

$\eta_c(2S)$

$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^+(0^-+)$

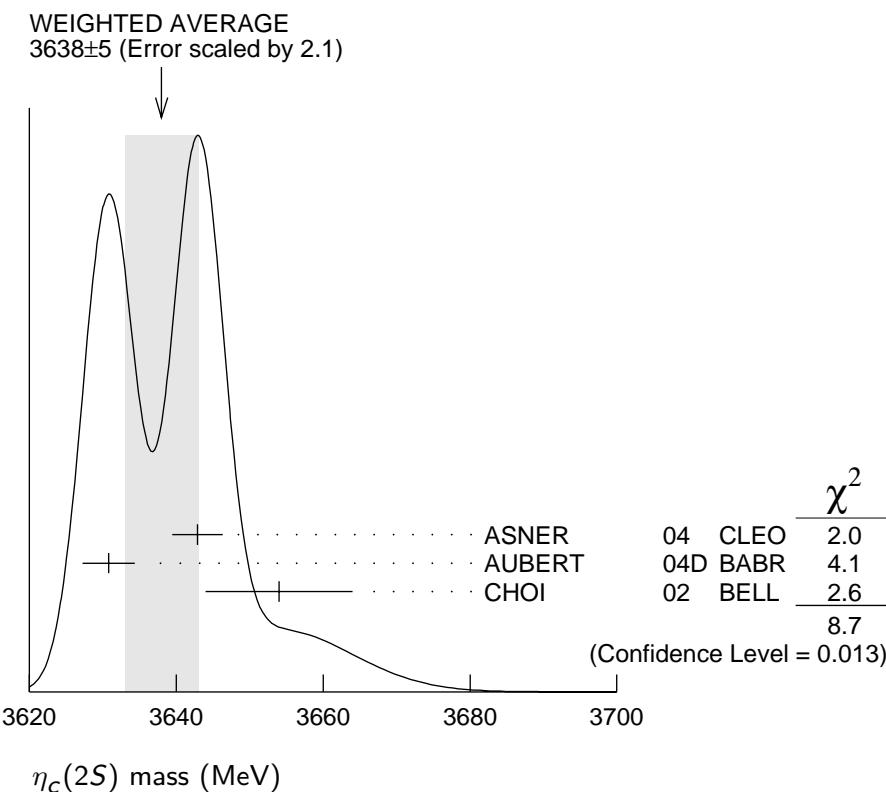
Quantum numbers are quark model predictions.

### $\eta_c(2S)$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>3638 ± 5 OUR AVERAGE</b>				Error includes scale factor of 2.1. See the ideogram below.
3642.9 ± 3.1 ± 1.5	61	ASNER	04 CLEO	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
3630.8 ± 3.4 ± 1.0	112 ± 24	AUBERT	04D BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi$
3654 ± 6 ± 8	39 ± 11	CHOI	02 BELL	$B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
3630 ± 8	164	<sup>1</sup> ABE	04G BELL	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi(c\bar{c})$
3622 ± 12	42	<sup>1</sup> ABE,K	02 BELL	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi + X$
3594 ± 5		<sup>2</sup> EDWARDS	82C CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>1</sup> From a fit of the  $J/\psi$  recoil mass spectrum. Systematic errors not estimated.

<sup>2</sup> Assuming mass of  $\psi(2S) = 3686$  MeV.



## $\eta_c(2S)$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>14 ± 7 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
6.3±12.4±4.0		61	ASNER	04	CLEO $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
17.0± 8.3±2.5	112±24		AUBERT	04D BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
<55	90	39 ± 11	<sup>3</sup> CHOI	02	BELL $B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$
< 8.0	95		<sup>4</sup> EDWARDS	82C CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
<sup>3</sup> For a mass value of 3654 ± 6 MeV					
<sup>4</sup> For a mass value of 3594 ± 5 MeV					

## $\eta_c(2S)$ DECAY MODES

Mode
$\Gamma_1$ hadrons
$\Gamma_2$ $K\bar{K}\pi$
$\Gamma_3$ $p\bar{p}$
$\Gamma_4$ $\gamma\gamma$

## $\eta_c(2S)$ PATRIAL WIDTHS

$\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)$	$\Gamma_4$
VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>	
1.3±0.6	5 ASNER 04 CLEO $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
<sup>5</sup> They measure $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)\gamma\gamma) B(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi) = (0.18 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.02) \Gamma(\eta_c(1S)\gamma\gamma) B(\eta_c(1S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi)$ . The value for $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ is derived assuming that the branching fractions for $\eta_c(2S)$ and $\eta_c(1S)$ decays to $K_S K\pi$ are equal and using $\Gamma(\eta_c(1S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 7.4 \pm 0.4 \pm 2.3$ keV.	

## $\eta_c(2S) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma^2(\text{total})$

$\Gamma(p\bar{p}) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}^2$	$\Gamma_3\Gamma_4/\Gamma^2$
VALUE (units $10^{-8}$ )	CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT
< 5.6	90 6,7,8 AMBROGIANI 01 E835 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>	
< 8.0	90 6,7,9 AMBROGIANI 01 E835 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
<12.0	90 7,9 AMBROGIANI 01 E835 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

<sup>6</sup> Including the measurements of of ARMSTRONG 95F in the AMBROGIANI 01 analysis.

<sup>7</sup> For a total width  $\Gamma=5$  MeV.

<sup>8</sup> For the resonance mass region  $3589\text{--}3599$   $\text{MeV}/c^2$ .

<sup>9</sup> For the resonance mass region  $3575\text{--}3660$   $\text{MeV}/c^2$ .

## $\eta_c(2S)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

### $\Gamma(\text{hadrons})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
not seen	ABREU	980 DLPH	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ +hadrons	
seen	<sup>10</sup> EDWARDS	82C CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	

### $\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$
seen	$39 \pm 11$	<sup>11</sup> CHOI	02 BELL	$B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$	

### $\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	$\Gamma_4/\Gamma$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
<0.01	90	LEE	85 CBAL	$\psi' \rightarrow \text{photons}$	
<sup>10</sup> For a mass value of $3594 \pm 5$ MeV					
<sup>11</sup> For a mass value of $3654 \pm 6$ MeV					

## $\eta_c(2S)$ REFERENCES

ABE	04G	PR D70 071102	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ASNER	04	PRL 92 142001	D.M. Asner <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	04D	PRL 92 142002	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ABE,K	02	PRL 89 142001	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
CHOI	02	PRL 89 102001	S.-K. Choi <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
AMBROGIANI	01	PR D64 052003	M. Ambrogiani <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E835 Collab.)
ABREU	98O	PL B441 479	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ARMSTRONG	95F	PR D52 4839	T.A. Armstrong <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL, FERR, GENO+)
LEE	85	SLAC 282	R.A. Lee	(SLAC)
EDWARDS	82C	PRL 48 70	C. Edwards <i>et al.</i>	(CIT, HARV, PRIN+)

## OTHER RELATED PAPERS

BADALIAN	03	PR D67 071901	A.M. Badalian, B.L.G. Bakker	
EICHEN	02	PRL 89 162002	E.J. Eichten, K. Lane, C. Quigg	
ACCIARRI	99T	PL B461 155	M. Acciari <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
OREGLIA	82	PR D25 2259	M.J. Oreglia <i>et al.</i>	(SLAC, CIT, HARV+)
PORTER	81	SLAC Summer Inst. 355	F.C. Porter <i>et al.</i>	(CIT, HARV, PRIN+)
BARTEL	78B	PL 79B 492	W. Bartel <i>et al.</i>	(DESY, HEIDP)