

Higgs Bosons — H^0 and H^\pm

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CONTENTS:

H^0 (Higgs Boson)

- H^0 Mass
- H^0 Spin
- H^0 Decay Width
- H^0 Decay Modes
- H^0 Signal Strengths in Different Channels
 - Combined Final States
 - $W^+ W^-$ Final State
 - $Z Z^*$ Final State
 - $\gamma\gamma$ Final State
 - $b\bar{b}$ Final State
 - $\tau^+ \tau^-$ Final State

Standard Model H^0 (Higgs Boson) Mass Limits

- H^0 Direct Search Limits
- H^0 Indirect Mass Limits from Electroweak Analysis

Searches for Other Higgs Bosons

- Mass Limits for Neutral Higgs Bosons in Supersymmetric Models
 - H_1^0 (Higgs Boson) Mass Limits in Supersymmetric Models
 - A^0 (Pseudoscalar Higgs Boson) Mass Limits in Supersymmetric Models
- H^0 (Higgs Boson) Mass Limits in Extended Higgs Models
 - Limits in General two-Higgs-doublet Models
 - Limits for H^0 with Vanishing Yukawa Couplings
 - Limits for H^0 Decaying to Invisible Final States
 - Limits for Light A^0
 - Other Limits
- H^\pm (Charged Higgs) Mass Limits
- Mass limits for $H^{\pm\pm}$ (doubly-charged Higgs boson)
 - Limits for $H^{\pm\pm}$ with $T_3 = \pm 1$
 - Limits for $H^{\pm\pm}$ with $T_3 = 0$

H^0 (Higgs Boson)

The observed signal is called a Higgs Boson in the following, although its detailed properties and in particular the role that the new particle plays in the context of electroweak symmetry breaking need to be further clarified. The signal was discovered in searches for a Standard Model (SM)-like Higgs. See the following section for mass limits obtained from those searches.

H^0 MASS

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
125.9 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE			
$125.8 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.4$	1 CHATRCHYAN 13J	CMS	pp , 7 and 8 TeV
$126.0 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.4$	2 AAD 12AI	ATLS	pp , 7 and 8 TeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
$126.2 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.2$	3 CHATRCHYAN 13J	CMS	pp , 7 and 8 TeV
$125.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.5$	4 CHATRCHYAN 12N	CMS	pp , 7 and 8 TeV

- ¹ Combined value from ZZ and $\gamma\gamma$ final states.
- ² AAD 12AI obtain results based on $4.6\text{--}4.8\text{ fb}^{-1}$ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7\text{ TeV}$ and $5.8\text{--}5.9\text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8\text{ TeV}$. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.9σ is observed at $m_{H^0} = 126\text{ GeV}$. See also AAD 12DA.
- ³ Result based on $ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ final states in 5.1 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7\text{ TeV}$ and 12.2 fb^{-1} at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8\text{ TeV}$.
- ⁴ CHATRCHYAN 12N obtain results based on $4.9\text{--}5.1\text{ fb}^{-1}$ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7\text{ TeV}$ and $5.1\text{--}5.3\text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8\text{ TeV}$. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.0σ is observed at about $m_{H^0} = 125\text{ GeV}$. See also CHATRCHYAN 12BY.

H^0 SPIN AND CP PROPERTIES

The observation of the signal in the $\gamma\gamma$ final state rules out the possibility that the discovered particle has spin 1, as a consequence of the Landau-Yang theorem. This argument relies on the assumptions that the decaying particle is an on-shell resonance and that the decay products are indeed two photons rather than two pairs of boosted photons, which each could in principle be misidentified as a single photon.

Concerning distinguishing the spin 0 hypothesis from a spin 2 hypothesis, some care has to be taken in modelling the latter in order to ensure that the discriminating power is actually based on the spin properties rather than on unphysical behavior that may affect the model of the spin 2 state.

While for spin analyses it is sufficient to discriminate between distinct hypotheses, the determination of the CP properties is in general experimentally much more difficult since in principle the observed state could consist of any admixture of CP -even and CP -odd components. As a first step, the compatibility of the data with the distinct hypotheses of a pure CP -even and a pure CP -odd state has been investigated. In CHATRCHYAN 13J angular distributions of the lepton pairs have been studied in the ZZ^* channel where both Z bosons decay to e or μ pairs. Under the assumption that the observed particle has spin 0 the data are found to be consistent with the pure CP -even hypothesis, while the pure CP -odd hypothesis is disfavored.

H^0 DECAY WIDTH

The total decay width for a light Higgs boson with a mass in the observed range is not expected to be directly observable at the LHC. For the case of the Standard Model the prediction for the total width is about 4 MeV, which is several orders of magnitude smaller than the experimental mass resolution. There is no indication from the results observed so far that the natural width is broadened by new physics effects to such an extent that it could be directly observable. Furthermore, as all LHC Higgs channels rely on the identification of Higgs decay products, the total Higgs width cannot be measured indirectly without additional assumptions. This implies that without further assumptions only ratios of couplings can be determined at the LHC rather than absolute values of couplings.

H^0 DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
Γ_1 $W W^*$	seen
Γ_2 $Z Z^*$	seen
Γ_3 $\gamma\gamma$	seen
Γ_4 $b\bar{b}$	possibly seen
Γ_5 $\tau^+\tau^-$	possibly seen

H^0 SIGNAL STRENGTHS IN DIFFERENT CHANNELS

The H^0 signal strength in a particular final state xx is given by the cross section times branching ratio in this channel normalised to the Standard Model value, $\sigma \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow xx) / (\sigma \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow xx))_{SM}$, for the specified mass value of H^0 .

Combined Final States

More precise but preliminary measurements by ATLAS and CMS of the signal strengths in different channels were reported at the EPS HEP 2013 conference just as we were going to press, see: <http://eps-hep2013.eu/program.html>. These results are not included in the PDG averages shown below. The averages of results from the EPS HEP meeting are consistent within one sigma with the predictions of the SM Higgs boson signal strengths in each channel.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.07 ± 0.26 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.4.		
1.4 ± 0.3	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7, 8 TeV
0.87 ± 0.23	² CHATRCHYAN	12N CMS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7, 8 TeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
1.2 ± 0.4	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7 TeV
1.5 ± 0.4	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 8 TeV

¹ AAD 12AI obtain results based on 4.6–4.8 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $E_{cm} = 7$ TeV and 5.8–5.9 fb⁻¹ at $E_{cm} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.9 σ is observed at $m_{H^0} = 126$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 126.0$ GeV. See also AAD 12DA.

² CHATRCHYAN 12N obtain results based on 4.9–5.1 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $E_{cm} = 7$ TeV and 5.1–5.3 fb⁻¹ at $E_{cm} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.0 σ is observed at about $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 125.5$ GeV. See also CHATRCHYAN 12BY.

$W W^*$ Final State

More precise but preliminary measurements by ATLAS and CMS of the signal strengths in different channels were reported at the EPS HEP 2013 conference just as we were going to press, see: <http://eps-hep2013.eu/program.html>. These results are not included in the PDG averages shown below. The averages of results from the EPS HEP meeting are consistent within one sigma with the predictions of the SM Higgs boson signal strengths in each channel.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.88±0.33 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
1.3 ±0.5	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7, 8 TeV
0.60 ^{+0.42} _{-0.37}	² CHATRCHYAN	12N CMS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7, 8 TeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.5 ±0.6	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7 TeV
1.9 ±0.7	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 8 TeV

¹ AAD 12AI obtain results based on 4.6–4.8 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV and 5.8–5.9 fb⁻¹ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.9 σ is observed at $m_{H^0} = 126$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 126.0$ GeV. See also AAD 12DA.

² CHATRCHYAN 12N obtain results based on 4.9–5.1 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV and 5.1–5.3 fb⁻¹ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.0 σ is observed at about $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 125.5$ GeV. See also CHATRCHYAN 12BY.

ZZ* Final State

More precise but preliminary measurements by ATLAS and CMS of the signal strengths in different channels were reported at the EPS HEP 2013 conference just as we were going to press, see: <http://eps-hep2013.eu/program.html>. These results are not included in the PDG averages shown below. The averages of results from the EPS HEP meeting are consistent within one sigma with the predictions of the SM Higgs boson signal strengths in each channel.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.89^{+0.30}_{-0.25} OUR AVERAGE			

0.80 ^{+0.35} _{-0.28}	¹ CHATRCHYAN	13J CMS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7, 8 TeV
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1.2 ±0.6	² AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7, 8 TeV
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.4 ±1.1	² AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7 TeV
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1.1 ±0.8	² AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 8 TeV
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0.73 ^{+0.45} _{-0.33}	³ CHATRCHYAN	12N CMS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7, 8 TeV
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¹ Result based on $ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ final states in 5.1 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV and 12.2 fb⁻¹ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$ TeV. The quoted signal strength is given for $m_{H^0} = 125.8$ GeV.

² AAD 12AI obtain results based on 4.6–4.8 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV and 5.8–5.9 fb⁻¹ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.9 σ is observed at $m_{H^0} = 126$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 126.0$ GeV. See also AAD 12DA.

³ CHATRCHYAN 12N obtain results based on 4.9–5.1 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV and 5.1–5.3 fb⁻¹ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.0 σ is observed at about $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 125.5$ GeV. See also CHATRCHYAN 12BY.

$\gamma\gamma$ Final State

More precise but preliminary measurements by ATLAS and CMS of the signal strengths in different channels were reported at the EPS HEP 2013 conference just as we were going to press, see: <http://eps-hep2013.eu/program.html>. These results are not included in the PDG averages shown below. The averages of results from the EPS HEP meeting are consistent within one sigma with the predictions of the SM Higgs boson signal strengths in each channel.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.65 ± 0.33 OUR AVERAGE			
1.8 ± 0.5	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7, 8 TeV
1.54 ^{+0.46} _{-0.42}	² CHATRCHYAN 12N	CMS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7, 8 TeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
2.2 ± 0.7	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7 TeV
1.5 ± 0.6	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 8 TeV

¹ AAD 12AI obtain results based on 4.6–4.8 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV and 5.8–5.9 fb⁻¹ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.9 σ is observed at $m_{H^0} = 126$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 126.0$ GeV. See also AAD 12DA.

² CHATRCHYAN 12N obtain results based on 4.9–5.1 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV and 5.1–5.3 fb⁻¹ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.0 σ is observed at about $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 125.5$ GeV. See also CHATRCHYAN 12BY.

$b\bar{b}$ Final State

More precise but preliminary measurements by ATLAS and CMS of the signal strengths in different channels were reported at the EPS HEP 2013 conference just as we were going to press, see: <http://eps-hep2013.eu/program.html>. These results are not included in the PDG averages shown below. The averages of results from the EPS HEP meeting are consistent within one sigma with the predictions of the SM Higgs boson signal strengths in each channel.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.5^{+0.8}_{-0.7} OUR AVERAGE			
0.5 ± 2.2	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 WX, H^0 ZX$, 7 TeV
	² AALTONEN	12T TEVA	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 WX, H^0 ZX$, 1.96 TeV
0.48 ^{+0.81} _{-0.70}	³ CHATRCHYAN 12N	CMS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 WX, H^0 ZX$, 7, 8 TeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
	⁴ AALTONEN	12P CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 WX, H^0 ZX$, 1.96 TeV
1.2 ^{+1.2} _{-1.1}	⁵ ABAZOV	12N D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 WX, H^0 ZX$, 1.96 TeV

¹ AAD 12AI obtain results based on 4.6–4.8 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV and 5.8–5.9 fb⁻¹ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.9 σ is observed at $m_{H^0} = 126$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 126.0$ GeV. See also AAD 12DA.

² AALTONEN 12T combine AALTONEN 12Q, AALTONEN 12R, AALTONEN 12S, ABAZOV 12O, ABAZOV 12P, and ABAZOV 12K. An excess of events over background is observed which is most significant in the region $m_{H^0} = 120\text{--}135$ GeV, with a local significance of up to 3.3σ . The local significance at $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV is 2.8σ , which corresponds to $(\sigma(H^0 W) + \sigma(H^0 Z)) \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = (0.23^{+0.09}_{-0.08})$ pb, compared to the Standard Model expectation at $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV of 0.12 ± 0.01 pb.

