

Heavy Bosons Other Than Higgs Bosons, Searches for

We list here various limits on charged and neutral heavy vector bosons (other than W 's and Z 's), heavy scalar bosons (other than Higgs bosons), vector or scalar leptoquarks, and axigluons. The latest unpublished results are described in “ W' Searches” and “ Z' Searches” reviews.

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MASS LIMITS for W' (Heavy Charged Vector Boson Other Than W) in Hadron Collider Experiments

Couplings of W' to quarks and leptons are taken to be identical with those of W . The following limits are obtained from $p \bar{p} \rightarrow W' X$ with W' decaying to the mode indicated in the comments. New decay channels (e.g., $W' \rightarrow W Z$) are assumed to be suppressed. The most recent preliminary results can be found in the “ W' -boson searches” review above.

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------|-----|---------------------|------|-------------------------------|
| >2150 | 95 | AAD | 11Q | $W' \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$ |
| none 180–690 | 95 | ¹ ABAZOV | 11H | $W' \rightarrow W Z$ |
| > 863 | 95 | ² ABAZOV | 11L | $W' \rightarrow t b$ |
| >1510 | 95 | CHATRCHYAN | 11Y | $W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ |
| | | CMS | | |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | |
|--------------|----|------------------------|------|------|--------------------------------|
| >1490 | 95 | AAD | 11M | ATLS | $W' \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$ |
| >1120 | 95 | AALTENON | 11C | CDF | $W' \rightarrow e\nu$ |
| >1580 | 95 | CHATRCHYAN | 11K | CMS | $W' \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$ |
| >1400 | 95 | CHATRCHYAN | 11K | CMS | $W' \rightarrow \mu\nu$ |
| >1360 | 95 | KHACHATRY... | 11H | CMS | $W' \rightarrow e\nu$ |
| none 285–516 | 95 | ³ AALTENON | 10N | CDF | $W' \rightarrow WZ$ |
| none 188–520 | 95 | ⁴ ABAZOV | 10A | D0 | $W' \rightarrow WZ$ |
| > 800 | 95 | ⁵ AALTENON | 09AA | CDF | $W' \rightarrow tb$ |
| none 280–840 | 95 | ⁶ AALTENON | 09AC | CDF | $W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ |
| >1000 | 95 | ABAZOV | 08C | D0 | $W' \rightarrow e\nu$ |
| > 731 | 95 | ⁷ ABAZOV | 08P | D0 | $W' \rightarrow tb$ |
| > 788 | 95 | ABULENCIA | 07K | CDF | $W' \rightarrow e\nu$ |
| none 200–610 | 95 | ⁸ ABAZOV | 06N | D0 | $W' \rightarrow tb$ |
| > 800 | 95 | ABAZOV | 04C | D0 | $W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ |
| 225–536 | 95 | ⁹ ACOSTA | 03B | CDF | $W' \rightarrow tb$ |
| none 200–480 | 95 | ¹⁰ AFFOLDER | 02C | CDF | $W' \rightarrow WZ$ |
| > 786 | 95 | ¹¹ AFFOLDER | 01I | CDF | $W' \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu$ |
| > 660 | 95 | ¹² ABE | 00 | CDF | $W' \rightarrow \mu\nu$ |
| none 300–420 | 95 | ¹³ ABE | 97G | CDF | $W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ |
| > 720 | 95 | ¹⁴ ABACHI | 96C | D0 | $W' \rightarrow e\nu$ |
| > 610 | 95 | ¹⁵ ABACHI | 95E | D0 | $W' \rightarrow e\nu, \tau\nu$ |
| > 652 | 95 | ¹⁶ ABE | 95M | CDF | $W' \rightarrow e\nu$ |
| none 260–600 | 95 | ¹⁷ RIZZO | 93 | RVUE | $W' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ |

¹ The quoted limit is obtained assuming $W'WZ$ coupling strength is the same as the ordinary WWZ coupling strength in the Standard Model.

² ABAZOV 11L limit is for W' with SM-like coupling which interferes with the SM W boson. For W' with right-handed coupling, the bound becomes >885 GeV (>890 GeV) if W' decays to both leptons and quarks (only to quarks). If both left- and right-handed couplings present, the limit becomes >916 GeV.

³ The quoted limit assumes $g_{W'WZ}/g_{WWZ} = (M_W/M_{W'})^2$. See their Fig. 4 for limits in mass-coupling plane.

⁴ The quoted limit assumes $g_{W'WZ}/g_{WWZ} = (M_W/M_{W'})^2$. See their Fig. 3 for limits in mass-coupling plane.

⁵ The AALTENON 09AA quoted limit is for a right-handed W' with SM-like coupling allowing $W' \rightarrow \ell\nu$ decays.

⁶ AALTENON 09AC search for new particle decaying to dijets.

⁷ The ABAZOV 08P quoted limit is for W' with SM-like coupling which interferes with the SM W boson. For W' with right-handed coupling, the bound becomes >739 GeV (>768 GeV) if W' decays to both leptons and quarks (only to quarks).

⁸ The ABAZOV 06N quoted limit is for W' with SM-like coupling which interferes with the SM W boson. For W' with right-handed coupling, $M_{W'}$ between 200 and 630 (670) GeV is excluded for $M_{\nu_R} \ll M_{W'} (M_{\nu_R} > M_{W'})$.

⁹ The ACOSTA 03B quoted limit is for $M_{W'} \gg M_{\nu_R}$. For $M_{W'} < M_{\nu_R}$, $M_{W'}$ between 225 and 566 GeV is excluded.

¹⁰ The quoted limit is obtained assuming $W'WZ$ coupling strength is the same as the ordinary WWZ coupling strength in the Standard Model. See their Fig. 2 for the limits on the production cross sections as a function of the W' width.

- ¹¹ AFFOLDER 01I combine a new bound on $W' \rightarrow e\nu$ of 754 GeV with the bound of ABE 00 on $W' \rightarrow \mu\nu$ to obtain quoted bound.
- ¹² ABE 00 assume that the neutrino from W' decay is stable and has a mass significantly less than $m_{W'}$.
- ¹³ ABE 97G search for new particle decaying to dijets.
- ¹⁴ For bounds on W_R with nonzero right-handed mass, see Fig. 5 from ABACHI 96C.
- ¹⁵ ABACHI 95E assume that the decay $W' \rightarrow WZ$ is suppressed and that the neutrino from W' decay is stable and has a mass significantly less than $m_{W'}$.
- ¹⁶ ABE 95M assume that the decay $W' \rightarrow WZ$ is suppressed and the (right-handed) neutrino is light, noninteracting, and stable. If $m_\nu = 60$ GeV, for example, the effect on the mass limit is negligible.
- ¹⁷ RIZZO 93 analyses CDF limit on possible two-jet resonances. The limit is sensitive to the inclusion of the assumed K factor.

W_R (Right-Handed W Boson) MASS LIMITS

Assuming a light right-handed neutrino, except for BEALL 82, LANGACKER 89B, and COLANGELO 91. $g_R = g_L$ assumed. [Limits in the section MASS LIMITS for W' below are also valid for W_R if $m_{\nu_R} \ll m_{W_R}$.] Some limits assume manifest left-right symmetry, *i.e.*, the equality of left- and right Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa matrices. For a comprehensive review, see LANGACKER 89B. Limits on the W_L - W_R mixing angle ζ are found in the next section. Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations and assume a light right-handed neutrino.

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT | |
|--|-----|----------------|------|--------------------------------------|--|
| > 715 | 90 | 18 CZAKON | 99 | RVUE Electroweak | |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | | |
| > 245 | 90 | 19 WAUTERS | 10 | CNTR ^{60}Co β decay | |
| > 180 | 90 | 20 MELCONIAN | 07 | CNTR ^{37}K β^+ decay | |
| > 290.7 | 90 | 21 SCHUMANN | 07 | CNTR Polarized neutron decay | |
| [> 3300] | 95 | 22 CYBURT | 05 | COSM Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R | |
| > 310 | 90 | 23 THOMAS | 01 | CNTR β^+ decay | |
| > 137 | 95 | 24 ACKERSTAFF | 99D | OPAL τ decay | |
| > 1400 | 68 | 25 BARENBOIM | 98 | RVUE Electroweak, Z - Z' mixing | |
| > 549 | 68 | 26 BARENBOIM | 97 | RVUE μ decay | |
| > 220 | 95 | 27 STAHL | 97 | RVUE τ decay | |
| > 220 | 90 | 28 ALLET | 96 | CNTR β^+ decay | |
| > 281 | 90 | 29 KUZNETSOV | 95 | CNTR Polarized neutron decay | |
| > 282 | 90 | 30 KUZNETSOV | 94B | CNTR Polarized neutron decay | |
| > 439 | 90 | 31 BHATTACH... | 93 | RVUE Z - Z' mixing | |
| > 250 | 90 | 32 SEVERIJNS | 93 | CNTR β^+ decay | |
| | | 33 IMAZATO | 92 | CNTR K^+ decay | |
| > 475 | 90 | 34 POLAK | 92B | RVUE μ decay | |
| > 240 | 90 | 35 AQUINO | 91 | RVUE Neutron decay | |
| > 496 | 90 | 35 AQUINO | 91 | RVUE Neutron and muon decay | |
| > 700 | | 36 COLANGELO | 91 | THEO $m_{K_L^0} - m_{K_S^0}$ | |
| > 477 | 90 | 37 POLAK | 91 | RVUE μ decay | |
| [none 540–23000] | | 38 BARBIERI | 89B | ASTR SN 1987A; light ν_R | |
| > 300 | 90 | 39 LANGACKER | 89B | RVUE General | |
| > 160 | 90 | 40 BALKE | 88 | CNTR $\mu \rightarrow e\nu\bar{\nu}$ | |
| > 406 | 90 | 41 JODIDIO | 86 | ELEC Any ζ | |

| | | | | | |
|-------|----|------------|----|------|--------------------------------------|
| > 482 | 90 | 41 JODIDIO | 86 | ELEC | $\zeta = 0$ |
| > 800 | | MOHAPATRA | 86 | RVUE | $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)$ |
| > 400 | 95 | 42 STOKER | 85 | ELEC | Any ζ |
| > 475 | 95 | 42 STOKER | 85 | ELEC | $\zeta < 0.041$ |
| | | 43 BERGSMA | 83 | CHRM | $\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \mu\nu_e$ |
| > 380 | 90 | 44 CARR | 83 | ELEC | μ^+ decay |
| >1600 | | 45 BEALL | 82 | THEO | $m_{K_L^0} - m_{K_S^0}$ |

¹⁸ CZAKON 99 perform a simultaneous fit to charged and neutral sectors.

¹⁹ WAUTERS 10 limit is from a measurement of the asymmetry parameter of polarized ^{60}Co β decays. The listed limit assumes no mixing.

²⁰ MELCONIAN 07 measure the neutrino angular asymmetry in β^+ -decays of polarized ^{37}K , stored in a magneto-optical trap. Result is consistent with SM prediction and does not constrain the $W_L - W_R$ mixing angle appreciably.

²¹ SCHUMANN 07 limit is from measurements of the asymmetry $\langle \vec{p}_\nu \cdot \sigma_n \rangle$ in the β decay of polarized neutrons. Zero mixing is assumed.

²² CYBURT 05 limit follows by requiring that three light ν_R 's decouple when $T_{dec} > 140$ MeV. For different T_{dec} , the bound becomes $m_{W_R} > 3.3$ TeV $(T_{dec} / 140 \text{ MeV})^{3/4}$.

²³ THOMAS 01 limit is from measurement of β^+ polarization in decay of polarized ^{12}N . The listed limit assumes no mixing.

²⁴ ACKERSTAFF 99D limit is from τ decay parameters. Limit increase to 145 GeV for zero mixing.

²⁵ BARENBOIM 98 assumes minimal left-right model with Higgs of $SU(2)_R$ in $SU(2)_L$ doublet. For Higgs in $SU(2)_L$ triplet, $m_{W_R} > 1100$ GeV. Bound calculated from effect of corresponding Z_{LR} on electroweak data through $Z-Z_{LR}$ mixing.

²⁶ The quoted limit is from μ decay parameters. BARENBOIM 97 also evaluate limit from K_L-K_S mass difference.

²⁷ STAHL 97 limit is from fit to τ -decay parameters.

²⁸ ALLET 96 measured polarization-asymmetry correlation in $^{12}\text{N}\beta^+$ decay. The listed limit assumes zero $L-R$ mixing.

²⁹ KUZNETSOV 95 limit is from measurements of the asymmetry $\langle \vec{p}_\nu \cdot \sigma_n \rangle$ in the β decay of polarized neutrons. Zero mixing assumed. See also KUZNETSOV 94B.

³⁰ KUZNETSOV 94B limit is from measurements of the asymmetry $\langle \vec{p}_\nu \cdot \sigma_n \rangle$ in the β decay of polarized neutrons. Zero mixing assumed.

³¹ BHATTACHARYYA 93 uses $Z-Z'$ mixing limit from LEP '90 data, assuming a specific Higgs sector of $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)$ gauge model. The limit is for $m_t=200$ GeV and slightly improves for smaller m_t .

³² SEVERIJNS 93 measured polarization-asymmetry correlation in $^{107}\text{In}\beta^+$ decay. The listed limit assumes zero $L-R$ mixing. Value quoted here is from SEVERIJNS 94 erratum.

