

BOTTOM MESONS ($B = \pm 1$)

$B^+ = u\bar{b}$, $B^0 = d\bar{b}$, $\bar{B}^0 = \bar{d} b$, $B^- = \bar{u} b$, similarly for B^* 's

B-particle organization

Many measurements of B decays involve admixtures of B hadrons. Previously we arbitrarily included such admixtures in the B^\pm section, but because of their importance we have created two new sections: “ B^\pm/B^0 Admixture” for $\Upsilon(4S)$ results and “ $B^\pm/B^0/B_s^0/b$ -baryon Admixture” for results at higher energies. Most inclusive decay branching fractions and χ_b at high energy are found in the Admixture sections. B^0 - \bar{B}^0 mixing data are found in the B^0 section, while B_s^0 - \bar{B}_s^0 mixing data and B - \bar{B} mixing data for a B^0/B_s^0 admixture are found in the B_s^0 section. CP -violation data are found in the B^\pm , B^0 , and $B^\pm B^0$ Admixture sections. b -baryons are found near the end of the Baryon section.

The organization of the B sections is now as follows, where bullets indicate particle sections and brackets indicate reviews.

- B^\pm
 - mass, mean life, branching fractions CP violation
- B^0
 - mass, mean life, branching fractions
 - polarization in B^0 decay, B^0 - \bar{B}^0 mixing, CP violation
- $B^\pm B^0$ Admixtures
 - branching fractions, CP violation
- $B^\pm/B^0/B_s^0/b$ -baryon Admixtures
 - mean life, production fractions, branching fractions
 - χ_b at high energy, V_{cb} measurements
- B^*
 - mass
- B_s^0
 - mass, mean life, branching fractions
 - polarization in B_s^0 decay, B_s^0 - \bar{B}_s^0 mixing
- B_c^\pm
 - mass, mean life, branching fractions

At end of Baryon Listings:

- Λ_b
 - mass, mean life, branching fractions
- b -baryon Admixture
 - mean life, branching fractions

B $^\pm$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^-)$$

I , J , P need confirmation. Quantum numbers shown are quark-model predictions.

Mass $m_{B^\pm} = 5279.0 \pm 0.5$ MeV
 Mean life $\tau_{B^\pm} = (1.674 \pm 0.018) \times 10^{-12}$ s
 $c\tau = 502 \mu\text{m}$

CP violation

$$\begin{aligned} A_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi(1S)K^+) &= 0.008 \pm 0.025 \\ A_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi(1S)\pi^+) &= 0.01 \pm 0.22 \\ A_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow \psi(2S)K^+) &= 0.02 \pm 0.09 \\ A_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+\pi^0) &= -0.10 \pm 0.12 \\ A_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow K_S^0\pi^+) &= -0.05 \pm 0.14 \\ A_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+\eta') &= -0.02 \pm 0.07 \\ A_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow \omega\pi^+) &= -0.21 \pm 0.19 \\ A_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow \phi K^+) &= -0.05 \pm 0.20 \\ A_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow \phi K^*(892)^+) &= -0.43^{+0.36}_{-0.31} \end{aligned}$$

B^- modes are charge conjugates of the modes below. Modes which do not identify the charge state of the B are listed in the B^\pm/B^0 ADMIXTURE section.

The branching fractions listed below assume 50% $B^0\bar{B}^0$ and 50% B^+B^- production at the $\Upsilon(4S)$. We have attempted to bring older measurements up to date by rescaling their assumed $\Upsilon(4S)$ production ratio to 50:50 and their assumed D , D_s , D^* , and ψ branching ratios to current values whenever this would affect our averages and best limits significantly.

Indentation is used to indicate a subchannel of a previous reaction. All resonant subchannels have been corrected for resonance branching fractions to the final state so the sum of the subchannel branching fractions can exceed that of the final state.

B$^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
Semileptonic and leptonic modes			
$\ell^+\nu_\ell$ anything	[qq] (10.2 ± 0.9) %		—
$\overline{D}^0\ell^+\nu_\ell$	[qq] (2.15 ± 0.22) %		—
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0\ell^+\nu_\ell$	[qq] (5.3 ± 0.8) %		—
$\overline{D}_1(2420)^0\ell^+\nu_\ell$	$(5.6 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-3}$		—
$\overline{D}_2^*(2460)^0\ell^+\nu_\ell$	$< 8 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	—
$\pi^0 e^+\nu_e$	$(9.0 \pm 2.8) \times 10^{-5}$		2638

$\omega \ell^+ \nu_\ell$	$[qq] < 2.1 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	—
$\rho^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$	$[qq] (1.34^{+0.32}_{-0.35}) \times 10^{-4}$		—
$e^+ \nu_e$	$< 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2640
$\mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$< 2.1 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2638
$\tau^+ \nu_\tau$	$< 5.7 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2340
$e^+ \nu_e \gamma$	$< 2.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	—
$\mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma$	$< 5.2 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—

 D , D^* , or D_s modes

$\overline{D}^0 \pi^+$	$(5.3 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$		2308
$\overline{D}^0 \rho^+$	$(1.34 \pm 0.18) \%$		2237
$\overline{D}^0 K^+$	$(3.7 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.1	—
$\overline{D}^0 K^*(892)^+$	$(6.1 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-4}$		—
$\overline{D}^0 \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(1.1 \pm 0.4) \%$		2289
$\overline{D}^0 \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ nonresonant	$(5 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$		2289
$\overline{D}^0 \pi^+ \rho^0$	$(4.2 \pm 3.0) \times 10^{-3}$		2208
$\overline{D}^0 a_1(1260)^+$	$(5 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$		2123
$\overline{D}^0 \omega \pi^+$	$(4.1 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$		—
$D^*(2010)^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	$(2.1 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$		2247
$D^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	$< 1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2299
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 \pi^+$	$(4.6 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$		2256
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 \omega \pi^+$	$(4.5 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-3}$		—
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 \rho^+$	$(1.55 \pm 0.31) \%$		2182
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 K^+$	$(3.6 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-4}$		—
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 K^*(892)^+$	$(7.2 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-4}$		—
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(9.4 \pm 2.6) \times 10^{-3}$		2236
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 a_1(1260)^+$	$(1.9 \pm 0.5) \%$		2062
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^0$	$(1.8 \pm 0.4) \%$		—
$D^*(2010)^+ \pi^0$	$< 1.7 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2254
$\overline{D}^*(2010)^+ K^0$	$< 9.5 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$D^*(2010)^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^0$	$(1.5 \pm 0.7) \%$		2235
$D^*(2010)^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$< 1 \%$	CL=90%	2217
$\overline{D}_1^*(2420)^0 \pi^+$	$(1.5 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.3	2081
$\overline{D}_1^*(2420)^0 \rho^+$	$< 1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	1996
$\overline{D}_2^*(2460)^0 \pi^+$	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2064
$\overline{D}_2^*(2460)^0 \rho^+$	$< 4.7 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	1978
$\overline{D}^0 D_s^+$	$(1.3 \pm 0.4) \%$		1815
$\overline{D}^0 D_s^{*+}$	$(9 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$		1734
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 D_s^+$	$(1.2 \pm 0.5) \%$		1737
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 D_s^{*+}$	$(2.7 \pm 1.0) \%$		1650
$D_s^{(*)+} \overline{D}^{**0}$	$(2.7 \pm 1.2) \%$		—