³ CHATRCHYAN 12N obtain results based on $4.9\text{--}5.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV and $5.1\text{--}5.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.0σ is observed at about $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 125.5$ GeV. See also CHATRCHYAN 12BY.

⁴ AALTONEN 12P combine AALTONEN 12Q, AALTONEN 12R, and AALTONEN 12S. An excess of events over background is observed in the region $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150$ GeV, with a local significance of 2.7σ for $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV. This corresponds to $(\sigma(H^0 W) + \sigma(H^0 Z)) \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = (291^{+118}_{-113})$ fb.

⁵ ABAZOV 12N combine ABAZOV 12O, ABAZOV 12P, and ABAZOV 12K. An excess of events over background is observed in the region $m_{H^0} = 120\text{--}145$ GeV with a local significance of $1.0\text{--}1.7\sigma$. The quoted signal strength is given for $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV.

$\tau^+\tau^-$ Final State

More precise but preliminary measurements by ATLAS and CMS of the signal strengths in different channels were reported at the EPS HEP 2013 conference just as we were going to press, see: <http://eps-hep2013.eu/program.html>. These results are not included in the PDG averages shown below. The averages of results from the EPS HEP meeting are consistent within one sigma with the predictions of the SM Higgs boson signal strengths in each channel.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.1 ± 0.7 OUR AVERAGE			
0.4 $^{+1.6}_{-2.0}$	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7 TeV
0.09 $^{+0.76}_{-0.74}$	² CHATRCHYAN 12N	CMS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$, 7, 8 TeV

¹ AAD 12AI obtain results based on $4.6\text{--}4.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV and $5.8\text{--}5.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.9σ is observed at $m_{H^0} = 126$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 126.0$ GeV. See also AAD 12DA.

² CHATRCHYAN 12N obtain results based on $4.9\text{--}5.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV and $5.1\text{--}5.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8$ TeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.0σ is observed at about $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV. The quoted signal strengths are given for $m_{H^0} = 125.5$ GeV. See also CHATRCHYAN 12BY.

STANDARD MODEL H^0 (Higgs Boson) MASS LIMITS

These limits apply to the Higgs boson of the three-generation Standard Model with the minimal Higgs sector. For a review and a bibliography, see the above review on "Higgs Bosons: Theory and Searches."

The limits quoted below are compatible with the observed signal described in the section " H^0 (Higgs Boson)."

H^0 Direct Search Limits

All data that have been superseded by newer results are marked as "not used" or have been removed from this compilation, and are documented in previous editions of this *Review of Particle Physics*.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
> 122 and none 127–600 (CL = 95%) OUR EVALUATION				
none 111–122, 131–559	95	¹ AAD	12AI ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$ combined
none 127–600	95	² CHATRCHYAN 12B	CMS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$
none 110–121.5, 128–145	95	³ CHATRCHYAN 12N	CMS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$ combined
>114.1	95	⁴ ABDALLAH 04	DLPH	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$
>112.7	95	⁴ ABBIENDI 03B	OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$
>114.4	95	^{4,5} HEISTER 03D	LEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$
>111.5	95	^{4,6} HEISTER 02	ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$
>112.0	95	⁴ ACHARD 01C	L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
		⁷ AALTONEN 13B	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 WX, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		⁸ AALTONEN 13C	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 WX, H^0 ZX,$ $H^0 q\bar{q}', H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
none 133–261	95	⁹ AAD 12	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow ZZ$
none 111.4–116.6, 119.4–122.1, 129.2–541	95	¹⁰ AAD 12AJ	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow WW(*)$
	95	¹¹ AAD 12BD	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$
none 319–558	95	¹² AAD 12BU	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$
none 300–322, 353–410	95	¹³ AAD 12BZ	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow ZZ$
	95	¹⁴ AAD 12CA	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow ZZ$
		¹⁵ AAD 12CN	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 WX, H^0 ZX, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
none 134–156, 182–233, 256–265, 268–415	95	¹⁶ AAD 12CO	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow WW$
	95	¹⁷ AAD 12D	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow ZZ(*)$
none 112.9–115.5, 131–238, 251–466	95	¹⁸ AAD 12E	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X$
none 145–206	95	¹⁹ AAD 12F	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow WW(*)$
none 113–115, 134.5–136	95	²⁰ AAD 12G	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
		²¹ AALTONEN 12	CDF	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

		22	AALTONEN	12AA	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		23	AALTONEN	12AE	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		24	AALTONEN	12AK	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 t\bar{t} X$
		25	AALTONEN	12AM	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 X$, inclusive 4ℓ
		26	AALTONEN	12AN	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
		27	AALTONEN	12H	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 Z X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		28	AALTONEN	12J	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau$
none 90–96	95	29	AALTONEN	12P	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 Z X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		30	AALTONEN	12Q	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 Z X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		31	AALTONEN	12R	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		32	AALTONEN	12S	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 Z X, H^0 W X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
none 100–106	95	33	AALTONEN	12T	TEVA	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 Z X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		34	AALTONEN	12Y	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		35	ABAZOV	12J	D0	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 X, \tau$
		36	ABAZOV	12K	D0	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 Z X, H^0 W X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
none 100–102	95	37	ABAZOV	12N	D0	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 Z X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		38	ABAZOV	12O	D0	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 Z X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		39	ABAZOV	12P	D0	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		40	ABAZOV	12V	D0	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		41	ABAZOV	12W	D0	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow W W^{(*)}$
		42,43	CHATRCHYAN	12AY	CMS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 Z X$
		44	CHATRCHYAN	12C	CMS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow Z Z$
		45	CHATRCHYAN	12D	CMS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow Z Z^{(*)}$
none 129–270	95	46	CHATRCHYAN	12E	CMS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow W W^{(*)}$
		47	CHATRCHYAN	12F	CMS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 Z X$
none 128–132	95	48	CHATRCHYAN	12G	CMS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
none 134–158, 180–305, 340–465	95	49	CHATRCHYAN	12H	CMS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow Z Z^{(*)}$
none 270–440	95	50	CHATRCHYAN	12I	CMS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow Z Z$
		51	CHATRCHYAN	12K	CMS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$
		52	AAD	11AB	ATLS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow W W$
none 340–450	95	53	AAD	11V	ATLS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow Z Z$
		54	AAD	11W	ATLS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 X$
		55	AALTONEN	11AA	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 Z X, H^0 q\bar{q} X$
		56	ABAZOV	11AB	D0	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 Z X$
		57	ABAZOV	11G	D0	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow W W^{(*)}$
		58	ABAZOV	11J	D0	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 W X, H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		59	ABAZOV	11Y	D0	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
		60	CHATRCHYAN	11J	CMS	$\rho\rho \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow W W$
		61	AALTONEN	10AD	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 Z X$
none 162–166	95	62	AALTONEN	10F	TEVA	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow W W^{(*)}$
		63	AALTONEN	10G	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow W W^{(*)}$
		64	AALTONEN	10J	CDF	$\rho\bar{\rho} \rightarrow H^0 Z X, H^0 W X$

65	AALTONEN	10M	TEVA	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow ggX \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow$ $WW^{(*)}$
66	ABAZOV	10B	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$
67	ABAZOV	10C	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 ZX, H^0 WX$
68	ABAZOV	10T	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 ZX$
69	AALTONEN	09A	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$
70	AALTONEN	09AI	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 WX$
71	ABAZOV	09U	D0	$H^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$
72	ABAZOV	08Y	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 WX$
73	ABAZOV	06	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 X, H^0 \rightarrow WW^*$
74	ABAZOV	06O	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 WX, H^0 \rightarrow WW^*$

¹ AAD 12AI search for H^0 production in pp collisions for the final states $H^0 \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)}$, $\gamma\gamma$, $WW^{(*)}$, $b\bar{b}$, $\tau\tau$ with $4.6\text{--}4.8\text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7\text{ TeV}$, and $H^0 \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4\ell$, $\gamma\gamma$, $WW^{(*)} \rightarrow e\nu\mu\nu$ with $5.8\text{--}5.9\text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8\text{ TeV}$. The 99% CL excluded range is 113–114, 117–121, and 132–527 GeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.9σ is observed at $m_{H^0} = 126\text{ GeV}$.

² CHATRCHYAN 12B combine CHATRCHYAN 12E, CHATRCHYAN 12F, CHATRCHYAN 12G, CHATRCHYAN 12H, CHATRCHYAN 12I, CHATRCHYAN 12C, CHATRCHYAN 12D, as well as a search in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau$. The 99% CL exclusion range is 129–525 GeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 3.1σ is observed at about $m_{H^0} = 124\text{ GeV}$.

³ CHATRCHYAN 12N search for H^0 production in pp collisions for the final states $H^0 \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)}$, $\gamma\gamma$, $WW^{(*)}$, $b\bar{b}$, $\tau\tau$ with $4.9\text{--}5.1\text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7\text{ TeV}$ and $5.1\text{--}5.3\text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 8\text{ TeV}$. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 5.0σ is observed at about $m_{H^0} = 125\text{ GeV}$.

⁴ Search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ at $E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209\text{ GeV}$ in the final states $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ with $Z \rightarrow \ell\bar{\ell}, \nu\bar{\nu}, q\bar{q}, \tau^+\tau^-$ and $H^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ with $Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}$.

⁵ Combination of the results of all LEP experiments.

⁶ A 3σ excess of candidate events compatible with m_{H^0} near 114 GeV is observed in the combined channels $q\bar{q}q\bar{q}, q\bar{q}\ell\bar{\ell}, q\bar{q}\tau^+\tau^-$.

⁷ AALTONEN 13B search for associated $H^0 W$ production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ with 9.45 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96\text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which corresponds to (0.7–11.8) times the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 90\text{--}150\text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125\text{ GeV}$ is 3.1, where 3.3 is expected.

⁸ AALTONEN 13C search for associated $H^0 W$ and $H^0 Z$ as well as vector-boson fusion $H^0 q\bar{q}'$ production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W/Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ with 9.45 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96\text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (7.0–64.6) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150\text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125\text{ GeV}$ is 9.0, where 11.0 is expected.

⁹ AAD 12 search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-q\bar{q}$ in 1.04 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7\text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (1.7–13) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 200\text{--}600\text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The best limit is at $m_{H^0} = 360\text{ GeV}$. Superseded by AAD 12CA.

¹⁰ AAD 12AJ search for H^0 production in the decay $H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ with 4.7 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7\text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which corresponds to (0.2–10) times the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}600\text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL.

- 11 AAD 12BD search for H^0 production in the decay modes $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, WW^{(*)}, ZZ^{(*)}, \tau^+\tau^-$, and $b\bar{b}$ with 4.6 to 4.9fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The 99% CL excluded range is 130.7–506 GeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which corresponds to (0.2–2) times the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 110$ –600 GeV at 95% CL. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 2.9σ is observed at about $m_{H^0} = 126$ GeV. Superseded by AAD 12AI.
- 12 AAD 12BU search for H^0 production in the decay $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ with 4.7fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (2.9–11.7) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100$ –150 GeV at 95% CL.
- 13 AAD 12BZ search for H^0 production in the decay $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\nu\bar{\nu}$ with 4.7fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which corresponds to (0.2–4) times the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 200$ –600 GeV at 95% CL.
- 14 AAD 12CA search for H^0 production in the decay $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-q\bar{q}$ with 4.7fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which corresponds to (0.7–9) times the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 200$ –600 GeV at 95% CL.
- 15 AAD 12CN search for associated H^0W and H^0Z production in the channels $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$, $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-, \nu\bar{\nu}$, and $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, with 4.7fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (2.5–5.5) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 110$ –130 GeV at 95% CL.
- 16 AAD 12CO search for H^0 production in the decay $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu q\bar{q}$ with 4.7fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (1.9–10) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 300$ –600 GeV at 95% CL.
- 17 AAD 12D search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4\ell$ in 4.8fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 110$ –600 GeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 2.1σ is observed at 125 GeV.
- 18 AAD 12E combine data from AAD 11V, AAD 11AB, AAD 12, AAD 12D, AAD 12F, AAD 12G. The 99% CL exclusion range is 133–230 and 260–437 GeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 3.5σ is observed at about $m_{H^0} = 126$ GeV. Superseded by AAD 12AI.
- 19 AAD 12F search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell^+\nu\ell^-\bar{\nu}$ in 2.05fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 110$ –300 GeV. Superseded by AAD 12AJ.
- 20 AAD 12G search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ in 4.9fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 110$ –150 GeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 2.8σ is observed at 126.5 GeV.
- 21 AALTONEN 12 search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ in 7.0fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (8.5–29) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100$ –150 GeV at 95% CL. Superseded by AALTONEN 12AN.
- 22 AALTONEN 12AA search for associated H^0W production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ with 5.6fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (2.1–35.3) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100$ –150 GeV at 95% CL. Superseded by AALTONEN 12AE.
- 23 AALTONEN 12AE search for associated H^0W production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ with 7.5fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (1.1–34.4) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100$ –150 GeV at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV is 4.4, where 3.7 is expected. Superseded by AALTONEN 12R.