³³ IMAZATO 92 measure positron asymmetry in $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+\nu_\mu$ decay and obtain $\xi P_\mu > 0.990$ (90% CL). If W_R couples to $u\bar{s}$ with full weak strength ($V_{us}^R=1$), the result corresponds to $m_{W_R} > 653$ GeV. See their Fig. 4 for m_{W_R} limits for general $|V_{us}^R|^2 = 1 - |V_{ud}^R|^2$.

³⁴ POLAK 92B limit is from fit to muon decay parameters and is essentially determined by JODIDIO 86 data assuming $\zeta=0$. Supersedes POLAK 91.

³⁵ AQUINO 91 limits obtained from neutron lifetime and asymmetries together with unitarity of the CKM matrix. Manifest left-right symmetry assumed. Stronger of the two limits also includes muon decay results.

³⁶ COLANGELO 91 limit uses hadronic matrix elements evaluated by QCD sum rule and is less restrictive than BEALL 82 limit which uses vacuum saturation approximation. Manifest left-right symmetry assumed.

- 37 POLAK 91 limit is from fit to muon decay parameters and is essentially determined by JODIDIO 86 data assuming $\zeta=0$. Superseded by POLAK 92B.
- 38 BARBIERI 89B limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \leq 10$ MeV.
- 39 LANGACKER 89B limit is for any ν_R mass (either Dirac or Majorana) and for a general class of right-handed quark mixing matrices.
- 40 BALKE 88 limit is for $m_{\nu_{eR}} = 0$ and $m_{\nu_{\mu R}} \leq 50$ MeV. Limits come from precise measurements of the muon decay asymmetry as a function of the positron energy.
- 41 JODIDIO 86 is the same TRIUMF experiment as STOKER 85 (and CARR 83); however, it uses a different technique. The results given here are combined results of the two techniques. The technique here involves precise measurement of the end-point e^+ spectrum in the decay of the highly polarized μ^+ .
- 42 STOKER 85 is same TRIUMF experiment as CARR 83. Here they measure the decay e^+ spectrum asymmetry above 46 MeV/c using a muon-spin-rotation technique. Assumed a light right-handed neutrino. Quoted limits are from combining with CARR 83.
- 43 BERGSMA 83 set limit $m_{W_2}/m_{W_1} > 1.9$ at CL = 90%.
- 44 CARR 83 is TRIUMF experiment with a highly polarized μ^+ beam. Looked for deviation from $V-A$ at the high momentum end of the decay e^+ energy spectrum. Limit from previous world-average muon polarization parameter is $m_{W_R} > 240$ GeV. Assumes a light right-handed neutrino.
- 45 BEALL 82 limit is obtained assuming that W_R contribution to $K_L^0 - K_S^0$ mass difference is smaller than the standard one, neglecting the top quark contributions. Manifest left-right symmetry assumed.
-

Limit on W_L - W_R Mixing Angle ζ

Lighter mass eigenstate $W_1 = W_L \cos\zeta - W_R \sin\zeta$. Light ν_R assumed unless noted.
Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations.

| VALUE | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--|-----|-------------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| < 0.022 | 90 | MACDONALD 08 | TWST | $\mu \rightarrow e \nu \bar{\nu}$ |
| < 0.12 | 95 | 46 ACKERSTAFF 99D | OPAL | τ decay |
| < 0.013 | 90 | 47 CZAKON 99 | RVUE | Electroweak |
| < 0.0333 | | 48 BARENBOIM 97 | RVUE | μ decay |
| < 0.04 | 90 | 49 MISHRA 92 | CCFR | νN scattering |
| -0.0006 to 0.0028 | 90 | 50 AQUINO 91 | RVUE | |
| [none 0.00001–0.02] | | 51 BARBIERI 89B | ASTR | SN 1987A |
| < 0.040 | 90 | 52 JODIDIO 86 | ELEC | μ decay |
| -0.056 to 0.040 | 90 | 52 JODIDIO 86 | ELEC | μ decay |

46 ACKERSTAFF 99D limit is from τ decay parameters.

47 CZAKON 99 perform a simultaneous fit to charged and neutral sectors.

48 The quoted limit is from μ decay parameters. BARENBOIM 97 also evaluate limit from $K_L - K_S$ mass difference.

49 MISHRA 92 limit is from the absence of extra large-x, large-y $\bar{\nu}_\mu N \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu X$ events at Tevatron, assuming left-handed ν and right-handed $\bar{\nu}$ in the neutrino beam. The result gives $\zeta^2(1-2m_{W_1}^2/m_{W_2}^2) < 0.0015$. The limit is independent of ν_R mass.

50 AQUINO 91 limits obtained from neutron lifetime and asymmetries together with unitarity of the CKM matrix. Manifest left-right asymmetry is assumed.

51 BARBIERI 89B limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \leq 10$ MeV.

52 First JODIDIO 86 result assumes $m_{W_R} = \infty$, second is for unconstrained m_{W_R} .

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MASS LIMITS for Z' (Heavy Neutral Vector Boson Other Than Z)

Limits for Z'_{SM}

Z'_{SM} is assumed to have couplings with quarks and leptons which are identical to those of Z , and decays only to known fermions. The most recent preliminary results can be found in the “ Z' -boson searches” review above.

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|---------------|-----------|---|
| >1830 | 95 | 53 AAD | 11AD ATLS | $p p; Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| >1500 | 95 | 54 CHEUNG | 01B RVUE | Electroweak |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| >1048 | 95 | 55 AAD | 11J ATLS | $p p, Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| >1071 | 95 | 56 AALTONEN | 11I CDF | $p \bar{p}; Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| >1023 | 95 | 57 ABAZOV | 11A D0 | $p \bar{p}, Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ |
| >1140 | 95 | 58 CHATRCHYAN | 11 CMS | $p p, Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| none 247–544 | 95 | 59 AALTONEN | 10N CDF | $Z' \rightarrow W W$ |
| none 320–740 | 95 | 60 AALTONEN | 09AC CDF | $Z' \rightarrow q \bar{q}$ |
| > 963 | 95 | 57 AALTONEN | 09T CDF | $p \bar{p}, Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ |
| >1030 | 95 | 61 AALTONEN | 09V CDF | $p \bar{p}; Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| >1403 | 95 | 62 ERLER | 09 RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 923 | 95 | 57 AALTONEN | 07H CDF | Repl. by AALTONEN 09T |
| >1305 | 95 | 63 ABDALLAH | 06C DLPH | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 850 | 95 | 57 ABULENCIA | 06L CDF | Repl. by AALTONEN 07H |
| > 825 | 95 | 64 ABULENCIA | 05A CDF | $p \bar{p}; Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| > 399 | 95 | 65 ACOSTA | 05R CDF | $\bar{p} p; Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ |
| none 400–640 | 95 | ABAZOV | 04C D0 | $p \bar{p}: Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow q \bar{q}$ |
| >1018 | 95 | 66 ABBIENDI | 04G OPAL | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 670 | 95 | 67 ABAZOV | 01B D0 | $p \bar{p}, Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ |
| > 710 | 95 | 68 ABREU | 00S DLPH | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 898 | 95 | 69 BARATE | 00I ALEP | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 809 | 95 | 70 ERLER | 99 RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 690 | 95 | 71 ABE | 97S CDF | $p \bar{p}; Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| > 490 | 95 | ABACHI | 96D D0 | $p \bar{p}; Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ |
| > 398 | 95 | 72 VILAIN | 94B CHM2 | $\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \nu_\mu e$ and $\bar{\nu}_\mu e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu e$ |
| > 237 | 90 | 73 ALITTI | 93 UA2 | $p \bar{p}; Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow q \bar{q}$ |
| none 260–600 | 95 | 74 RIZZO | 93 RVUE | $p \bar{p}; Z'_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow q \bar{q}$ |
| > 426 | 90 | 75 ABE | 90F VNS | $e^+ e^-$ |

⁵³ AAD 11AD search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁵⁴ CHEUNG 01B limit is derived from bounds on contact interactions in a global electroweak analysis.

⁵⁵ AAD 11J search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-$ or $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

⁵⁶ AALTONEN 11I search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p \bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

⁵⁷ ABAZOV 11A, AALTONEN 09T, AALTONEN 07H, and ABULENCIA 06L search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-$ in $p \bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

- ⁵⁸ CHATRCHYAN 11 search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-$ or $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.
- ⁵⁹ The quoted limit assumes $g_{WWZ'}/g_{WWZ} = (M_W/M_{Z'})^2$. See their Fig. 4 for limits in mass-coupling plane.
- ⁶⁰ AALTONEN 09AC search for new particle decaying to dijets.
- ⁶¹ AALTONEN 09V search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ⁶² ERLER 09 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0026 < \theta < 0.0006$.
- ⁶³ ABDALLAH 06C use data $\sqrt{s} = 130$ –207 GeV.
- ⁶⁴ ABULENCIA 05A search for resonances decaying to electron or muon pairs in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ⁶⁵ ACOSTA 05R search for resonances decaying to tau lepton pairs in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- ⁶⁶ ABBIENDI 04G give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $-0.00422 < \theta < 0.00091$. $\sqrt{s} = 91$ to 207 GeV.
- ⁶⁷ ABAZOV 01B search for resonances in $p\bar{p} \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV. They find $\sigma \cdot B(Z' \rightarrow ee) < 0.06$ pb for $M_{Z'} > 500$ GeV.
- ⁶⁸ ABREU 00S uses LEP data at $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 189 GeV.
- ⁶⁹ BARATE 00I search for deviations in cross section and asymmetries in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ fermions at $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 183 GeV. Assume $\theta=0$. Bounds in the mass-mixing plane are shown in their Figure 18.
- ⁷⁰ ERLER 99 give 90%CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0041 < \theta < 0.0003$. $\rho_0=1$ is assumed.
- ⁷¹ ABE 97S find $\sigma(Z') \times B(e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-) < 40$ fb for $m_{Z'} > 600$ GeV at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV.
- ⁷² VILAIN 94B assume $m_t = 150$ GeV.
- ⁷³ ALITTI 93 search for resonances in the two-jet invariant mass. The limit assumes $B(Z' \rightarrow q\bar{q})=0.7$. See their Fig. 5 for limits in the $m_{Z'} - B(q\bar{q})$ plane.
- ⁷⁴ RIZZO 93 analyses CDF limit on possible two-jet resonances.
- ⁷⁵ ABE 90F use data for R , $R_{\ell\ell}$, and $A_{\ell\ell}$. They fix $m_W = 80.49 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.24$ GeV and $m_Z = 91.13 \pm 0.03$ GeV.

Limits for Z_{LR}

Z_{LR} is the extra neutral boson in left-right symmetric models. $g_L = g_R$ is assumed unless noted. Values in parentheses assume stronger constraint on the Higgs sector, usually motivated by specific left-right symmetric models (see the Note on the W'). Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations and assume a light right-handed neutrino. Direct search bounds assume decays to Standard Model fermions only, unless noted.

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|---------------|----------|--|
| >1162 | 95 | 76 DEL-AGUILA | 10 RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 630 | 95 | 77 ABE | 97S CDF | $p\bar{p}; Z'_{LR} \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| > 998 | 95 | 78 ERLER | 09 RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 600 | 95 | SCHAEL | 07A ALEP | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 455 | 95 | 79 ABDALLAH | 06C DLPH | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 518 | 95 | 80 ABBIENDI | 04G OPAL | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 860 | 95 | 81 CHEUNG | 01B RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 380 | 95 | 82 ABREU | 00S DLPH | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 436 | 95 | 83 BARATE | 00I ALEP | Repl. by SCHAEL 07A |
| > 550 | 95 | 84 CHAY | 00 RVUE | Electroweak |
| | | 85 ERLER | 00 RVUE | Cs |
| | | 86 CASALBUONI | 99 RVUE | Cs |

| | | | | | |
|---------------|----|--------------|-----|------|---|
| (> 1205) | 90 | 87 CZAKON | 99 | RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 564 | 95 | 88 ERLER | 99 | RVUE | Electroweak |
| (> 1673) | 95 | 89 ERLER | 99 | RVUE | Electroweak |
| (> 1700) | 68 | 90 BARENBOIM | 98 | RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 244 | 95 | 91 CONRAD | 98 | RVUE | $\nu_\mu N$ scattering |
| > 253 | 95 | 92 VILAIN | 94B | CHM2 | $\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \nu_\mu e$ and $\bar{\nu}_\mu e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu e$ |
| none 200–600 | 95 | 93 RIZZO | 93 | RVUE | $p\bar{p}; Z_{LR} \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ |
| [> 2000] | | WALKER | 91 | COSM | Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R |
| none 200–500 | | 94 GRIFOLS | 90 | ASTR | SN 1987A; light ν_R |
| none 350–2400 | | 95 BARBIERI | 89B | ASTR | SN 1987A; light ν_R |

76 DEL-AGUILA 10 give 95% CL limit on the $Z-Z'$ mixing $-0.0012 < \theta < 0.0004$.

77 ABE 97S find $\sigma(Z') \times B(e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-) < 40$ fb for $m_{Z'} > 600$ GeV at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV.

78 ERLER 09 give 95% CL limit on the $Z-Z'$ mixing $-0.0013 < \theta < 0.0006$.

79 ABDALLAH 06C give 95% CL limit $|\theta| < 0.0028$. See their Fig. 14 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.

80 ABBIENDI 04G give 95% CL limit on $Z-Z'$ mixing $-0.00098 < \theta < 0.00190$. See their Fig. 20 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s} = 91$ to 207 GeV.