$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 D^*(2010)^+$	< 1.1	%	CL=90%	-
$\overline{D}^0 D^*(2010)^+ +$	< 1.3	%	CL=90%	-
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0 D^+$				
$\overline{D}^0 D^+$	< 6.7	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
$D_s^+ \pi^0$	< 2.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2270
$D_s^{*+} \pi^0$	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2214
$D_s^+ \eta$	< 5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2235
$D_s^{*+} \eta$	< 8	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2178
$D_s^+ \rho^0$	< 4	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2197
$D_s^{*+} \rho^0$	< 5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2138
$D_s^+ \omega$	< 5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2195
$D_s^{*+} \omega$	< 7	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2136
$D_s^+ a_1(1260)^0$	< 2.2	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2079
$D_s^{*+} a_1(1260)^0$	< 1.6	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2014
$D_s^+ \phi$	< 3.2	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2141
$D_s^{*+} \phi$	< 4	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2079
$D_s^+ \overline{K}^0$	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2241
$D_s^{*+} \overline{K}^0$	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2184
$D_s^+ \overline{K}^*(892)^0$	< 5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2171
$D_s^{*+} \overline{K}^*(892)^0$	< 4	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2110
$D_s^- \pi^+ K^+$	< 8	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2222
$D_s^{*-} \pi^+ K^+$	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2164
$D_s^- \pi^+ K^*(892)^+$	< 6	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2137
$D_s^{*-} \pi^+ K^*(892)^+$	< 8	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2076

Charmonium modes

$\eta_c K^+$	(6.9 ± 3.4) $\times 10^{-4}$	-
$J/\psi(1S) K^+$	(1.01 ± 0.05) $\times 10^{-3}$	1683
$J/\psi(1S) K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	(1.4 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$	1612
$J/\psi(1S) K^*(892)^+$	(1.39 ± 0.13) $\times 10^{-3}$	1571
$J/\psi(1S) K(1270)^+$	(1.8 ± 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$	-
$J/\psi(1S) K(1400)^+$	< 5 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90% -
$J/\psi(1S) \phi K^+$	(8.8 ± 3.7) $\times 10^{-5}$	-
$J/\psi(1S) \pi^+$	(4.2 ± 0.7) $\times 10^{-5}$	1727
$J/\psi(1S) \rho^+$	< 7.7 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90% 1613
$J/\psi(1S) a_1(1260)^+$	< 1.2 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90% 1414

$\psi(2S)K^+$	(6.6 \pm 0.6) $\times 10^{-4}$	1284
$\psi(2S)K^*(892)^+$	(9.2 \pm 2.2) $\times 10^{-4}$	1115
$\psi(2S)K^+\pi^+\pi^-$	(1.9 \pm 1.2) $\times 10^{-3}$	909
$\chi_{c0}(1P)K^+$	(6.0 \pm 2.4) $\times 10^{-4}$	—
$\chi_{c1}(1P)K^+$	(6.5 \pm 1.1) $\times 10^{-4}$	1412
$\chi_{c1}(1P)K^*(892)^+$	< 2.1 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90% 1265

K or K^* modes

$K^0\pi^+$	(1.73 \pm 0.27) $\times 10^{-5}$	2614
$K^+\pi^0$	(1.21 \pm 0.16) $\times 10^{-5}$	2615
$\eta'K^+$	(7.5 \pm 0.7) $\times 10^{-5}$	2528
$\eta'K^*(892)^+$	< 3.5 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% 2472
ηK^+	< 6.9 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90% 2587
$\eta K^*(892)^+$	(2.6 \pm 1.0) $\times 10^{-5}$	2534
ωK^+	< 4 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90% —
$\omega K^*(892)^+$	< 8.7 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% —
$K^*(892)^0\pi^+$	(1.9 \pm 0.6) $\times 10^{-5}$	2561
$K^*(892)^+\pi^0$	< 3.1 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% 2562
$K^+\pi^-\pi^+$	(5.6 \pm 1.0) $\times 10^{-5}$	—
$K^+\pi^-\pi^+$ nonresonant	< 2.8 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% 2609
$K^+\rho^0$	< 1.2 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% 2559
$K_2^*(1430)^0\pi^+$	< 6.8 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90% 2443
$K^-\pi^+\pi^+$	< 7.0 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90% —
$K^-\pi^+\pi^+$ nonresonant	< 5.6 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% —
$K_1(1400)^0\pi^+$	< 2.6 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90% 2451
$K^0\rho^+$	< 4.8 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% 2559
$K^*(892)^+\pi^+\pi^-$	< 1.1 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90% 2556
$K^*(892)^+\rho^0$	< 7.4 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% 2504
$K^*(892)^+K^*(892)^0$	< 7.1 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% —
$K_1(1400)^+\rho^0$	< 7.8 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90% 2388
$K_2^*(1430)^+\rho^0$	< 1.5 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90% 2382
$K^+\bar{K}^0$	< 2.4 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90% 2592
$K^+K^-\pi^+$	< 1.2 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90% —
$K^+K^-\pi^+$ nonresonant	< 7.5 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% —
$K^+K^+\pi^-$	< 3.2 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% —
$K^+K^+\pi^-$ nonresonant	< 8.79 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% —
$K^+K^*(892)^0$	< 5.3 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90% —
$K^+K^-K^+$	(3.5 \pm 0.6) $\times 10^{-5}$	2522
$K^+\phi$	(7.9 \pm 2.0) $\times 10^{-6}$	S=1.6 2516

