.9	95	0 DORFAN	81 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 4.2\text{--}6.7 \text{ GeV}$

156 ACCIARRI 95F quote $B(\tau^- \rightarrow K^*(1430)^- \rightarrow \pi^-\bar{K}^0\nu_\tau) < 0.11\%$. We divide by $B(K^*(1430)^- \rightarrow \pi^-\bar{K}^0) = 0.33$ to obtain the limit shown.

$\Gamma(a_0(980)^-\geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times B(a_0(980)\rightarrow K^0\bar{K}^-)$		$\Gamma_{108}/\Gamma \times B$			
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<2.8 × 10⁻⁴	90	GOLDBERG	90 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.9 \text{ GeV}$	

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$		Γ_{109}/Γ			
VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁴)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 1.4	95	0	BARTELT	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 6.2	95	BUSKULIC	97C ALEP	1991–1994 LEP runs
< 3.4	95	ARTUSO	92 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
< 90	95	ALBRECHT	88M ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10 \text{ GeV}$
< 140	90	BEHREND	88 CELL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 14\text{--}46.8 \text{ GeV}$
< 180	95	BARINGER	87 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.5 \text{ GeV}$
< 250	90	COFFMAN	87 MRK3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.77 \text{ GeV}$
510 ± 100 ± 120	65	DERRICK	87 HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
< 100	95	GAN	87B MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{110}/Γ

VALUE (%)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.174±0.024 OUR FIT					
0.173±0.024 OUR AVERAGE					
0.18 ± 0.04 ± 0.02			BUSKULIC	97C ALEP	1991–1994 LEP runs
0.17 ± 0.02 ± 0.02	125		ARTUSO	92 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<1.10	95		ALBRECHT	88M ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10$ GeV
<2.10	95		BARINGER	87 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.5$ GeV
4.20 $^{+0.70}_{-1.20}$ ± 1.60	157 GAN		87 MRK2		$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29$ GeV

157 Highly correlated with GAN 87 $\Gamma(\pi^- 3\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\text{total})$ value.

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{111}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.4±0.6±0.3					
BERGFELD 97 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6$ GeV					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
< 4.3	95		ARTUSO	92 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6$ GeV
<120	95		ALBRECHT	88M ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10$ GeV

$\Gamma(\eta K^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{112}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.7±0.6 OUR AVERAGE					
2.9 $^{+1.3}_{-1.2}$ ± 0.7					
BUSKULIC 97C ALEP 1991–1994 LEP runs					
2.6 ± 0.5 ± 0.5	85		BARTEL	96 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<4.7	95		ARTUSO	92 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\eta K^*(892)^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{113}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.90±0.80±0.42	25	BISHAI	99 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\eta K^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{114}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.77±0.56±0.71	36	BISHAI	99 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\eta\bar{K}^0\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{115}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.20±0.70±0.22	15	158 BISHAI	99 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6$ GeV

158 We multiply the BISHAI 99 measurement $B(\tau^- \rightarrow \eta K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau) = (1.10 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-4}$ by 2 to obtain the listed value.

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-\geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{116}/Γ

VALUE (%)	CL %	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.3	90	ABACHI	87B HRS	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{117}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$3.4^{+0.6}_{-0.5} \pm 0.6$	89	BERGFELD	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\eta a_1(1260)^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta\pi^-\rho^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{118}/Γ

VALUE	CL %	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<3.9 \times 10^{-4}$	90	BERGFELD	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\eta\eta\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{119}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL %	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 1.1	95	ARTUSO	92	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<83	95	ALBRECHT	88M ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\eta\eta\pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{120}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL %	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 2.0	95	ARTUSO	92	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<90	95	ALBRECHT	88M ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{121}/Γ

VALUE	CL %	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<7.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BERGFELD	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{122}/Γ

VALUE	CL %	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<8.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BERGFELD	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\phi\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{123}/Γ

VALUE	CL %	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<2.0 \times 10^{-4}$	90	159 AVERY	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<3.5 × 10⁻⁴ 90 ALBRECHT 95H ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

159 AVERY 97 limit varies from $(1.2\text{--}2.0) \times 10^{-4}$ depending on decay model assumptions.

$\Gamma(\phi K^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{124}/Γ

VALUE	CL %	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<6.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	160 AVERY	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

160 AVERY 97 limit varies from $(5.4\text{--}6.7) \times 10^{-5}$ depending on decay model assumptions.

$\Gamma(f_1(1285)\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-4})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$5.8^{+1.4}_{-1.3} \pm 1.8$	54	BERGFELD	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

Γ_{125}/Γ

$\Gamma(f_1(1285)\pi^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\eta\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.55 ± 0.14	BERGFELD	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma_{126}/\Gamma_{117}$

$\Gamma(h^-\omega \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$$\Gamma_{127}/\Gamma = (\Gamma_{128} + \Gamma_{129})/\Gamma$$

Γ_{127}/Γ

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.36 ± 0.08 OUR FIT				
$1.65 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.2$ avg	1513	ALBRECHT	88M ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(h^-\omega\nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{128}/Γ

Data marked "avg" are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. "f&a" marks results used for the fit and the average.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.93 ± 0.06 OUR FIT				
1.92 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE				

$1.91 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.06$	f&a	5803	BUSKULIC	97C ALEP 1991–1994 LEP
$1.95 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.11$	avg	2223	¹⁶¹ BALEST	95C CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}}$ runs $\approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$1.60 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.41$	f&a	139	BARINGER	87 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.5 \text{ GeV}$

¹⁶¹ Not independent of BALEST 95C $B(\tau^- \rightarrow h^-\omega\nu_\tau)/B(\tau^- \rightarrow h^-h^-h^+\pi^0\nu_\tau)$ value.

$$\frac{[\Gamma(h^-\rho\pi^0\nu_\tau) + \Gamma(h^-\rho^+h^-\nu_\tau) + \Gamma(h^-\rho^-h^+\nu_\tau) + \Gamma(h^-\omega\nu_\tau)] / (\Gamma_{68} + \Gamma_{69} + \Gamma_{70} + \Gamma_{128})}{\Gamma_{60}}$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
>0.81	95	162 ALBRECHT	91D ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

¹⁶² ALBRECHT 91D not independent of their $\Gamma(h^-\omega\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(h^-h^-h^+\pi^0\nu_\tau)$ (ex. K^0), $\Gamma(h^-\rho\pi^0\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(h^-h^-h^+\pi^0\nu_\tau)$, $\Gamma(h^-\rho^+h^-\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(h^-h^-h^+\pi^0\nu_\tau)$, and $\Gamma(h^-\rho^-h^+\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(h^-h^-h^+\pi^0\nu_\tau)$ values.