81 CHEUNG 01B limit is derived from bounds on contact interactions in a global electroweak analysis.

82 ABREU 00S give 95% CL limit on $Z-Z'$ mixing $|\theta| < 0.0018$. See their Fig. 6 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 189 GeV.

83 BARATE 00I search for deviations in cross section and asymmetries in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ fermions at $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 183 GeV. Assume $\theta=0$. Bounds in the mass-mixing plane are shown in their Figure 18.

84 CHAY 00 also find $-0.0003 < \theta < 0.0019$. For g_R free, $m_{Z'} > 430$ GeV.

85 ERLER 00 discuss the possibility that a discrepancy between the observed and predicted values of $Q_W(\text{Cs})$ is due to the exchange of Z' . The data are better described in a certain class of the Z' models including Z_{LR} and Z_χ .

86 CASALBUONI 99 discuss the discrepancy between the observed and predicted values of $Q_W(\text{Cs})$. It is shown that the data are better described in a class of models including the Z_{LR} model.

87 CZAKON 99 perform a simultaneous fit to charged and neutral sectors. Assumes manifest left-right symmetric model. Finds $|\theta| < 0.0042$.

88 ERLER 99 give 90% CL limit on the $Z-Z'$ mixing $-0.0009 < \theta < 0.0017$.

89 ERLER 99 assumes 2 Higgs doublets, transforming as 10 of SO(10), embedded in E_6 .

90 BARENBOIM 98 also gives 68% CL limits on the $Z-Z'$ mixing $-0.0005 < \theta < 0.0033$. Assumes Higgs sector of minimal left-right model.

91 CONRAD 98 limit is from measurements at CCFR, assuming no $Z-Z'$ mixing.

92 VILAIN 94B assume $m_t = 150$ GeV and $\theta=0$. See Fig. 2 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.

93 RIZZO 93 analyses CDF limit on possible two-jet resonances.

94 GRIFOLS 90 limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \lesssim 1$ MeV. A specific Higgs sector is assumed. See also GRIFOLS 90D, RIZZO 91.

95 BARBIERI 89B limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \leq 10$ MeV. Bounds depend on assumed supernova core temperature.

Limits for Z_χ

Z_χ is the extra neutral boson in $\text{SO}(10) \rightarrow \text{SU}(5) \times \text{U}(1)_\chi$. $g_\chi = e/\cos\theta_W$ is assumed unless otherwise stated. We list limits with the assumption $\rho=1$ but with no further constraints on the Higgs sector. Values in parentheses assume stronger constraint on the Higgs sector motivated by superstring models. Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations and assume a light right-handed neutrino.

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|-----------------|-----------|--|
| >1640 | 95 | 96 AAD | 11AD ATLS | $p p; Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| >1141 | 95 | 97 ERLER | 09 RVUE | Electroweak |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| > 900 | 95 | 98 AAD | 11J ATLS | $p p, Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| > 930 | 95 | 99 AALTONEN | 11I CDF | $p \bar{p}; Z'_\chi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| > 903 | 95 | 100 ABAZOV | 11A D0 | $p \bar{p}, Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ |
| > 1022 | 95 | 101 DEL-AGUILA | 10 RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 862 | 95 | 100 AALTONEN | 09T CDF | $p \bar{p}, Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ |
| > 892 | 95 | 102 AALTONEN | 09V CDF | $p \bar{p}; Z'_\chi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| > 822 | 95 | 100 AALTONEN | 07H CDF | Repl. by AALTONEN 09T |
| > 680 | 95 | SCHAEL | 07A ALEP | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 545 | 95 | 103 ABDALLAH | 06C DLPH | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 740 | 95 | 100 ABULENCIA | 06L CDF | Repl. by AALTONEN 07H |
| > 690 | 95 | 104 ABULENCIA | 05A CDF | $p \bar{p}; Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| > 781 | 95 | 105 ABBIENDI | 04G OPAL | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 2100 | 95 | 106 BARGER | 03B COSM | Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R |
| > 680 | 95 | 107 CHEUNG | 01B RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 440 | 95 | 108 ABREU | 00S DLPH | $e^+ e^-$ |
| > 533 | 95 | 109 BARATE | 00I ALEP | Repl. by SCHAEL 07A |
| > 554 | 95 | 110 CHO | 00 RVUE | Electroweak |
| | | 111 ERLER | 00 RVUE | Cs |
| | | 112 ROSNER | 00 RVUE | Cs |
| > 545 | 95 | 113 ERLER | 99 RVUE | Electroweak |
| (> 1368) | 95 | 114 ERLER | 99 RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 215 | 95 | 115 CONRAD | 98 RVUE | $\nu_\mu N$ scattering |
| > 595 | 95 | 116 ABE | 97S CDF | $p \bar{p}; Z'_\chi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| > 190 | 95 | 117 ARIMA | 97 VNS | Bhabha scattering |
| > 262 | 95 | 118 VILAIN | 94B CHM2 | $\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \nu_\mu e; \bar{\nu}_\mu e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu e$ |
| [>1470] | | 119 FARAGGI | 91 COSM | Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R |
| > 231 | 90 | 120 ABE | 90F VNS | $e^+ e^-$ |
| [> 1140] | | 121 GONZALEZ-G. | 90D COSM | Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R |
| [> 2100] | | 122 GRIFOLS | 90 ASTR | SN 1987A; light ν_R |

96 AAD 11AD search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

97 ERLER 09 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0016 < \theta < 0.0006$.

98 AAD 11J search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-$ or $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

99 AALTONEN 11I search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p \bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

- 100 ABAZOV 11A, AALTONEN 09T, AALTONEN 07H, and ABULENCIA 06L search for resonances decaying to $e^+ e^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- 101 DEL-AGUILA 10 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0011 < \theta < 0.0007$.
- 102 AALTONEN 09V search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+ \mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- 103 ABDALLAH 06C give 95% CL limit $|\theta| < 0.0031$. See their Fig. 14 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.
- 104 ABULENCIA 05A search for resonances decaying to electron or muon pairs in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- 105 ABBIENDI 04G give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $-0.00099 < \theta < 0.00194$. See their Fig. 20 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s} = 91$ to 207 GeV.
- 106 BARGER 03B limit is from the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrino $\delta N_\nu < 1$. The quark-hadron transition temperature $T_c = 150$ MeV is assumed. The limit with $T_c = 400$ MeV is > 4300 GeV.
- 107 CHEUNG 01B limit is derived from bounds on contact interactions in a global electroweak analysis.
- 108 ABREU 00S give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $|\theta| < 0.0017$. See their Fig. 6 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s} = 90$ to 189 GeV.
- 109 BARATE 00I search for deviations in cross section and asymmetries in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ fermions at $\sqrt{s} = 90$ to 183 GeV. Assume $\theta = 0$. Bounds in the mass-mixing plane are shown in their Figure 18.
- 110 CHO 00 use various electroweak data to constrain Z' models assuming $m_H = 100$ GeV. See Fig. 3 for limits in the mass-mixing plane.
- 111 ERLER 00 discuss the possibility that a discrepancy between the observed and predicted values of $Q_W(\text{Cs})$ is due to the exchange of Z' . The data are better described in a certain class of the Z' models including Z_{LR} and Z_χ .
- 112 ROSNER 00 discusses the possibility that a discrepancy between the observed and predicted values of $Q_W(\text{Cs})$ is due to the exchange of Z' . The data are better described in a certain class of the Z' models including Z_χ .
- 113 ERLER 99 give 90% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0020 < \theta < 0.0015$.
- 114 ERLER 99 assumes 2 Higgs doublets, transforming as 10 of SO(10), embedded in E_6 .
- 115 CONRAD 98 limit is from measurements at CCFR, assuming no Z - Z' mixing.
- 116 ABE 97S find $\sigma(Z') \times B(e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-) < 40$ fb for $m_{Z'} > 600$ GeV at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV.
- 117 Z - Z' mixing is assumed to be zero. $\sqrt{s} = 57.77$ GeV.
- 118 VILAIN 94B assume $m_t = 150$ GeV and $\theta = 0$. See Fig. 2 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.
- 119 FARAGGI 91 limit assumes the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of neutrinos $\Delta N_\nu < 0.5$ and is valid for $m_{\nu_R} < 1$ MeV.
- 120 ABE 90F use data for R , $R_{\ell\ell}$, and $A_{\ell\ell}$. ABE 90F fix $m_W = 80.49 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.24$ GeV and $m_Z = 91.13 \pm 0.03$ GeV.
- 121 Assumes the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrinos ($\delta N_\nu < 1$) and that ν_R is light ($\lesssim 1$ MeV).
- 122 GRIFOLS 90 limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \lesssim 1$ MeV. See also GRIFOLS 90D, RIZZO 91.

Limits for Z_ψ

Z_ψ is the extra neutral boson in $E_6 \rightarrow SO(10) \times U(1)_\psi$. $g_\psi = e/\cos\theta_W$ is assumed unless otherwise stated. We list limits with the assumption $\rho = 1$ but with no further constraints on the Higgs sector. Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations and assume a light right-handed neutrino.

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|-------------|-----|----------------|-----------|--|
| > 1490 | 95 | 123 AAD | 11AD ATLS | $p\bar{p}; Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| > 476 | 95 | 124 DEL-AGUILA | 10 RVUE | Electroweak |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------------------|----------|--|--|
| > 738 | 95 | 125 AAD | 11J ATLS | $p\bar{p}$, $Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ | |
| > 917 | 95 | 126 AALTONEN | 11I CDF | $p\bar{p}; Z'_\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ | |
| > 891 | 95 | 127 ABAZOV | 11A D0 | $p\bar{p}, Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$ | |
| > 887 | 95 | 128 CHATRCHYAN | 11 CMS | $p\bar{p}, Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ | |
| > 851 | 95 | 127 AALTONEN | 09T CDF | $p\bar{p}, Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$ | |
| > 878 | 95 | 129 AALTONEN | 09V CDF | $p\bar{p}; Z'_\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ | |
| > 147 | 95 | 130 ERLER | 09 RVUE | Electroweak | |
| > 822 | 95 | 127 AALTONEN | 07H CDF | Repl. by AALTONEN 09T | |
| > 410 | 95 | SCHAEL | 07A ALEP | e^+e^- | |
| > 475 | 95 | 131 ABDALLAH | 06C DLPH | e^+e^- | |
| > 725 | | 127 ABULENCIA | 06L CDF | Repl. by AALTONEN 07H | |
| > 675 | 95 | 132 ABULENCIA | 05A CDF | $p\bar{p}; Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ | |
| > 366 | 95 | 133 ABBIENDI | 04G OPAL | e^+e^- | |
| > 600 | | 134 BARGER | 03B COSM | Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R | |
| > 350 | 95 | 135 ABREU | 00S DLPH | e^+e^- | |
| > 294 | 95 | 136 BARATE | 00I ALEP | Repl. by SCHAEL 07A | |
| > 137 | 95 | 137 CHO | 00 RVUE | Electroweak | |
| > 146 | 95 | 138 ERLER | 99 RVUE | Electroweak | |
| > 54 | 95 | 139 CONRAD | 98 RVUE | $\nu_\mu N$ scattering | |
| > 590 | 95 | 140 ABE | 97S CDF | $p\bar{p}; Z'_\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ | |
| > 135 | 95 | 141 VILAIN | 94B CHM2 | $\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \nu_\mu e; \bar{\nu}_\mu e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu e$ | |
| > 105 | 90 | 142 ABE | 90F VNS | e^+e^- | |
| [> 160] | | 143 GONZALEZ-G..90D | COSM | Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R | |
| [> 2000] | | 144 GRIFOLS | 90D ASTR | SN 1987A; light ν_R | |

123 AAD 11AD search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- , $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

124 DEL-AGUILA 10 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0019 < \theta < 0.0007$.

125 AAD 11J search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

126 AALTONEN 11I search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

127 ABAZOV 11A, AALTONEN 09T, AALTONEN 07H, and ABULENCIA 06L search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

128 CHATRCHYAN 11 search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

129 AALTONEN 09V search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

130 ERLER 09 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0018 < \theta < 0.0009$.

131 ABDALLAH 06C give 95% CL limit $|\theta| < 0.0027$. See their Fig. 14 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.

132 ABULENCIA 05A search for resonances decaying to electron or muon pairs in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.

133 ABBIENDI 04G give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $-0.00129 < \theta < 0.00258$. See their Fig. 20 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s} = 91$ to 207 GeV.

134 BARGER 03B limit is from the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrino $\delta N_\nu < 1$. The quark-hadron transition temperature $T_c = 150$ MeV is assumed. The limit with $T_c = 400$ MeV is > 1100 GeV.

- 135 ABREU 00S give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $|\theta| < 0.0018$. See their Fig. 6 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 189 GeV.
- 136 BARATE 00I search for deviations in cross section and asymmetries in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ fermions at $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 183 GeV. Assume $\theta=0$. Bounds in the mass-mixing plane are shown in their Figure 18.
- 137 CHO 00 use various electroweak data to constrain Z' models assuming $m_H=100$ GeV. See Fig. 3 for limits in the mass-mixing plane.
- 138 ERLER 99 give 90% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0013 < \theta < 0.0024$.
- 139 CONRAD 98 limit is from measurements at CCFR, assuming no Z - Z' mixing.
- 140 ABE 97S find $\sigma(Z') \times B(e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-) < 40$ fb for $m_{Z'} > 600$ GeV at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV.
- 141 VILAIN 94B assume $m_t = 150$ GeV and $\theta=0$. See Fig. 2 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.
- 142 ABE 90F use data for R , $R_{\ell\ell}$, and $A_{\ell\ell}$. ABE 90F fix $m_W = 80.49 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.24$ GeV and $m_Z = 91.13 \pm 0.03$ GeV.
- 143 Assumes the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrinos ($\delta N_\nu < 1$) and that ν_R is light ($\lesssim 1$ MeV).
- 144 GRIFOLS 90D limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \lesssim 1$ MeV. See also RIZZO 91.

