



$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$ Status: ****

The parity of the Λ_c^+ is defined to be positive (as are the parities of the proton, neutron, and Λ). The spin J has not actually been measured yet. Results of an analysis of $pK^-\pi^+$ decays (JEZABEK 92) are consistent with the expected $J = 1/2$. The quark content is $u d c$.

We have omitted some results that have been superseded by later experiments. The omitted results may be found in earlier editions.

Λ_c^+ MASS

Measurements with an error greater than 5 MeV or that are otherwise obsolete have been omitted.

The fit also includes $\Sigma_c - \Lambda_c^+$ and $\Lambda_c^{*+} - \Lambda_c^+$ mass-difference measurements.
This doesn't affect the Λ_c^+ mass.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2284.9±0.6 OUR FIT				
2284.9±0.6 OUR AVERAGE				
2284.7±0.6±0.7	1134	AVERY	91 CLEO	Six modes
2281.7±2.7±2.6	29	ALVAREZ	90B NA14	$pK^-\pi^+$
2285.8±0.6±1.2	101	BARLAG	89 NA32	$pK^-\pi^+$
2284.7±2.3±0.5	5	AGUILAR-...	88B LEBC	$pK^-\pi^+$
2283.1±1.7±2.0	628	ALBRECHT	88C ARG	$pK^-\pi^+, p\bar{K}^0, \Lambda 3\pi$
2286.2±1.7±0.7	97	ANJOS	88B E691	$pK^-\pi^+$
2281 ±3	2	JONES	87 HBC	$pK^-\pi^+$
2283 ±3	3	BOSETTI	82 HBC	$pK^-\pi^+$
2290 ±3	1	CALICCHIO	80 HYBR	$pK^-\pi^+$

Λ_c^+ MEAN LIFE

Measurements with an error $\geq 0.1 \times 10^{-12}$ s or with fewer than 20 events have been omitted.

VALUE (10^{-12} s)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.188 ±0.007 OUR AVERAGE				
0.1796±0.0069±0.0044	4749	MAHMOOD	01 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
0.215 ±0.016 ±0.008	1340	FRABETTI	93D E687	$\gamma Be, \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$
0.18 ±0.03 ±0.03	29	ALVAREZ	90 NA14	$\gamma, \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$
0.20 ±0.03 ±0.03	90	FRABETTI	90 E687	$\gamma Be, \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$
0.196 +0.023 -0.020	101	BARLAG	89 NA32	$pK^-\pi^+ + c.c.$
0.22 ±0.03 ±0.02	97	ANJOS	88B E691	$pK^-\pi^+ + c.c.$

Λ_c^+ DECAY MODES

Nearly all branching fractions of the Λ_c^+ are measured relative to the $pK^-\pi^+$ mode, but there are no model-independent measurements of this branching fraction. We explain how we arrive at our value of $B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+)$ in a Note at the beginning of the branching-ratio measurements, below. When this branching fraction is eventually well determined, all the other branching fractions will slide up or down proportionally as the true value differs from the value we use here.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level
Hadronic modes with a p and one \bar{K}		
Γ_1 $p\bar{K}^0$		(2.3 \pm 0.6) %
Γ_2 $pK^-\pi^+$	[a]	(5.0 \pm 1.3) %
Γ_3 $p\bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[b]	(1.6 \pm 0.5) %
Γ_4 $\Delta(1232)^{++}K^-$		(8.6 \pm 3.0) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_5 $\Lambda(1520)\pi^+$	[b]	(5.9 \pm 2.1) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_6 $pK^-\pi^+$ nonresonant		(2.8 \pm 0.8) %
Γ_7 $p\bar{K}^0\pi^0$		(3.3 \pm 1.0) %
Γ_8 $p\bar{K}^0\eta$		(1.2 \pm 0.4) %
Γ_9 $p\bar{K}^0\pi^+\pi^-$		(2.6 \pm 0.7) %
Γ_{10} $pK^-\pi^+\pi^0$		(3.4 \pm 1.0) %
Γ_{11} $pK^*(892)^-\pi^+$	[b]	(1.1 \pm 0.5) %
Γ_{12} $p(K^-\pi^+)_{\text{nonresonant}}\pi^0$		(3.6 \pm 1.2) %
Γ_{13} $\Delta(1232)\bar{K}^*(892)$		seen
Γ_{14} $pK^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$		(1.1 \pm 0.8) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{15} $pK^-\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0$		(8 \pm 4) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{16} $pK^-\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$		(5.0 \pm 3.4) $\times 10^{-3}$
Hadronic modes with a p and zero or two K's		
Γ_{17} $p\pi^+\pi^-$		(3.5 \pm 2.0) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{18} $p f_0(980)$	[b]	(2.8 \pm 1.9) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{19} $p\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-$		(1.8 \pm 1.2) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{20} pK^+K^-		(2.3 \pm 0.9) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{21} $p\phi$	[b]	(1.2 \pm 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$
Hadronic modes with a hyperon		
Γ_{22} $\Lambda\pi^+$		(9.0 \pm 2.8) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{23} $\Lambda\pi^+\pi^0$		(3.6 \pm 1.3) %
Γ_{24} $\Lambda\rho^+$	< 5	% CL=95%
Γ_{25} $\Lambda\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$		(3.3 \pm 1.0) %
Γ_{26} $\Lambda\pi^+\eta$		(1.8 \pm 0.6) %
Γ_{27} $\Sigma(1385)^+\eta$	[b]	(8.5 \pm 3.3) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{28} $\Lambda K^+\bar{K}^0$		(6.0 \pm 2.1) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{29} $\Sigma^0\pi^+$		(9.9 \pm 3.2) $\times 10^{-3}$