$\Gamma(h^-\omega\nu_\tau)/\Gamma(h^-h^-h^+\pi^0\nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0\text{)})$

Γ_{128}/Γ_{61}

$$\Gamma_{128}/\Gamma_{61} = \Gamma_{128}/(\Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.888\Gamma_{128} + 0.0221\Gamma_{129})$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.448 ± 0.015 OUR FIT				
0.453 ± 0.019 OUR AVERAGE				

0.431 ± 0.033	2350	¹⁶³ BUSKULIC	96 ALEP	LEP 1991–1993 data
$0.464 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.017$	2223	¹⁶⁴ BALEST	95C CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.37 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.02$	458	¹⁶⁵ ALBRECHT	91D ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
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163 BUSKULIC 96 quote the fraction of $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0) decays which originate in a $h^- \omega$ final state = 0.383 ± 0.029 . We divide this by the $\omega(782) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ branching fraction (0.888).

164 BAEST 95C quote the fraction of $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. K^0) decays which originate in a $h^- \omega$ final state equals $0.412 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.015$. We divide this by the $\omega(782) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ branching fraction (0.888).

165 ALBRECHT 91D quote the fraction of $\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ decays which originate in a $\pi^- \omega$ final state equals $0.33 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.02$. We divide this by the $\omega(782) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ branching fraction (0.888).

$\Gamma(h^- \omega \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{129}/Γ			
<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.43±0.05 OUR FIT				
0.43±0.06±0.05	7283	BUSKULIC	97C ALEP	1991–1994 LEP runs

$\Gamma(h^- \omega 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{130}/Γ			
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.89^{+0.74}_{-0.67}±0.40	19	ANDERSON	97 CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(h^- \omega \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \text{ neut. } \nu_\tau \text{ ("3-prong")}) \quad \Gamma_{129}/\Gamma_{49}$$

$$\Gamma_{129}/\Gamma_{49} = \Gamma_{129}/(0.3431\Gamma_{32} + 0.3431\Gamma_{34} + 0.3431\Gamma_{36} + 0.3431\Gamma_{38} + 0.4508\Gamma_{41} + \Gamma_{57} + \Gamma_{65} + \Gamma_{73} + \Gamma_{74} + \Gamma_{79} + \Gamma_{81} + \Gamma_{84} + \Gamma_{85} + 0.285\Gamma_{110} + 0.9101\Gamma_{128} + 0.9101\Gamma_{129})$$

Data marked “avg” are highly correlated with data appearing elsewhere in the Listings, and are therefore used for the average given below but not in the overall fits. “f&a” marks results used for the fit and the average.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.0283±0.0031 OUR FIT				
0.028 ±0.003 ±0.003	avg	430	166 BORTOLETTO93	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

166 Not independent of BORTOLETTO 93 $\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- \omega \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\tau^- \rightarrow h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0\text{)})$ value.

$$\Gamma(h^- \omega \pi^0 \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau \text{ (ex. } K^0\text{)}) \quad \Gamma_{129}/\Gamma_{72}$$

$$\Gamma_{129}/\Gamma_{72} = \Gamma_{129}/(\Gamma_{73} + 0.236\Gamma_{110} + 0.888\Gamma_{129})$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL %</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.81±0.08 OUR FIT				
0.81±0.06±0.06		BORTOLETTO93	CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(e^- \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{131}/\Gamma$$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL %</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<2.7 × 10⁻⁶	90	EDWARDS	97 CLEO	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<1.1 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	ABREU	95U DLPH	1990–1993 LEP runs
<1.2 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
<2.0 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	KEH	88 CBAL	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
<6.4 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	HAYES	82 MRK2	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{132}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 3.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	EDWARDS	97	CLEO
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 6.2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ABREU	95U	DLPH 1990–1993 LEP runs
$< 0.42 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BEAN	93	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$< 3.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 55 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(e^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{133}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 3.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 17 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 14 \times 10^{-5}$	90	KEH	88	CBAL $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 210 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(\mu^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{134}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 4.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 4.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 82 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(e^- K^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{135}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.3 \times 10^{-3}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(\mu^- K^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{136}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.0 \times 10^{-3}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(e^- \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{137}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 8.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 6.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K	ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 24 \times 10^{-5}$	90	KEH	88	CBAL $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{138}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 9.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 7.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(e^- \rho^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{139}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 0.42 \times 10^{-5}$	90	167 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 37 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

167 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

 $\Gamma(\mu^- \rho^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{140}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 6.3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 0.57 \times 10^{-5}$	90	168 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 2.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 44 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

168 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

 $\Gamma(e^- K^*(892)^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{141}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 5.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 0.63 \times 10^{-5}$	90	169 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 3.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

169 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

 $\Gamma(\mu^- K^*(892)^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{142}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 7.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 0.94 \times 10^{-5}$	90	170 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 4.5 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

170 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- \bar{K}^*(892)^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{143}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<7.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<1.1 \times 10^{-5}$	90	171 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98

171 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

 $\Gamma(\mu^- \bar{K}^*(892)^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{144}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<7.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<0.87 \times 10^{-5}$	90	172 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98

172 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

 $\Gamma(e^- \phi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{145}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<6.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(\mu^- \phi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{146}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<7.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(\pi^- \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{147}/Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<28 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{148}/Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<37 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(e^- e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{149}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 2.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 0.33 \times 10^{-5}$	90	173 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

 $< 2.7 \times 10^{-5}$ 90 BOWCOCK 90 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$ $< 40 \times 10^{-5}$ 90 HAYES 82 MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

173 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{150}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 0.36 \times 10^{-5}$	90	174 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$
$< 33 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

174 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

 $\Gamma(e^+ \mu^- \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{151}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 0.35 \times 10^{-5}$	90	175 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

175 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

 $\Gamma(\mu^- e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{152}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 0.34 \times 10^{-5}$	90	176 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$
$< 44 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

176 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

 $\Gamma(\mu^+ e^- e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{153}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 0.34 \times 10^{-5}$	90	177 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

177 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

$$\Gamma(\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$< 0.43 \times 10^{-5}$	90	178 BARTEL T	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 1.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 1.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$
$< 49 \times 10^{-5}$	90	HAYES	82	MRK2 $E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.8\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

¹⁷⁸ BARTEL^T 94 assume phase space decays.

$$\Gamma(e^-\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<2.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<0.44 \times 10^{-5}$	90	179	BARTEL T	94 CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$<2.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90		ALBRECHT	92K ARG $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$<6.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90		BOWCOCK	90 CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.4-10.9$

¹⁷⁹ BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

$$\Gamma(e^+ \pi^- \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

Test of lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<0.44 \times 10^{-5}$	90	180	BARTEL	94 CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$<1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90		ALBRECHT	92K ARG $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$<1.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90		BOWCOCK	90 CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹⁸⁰ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays

$$\Gamma(\mu^-\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

Test of lepton family number conservation

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<8.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<0.74 \times 10^{-5}$	90	181 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$<3.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