Limits for Z_η

Z_η is the extra neutral boson in E_6 models, corresponding to $Q_\eta = \sqrt{3/8} Q_\chi - \sqrt{5/8} Q_\psi$. $g_\eta = e/\cos\theta_W$ is assumed unless otherwise stated. We list limits with the assumption $\rho=1$ but with no further constraints on the Higgs sector. Values in parentheses assume stronger constraint on the Higgs sector motivated by superstring models. Values in brackets are from cosmological and astrophysical considerations and assume a light right-handed neutrino.

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT | |
|---|-----|----------------|-----------|--|--|
| >1540 | 95 | 145 AAD | 11AD ATLS | $p p; Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ | |
| > 619 | 95 | 146 CHO | 00 RVUE | Electroweak | |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | | |
| > 771 | 95 | 147 AAD | 11J ATLS | $p p, Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ | |
| > 938 | 95 | 148 AALTONEN | 11I CDF | $p\bar{p}; Z'_\eta \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ | |
| > 923 | 95 | 149 ABAZOV | 11A D0 | $p\bar{p}, Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ | |
| > 488 | 95 | 150 DEL-AGUILA | 10 RVUE | Electroweak | |
| > 877 | 95 | 149 AALTONEN | 09T CDF | $p\bar{p}, Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ | |
| > 904 | 95 | 151 AALTONEN | 09V CDF | $p\bar{p}; Z'_\eta \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ | |
| > 427 | 95 | 152 ERLER | 09 RVUE | Electroweak | |
| > 891 | 95 | 149 AALTONEN | 07H CDF | Repl. by AALTONEN 09T | |
| > 350 | 95 | SCHAEL | 07A ALEP | $e^+ e^-$ | |
| > 360 | 95 | 153 ABDALLAH | 06C DLPH | $e^+ e^-$ | |
| > 745 | | 149 ABULENCIA | 06L CDF | Repl. by AALTONEN 07H | |
| > 720 | 95 | 154 ABULENCIA | 05A CDF | $p\bar{p}; Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ | |
| > 515 | 95 | 155 ABBIENDI | 04G OPAL | $e^+ e^-$ | |
| > 1600 | | 156 BARGER | 03B COSM | Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R | |
| > 310 | 95 | 157 ABREU | 00S DLPH | $e^+ e^-$ | |
| > 329 | 95 | 158 BARATE | 00I ALEP | Repl. by SCHAEL 07A | |
| > 365 | 95 | 159 ERLER | 99 RVUE | Electroweak | |

- | | | | | |
|----------|----|---------------------|----------|--|
| > 87 | 95 | 160 CONRAD | 98 RVUE | $\nu_\mu N$ scattering |
| > 620 | 95 | 161 ABE | 97S CDF | $p\bar{p}; Z'_\eta \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$ |
| > 100 | 95 | 162 VILAIN | 94B CHM2 | $\nu_\mu e \rightarrow \nu_\mu e; \bar{\nu}_\mu e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu e$ |
| > 125 | 90 | 163 ABE | 90F VNS | e^+e^- |
| [> 820] | | 164 GONZALEZ-G..90D | COSM | Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R |
| [> 3300] | | 165 GRIFOLS | 90 ASTR | SN 1987A; light ν_R |
| [> 1040] | | 164 LOPEZ | 90 COSM | Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R |
- 145 AAD 11AD search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- , $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.
- 146 CHO 00 use various electroweak data to constrain Z' models assuming $m_H=100$ GeV. See Fig. 3 for limits in the mass-mixing plane.
- 147 AAD 11J search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.
- 148 AALTONEN 11I search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- 149 ABAZOV 11A, AALTONEN 09T, AALTONEN 07H, and ABULENCIA 06L search for resonances decaying to e^+e^- in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- 150 DEL-AGUILA 10 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0023 < \theta < 0.0027$.
- 151 AALTONEN 09V search for resonances decaying to $\mu^+\mu^-$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- 152 ERLER 09 give 95% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0047 < \theta < 0.0021$.
- 153 ABDALLAH 06C give 95% CL limit $|\theta| < 0.0092$. See their Fig. 14 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.
- 154 ABULENCIA 05A search for resonances decaying to electron or muon pairs in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV.
- 155 ABBIENDI 04G give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $-0.00447 < \theta < 0.00331$. See their Fig. 20 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s} = 91$ to 207 GeV.
- 156 BARGER 03B limit is from the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrino $\delta N_\nu < 1$. The quark-hadron transition temperature $T_c=150$ MeV is assumed. The limit with $T_c=400$ MeV is >3300 GeV.
- 157 ABREU 00S give 95% CL limit on Z - Z' mixing $|\theta| < 0.0024$. See their Fig. 6 for the limit contour in the mass-mixing plane. $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 189 GeV.
- 158 BARATE 00I search for deviations in cross section and asymmetries in $e^+e^- \rightarrow$ fermions at $\sqrt{s}=90$ to 183 GeV. Assume $\theta=0$. Bounds in the mass-mixing plane are shown in their Figure 18.
- 159 ERLER 99 give 90% CL limit on the Z - Z' mixing $-0.0062 < \theta < 0.0011$.
- 160 CONRAD 98 limit is from measurements at CCFR, assuming no Z - Z' mixing.
- 161 ABE 97S find $\sigma(Z') \times B(e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-) < 40$ fb for $m_{Z'} > 600$ GeV at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ TeV.
- 162 VILAIN 94B assume $m_t = 150$ GeV and $\theta=0$. See Fig. 2 for limit contours in the mass-mixing plane.
- 163 ABE 90F use data for R , $R_{\ell\ell}$, and $A_{\ell\ell}$. ABE 90F fix $m_W = 80.49 \pm 0.43 \pm 0.24$ GeV and $m_Z = 91.13 \pm 0.03$ GeV.
- 164 These authors claim that the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrinos ($\delta N_\nu < 1$) constrains Z' masses if ν_R is light ($\lesssim 1$ MeV).
- 165 GRIFOLS 90 limit holds for $m_{\nu_R} \lesssim 1$ MeV. See also GRIFOLS 90D, RIZZO 91.

Limits for other Z'

| <i>VALUE</i> (GeV) | | <i>DOCUMENT ID</i> | <i>TECN</i> | <i>COMMENT</i> |
|--|----------------|---|-------------|--------------------------------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 166 | AAD | 11H | ATLS | $Z' \rightarrow e\mu$ |
| 167 | AAD | 11Z | ATLS | $Z' \rightarrow e\mu$ |
| 168 | AALTONEN | 11AD | CDF | $Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ |
| 169 | AALTONEN | 11AE | CDF | $Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ |
| 170 | CHATRCHYAN | 11O | CMS | $pp \rightarrow tt$ |
| 171 | AALTONEN | 08D | CDF | $Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ |
| 171 | AALTONEN | 08Y | CDF | $Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ |
| 171 | ABAZOV | 08AA | D0 | $Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ |
| 172 | ABULENCIA | 06M | CDF | $Z' \rightarrow e\mu$ |
| 173 | ABAZOV | 04A | D0 | Repl. by ABAZOV 08AA |
| 174 | BARGER | 03B | COSM | Nucleosynthesis; light ν_R |
| 175 | CHO | 00 | RVUE | E_6 -motivated |
| 176 | CHO | 98 | RVUE | E_6 -motivated |
| 177 | ABE | 97G | CDF | $Z' \rightarrow \bar{q}q$ |
| 166 | AAD 11H | Search for new particle with lepton flavor violating decay in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. See their Fig. 3 for exclusion plot on the production cross section. | | |
| 167 | AAD 11Z | Search for new particle with lepton flavor violating decay in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. See their Fig. 3 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$. | | |
| 168 | | Search for narrow resonance decaying to $t\bar{t}$. See their Fig. 4 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$. | | |
| 169 | | Search for narrow resonance decaying to $t\bar{t}$. See their Fig. 3 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$. | | |
| 170 | CHATRCHYAN 11O | Search for same-sign top production in pp collisions induced by a hypothetical FCNC Z' at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. See their Fig. 3 for limit in mass-coupling plane. | | |
| 171 | | Search for narrow resonance decaying to $t\bar{t}$. See their Fig. 3 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$. | | |
| 172 | ABULENCIA 06M | Search for new particle with lepton flavor violating decay at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Fig. 4 for an exclusion plot on a mass-coupling plane. | | |
| 173 | | Search for narrow resonance decaying to $t\bar{t}$. See their Fig. 2 for limit on $\sigma \cdot B$. | | |
| 174 | BARGER 03B | use the nucleosynthesis bound on the effective number of light neutrino δN_ν . See their Figs. 4–5 for limits in general E_6 motivated models. | | |
| 175 | CHO 00 | use various electroweak data to constrain Z' models assuming $m_H=100$ GeV. See Fig. 2 for limits in general E_6 motivated models. | | |
| 176 | CHO 98 | study constraints on four-Fermi contact interactions obtained from low-energy electroweak experiments, assuming no Z - Z' mixing. | | |
| 177 | | Search for Z' decaying to dijets at $\sqrt{s}=1.8$ TeV. For Z' with electromagnetic strength coupling, no bound is obtained. | | |

Indirect Constraints on Kaluza-Klein Gauge Bosons

Bounds on a Kaluza-Klein excitation of the Z boson or photon in $d=1$ extra dimension. These bounds can also be interpreted as a lower bound on $1/R$, the size of the extra dimension. Unless otherwise stated, bounds assume all fermions live on a single brane and all gauge fields occupy the $4+d$ -dimensional bulk. See also the section on “Extra Dimensions” in the “Searches” Listings in this Review.

| <i>VALUE</i> (TeV) | <i>CL%</i> | <i>DOCUMENT ID</i> | <i>TECN</i> | <i>COMMENT</i> |
|--|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|-------|----|--------------|----|------|--------------|
| > 4.7 | | 178 MUECK | 02 | RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 3.3 | 95 | 179 CORNET | 00 | RVUE | $e\nu qq'$ |
| >5000 | | 180 DELGADO | 00 | RVUE | ϵ_K |
| > 2.6 | 95 | 181 DELGADO | 00 | RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 3.3 | 95 | 182 RIZZO | 00 | RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 2.9 | 95 | 183 MARCIANO | 99 | RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 2.5 | 95 | 184 MASIP | 99 | RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 1.6 | 90 | 185 NATH | 99 | RVUE | Electroweak |
| > 3.4 | 95 | 186 STRUMIA | 99 | RVUE | Electroweak |

178 MUECK 02 limit is 2σ and is from global electroweak fit ignoring correlations among observables. Higgs is assumed to be confined on the brane and its mass is fixed. For scenarios of bulk Higgs, of brane-SU(2) $_L$, bulk-U(1) $_{Y_H}$, and of bulk-SU(2) $_L$, brane-U(1) $_{Y_H}$, the corresponding limits are > 4.6 TeV, > 4.3 TeV and > 3.0 TeV, respectively.

179 Bound is derived from limits on $e\nu qq'$ contact interaction, using data from HERA and the Tevatron.

180 Bound holds only if first two generations of quarks lives on separate branes. If quark mixing is not complex, then bound lowers to 400 TeV from Δm_K .

181 See Figs. 1 and 2 of DELGADO 00 for several model variations. Special boundary conditions can be found which permit KK states down to 950 GeV and that agree with the measurement of Q_W (Cs). Quoted bound assumes all Higgs bosons confined to brane; placing one Higgs doublet in the bulk lowers bound to 2.3 TeV.

182 Bound is derived from global electroweak analysis assuming the Higgs field is trapped on the matter brane. If the Higgs propagates in the bulk, the bound increases to 3.8 TeV.

183 Bound is derived from global electroweak analysis but considering only presence of the KK W bosons.

184 Global electroweak analysis used to obtain bound independent of position of Higgs on brane or in bulk.

185 Bounds from effect of KK states on G_F , α , M_W , and M_Z . Hard cutoff at string scale determined using gauge coupling unification. Limits for $d=2,3,4$ rise to 3.5, 5.7, and 7.8 TeV.

186 Bound obtained for Higgs confined to the matter brane with $m_H=500$ GeV. For Higgs in the bulk, the bound increases to 3.5 TeV.

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MASS LIMITS for Leptoquarks from Pair Production

These limits rely only on the color or electroweak charge of the leptoquark.