Γ_{30}	$\Sigma^+ \pi^0$	(1.00 ± 0.34) %	
Γ_{31}	$\Sigma^+ \eta$	(5.5 ± 2.3) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{32}	$\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	(3.4 ± 1.0) %	
Γ_{33}	$\Sigma^+ \rho^0$	< 1.4 %	CL=95%
Γ_{34}	$\Sigma^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	(1.8 ± 0.8) %	
Γ_{35}	$\Sigma^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$	(1.8 ± 0.8) %	
Γ_{36}	$\Sigma^0 \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	(1.1 ± 0.4) %	
Γ_{37}	$\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	—	
Γ_{38}	$\Sigma^+ \omega$	[b] (2.7 ± 1.0) %	
Γ_{39}	$\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	(3.0 ± 4.1) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{40}	$\Sigma^+ K^+ K^-$	(3.5 ± 1.2) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{41}	$\Sigma^+ \phi$	[b] (3.5 ± 1.7) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{42}	$\Sigma^+ K^+ \pi^-$	(7 ± 6) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{43}	$\Xi^0 K^+$	(3.9 ± 1.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{44}	$\Xi^- K^+ \pi^+$	(4.9 ± 1.7) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{45}	$\Xi(1530)^0 K^+$	[b] (2.6 ± 1.0) $\times 10^{-3}$	

Semileptonic modes

Γ_{46}	$\Lambda \ell^+ \nu_\ell$	[c] (2.0 ± 0.6) %	
Γ_{47}	$\Lambda e^+ \nu_e$	(2.1 ± 0.6) %	
Γ_{48}	$\Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	(2.0 ± 0.7) %	

Inclusive modes

Γ_{49}	e^+ anything	(4.5 ± 1.7) %	
Γ_{50}	$p e^+$ anything	(1.8 ± 0.9) %	
Γ_{51}	Λe^+ anything		
Γ_{52}	p anything	(50 ± 16) %	
Γ_{53}	p anything (no Λ)	(12 ± 19) %	
Γ_{54}	p hadrons		
Γ_{55}	n anything	(50 ± 16) %	
Γ_{56}	n anything (no Λ)	(29 ± 17) %	
Γ_{57}	Λ anything	(35 ± 11) %	S=1.4
Γ_{58}	Σ^\pm anything	[d] (10 ± 5) %	

$\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current (C1) modes, or Lepton number (L) violating modes

Γ_{59}	$p \mu^+ \mu^-$	C1 < 3.4 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{60}	$\Sigma^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	L < 7.0 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%

[a] See the note on “ Λ_c^+ Branching Fractions” below.

[b] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance.

[c] An ℓ indicates an e or a μ mode, not a sum over these modes.

[d] The value is for the sum of the charge states or particle/antiparticle states indicated.