- 24 AALTONEN 12AK search for associated $H^0 t\bar{t}$ production in the decay chain $t\bar{t} \rightarrow WWbb \rightarrow \ell\nu qqbb$ with 9.45 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (10–40) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125 \text{ GeV}$ is 20.5, where 12.6 is expected.
- 25 AALTONEN 12AM search for H^0 production in inclusive four-lepton final states coming from $H^0 \rightarrow ZZ$, $H^0 Z \rightarrow WW^{(*)}\ell\ell$, or $H^0 Z \rightarrow \tau\tau\ell\ell$, with 9.7 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (7.2–42.4) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 120\text{--}300 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The best limit is for $m_{H^0} = 200 \text{ GeV}$.
- 26 AALTONEN 12AN search for H^0 production in the decay $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ with 10 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (7.7–21.3) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125 \text{ GeV}$ is 17.0, where 9.9 is expected.
- 27 AALTONEN 12H search for associated $H^0 Z$ production in the final state $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$, $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ with 7.9 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (2.8–22) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The best limit is for $m_{H^0} = 100 \text{ GeV}$. Superseded by AALTONEN 12Q.
- 28 AALTONEN 12J search for H^0 production in the decay $H^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ (one leptonic, the other hadronic) with 6.0 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (14.6–70.2) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The best limit is for $m_{H^0} = 120 \text{ GeV}$.
- 29 AALTONEN 12P combine AALTONEN 12Q, AALTONEN 12R, and AALTONEN 12S. An excess of events over background is observed in the region $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$, with a local significance of 2.7σ for $m_{H^0} = 125 \text{ GeV}$. This corresponds to $(\sigma(H^0 W) + \sigma(H^0 Z)) \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = (291_{-113}^{+118}) \text{ fb}$.
- 30 AALTONEN 12Q search for associated $H^0 Z$ production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ with 9.45 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which corresponds to (1.0–37.5) times the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 90\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125 \text{ GeV}$ is 7.1, where 3.9 is expected. A broad excess of events for $m_{H^0} > 110 \text{ GeV}$ is observed, with a local significance of 2.4σ at $m_{H^0} = 135 \text{ GeV}$.
- 31 AALTONEN 12R search for associated $H^0 W$ production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ with 9.45 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (1.4–21.7) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 90\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125 \text{ GeV}$ is 4.9, where 2.8 is expected. Superseded by AALTONEN 13B.
- 32 AALTONEN 12S search for associated $H^0 Z$ production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$, and $H^0 W$ production in $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ (ℓ not identified) with 9.45 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (1.7–27.2) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 90\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125 \text{ GeV}$ is 6.7, where 3.6 is expected.

- 33 AALTONEN 12T combine AALTONEN 12Q, AALTONEN 12R, AALTONEN 12S, ABAZOV 12O, ABAZOV 12P, and ABAZOV 12K. An excess of events over background is observed which is most significant in the region $m_{H^0} = 120\text{--}135$ GeV, with a local significance of up to 3.3σ . The local significance at $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV is 2.8σ , which corresponds to $(\sigma(H^0 W) + \sigma(H^0 Z)) B(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = (0.23^{+0.09}_{-0.08})$ pb, compared to the Standard Model expectation at $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV of 0.12 ± 0.01 pb.
- 34 AALTONEN 12Y search for associated $H^0 W$ production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ with 2.7fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (3.6–61.1) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150$ GeV at 95% CL. Superseded by AALTONEN 12AA.
- 35 ABAZOV 12J search for H^0 and associated $H^0 W$, $H^0 Z$ production, in the final state including a τ and e/μ with 7.3fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (6.8–29.9) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 105\text{--}200$ GeV at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV is 15.7, where 12.8 is expected.
- 36 ABAZOV 12K search for associated $H^0 Z$ production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$, and $H^0 W$ production with $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ (ℓ not identified) with 9.5fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (1.9–16.8) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150$ GeV at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV is 4.3, where 3.9 is expected.
- 37 ABAZOV 12N combine ABAZOV 12O, ABAZOV 12P, and ABAZOV 12K. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which corresponds to (0.94–14) times the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150$ GeV at 95% CL. An excess of events over background is observed in the region $m_{H^0} = 120\text{--}145$ GeV with a local significance of $1.0\text{--}1.7\sigma$.
- 38 ABAZOV 12O search for associated $H^0 Z$ production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ with 9.7fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (1.8–53) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 90\text{--}150$ GeV at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV is 7.1, where 5.1 is expected.
- 39 ABAZOV 12P search for associated $H^0 W$ production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ with 9.7fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (2.6–21.8) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150$ GeV at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV is 5.2, where 4.7 is expected.
- 40 ABAZOV 12V search for associated $H^0 W$ production in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ with 5.3fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (2.7–30.4) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150$ GeV at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV is 6.6, where 6.8 is expected. Superseded by ABAZOV 12P.
- 41 ABAZOV 12W search for H^0 production in the decay $H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ with 8.6fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (1.1–13.3) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 115\text{--}200$ GeV at 95% CL. The best limit is at $m_{H^0} = 160$ GeV. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV is 5.0, where 3.8 is expected.
- 42 CHATRCHYAN 12AY search for associated $H^0 W$ and $H^0 Z$ production in the channels $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$, $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$, and $H^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau$, $WW^{(*)}$, with 5fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (3.1–9.1) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}200$ GeV at 95% CL.

- 43 CHATRCHYAN 12AY combine CHATRCHYAN 12F and CHATRCHYAN 12AO in addition and give a limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (2.1–3.7) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section for $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}170$ GeV at 95% CL. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 125$ GeV is 3.3.
- 44 CHATRCHYAN 12C search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \tau^+ \tau^-$ in 4.7 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (4–12) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 190\text{--}600$ GeV at 95% CL. The best limit is at $m_{H^0} = 200$ GeV.
- 45 CHATRCHYAN 12D search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- q\bar{q}$ in 4.6 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which corresponds to (1–22) times the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 130\text{--}164$ GeV, $200\text{--}600$ GeV at 95% CL. The best limit is at $m_{H^0} = 230$ GeV. In the Standard Model with an additional generation of heavy quarks and leptons which receive their masses via the Higgs mechanism, m_{H^0} values in the ranges $m_{H^0} = 154\text{--}161$ GeV and $200\text{--}470$ GeV are excluded at 95% CL.
- 46 CHATRCHYAN 12E search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu \ell^- \bar{\nu}$ in 4.6 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}600$ GeV.
- 47 CHATRCHYAN 12F search for associated $H^0 W$ and $H^0 Z$ production followed by $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$, $Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$, $\nu\bar{\nu}$, and $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, in 4.7 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (3.1–9.0) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}135$ GeV at 95% CL. The best limit is at $m_{H^0} = 110$ GeV.
- 48 CHATRCHYAN 12G search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ in 4.8 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}150$ GeV. An excess of events over background with a local significance of 3.1σ is observed at 124 GeV.
- 49 CHATRCHYAN 12H search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4\ell$ in 4.7 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}600$ GeV. Excesses of events over background are observed around 119, 126 and 320 GeV. The region $m_{H^0} = 114.4\text{--}134$ GeV remains consistent with the expectation for the production of a SM-like Higgs boson.
- 50 CHATRCHYAN 12I search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \nu\bar{\nu}$ in 4.6 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 250\text{--}600$ GeV.
- 51 CHATRCHYAN 12K search for H^0 production in the decay $H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ with 4.6 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (3.2–7.0) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}145$ GeV at 95% CL.
- 52 AAD 11AB search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow W^+ W^- \rightarrow \ell\nu q\bar{q}$ in 1.04 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (2.7–20) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 240\text{--}600$ GeV at 95% CL. The best limit is at $m_{H^0} = 400$ GeV. Superseded by AAD 12CO.
- 53 AAD 11V search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \nu\bar{\nu}$ in 1.04 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which corresponds to (0.6–6) times the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 200\text{--}600$ GeV at 95% CL. Superseded by AAD 12BZ.
- 54 AAD 11W search for Higgs boson production in the decay channels $\gamma\gamma$, $ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4\ell$, $ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell\nu\nu$, $ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell qq$, $WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell\ell\nu\nu$, $WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell\nu qq$ in $35\text{--}40 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (2–40) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}600$ GeV at 95% CL. In the Standard Model with an additional generation of heavy quarks and leptons which receive their masses via the Higgs mechanism, m_{H^0} values

between 140 and 185 GeV are excluded at 95% CL. The results for the Standard Model Higgs are superseded by AAD 12E.

- 55 AALTONEN 11AA search in 4.0 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ for associated $H^0 W$ and $H^0 Z$ production followed by $W/Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}$, and for $p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 q\bar{q}X$ (vector boson fusion), both with $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (9–100) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The best limit is at $m_{H^0} = 115 \text{ GeV}$.
- 56 ABAZOV 11AB search for associated $H^0 W$ and $H^0 Z$ production followed by $H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$ in like-sign dilepton final states using 5.3 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (6.4–18) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 115\text{--}200 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The best limit is for $m_{H^0} = 135$ and 165 GeV .
- 57 ABAZOV 11G search for H^0 production in 5.4 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell\nu q\bar{q}'$ (and processes with similar final states). A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (3.9–37) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 115\text{--}200 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The best limit is at $m_{H^0} = 160 \text{ GeV}$.
- 58 ABAZOV 11J search for associated $H^0 W$ production in 5.3 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the final state $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (2.7–30) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The limit at $m_{H^0} = 115 \text{ GeV}$ is 4.5 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. Superseded by ABAZOV 12P.
- 59 ABAZOV 11Y search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ in 8.2 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. A limit on cross section times branching ratio which is (10–25) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL.
- 60 CHATRCHYAN 11J search for H^0 production with $H \rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow \ell\ell\nu\nu$ in 36 pb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 6 for a limit on cross section times branching ratio for $m_{H^0} = 120\text{--}600 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. In the Standard Model with an additional generation of heavy quarks and leptons which receive their masses via the Higgs mechanism, m_{H^0} values between 144 and 207 GeV are excluded at 95% CL.
- 61 AALTONEN 10AD search for associated $H^0 Z$ production in 4.1 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$. A limit $\sigma \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}) < (4.5\text{--}43) \sigma \cdot \text{B}_{\text{SM}}$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115 \text{ GeV}$ is 5.9 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. Superseded by AALTONEN 12H.
- 62 AALTONEN 10F combine searches for H^0 decaying to W^+W^- in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ with 4.8 fb^{-1} (CDF) and 5.4 fb^{-1} (DØ).
- 63 AALTONEN 10G search for H^0 production in 4.8 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$. A limit on $\sigma(H^0)$ which is (1.3–39) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}200 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The best limit is obtained for $m_{H^0} = 165 \text{ GeV}$.
- 64 AALTONEN 10J search for associated $H^0 W$ and $H^0 Z$ production in 2.1 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the final state with (b) jets and missing p_T . A limit $\sigma < (5.8\text{--}50) \sigma_{\text{SM}}$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115 \text{ GeV}$ is 6.9 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. Superseded by AALTONEN 12S.
- 65 AALTONEN 10M combine searches for H^0 decaying to W^+W^- in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ with 4.8 fb^{-1} (CDF) and 5.4 fb^{-1} (DØ) and derive limits $\sigma(p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0) \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow W^+W^-) < (1.75\text{--}0.38) \text{ pb}$ for $m_H = 120\text{--}165 \text{ GeV}$, where H^0 is produced