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|------------------|----------|-------------------|
| >660 | 95 | 187 AAD | 12H ATLS | First generation |
| >422 | 95 | 188 AAD | 11D ATLS | Second Generation |
| >247 | 95 | 189 ABAZOV | 10L D0 | Third generation |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| >376 | 95 | 190 AAD | 11D ATLS | First Generation |
| >326 | 95 | 191 ABAZOV | 11V D0 | First generation |
| >339 | 95 | 192 CHATRCHYAN | 11N CMS | First generation |
| >384 | 95 | 193 KHACHATRY... | 11D CMS | First generation |
| >394 | 95 | 194 KHACHATRY... | 11E CMS | Second generation |
| >316 | 95 | 195 ABAZOV | 09 D0 | Second generation |
| >299 | 95 | 196 ABAZOV | 09AF D0 | First generation |
| | | 197 AALTONEN | 08P CDF | Third generation |
| >153 | 95 | 198 AALTONEN | 08Z CDF | Third generation |
| >205 | 95 | 199 ABAZOV | 08AD D0 | All generations |
| >210 | 95 | 198 ABAZOV | 08AN D0 | Third generation |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|----|---------|----------------|-----|------|----------------------------|
| >229 | 95 | 200 | ABAZOV | 07J | D0 | Third generation |
| >251 | 95 | 201 | ABAZOV | 06A | D0 | Superseded by ABAZOV 09 |
| >136 | 95 | 202 | ABAZOV | 06L | D0 | Superseded by ABAZOV 08AD |
| >226 | 95 | 203 | ABULENCIA | 06T | CDF | Second generation |
| >256 | 95 | 204 | ABAZOV | 05H | D0 | First generation |
| >117 | 95 | 199 | ACOSTA | 05I | CDF | First generation |
| >236 | 95 | 205 | ACOSTA | 05P | CDF | First generation |
| > 99 | 95 | 206 | ABBIENDI | 03R | OPAL | First generation |
| >100 | 95 | 206 | ABBIENDI | 03R | OPAL | Second generation |
| > 98 | 95 | 206 | ABBIENDI | 03R | OPAL | Third generation |
| > 98 | 95 | 207 | ABAZOV | 02 | D0 | All generations |
| >225 | 95 | 208 | ABAZOV | 01D | D0 | First generation |
| > 85.8 | 95 | 209 | ABBIENDI | 00M | OPAL | Superseded by ABBIENDI 03R |
| > 85.5 | 95 | 209 | ABBIENDI | 00M | OPAL | Superseded by ABBIENDI 03R |
| > 82.7 | 95 | 209 | ABBIENDI | 00M | OPAL | Superseded by ABBIENDI 03R |
| >200 | 95 | 210 | ABBOTT | 00C | D0 | Second generation |
| >123 | 95 | 211 | AFFOLDER | 00K | CDF | Second generation |
| >148 | 95 | 212 | AFFOLDER | 00K | CDF | Third generation |
| >160 | 95 | 213 | ABBOTT | 99J | D0 | Second generation |
| >225 | 95 | 214 | ABBOTT | 98E | D0 | First generation |
| > 94 | 95 | 215 | ABBOTT | 98J | D0 | Third generation |
| >202 | 95 | 216 | ABE | 98S | CDF | Second generation |
| >242 | 95 | 217 | GROSS-PILCH.98 | | | First generation |
| > 99 | 95 | 218 | ABE | 97F | CDF | Third generation |
| >213 | 95 | 219 | ABE | 97X | CDF | First generation |
| > 45.5 | 95 | 220,221 | ABREU | 93J | DLPH | First + second generation |
| > 44.4 | 95 | 222 | ADRIANI | 93M | L3 | First generation |
| > 44.5 | 95 | 222 | ADRIANI | 93M | L3 | Second generation |
| > 45 | 95 | 222 | DECAMP | 92 | ALEP | Third generation |
| none 8.9–22.6 | 95 | 223 | KIM | 90 | AMY | First generation |
| none 10.2–23.2 | 95 | 223 | KIM | 90 | AMY | Second generation |
| none 5–20.8 | 95 | 224 | BARTEL | 87B | JADE | |
| none 7–20.5 | 95 | 225 | BEHREND | 86B | CELL | |

187 AAD 12H search for scalar leptoquarks using $e\bar{e}jj$ and $e\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 607 GeV.

188 AAD 11D search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$ and $\mu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 362 GeV.

189 ABAZOV 10L search for pair productions of scalar leptoquark state decaying to νb in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\nu b) = 1$.

190 AAD 11D search for scalar leptoquarks using $e\bar{e}jj$ and $e\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 319 GeV.

191 ABAZOV 11V search for scalar leptoquarks using $e\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 0.5$.

192 CHATRCHYAN 11N search for scalar leptoquarks using $e\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 0.5$.

193 KHACHATRYAN 11D search for scalar leptoquarks using $e\bar{e}jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$.

194 KHACHATRYAN 11E search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 7$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$.

- 195 ABAZOV 09 search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$ and $\mu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 270 GeV.
- 196 ABAZOV 09AF search for scalar leptoquarks using $eejj$ and $e\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$ the bound becomes 284 GeV.
- 197 AALTONEN 08P search for vector leptoquarks using $\tau^+\tau^- b\bar{b}$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. Assuming Yang-Mills (minimal) couplings, the mass limit is >317 GeV (251 GeV) at 95% CL for $B(\tau b) = 1$.
- 198 Search for pair production of scalar leptoquark state decaying to τb in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\tau b) = 1$.
- 199 Search for scalar leptoquarks using $\nu\nu jj$ events in $\bar{p}p$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\nu q) = 1$.
- 200 ABAZOV 07J search for pair productions of scalar leptoquark state decaying to νb in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\nu b) = 1$.
- 201 ABAZOV 06A search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV and 1.96 TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$, the limit becomes 204 GeV.
- 202 ABAZOV 06L search for scalar leptoquarks using $\nu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV and at 1.96 TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\nu q) = 1$.
- 203 ABULENCIA 06T search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$, $\mu\nu jj$, and $\nu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The quoted limit assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$ or 0.1, the bound becomes 208 GeV or 143 GeV, respectively. See their Fig. 4 for the exclusion limit as a function of $B(\mu q)$.
- 204 ABAZOV 05H search for scalar leptoquarks using $eejj$ and $e\nu jj$ events in $\bar{p}p$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV and 1.96 TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$ the bound becomes 234 GeV.
- 205 ACOSTA 05P search for scalar leptoquarks using $eejj$, $e\nu jj$ events in $\bar{p}p$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$ and 0.1, the bound becomes 205 GeV and 145 GeV, respectively.
- 206 ABBIENDI 03R search for scalar/vector leptoquarks in e^+e^- collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 189$ –209 GeV. The quoted limits are for charge $-4/3$ isospin 0 scalar-leptoquark with $B(\ell q) = 1$. See their table 12 for other cases.
- 207 ABAZOV 02 search for scalar leptoquarks using $\nu\nu jj$ events in $\bar{p}p$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The bound holds for all leptoquark generations. Vector leptoquarks are likewise constrained to lie above 200 GeV.
- 208 ABAZOV 01D search for scalar leptoquarks using $e\nu jj$, $eejj$, and $\nu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq) = 1$. For $B(eq) = 0.5$ and 0, the bound becomes 204 and 79 GeV, respectively. Bounds for vector leptoquarks are also given. Supersedes ABBOTT 98E.
- 209 ABBIENDI 00M search for scalar/vector leptoquarks in e^+e^- collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 183$ GeV. The quoted limits are for charge $-4/3$ isospin 0 scalar-leptoquarks with $B(\ell q) = 1$. See their Table 8 and Figs. 6–9 for other cases.
- 210 ABBOTT 00C search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$, $\mu\nu jj$, and $\nu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(\mu q) = 1$. For $B(\mu q) = 0.5$ and 0, the bound becomes 180 and 79 GeV respectively. Bounds for vector leptoquarks are also given.
- 211 AFFOLDER 00K search for scalar leptoquark using $\nu\nu cc$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The quoted limit assumes $B(\nu c) = 1$. Bounds for vector leptoquarks are also given.
- 212 AFFOLDER 00K search for scalar leptoquark using $\nu\nu bb$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The quoted limit assumes $B(\nu b) = 1$. Bounds for vector leptoquarks are also given.
- 213 ABBOTT 99J search for leptoquarks using $\mu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The quoted limit is for a scalar leptoquark with $B(\mu q) = B(\nu q) = 0.5$. Limits on vector leptoquarks range from 240 to 290 GeV.

- 214 ABBOTT 98E search for scalar leptoquarks using $e\nu jj$, $eejj$, and $\nu\nu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm}=1.8$ TeV. The limit above assumes $B(eq)=1$. For $B(eq)=0.5$ and 0, the bound becomes 204 and 79 GeV, respectively.
- 215 ABBOTT 98J search for charge $-1/3$ third generation scalar and vector leptoquarks in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm}=1.8$ TeV. The quoted limit is for scalar leptoquark with $B(\nu b)=1$.
- 216 ABE 98S search for scalar leptoquarks using $\mu\mu jj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm}=1.8$ TeV. The limit is for $B(\mu q)=1$. For $B(\mu q)=B(\nu q)=0.5$, the limit is > 160 GeV.
- 217 GROSS-PILCHER 98 is the combined limit of the CDF and D \emptyset Collaborations as determined by a joint CDF/D \emptyset working group and reported in this FNAL Technical Memo. Original data published in ABE 97X and ABBOTT 98E.
- 218 ABE 97F search for third generation scalar and vector leptoquarks in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm}=1.8$ TeV. The quoted limit is for scalar leptoquark with $B(\tau b)=1$.
- 219 ABE 97X search for scalar leptoquarks using $eejj$ events in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm}=1.8$ TeV. The limit is for $B(eq)=1$.
- 220 Limit is for charge $-1/3$ isospin-0 leptoquark with $B(\ell q)=2/3$.
- 221 First and second generation leptoquarks are assumed to be degenerate. The limit is slightly lower for each generation.
- 222 Limits are for charge $-1/3$, isospin-0 scalar leptoquarks decaying to $\ell^- q$ or νq with any branching ratio. See paper for limits for other charge-isospin assignments of leptoquarks.
- 223 KIM 90 assume pair production of charge $2/3$ scalar-leptoquark via photon exchange. The decay of the first (second) generation leptoquark is assumed to be any mixture of de^+ and $u\bar{\nu}$ ($s\mu^+$ and $c\bar{\nu}$). See paper for limits for specific branching ratios.
- 224 BARTEL 87B limit is valid when a pair of charge $2/3$ spinless leptoquarks X is produced with point coupling, and when they decay under the constraint $B(X \rightarrow c\bar{\nu}_\mu) + B(X \rightarrow s\mu^+) = 1$.
- 225 BEHREND 86B assumed that a charge $2/3$ spinless leptoquark, χ , decays either into $s\mu^+$ or $c\bar{\nu}$: $B(\chi \rightarrow s\mu^+) + B(\chi \rightarrow c\bar{\nu}) = 1$.

MASS LIMITS for Leptoquarks from Single Production

These limits depend on the $q\text{-}\ell$ -leptoquark coupling g_{LQ} . It is often assumed that $g_{LQ}^2/4\pi=1/137$. Limits shown are for a scalar, weak isoscalar, charge $-1/3$ leptoquark.

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------|-----|--------------|----------|-------------------|
| >298 | 95 | 226 CHEKANOV | 03B ZEUS | First generation |
| > 73 | 95 | 227 ABREU | 93J DLPH | Second generation |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|------|----|--------------|----------|-------------------------|
| >300 | 95 | 228 AARON | 11A H1 | Lepton-flavor violation |
| | | 229 AARON | 11B H1 | First generation |
| | | 230 ABAZOV | 07E D0 | Second generation |
| >295 | 95 | 231 AKTAS | 05B H1 | First generation |
| | | 232 CHEKANOV | 05A ZEUS | Lepton-flavor violation |
| >197 | 95 | 233 ABBIENDI | 02B OPAL | First generation |
| | | 234 CHEKANOV | 02 ZEUS | Repl. by CHEKANOV 05A |
| >290 | 95 | 235 ADLOFF | 01C H1 | First generation |
| >204 | 95 | 236 BREITWEG | 01 ZEUS | First generation |
| | | 237 BREITWEG | 00E ZEUS | First generation |
| >161 | 95 | 238 ABREU | 99G DLPH | First generation |
| >200 | 95 | 239 ADLOFF | 99 H1 | First generation |
| | | 240 DERRICK | 97 ZEUS | Lepton-flavor violation |
| >168 | 95 | 241 DERRICK | 93 ZEUS | First generation |

- 226 CHEKANOV 03B limit is for a scalar, weak isoscalar, charge $-1/3$ leptoquark coupled with e_R . See their Figs. 11–12 and Table 5 for limits on states with different quantum numbers.
- 227 Limit from single production in Z decay. The limit is for a leptoquark coupling of electromagnetic strength and assumes $B(\ell q) = 2/3$. The limit is 77 GeV if first and second leptoquarks are degenerate.
- 228 AARON 11A search for various leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. See their Figs. 2–3 and Tables 1–4 for detailed limits.
- 229 The quoted limit is for a scalar, weak isoscalar, charge $-1/3$ leptoquark coupled with e_R . See their Figs. 3–5 for limits on states with different quantum numbers.
- 230 ABAZOV 07E search for leptoquark single production through qg fusion process in $p\bar{p}$ collisions. See their Fig. 4 for exclusion plot in mass-coupling plane.
- 231 AKTAS 05B limit is for a scalar, weak isoscalar, charge $-1/3$ leptoquark coupled with e_R . See their Fig. 3 for limits on states with different quantum numbers.
- 232 CHEKANOV 05 search for various leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. See their Figs. 6–10 and Tables 1–8 for detailed limits.
- 233 For limits on states with different quantum numbers and the limits in the mass-coupling plane, see their Fig. 4 and Fig. 5.
- 234 CHEKANOV 02 search for various leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. See their Figs. 6–7 and Tables 5–6 for detailed limits.
- 235 For limits on states with different quantum numbers and the limits in the mass-coupling plane, see their Fig. 3.
- 236 See their Fig. 14 for limits in the mass-coupling plane.
- 237 BREITWEG 00E search for $F=0$ leptoquarks in $e^+ p$ collisions. For limits in mass-coupling plane, see their Fig. 11.
- 238 ABREU 99G limit obtained from process $e\gamma \rightarrow LQ+q$. For limits on vector and scalar states with different quantum numbers and the limits in the coupling-mass plane, see their Fig. 4 and Table 2.
- 239 For limits on states with different quantum numbers and the limits in the mass-coupling plane, see their Fig. 13 and Fig. 14. ADLOFF 99 also search for leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. ADLOFF 99 supersedes AID 96B.
- 240 DERRICK 97 search for various leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. See their Figs. 5–8 and Table 1 for detailed limits.
- 241 DERRICK 93 search for single leptoquark production in ep collisions with the decay eq and νq . The limit is for leptoquark coupling of electromagnetic strength and assumes $B(eq) = B(\nu q) = 1/2$. The limit for $B(eq) = 1$ is 176 GeV. For limits on states with different quantum numbers, see their Table 3.