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Λ_c^+ BRANCHING RATIOS

— Hadronic modes with a p and one \bar{K} —

$$\Gamma(p\bar{K}^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	Γ_1/Γ_2
0.47±0.04 OUR AVERAGE					
0.46±0.02±0.04	1025	ALAM	98	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$	
0.44±0.07±0.05	133	AVERY	91	CLEO $e^+e^- 10.5 \text{ GeV}$	
0.55±0.17±0.14	45	ANJOS	90	E691 $\gamma\text{Be } 70\text{--}260 \text{ GeV}$	
0.62±0.15±0.03	73	ALBRECHT	88C	ARG $e^+e^- 10 \text{ GeV}$	

$$\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

See the note on " Λ_c^+ Branching Fractions" above.

$$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	Γ_2/Γ
0.050±0.013					
PDG		00		See note at top of ratios	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
0.050±0.005±0.012	1205	¹ JAFFE	00	CLE2 $e^+e^- 10.52\text{--}10.58 \text{ GeV}$	
0.041±0.010		^{2,3} ALBRECHT	920	ARG $e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$	
0.044±0.012		^{2,4} CRAWFORD	92	CLEO $e^+e^- 10.5 \text{ GeV}$	

¹ JAFFE 00 assumes that a \bar{D} meson and an antiproton in opposite hemispheres tags for a Λ_c^+ in the hemisphere of the \bar{p} . The fraction of such $\bar{D}\bar{p}$ events with a $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ decay then gives the $pK^-\pi^+$ branching fraction. See the paper for assumptions, caveats, etc.

² To extract $\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$, we use $B(\bar{B} \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+) = (0.28 \pm 0.06)\%$, which is the average of measurements from ARGUS (ALBRECHT 88C) and CLEO (CRAWFORD 92).

³ ALBRECHT 920 measures $B(\bar{B} \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) = (6.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3)\%$.

⁴ CRAWFORD 92 measures $B(\bar{B} \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) = (6.4 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.8)\%$.

$$\Gamma(p\bar{K}^*(892)^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma_3/\Gamma_2$$

Unseen decay modes of the $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	Γ_3/Γ_2
0.31±0.04 OUR AVERAGE					
0.29±0.04±0.03		⁵ AITALA	00	E791 $\pi^- N, 500 \text{ GeV}$	
$0.35^{+0.06}_{-0.07} \pm 0.03$	39	BOZEK	93	NA32 $\pi^- \text{Cu } 230 \text{ GeV}$	
0.42±0.24	12	BASILE	81B	CNTR $pp \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ e^- X$	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
0.35±0.11		BARLAG	90D	NA32 See BOZEK 93	

⁵ AITALA 00 makes a coherent 5-dimensional amplitude analysis of 946 ± 38 $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ decays.

$\Gamma(\Delta(1232)^{++} K^-)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_4/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.17±0.04 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.			
0.18±0.03±0.03	6	AITALA	00	E791 $\pi^- N$, 500 GeV
0.12 ^{+0.04} _{-0.05} ±0.05	14	BOZEK	93	NA32 $\pi^- Cu$ 230 GeV
0.40±0.17	17	BASILE	81B CNTR	$p p \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ e^- X$

⁶ AITALA 00 makes a coherent 5-dimensional amplitude analysis of $946 \pm 38 \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$ decays.

 $\Gamma(\Lambda(1520)\pi^+)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_5/Γ_2

Unseen decay modes of the $\Lambda(1520)$ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.119^{+0.032}_{-0.028} OUR AVERAGE				
0.15 ± 0.04 ± 0.02	7	AITALA	00	E791 $\pi^- N$, 500 GeV
0.09 ^{+0.04} _{-0.03} ± 0.02	12	BOZEK	93	NA32 $\pi^- Cu$ 230 GeV

⁷ AITALA 00 makes a coherent 5-dimensional amplitude analysis of $946 \pm 38 \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$ decays.

 $\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+ \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_6/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.55±0.06 OUR AVERAGE				
0.55±0.06±0.04	8	AITALA	00	E791 $\pi^- N$, 500 GeV
0.56 ^{+0.07} _{-0.09} ± 0.05	71	BOZEK	93	NA32 $\pi^- Cu$ 230 GeV

⁸ AITALA 00 makes a coherent 5-dimensional amplitude analysis of $946 \pm 38 \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$ decays.