$K^+ K^- K^+$ nonresonant	< 3.8	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2516
$K^*(892)^+ K^+ K^-$	< 1.6	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2466
$K^*(892)^+ \phi$	(10 $\begin{array}{l} +5 \\ -4 \end{array}$)	$\times 10^{-6}$		2460
$K_1(1400)^+ \phi$	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2339
$K_2^*(1430)^+ \phi$	< 3.4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2332
$K^*(892)^+ \gamma$	(3.8 ± 0.5)	$\times 10^{-5}$		2564
$K_1(1270)^+ \gamma$	< 7.3	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2486
$K_1(1400)^+ \gamma$	< 2.2	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2453
$K_2^*(1430)^+ \gamma$	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2447
$K^*(1680)^+ \gamma$	< 1.9	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2360
$K_3^*(1780)^+ \gamma$	< 5.5	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2341
$K_4^*(2045)^+ \gamma$	< 9.9	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2243

Light unflavored meson modes

$\rho^+ \gamma$	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$\pi^+ \pi^0$	< 9.6	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2636
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2630
$\rho^0 \pi^+$	(1.0 ± 0.4)	$\times 10^{-5}$		2581
$\pi^+ f_0(980)$	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2547
$\pi^+ f_2(1270)$	< 2.4	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2483
$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \text{nonresonant}$	< 4.1	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	< 8.9	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2631
$\rho^+ \pi^0$	< 4.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2581
$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	< 4.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2621
$\rho^+ \rho^0$	< 1.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2524
$a_1(1260)^+ \pi^0$	< 1.7	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2494
$a_1(1260)^0 \pi^+$	< 9.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2494
$\omega \pi^+$	(8.1 $\begin{array}{l} +2.3 \\ -2.0 \end{array}$)	$\times 10^{-6}$	S=1.2	2580
$\omega \rho^+$	< 6.1	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$\eta \pi^+$	< 5.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2609
$\eta' \pi^+$	< 7.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2550
$\eta' \rho^+$	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2493
$\eta \rho^+$	< 1.5	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2554
$\phi \pi^+$	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	—
$\phi \rho^+$	< 1.6	$\times 10^{-5}$		—
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	< 8.6	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2608
$\rho^0 a_1(1260)^+$	< 6.2	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2433
$\rho^0 a_2(1320)^+$	< 7.2	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2411
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- \pi^0$	< 6.3	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2592
$a_1(1260)^+ a_1(1260)^0$	< 1.3	%	CL=90%	2335

Charged particle (h^\pm) modes

$h^\pm = K^\pm$ or π^\pm

$h^+ \pi^0$	$(1.6 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-5}$	—
ωh^+	$(1.4 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-5}$	—
$h^+ X^0$ (Familon)	$< 4.9 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% —

Baryon modes

$p \bar{p} \pi^+$	$< 1.6 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2439
$p \bar{p} \pi^+$ nonresonant	$< 5.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$p \bar{p} \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$< 5.2 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2369
$p \bar{p} K^+$ nonresonant	$< 8.9 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$p \bar{\Lambda}$	$< 2.6 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2430
$p \bar{\Lambda} \pi^+ \pi^-$	$< 2.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2367
$\Delta^0 p$	$< 3.8 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2402
$\Delta^{++} \bar{p}$	$< 1.5 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2402
$\Lambda_c^- p \pi^+$	$(6.2 \pm 2.7) \times 10^{-4}$	—	
$\Lambda_c^- p \pi^+ \pi^0$	$< 3.12 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	—
$\Lambda_c^- p \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$< 1.46 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	—
$\Lambda_c^- p \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$< 1.34 \%$	CL=90%	—

Lepton Family number (LF) or Lepton number (L) violating modes, or $\Delta B = 1$ weak neutral current ($B1$) modes

$\pi^+ e^+ e^-$	$B1$	$< 3.9 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2638
$\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$B1$	$< 9.1 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2633
$K^+ e^+ e^-$	$B1$	$< 1.4 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2616
$K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$B1$	$(10 \pm 5) \times 10^{-7}$		2612
$K^+ \bar{\nu} \nu$	$B1$	$< 2.4 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	—
$K^*(892)^+ e^+ e^-$	$B1$	$< 8.9 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2564
$K^*(892)^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$B1$	$< 3.9 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2560
$\pi^+ e^+ \mu^-$	LF	$< 6.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2637
$\pi^+ e^- \mu^+$	LF	$< 6.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2637
$K^+ e^+ \mu^-$	LF	$< 6.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2615
$K^+ e^- \mu^+$	LF	$< 6.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2615
$\pi^- e^+ e^+$	L	$< 3.9 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2638
$\pi^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	L	$< 9.1 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2633
$\pi^- e^+ \mu^+$	L	$< 6.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2637
$K^- e^+ e^+$	L	$< 3.9 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2616
$K^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	L	$< 9.1 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2612
$K^- e^+ \mu^+$	L	$< 6.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2615

B^0

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^-)$$

I, J, P need confirmation. Quantum numbers shown are quark-model predictions.

Mass $m_{B^0} = 5279.4 \pm 0.5$ MeV

$m_{B^0} - m_{B^\pm} = 0.33 \pm 0.28$ MeV ($S = 1.1$)

Mean life $\tau_{B^0} = (1.542 \pm 0.016) \times 10^{-12}$ s

$c\tau = 462$ μ m

$\tau_{B^+}/\tau_{B^0} = 1.083 \pm 0.017$ (direct measurements)

B^0 - \bar{B}^0 mixing parameters

$\chi_d = 0.181 \pm 0.004$

$\Delta m_{B^0} = m_{B_H^0} - m_{B_L^0} = (0.489 \pm 0.008) \times 10^{12}$ \hbar s $^{-1}$

$x_d = \Delta m_{B^0}/\Gamma_{B^0} = 0.755 \pm 0.015$

CP violation parameters

$\text{Re}(\epsilon_{B^0})/(1 + |\epsilon_{B^0}|^2) = (0 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$

$A_{CP}(B^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-) = -0.09 \pm 0.06$

$A_{CP}(B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*(892)^0) = 0.00 \pm 0.27$

$C_{\pi\pi}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) = -0.2 \pm 0.5$

$S_{\pi\pi}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) = 0.0 \pm 0.6$

$\sin(2\beta) = 0.79 \pm 0.14$ ($S = 1.3$)

\bar{B}^0 modes are charge conjugates of the modes below. Reactions indicate the weak decay vertex and do not include mixing. Modes which do not identify the charge state of the B are listed in the B^\pm/B^0 ADMIXTURE section.

The branching fractions listed below assume 50% $B^0\bar{B}^0$ and 50% B^+B^- production at the $\Upsilon(4S)$. We have attempted to bring older measurements up to date by rescaling their assumed $\Upsilon(4S)$ production ratio to 50:50 and their assumed D , D_s , D^* , and ψ branching ratios to current values whenever this would affect our averages and best limits significantly.