¹⁸¹ BARTELT 94 assume phase space decays

$$\Gamma(\mu^+ \pi^- \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

Test of lepton number conservation

Test of lepton number conservation.				
Value	CL%	Document ID	TECN	Comment
$< 3.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CL EQ $E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<0.69 \times 10^{-5}$	90	182 BARTELTT	94 CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$<6.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$<3.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

182 BARTELTT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- \pi^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{total}$

Γ_{159}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<6.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<0.77 \times 10^{-5}$	90	183 BARTELTT	94 CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$<2.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$<5.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

183 BARTELTT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- \pi^- K^+)/\Gamma_{total}$

Γ_{160}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<3.8 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<0.46 \times 10^{-5}$	90	184 BARTELTT	94 CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$<5.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

184 BARTELTT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^+ \pi^- K^-)/\Gamma_{total}$

Γ_{161}/Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<2.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<0.45 \times 10^{-5}$	90	185 BARTELTT	94 CLEO	Repl. by BLISS 98
$<2.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10$ GeV
$<4.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

185 BARTELTT 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(e^- K^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{total}$

Γ_{162}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<6.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(e^+ K^- K^-)/\Gamma_{total}$

Γ_{163}/Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<3.8 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\mu^- \pi^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{164}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 7.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 0.87 \times 10^{-5}$	90	186 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 11 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 7.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

186 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^- \pi^- K^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{165}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 7.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$	90	187 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 7.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

187 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \pi^- K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{166}/Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 7.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90	188 BARTEL	94	CLEO Repl. by BLISS 98
$< 5.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$
$< 4.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90	BOWCOCK	90	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.4\text{--}10.9$

188 BARTEL 94 assume phase space decays.

$\Gamma(\mu^- K^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{167}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 15 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^+ K^- K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{168}/Γ

Test of lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 6.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BLISS	98	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{169}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\mu^- \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{170}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 14 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(e^- \eta\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<35 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

Γ_{171}/Γ

$\Gamma(\mu^- \eta\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<60 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

Γ_{172}/Γ

$\Gamma(e^- \pi^0 \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<24 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

Γ_{173}/Γ

$\Gamma(\mu^- \pi^0 \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<22 \times 10^{-6}$	90	BONVICINI	97	CLEO $E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

Γ_{174}/Γ

$\Gamma(\bar{p}\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Test of lepton number and baryon number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<29 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

Γ_{175}/Γ

$\Gamma(\bar{p}\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Test of lepton number and baryon number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<66 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

Γ_{176}/Γ

$\Gamma(\bar{p}\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Test of lepton number and baryon number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<130 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ALBRECHT	92K ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$

Γ_{177}/Γ

$\Gamma(e^- \text{ light boson})/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.015	95	189 ALBRECHT	95G ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

Γ_{178}/Γ_5

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<0.018	95	190 ALBRECHT	90E ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
<0.040	95	191 BALTRUSAITIS	..85 MRK3	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 3.77 \text{ GeV}$

189 ALBRECHT 95G limit holds for bosons with mass $< 0.4 \text{ GeV}$. The limit rises to 0.036 for a mass of 1.0 GeV, then falls to 0.006 at the upper mass limit of 1.6 GeV.

190 ALBRECHT 90E limit applies for spinless boson with mass $< 100 \text{ MeV}$, and rises to 0.050 for mass = 500 MeV.

191 BALTRUSAITIS 85 limit applies for spinless boson with mass $< 100 \text{ MeV}$.

$\Gamma(\mu^- \text{ light boson})/\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau)$ Γ_{179}/Γ_5

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.026	95	192 ALBRECHT	95G ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
<0.033	95	193 ALBRECHT	90E ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
<0.125	95	194 BALTRUSAIT..85	MRK3	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.77 \text{ GeV}$
192 ALBRECHT 95G limit holds for bosons with mass < 1.3 GeV. The limit rises to 0.034 for a mass of 1.4 GeV, then falls to 0.003 at the upper mass limit of 1.6 GeV.				
193 ALBRECHT 90E limit applies for spinless boson with mass < 100 MeV, and rises to 0.071 for mass = 500 MeV.				
194 BALTRUSAITIS 85 limit applies for spinless boson with mass < 100 MeV.				

 τ -DECAY PARAMETERS

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 $\rho^\tau(e \text{ or } \mu)$ PARAMETER(V-A) theory predicts $\rho = 0.75$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.746±0.010 OUR AVERAGE				
0.762±0.035	54k	ACCIARRI	98R L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.731±0.031		195 ALBRECHT	98 ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.72 ± 0.09 ± 0.03		196 ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
0.747±0.010±0.006	55k	ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.751±0.039±0.022		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs
0.79 ± 0.10 ± 0.10	3732	FORD	87B MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
0.71 ± 0.09 ± 0.03	1426	BEHRENDS	85 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ near $\gamma(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
0.735±0.013±0.008	31k	AMMAR	97B CLEO	Repl. by ALEXANDER 97F
0.794±0.039±0.031	18k	ACCIARRI	96H L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 98R
0.732±0.034±0.020	8.2k	197 ALBRECHT	95 ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.738±0.038		198 ALBRECHT	95C ARG	Repl. by ALBRECHT 98
0.742±0.035±0.020	8000	ALBRECHT	90E ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
195 Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 98, ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E. ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.				
196 ABE 970 assume $\eta^\tau = 0$ in their fit. Letting η^τ vary in the fit gives a ρ^τ value of $0.69 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.05$.				
197 Value is from a simultaneous fit for the ρ^τ and η^τ decay parameters to the lepton energy spectrum. Not independent of ALBRECHT 90E $\rho^\tau(e \text{ or } \mu)$ value which assumes $\eta^\tau=0$. Result is strongly correlated with ALBRECHT 95C.				
198 Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E.				

$\rho^\tau(e)$ PARAMETER(V-A) theory predicts $\rho = 0.75$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.744±0.011 OUR AVERAGE				
0.68 ± 0.04 ± 0.07	199	ALBRECHT	98 ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.71 ± 0.14 ± 0.05	ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs	
0.747±0.012±0.004	34k	ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.735±0.036±0.020	4.7k	200 ALBRECHT	95 ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.793±0.050±0.025	BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs	
0.79 ± 0.08 ± 0.06	3230	201 ALBRECHT	93G ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.64 ± 0.06 ± 0.07	2753	JANSSEN	89 CBAL	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.62 ± 0.17 ± 0.14	1823	FORD	87B MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
0.60 ± 0.13	699	BEHRENDS	85 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ near $\gamma(4S)$
0.72 ± 0.10 ± 0.11	594	BACINO	79B DLCO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 3.5\text{--}7.4 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.732±0.014±0.009	19k	AMMAR	97B CLEO	Repl. by ALEXANDER 97F
0.747±0.045±0.028	5106	ALBRECHT	90E ARG	Repl. by ALBRECHT 95
199 ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.				
200 ALBRECHT 95 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(h^+ h^- h^+(\pi^0) \bar{\nu}_\tau)$ and their charged conjugates.				
201 ALBRECHT 93G use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau)(e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\tau)$ and their charged conjugates.				