 $\Gamma(p\bar{K}^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_7/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.66±0.05±0.07	774	ALAM	98	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(p\bar{K}^0\eta)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_8/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.25±0.04±0.04	57	AMMAR	95	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(p\bar{K}^0\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_9/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.51±0.06 OUR AVERAGE				
0.52±0.04±0.05	985	ALAM	98	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
0.43±0.12±0.04	83	AVERY	91	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ 10.5 GeV
0.98±0.36±0.08	12	BARLAG	90D NA32	π^- 230 GeV

 $\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{10}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.67±0.04±0.11	2606	ALAM	98	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Gamma(pK^*(892)^-\pi^+)/\Gamma(p\bar{K}^0\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{11}/Γ_9

Unseen decay modes of the $K^*(892)^-$ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.44±0.14	17	ALEEV	94	BIS2 nN 20–70 GeV

$\Gamma(p(K^-\pi^+)_{\text{nonresonant}}\pi^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{12}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.73±0.12±0.05	67	BOZEK	93	NA32 π^- Cu 230 GeV

$\Gamma(\Delta(1232)\bar{K}^*(892))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{13}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
seen	35	AMENDOLIA	87	SPEC γ Ge-Si

$\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{14}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.022±0.015		BARLAG	90D	NA32 π^- 230 GeV

$\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{15}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.16±0.07±0.03	15	BOZEK	93	NA32 π^- Cu 230 GeV

$\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{16}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.10±0.06±0.02	8	BOZEK	93	NA32 π^- Cu 230 GeV

———— Hadronic modes with a p and 0 or 2 K 's ———

$\Gamma(p\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{17}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.069±0.036		BARLAG	90D	NA32 π^- 230 GeV

$\Gamma(pf_0(980))/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{18}/Γ_2

Unseen decay modes of the $f_0(980)$ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.055±0.036		BARLAG	90D	NA32 π^- 230 GeV

$\Gamma(p\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{19}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.036±0.023		BARLAG	90D	NA32 π^- 230 GeV

$\Gamma(pK^+K^-)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{20}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.046±0.012 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
0.039±0.009±0.007	214	ALEXANDER	96C	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
0.096±0.029±0.010	30	FRABETTI	93H	E687 $\gamma Be, \bar{E}_\gamma$ 220 GeV
0.048±0.027		BARLAG	90D	NA32 π^- 230 GeV

$\Gamma(p\phi)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{21}/Γ_2 Unseen decay modes of the ϕ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.024±0.006±0.003	54	ALEXANDER	96C CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.040±0.027		BARLAG	90D NA32	$\pi^- 230 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(p\phi)/\Gamma(pK^+K^-)$ Γ_{21}/Γ_{20} Unseen decay modes of the ϕ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<0.58	90	FRABETTI	93H E687	$\gamma\text{Be}, \bar{E}_\gamma 220 \text{ GeV}$

Hadronic modes with a hyperon $\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{22}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.180±0.032 OUR AVERAGE					
0.18 ± 0.03 ± 0.04			ALBRECHT	92 ARG	$e^+e^- \approx 10.4 \text{ GeV}$
0.18 ± 0.03 ± 0.03		87	AVERY	91 CLEO	$e^+e^- 10.5 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<0.33		90	ANJOS	90 E691	$\gamma\text{Be} 70\text{--}260 \text{ GeV}$
<0.16		90	ALBRECHT	88C ARG	$e^+e^- 10 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{23}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.73±0.09±0.16	464	AVERY	94 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(3S), \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(\Lambda\rho^+)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{24}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.95	95	AVERY	94 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(3S), \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{25}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.66±0.11 OUR AVERAGE				
0.65±0.11±0.12	289	AVERY	91 CLEO	$e^+e^- 10.5 \text{ GeV}$
0.82±0.29±0.27	44	ANJOS	90 E691	$\gamma\text{Be} 70\text{--}260 \text{ GeV}$
0.94±0.41±0.13	10	BARLAG	90D NA32	$\pi^- 230 \text{ GeV}$
0.61±0.16±0.04	105	ALBRECHT	88C ARG	$e^+e^- 10 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(p\bar{K}^0\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_9/Γ_{25}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
2.6±1.2		ALEEV	96 SPEC	$n \text{ nucleus}, 50 \text{ GeV}/c$
4.3±1.2	130	ALEEV	84 BIS2	$n\text{C} 40\text{--}70 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(\Lambda\pi^+\eta)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{26}/Γ_2

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.35±0.05±0.06	116	AMMAR	95 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma(1385)^+\eta)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$

Unseen decay modes of the $\Sigma(1385)^+$ are included.

