

$\Sigma(1670)$ D_{13} $I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^-)$ Status: ***

For most results published before 1974 (they are now obsolete), see
our 1982 edition Physics Letters **111B** 1 (1982).

Results from production experiments are listed separately in the next
entry.

 $\Sigma(1670)$ MASS

| VALUE (MeV) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|---------------------|------|--|
| 1665 to 1685 (≈ 1670) OUR ESTIMATE | | | |
| 1665.1 \pm 4.1 | KOISO | 85 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Sigma\pi$ |
| 1682 \pm 5 | GOPAL | 80 | DPWA $\bar{K}N \rightarrow \bar{K}N$ |
| 1679 \pm 10 | ALSTON... | 78 | DPWA $\bar{K}N \rightarrow \bar{K}N$ |
| 1670 \pm 5 | GOPAL | 77 | DPWA $\bar{K}N$ multichannel |
| 1670 \pm 6 | HEPP | 76B | DPWA $K^- N \rightarrow \Sigma\pi$ |
| 1685 \pm 20 | BAILLON | 75 | IPWA $\bar{K}N \rightarrow \Lambda\pi$ |
| 1659 $^{+12}_{-5}$ | VANHORN | 75 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ |
| 1670 \pm 2 | KANE | 74 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Sigma\pi$ |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| 1667 or 1668 | ¹ MARTIN | 77 | DPWA $\bar{K}N$ multichannel |
| 1650 | DEBELLEFON | 76 | IPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ |
| 1671 \pm 3 | PONTE | 75 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ (sol. 1) |
| 1655 \pm 2 | PONTE | 75 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ (sol. 2) |

 $\Sigma(1670)$ WIDTH

| VALUE (MeV) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|---------------------|------|--|
| 40 to 80 (≈ 60) OUR ESTIMATE | | | |
| 65.0 \pm 7.3 | KOISO | 85 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Sigma\pi$ |
| 79 \pm 10 | GOPAL | 80 | DPWA $\bar{K}N \rightarrow \bar{K}N$ |
| 56 \pm 20 | ALSTON... | 78 | DPWA $\bar{K}N \rightarrow \bar{K}N$ |
| 50 \pm 5 | GOPAL | 77 | DPWA $\bar{K}N$ multichannel |
| 56 \pm 3 | HEPP | 76B | DPWA $K^- N \rightarrow \Sigma\pi$ |
| 85 \pm 25 | BAILLON | 75 | IPWA $\bar{K}N \rightarrow \Lambda\pi$ |
| 32 \pm 11 | VANHORN | 75 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ |
| 79 \pm 6 | KANE | 74 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Sigma\pi$ |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| 46 or 46 | ¹ MARTIN | 77 | DPWA $\bar{K}N$ multichannel |
| 80 | DEBELLEFON | 76 | IPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ |
| 44 \pm 11 | PONTE | 75 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ (sol. 1) |
| 76 \pm 5 | PONTE | 75 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ (sol. 2) |

$\Sigma(1670)$ DECAY MODES

| Mode | Fraction (Γ_i/Γ) |
|---|--------------------------------|
| $\Gamma_1 N\bar{K}$ | 7–13 % |
| $\Gamma_2 \Lambda\pi$ | 5–15 % |
| $\Gamma_3 \Sigma\pi$ | 30–60 % |
| $\Gamma_4 \Lambda\pi\pi$ | |
| $\Gamma_5 \Sigma\pi\pi$ | |
| $\Gamma_6 \Sigma(1385)\pi$ | |
| $\Gamma_7 \Sigma(1385)\pi$, <i>S</i> -wave | |
| $\Gamma_8 \Lambda(1405)\pi$ | |
| $\Gamma_9 \Lambda(1520)\pi$ | |

The above branching fractions are our estimates, not fits or averages.