 $\rho^\tau(\mu)$ PARAMETER(V-A) theory predicts $\rho = 0.75$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.735±0.028 OUR AVERAGE				
0.69 ± 0.06 ± 0.06	202 ALBRECHT	98 ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$	
0.54 ± 0.28 ± 0.14	ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs	
0.750±0.017±0.045	22k	ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.693±0.057±0.028	BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs	
0.76 ± 0.07 ± 0.08	3230	ALBRECHT	93G ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.734±0.055±0.027	3041	ALBRECHT	90E ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.89 ± 0.14 ± 0.08	1909	FORD	87B MAC	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 29 \text{ GeV}$
0.81 ± 0.13	727	BEHRENDS	85 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ near $\gamma(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.747±0.048±0.044	13k	AMMAR	97B CLEO	Repl. by ALEXANDER 97F
202 ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.				

$\xi^\tau(e \text{ or } \mu)$ PARAMETER

(V-A) theory predicts $\xi = 1$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.00 ±0.05 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
0.70 ±0.16	54k	ACCIARRI	98R L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
1.03 ±0.11	203	ALBRECHT	98 ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.5\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
1.05 ±0.35 ±0.04	204	ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
1.007±0.040±0.015	55k	ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
1.18 ±0.15 ±0.16		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.94 ±0.21 ±0.07	18k	ACCIARRI	96H L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 98R
0.97 ±0.14	205	ALBRECHT	95C ARG	Repl. by ALBRECHT 98
0.90 ±0.15 ±0.10	3230	206 ALBRECHT	93G ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.4\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$

203 Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 98, ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E. ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

204 ABE 970 assume $\eta^\tau = 0$ in their fit. Letting η^τ vary in the fit gives a ξ^τ value of $1.02 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.05$.

205 Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E. ALBRECHT 95C uses events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(h^+ h^- h^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau)$ and their charged conjugates.

206 ALBRECHT 93G measurement determines $|\xi^\tau|$ for the case $\xi^\tau(e) = \xi^\tau(\mu)$, but the authors point out that other LEP experiments determine the sign to be positive.

$\xi^\tau(e)$ PARAMETER

(V-A) theory predicts $\xi = 1$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.99 ±0.05 OUR AVERAGE				
1.11 ±0.20 ±0.08	207	ALBRECHT	98 ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.5\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
1.16 ±0.52 ±0.06		ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
0.979±0.048±0.016	34k	ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
1.03 ±0.23 ±0.09		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs
207 ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.				

$\xi^\tau(\mu)$ PARAMETER

(V-A) theory predicts $\xi = 1$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.08 ±0.08 OUR AVERAGE				
1.26 ±0.27 ±0.14	208	ALBRECHT	98 ARG	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 9.5\text{--}10.6 \text{ GeV}$
0.75 ±0.50 ±0.14		ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
1.054±0.069±0.047	22k	ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{\text{cm}}^{\text{ee}} = 10.6 \text{ GeV}$
1.23 ±0.22 ±0.10		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs
208 ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.				

$\eta^\tau(e \text{ or } \mu)$ PARAMETER

(V-A) theory predicts $\eta = 0$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.05 ±0.07 OUR AVERAGE				
0.27 ±0.14	54k	ACCIARRI	98R L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
-0.13 ±0.47 ±0.15		ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
-0.015±0.061±0.062	31k	AMMAR	97B CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
0.03 ±0.18 ±0.12	8.2k	ALBRECHT	95 ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV
-0.04 ±0.15 ±0.11		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.25 ±0.17 ±0.11	18k	ACCIARRI	96H L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 98R

$\eta^\tau(\mu)$ PARAMETER

(V-A) theory predicts $\eta = 0$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.10 ±0.18 OUR AVERAGE				
-0.59 ±0.82 ±0.45	209	ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
0.010±0.149±0.171	13k	210 AMMAR	97B CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
-0.24 ±0.23 ±0.18		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs

209 Highly correlated (corr. = 0.92) with ABE 970 $\rho^\tau(\mu)$ measurement.

210 Highly correlated (corr. = 0.949) with AMMAR 97B $\rho^\tau(\mu)$ value.

$(\delta\xi)^\tau(e \text{ or } \mu)$ PARAMETER

(V-A) theory predicts $(\delta\xi) = 0.75$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.740±0.025 OUR AVERAGE				
0.70 ±0.11	54k	ACCIARRI	98R L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.63 ±0.09	211 ALBRECHT	98 ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV	
0.88 ±0.27 ±0.04	212 ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs	
0.745±0.026±0.009	55k	ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
0.88 ±0.11 ±0.07		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.81 ±0.14 ±0.06	18k	ACCIARRI	96H L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 98R
0.65 ±0.12	213 ALBRECHT	95C ARG	Repl. by ALBRECHT 98	

211 Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 98, ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E. ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

212 ABE 970 assume $\eta^\tau = 0$ in their fit. Letting η^τ vary in the fit gives a $(\rho\xi)^\tau$ value of $0.87 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.04$.

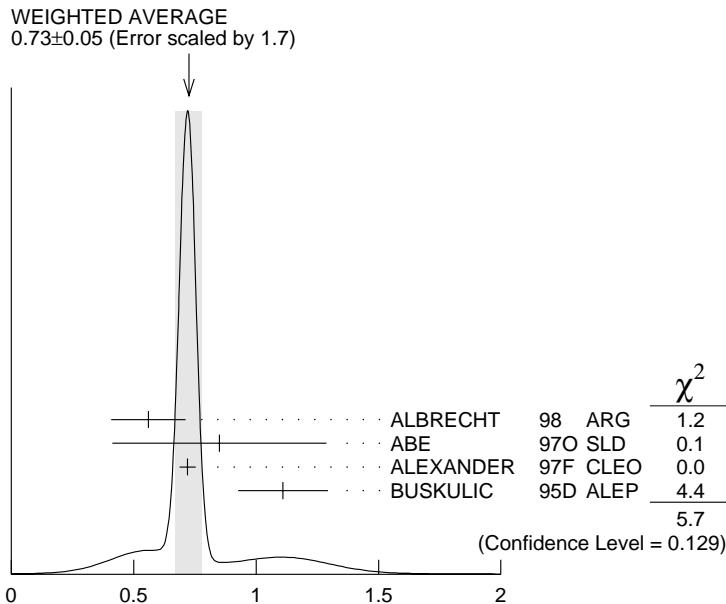
213 Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E. ALBRECHT 95C uses events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(h^+ h^- h^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau)$ and their charged conjugates.