Indirect Limits for Leptoquarks

| VALUE (TeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--|-----|---|---------------------------------|--|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| > 2.5 | 95 | 242 AARON 243 DORSNER 244 AKTAS | 11C H1 11 RVUE 07A H1 | First generation scalar, weak singlet, charge 4/3 Lepton-flavor violation |
| > 0.49 | 95 | 245 SCHael 246 SMIRNOV 247 CHEKANOV | 07A ALEP 07 RVUE 05A ZEUS | $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ $K \rightarrow e\mu, B \rightarrow e\tau$ Lepton-flavor violation |
| > 1.7 | 96 | 248 ADLOFF | 03 H1 | First generation |
| > 46 | 90 | 249 CHANG 250 CHEKANOV | 03 BELL 02 ZEUS | Pati-Salam type Repl. by CHEKANOV 05A |
| > 1.7 | 95 | 251 CHEUNG | 01B RVUE | First generation |
| > 0.39 | 95 | 252 ACCIARRI | 00P L3 | $e^+ e^- \rightarrow qq$ |
| > 1.5 | 95 | 253 ADLOFF | 00 H1 | First generation |

| | | | | | | |
|---|------|----|--|-----------------------|----------------------|--|
| > | 0.2 | 95 | 254 BARATE 255 BARGER 256 GABRIELLI | 00I 00 00 | ALEP RVUE RVUE | Repl. by SCHael 07A Cs Lepton flavor violation |
| > | 0.74 | 95 | 257 ZARNECKI 258 ABBIENDI | 00 99 | RVUE OPAL | S_1 leptoquark |
| > | 19.3 | 95 | 259 ABE 260 ACCIARRI | 98V 98J | CDF L3 | $B_s \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\mp$, Pati-Salam type $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ |
| > | 0.76 | 95 | 261 ACKERSTAFF 262 DEANDREA 263 DERRICK | 98V 97 97 | OPAL | $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}, e^+ e^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ \tilde{R}_2 leptoquark |
| > | 1200 | | 264 GROSSMAN 265 JADACH 266 KUZNETSOV 267 MIZUKOSHI | 97 97 95B 95 | ZEUS RVUE RVUE | $B \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- (X)$ $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ Pati-Salam type |
| > | 0.3 | 95 | 268 BHATTACH... 269 DAVIDSON | 94 94 | RVUE | Third generation scalar leptoquark Spin-0 leptoquark coupled to $\bar{e}_R t_L$ |
| > | 18 | | 270 KUZNETSOV | 94 | RVUE | Pati-Salam type |
| > | 0.43 | 95 | 271 LEURER | 94 | RVUE | First generation spin-1 leptoquark |
| > | 0.44 | 95 | 271 LEURER 272 MAHANTA | 94B 94 | RVUE | First generation spin-0 leptoquark P and T violation |
| > | 1 | | 273 SHANKER | 82 | RVUE | Nonchiral spin-0 leptoquark |
| > | 125 | | 273 SHANKER | 82 | RVUE | Nonchiral spin-1 leptoquark |

242 AARON 11C limit is for weak isotriplet spin-0 leptoquark at strong coupling $\lambda = \sqrt{4\pi}$.
 For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see their Table 3. Limits are derived from bounds of $e q$ contact interactions.

243 DORSNER 11 give bounds on scalar, weak singlet, charge 4/3 leptoquark from K , B , τ decays, meson mixings, LFV, $g-2$ and $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$.

244 AKTAS 07A search for lepton-flavor violation in $e p$ collision. See their Tables 4–7 for limits on lepton-flavor violating four-fermion interactions induced by various leptoquarks.

245 SCHael 07A limit is for the weak-isoscalar spin-0 left-handed leptoquark with the coupling of electromagnetic strength. For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see their Table 35.

246 SMIRNOV 07 obtains mass limits for the vector and scalar chiral leptoquark states from $K \rightarrow e\mu$, $B \rightarrow e\tau$ decays.

247 CHEKANOV 05 search for various leptoquarks with lepton-flavor violating couplings. See their Figs.6–10 and Tables 1–8 for detailed limits.

248 ADLOFF 03 limit is for the weak isotriplet spin-0 leptoquark at strong coupling $\lambda=\sqrt{4\pi}$.
 For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see their Table 3. Limits are derived from bounds on $e^\pm q$ contact interactions.

249 The bound is derived from $B(B^0 \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\mp) < 1.7 \times 10^{-7}$.

250 CHEKANOV 02 search for lepton-flavor violation in $e p$ collisions. See their Tables 1–4 for limits on lepton-flavor violating and four-fermion interactions induced by various leptoquarks.

251 CHEUNG 01B quoted limit is for a scalar, weak isoscalar, charge $-1/3$ leptoquark with a coupling of electromagnetic strength. The limit is derived from bounds on contact interactions in a global electroweak analysis. For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see Table 5.

252 ACCIARRI 00P limit is for the weak isoscalar spin-0 leptoquark with the coupling of electromagnetic strength. For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see their Table 4.

253 ADLOFF 00 limit is for the weak isotriplet spin-0 leptoquark at strong coupling, $\lambda=\sqrt{4\pi}$. For the limits of leptoquarks with different quantum numbers, see their Table 2. ADLOFF 00 limits are from the Q^2 spectrum measurement of $e^+ p \rightarrow e^+ X$.

- 254 BARATE 00I search for deviations in cross section and jet-charge asymmetry in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \bar{q}q$ due to *t*-channel exchange of a leptoquark at $\sqrt{s}=130$ to 183 GeV. Limits for other scalar and vector leptoquarks are also given in their Table 22.
- 255 BARGER 00 explain the deviation of atomic parity violation in cesium atoms from prediction is explained by scalar leptoquark exchange.
- 256 GABRIELLI 00 calculate various process with lepton flavor violation in leptoquark models.
- 257 ZARNECKI 00 limit is derived from data of HERA, LEP, and Tevatron and from various low-energy data including atomic parity violation. Leptoquark coupling with electromagnetic strength is assumed.
- 258 ABBIENDI 99 limits are from $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ cross section at 130–136, 161–172, 183 GeV. See their Fig. 8 and Fig. 9 for limits in mass-coupling plane.
- 259 ABE 98V quoted limit is from $B(B_s \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\mp) < 8.2 \times 10^{-6}$. ABE 98V also obtain a similar limit on $M_{LQ} > 20.4$ TeV from $B(B_d \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\mp) < 4.5 \times 10^{-6}$. Both bounds assume the non-canonical association of the *b* quark with electrons or muons under SU(4).
- 260 ACCIARRI 98J limit is from $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ cross section at $\sqrt{s}=130$ –172 GeV which can be affected by the *t*- and *u*-channel exchanges of leptoquarks. See their Fig. 4 and Fig. 5 for limits in the mass-coupling plane.
- 261 ACKERSTAFF 98V limits are from $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ and $e^+ e^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ cross sections at $\sqrt{s}=130$ –172 GeV, which can be affected by the *t*- and *u*-channel exchanges of leptoquarks. See their Fig. 21 and Fig. 22 for limits of leptoquarks in mass-coupling plane.
- 262 DEANDREA 97 limit is for \tilde{R}_2 leptoquark obtained from atomic parity violation (APV). The coupling of leptoquark is assumed to be electromagnetic strength. See Table 2 for limits of the four-fermion interactions induced by various scalar leptoquark exchange. DEANDREA 97 combines APV limit and limits from Tevatron and HERA. See Fig. 1–4 for combined limits of leptoquark in mass-coupling plane.
- 263 DERRICK 97 search for lepton-flavor violation in *ep* collision. See their Tables 2–5 for limits on lepton-flavor violating four-fermion interactions induced by various leptoquarks.
- 264 GROSSMAN 97 estimate the upper bounds on the branching fraction $B \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^- (X)$ from the absence of the *B* decay with large missing energy. These bounds can be used to constrain leptoquark induced four-fermion interactions.
- 265 JADACH 97 limit is from $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ cross section at $\sqrt{s}=172.3$ GeV which can be affected by the *t*- and *u*-channel exchanges of leptoquarks. See their Fig. 1 for limits on vector leptoquarks in mass-coupling plane.
- 266 KUZNETSOV 95B use π , K , B , τ decays and μe conversion and give a list of bounds on the leptoquark mass and the fermion mixing matrix in the Pati-Salam model. The quoted limit is from $K_L \rightarrow \mu e$ decay assuming zero mixing.
- 267 MIZUKOSHI 95 calculate the one-loop radiative correction to the *Z*-physics parameters in various scalar leptoquark models. See their Fig. 4 for the exclusion plot of third generation leptoquark models in mass-coupling plane.
- 268 BHATTACHARYYA 94 limit is from one-loop radiative correction to the leptonic decay width of the *Z*. $m_H=250$ GeV, $\alpha_s(m_Z)=0.12$, $m_t=180$ GeV, and the electroweak strength of leptoquark coupling are assumed. For leptoquark coupled to $\bar{e}_L t_R$, $\bar{\mu} t$, and $\bar{\tau} t$, see Fig. 2 in BHATTACHARYYA 94B erratum and Fig. 3.
- 269 DAVIDSON 94 gives an extensive list of the bounds on leptoquark-induced four-fermion interactions from π , K , D , B , μ , τ decays and meson mixings, etc. See Table 15 of DAVIDSON 94 for detail.
- 270 KUZNETSOV 94 gives mixing independent bound of the Pati-Salam leptoquark from the cosmological limit on $\pi^0 \rightarrow \bar{\nu}\nu$.
- 271 LEURER 94, LEURER 94B limits are obtained from atomic parity violation and apply to any chiral leptoquark which couples to the first generation with electromagnetic strength. For a nonchiral leptoquark, universality in $\pi_{\ell 2}$ decay provides a much more stringent bound.
- 272 MAHANTA 94 gives bounds of *P*- and *T*-violating scalar-leptoquark couplings from atomic and molecular experiments.

273 From $(\pi \rightarrow e\nu)/(\pi \rightarrow \mu\nu)$ ratio. SHANKER 82 assumes the leptoquark induced four-fermion coupling $4g^2/M^2 (\bar{\nu}_{eL} u_R) (\bar{d}_L e_R)$ with $g=0.004$ for spin-0 leptoquark and $g^2/M^2 (\bar{\nu}_{eL} \gamma_\mu u_L) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu e_R)$ with $g \approx 0.6$ for spin-1 leptoquark.

MASS LIMITS for Diquarks

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|--------------------|----------|--------------------|
| >3520 | 95 | 274 CHATRCHYAN 11Y | CMS | E_6 diquark |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| none 970–1080, 1450–1600 | 95 | 275 KHACHATRY...10 | CMS | E_6 diquark |
| none 290–630 | 95 | 276 AALTONEN 09AC | CDF | E_6 diquark |
| none 290–420 | 95 | 277 ABE | 97G CDF | E_6 diquark |
| none 15–31.7 | 95 | 278 ABREU | 940 DLPH | SUSY E_6 diquark |
| 274 CHATRCHYAN 11Y search for new resonance decaying to dijets in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. | | | | |
| 275 KHACHATRYAN 10 search for new resonance decaying to dijets in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. | | | | |
| 276 AALTONEN 09AC search for new narrow resonance decaying to dijets. | | | | |
| 277 ABE 97G search for new particle decaying to dijets. | | | | |
| 278 ABREU 940 limit is from $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \bar{c}\bar{s}cs$. Range extends up to 43 GeV if diquarks are degenerate in mass. | | | | |

MASS LIMITS for g_A (axigluon) and Other Color-Octet Gauge Bosons

Axigluons are massive color-octet gauge bosons in chiral color models and have axial-vector coupling to quarks with the same coupling strength as gluons.