- in gg fusion. In the Standard Model with an additional generation of heavy quarks, m_{H^0} between 131 and 204 GeV is excluded at 95% CL.
- 66 ABAZOV 10B search for H^0 production in 5.4 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$. A limit on $\sigma(H^0)$ which is (1.6–21) times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section is given for $m_{H^0} = 115\text{--}200 \text{ GeV}$ at 95% CL. The best limit is obtained for $m_{H^0} = 165 \text{ GeV}$. Superseded by ABAZOV 12W.
- 67 ABAZOV 10C search for associated $H^0 Z$ and $H^0 W$ production in 5.2 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the final states $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$, and $W \rightarrow (\ell)\nu$, where ℓ is not identified. A limit $\sigma \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}) < (3.4\text{--}38) \sigma \cdot \text{B}_{(\text{SM})}$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115 \text{ GeV}$ is 3.7 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. Superseded by ABAZOV 12K.
- 68 ABAZOV 10T search for associated $H^0 Z$ production in 4.2 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$. A limit $\sigma \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}) < (3.0\text{--}49) \sigma \cdot \text{B}_{(\text{SM})}$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115 \text{ GeV}$ is 5.9 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. Superseded by ABAZOV 12O.
- 69 AALTONEN 09A search for H^0 production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \nu\bar{\nu}$. A limit on $\sigma(H^0) \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow WW^{(*)})$ between 0.7 and 2.5 pb (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}200 \text{ GeV}$, which is 1.7–45 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. The best limit is obtained for $m_{H^0} = 160 \text{ GeV}$.
- 70 AALTONEN 09AI search for associated $H^0 W$ production in 2.7 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$. A limit on $\sigma(H^0 W) \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b})$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$, which is 3.3–75.5 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115 \text{ GeV}$ is 5.6 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. Superseded by AALTONEN 12AA.
- 71 ABAZOV 09U search for $H^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ with $\tau \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ in 1 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. The production mechanisms include associated $W/Z+H^0$ production, weak boson fusion, and gluon fusion. A limit (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 105\text{--}145 \text{ GeV}$, which is 20–82 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. The limit for $m_{H^0} = 115 \text{ GeV}$ is 29 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section.
- 72 ABAZOV 08Y search for associated $H^0 W$ production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$. A limit $\sigma(H^0 W) \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}) < (1.9\text{--}1.6) \text{ pb}$ (95% CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 105\text{--}145 \text{ GeV}$, which is 10–93 times larger than the expected Standard Model cross section. These results are combined with ABAZOV 06, ABAZOV 06O, ABAZOV 06Q, and ABAZOV 07X to give cross section limits for $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}200 \text{ GeV}$ which are 6–24 times larger than the Standard Model expectation. Superseded by ABAZOV 12N.
- 73 ABAZOV 06 search for Higgs boson production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ with the decay chain $H^0 \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \ell'^\mp \bar{\nu}$. A limit $\sigma(H^0) \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow WW^*) < (5.6\text{--}3.2) \text{ pb}$ (95 %CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 120\text{--}200 \text{ GeV}$, which far exceeds the expected Standard Model cross section.
- 74 ABAZOV 06O search for associated $H^0 W$ production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ with the decay $H^0 \rightarrow WW^*$, in the final states $\ell^\pm \ell'^\mp \nu\nu' X$ where $\ell = e, \mu$. A limit $\sigma(H^0 W) \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow WW^*) < (3.2\text{--}2.8) \text{ pb}$ (95 %CL) is given for $m_{H^0} = 115\text{--}175 \text{ GeV}$, which far exceeds the expected Standard Model cross section.

H^0 Indirect Mass Limits from Electroweak Analysis

For limits obtained before the direct measurement of the top quark mass, see the 1996 (Physical Review **D54** 1 (1996)) Edition of this Review. Other studies based on data available prior to 1996 can be found in the 1998 Edition (The European Physical Journal **C3** 1 (1998)) of this Review. For indirect limits obtained from other considerations of theoretical nature, see the Note on “Searches for Higgs Bosons.”

<u>VALUE (GeV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>
94^{+25}_{-22}	¹ BAAK	12A RVUE
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •		
91^{+30}_{-23}	² BAAK	12 RVUE
91^{+31}_{-24}	³ ERLER	10A RVUE
80^{+30}_{-23}	⁴ FLACHER	09 RVUE
129^{+74}_{-49}	⁵ LEP-SLC	06 RVUE

¹ BAAK 12A make Standard Model fits to Z and neutral current parameters, m_t , m_W , and Γ_W measurements available in 2012 (using also preliminary data). The quoted result is obtained from a fit that does not include the measured mass value of the signal observed at the LHC and also no limits from direct Higgs searches.

² BAAK 12 make Standard Model fits to Z and neutral current parameters, m_t , m_W , and Γ_W measurements available in 2010 (using also preliminary data). The quoted result is obtained from a fit that does not include the limit from the direct Higgs searches. The result including direct search data from LEP2, the Tevatron and the LHC is 120^{+12}_{-5} GeV.

³ ERLER 10A makes Standard Model fits to Z and neutral current parameters, m_t , m_W measurements available in 2009 (using also preliminary data). The quoted result is obtained from a fit that does not include the limits from the direct Higgs searches. With direct search data from LEP2 and Tevatron added to the fit, the 90% CL (99% CL) interval is 115–148 (114–197) GeV.

⁴ FLACHER 09 make Standard Model fits to Z and neutral current parameters, m_t , m_W , and Γ_W measurements available in 2008 (using also preliminary data). The 2σ (3σ) interval is 39–155 (26–209) GeV. The quoted results are obtained from a fit that does not include the limit from the direct Higgs searches. Superseded by BAAK 12.

⁵ LEP-SLC 06 make Standard Model fits to Z parameters from LEP/SLC and m_t , m_W , and Γ_W measurements available in 2005 with $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)}(m_Z) = 0.02758 \pm 0.00035$. The 95% CL limit is 285 GeV.

SEARCHES FOR OTHER HIGGS BOSONS

MASS LIMITS FOR NEUTRAL HIGGS BOSONS IN SUPERSYMMETRIC MODELS

The minimal supersymmetric model has two complex doublets of Higgs bosons. The resulting physical states are two scalars [H_1^0 and H_2^0 , where we define $m_{H_1^0} < m_{H_2^0}$], a pseudoscalar (A^0), and a charged Higgs pair (H^\pm). H_1^0 and H_2^0 are also called h and H in the literature. There are two free parameters in the Higgs sector which can be chosen to be m_{A^0} and $\tan\beta = v_2/v_1$, the ratio of vacuum expectation values of the two

Higgs doublets. Tree-level Higgs masses are constrained by the model to be $m_{H_1^0} \leq m_Z$, $m_{H_2^0} \geq m_Z$, $m_{A^0} \geq m_{H_1^0}$, and $m_{H^\pm} \geq m_W$. However, as described in the review on “Searches for Higgs Bosons” in this Volume these relations are violated by radiative corrections.

Unless otherwise noted, the experiments in e^+e^- collisions search for the processes $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 Z^0$ in the channels used for the Standard Model Higgs searches and $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 A^0$ in the final states $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ and $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$. In $p\bar{p}$ and pp collisions the experiments search for a variety of processes, as explicitly specified for each entry. Limits on the A^0 mass arise from these direct searches, as well as from the relations valid in the minimal supersymmetric model between m_{A^0} and $m_{H_1^0}$. As discussed in the review on “Searches for Higgs Bosons” in this Volume, these relations depend, via potentially large radiative corrections, on the mass of the t quark and on the supersymmetric parameters, in particular those of the stop sector. The limits are weaker for larger t and \tilde{t} masses. To include the radiative corrections to the Higgs masses, unless otherwise stated, the listed papers use theoretical predictions incorporating two-loop corrections, and the results are given for the m_h^{max} benchmark scenario (which gives rise to the most conservative upper bound on the mass of H_1^0 for given values of m_{A^0} and $\tan\beta$), see CARENA 99B and CARENA 03.

Limits in the low-mass region of H_1^0 , as well as other by now obsolete limits from different techniques, have been removed from this compilation, and can be found in earlier editions of this Review. Unless otherwise stated, the following results assume no invisible H_1^0 or A^0 decays.

The observed signal described in the section “ H^0 (Higgs Boson)” can be interpreted as one of the neutral Higgs bosons of the minimal supersymmetric model.

H_1^0 (Higgs Boson) MASS LIMITS in Supersymmetric Models

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>89.7		¹ ABDALLAH	08B DLPH	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$
>92.8	95	² SCHAEAL	06B LEP	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$
>84.5	95	^{3,4} ABBIENDI	04M OPAL	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$
>86.0	95	^{3,5} ACHARD	02H L3	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}, \tan\beta > 0.4$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
		⁶ AAD	13O ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-, \mu^+\mu^-$
		⁷ AALTONEN	12AQ TEVA	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + b + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		⁸ AALTONEN	12X CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + b + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		⁹ ABAZOV	12 D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$

	10	ABAZOV	12G	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	
	11	CHATRCHYAN	12K	CMS	$pp \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	
	12	AAD	11R	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	
	13	ABAZOV	11K	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + b + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	
	14	ABAZOV	11W	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + b + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	
	15	CHATRCHYAN	11H	CMS	$pp \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	
	16	AALTONEN	09AR	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	
	17	ABAZOV	08W	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	
	18	ABBIENDI	03G	OPAL	$H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$	
>89.8	95	3,19 HEISTER	02	ALEP	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}, \tan\beta > 0.5$	

¹ ABDALLAH 08B give limits in eight CP -conserving benchmark scenarios and some CP -violating scenarios. See paper for excluded regions for each scenario. Supersedes ABDALLAH 04.

² SCHAEEL 06B make a combined analysis of the LEP data. The quoted limit is for the m_h^{max} scenario with $m_t = 174.3 \text{ GeV}$. In the CP -violating CPX scenario no lower bound on $m_{H_1^0}$ can be set at 95% CL. See paper for excluded regions in various scenarios. See Figs. 2–6 and Tabs. 14–21 for limits on $\sigma(ZH^0) \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}, \tau^+\tau^-)$ and $\sigma(H_1^0 H_2^0) \cdot \text{B}(H_1^0, H_2^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}, \tau^+\tau^-)$.

³ Search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 A^0$ in the final states $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ and $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$, and $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 Z$. Universal scalar mass of 1 TeV, $SU(2)$ gaugino mass of 200 GeV, and $\mu = -200 \text{ GeV}$ are assumed, and two-loop radiative corrections incorporated. The limits hold for $m_t = 175 \text{ GeV}$, and for the m_h^{max} scenario.

⁴ ABBIENDI 04M exclude $0.7 < \tan\beta < 1.9$, assuming $m_t = 174.3 \text{ GeV}$. Limits for other MSSM benchmark scenarios, as well as for CP violating cases, are also given.

⁵ ACHARD 02H also search for the final state $H_1^0 Z \rightarrow 2A^0 q\bar{q}$, $A^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}$. In addition, the MSSM parameter set in the “large- μ ” and “no-mixing” scenarios are examined.

⁶ AAD 13O search for production of a Higgs boson in the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ and $\mu^+\mu^-$ with $4.7\text{--}4.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 6 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space and their Fig. 7 for the limits on cross section times branching ratio. For $m_{A^0} = 110\text{--}170 \text{ GeV}$, $\tan\beta \gtrsim 10$ is excluded, and for $\tan\beta = 50$, m_{A^0} below 470 GeV is excluded at 95% CL in the m_h^{max} scenario.

⁷ AALTONEN 12AQ combine AALTONEN 12X and ABAZOV 11K. See their Table I and Fig. 1 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and Fig. 2 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.