VALUE	EVTS
0.17±0.04±0.03	54

Γ_{27}/Γ_2

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
AMMAR	95	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Lambda K^+\bar{K}^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$

VALUE	EVTS
0.12 ±0.02 ±0.02	59

Γ_{28}/Γ_2

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
AMMAR	95	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^0\pi^+)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$

VALUE	EVTS
0.20±0.04 OUR AVERAGE	
0.21±0.02±0.04	196
0.17±0.06±0.04	

Γ_{29}/Γ_2

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
AVERY	94	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(3S), \gamma(4S)$
ALBRECHT	92	ARG $e^+e^- \approx 10.4$ GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$

VALUE	EVTS
0.20±0.03±0.03	93

Γ_{30}/Γ_2

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
KUBOTA	93	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+\eta)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$

VALUE	EVTS
0.11±0.03±0.02	26

Γ_{31}/Γ_2

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
AMMAR	95	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$

VALUE	EVTS
0.68±0.09 OUR AVERAGE	
0.74±0.07±0.09	487
0.54 ^{+0.18} _{-0.15}	11

Γ_{32}/Γ_2

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
KUBOTA	93	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
BARLAG	92	NA32 π^- Cu 230 GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+\rho^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$

VALUE	CL%
<0.27	95

Γ_{33}/Γ_2

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
KUBOTA	93	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^-\pi^+\pi^+)/\Gamma(\Sigma^+\pi^+\pi^-)$

VALUE	EVTS
0.53±0.15±0.07	56

Γ_{34}/Γ_{32}

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
FRABETTI	94E	E687 γ Be, \bar{E}_γ 220 GeV

$\Gamma(\Sigma^0\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$

VALUE	EVTS
0.36±0.09±0.10	117

Γ_{35}/Γ_2

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
AVERY	94	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(3S), \gamma(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^0\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$

VALUE	EVTS
0.21±0.05±0.05	90

Γ_{36}/Γ_2

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
AVERY	94	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(3S), \gamma(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+\omega)/\Gamma(pK^-\pi^+)$

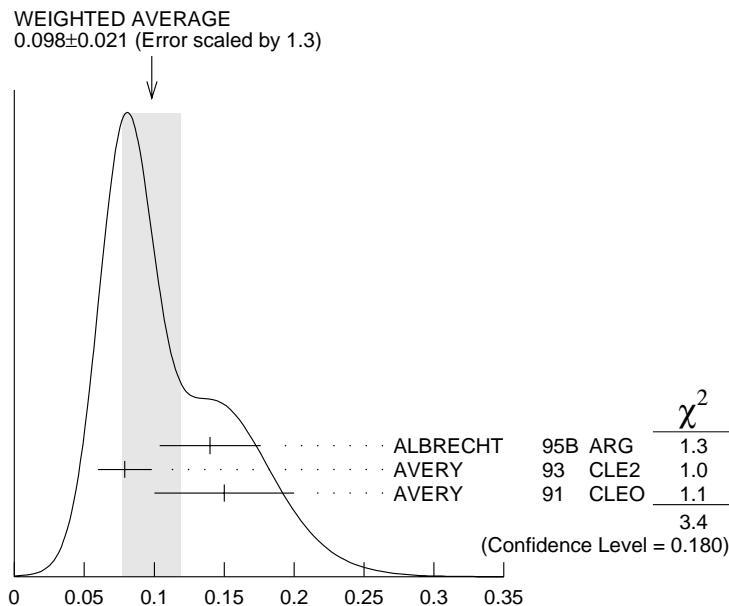
Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

VALUE	EVTS
0.54±0.13±0.06	107

Γ_{38}/Γ_2

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
KUBOTA	93	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$					Γ_{39}/Γ_2
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$0.06^{+0.08}_{-0.04}$	1	BARLAG	92	NA32	π^- Cu 230 GeV
$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$					Γ_{40}/Γ_2
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$0.070 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.011$	59	AVERY	93	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV
$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \phi)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$					Γ_{41}/Γ_2
Unseen decay modes of the ϕ are included.					
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$0.069 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.016$	26	AVERY	93	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV
$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ K^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$					Γ_{42}/Γ_2
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$0.13^{+0.12}_{-0.07}$	2	BARLAG	92	NA32	π^- Cu 230 GeV
$\Gamma(\Xi^0 K^+)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$					Γ_{43}/Γ_2
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$0.078 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.013$	56	AVERY	93	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV
$\Gamma(\Xi^- K^+ \pi^+)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$					Γ_{44}/Γ_2
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
0.098 ± 0.021 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.				
0.14 $\pm 0.03 \pm 0.02$	34	ALBRECHT	95B ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.4$ GeV	
$0.079 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.014$	60	AVERY	93 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV	
0.15 $\pm 0.04 \pm 0.03$	30	AVERY	91 CLEO	$e^+ e^- 10.5$ GeV	



$$\Gamma(\Xi^- K^+ \pi^+)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma(\Xi(1530)^0 K^+)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma_{45}/\Gamma_2$$