$(\delta\xi)^{\tau}(e)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $(\delta\xi) = 0.75$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.73 ±0.05 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.7. See the ideogram below.
0.56 ± 0.14 ± 0.06	214	ALBRECHT	98 ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5-10.6$ GeV
0.85 ± 0.43 ± 0.08		ABE	970 SLD	1993-1995 SLC runs
0.720±0.032±0.010	34k	ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
1.11 ± 0.17 ± 0.07		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990-1992 LEP runs

214 ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.



$(\delta\xi)^{\tau}(e)$ PARAMETER

$(\delta\xi)^{\tau}(\mu)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $(\delta\xi) = 0.75$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.78 ±0.05 OUR AVERAGE				
0.73 ± 0.18 ± 0.10	215	ALBRECHT	98 ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5-10.6$ GeV
0.82 ± 0.32 ± 0.07		ABE	970 SLD	1993-1995 SLC runs
0.786±0.041±0.032	22k	ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
0.71 ± 0.14 ± 0.06		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990-1992 LEP runs

215 ALBRECHT 98 use tau pair events of the type $\tau^- \tau^+ \rightarrow (\ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau)(\pi^+ \pi^0 \bar{\nu}_\tau)$, and their charged conjugates.

$\xi^{\tau}(\pi)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $\xi^{\tau}(\pi) = 1$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.99 ±0.05 OUR AVERAGE				
0.81 ±0.17 ±0.02		ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
1.03 ±0.06 ±0.04	2.0k	COAN	97 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
0.987±0.057±0.027		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.95 ±0.11 ±0.05		216 BUSKULIC	94D ALEP	1990+1991 LEP run
216 Superseded by BUSKULIC 95D.				

$\xi^{\tau}(\rho)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $\xi^{\tau}(\rho) = 1$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.996±0.010 OUR AVERAGE				
0.99 ±0.12 ±0.04		ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
0.995±0.010±0.003	66k	ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
1.045±0.058±0.032		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1.03 ±0.11 ±0.05		217 BUSKULIC	94D ALEP	1990+1991 LEP run
217 Superseded by BUSKULIC 95D.				

$\xi^{\tau}(a_1)$ PARAMETER

($V-A$) theory predicts $\xi^{\tau}(a_1) = 1$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.02 ±0.04 OUR AVERAGE				
1.29 ±0.26 ±0.11	7.4k	218 ACKERSTAFF	97R OPAL	1992–1994 LEP runs
1.017±0.039		ALBRECHT	95C ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV
0.937±0.116±0.064		BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1.08 +0.46 +0.14 -0.41 -0.25	2.6k	219 AKERS	95P OPAL	Repl. by ACKER-STAFF 97R
1.022±0.028±0.030	1.7k	220 ALBRECHT	94E ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
1.25 ±0.23 +0.15 -0.08	7.5k	ALBRECHT	93C ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
218 ACKERSTAFF 97R obtain this result with a model independent fit to the hadronic structure functions. Fitting with the model of Kuhn and Santamaria (ZPHY C48 , 445 (1990)) gives $0.87 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.04$, and with the model of Isgur <i>et al.</i> (PR D39 , 1357 (1989)) they obtain $1.20 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.14$.				
219 AKERS 95P obtain this result with a model independent fit to the hadronic structure functions. Fitting with the model of Kuhn and Santamaria (ZPHY C48 , 445 (1990)) gives $0.87 \pm 0.27 +0.05 -0.06$, and with the model of Isgur <i>et al.</i> (PR D39 , 1357 (1989)) they obtain $1.10 \pm 0.31 +0.13 -0.14$.				
220 ALBRECHT 94E measure the square of this quantity and use the sign determined by ALBRECHT 90I to obtain the quoted result. Replaced by ALBRECHT 95C.				

ξ^τ (all hadronic modes) PARAMETER

(V-A) theory predicts $\xi^\tau = 1$.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.001±0.009 OUR AVERAGE				
1.032±0.031	37k	221 ACCIARRI	98R L3	1991–1995 LEP runs
0.93 ±0.10 ±0.04		ABE	970 SLD	1993–1995 SLC runs
1.29 ±0.26 ±0.11	7.4k	222 ACKERSTAFF	97R OPAL	1992–1994 LEP runs
0.995±0.010±0.003	66k	223 ALEXANDER	97F CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
1.03 ±0.06 ±0.04	2.0k	224 COAN	97 CLEO	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 10.6$ GeV
1.017±0.039		225 ALBRECHT	95C ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.5\text{--}10.6$ GeV
1.006±0.032±0.019		226 BUSKULIC	95D ALEP	1990–1992 LEP runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.970±0.053±0.011	14k	227 ACCIARRI	96H L3	Repl. by ACCIARRI 98R
1.08 +0.46 +0.14 -0.41 -0.25	2.6k	228 AKERS	95P OPAL	Repl. by ACKER-STAFF 97R
1.022±0.028±0.030	1.7k	229 ALBRECHT	94E ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
0.99 ±0.07 ±0.04		230 BUSKULIC	94D ALEP	1990+1991 LEP run
1.25 ±0.23 +0.15 -0.08	7.5k	231 ALBRECHT	93C ARG	$E_{cm}^{ee} = 9.4\text{--}10.6$ GeV
221 ACCIARRI 98R use $\tau \rightarrow \pi\nu_\tau$, $\tau \rightarrow K\nu_\tau$, and $\tau \rightarrow \rho\nu_\tau$ decays.				
222 ACKERSTAFF 97R use $\tau \rightarrow a_1\nu_\tau$ decays.				
223 ALEXANDER 97F use $\tau \rightarrow \rho\nu_\tau$ decays.				
224 COAN 97 use $h^+ h^-$ energy correlations.				
225 Combined fit to ARGUS tau decay parameter measurements in ALBRECHT 95C, ALBRECHT 93G, and ALBRECHT 94E.				
226 BUSKULIC 95D use $\tau \rightarrow \pi\nu_\tau$, $\tau \rightarrow \rho\nu_\tau$, and $\tau \rightarrow a_1\nu_\tau$ decays.				
227 ACCIARRI 96H use $\tau \rightarrow \pi\nu_\tau$, $\tau \rightarrow K\nu_\tau$, and $\tau \rightarrow \rho\nu_\tau$ decays.				
228 AKERS 95P use $\tau \rightarrow a_1\nu_\tau$ decays.				
229 ALBRECHT 94E measure the square of this quantity and use the sign determined by ALBRECHT 90I to obtain the quoted result. Uses $\tau \rightarrow a_1\nu_\tau$ decays. Replaced by ALBRECHT 95C.				
230 BUSKULIC 94D use $\tau \rightarrow \pi\nu_\tau$ and $\tau \rightarrow \rho\nu_\tau$ decays. Superseded by BUSKULIC 95D.				
231 Uses $\tau \rightarrow a_1\nu_\tau$ decays. Replaced by ALBRECHT 95C.				