- ⁸ AALTONEN 12X search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a b quark in the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, with 2.6 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. See their Table III and Fig. 15 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and Figs. 17, 18 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.
- ⁹ ABAZOV 12 search for production of a Higgs boson followed by the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ in 5.4 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space. Superseded by ABAZOV 12G.
- ¹⁰ ABAZOV 12G search for production of a Higgs boson in the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ with 7.3 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ and combine with ABAZOV 11W and ABAZOV 11K. See their Figs. 4, 5, and 6 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space. For $m_{A^0} = 90\text{--}180 \text{ GeV}$, $\tan\beta \gtrsim 30$ is excluded at 95% CL. in the m_h^{max} scenario.
- ¹¹ CHATRCHYAN 12K search for production of a Higgs boson in the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ with 4.6 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 3 and Table 4 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space. For $m_{A^0} = 160 \text{ GeV}$, the region $\tan\beta > 7.1$ is excluded at 95% CL in the m_h^{max} scenario.
- ¹² AAD 11R search for production of a Higgs boson followed by the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ in 36 pb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 3 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space. Superseded by AAD 13O.
- ¹³ ABAZOV 11K search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a b quark, followed by the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, in 5.2 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 5/Table 2 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and Fig. 6 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space for $\mu = -200 \text{ GeV}$.
- ¹⁴ ABAZOV 11W search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a b quark, followed by the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau$, in 7.3 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.
- ¹⁵ CHATRCHYAN 11H search for production of a Higgs boson followed by the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ in 36 pb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space. Superseded by CHATRCHYAN 12K.
- ¹⁶ AALTONEN 09AR search for Higgs bosons decaying to $\tau^+\tau^-$ in two doublet models in 1.8 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot \text{B}(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)$ for different Higgs masses, and see their Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.
- ¹⁷ ABAZOV 08W search for Higgs boson production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ with the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$. See their Fig. 3 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot \text{B}(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)$ for different Higgs masses, and see their Fig. 4 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space. Superseded by ABAZOV 12.
- ¹⁸ ABBIENDI 03G search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 Z$ followed by $H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$, $A^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$, gg , or $\tau^+\tau^-$. In the no-mixing scenario, the region $m_{H_1^0} = 45\text{--}85 \text{ GeV}$ and $m_{A^0} = 2\text{--}9.5 \text{ GeV}$ is excluded at 95% CL.
- ¹⁹ HEISTER 02 excludes the range $0.7 < \tan\beta < 2.3$. A wider range is excluded with different stop mixing assumptions. Updates BARATE 01C.

A^0 (Pseudoscalar Higgs Boson) MASS LIMITS in Supersymmetric Models

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>90.4		¹ ABDALLAH 08B	DLPH	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$
>93.4	95	² SCHAEEL 06B	LEP	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$
>85.0	95	^{3,4} ABBIENDI 04M	OPAL	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$
>86.5	95	^{3,5} ACHARD 02H	L3	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}, \tan\beta > 0.4$
>90.1	95	^{3,6} HEISTER 02	ALEP	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}, \tan\beta > 0.5$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
		⁷ AAD 130	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-, \mu^+\mu^-$
		⁸ AALTONEN 12AQ	TEVA	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + b + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		⁹ AALTONEN 12X	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + b + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		¹⁰ ABAZOV 12	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
		¹¹ ABAZOV 12G	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
		¹² CHATRCHYAN 12K	CMS	$pp \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
		¹³ AAD 11R	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
		¹⁴ ABAZOV 11K	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + b + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
		¹⁵ ABAZOV 11W	D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + b + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
		¹⁶ CHATRCHYAN 11H	CMS	$pp \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
		¹⁷ AALTONEN 09AR	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X,$ $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
		¹⁸ ACOSTA 05Q	CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X$
		¹⁹ ABBIENDI 03G	OPAL	$H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$
		²⁰ AKEROYD 02	RVUE	

¹ ABDALLAH 08B give limits in eight CP -conserving benchmark scenarios and some CP -violating scenarios. See paper for excluded regions for each scenario. Supersedes ABDALLAH 04.

² SCHAEEL 06B make a combined analysis of the LEP data. The quoted limit is for the m_h^{max} scenario with $m_t = 174.3 \text{ GeV}$. In the CP -violating CPX scenario no lower bound on $m_{H_1^0}$ can be set at 95% CL. See paper for excluded regions in various scenarios. See Figs. 2–6 and Tabs. 14–21 for limits on $\sigma(ZH^0)$, $B(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}, \tau^+\tau^-)$ and $\sigma(H_1^0 H_2^0)$, $B(H_1^0, H_2^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}, \tau^+\tau^-)$.

- 3 Search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 A^0$ in the final states $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ and $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$, and $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 Z$. Universal scalar mass of 1 TeV, SU(2) gaugino mass of 200 GeV, and $\mu = -200$ GeV are assumed, and two-loop radiative corrections incorporated. The limits hold for $m_t = 175$ GeV, and for the m_h^{\max} scenario.
- 4 ABBIENDI 04M exclude $0.7 < \tan\beta < 1.9$, assuming $m_t = 174.3$ GeV. Limits for other MSSM benchmark scenarios, as well as for CP violating cases, are also given.
- 5 ACHARD 02H also search for the final state $H_1^0 Z \rightarrow 2A^0 q\bar{q}$, $A^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}$. In addition, the MSSM parameter set in the “large- μ ” and “no-mixing” scenarios are examined.
- 6 HEISTER 02 excludes the range $0.7 < \tan\beta < 2.3$. A wider range is excluded with different stop mixing assumptions. Updates BARATE 01C.
- 7 AAD 130 search for production of a Higgs boson in the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ and $\mu^+\mu^-$ with $4.7\text{--}4.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. See their Fig. 6 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space and their Fig. 7 for the limits on cross section times branching ratio. For $m_{A^0} = 110\text{--}170$ GeV, $\tan\beta \gtrsim 10$ is excluded, and for $\tan\beta = 50$, m_{A^0} below 470 GeV is excluded at 95% CL in the m_h^{\max} scenario.
- 8 AALTONEN 12AQ combine AALTONEN 12X and ABAZOV 11K. See their Table I and Fig. 1 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and Fig. 2 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.
- 9 AALTONEN 12X search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a b quark in the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, with 2.6 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Table III and Fig. 15 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and Figs. 17, 18 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.
- 10 ABAZOV 12 search for production of a Higgs boson followed by the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ in 5.4 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space. Superseded by ABAZOV 12G.
- 11 ABAZOV 12G search for production of a Higgs boson in the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ with 7.3 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV and combine with ABAZOV 11W and ABAZOV 11K. See their Figs. 4, 5, and 6 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space. For $m_{A^0} = 90\text{--}180$ GeV, $\tan\beta \gtrsim 30$ is excluded at 95% CL. in the m_h^{\max} scenario.
- 12 CHATRCHYAN 12K search for production of a Higgs boson in the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ with 4.6 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. See their Fig. 3 and Table 4 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space. For $m_{A^0} = 160$ GeV, the region $\tan\beta > 7.1$ is excluded at 95% CL in the m_h^{\max} scenario.
- 13 AAD 11R search for production of a Higgs boson followed by the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ in 36 pb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. See their Fig. 3 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space. Superseded by AAD 130.
- 14 ABAZOV 11K search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a b quark, followed by the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, in 5.2 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Fig. 5/Table 2 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and Fig. 6 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space for $\mu = -200$ GeV.
- 15 ABAZOV 11W search for associated production of a Higgs boson and a b quark, followed by the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau$, in 7.3 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.

- ¹⁶ CHATRCHYAN 11H search for production of a Higgs boson followed by the decay $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ in 36 pb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on cross section times branching ratio and Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space. Superseded by CHATRCHYAN 12K.
- ¹⁷ AALTONEN 09AR search for Higgs bosons decaying to $\tau^+\tau^-$ in two doublet models in 1.8 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot \text{B}(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)$ for different Higgs masses, and see their Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.
- ¹⁸ ACOSTA 05Q search for $H_{1,2}^0/A^0$ production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.8 \text{ TeV}$ with $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$. At $m_{A^0} = 100 \text{ GeV}$, the obtained cross section upper limit is above theoretical expectation.
- ¹⁹ ABBIENDI 03G search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 Z$ followed by $H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$, $A^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$, $g g$, or $\tau^+\tau^-$. In the no-mixing scenario, the region $m_{H_1^0} = 45\text{-}85 \text{ GeV}$ and $m_{A^0} = 2\text{-}9.5 \text{ GeV}$ is excluded at 95% CL.
- ²⁰ AKEROYD 02 examine the possibility of a light A^0 with $\tan\beta < 1$. Electroweak measurements are found to be inconsistent with such a scenario.

———— H^0 (Higgs Boson) MASS LIMITS in Extended Higgs Models ————

This Section covers models which do not fit into either the Standard Model or its simplest minimal Supersymmetric extension (MSSM), leading to anomalous production rates, or nonstandard final states and branching ratios. In particular, this Section covers limits which may apply to generic two-Higgs-doublet models (2HDM), or to special regions of the MSSM parameter space where decays to invisible particles or to photon pairs are dominant (see the Note on ‘Searches for Higgs Bosons’ at the beginning of this Chapter). See the footnotes or the comment lines for details on the nature of the models to which the limits apply.

Limits in General two-Higgs-doublet Models

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
		1 AALTONEN	09AR CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H_{1,2}^0/A^0 + X$, $H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
none 1–55	95	2 ABBIENDI	05A OPAL	H_1^0 , Type II model
>110.6	95	3 ABDALLAH	05D DLPH	$H^0 \rightarrow 2 \text{ jets}$
		4 ABDALLAH	04O DLPH	$Z \rightarrow f\bar{f}H$
		5 ABDALLAH	04O DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z, H^0 A^0$
		6 ABBIENDI	02D OPAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}H$
none 1–44	95	7 ABBIENDI	01E OPAL	H_1^0 , Type-II model
> 68.0	95	8 ABBIENDI	99E OPAL	$\tan\beta > 1$
		9 ABREU	95H DLPH	$Z \rightarrow H^0 Z^*, H^0 A^0$
		10 PICH	92 RVUE	Very light Higgs

- ¹ AALTONEN 09AR search for Higgs bosons decaying to $\tau^+\tau^-$ in two doublet models in 1.8 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 2 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot \text{B}(H_{1,2}^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)$ for different Higgs masses, and see their Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the MSSM parameter space.
- ² ABBIENDI 05A search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0 A^0$ in general Type-II two-doublet models, with decays $H_1^0, A^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}, gg, \tau^+\tau^-$, and $H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$.
- ³ ABDALLAH 05D search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ and $H^0 A^0$ with H^0, A^0 decaying to two jets of any flavor including gg . The limit is for SM $H^0 Z$ production cross section with $\text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow jj) = 1$.
- ⁴ ABDALLAH 04O search for $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}H^0, b\bar{b}A^0, \tau^+\tau^-H^0$ and $\tau^+\tau^-A^0$ in the final states $4b, b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$, and 4τ . See paper for limits on Yukawa couplings.
- ⁵ ABDALLAH 04O search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ and $H^0 A^0$, with H^0, A^0 decaying to $b\bar{b}, \tau^+\tau^-$, or $H^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 189\text{--}208 \text{ GeV}$. See paper for limits on couplings.
- ⁶ ABBIENDI 02D search for $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}H_1^0$ and $b\bar{b}A^0$ with $H_1^0/A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$, in the range $4 < m_H < 12 \text{ GeV}$. See their Fig. 8 for limits on the Yukawa coupling.
- ⁷ ABBIENDI 01E search for neutral Higgs bosons in general Type-II two-doublet models, at $E_{\text{cm}} \leq 189 \text{ GeV}$. In addition to usual final states, the decays $H_1^0, A^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}, gg$ are searched for. See their Figs. 15,16 for excluded regions.
- ⁸ ABBIENDI 99E search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 A^0$ and $H^0 Z$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 183 \text{ GeV}$. The limit is with $m_H = m_A$ in general two Higgs-doublet models. See their Fig. 18 for the exclusion limit in the $m_H - m_A$ plane. Updates the results of ACKERSTAFF 98S.
- ⁹ See Fig. 4 of ABREU 95H for the excluded region in the $m_{H^0} - m_{A^0}$ plane for general two-doublet models. For $\tan\beta > 1$, the region $m_{H^0} + m_{A^0} \lesssim 87 \text{ GeV}, m_{H^0} < 47 \text{ GeV}$ is excluded at 95% CL.
- ¹⁰ PICH 92 analyse H^0 with $m_{H^0} < 2m_\mu$ in general two-doublet models. Excluded regions in the space of mass-mixing angles from LEP, beam dump, and π^\pm, η rare decays are shown in Figs. 3,4. The considered mass region is not totally excluded.