$\Sigma(1670)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

See “Sign conventions for resonance couplings” in the Note on Λ and Σ Resonances.

| $\Gamma(N\bar{K})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ | Γ_1/Γ | | |
|--|---------------------|------|--|
| VALUE | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
| 0.07 to 0.13 OUR ESTIMATE | | | |
| 0.10 ± 0.03 | GOPAL | 80 | DPWA $\bar{K}N \rightarrow \bar{K}N$ |
| 0.11 ± 0.03 | ALSTON-... | 78 | DPWA $\bar{K}N \rightarrow \bar{K}N$ |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| 0.08 ± 0.03 | GOPAL | 77 | DPWA See GOPAL 80 |
| 0.07 or 0.07 | ¹ MARTIN | 77 | DPWA $\bar{K}N$ multichannel |
| $(\Gamma_i\Gamma_f)^{1/2}/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ in $N\bar{K} \rightarrow \Sigma(1670) \rightarrow \Lambda\pi$ | | | |
| VALUE | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
| 0.17 ± 0.03 | ² MORRIS | 78 | DPWA $K^- n \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-$ |
| 0.13 ± 0.02 | ² MORRIS | 78 | DPWA $K^- n \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-$ |
| +0.10 ± 0.02 | GOPAL | 77 | DPWA $\bar{K}N$ multichannel |
| +0.06 ± 0.02 | BAILLON | 75 | IPWA $\bar{K}N \rightarrow \Lambda\pi$ |
| +0.09 ± 0.02 | VANHORN | 75 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ |
| +0.018 ± 0.060 | DEVENISH | 74B | Fixed- <i>t</i> dispersion rel. |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| +0.08 or +0.08 | ¹ MARTIN | 77 | DPWA $\bar{K}N$ multichannel |
| +0.05 | DEBELLEFON | 76 | IPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ |
| 0.08 ± 0.01 | PONTE | 75 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ (sol. 1) |
| 0.17 ± 0.01 | PONTE | 75 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$ (sol. 2) |

| $(\Gamma_i \Gamma_f)^{1/2} / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ in $N\bar{K} \rightarrow \Sigma(1670) \rightarrow \Sigma\pi$ | $(\Gamma_1 \Gamma_3)^{1/2} / \Gamma$ | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
| +0.20±0.02 | KOISO | 85 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Sigma\pi$ |
| +0.21±0.02 | GOPAL | 77 | DPWA $\bar{K}N$ multichannel |
| +0.20±0.01 | HEPP | 76B | DPWA $K^- N \rightarrow \Sigma\pi$ |
| +0.21±0.03 | KANE | 74 | DPWA $K^- p \rightarrow \Sigma\pi$ |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | |
| +0.18 or +0.17 | ¹ MARTIN | 77 | DPWA $\bar{K}N$ multichannel |
| $\Gamma(\Lambda\pi\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ | Γ_4/Γ | | |
| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | |
| <0.11 | ARMENTEROS68E | HBC | $K^- p (\Gamma_1=0.09)$ |
| $(\Gamma_i \Gamma_f)^{1/2} / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ in $N\bar{K} \rightarrow \Sigma(1670) \rightarrow \Sigma(1385)\pi$, S-wave | $(\Gamma_1 \Gamma_7)^{1/2} / \Gamma$ | | |
| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
| +0.11±0.03 | PREVOST | 74 | DPWA $K^- N \rightarrow \Sigma(1385)\pi$ |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | |
| 0.17±0.02 | ³ SIMS | 68 | DBC $K^- N \rightarrow \Lambda\pi\pi$ |
| $\Gamma(\Sigma\pi\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ | Γ_5/Γ | | |
| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | |
| <0.14 | ⁴ ARMENTEROS68E | HBC | $K^- p, K^- d (\Gamma_1=0.09)$ |
| $\Gamma(\Lambda(1405)\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ | Γ_8/Γ | | |
| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | |
| <0.06 | ARMENTEROS68E | HBC | $K^- p, K^- d (\Gamma_1=0.09)$ |
| $\Gamma_i \Gamma_f / \Gamma_{\text{total}}^2$ in $N\bar{K} \rightarrow \Sigma(1670) \rightarrow \Lambda(1405)\pi$ | $\Gamma_1 \Gamma_8 / \Gamma^2$ | | |
| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
| 0.007±0.002 | ⁵ BRUCKER | 70 | DBC $K^- N \rightarrow \Sigma\pi\pi$ |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | |
| <0.03 | BERLEY | 69 | HBC $K^- p$ 0.6–0.82 GeV/c |
| $\Gamma(\Lambda(1405)\pi)/\Gamma(\Sigma(1385)\pi)$ | Γ_8/Γ_6 | | |
| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
| 0.23±0.08 | BRUCKER | 70 | DBC $K^- N \rightarrow \Sigma\pi\pi$ |
| $(\Gamma_i \Gamma_f)^{1/2} / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ in $N\bar{K} \rightarrow \Sigma(1670) \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\pi$ | $(\Gamma_1 \Gamma_9)^{1/2} / \Gamma$ | | |
| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
| 0.081±0.016 | ⁶ CAMERON | 77 | DPWA P-wave decay |