Indentation is used to indicate a subchannel of a previous reaction. All resonant subchannels have been corrected for resonance branching fractions to the final state so the sum of the subchannel branching fractions can exceed that of the final state.

B^0 DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\ell^+\nu_\ell$ anything	[qq] $(10.5 \pm 0.8)\%$		—
$D^-\ell^+\nu_\ell$	[qq] $(2.11 \pm 0.17)\%$		—
$D^*(2010)^-\ell^+\nu_\ell$	[qq] $(4.60 \pm 0.21)\%$		—
$\rho^-\ell^+\nu_\ell$	[qq] $(2.6 \begin{array}{l} +0.6 \\ -0.7 \end{array}) \times 10^{-4}$		—
$\pi^-\ell^+\nu_\ell$	$(1.8 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$		—
Inclusive modes			
K^+ anything	$(78 \pm 8)\%$		—
D, D^*, or D_s modes			
$D^-\pi^+$	$(3.0 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	2306	
$D^-\rho^+$	$(7.8 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$	2236	
$D^-K^*(892)^+$	$(3.7 \pm 1.8) \times 10^{-4}$	—	
$D^-\omega\pi^+$	$(2.8 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$	—	
D^-K^+	$(2.0 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$	—	
$\bar{D}^0\pi^+\pi^-$	$< 1.6 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2301
$D^*(2010)^-\pi^+$	$(2.76 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-3}$	2255	
$D^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$	$(8.0 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-3}$	2287	
$(D^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)$ nonresonant	$(3.9 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-3}$	2287	
$D^-\pi^+\rho^0$	$(1.1 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-3}$	2207	
$D^-a_1(1260)^+$	$(6.0 \pm 3.3) \times 10^{-3}$	2121	
$D^*(2010)^-\pi^+\pi^0$	$(1.5 \pm 0.5)\%$	2248	
$D^*(2010)^-\rho^+$	$(7.3 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-3}$	2181	
$D^*(2010)^-K^+$	$(2.0 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$	—	
$D^*(2010)^-K^*(892)^+$	$(3.8 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-4}$	—	
$D^*(2010)^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$	$(7.6 \pm 1.8) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.4	2235
$(D^*(2010)^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)$ non-resonant	$(0.0 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-3}$		2235
$D^*(2010)^-\pi^+\rho^0$	$(5.7 \pm 3.2) \times 10^{-3}$	2151	
$D^*(2010)^-a_1(1260)^+$	$(1.30 \pm 0.27)\%$		2061

$D^*(2010)^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	(1.76 ± 0.27) %	2218
$D^*(2010)^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-\pi^0$	(1.8 ± 0.7) %	—
$D^*(2010)^-p\bar{p}\pi^+$	(6.5 ± 1.6) × 10 ⁻⁴	—
$D^*(2010)^-p\bar{n}$	(1.5 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁻³	—
$\overline{D}^*(2010)^-\omega\pi^+$	(2.9 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁻³	—
$\overline{D}_2^*(2460)^-\pi^+$	< 2.2 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90% 2064
$\overline{D}_2^*(2460)^-\rho^+$	< 4.9 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90% 1978
D^-D^+	< 9.4 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% —
$D^-D_s^+$	(8.0 ± 3.0) × 10 ⁻³	1812
$D^*(2010)^-D_s^+$	(1.11 ± 0.33) %	1735
$D^-D_s^{*+}$	(1.0 ± 0.5) %	1732
$D^*(2010)^-D_s^{*+}$	(1.8 ± 0.6) %	1649
$D_s^+\pi^-$	< 2.8 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2270
$D_s^{*+}\pi^-$	< 5 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2215
$D_s^+\rho^-$	< 7 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2198
$D_s^{*+}\rho^-$	< 8 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2139
$D_s^+a_1(1260)^-$	< 2.6 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90% 2079
$D_s^{*+}a_1(1260)^-$	< 2.2 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90% 2015
$D_s^-K^+$	< 2.4 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2242
$D_s^{*-}K^+$	< 1.7 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2185
$D_s^-K^*(892)^+$	< 9.9 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2172
$D_s^{*-}K^*(892)^+$	< 1.1 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90% 2112
$D_s^-\pi^+K^0$	< 5 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90% 2222
$D_s^{*-}\pi^+K^0$	< 3.1 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90% 2164
$D_s^-\pi^+K^*(892)^0$	< 4 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90% 2137
$D_s^{*-}\pi^+K^*(892)^0$	< 2.0 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90% 2075
$\overline{D}^0\pi^0$	(2.9 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁻⁴	2308
$\overline{D}^0\rho^0$	< 3.9 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2238
$\overline{D}^0\eta$	(1.4 ± 0.6) × 10 ⁻⁴	2274
$\overline{D}^0\eta'$	< 9.4 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2198
$\overline{D}^0\omega$	(1.8 ± 0.6) × 10 ⁻⁴	2235
$\overline{D}^{*0}\gamma$	< 5.0 × 10 ⁻⁵	CL=90% —
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0\pi^0$	(2.5 ± 0.7) × 10 ⁻⁴	2256
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0\rho^0$	< 5.6 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2182
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0\eta$	< 2.6 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2220
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0\eta'$	< 1.4 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90% 2141
$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0\omega$	< 7.4 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90% 2180
$D^*(2007)^0\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-$	(3.0 ± 0.9) × 10 ⁻³	—

$D^*(2010)^+ D^*(2010)^-$	(9.9 ± 4.4) $\times 10^{-4}$		1711
$D^*(2010)^+ D^-$	< 6.3 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	1790
$D^{(*)0} \bar{D}^{(*)0}$	< 2.7 %	CL=90%	-

Charmonium modes

$\eta_c K^0$	(1.1 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$		-
$J/\psi(1S) K^0$	(8.7 ± 0.5) $\times 10^{-4}$		1683
$J/\psi(1S) K^+ \pi^-$	(1.2 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$		1652
$J/\psi(1S) K^*(892)^0$	(1.31 ± 0.09) $\times 10^{-3}$		1570
$J/\psi(1S) \phi K^0$	(8.8 ± 3.7) $\times 10^{-5}$		-
$J/\psi(1S) K(1270)^0$	(1.3 ± 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$		-
$J/\psi(1S) \pi^0$	(2.1 ± 0.5) $\times 10^{-5}$		1728
$J/\psi(1S) \eta$	< 1.2 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	1672
$J/\psi(1S) \rho^0$	< 2.5 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	1614
$J/\psi(1S) \omega$	< 2.7 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	1609
$J/\psi(1S) K^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	(1.0 ± 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$		-
$J/\psi(1S) K^0 \rho^0$	(5.4 ± 3.0) $\times 10^{-4}$		-
$J/\psi(1S) K^*(892)^+ \pi^-$	(8 ± 4) $\times 10^{-4}$		-
$J/\psi(1S) K^*(892)^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	(6.6 ± 2.2) $\times 10^{-4}$		-
$\psi(2S) K^0$	(5.7 ± 1.0) $\times 10^{-4}$		1283
$\psi(2S) K^+ \pi^-$	< 1 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	1238
$\psi(2S) K^*(892)^0$	(8.0 ± 1.3) $\times 10^{-4}$		1113
$\chi_{c0}(1P) K^0$	< 5.0 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	-
$\chi_{c1}(1P) K^0$	(4.0 ± 1.2) $\times 10^{-4}$		1411
$\chi_{c1}(1P) K^*(892)^0$	(4.1 ± 1.5) $\times 10^{-4}$		1263