τ REFERENCES

BISHAI	99	PRL 82 281	M. Bishai+	(CLEO Collab.)
ACCIARRI	98C	PL B426 207	M. Acciarri+	(L3 Collab.)
ACCIARRI	98E	PL B434 169	M. Aciarri+	(L3 Collab.)
ACCIARRI	98R	PL B438 405	M. Acciarri+	(L3 Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	98M	EPJ C4 193	K. Ackerstaff+	(OPAL Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	98N	PL B431 188	K. Ackerstaff+	(OPAL Collab.)
ALBRECHT	98	PL B431 179	H. Albrecht+	(ARGUS Collab.)
BARATE	98	EPJ C1 65	R. Barate+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BARATE	98E	EPJ C4 29	R. Barate+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BLISS	98	PR D57 5903	D.W. Bliss+	(CLEO Collab.)
ABE	97O	PRL 78 4691	+Akagi, Allen, Ash+	(SLD Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	97J	PL B404 213	+Alexander, Allison, Altekamp+	(OPAL Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	97L	ZPHY C74 403	+Alexander, Allison, Altekamp+	(OPAL Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	97R	ZPHY C75 593	K. Ackerstaff+	(OPAL Collab.)
ALEXANDER	97F	PR D56 5320	+Bebek, Berger, Berkelman, Bloom+	(CLEO Collab.)
AMMAR	97B	PRL 78 4686	R. Ammar+	(CLEO Collab.)
ANASTASSOV	97	PR D55 2559	+Blinov, Duboscq, Fisher, Fujino+	(CLEO Collab.)
Also	98B	PR D58 119903 (erratum)		
ANDERSON	97	PRL 79 3814	+Kubota, Lee, O'Neill, Patton+	(CLEO Collab.)
AVERY	97	PR D55 R1119	+Prescott, Yang, Yelton+	(CLEO Collab.)

BARATE	97I	ZPHY C74 387	+Buskulic, Decamp, Ghez, Goy+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BARATE	97R	PL B414 362	R. Barate+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BERGFELD	97	PRL 79 2406	+Eisenstein, Ernst, Gladding+	(CLEO Collab.)
BONVICINI	97	PRL 79 1221	+Cinabro, Green, Perera+	(CLEO Collab.)
BUSKULIC	97C	ZPHY C74 263	+De Bonis, Decamp, Ghez, Goy+	(ALEPH Collab.)
COAN	97	PR D55 7291	+Fadeyev, Korolkov, Maravin+	(CLEO Collab.)
EDWARDS	97	PR D55 R3919	+Bellerive, Janicek, MacFarlane+	(CLEO Collab.)
EDWARDS	97B	PR D56 R5297	+Bellerive, Janicek, MacFarlane+	(CLEO Collab.)
ESCRIBANO	97	PL B395 369	+Masso	(BARC, PARIT)
ABREU	96B	PL B365 448	+Adam, Adye, Agasi+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACCIARRI	96H	PL B377 313	+Adam, Adriani, Aguilar-Benitez+	(L3 Collab.)
ACCIARRI	96K	PL B389 187	+Adriani, Aguilar-Benitez, Ahlen+	(L3 Collab.)
ALAM	96	PRL 76 2637	+Kim, Ling, Mahmood, O'Neill+	(CLEO Collab.)
ALBRECHT	96E	PRPL 276 223	+Andam, Binder, Bockmann+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALEXANDER	96D	PL B369 163	+Allison, Altekamp, Ametewee+	(OPAL Collab.)
ALEXANDER	96E	PL B374 341	+Allison, Altekamp, Ametewee+	(OPAL Collab.)
ALEXANDER	96S	PL B388 437	+Allison, Altekamp, Ametewee+	(OPAL Collab.)
BAI	96	PR D53 20	+Bardon, Becker-Szendy, Blum+	(BES Collab.)
BALEST	96	PL B388 402	+Behrens, Cho, Daoudi, Ford+	(CLEO Collab.)
BARTELT	96	PRL 76 4119	+Csorna, Jain, Marka+	(CLEO Collab.)
BUSKULIC	96	ZPHY C70 579	+Casper, De Bonis, Decamp+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	96C	ZPHY C70 561	+Casper, De Bonis, Decamp+	(ALEPH Collab.)
COAN	96	PR D53 6037	+Dominick, Fadeyev, Korolkov+	(CLEO Collab.)
ABE	95Y	PR D52 4828	+Abt, Ahn, Akagi, Allen+	(SLD Collab.)
ABREU	95T	PL B357 715	+Adam, Adye, Agasi, Ajinenko+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABREU	95U	PL B359 411	+Adam, Adye, Agasi, Ajinenko+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACCIARRI	95	PL B345 93	+Adam, Adriani, Aguilar-Benitez+	(L3 Collab.)
ACCIARRI	95F	PL B352 487	+Adam, Adriani, Aguilar-Benitez+	(L3 Collab.)
AKERS	95F	ZPHY C66 31	+Alexander, Allison, Ametewee+	(OPAL Collab.)
AKERS	95I	ZPHY C66 543	+Alexander, Allison, Ametewee+	(OPAL Collab.)
AKERS	95P	ZPHY C67 45	+Alexander, Allison, Ametewee+	(OPAL Collab.)
AKERS	95Y	ZPHY C68 555	+Alexander, Allison, Altekamp+	(OPAL Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95	PL B341 441	+Hamacher, Hofmann, Kirchhoff+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95C	PL B349 576	+Hamacher, Hofmann, Kirchhoff+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95G	ZPHY C68 25	+Hamacher, Hofmann, Kirchhoff+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95H	ZPHY C68 215	+Hamacher, Hofmann, Kirchhoff+	(ARGUS Collab.)
BALEST	95C	PRL 75 3809	+Cho, Ford, Lohner+	(CLEO Collab.)
BUSKULIC	95C	PL B346 371	+Casper, De Bonis, Decamp+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	95D	PL B346 379	+Casper, De Bonis, Decamp+	(ALEPH Collab.)
Also	95P	PL B363 265 erratum		
ABREU	94K	PL B334 435	+Adam, Adye, Agasi+	(DELPHI Collab.)
AKERS	94E	PL B328 207	+Alexander, Allison, Anderson+	(OPAL Collab.)
AKERS	94G	PL B339 278	+Alexander, Allison, Anderson+	(OPAL Collab.)
ALBRECHT	94E	PL B337 383	+Hamacher, Hofmann+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ARTUSO	94	PRL 72 3762	+Goldberg, He, Horwitz+	(CLEO Collab.)
BARTELT	94	PRL 73 1890	+Csorna, Egyed, Jain+	(CLEO Collab.)
BATTLE	94	PRL 73 1079	+Ernst, Kwon, Roberts+	(CLEO Collab.)
BAUER	94	PR D50 R13	+Belcinski, Berg, Bingham+	(TPC/2gamma Collab.)
BUSKULIC	94D	PL B321 168	+De Bonis, Decamp, Ghez+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	94E	PL B332 209	+Casper, De Bonis, Decamp+	(ALEPH Collab.)
BUSKULIC	94F	PL B332 219	+Casper, De Bonis, Decamp+	(ALEPH Collab.)
GIBAUT	94B	PRL 73 934	+Kinoshita, Barish, Chadha+	(CLEO Collab.)
ADRIANI	93M	PRPL 236 1	+Aguilar-Benitez, Ahlen, Alcaraz, Aloisio+	(L3 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	93C	ZPHY C58 61	+Ehrlichmann, Hamacher+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	93G	PL B316 608	+Ehrlichmann, Hamacher+	(ARGUS Collab.)
BALEST	93	PR D47 R3671	+Daoudi, Ford, Johnson+	(CLEO Collab.)
BEAN	93	PRL 70 138	+Gronberg, Kutschke+	(CLEO Collab.)
BORTOLETTO	93	PRL 71 1791	+Brown, Fast, McIlwain+	(CLEO Collab.)
ESCRIBANO	93	PL B301 419	+Masso	(BARC)
PROCARIO	93	PRL 70 1207	+Yang, Balest, Cho+	(CLEO Collab.)
ABREU	92N	ZPHY C55 555	+Adam, Adye, Agasi+	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACTON	92F	PL B281 405	+Alexander, Allison, Allport+	(OPAL Collab.)
ACTON	92H	PL B288 373	+Allison, Allport+	(OPAL Collab.)
AKERIB	92	PRL 69 3610	+Barish, Chadha, Cowen+	(CLEO Collab.)
Also	93B	PRL 71 3395 (erratum)	Akerib, Barish, Chadha, Cowen+	(CLEO Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92D	ZPHY C53 367	+Ehrlichmann, Hamacher+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92K	ZPHY C55 179	+Ehrlichmann, Hamacher, Krueger+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92M	PL B292 221	+Ehrlichmann, Hamacher, Hofmann+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92Q	ZPHY C56 339	+Ehrlichmann, Hamacher+	(ARGUS Collab.)
AMMAR	92	PR D45 3976	+Baringer, Coppage, Davis+	(CLEO Collab.)
ARTUSO	92	PRL 69 3278	+Goldberg, Horwitz, Kennett+	(CLEO Collab.)