Unseen decay modes of the $\Xi(1530)^0$ are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.052±0.014 OUR AVERAGE				
0.05 ± 0.02 ± 0.01	11	ALBRECHT	95B ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.4 \text{ GeV}$
0.053 ± 0.016 ± 0.010	24	AVERY	93 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.5 \text{ GeV}$

Semileptonic modes

$$\Gamma(\Lambda \ell^+ \nu_\ell)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma_{46}/\Gamma_2$$

We average here the averages of the next two data blocks.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	COMMENT
0.41±0.05 OUR AVERAGE		
0.42 ± 0.07	PDG	00 Our $\Gamma(\Lambda e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$
0.39 ± 0.08	PDG	00 Our $\Gamma(\Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$

$$\Gamma(\Lambda e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$$

$$\Gamma_{47}/\Gamma_2$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.42±0.07 OUR AVERAGE			

0.43 ± 0.08	9,10 BERGFELD	94 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
0.38 ± 0.14	10,11 ALBRECHT	91G ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.4 \text{ GeV}$

⁹ BERGFELD 94 measures $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ \nu_e) = (4.87 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.69) \text{ pb}.$

¹⁰ To extract $\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+)$, we use $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+) = (11.2 \pm 1.3) \text{ pb}$, which is the weighted average of measurements from ARGUS (ALBRECHT 96E) and CLEO (AVERY 91).

¹¹ ALBRECHT 91G measures $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ \nu_e) = (4.20 \pm 1.28 \pm 0.71) \text{ pb}$.

$\Gamma(\Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(p K^- \pi^+)$				Γ_{48}/Γ_2
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
0.39±0.08 OUR AVERAGE				
0.40±0.09	12,13 BERGFELD	94 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$	
0.35±0.20	13,14 ALBRECHT	91G ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.4 \text{ GeV}$	
¹² BERGFELD 94 measures $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu) = (4.43 \pm 0.51 \pm 0.64) \text{ pb}$.				
¹³ To extract $\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+)$, we use $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+) = (11.2 \pm 1.3) \text{ pb}$, which is the weighted average of measurements from ARGUS (ALBRECHT 96E) and CLEO (AVERY 91).				
¹⁴ ALBRECHT 91G measures $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ X) \cdot B(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu) = (3.91 \pm 2.02 \pm 0.90) \text{ pb}$.				

Inclusive modes

$\Gamma(e^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				Γ_{49}/Γ
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
0.045±0.017	VELLA	82	MRK2	$e^+ e^- 4.5\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(p e^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				Γ_{50}/Γ
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
0.018±0.009	15 VELLA	82	MRK2	$e^+ e^- 4.5\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

¹⁵ VELLA 82 includes protons from Λ decay.

$\Gamma(\Lambda e^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				Γ_{51}/Γ
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				

0.011±0.008 ¹⁶ VELLA 82 MRK2 $e^+ e^- 4.5\text{--}6.8 \text{ GeV}$

¹⁶ VELLA 82 includes Λ 's from Σ^0 decay.

$\Gamma(p \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				Γ_{52}/Γ
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
0.50±0.08±0.14	17 CRAWFORD	92 CLEO	$e^+ e^- 10.5 \text{ GeV}$	

¹⁷ This CRAWFORD 92 value includes protons from Λ decay. The value is model dependent, but account is taken of this in the systematic error.

$\Gamma(p \text{ anything (no } \Lambda))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				Γ_{53}/Γ
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
0.12±0.10±0.16	CRAWFORD	92 CLEO	$e^+ e^- 10.5 \text{ GeV}$	

$\Gamma(n \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				Γ_{55}/Γ
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
0.50±0.08±0.14	18 CRAWFORD	92 CLEO	$e^+ e^- 10.5 \text{ GeV}$	

¹⁸ This CRAWFORD 92 value includes neutrons from Λ decay. The value is model dependent, but account is taken of this in the systematic error.