Limits for H^0 with Vanishing Yukawa Couplings

These limits assume that H^0 couples to gauge bosons with the same strength as the Standard Model Higgs boson, but has no coupling to quarks and leptons (this is often referred to as "fermiophobic").

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
none 110–118, 119.5–121	95	¹ AAD	12N ATLS	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
>114	95	² AALTONEN	12 CDF	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
>114	95	³ AALTONEN	12AN CDF	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
none 110–194	95	⁴ CHATRCHYAN	12AO CMS	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, WW^*, ZZ^*$
>112.9	95	⁵ ABAZOV	11Y D0	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
>106	95	⁶ AALTONEN	09AB CDF	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
>100	95	⁷ ABAZOV	08U D0	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
>105.8	95	⁸ SCHAEEL	07 ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z, H^0 \rightarrow WW^*$
>104.1	95	^{9,10} ABDALLAH	04L DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
>107	95	¹¹ ACHARD	03C L3	$H^0 \rightarrow WW^*, ZZ^*, \gamma\gamma$
>105.5	95	^{9,12} ABBIENDI	02F OPAL	$H_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
>105.4	95	¹³ ACHARD	02C L3	$H_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
> 98	95	¹⁴ AFFOLDER	01H CDF	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 W/Z, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
> 94.9	95	¹⁵ ACCIARRI	00S L3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

>100.7	95	16 BARATE	00L ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
> 96.2	95	17 ABBIENDI	99O OPAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
> 78.5	95	18 ABBOTT	99B D0	$p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^0 W/Z, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
		19 ABREU	99P DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0\gamma$ and/or $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

- ¹ AAD 12N search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ with 4.9 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 110\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$.
- ² AALTONEN 12 search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ in 7.0 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$. Superseded by AALTONEN 12AN.
- ³ AALTONEN 12AN search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ with 10 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$.
- ⁴ CHATRCHYAN 12AO use data from CHATRCHYAN 12G, CHATRCHYAN 12E, CHATRCHYAN 12H, CHATRCHYAN 12I, CHATRCHYAN 12D, and CHATRCHYAN 12C.
- ⁵ ABAZOV 11Y search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ in 8.2 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 100\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$.
- ⁶ AALTONEN 09AB search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ in 3.0 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 70\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$. Associated $H^0 W, H^0 Z$ production and WW, ZZ fusion are considered.
- ⁷ ABAZOV 08U search for $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 70\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$. Associated $H^0 W, H^0 Z$ production and WW, ZZ fusion are considered. See their Tab. 1 for the limit on $\sigma \cdot \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$, and see their Fig. 3 for the excluded region in the $m_{H^0} - \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ plane.
- ⁸ SCHAEEL 07 search for Higgs bosons in association with a fermion pair and decaying to WW^* . The limit is from this search and HEISTER 02L for a H^0 with SM production cross section.
- ⁹ Search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance with a Z boson, followed by $Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}, \ell^+\ell^-,$ or $\nu\bar{\nu}$, at $E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section.
- ¹⁰ Updates ABREU 01F.
- ¹¹ ACHARD 03C search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH^0$ followed by $H^0 \rightarrow WW^*$ or ZZ^* at $E_{\text{cm}} = 200\text{--}209 \text{ GeV}$ and combine with the ACHARD 02C result. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section. For $\text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow WW^*) + \text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow ZZ^*) = 1$, $m_{H^0} > 108.1 \text{ GeV}$ is obtained. See fig. 6 for the limits under different BR assumptions.
- ¹² For $\text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 1$, $m_{H^0} > 117 \text{ GeV}$ is obtained.
- ¹³ ACHARD 02C search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance with a Z boson, followed by $Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}, \ell^+\ell^-,$ or $\nu\bar{\nu}$, at $E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section. For $\text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 1$, $m_{H^0} > 114 \text{ GeV}$ is obtained.
- ¹⁴ AFFOLDER 01H search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance and a W or Z (tagged by two jets, an isolated lepton, or missing E_T). The limit assumes Standard Model values for the production cross section and for the couplings of the H^0 to W and Z bosons. See their Fig. 11 for limits with $\text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) < 1$.
- ¹⁵ ACCIARRI 00S search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance with a $q\bar{q}, \nu\bar{\nu},$ or $\ell^+\ell^-$ pair in e^+e^- collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 189 \text{ GeV}$. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section. For $\text{B}(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 1$, $m_{H^0} > 98 \text{ GeV}$ is obtained. See their Fig. 5 for limits on $\text{B}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \cdot \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Hf\bar{f}) / \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Hf\bar{f})$ (SM).

- ¹⁶ BARATE 00L search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance with a $q\bar{q}$, $\nu\bar{\nu}$, or $\ell^+\ell^-$ pair in e^+e^- collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 88\text{--}202$ GeV. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section. For $B(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 1$, $m_{H^0} > 109$ GeV is obtained. See their Fig. 3 for limits on $B(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \cdot \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Hf\bar{f}) / \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Hf\bar{f})$ (SM).
- ¹⁷ ABBIENDI 990 search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance with a $q\bar{q}$, $\nu\bar{\nu}$, or $\ell^+\ell^-$ pair in e^+e^- collisions at 189 GeV. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section. See their Fig. 4 for limits on $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z^0) \times B(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \times B(X^0 \rightarrow f\bar{f})$ for various masses. Updates the results of ACKERSTAFF 98Y.
- ¹⁸ ABBOTT 99B search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance and a dijet pair. The limit assumes Standard Model values for the production cross section and for the couplings of the H^0 to W and Z bosons. Limits in the range of $\sigma(H^0 + Z/W) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 0.80\text{--}0.34$ pb are obtained in the mass range $m_{H^0} = 65\text{--}150$ GeV.
- ¹⁹ ABREU 99P search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0\gamma$ with $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ or $\gamma\gamma$, and $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 q\bar{q}$ with $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$. See their Fig. 4 for limits on $\sigma \times B$. Explicit limits within an effective interaction framework are also given.

Limits for H^0 Decaying to Invisible Final States

These limits are for H^0 which predominantly decays to invisible final states. Standard Model values are assumed for the couplings of H^0 to ordinary particles unless otherwise stated.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
		¹ AAD	12AQ ATLS	secondary vertex
		² AALTONEN	12U CDF	secondary vertex
>108.2	95	³ ABBIENDI	10 OPAL	
		⁴ ABBIENDI	07 OPAL	large width
>112.3	95	⁵ ACHARD	05 L3	
>112.1	95	⁵ ABDALLAH	04B DLPH	
>114.1	95	⁵ HEISTER	02 ALEP	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209$ GeV
>106.4	95	⁵ BARATE	01C ALEP	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 202$ GeV
> 89.2	95	⁶ ACCIARRI	00M L3	

¹ AAD 12AQ search for H^0 production in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow X^0 X^0$, where X^0 is a long-lived particle which decays mainly to $b\bar{b}$ in the muon detector, in 1.94 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. See their Fig. 3 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for $m_{H^0} = 120, 140$ GeV, $m_{X^0} = 20, 40$ GeV in the $c\tau$ range of 0.5–35 m.

² AALTONEN 12U search for H^0 production in the decay mode $H^0 \rightarrow X^0 X^0$, where X^0 is a long-lived particle with $c\tau \approx 1$ cm which decays mainly to $b\bar{b}$, in 3.2 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. See their Figs. 9 and 10 for limits on cross section times branching ratio for $m_{H^0} = (130\text{--}170)$ GeV, $m_{X^0} = 20, 40$ GeV.

³ ABBIENDI 10 search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ with H^0 decaying invisibly. The limit assumes SM production cross section and $B(H^0 \rightarrow \text{invisible}) = 1$.

⁴ ABBIENDI 07 search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ with $Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ and H^0 decaying to invisible final states. The H^0 width is varied between 1 GeV and 3 TeV. A limit $\sigma \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < (0.07\text{--}0.57)$ pb (95%CL) is obtained at $E_{\text{cm}} = 206$ GeV for $m_{H^0} = 60\text{--}114$ GeV.

⁵ Search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z$ with H^0 decaying invisibly. The limit assumes SM production cross section and $B(H^0 \rightarrow \text{invisible}) = 1$.

⁶ ACCIARRI 00M search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH^0$ with H^0 decaying invisibly at $E_{\text{cm}} = 183\text{--}189$ GeV. The limit assumes SM production cross section and $B(H^0 \rightarrow \text{invisible}) = 1$. See their Fig. 6 for limits for smaller branching ratios.

Limits for Light A^0

These limits are for a pseudoscalar A^0 in the mass range below $\mathcal{O}(10)$ GeV.

VALUE (GeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • •	We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •		
1	LEES 13C	BABR	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$
2	CHATRCHYAN 12V	CMS	$A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
3	AALTONEN 11P	CDF	$t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow W^+ A^0$
4,5	ABOUZAID 11A	KTEV	$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 A^0, A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
6	DEL-AMO-SA... 11J	BABR	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$
7	LEES 11H	BABR	$\Upsilon(2S, 3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$
8	ANDREAS 10	RVUE	
5,9	HYUN 10	BELL	$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} A^0, A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
5,10	HYUN 10	BELL	$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 A^0, A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
11	AUBERT 09P	BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$
12	AUBERT 09Z	BABR	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$
13	AUBERT 09Z	BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$
5,14	TUNG 09	K391	$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 A^0, A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
15	LOVE 08	CLEO	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$
16	BESSON 07	CLEO	$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \eta_b \gamma$
17	PARK 05	HYCP	$\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p A^0, A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

¹ LEES 13C search for the process $\Upsilon(2S, 3S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow A^0 \gamma \pi^+ \pi^-$ with A^0 decaying to $\mu^+ \mu^-$ and give limits on $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ in the range $(0.3-9.7) \times 10^{-6}$ (90% CL) for $0.212 \leq m_{A^0} \leq 9.20$ GeV. See their Fig. 5(e) for limits on the $b-A^0$ Yukawa coupling derived by combining this result with AUBERT 09Z.

² CHATRCHYAN 12V search for A^0 production in the decay $A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ with 1.3 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. A limit on $\sigma(A^0) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ in the range (1.5–7.5) pb is given for $m_{A^0} = (5.5-8.7)$ and (11.5–14) GeV at 95% CL.

³ AALTONEN 11P search in 2.7 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV for the decay chain $t \rightarrow bH^+, H^+ \rightarrow W^+ A^0, A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ with m_{A^0} between 4 and 9 GeV. See their Fig. 4 for limits on $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ for $90 < m_{H^+} < 160$ GeV.

⁴ ABOUZAID 11A search for the decay chain $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 A^0, A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ and give a limit $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 A^0) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 1.0 \times 10^{-10}$ at 90% CL for $m_{A^0} = 214.3$ MeV.

⁵ The search was motivated by PARK 05.

⁶ DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 11J search for the process $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow A^0 \gamma \pi^+ \pi^-$ with A^0 decaying to invisible final states. They give limits on $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \text{invisible})$ in the range $(1.9-4.5) \times 10^{-6}$ (90% CL) for $0 \leq m_{A^0} \leq 8.0$ GeV, and $(2.7-37) \times 10^{-6}$ for $8.0 \leq m_{A^0} \leq 9.2$ GeV.

⁷ LEES 11H search for the process $\Upsilon(2S, 3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$ with A^0 decaying hadronically and give limits on $B(\Upsilon(2S, 3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \text{hadrons})$ in the range $1 \times 10^{-6} - 8 \times 10^{-5}$ (90% CL) for $0.3 < m_{A^0} < 7$ GeV. The decay rates for $\Upsilon(2S)$ and $\Upsilon(3S)$ are assumed to be equal up to the phase space factor.