$\Sigma(1670)$ FOOTNOTES

- ¹ The two MARTIN 77 values are from a T-matrix pole and from a Breit-Wigner fit.
² Results are with and without an S_{11} $\Sigma(1620)$ in the fit.
³ SIMS 68 uses only cross-section data. Result used as upper limit only.
⁴ Ratio only for $\Sigma 2\pi$ system in $I = 1$, which cannot be $\Sigma(1385)$.
⁵ Assuming the $\Lambda(1405)\pi$ cross-section bump is due only to $3/2^-$ resonance.
⁶ The CAMERON 77 upper limit on F -wave decay is 0.03.

$\Sigma(1670)$ REFERENCES

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----|-------------------|---|-------------------------|
| KOISO | 85 | NP A433 619 | H. Koiso <i>et al.</i> | (TOKY, MASA) |
| PDG | 82 | PL 111B 1 | M. Roos <i>et al.</i> | (HELS, CIT, CERN) |
| GOPAL | 80 | Toronto Conf. 159 | G.P. Gopal | (RHEL) IJP |
| ALSTON... | 78 | PR D18 182 | M. Alston-Garnjost <i>et al.</i> | (LBL, MTHO+) IJP |
| Also | | PRL 38 1007 | M. Alston-Garnjost <i>et al.</i> | (LBL, MTHO+) IJP |
| MORRIS | 78 | PR D17 55 | W.A. Morris <i>et al.</i> | (FSU) IJP |
| CAMERON | 77 | NP B131 399 | W. Cameron <i>et al.</i> | (RHEL, LOIC) IJP |
| GOPAL | 77 | NP B119 362 | G.P. Gopal <i>et al.</i> | (LOIC, RHEL) IJP |
| MARTIN | 77 | NP B127 349 | B.R. Martin, M.K. Pidcock, R.G. Moorhouse | (LOUC+) IJP |
| Also | | NP B126 266 | B.R. Martin, M.K. Pidcock | (LOUC) |
| Also | | NP B126 285 | B.R. Martin, M.K. Pidcock | (LOUC) IJP |
| DEBELLEFON | 76 | NP B109 129 | A. de Bellefon, A. Berthon | (CDEF) IJP |
| HEPP | 76B | PL 65B 487 | V. Hepp <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, HEIDH, MPIM) IJP |
| BAILLON | 75 | NP B94 39 | P.H. Baillon, P.J. Litchfield | (CERN, RHEL) IJP |
| PONTE | 75 | PR D12 2597 | R.A. Ponte <i>et al.</i> | (MASA, TENN, UCR) IJP |
| VANHORN | 75 | NP B87 145 | A.J. van Horn | (LBL) IJP |
| Also | | NP B87 157 | A.J. van Horn | (LBL) IJP |
| DEVENISH | 74B | NP B81 330 | R.C.E. Devenish, C.D. Froggatt, B.R. Martin | (DESY+) |
| KANE | 74 | LBL-2452 | D.F. Kane | (LBL) IJP |
| PREVOST | 74 | NP B69 246 | J. Prevost <i>et al.</i> | (SACL, CERN, HEID) |
| BRUCKER | 70 | Duke Conf. 155 | E.B. Brucker <i>et al.</i> | (FSU) I |
| Hyperon Resonances, 1970 | | | | |
| BERLEY | 69 | PL 30B 430 | D. Berley <i>et al.</i> | (BNL) |
| ARMENTEROS | 68E | PL 28B 521 | R. Armenteros <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, HEID, SACL) I |
| SIMS | 68 | PRL 21 1413 | W.H. Sims <i>et al.</i> | (FSU, TUFTS, BRAN) |