BAI	92	PRL 69 3021	+Bardon, Becker-Szendo, Burnett+	(BES Collab.)
BATTLE	92	PL B291 488	+Ernst, Kroha, Roberts+	(CLEO Collab.)
BUSKULIC	92J	PL B297 459	+Decamp, Goy, Lees+	(ALEPH Collab.)
DECAMP	92C	ZPHY C54 211	+Deschizeaux, Goy, Lees+	(ALEPH Collab.)
ADEVA	91F	PL B265 451	+Adriani, Aguilar-Benitez, Akbari+	(L3 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	91D	PL B260 259	+Ehrlichmann, Hamacher, Krueger+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALEXANDER	91D	PL B266 201	+Allison, Allport, Anderson+	(OPAL Collab.)
ANTREASYAN	91	PL B259 216	+Bartels, Basset, Bieler+	(Crystal Ball Collab.)
GRIFOLS	91	PL B255 611	+Mendez	(BARC)
SAMUEL	91B	PRL 67 668	+Li, Mendel	(OKSU, WONT)
Also Erratum.	92B	PRL 69 995	Samuel, Li, Mendel	(OKSU, WONT)
ABACHI	90	PR D41 1414	+Derrick, Kooijman, Musgrave+	(HRS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	90E	PL B246 278	+Ehrlichmann, Harder, Krueger+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	90I	PL B250 164	+Ehrlichmann, Harder, Krueger+	(ARGUS Collab.)
BEHREND	90	ZPHY C46 537	+Criegee, Field, Franke+	(CELLO Collab.)
BOWCOCK	90	PR D41 805	+Kinoshita, Pipkin, Procario+	(CLEO Collab.)
DELAGUILA	90	PL B252 116	+Sher	(BARC, WILL)
GOLDBERG	90	PL B251 223	+Haupt, Horwitz, Jain+	(CLEO Collab.)
WU	90	PR D41 2339	+Hayes, Perl, Barklow+	(Mark II Collab.)
ABACHI	89B	PR D40 902	+Derrick, Kooijman, Musgrave+	(HRS Collab.)
BEHREND	89B	PL B222 163	+Criegee, Dainton, Field, Franke+	(CELLO Collab.)
JANSSEN	89	PL B228 273	+Antreasyan, Bartels, Basset+	(Crystal Ball Collab.)
KLEINWORT	89	ZPHY C42 7	+Allison, Ambrus, Barlow+	(JADE Collab.)
ADEVA	88	PR D38 2665	+Anderhub, Ansari, Becker+	(Mark-J Collab.)
ALBRECHT	88B	PL B202 149	+Binder, Boeckmann+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	88L	ZPHY C41 1	+Boeckmann, Glaeser, Harder+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	88M	ZPHY C41 405	+Boeckmann, Glaeser, Harder+	(ARGUS Collab.)
AMIDEI	88	PR D37 1750	+Trilling, Abrams, Baden+	(Mark II Collab.)
BEHREND	88	PL B200 226	+Criegee, Dainton, Field+	(CELLO Collab.)
BRAUNSCH...	88C	ZPHY C39 331	Braunschweig, Kirschfink, Martyn+	(TASSO Collab.)
KEH	88	PL B212 123	+Antreasyan, Bartels, Basset+	(Crystal Ball Collab.)
TSCHIRHART	88	PL B205 407	+Abachi, Akerlof, Baringer+	(HRS Collab.)
ABACHI	87B	PL B197 291	+Baringer, Bylsma, De Bonte+	(HRS Collab.)
ABACHI	87C	PRL 59 2519	+Akerlof, Baringer, Blockus+	(HRS Collab.)
ADLER	87B	PRL 59 1527	+Becker, Blaylock, Bolton+	(Mark III Collab.)
AIHARA	87B	PR D35 1553	+Alston-Garnjost, Avery+	(TPC Collab.)
AIHARA	87C	PRL 59 751	+Alston-Garnjost, Avery+	(TPC Collab.)
ALBRECHT	87L	PL B185 223	+Binder, Boeckmann, Glaser+	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	87P	PL B199 580	+Andam, Binder, Boeckmann+	(ARGUS Collab.)
BAND	87	PL B198 297	+Camporesi, Chadwick, Delfino+	(MAC Collab.)
BAND	87B	PRL 59 415	+Bosman, Camporesi, Chadwick+	(MAC Collab.)
BARINGER	87	PRL 59 1993	+McIlwain, Miller, Shibata+	(CLEO Collab.)
BEBEK	87C	PR D36 690	+Berkelman, Blucher, Cassel+	(CLEO Collab.)
BURCHAT	87	PR D35 27	+Feldman, Barklow, Boyarski+	(Mark II Collab.)
BYLSMA	87	PR D35 2269	+Abachi, Baringer, DeBonte+	(HRS Collab.)
COFFMAN	87	PR D36 2185	+Dubois, Eigen, Hauser+	(Mark III Collab.)
DERRICK	87	PL B189 260	+Kooijman, Loos, Musgrave+	(HRS Collab.)
FORD	87	PR D35 408	+Qi, Read, Smith+	(MAC Collab.)
FORD	87B	PR D36 1971	+Qi, Read, Smith+	(MAC Collab.)
GAN	87	PRL 59 411	+Abrams, Amidei, Baden+	(Mark II Collab.)
GAN	87B	PL B197 561	+Abrams, Amidei, Baden+	(Mark II Collab.)
AIHARA	86E	PRL 57 1836	+Alston-Garnjost, Avery+	(TPC Collab.)
BARTEL	86D	PL B182 216	+Becker, Felst, Haidt, Knies+	(JADE Collab.)
PDG	86	PL 170B	Aguilar-Benitez, Porter+	(CERN, CIT+)
RUCKSTUHL	86	PRL 56 2132	+Stroynowski, Atwood, Barish+	(DELCO Collab.)
SCHMIDKE	86	PRL 57 527	+Abrams, Matteuzzi, Amidei+	(Mark II Collab.)
YELTON	86	PRL 56 812	+Dorfman, Abrams, Amidei+	(Mark II Collab.)
ALTHOFF	85	ZPHY C26 521	+Braunschweig, Kirschfink+	(TASSO Collab.)
ASH	85B	PRL 55 2118	+Band, Blume, Camporesi+	(MAC Collab.)
BALTRUSAIT...	85	PRL 55 1842	Baltrusaitis, Becker, Blaylock, Brown+	(Mark III Collab.)
BARTEL	85F	PL 161B 188	+Becker, Cords, Felst+	(JADE Collab.)
BEHRENDS	85	PR D32 2468	+Gentile, Guida, Guida, Morrow+	(CLEO Collab.)
BELTRAMI	85	PRL 54 1775	+Bylsma, DeBonte, Gan+	(HRS Collab.)
BERGER	85	ZPHY C28 1	+Genzel, Lackas, Pielorz+	(PLUTO Collab.)
BURCHAT	85	PRL 54 2489	+Schmidke, Yelton, Abrams+	(Mark II Collab.)
FERNANDEZ	85	PRL 54 1624	+Ford, Qi, Read+	(MAC Collab.)
MILLS	85	PRL 54 624	+Pal, Atwood, Baillon+	(DELCO Collab.)
AIHARA	84C	PR D30 2436	+Alston-Garnjost, Badtke, Bakken+	(TPC Collab.)