$\Gamma(n \text{ anything (no } \Lambda)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.29±0.09±0.15	CRAWFORD 92	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ 10.5 GeV

Γ_{56}/Γ

$\Gamma(p \text{ hadrons}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.41±0.24	ADAMOVICH 87	EMUL	γA 20–70 GeV/c

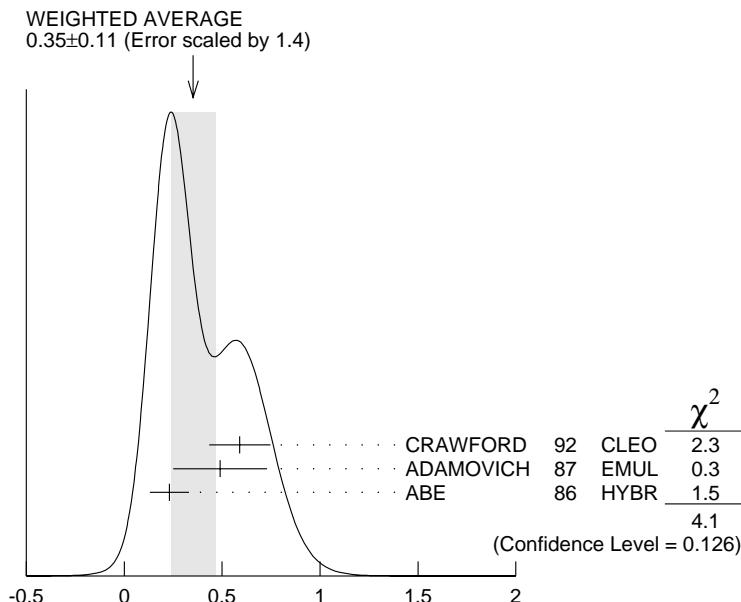
Γ_{54}/Γ

$\Gamma(\Lambda \text{ anything}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.35±0.11 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.
0.59±0.10±0.12		CRAWFORD 92	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ 10.5 GeV
0.49±0.24		ADAMOVICH 87	EMUL	γA 20–70 GeV/c
0.23±0.10	8	19 ABE	HYBR	20 GeV γp

19 ABE 86 includes Λ 's from Σ^0 decay.

Γ_{57}/Γ



$\Gamma(\Lambda \text{ anything}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma(\Sigma^\pm \text{anything}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.1 ±0.05	5	ABE	HYBR	20 GeV γp

Γ_{58}/Γ

Rare or forbidden modes

 $\Gamma(p\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{59}/Γ**

A test for the $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<3.4 \times 10^{-4}$	90	0	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV

 $\Gamma(\Sigma^-\mu^+\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{60}/Γ**

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<7.0 \times 10^{-4}$	90	0	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV

 $\Lambda_c^+ \text{ DECAY PARAMETERS}$

See the note on "Baryon Decay Parameters" in the neutron Listings.

 $\alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.98 \pm 0.19 \text{ OUR AVERAGE}$				
-0.94 $\pm 0.21 \pm 0.12$	414	20 BISHAI	95 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
-0.96 ± 0.42		ALBRECHT	92 ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.4 \text{ GeV}$
-1.1 ± 0.4	86	AVERY	90B CLEO	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.6 \text{ GeV}$

20 BISHAI 95 actually gives $\alpha = -0.94^{+0.21+0.12}_{-0.06-0.06}$, chopping the errors at the physical limit -1.0 . However, for $\alpha \approx -1.0$, some experiments should get unphysical values ($\alpha < -1.0$), and for averaging with other measurements such values (or errors that extend below -1.0) should *not* be chopped.

 $\alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+\pi^0$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.45 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.06$	89	BISHAI	95 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\ell^+\nu_\ell$

The experiments don't cover the complete (or same incomplete) $M(\Lambda\ell^+)$ range, but we average them together anyway.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.82^{+0.11}_{-0.07} \text{ OUR AVERAGE}$				
-0.82 $\pm 0.09 \pm 0.06$	700	21 CRAWFORD	95 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
-0.91 $\pm 0.42 \pm 0.25$		22 ALBRECHT	94B ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
-0.89 $\pm 0.17 \pm 0.09$	350	23 BERGFELD	94 CLE2	See CRAWFORD 95

21 CRAWFORD 95 measures the form-factor ratio $R \equiv f_2/f_1$ for $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+\nu_e$ events to be $-0.25 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.08$ and from this calculates α , averaged over q^2 , to be the above.

22 ALBRECHT 94B uses Λe^+ and $\Lambda\mu^+$ events in the mass range $1.85 < M(\Lambda\ell^+) < 2.20 \text{ GeV}$.

23 BERGFELD 94 uses Λe^+ events.

Λ_c^+ REFERENCES

We have omitted some papers that have been superseded by later experiments. The omitted papers may be found in our 1992 edition (Physical Review **D45**, 1 June, Part II) or in earlier editions.