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|--------------------|------|--|
| >2470 | 95 | 279 CHATRCHYAN 11Y | CMS | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2$ jets |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| none 1470–1520 | 95 | 280 AALTONEN 10L | CDF | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ |
| none 260–1250 | 95 | 281 KHACHATRY...10 | CMS | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2$ jets |
| > 910 | 95 | 282 AALTONEN 09AC | CDF | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2$ jets |
| > 365 | 95 | 283 CHOUDHURY 07 | RVUE | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t}X$ |
| none 200–980 | 95 | 284 DONCHESKI 98 | RVUE | $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{hadron})$ |
| none 200–870 | 95 | 285 ABE 97G | CDF | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2$ jets |
| none 240–640 | 95 | 286 ABE 95N | CDF | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ |
| > 50 | 95 | 287 ABE 93G | CDF | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2$ jets |
| none 120–210 | 95 | 288 CUYPERS 91 | RVUE | $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons})$ |
| > 29 | 95 | 289 ABE 90H | CDF | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2$ jets |
| none 150–310 | 95 | 290 ROBINETT 89 | THEO | Partial-wave unitarity |
| > 20 | | 291 ALBAJAR 88B | UA1 | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow g_A X, g_A \rightarrow 2$ jets |
| > 9 | | BERGSTROM 88 | RVUE | $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \gamma X$ via $g_A g$ |
| > 25 | | 292 CUYPERS 88 | RVUE | γ decay |
| | | 293 DONCHESKI 88B | RVUE | γ decay |

- 279 CHATRCHYAN 11Y search for new resonance decaying to dijets in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$.
- 280 AALTONEN 10L search for massive color octet non-chiral vector particle decaying into $t\bar{t}$ pair with mass in the range $400 \text{ GeV} < M < 800 \text{ GeV}$. See their Fig. 6 for limit in the mass-coupling plane.
- 281 KHACHATRYAN 10 search for new resonance decaying to dijets in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$.
- 282 AALTONEN 09AC search for new narrow resonance decaying to dijets.
- 283 CHOUDHURY 07 limit is from the $t\bar{t}$ production cross section measured at CDF.
- 284 DONCHESKI 98 compare α_s derived from low-energy data and that from $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{hadrons})/\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{leptons})$.
- 285 ABE 97G search for new particle decaying to dijets.
- 286 ABE 95N assume axigluons decaying to quarks in the Standard Model only.
- 287 ABE 93G assume $\Gamma(g_A) = N\alpha_s m_{g_A}/6$ with $N = 10$.
- 288 CUYPERS 91 compare α_s measured in γ decay and that from R at PEP/PETRA energies.
- 289 ABE 90H assumes $\Gamma(g_A) = N\alpha_s m_{g_A}/6$ with $N = 5$ ($\Gamma(g_A) = 0.09m_{g_A}$). For $N = 10$, the excluded region is reduced to 120–150 GeV.
- 290 ROBINETT 89 result demands partial-wave unitarity of $J = 0$ $t\bar{t} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ scattering amplitude and derives a limit $m_{g_A} > 0.5 m_t$. Assumes $m_t > 56 \text{ GeV}$.
- 291 ALBAJAR 88B result is from the nonobservation of a peak in two-jet invariant mass distribution. $\Gamma(g_A) < 0.4 m_{g_A}$ assumed. See also BAGGER 88.
- 292 CUYPERS 88 requires $\Gamma(\gamma \rightarrow g g_A) < \Gamma(\gamma \rightarrow g g g)$. A similar result is obtained by DONCHESKI 88.
- 293 DONCHESKI 88B requires $\Gamma(\gamma \rightarrow g q\bar{q})/\Gamma(\gamma \rightarrow g g g) < 0.25$, where the former decay proceeds via axigluon exchange. A more conservative estimate of < 0.5 leads to $m_{g_A} > 21 \text{ GeV}$.

X^0 (Heavy Boson) Searches in Z Decays

Searches for radiative transition of Z to a lighter spin-0 state X^0 decaying to hadrons, a lepton pair, a photon pair, or invisible particles as shown in the comments. The limits are for the product of branching ratios.

| VALUE | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|--------------|----------|--|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| | | 294 BARATE | 98U ALEP | $X^0 \rightarrow \ell\bar{\ell}, q\bar{q}, gg, \gamma\gamma, \nu\bar{\nu}$ |
| | | 295 ACCIARRI | 97Q L3 | $X^0 \rightarrow \text{invisible particle(s)}$ |
| | | 296 ACTON | 93E OPAL | $X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ |
| | | 297 ABREU | 92D DLPH | $X^0 \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ |
| | | 298 ADRIANI | 92F L3 | $X^0 \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ |
| | | 299 ACTON | 91 OPAL | $X^0 \rightarrow \text{anything}$ |
| $<1.1 \times 10^{-4}$ | 95 | 300 ACTON | 91B OPAL | $X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ |
| $<9 \times 10^{-5}$ | 95 | 300 ACTON | 91B OPAL | $X^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| $<1.1 \times 10^{-4}$ | 95 | 300 ACTON | 91B OPAL | $X^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ |
| $<2.8 \times 10^{-4}$ | 95 | 301 ADEVA | 91D L3 | $X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ |
| $<2.3 \times 10^{-4}$ | 95 | 301 ADEVA | 91D L3 | $X^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ |
| $<4.7 \times 10^{-4}$ | 95 | 302 ADEVA | 91D L3 | $X^0 \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ |
| $<8 \times 10^{-4}$ | 95 | 303 AKRAWY | 90J OPAL | $X^0 \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ |

- 294 BARATE 98U obtain limits on $B(Z \rightarrow \gamma X^0)B(X^0 \rightarrow \ell\bar{\ell}, q\bar{q}, gg, \gamma\gamma, \nu\bar{\nu})$. See their Fig. 17.
- 295 See Fig. 4 of ACCIARRI 97Q for the upper limit on $B(Z \rightarrow \gamma X^0; E_\gamma > E_{\min})$ as a function of E_{\min} .
- 296 ACTON 93E give $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow X^0 \gamma) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) < 0.4 \text{ pb}$ (95%CL) for $m_{X^0} = 60 \pm 2.5 \text{ GeV}$. If the process occurs via s -channel γ exchange, the limit translates to $\Gamma(X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)^2 < 20 \text{ MeV}$ for $m_{X^0} = 60 \pm 1 \text{ GeV}$.
- 297 ABREU 92D give $\sigma_Z \cdot B(Z \rightarrow \gamma X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \text{hadrons}) < (3-10) \text{ pb}$ for $m_{X^0} = 10-78 \text{ GeV}$. A very similar limit is obtained for spin-1 X^0 .
- 298 ADRIANI 92F search for isolated γ in hadronic Z decays. The limit $\sigma_Z \cdot B(Z \rightarrow \gamma X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \text{hadrons}) < (2-10) \text{ pb}$ (95%CL) is given for $m_{X^0} = 25-85 \text{ GeV}$.
- 299 ACTON 91 searches for $Z \rightarrow Z^* X^0$, $Z^* \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$, or $\nu\bar{\nu}$. Excludes any new scalar X^0 with $m_{X^0} < 9.5 \text{ GeV}/c$ if it has the same coupling to ZZ^* as the MSM Higgs boson.
- 300 ACTON 91B limits are for $m_{X^0} = 60-85 \text{ GeV}$.
- 301 ADEVA 91D limits are for $m_{X^0} = 30-89 \text{ GeV}$.
- 302 ADEVA 91D limits are for $m_{X^0} = 30-86 \text{ GeV}$.
- 303 AKRAWY 90J give $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \gamma X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \text{hadrons}) < 1.9 \text{ MeV}$ (95%CL) for $m_{X^0} = 32-80 \text{ GeV}$. We divide by $\Gamma(Z) = 2.5 \text{ GeV}$ to get product of branching ratios. For nonresonant transitions, the limit is $B(Z \rightarrow \gamma q\bar{q}) < 8.2 \text{ MeV}$ assuming three-body phase space distribution.

MASS LIMITS for a Heavy Neutral Boson Coupling to $e^+ e^-$

| VALUE (GeV) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|-------------|------|--|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| none 55–61 | 304 | ODAKA | 89 | $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \text{had.}) \gtrsim 0.2 \text{ MeV}$ |
| >45 | 95 | 305 DERRICK | 86 | $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = 6 \text{ MeV}$ |
| >46.6 | 95 | 306 ADEVA | 85 | $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = 10 \text{ keV}$ |
| >48 | 95 | 306 ADEVA | 85 | $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = 4 \text{ MeV}$ |
| | | 307 BERGER | 85B | PLUT |
| none 39.8–45.5 | | 308 ADEVA | 84 | $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = 10 \text{ keV}$ |
| >47.8 | 95 | 308 ADEVA | 84 | $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = 4 \text{ MeV}$ |
| none 39.8–45.2 | | 308 BEHREND | 84C | CELL |
| >47 | 95 | 308 BEHREND | 84C | $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = 4 \text{ MeV}$ |

304 ODAKA 89 looked for a narrow or wide scalar resonance in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 55.0-60.8 \text{ GeV}$.

305 DERRICK 86 found no deviation from the Standard Model Bhabha scattering at $E_{\text{cm}} = 29 \text{ GeV}$ and set limits on the possible scalar boson $e^+ e^-$ coupling. See their figure 4 for excluded region in the $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-)$ - m_{X^0} plane. Electronic chiral invariance requires a parity doublet of X^0 , in which case the limit applies for $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = 3 \text{ MeV}$.

306 ADEVA 85 first limit is from $2\gamma, \mu^+ \mu^-$, hadrons assuming X^0 is a scalar. Second limit is from $e^+ e^-$ channel. $E_{\text{cm}} = 40-47 \text{ GeV}$. Supersedes ADEVA 84.

307 BERGER 85B looked for effect of spin-0 boson exchange in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ and $\mu^+ \mu^-$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 34.7 \text{ GeV}$. See Fig. 5 for excluded region in the $m_{X^0} - \Gamma(X^0)$ plane.

308 ADEVA 84 and BEHREND 84C have $E_{\text{cm}} = 39.8\text{--}45.5 \text{ GeV}$. MARK-J searched X^0 in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}, 2\gamma, \mu^+\mu^-, e^+e^-$ and CELLO in the same channels plus τ pair. No narrow or broad X^0 is found in the energy range. They also searched for the effect of X^0 with $m_X > E_{\text{cm}}$. The second limits are from Bhabha data and for spin-0 singlet. The same limits apply for $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) = 2 \text{ MeV}$ if X^0 is a spin-0 doublet. The second limit of BEHREND 84C was read off from their figure 2. The original papers also list limits in other channels.

Search for X^0 Resonance in e^+e^- Collisions

The limit is for $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow f)$, where f is the specified final state. Spin 0 is assumed for X^0 .

| <u>VALUE (keV)</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| <10 ³ | 95 | 309 ABE | 93C VNS | $\Gamma(ee)$ |
| <(0.4–10) | 95 | 310 ABE | 93C VNS | $f = \gamma\gamma$ |
| <(0.3–5) | 95 | 311,312 ABE | 93D TOPZ | $f = \gamma\gamma$ |
| <(2–12) | 95 | 311,312 ABE | 93D TOPZ | $f = \text{hadrons}$ |
| <(4–200) | 95 | 312,313 ABE | 93D TOPZ | $f = ee$ |
| <(0.1–6) | 95 | 312,313 ABE | 93D TOPZ | $f = \mu\mu$ |
| <(0.5–8) | 90 | 314 STERNER | 93 AMY | $f = \gamma\gamma$ |
| 309 Limit is for $\Gamma(X^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-)$ $m_{X^0} = 56\text{--}63.5 \text{ GeV}$ for $\Gamma(X^0) = 0.5 \text{ GeV}$. | | | | |
| 310 Limit is for $m_{X^0} = 56\text{--}61.5 \text{ GeV}$ and is valid for $\Gamma(X^0) \ll 100 \text{ MeV}$. See their Fig. 5 for limits for $\Gamma = 1,2 \text{ GeV}$. | | | | |
| 311 Limit is for $m_{X^0} = 57.2\text{--}60 \text{ GeV}$. | | | | |
| 312 Limit is valid for $\Gamma(X^0) \ll 100 \text{ MeV}$. See paper for limits for $\Gamma = 1 \text{ GeV}$ and those for $J = 2$ resonances. | | | | |
| 313 Limit is for $m_{X^0} = 56.6\text{--}60 \text{ GeV}$. | | | | |
| 314 STERNER 93 limit is for $m_{X^0} = 57\text{--}59.6 \text{ GeV}$ and is valid for $\Gamma(X^0) < 100 \text{ MeV}$. See their Fig. 2 for limits for $\Gamma = 1,3 \text{ GeV}$. | | | | |

Search for X^0 Resonance in ep Collisions

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| 315 CHEKANOV 02B ZEUS $X \rightarrow jj$ | | | |
| 315 CHEKANOV 02B search for photoproduction of X decaying into dijets in ep collisions. See their Fig. 5 for the limit on the photoproduction cross section. | | | |

Search for X^0 Resonance in Two-Photon Process

The limit is for $\Gamma(X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)^2$. Spin 0 is assumed for X^0 .

| <u>VALUE (MeV)</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| <2.6 | 95 | 316 ACTON | 93E OPAL | $m_{X^0} = 60 \pm 1 \text{ GeV}$ |
| <2.9 | 95 | BUSKULIC | 93F ALEP | $m_{X^0} \sim 60 \text{ GeV}$ |

$^{316}\text{ACTON}$ 93E limit for a $J = 2$ resonance is 0.8 MeV.

