

QUARKS

The u -, d -, and s -quark masses are estimates of so-called “current-quark masses,” in a mass-independent subtraction scheme such as $\overline{\text{MS}}$ at a scale $\mu \approx 2$ GeV. The c - and b -quark masses are the “running” masses in the $\overline{\text{MS}}$ scheme. For the b -quark we also quote the 1S mass. These can be different from the heavy quark masses obtained in potential models.

u

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass $m = 1.5$ to 4 MeV [a] Charge = $\frac{2}{3} e$ $I_z = +\frac{1}{2}$
 $m_u/m_d = 0.3$ to 0.7

d

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass $m = 4$ to 8 MeV [a] Charge = $-\frac{1}{3} e$ $I_z = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $m_s/m_d = 17$ to 22
 $\bar{m} = (m_u + m_d)/2 = 3.0$ to 5.5 MeV

s

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass $m = 80$ to 130 MeV [a] Charge = $-\frac{1}{3} e$ Strangeness = -1
 $(m_s - (m_u + m_d)/2)/(m_d - m_u) = 30$ to 50

c

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass $m = 1.15$ to 1.35 GeV Charge = $\frac{2}{3} e$ Charm = $+1$

b

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Charge = $-\frac{1}{3} e$ Bottom = -1

Mass $m = 4.1$ to 4.4 GeV ($\overline{\text{MS}}$ mass)
 Mass $m = 4.6$ to 4.9 GeV (1S mass)

t

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$\text{Charge} = \frac{2}{3} e \quad \text{Top} = +1$$

Mass $m = 174.3 \pm 5.1$ GeV (direct observation of top events)
 Mass $m = 178.1^{+10.4}_{-8.3}$ GeV (Standard Model electroweak fit)

| t DECAY MODES | Fraction (Γ_i/Γ) | Confidence level | P (MeV/c) |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| $Wq (q = b, s, d)$ | | | — |
| Wb | | | — |
| $\ell\nu_\ell$ anything | [b,c] (9.4±2.4) % | | — |
| $\tau\nu_\tau b$ | | | — |
| $\gamma q (q=u,c)$ | [d] < 5.9 | $\times 10^{-3}$ | 95% |
| $\Delta T = 1$ weak neutral current (T1) modes | | | |
| $Zq (q=u,c)$ | T1 [e] < 13.7 | % | 95% |

b' (4th Generation) Quark, Searches for

Mass $m > 190$ GeV, CL = 95% ($p\bar{p}$, quasi-stable b')
 Mass $m > 199$ GeV, CL = 95% ($p\bar{p}$, neutral-current decays)
 Mass $m > 128$ GeV, CL = 95% ($p\bar{p}$, charged-current decays)
 Mass $m > 46.0$ GeV, CL = 95% (e^+e^- , all decays)

Free Quark Searches

All searches since 1977 have had negative results.

NOTES

- [a] The ratios m_u/m_d and m_s/m_d are extracted from pion and kaon masses using chiral symmetry. The estimates of u and d masses are not without controversy and remain under active investigation. Within the literature there are even suggestions that the u quark could be essentially massless. The s -quark mass is estimated from SU(3) splittings in hadron masses.
- [b] ℓ means e or μ decay mode, not the sum over them.
- [c] Assumes lepton universality and W -decay acceptance.
- [d] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \rightarrow \gamma q)/\Gamma(t \rightarrow Wb)$.
- [e] This limit is for $\Gamma(t \rightarrow Zq)/\Gamma(t \rightarrow Wb)$.