MAHMOOD	01	PRL 86 2232	A.H. Mahmood <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AITALA	00	PL B471 449	E.M. Aitala <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E791 Collab.)
JAFFE	00	PR D62 072005	D.E. Jaffe <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
PDG	00	EPJ C15 1	D.E. Groom <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALAM	98	PR D57 4467	M.S. Alam <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALBRECHT	96E	PRPL 276 223	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALEEV	96	JINRRC 3 31	A.N. Aleev <i>et al.</i>	(Serpukhov EXCHARM Collab.)
ALEXANDER	96C	PR D53 R1013	J.P. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95B	PL B342 397	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
AMMAR	95	PRL 74 3534	R. Ammar <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BISHAI	95	PL B350 256	M. Bishai <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
CRAWFORD	95	PRL 75 624	G. Crawford <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
KODAMA	95	PL B345 85	K. Kodama <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E653 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	94B	PL B326 320	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALEEV	94	PAN 57 1370	A.N. Aleev <i>et al.</i>	(Serpukhov BIS-2 Collab.)
		Translated from YF 57 1443.		
AVERY	94	PL B325 257	P. Avery <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BERGFELD	94	PL B323 219	T. Bergfeld <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	94E	PL B328 193	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
AVERY	93	PRL 71 2391	P. Avery <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BOZEK	93	PL B312 247	A. Bozek <i>et al.</i>	(CERN NA32 Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	93D	PRL 70 1755	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	93H	PL B314 477	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
KUBOTA	93	PRL 71 3255	Y. Kubota <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92	PL B274 239	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92O	ZPHY C56 1	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
BARLAG	92	PL B283 465	S. Barlag <i>et al.</i>	(ACCMOR Collab.)
CRAWFORD	92	PR D45 752	G. Crawford <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
JEZABEK	92	PL B286 175	M. Jezabek, K. Rybicki, R. Rylko	(CRAC)
ALBRECHT	91G	PL B269 234	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
AVERY	91	PR D43 3599	P. Avery <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALVAREZ	90	ZPHY C47 539	M.P. Alvarez <i>et al.</i>	(CERN NA14/2 Collab.)
ALVAREZ	90B	PL B246 256	M.P. Alvarez <i>et al.</i>	(CERN NA14/2 Collab.)
ANJOS	90	PR D41 801	J.C. Anjos <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E691 Collab.)
AVERY	90B	PRL 65 2842	P. Avery <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BARLAG	90D	ZPHY C48 29	S. Barlag <i>et al.</i>	(ACCMOR Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	90	PL B251 639	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
BARLAG	89	PL B218 374	S. Barlag <i>et al.</i>	(ACCMOR Collab.)
AGUILAR-...	88B	ZPHY C40 321	M. Aguilar-Benitez <i>et al.</i>	(LEBC-EHS Collab.)
Also	87	PL B189 254	M. Aguilar-Benitez <i>et al.</i>	(LEBC-EHS Collab.)
Also	87B	PL B199 462	M. Aguilar-Benitez <i>et al.</i>	(LEBC-EHS Collab.)
Also	88	SJNP 48 833	M. Begalli <i>et al.</i>	(LEBC-EHS Collab.)
		Translated from YAF 48 1310.		
ALBRECHT	88C	PL B207 109	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ANJOS	88B	PRL 60 1379	J.C. Anjos <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E691 Collab.)
ADAMOVICH	87	EPL 4 887	M.I. Adamovich <i>et al.</i>	
Also	87	SJNP 46 447	F. Viaggi <i>et al.</i>	(Photon Emulsion Collab.)
		Translated from YAF 46 799.		
AMENDOLIA	87	ZPHY C36 513	S.R. Amendolia <i>et al.</i>	(CERN NA1 Collab.)
JONES	87	ZPHY C36 593	G.T. Jones <i>et al.</i>	(CERN WA21 Collab.)
ABE	86	PR D33 1	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	
ALEEV	84	ZPHY C23 333	A.N. Aleev <i>et al.</i>	(BIS-2 Collab.)
BOSETTI	82	PL 109B 234	P.C. Bosetti <i>et al.</i>	(AACH3, BONN, CERN+)
VELLA	82	PRL 48 1515	E. Vella <i>et al.</i>	(SLAC, LBL, UCB)
BASILE	81B	NC 62A 14	M. Basile <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, BGNA, PGIA, FRAS)
CALICCHIO	80	PL 93B 521	M. Calicchio <i>et al.</i>	(BARI, BIRM, BRUX+)

OTHER RELATED PAPERS

MIGLIOZZI	99	PL B462 217	P. Migliozi <i>et al.</i>	
DUNIETZ	98	PR D58 094010	I. Dunietz	