BEHREND	84	ZPHY C23 103	+Fenner, Schacter, Schroder+	(CELLO Collab.)
MILLS	84	PRL 52 1944	+Ruckstuhl, Atwood, Baillon+	(DELCO Collab.)
BEHREND	83C	PL 127B 270	+Chen, Fenner, Gumpel+	(CELLO Collab.)
SILVERMAN	83	PR D27 1196	+Shaw	(UCI)
BEHREND	82	PL 114B 282	+Chen, Fenner, Field+	(CELLO Collab.)
BLOCKER	82B	PRL 48 1586	+Abrams, Alam, Blondel+	(Mark II Collab.)
BLOCKER	82D	PL 109B 119	+Dorfman, Abrams, Alam+	(Mark II Collab.) J
FELDMAN	82	PRL 48 66	+Trilling, Abrams, Amidei+	(Mark II Collab.)
HAYES	82	PR D25 2869	+Perl, Alam, Boyarski+	(Mark II Collab.)
BERGER	81B	PL 99B 489	+Genzel, Grigull, Lackas+	(PLUTO Collab.)
DORFAN	81	PRL 46 215	+Blocker, Abrams, Alam+	(Mark II Collab.)
BRANDELIK	80	PL 92B 199	+Braunschweig, Gather+	(TASSO Collab.)
ZHOLENTZ	80	PL 96B 214	+Kurdadze, Lelchuk, Mishnev+	(NOVO)
Also	81	SJNP 34 814	Zholentz, Kurdadze, Lelchuk+	(NOVO)
		Translated from YAF 34	1471.	
BACINO	79B	PRL 42 749	+Ferguson, Nodulman, Slater+	(DELCO Collab.)
KIRKBY	79	SLAC-PUB-2419		(SLAC) J
Batavia Lepton Photon Conference.				
BACINO	78B	PRL 41 13	+Ferguson, Nodulman, Slater+	(DELCO Collab.) J
Also	78	Tokyo Conf. 249	Kirz	(STON)
Also	80	PL 96B 214	Zholentz, Kurdadze, Lelchuk, Mishnev+	(NOVO)
BRANDELIK	78	PL 73B 109	+Braunschweig, Martyn, Sander+	(DASP Collab.) J
FELDMAN	78	Tokyo Conf. 777		(SLAC) J
HEILE	78	NP B138 189	+Perl, Abrams, Alam, Boyarski+	(SLAC, LBL)
JAROS	78	PRL 40 1120	+Abrams, Alam+	(SLAC, LBL, NWES, HAWA)
PERL	75	PRL 35 1489	+Abrams, Boyarski, Breidenbach+	(LBL, SLAC)

— OTHER RELATED PAPERS —

RAHAL-CAL...	98	IJMP A13 695	G. Rahal-Callot	(ETH)
GENTILE	96	PRPL 274 287	+Pohl	(ROMAI, ETH)
WEINSTEIN	93	ARNPS 43 457	+Stroynowski	(CIT, SMU)
PERL	92	RPP 55 653		(SLAC)
PICH	90	MPL A5 1995		(VALE)
BARISH	88	PRPL 157 1	+Stroynowski	(CIT)
GAN	88	IJMP A3 531	+Perl	(SLAC)
HAYES	88	PR D38 3351	+Perl	(SLAC)
PERL	80	ARNPS 30 299		(SLAC)