K or K^* modes

$K^+ \pi^-$	(1.74 ± 0.15) $\times 10^{-5}$		2615
$K^0 \pi^0$	(1.07 ± 0.27) $\times 10^{-5}$		2614
$\eta' K^0$	(5.8 ± 1.4) $\times 10^{-5}$	S=1.5	2528
$\eta' K^*(892)^0$	< 2.4 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2472
$\eta K^*(892)^0$	(1.4 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-5}$		2534
ηK^0	< 9.3 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2593
ωK^0	< 1.3 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	-
$K_S^0 X^0$ (Familon)	< 5.3 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	-
$\omega K^*(892)^0$	< 2.3 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	-
$K^+ K^-$	< 1.9 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2593
$K^0 \bar{K}^0$	< 1.7 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2592
$K^+ \rho^-$	< 3.2 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2559
$K^0 \rho^0$	< 3.9 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2559
$K^0 f_0(980)$	< 3.6 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2524

$K^*(892)^+ \pi^-$	< 7.2	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2562
$K^*(892)^0 \pi^0$	< 3.6	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2562
$K_2^*(1430)^+ \pi^-$	< 2.6	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2445
$K^0 K^+ K^-$	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2522
$K^0 \phi$	$(8.1 \pm 3.2) \times 10^{-6}$			2516
$K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	[ccc] < 2.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2600
$K^*(892)^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2556
$K^*(892)^0 \rho^0$	< 3.4	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2504
$K^*(892)^0 f_0(980)$	< 1.7	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2467
$K_1(1400)^+ \pi^-$	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2451
$K^- a_1(1260)^+$	[ccc] < 2.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2471
$K^*(892)^0 K^+ K^-$	< 6.1	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2466
$K^*(892)^0 \phi$	$(9.5 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-6}$			2459
$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 K^*(892)^0$	< 2.2	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$K^*(892)^0 K^*(892)^0$	< 3.7	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$K^*(892)^+ K^*(892)^-$	< 1.41	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	—
$K_1(1400)^0 \rho^0$	< 3.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2388
$K_1(1400)^0 \phi$	< 5.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2340
$K_2^*(1430)^0 \rho^0$	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2380
$K_2^*(1430)^0 \phi$	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2331
$K^*(892)^0 \gamma$	$(4.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-5}$			2564
$K_1(1270)^0 \gamma$	< 7.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2486
$K_1(1400)^0 \gamma$	< 4.3	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2454
$K_2^*(1430)^0 \gamma$	< 4.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2445
$K^*(1680)^0 \gamma$	< 2.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2360
$K_3^*(1780)^0 \gamma$	< 1.0	%	CL=90%	2341
$K_4^*(2045)^0 \gamma$	< 4.3	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2244

Light unflavored meson modes

$\rho^0 \gamma$	< 1.7	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$\omega \gamma$	< 9.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	—
$\phi \gamma$	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	—
$\pi^+ \pi^-$	$(4.4 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-6}$			2636
$\pi^0 \pi^0$	< 5.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2636
$\eta \pi^0$	< 2.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2610
$\eta \eta$	< 1.8	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2582
$\eta' \pi^0$	< 5.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2551
$\eta' \eta'$	< 4.7	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2460
$\eta' \eta$	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2522
$\eta' \rho^0$	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2493
$\eta \rho^0$	< 1.0	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2554
$\omega \eta$	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$\omega \eta'$	< 6.0	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—

$\omega\rho^0$	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$\omega\omega$	< 1.9	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$\phi\pi^0$	< 5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	—
$\phi\eta$	< 9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	—
$\phi\eta'$	< 3.1	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$\phi\rho^0$	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$\phi\omega$	< 2.1	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$\phi\phi$	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2435
$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	< 7.2	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2631
$\rho^0\pi^0$	< 5.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2581
$\rho^\mp\pi^\pm$	[ff] (2.8 ± 0.9)	$\times 10^{-5}$		2581
$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$	< 2.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2621
$\rho^0\rho^0$	< 1.8	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2525
$a_1(1260)^\mp\pi^\pm$	[ff] < 4.9	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2494
$a_2(1320)^\mp\pi^\pm$	[ff] < 3.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2473
$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$	< 3.1	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2622
$\rho^+\rho^-$	< 2.2	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2525
$a_1(1260)^0\pi^0$	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2494
$\omega\pi^0$	< 3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2580
$\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-\pi^0$	< 9.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2609
$a_1(1260)^+\rho^-$	< 3.4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2433
$a_1(1260)^0\rho^0$	< 2.4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2433
$\pi^+\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-\pi^-$	< 3.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2592
$a_1(1260)^+a_1(1260)^-$	< 2.8	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2336
$\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-\pi^-\pi^0$	< 1.1	%	CL=90%	2572

Baryon modes

$p\bar{p}$	< 7.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2467
$p\bar{p}\pi^+\pi^-$	< 2.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2406
$p\Lambda\pi^-$	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2401
$\bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$	< 3.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	—
$\Delta^0\bar{\Delta}^0$	< 1.5	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2335
$\Delta^{++}\bar{\Delta}^{--}$	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2335
$\bar{\Sigma}_c^{--}\Delta^{++}$	< 1.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	1839
$\bar{\Lambda}_c^- p\pi^+\pi^-$	(1.3 ± 0.6)	$\times 10^{-3}$		—
$\bar{\Lambda}_c^- p$	< 2.1	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2021
$\bar{\Lambda}_c^- p\pi^0$	< 5.9	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	—
$\bar{\Lambda}_c^- p\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	< 5.07	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	—
$\bar{\Lambda}_c^- p\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$	< 2.74	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	—