Search for X^0 Resonance in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow X^0 \gamma$

| VALUE (GeV) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|--------------|---|--------------------------------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| 317 | ABBIENDI 03D | OPAL | $X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ |
| 318 | ABREU 00Z | DLPH | X^0 decaying invisibly |
| 319 | ADAM 96C | DLPH | X^0 decaying invisibly |
| 317 | ABBIENDI 03D | measure the $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma$ cross section at $\sqrt{s}=181\text{--}209$ GeV. The upper bound on the production cross section, $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow X^0 \gamma)$ times the branching ratio for $X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, is less than 0.03 pb at 95%CL for X^0 masses between 20 and 180 GeV. See their Fig. 9b for the limits in the mass-cross section plane. | |
| 318 | ABREU 00Z | from the single photon cross section at $\sqrt{s}=183, 189$ GeV. The production cross section upper limit is less than 0.3 pb for X^0 mass between 40 and 160 GeV. See their Fig. 4 for the limit in mass-cross section plane. | |
| 319 | ADAM 96C | from the single photon production cross at $\sqrt{s}=130, 136$ GeV. The upper bound is less than 3 pb for X^0 masses between 60 and 130 GeV. See their Fig. 5 for the exact bound on the cross section $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X^0)$. | |

Search for X^0 Resonance in $Z \rightarrow f\bar{f}X^0$

The limit is for $B(Z \rightarrow f\bar{f}X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow F)$ where f is a fermion and F is the specified final state. Spin 0 is assumed for X^0 .

| VALUE | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|--------------|----------|---|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| $<3.7 \times 10^{-6}$ | 95 | 320 ABREU | 96T DLPH | $f=e,\mu,\tau; F=\gamma\gamma$ |
| | | 321 ABREU | 96T DLPH | $f=\nu; F=\gamma\gamma$ |
| | | 322 ABREU | 96T DLPH | $f=q; F=\gamma\gamma$ |
| $<6.8 \times 10^{-6}$ | 95 | 321 ACTON | 93E OPAL | $f=e,\mu,\tau; F=\gamma\gamma$ |
| $<5.5 \times 10^{-6}$ | 95 | 321 ACTON | 93E OPAL | $f=q; F=\gamma\gamma$ |
| $<3.1 \times 10^{-6}$ | 95 | 321 ACTON | 93E OPAL | $f=\nu; F=\gamma\gamma$ |
| $<6.5 \times 10^{-6}$ | 95 | 321 ACTON | 93E OPAL | $f=e,\mu; F=\ell\bar{\ell}, q\bar{q}, \nu\bar{\nu}$ |
| $<7.1 \times 10^{-6}$ | 95 | 321 BUSKULIC | 93F ALEP | $f=e,\mu; F=\ell\bar{\ell}, q\bar{q}, \nu\bar{\nu}$ |
| | | 323 ADRIANI | 92F L3 | $f=q; F=\gamma\gamma$ |

320 ABREU 96T obtain limit as a function of m_{X^0} . See their Fig. 6.

321 Limit is for m_{X^0} around 60 GeV.

322 ABREU 96T obtain limit as a function of m_{X^0} . See their Fig. 15.

323 ADRIANI 92F give $\sigma_Z \cdot B(Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}X^0) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) < (0.75\text{--}1.5)$ pb (95%CL) for $m_{X^0} = 10\text{--}70$ GeV. The limit is 1 pb at 60 GeV.

Search for X^0 Resonance in $p\bar{p} \rightarrow W X^0$

| VALUE (MeV) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-------------|------|----------------------------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| 324 | ABAZOV 11I | D0 | $X^0 \rightarrow jj$ |
| 325 | ABE 97W | CDF | $X^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ |

- 324 ABAZOV 11I search for X^0 production associated with W in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV. The 95% CL upper limit on the cross section ranges from 2.57 to 1.28 pb for X^0 mass between 110 and 170 GeV.
- 325 ABE 97W search for X^0 production associated with W in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{cm} = 1.8$ TeV. The 95%CL upper limit on the production cross section times the branching ratio for $X^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ ranges from 14 to 19 pb for X^0 mass between 70 and 120 GeV. See their Fig. 3 for upper limits of the production cross section as a function of m_{X^0} .

Heavy Particle Production in Quarkonium Decays

Limits are for branching ratios to modes shown.

| VALUE | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|--------------------|------|---|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| $<1.5 \times 10^{-5}$ | 90 | 326 BALEST | 95 | CLE2 $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow X^0\gamma$, $m_{X^0} < 5$ GeV |
| $< 3 \times 10^{-5}$ – 6×10^{-3} | 90 | 327 BALEST | 95 | CLE2 $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow X^0\bar{X}^0\gamma$, $m_{X^0} < 3.9$ GeV |
| $<5.6 \times 10^{-5}$ | 90 | 328 ANTREASYAN 90C | CBAL | $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow X^0\gamma$, $m_{X^0} < 7.2$ GeV |
| | | 329 ALBRECHT | 89 | ARG |

326 BALEST 95 two-body limit is for pseudoscalar X^0 . The limit becomes $< 10^{-4}$ for $m_{X^0} < 7.7$ GeV.

327 BALEST 95 three-body limit is for phase-space photon energy distribution and angular distribution same as for $\Upsilon \rightarrow gg\gamma$.

328 ANTREASYAN 90C assume that X^0 does not decay in the detector.

329 ALBRECHT 89 give limits for $B(\Upsilon(1S), \Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow X^0\gamma) \cdot B(X^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-, K^+K^-)$, $p\bar{p}$ for $m_{X^0} < 3.5$ GeV.

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| ABBOTT | 00C | PRL 84 2088 | B. Abbott <i>et al.</i> | (D0 Collab.) |
| ABE | 00 | PRL 84 5716 | F. Abe <i>et al.</i> | (CDF Collab.) |
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| CHO | 00 | MPL A15 311 | G. Cho | |
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| GABRIELLI | 00 | PR D62 055009 | E. Gabrielli | |
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| ROSNER | 00 | PR D61 016006 | J.L. Rosner | |
| ZARNECKI | 00 | EPJ C17 695 | A. Zarnecki | |
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| DEANDREA | 97 | PL B409 277 | A. Deandrea | (MARS) |
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| GROSSMAN | 97 | PR D55 2768 | Y. Grossman, Z. Ligeti, E. Nardi | (REHO, CIT) |
| JADACH | 97 | PL B408 281 | S. Jadach, B.F.L. Ward, Z. Was | (CERN, INPK+) |
| STAHL | 97 | ZPHY C74 73 | A. Stahl, H. Voss | (BONN) |
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| AID | 96B | PL B369 173 | S. Aid <i>et al.</i> | (H1 Collab.) |
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| KUZNETSOV | 95B | PAN 58 2113 | A.V. Kuznetsov, N.V. Mikheev | (YARO) |
| MIZUKOSHI | 95 | NP B443 20 | J.K. Mizukoshi, O.J.P. Eboli, M.C. Gonzalez-Garcia | |
| ABREU | 94O | ZPHY C64 183 | P. Abreu <i>et al.</i> | (DELPHI Collab.) |
| BHATTACH... | 94 | PL B336 100 | G. Bhattacharyya, J. Ellis, K. Sridhar | (CERN) |
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| DAVIDSON | 94 | ZPHY C61 613 | S. Davidson, D. Bailey, B.A. Campbell | (CFPA+) |
| KUZNETSOV | 94 | PL B329 295 | A.V. Kuznetsov, N.V. Mikheev | (YARO) |
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| LEURER | 94 | PR D50 536 | M. Leurer | (REHO) |
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| VILAIN | 94B | PL B332 465 | P. Vilain <i>et al.</i> | (CHARM II Collab.) |
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| ABE | 93D | PL B304 373 | T. Abe <i>et al.</i> | (TOPAZ Collab.) |
| ABE | 93G | PRL 71 2542 | F. Abe <i>et al.</i> | (CDF Collab.) |
| ABREU | 93J | PL B316 620 | P. Abreu <i>et al.</i> | (DELPHI Collab.) |
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| ADRIANI | 93M | PRPL 236 1 | O. Adriani <i>et al.</i> | (L3 Collab.) |
| ALITTI | 93 | NP B400 3 | J. Alitti <i>et al.</i> | (UA2 Collab.) |
| BHATTACH... | 93 | PR D47 R3693 | G. Bhattacharyya <i>et al.</i> | (CALC, JADA, ICTP+) |
| BUSKULIC | 93F | PL B308 425 | D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i> | (ALEPH Collab.) |
| DERRICK | 93 | PL B306 173 | M. Derrick <i>et al.</i> | (ZEUS Collab.) |
| RIZZO | 93 | PR D48 4470 | T.G. Rizzo | (ANL) |
| SEVERIJNS | 93 | PRL 70 4047 | N. Severijns <i>et al.</i> | (LOUV, WISC, LEUV+) |
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| ABREU | 92D | ZPHY C53 555 | P. Abreu <i>et al.</i> | (DELPHI Collab.) |
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| AQUINO | 91 | PL B261 280 | M. Aquino, A. Fernandez, A. Garcia | (CIN, PUEB) |
| COLANGELO | 91 | PL B253 154 | P. Colangelo, G. Nardulli | (BARI) |
| CUYPERS | 91 | PL B259 173 | F. Cuypers, A.F. Falk, P.H. Frampton | (DURH, HARV+) |
| FARAGGI | 91 | MPL A6 61 | A.E. Faraggi, D.V. Nanopoulos | (TAMU) |
| POLAK | 91 | NP B363 385 | J. Polak, M. Zralek | (SILES) |
| RIZZO | 91 | PR D44 202 | T.G. Rizzo | (WISC, ISU) |
| WALKER | 91 | APJ 376 51 | T.P. Walker <i>et al.</i> | (HSCA, OSU, CHIC+) |
| ABE | 90F | PL B246 297 | K. Abe <i>et al.</i> | (VENUS Collab.) |
| ABE | 90H | PR D41 1722 | F. Abe <i>et al.</i> | (CDF Collab.) |
| AKRAWY | 90J | PL B246 285 | M.Z. Akrawy <i>et al.</i> | (OPAL Collab.) |
| ANTREASYAN | 90C | PL B251 204 | D. Antreasyan <i>et al.</i> | (Crystal Ball Collab.) |
| GONZALEZ-G... | 90D | PL B240 163 | M.C. Gonzalez-Garcia, J.W.F. Valle | (VALE) |
| GRIFOLS | 90 | NP B331 244 | J.A. Grifols, E. Masso | (BARC) |
| GRIFOLS | 90D | PR D42 3293 | J.A. Grifols, E. Masso, T.G. Rizzo | (BARC, CERN+) |
| KIM | 90 | PL B240 243 | G.N. Kim <i>et al.</i> | (AMY Collab.) |
| LOPEZ | 90 | PL B241 392 | J.L. Lopez, D.V. Nanopoulos | (TAMU) |
| ALBRECHT | 89 | ZPHY C42 349 | H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i> | (ARGUS Collab.) |
| BARBIERI | 89B | PR D39 1229 | R. Barbieri, R.N. Mohapatra | (PISA, UMD) |
| LANGACKER | 89B | PR D40 1569 | P. Langacker, S. Uma Sankar | (PENN) |
| ODAKA | 89 | JPSJ 58 3037 | S. Odaka <i>et al.</i> | (VENUS Collab.) |
| ROBINETT | 89 | PR D39 834 | R.W. Robinett | (PSU) |
| ALBAJAR | 88B | PL B209 127 | C. Albajar <i>et al.</i> | (UA1 Collab.) |
| BAGGER | 88 | PR D37 1188 | J. Bagger, C. Schmidt, S. King | (HARV, BOST) |
| BALKE | 88 | PR D37 587 | B. Balke <i>et al.</i> | (LBL, UCB, COLO, NWES+) |
| BERGSTROM | 88 | PL B212 386 | L. Bergstrom | (STOH) |
| CUYPERS | 88 | PRL 60 1237 | F. Cuypers, P.H. Frampton | (UNCCH) |
| DONCHESKI | 88 | PL B206 137 | M.A. Doncheski, H. Grotch, R. Robinett | (PSU) |
| DONCHESKI | 88B | PR D38 412 | M.A. Doncheski, H. Grotch, R.W. Robinett | (PSU) |
| BARTEL | 87B | ZPHY C36 15 | W. Bartel <i>et al.</i> | (JADE Collab.) |
| BEHREND | 86B | PL B178 452 | H.J. Behrend <i>et al.</i> | (CELLO Collab.) |

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| DERRICK | 86 | PL 166B 463 | M. Derrick <i>et al.</i> | (HRS Collab.) |
| Also | | PR D34 3286 | M. Derrick <i>et al.</i> | (HRS Collab.) |
| JODIDIO | 86 | PR D34 1967 | A. Jodidio <i>et al.</i> | (LBL, NWES, TRIU) |
| Also | | PR D37 237 (erratum) | A. Jodidio <i>et al.</i> | (LBL, NWES, TRIU) |
| MOHAPATRA | 86 | PR D34 909 | R.N. Mohapatra | (UMD) |
| ADEVA | 85 | PL 152B 439 | B. Adeva <i>et al.</i> | (Mark-J Collab.) |
| BERGER | 85B | ZPHY C27 341 | C. Berger <i>et al.</i> | (PLUTO Collab.) |
| STOKER | 85 | PRL 54 1887 | D.P. Stoker <i>et al.</i> | (LBL, NWES, TRIU) |
| ADEVA | 84 | PRL 53 134 | B. Adeva <i>et al.</i> | (Mark-J Collab.) |
| BEHREND | 84C | PL 140B 130 | H.J. Behrend <i>et al.</i> | (CELLO Collab.) |
| BERGSMA | 83 | PL 122B 465 | F. Bergsma <i>et al.</i> | (CHARM Collab.) |
| CARR | 83 | PRL 51 627 | J. Carr <i>et al.</i> | (LBL, NWES, TRIU) |
| BEALL | 82 | PRL 48 848 | G. Beall, M. Bander, A. Soni | (UCI, UCLA) |
| SHANKER | 82 | NP B204 375 | O. Shanker | (TRIU) |