

$\Xi_c(2815)$ $I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$ Status: ***

A narrow peak seen in the $\Xi_c\pi\pi$ mass spectrum. The simplest assignment is that this belongs to the same SU(4) multiplet as the $\Lambda(1520)$ and the $\Lambda_c(2625)$, but the spin and parity have not been measured.

 $\Xi_c(2815)$ MASSES

The masses are obtained from the mass-difference measurements that follow.

 $\Xi_c(2815)^+$ MASS

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>
2816.5 ± 1.2 OUR FIT	

 $\Xi_c(2815)^0$ MASS

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>
2818.2 ± 2.1 OUR FIT	

 $\Xi_c(2815) - \Xi_c$ MASS DIFFERENCES **$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^+}$**

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
348.6 ± 1.2 OUR FIT				
$348.6 \pm 0.6 \pm 1.0$	20	ALEXANDER 99B	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $m_{\Xi_c(2815)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^0}$

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
347.2 ± 2.1 OUR FIT				
$347.2 \pm 0.7 \pm 2.0$	9	ALEXANDER 99B	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Xi_c(2815)$ WIDTHS **$\Xi_c(2815)^+$ WIDTH**

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<3.5	90	ALEXANDER 99B	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Xi_c(2815)^0$ WIDTH

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<6.5	90	ALEXANDER 99B	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Xi_c(2815)$ DECAY MODES

The $\Xi_c \pi\pi$ modes are consistent with being entirely via $\Xi_c(2645)\pi$.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
$\Gamma_1 \quad \Xi_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen
$\Gamma_2 \quad \Xi_c^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen

$\Xi_c(2815)$ REFERENCES

ALEXANDER 99B PRL 83 3390

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(CLEO Collab.)