**Lepton Family number (*LF*) violating modes, or
 $\Delta B = 1$ weak neutral current (*B1*) modes**

$\gamma\gamma$		< 1.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2640
$e^+ e^-$	<i>B1</i>	< 8.3	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	2640
$\mu^+ \mu^-$	<i>B1</i>	< 6.1	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	2638
$K^0 e^+ e^-$	<i>B1</i>	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2616
$K^0 \mu^+ \mu^-$	<i>B1</i>	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2612
$K^*(892)^0 e^+ e^-$	<i>B1</i>	< 6.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2564
$K^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \mu^-$	<i>B1</i>	< 4.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2559
$K^*(892)^0 \nu\bar{\nu}$	<i>B1</i>	< 1.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2244
$e^\pm \mu^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	[ff] < 1.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2639
$e^\pm \tau^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	[ff] < 5.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2341
$\mu^\pm \tau^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	[ff] < 8.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2339

B^\pm/B^0 ADMIXTURE

***CP* violation**

$$A_{CP}(B \rightarrow K^*(892)\gamma) = -0.01 \pm 0.07$$

$$A_{CP}(B \rightarrow s\gamma) = -0.08 \pm 0.11$$

The branching fraction measurements are for an admixture of *B* mesons at the $\Upsilon(4S)$. The values quoted assume that $B(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B}) = 100\%$.

For inclusive branching fractions, e.g., $B \rightarrow D^\pm$ anything, the treatment of multiple *D*'s in the final state must be defined. One possibility would be to count the number of events with one-or-more *D*'s and divide by the total number of *B*'s. Another possibility would be to count the total number of *D*'s and divide by the total number of *B*'s, which is the definition of average multiplicity. The two definitions are identical when only one of the specified particles is allowed in the final state. Even though the "one-or-more" definition seems sensible, for practical reasons inclusive branching fractions are almost always measured using the multiplicity definition. For heavy final state particles, authors call their results inclusive branching fractions while for light particles some authors call their results multiplicities. In the *B* sections, we list all results as inclusive branching fractions, adopting a multiplicity definition. This means that inclusive branching fractions can exceed 100% and that inclusive partial widths can exceed total widths, just as inclusive cross sections can exceed total cross sections.

\bar{B} modes are charge conjugates of the modes below. Reactions indicate the weak decay vertex and do not include mixing.

<i>B</i> DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	<i>p</i> (MeV/c)
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Semileptonic and leptonic modes

$B \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e$ anything	[ddd]	(10.2 \pm 0.4) %	-
$B \rightarrow \bar{p} e^+ \nu_e$ anything		< 1.6 $\times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq,ddd]	(10.38 \pm 0.32) %	-
$B \rightarrow D^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq]	(2.7 \pm 0.8) %	-
$B \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq]	(7.0 \pm 1.4) %	-
$B \rightarrow \bar{D}^{**} \ell^+ \nu_\ell$	[qq,eee]	(2.7 \pm 0.7) %	-
$B \rightarrow \bar{D}_1(2420) \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything		(7.4 \pm 1.6) $\times 10^{-3}$	-
$B \rightarrow D \pi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything + $D^* \pi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything		(2.6 \pm 0.5) %	S=1.5
$B \rightarrow D \pi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything		(1.5 \pm 0.6) %	-
$B \rightarrow D^* \pi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything		(1.9 \pm 0.4) %	-
$B \rightarrow \bar{D}_2^*(2460) \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything		< 6.5 $\times 10^{-3}$ CL=95%	-
$B \rightarrow D^{*-} \pi^+ \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything		(1.00 \pm 0.34) %	-
$B \rightarrow D_s^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq]	< 9 $\times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow D_s^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell K^+$ anything	[qq]	< 6 $\times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow D_s^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell K^0$ anything	[qq]	< 9 $\times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow K^+ \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq]	(6.0 \pm 0.6) %	-
$B \rightarrow K^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq]	(10 \pm 4) $\times 10^{-3}$	-
$B \rightarrow K^0 / \bar{K}^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq]	(4.4 \pm 0.5) %	-

 D , D^* , or D_s modes

$B \rightarrow D^\pm$ anything		(23.9 \pm 1.9) %	-
$B \rightarrow D^0 / \bar{D}^0$ anything		(63.9 \pm 3.0) %	S=1.1
$B \rightarrow D^*(2010)^\pm$ anything		(22.5 \pm 1.5) %	-
$B \rightarrow D^*(2007)^0$ anything		(26.0 \pm 2.7) %	-
$B \rightarrow D_s^\pm$ anything	[ff]	(10.5 \pm 2.6) %	-
$B \rightarrow D_s^{*\pm}$ anything		(7.9 \pm 2.2) %	-
$B \rightarrow D_s^{*\pm} \bar{D}^{(*)}$		(4.2 \pm 1.2) %	-
$B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \bar{D}^{(*)} K^0 + D^{(*)} \bar{D}^{(*)} K^\pm$	[ff,fff]	(7.1 \pm 2.7) %	-
$b \rightarrow c \bar{c} s$		(22 \pm 4) %	-
$B \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \bar{D}^{(*)}$	[ff,fff]	(4.9 \pm 1.2) %	-
$B \rightarrow D^* D^*(2010)^\pm$	[ff]	< 5.9 $\times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow D D^*(2010)^\pm + D^* D^\pm$	[ff]	< 5.5 $\times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%	-