⁸ ANDREAS 10 analyze constraints from rare decays and other processes on a light A^0 with $m_{A^0} < 2m_\mu$ and give limits on its coupling to fermions at the level of 10^{-4} times the Standard Model value.

⁹ HYUN 10 search for the decay chain $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} A^0, A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ and give a limit on $B(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} A^0) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ in the range $(2.26-5.53) \times 10^{-8}$ at 90%CL for $m_{A^0} = 212-300$ MeV. The limit for $m_{A^0} = 214.3$ MeV is 2.26×10^{-8} .

- 10 HYUN 10 search for the decay chain $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 A^0$, $A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ and give a limit on $B(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 A^0) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ in the range $(1.73-4.51) \times 10^{-8}$ at 90%CL for $m_{A^0} = 212-300$ MeV. The limit for $m_{A^0} = 214.3$ MeV is 1.73×10^{-8} .
- 11 AUBERT 09P search for the process $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$ with $A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ for $4.03 < m_{A^0} < 9.52$ and $9.61 < m_{A^0} < 10.10$ GeV, and give limits on $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$ in the range $(1.5-16) \times 10^{-5}$ (90% CL).
- 12 AUBERT 09Z search for the process $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$ with $A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ for $0.212 < m_{A^0} < 9.3$ GeV and give limits on $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ in the range $(0.3-8) \times 10^{-6}$ (90% CL).
- 13 AUBERT 09Z search for the process $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$ with $A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ for $0.212 < m_{A^0} < 9.3$ GeV and give limits on $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ in the range $(0.3-5) \times 10^{-6}$ (90% CL).
- 14 TUNG 09 search for the decay chain $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 A^0$, $A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ and give a limit on $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 A^0) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$ in the range $(2.4-10.7) \times 10^{-7}$ at 90%CL for $m_{A^0} = 194.3-219.3$ MeV. The limit for $m_{A^0} = 214.3$ MeV is 2.4×10^{-7} .
- 15 LOVE 08 search for the process $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma$ with $A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ (for $m_{A^0} < 2m_\tau$) and $A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$. Limits on $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow A^0 \gamma) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-)$ in the range $10^{-6}-10^{-4}$ (90% CL) are given.
- 16 BESSON 07 give a limit $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \eta_b \gamma) \cdot B(\eta_b \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-) < 0.27\%$ (95% CL), which constrains a possible A^0 exchange contribution to the η_b decay.
- 17 PARK 05 found three candidate events for $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p \mu^+ \mu^-$ in the HyperCP experiment. Due to a narrow spread in dimuon mass, they hypothesize the events as a possible signal of a new boson. It can be interpreted as a neutral particle with $m_{A^0} = 214.3 \pm 0.5$ MeV and the branching fraction $B(\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p A^0) \cdot B(A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.1_{-1.9}^{+2.4} \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-8}$.

Other Limits

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
		1 AALTONEN	11P CDF	$t \rightarrow b H^+, H^+ \rightarrow W^+ A^0$
		2 ABBIENDI	10 OPAL	$H^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$
		3 SCHAELE	10 ALEP	$H^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$
		4 ABAZOV	09v D0	$H^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$
none 3-63	95	5 ABBIENDI	05A OPAL	A^0 , Type II model
>104	95	6 ABBIENDI	04K OPAL	$H^0 \rightarrow 2$ jets
		7 ABDALLAH	04 DLPH	$H^0 V V$ couplings
>110.3	95	8 ACHARD	04B L3	$H^0 \rightarrow 2$ jets
		9 ACHARD	04F L3	Anomalous coupling
		10 ABBIENDI	03F OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^0 Z, H^0 \rightarrow$ any
		11 ABBIENDI	03G OPAL	$H^0 \rightarrow A^0 A^0$
>105.4	95	12,13 HEISTER	02L ALEP	$H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
>109.1	95	14 HEISTER	02M ALEP	$H^0 \rightarrow 2$ jets or $\tau^+ \tau^-$
none 12-56	95	15 ABBIENDI	01E OPAL	A^0 , Type-II model
		16 ACCIARRI	00R L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow H^0 \gamma$ and/or $H^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
		17 ACCIARRI	00R L3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- H^0$
		18 GONZALEZ-G.	.98B RVUE	Anomalous coupling
		19 KRAWCZYK	97 RVUE	$(g-2)_\mu$
		20 ALEXANDER	96H OPAL	$Z \rightarrow H^0 \gamma$

- ¹ AALTONEN 11P search in 2.7 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ for the decay chain $t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H^+ \rightarrow W^+A^0$, $A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ with m_{A^0} between 4 and 9 GeV. See their Fig. 4 for limits on $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ for $90 < m_{H^+} < 160 \text{ GeV}$.
- ² ABBIENDI 10 search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH^0$ with the decay chain $H^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0$, $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 + (\gamma \text{ or } Z^*)$, when $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ and $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ are nearly degenerate. For a mass difference of 2 (4) GeV, a lower limit on m_{H^0} of 108.4 (107.0) GeV (95% CL) is obtained for SM ZH^0 cross section and $B(H^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_2^0) = 1$.
- ³ SCHAEEL 10 search for the process $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0Z$ followed by the decay chain $H^0 \rightarrow A^0A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-\tau^+\tau^-$ with $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$, $\nu\bar{\nu}$ at $E_{\text{cm}} = 183\text{--}209 \text{ GeV}$. For a H^0ZZ coupling equal to the SM value, $B(H^0 \rightarrow A^0A^0) = B(A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-) = 1$, and $m_{A^0} = 4\text{--}10 \text{ GeV}$, m_{H^0} up to 107 GeV is excluded at 95% CL.
- ⁴ ABAZOV 09V search for H^0 production followed by the decay chain $H^0 \rightarrow A^0A^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-$ or $\mu^+\mu^-\tau^+\tau^-$ in 4.2 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. See their Fig. 3 for limits on $\sigma(H^0) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow A^0A^0)$ for $m_{A^0} = 3.6\text{--}19 \text{ GeV}$.
- ⁵ ABBIENDI 05A search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0A^0$ in general Type-II two-doublet models, with decays H_1^0 , $A^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}$, $g g$, $\tau^+\tau^-$, and $H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0A^0$.
- ⁶ ABBIENDI 04K search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0Z$ with H^0 decaying to two jets of any flavor including $g g$. The limit is for SM production cross section with $B(H^0 \rightarrow jj) = 1$.
- ⁷ ABDALLAH 04 consider the full combined LEP and LEP2 datasets to set limits on the Higgs coupling to W or Z bosons, assuming SM decays of the Higgs. Results in Fig. 26.
- ⁸ ACHARD 04B search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0Z$ with H^0 decaying to $b\bar{b}$, $c\bar{c}$, or $g g$. The limit is for SM production cross section with $B(H^0 \rightarrow jj) = 1$.
- ⁹ ACHARD 04F search for H^0 with anomalous coupling to gauge boson pairs in the processes $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0\gamma$, $e^+e^-H^0$, H^0Z with decays $H^0 \rightarrow f\bar{f}$, $\gamma\gamma$, $Z\gamma$, and W^*W at $E_{\text{cm}} = 189\text{--}209 \text{ GeV}$. See paper for limits.
- ¹⁰ ABBIENDI 03F search for $H^0 \rightarrow$ anything in $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0Z$, using the recoil mass spectrum of $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ or $\mu^+\mu^-$. In addition, it searched for $Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$ and $H^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-$ or photons. Scenarios with large width or continuum H^0 mass distribution are considered. See their Figs. 11–14 for the results.
- ¹¹ ABBIENDI 03G search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H_1^0Z$ followed by $H_1^0 \rightarrow A^0A^0$, $A^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$, $g g$, or $\tau^+\tau^-$ in the region $m_{H_1^0} = 45\text{--}86 \text{ GeV}$ and $m_{A^0} = 2\text{--}11 \text{ GeV}$. See their Fig. 7 for the limits.
- ¹² Search for associated production of a $\gamma\gamma$ resonance with a Z boson, followed by $Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}$, $\ell^+\ell^-$, or $\nu\bar{\nu}$, at $E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209 \text{ GeV}$. The limit is for a H^0 with SM production cross section and $B(H^0 \rightarrow f\bar{f})=0$ for all fermions f .
- ¹³ For $B(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)=1$, $m_{H^0} > 113.1 \text{ GeV}$ is obtained.
- ¹⁴ HEISTER 02M search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0Z$, assuming that H^0 decays to $q\bar{q}$, $g g$, or $\tau^+\tau^-$ only. The limit assumes SM production cross section.
- ¹⁵ ABBIENDI 01E search for neutral Higgs bosons in general Type-II two-doublet models, at $E_{\text{cm}} \leq 189 \text{ GeV}$. In addition to usual final states, the decays H_1^0 , $A^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}$, $g g$ are searched for. See their Figs. 15,16 for excluded regions.
- ¹⁶ ACCIARRI 00R search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^0\gamma$ with $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $Z\gamma$, or $\gamma\gamma$. See their Fig. 3 for limits on $\sigma \cdot B$. Explicit limits within an effective interaction framework are also given, for which the Standard Model Higgs search results are used in addition.

- 17 ACCIARRI 00R search for the two-photon type processes $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-H^0$ with $H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ or $\gamma\gamma$. See their Fig. 4 for limits on $\Gamma(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \cdot B(H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \text{ or } b\bar{b})$ for $m_{H^0}=70-170$ GeV.
- 18 GONZALEZ-GARCIA 98B use $D\bar{O}$ limit for $\gamma\gamma$ events with missing E_T in $p\bar{p}$ collisions (ABBOTT 98) to constrain possible ZH or WH production followed by unconventional $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ decay which is induced by higher-dimensional operators. See their Figs. 1 and 2 for limits on the anomalous couplings.
- 19 KRAWCZYK 97 analyse the muon anomalous magnetic moment in a two-doublet Higgs model (with type II Yukawa couplings) assuming no $H_1^0 ZZ$ coupling and obtain $m_{H_1^0} \gtrsim 5$ GeV or $m_{A^0} \gtrsim 5$ GeV for $\tan\beta > 50$. Other Higgs bosons are assumed to be much heavier.
- 20 ALEXANDER 96H give $B(Z \rightarrow H^0\gamma) \times B(H^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}) < 1-4 \times 10^{-5}$ (95%CL) and $B(Z \rightarrow H^0\gamma) \times B(H^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}) < 0.7-2 \times 10^{-5}$ (95%CL) in the range $20 < m_{H^0} < 80$ GeV.

———— H^\pm (Charged Higgs) MASS LIMITS ————

Unless otherwise stated, the limits below assume $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) + B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}) = 1$, and hold for all values of $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu_\tau)$, and assume H^+ weak isospin of $T_3 = +1/2$. In the following, $\tan\beta$ is the ratio of the two vacuum expectation values in two-doublet models (2HDM).

The limits are also applicable to point-like technipions. For a discussion of techniparticles, see the Review of Dynamical Electroweak Symmetry Breaking in this Review.

For limits obtained in hadronic collisions before the observation of the top quark, and based on the top mass values inconsistent with the current measurements, see the 1996 (Physical Review **D54** 1 (1996)) Edition of this Review.

Searches in e^+e^- collisions at and above the Z pole have conclusively ruled out the existence of a charged Higgs in the region $m_{H^\pm} \lesssim 45$ GeV, and are meanwhile superseded by the searches in higher energy e^+e^- collisions at LEP. Results that are by now obsolete are therefore not included in this compilation, and can be found in a previous Edition (The European Physical Journal **C15** 1 (2000)) of this Review.