$B \rightarrow DD^\pm$	$[ff] < 3.1$	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow D_s^{(*)\pm} \bar{D}^{(*)} X(n\pi^\pm)$	$[ff,fff] (9 \pm 5)$	%		-
$B \rightarrow D^*(2010)\gamma$	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow D_s^+ \pi^-$, $D_s^{*+} \pi^-$, $D_s^+ \rho^-$, $D_s^{*+} \rho^-$, $D_s^+ \pi^0$, $D_s^{*+} \pi^0$, $D_s^+ \eta$, $D_s^{*+} \eta$, $D_s^+ \rho^0$, $D_s^{*+} \rho^0$, $D_s^+ \omega$, $D_s^{*+} \omega$	$[ff] < 5$	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow D_{s1}(2536)^+$ anything	< 9.5	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
Charmonium modes				
$B \rightarrow J/\psi(1S)$ anything	(1.15 ± 0.06) %			-
$B \rightarrow J/\psi(1S)$ (direct) anything	(8.0 ± 0.8) $\times 10^{-3}$			-
$B \rightarrow \psi(2S)$ anything	(3.5 ± 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$			-
$B \rightarrow \chi_{c1}(1P)$ anything	(3.6 ± 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$			-
$B \rightarrow \chi_{c1}(1P)$ (direct) anything	(3.3 ± 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$			-
$B \rightarrow \chi_{c2}(1P)$ anything	(7 ± 4) $\times 10^{-4}$			-
$B \rightarrow \eta_c(1S)$ anything	< 9	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
K or K^* modes				
$B \rightarrow K^\pm$ anything	$[ff] (78.9 \pm 2.5)$ %			-
$B \rightarrow K^+$ anything	(66 ± 5) %			-
$B \rightarrow K^-$ anything	(13 ± 4) %			-
$B \rightarrow K^0/\bar{K}^0$ anything	$[ff] (64 \pm 4)$ %			-
$B \rightarrow K^*(892)^\pm$ anything	(18 ± 6) %			-
$B \rightarrow K^*(892)^0/\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ anything	$[ff] (14.6 \pm 2.6)$ %			-
$B \rightarrow K^*(892)\gamma$	(4.2 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-5}$			-
$B \rightarrow K_1(1400)\gamma$	< 1.27	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow K_2^*(1430)\gamma$	(1.7 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-5}$			-
$B \rightarrow K_2(1770)\gamma$	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow K_3^*(1780)\gamma$	< 3.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow K_4^*(2045)\gamma$	< 1.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \eta'(958)K$	(8.3 ± 1.1) $\times 10^{-5}$			-
$B \rightarrow \eta'(958)K^*(892)$	< 2.2	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \eta K$	< 5.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \eta K^*(892)$	(1.8 ± 0.5) $\times 10^{-5}$			-
$B \rightarrow \bar{b} \rightarrow \bar{s}\gamma$	(3.3 ± 0.4) $\times 10^{-4}$			-
$B \rightarrow \bar{b} \rightarrow \bar{s}$ gluon	< 6.8	%	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \eta$ anything	< 4.4	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \eta'}$ anything	(6.2 ± 2.1) $\times 10^{-4}$			-

Light unflavored meson modes

$B \rightarrow \rho\gamma$		< 1.4	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \pi^\pm$ anything	[ff,ggg]	(358 \pm 7) %			-
$B \rightarrow \pi^0$ anything		(235 \pm 11) %			-
$B \rightarrow \eta$ anything		(17.6 \pm 1.6) %			-
$B \rightarrow \rho^0$ anything		(21 \pm 5) %			-
$B \rightarrow \omega$ anything		< 81 %		CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \phi$ anything		(3.5 \pm 0.7) %	S=1.8		-
$B \rightarrow \phi K^*(892)$		< 2.2 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%		-

Baryon modes

$B \rightarrow \Lambda_c^\pm$ anything		(6.4 \pm 1.1) %		-
$B \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}_c^- e^+$ anything		< 3.2 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}_c^- p$ anything		(3.6 \pm 0.7) %		-
$B \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}_c^- p e^+ \nu_e$		< 1.5 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}_c^{--}$ anything		(4.2 \pm 2.4) $\times 10^{-3}$		-
$B \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}_c^-$ anything		< 9.6 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}_c^0$ anything		(4.6 \pm 2.4) $\times 10^{-3}$		-
$B \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}_c^0 N$ ($N = p$ or n)		< 1.5 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \Xi_c^0$ anything		(1.4 \pm 0.5) $\times 10^{-4}$		-
$\times B(\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)$				
$B \rightarrow \Xi_c^+$ anything		(4.5 \pm 1.3) $\times 10^{-4}$		-
$\times B(\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+ \pi^+)$				
$B \rightarrow p/\bar{p}$ anything	[ff]	(8.0 \pm 0.4) %		-
$B \rightarrow p/\bar{p}$ (direct) anything	[ff]	(5.5 \pm 0.5) %		-
$B \rightarrow \Lambda/\bar{\Lambda}$ anything	[ff]	(4.0 \pm 0.5) %		-
$B \rightarrow \Xi^-/\bar{\Xi}^+$ anything	[ff]	(2.7 \pm 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$		-
$B \rightarrow$ baryons anything		(6.8 \pm 0.6) %		-
$B \rightarrow p\bar{p}$ anything		(2.47 \pm 0.23) %		-
$B \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{p}/\bar{\Lambda}p$ anything	[ff]	(2.5 \pm 0.4) %		-
$B \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$ anything		< 5 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	-

**Lepton Family number (*LF*) violating modes or
 $\Delta B = 1$ weak neutral current (*B1*) modes**

$B \rightarrow e^+ e^- s$	B1	< 5.7	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- s$	B1	< 5.8	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow K e^+ e^-$	B1	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow K^*(892) e^+ e^-$	B1	< 5.6	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	-

$B \rightarrow K\mu^+\mu^-$	<i>B1</i>	$(9.9 \pm 4.2) \times 10^{-7}$	-
$B \rightarrow K^{*(892)}\mu^+\mu^-$	<i>B1</i>	$< 3.1 \times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow K\ell^+\ell^-$	<i>B1</i>	$(7.5 \pm 2.6) \times 10^{-7}$	-
$B \rightarrow K^{*(892)}\ell^+\ell^-$	<i>B1</i>	$< 3.3 \times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%	-
$B \rightarrow e^\pm\mu^\mp s$	<i>LF</i>	$[ff] < 2.2 \times 10^{-5}$ CL=90%	-

$B^\pm/B^0/B_s^0/b$ -baryon ADMIXTURE

These measurements are for an admixture of bottom particles at high energy (LEP, Tevatron, $SppS$).

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (1.564 \pm 0.014) \times 10^{-12} \text{ s}$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (1.72 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-12} \text{ s} \quad \text{Charged } b\text{-hadron admixture}$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (1.58 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-12} \text{ s} \quad \text{Neutral } b\text{-hadron admixture}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tau_{\text{charged } b\text{-hadron}}/\tau_{\text{neutral } b\text{-hadron}} &= 1.09 \pm 0.13 \\ |\Delta\tau_b|/\tau_{b,\bar{b}} &= -0.001 \pm 0.014 \end{aligned}$$

The branching fraction measurements are for an admixture of B mesons and baryons at energies above the $\Upsilon(4S)$. Only the highest energy results (LEP, Tevatron, $SppS$) are used in the branching fraction averages. In the following, we assume that the production fractions are the same at the LEP and at the Tevatron.

For inclusive branching fractions, e.g., $B \rightarrow D^\pm$ anything, the treatment of multiple D 's in the final state must be defined. One possibility would be to count the number of events with one-or-more D 's and divide by the total number of B 's. Another possibility would be to count the total number of D 's and divide by the total number of B 's, which is the definition of average multiplicity. The two definitions are identical when only one of the specified particles is allowed in the final state. Even though the "one-or-more" definition seems sensible, for practical reasons inclusive branching fractions are almost always measured using the multiplicity definition. For heavy final state particles, authors call their results inclusive branching fractions while for light particles some authors call their results multiplicities. In the B sections, we list all results as inclusive branching fractions, adopting a multiplicity definition. This means that inclusive branching fractions can exceed 100% and that inclusive partial widths can exceed total widths, just as inclusive cross sections can exceed total cross sections.

The modes below are listed for a \bar{b} initial state. b modes are their charge conjugates. Reactions indicate the weak decay vertex and do not include mixing.

\bar{b} DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
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PRODUCTION FRACTIONS

The production fractions for weakly decaying b -hadrons at high energy have been calculated from the best values of mean lives, mixing parameters, and branching fractions in this edition by the LEP B Oscillation Working Group as described in the note “ B^0 - \bar{B}^0 Mixing” in the B^0 Particle Listings. Values assume

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{B}(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^+) &= \mathcal{B}(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^0) \\ \mathcal{B}(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^+) + \mathcal{B}(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^0) + \mathcal{B}(\bar{b} \rightarrow B_s^0) + \mathcal{B}(b \rightarrow b\text{-baryon}) &= 100\%. \end{aligned}$$

The notation for production fractions varies in the literature (f_d , d_{B^0} , $f(b \rightarrow \bar{B}^0)$, $\text{Br}(b \rightarrow \bar{B}^0)$). We use our own branching fraction notation here, $\mathcal{B}(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^0)$.

B^+	(38.8 ± 1.3) %	—
B^0	(38.8 ± 1.3) %	—
B_s^0	(10.6 ± 1.3) %	—
b -baryon	(11.8 ± 2.0) %	—
B_c	—	—

DECAY MODES

Semileptonic and leptonic modes

ν anything	(23.1 ± 1.5) %	—
$\ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq] (10.59 ± 0.22) %	—
$e^+ \nu_e$ anything	(10.86 ± 0.35) %	—
$\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ anything	(10.95 ± 0.29) %	—
$D^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq] (2.31 ± 0.35) %	S=1.6
$D^- \pi^+ \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	(4.9 ± 1.9) × 10 ⁻³	—
$D^- \pi^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	(2.6 ± 1.6) × 10 ⁻³	—
$\bar{D}^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq] (6.90 ± 0.35) %	—
$\bar{D}^0 \pi^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	(1.07 ± 0.27) %	—
$\bar{D}^0 \pi^+ \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	(2.3 ± 1.6) × 10 ⁻³	—
$D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq] (2.75 ± 0.19) %	—
$D^{*-} \pi^+ \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	(4.8 ± 1.0) × 10 ⁻³	—
$D^{*-} \pi^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	(6 ± 7) × 10 ⁻⁴	—
$\bar{D}_j^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq, hhh] seen	—
$D_j^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	[qq, hhh] seen	—
$\bar{D}_2^*(2460)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	seen	—
$D_2^*(2460)^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	seen	—
charmless $\ell \bar{\nu}_\ell$	[qq] (1.7 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁻³	—
$\tau^+ \nu_\tau$ anything	(2.48 ± 0.26) %	—
$D^{*-} \tau \nu_\tau$ anything	(9 ± 4) × 10 ⁻³	—
$\bar{c} \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell$ anything	[qq] (8.0 ± 0.4) %	—
$c \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu$ anything	(1.6 ± 0.4) %	—

Charmed meson and baryon modes

\overline{D}^0 anything	(60.9 \pm 3.2) %	—
$D^0 D_s^\pm$ anything	[ff] (9.1 \pm 3.9) %	—
$D^\mp D_s^\pm$ anything	[ff] (4.0 \pm 2.3) %	—
$\overline{D}^0 D^0$ anything	[ff] (5.1 \pm 2.0) %	—
$D^0 D^\pm$ anything	[ff] (2.7 \pm 1.8) %	—
$D^\pm D^\mp$ anything	[ff] < 9 $\times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%	—
D^- anything	(23.5 \pm 2.2) %	—
$D^*(2010)^+$ anything	(17.3 \pm 2.0) %	—
$D_1(2420)^0$ anything	(5.0 \pm 1.5) %	—
$D^*(2010)^\mp D_s^\pm$ anything	[ff] (3.3 \pm 1.6) %	—
$D^0 D^*(2010)^\pm$ anything	[ff] (3.0 \pm 1.1) %	—
$D^*(2010)^\pm D^\mp$ anything	[ff] (2.5 \pm 1.2) %	—
$D^*(2010)^\pm D^*(2010)^\mp$ anything	[ff] (1.2 \pm 0.4) %	—
$D_2^*(2460)^0$ anything	(4.7 \pm 2.7) %	—
\overline{D}_s anything	(18 \pm 5) %	—
Λ_c anything	(9.7 \pm 2.9) %	—
\overline{c}/c anything	[ggg] (116.6 \pm 3.3) %	—

Charmonium modes

$J/\psi(1S)$ anything	(1.16 \pm 0.10) %	—
$\psi(2S)$ anything	(4.8 \pm 2.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	—
$\chi_{c1}(1P)$ anything	(1.5 \pm 0.5) %	—

 K or K^* modes

$\overline{s}\gamma$	(3.1 \pm 1.1) $\times 10^{-4}$	—
$\overline{s}\nu\nu$	< 6.4 $\times 10^{-4}$ CL=90%	—
K^\pm anything	(74 \pm 6) %	—
K_S^0 anything	(29.0 \pm 2.9) %	—

Pion modes

π^\pm anything	(397 \pm 21) %	—
π^0 anything	[ggg] (278 \pm 60) %	—
ϕ anything	(2.82 \pm 0.23) %	—

Baryon modes

p/\overline{p} anything	(13.1 \pm 1.1) %	—
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Other modes

charged anything	[ggg] (497 \pm 7) %	—
hadron $^+$ hadron $^-$	(1.7 \pm 1.0) $\times 10^{-5}$	—
charmless	(7 \pm 21) $\times 10^{-3}$	—

Baryon modes

$\Lambda/\bar{\Lambda}$ anything	(5.9 \pm 0.6) %	—
b -baryon anything	(10.2 \pm 2.8) %	—

$\Delta B = 1$ weak neutral current (**B1**) modes

$\mu^+ \mu^-$ anything	$B1$	< 3.2	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	—
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B*

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(1^-)$$

I, J, P need confirmation. Quantum numbers shown are quark-model predictions.

Mass $m_{B^*} = 5325.0 \pm 0.6$ MeV

$m_{B^*} - m_B = 45.78 \pm 0.35$ MeV

B* DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$B\gamma$	dominant	46