In the following, and unless otherwise stated, results from the LEP experiments (ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, and OPAL) are assumed to derive from the study of the $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^+H^-$ process. Limits from $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ decays are usually stronger in generic 2HDM models than in Supersymmetric models.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
> 76.3	95	¹ ABBIENDI 12	OPAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow H^+H^-, E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209\text{GeV}$
> 74.4	95	ABDALLAH 04I	DLPH	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209$ GeV
> 76.5	95	ACHARD 03E	L3	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209$ GeV
> 79.3	95	HEISTER 02P	ALEP	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

		2	AAD	13V	ATLS	$t \rightarrow bH^+$, lepton non-universality
		3	AAD	12BH	ATLS	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
		4	CHATRCHYAN	12AA	CMS	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
		5	AALTONEN	11P	CDF	$t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H^+ \rightarrow W^+ A^0$
>316	95	6	DESCHAMPS	10	RVUE	Type II, flavor physics data
		7	AALTONEN	09AJ	CDF	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
		8	ABAZOV	09AC	D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
		9	ABAZOV	09AG	D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
		10	ABAZOV	09AI	D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
		11	ABAZOV	09P	D0	$H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$
>240	95	12	FLACHER	09	RVUE	Type II, flavor physics data
		13	ABULENCIA	06E	CDF	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
> 92.0	95		ABBIENDI	04	OPAL	$B(\tau\nu) = 1$
> 76.7	95	14	ABDALLAH	04I	DLPH	Type I
		15	ABBIENDI	03	OPAL	$\tau \rightarrow \mu\bar{\nu}\nu, e\bar{\nu}\nu$
		16	ABAZOV	02B	D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H \rightarrow \tau\nu$
		17	BORZUMATI	02	RVUE	
		18	ABBIENDI	01Q	OPAL	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu_T X$
		19	BARATE	01E	ALEP	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu_T$
>315	99	20	GAMBINO	01	RVUE	$b \rightarrow s\gamma$
		21	AFFOLDER	00I	CDF	$t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H \rightarrow \tau\nu$
> 59.5	95		ABBIENDI	99E	OPAL	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 183$ GeV
		22	ABBOTT	99E	D0	$t \rightarrow bH^+$
		23	ACKERSTAFF	99D	OPAL	$\tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu, \mu\nu\nu$
		24	ACCIARRI	97F	L3	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu_T$
		25	AMMAR	97B	CLEO	$\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$
		26	COARASA	97	RVUE	$B \rightarrow \tau\nu_T X$
		27	GUCHAIT	97	RVUE	$t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H \rightarrow \tau\nu$
		28	MANGANO	97	RVUE	$B_{u(c)} \rightarrow \tau\nu_T$
		29	STAHL	97	RVUE	$\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$
>244	95	30	ALAM	95	CLE2	$b \rightarrow s\gamma$
		31	BUSKULIC	95	ALEP	$b \rightarrow \tau\nu_T X$

¹ ABBIENDI 12 also search for the decay mode $H^+ \rightarrow A^0 W^*$ with $A^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$.

² AAD 13V search for $t\bar{t}$ production followed by $t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$ through violation of lepton universality with 4.6 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. Upper limits on $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ between 0.032 and 0.044 (95% CL) are given for $m_{H^+} = 90\text{--}140$ GeV and $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) = 1$. By combining with AAD 12BH, the limits improve to 0.008 to 0.034 for $m_{H^+} = 90\text{--}160$ GeV. See their Fig. 7 for the excluded region in the m_h^{max} scenario of the MSSM.

³ AAD 12BH search for $t\bar{t}$ production followed by $t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$ with 4.6 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. Upper limits on $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ between 0.01 and 0.05 (95% CL) are given for $m_{H^+} = 90\text{--}160$ GeV and $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) = 1$. See their Fig. 8 for the excluded region in the m_h^{max} scenario of the MSSM.

⁴ CHATRCHYAN 12AA search for $t\bar{t}$ production followed by $t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$ with 2 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. Upper limits on $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ between 0.019 and 0.041 (95% CL) are given for $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}160$ GeV and $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) = 1$.

- ⁵ AALTONEN 11P search in 2.7 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$ for the decay chain $t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H^+ \rightarrow W^+A^0$, $A^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ with m_{A^0} between 4 and 9 GeV. See their Fig. 4 for limits on $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ for $90 < m_{H^+} < 160 \text{ GeV}$.
- ⁶ DESCHAMPS 10 make Type II two Higgs doublet model fits to weak leptonic and semileptonic decays, $b \rightarrow s\gamma$, B , B_s mixings, and $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$. The limit holds irrespective of $\tan\beta$.
- ⁷ AALTONEN 09AJ search for $t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$ in $t\bar{t}$ events in 2.2 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. Upper limits on $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ between 0.08 and 0.32 (95% CL) are given for $m_{H^+} = 60\text{--}150 \text{ GeV}$ and $B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}) = 1$.
- ⁸ ABAZOV 09AC search for $t \rightarrow bH^+$, $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$ in $t\bar{t}$ events in 0.9 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. Upper limits on $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ between 0.19 and 0.25 (95% CL) are given for $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}155 \text{ GeV}$ and $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) = 1$. See their Fig. 4 for an excluded region in a MSSM scenario.
- ⁹ ABAZOV 09AG measure $t\bar{t}$ cross sections in final states with $\ell + \text{jets}$ ($\ell = e, \mu$), $\ell\ell$, and $\tau\ell$ in 1 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$, which constrains possible $t \rightarrow bH^+$ branching fractions. Upper limits (95% CL) on $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ between 0.15 and 0.40 (0.48 and 0.57) are given for $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) = 1$ ($B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}) = 1$) for $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}155 \text{ GeV}$.
- ¹⁰ ABAZOV 09AI search for $t \rightarrow bH^+$ in $t\bar{t}$ events in 1 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. Final states with $\ell + \text{jets}$ ($\ell = e, \mu$), $\ell\ell$, and $\tau\ell$ are examined. Upper limits on $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ (95% CL) between 0.15 and 0.19 (0.19 and 0.22) are given for $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) = 1$ ($B(H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}) = 1$) for $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}155 \text{ GeV}$. For $B(H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu) = 1$ also a simultaneous extraction of $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ and the $t\bar{t}$ cross section is performed, yielding a limit on $B(t \rightarrow bH^+)$ between 0.12 and 0.26 for $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}155 \text{ GeV}$. See their Figs. 5–8 for excluded regions in several MSSM scenarios.
- ¹¹ ABAZOV 09P search for H^+ production by $q\bar{q}'$ annihilation followed by $H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$ decay in 0.9 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. Cross section limits in several two-doublet models are given for $m_{H^+} = 180\text{--}300 \text{ GeV}$. A region with $20 \lesssim \tan\beta \lesssim 70$ is excluded (95% CL) for $180 \text{ GeV} \lesssim m_{H^+} \lesssim 184 \text{ GeV}$ in type-I models.
- ¹² FLACHER 09 make Type II two Higgs doublet model fits to weak leptonic and semileptonic decays, $b \rightarrow s\gamma$, and $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$. The limit holds irrespective of $\tan\beta$.
- ¹³ ABULENCIA 06E search for associated H^0W production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. A fit is made for $t\bar{t}$ production processes in dilepton, lepton + jets, and lepton + τ final states, with the decays $t \rightarrow W^+b$ and $t \rightarrow H^+b$ followed by $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$, $c\bar{s}$, $t^*\bar{b}$, or W^+H^0 . Within the MSSM the search is sensitive to the region $\tan\beta < 1$ or > 30 in the mass range $m_{H^+} = 80\text{--}160 \text{ GeV}$. See Fig. 2 for the excluded region in a certain MSSM scenario.
- ¹⁴ ABDALLAH 04i search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^+H^-$ with H^\pm decaying to $\tau\nu$, cs , or W^*A^0 in Type-I two-Higgs-doublet models.
- ¹⁵ ABBIENDI 03 give a limit $m_{H^+} > 1.28\tan\beta \text{ GeV}$ (95%CL) in Type II two-doublet models.
- ¹⁶ ABAZOV 02B search for a charged Higgs boson in top decays with $H^+ \rightarrow \tau^+\nu$ at $E_{\text{cm}}=1.8 \text{ TeV}$. For $m_{H^+}=75 \text{ GeV}$, the region $\tan\beta > 32.0$ is excluded at 95%CL. The excluded mass region extends to over 140 GeV for $\tan\beta$ values above 100.
- ¹⁷ BORZUMATI 02 point out that the decay modes such as $b\bar{b}W$, A^0W , and supersymmetric ones can have substantial branching fractions in the mass range explored at LEP II and Tevatron.
- ¹⁸ ABBIENDI 01Q give a limit $\tan\beta/m_{H^+} < 0.53 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$ (95%CL) in Type II two-doublet models.

- ¹⁹ BARATE 01E give a limit $\tan\beta/m_{H^\pm} < 0.40 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$ (90% CL) in Type II two-doublet models. An independent measurement of $B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau X$ gives $\tan\beta/m_{H^\pm} < 0.49 \text{ GeV}^{-1}$ (90% CL).
- ²⁰ GAMBINO 01 use the world average data in the summer of 2001 $B(b \rightarrow s\gamma) = (3.23 \pm 0.42) \times 10^{-4}$. The limit applies for Type-II two-doublet models.
- ²¹ AFFOLDER 00I search for a charged Higgs boson in top decays with $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu$ in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}}=1.8 \text{ TeV}$. The excluded mass region extends to over 120 GeV for $\tan\beta$ values above 100 and $B(\tau\nu)=1$. If $B(t \rightarrow bH^\pm) \gtrsim 0.6$, m_{H^\pm} up to 160 GeV is excluded. Updates ABE 97L.
- ²² ABBOTT 99E search for a charged Higgs boson in top decays in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}}=1.8 \text{ TeV}$, by comparing the observed $t\bar{t}$ cross section (extracted from the data assuming the dominant decay $t \rightarrow bW^+$) with theoretical expectation. The search is sensitive to regions of the domains $\tan\beta \lesssim 1$, $50 < m_{H^\pm}(\text{GeV}) \lesssim 120$ and $\tan\beta \gtrsim 40$, $50 < m_{H^\pm}(\text{GeV}) \lesssim 160$. See Fig. 3 for the details of the excluded region.
- ²³ ACKERSTAFF 99D measure the Michel parameters ρ , ξ , η , and $\xi\delta$ in leptonic τ decays from $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$. Assuming e - μ universality, the limit $m_{H^\pm} > 0.97 \tan\beta \text{ GeV}$ (95%CL) is obtained for two-doublet models in which only one doublet couples to leptons.
- ²⁴ ACCIARRI 97F give a limit $m_{H^\pm} > 2.6 \tan\beta \text{ GeV}$ (90% CL) from their limit on the exclusive $B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$ branching ratio.
- ²⁵ AMMAR 97B measure the Michel parameter ρ from $\tau \rightarrow e\nu\nu$ decays and assumes e/μ universality to extract the Michel η parameter from $\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$ decays. The measurement is translated to a lower limit on m_{H^\pm} in a two-doublet model $m_{H^\pm} > 0.97 \tan\beta \text{ GeV}$ (90% CL).
- ²⁶ COARASA 97 reanalyzed the constraint on the $(m_{H^\pm}, \tan\beta)$ plane derived from the inclusive $B \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau X$ branching ratio in GROSSMAN 95B and BUSKULIC 95. They show that the constraint is quite sensitive to supersymmetric one-loop effects.
- ²⁷ GUCHAIT 97 studies the constraints on m_{H^\pm} set by Tevatron data on $\ell\tau$ final states in $t\bar{t} \rightarrow (Wb)(Hb)$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$, $H \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$. See Fig. 2 for the excluded region.
- ²⁸ MANGANO 97 reconsiders the limit in ACCIARRI 97F including the effect of the potentially large $B_C \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$ background to $B_U \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau$ decays. Stronger limits are obtained.
- ²⁹ STAHL 97 fit τ lifetime, leptonic branching ratios, and the Michel parameters and derive limit $m_{H^\pm} > 1.5 \tan\beta \text{ GeV}$ (90% CL) for a two-doublet model. See also STAHL 94.
- ³⁰ ALAM 95 measure the inclusive $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ branching ratio at $\mathcal{T}(4S)$ and give $B(b \rightarrow s\gamma) < 4.2 \times 10^{-4}$ (95% CL), which translates to the limit $m_{H^\pm} > [244 + 63/(\tan\beta)^{1.3}] \text{ GeV}$ in the Type II two-doublet model. Light supersymmetric particles can invalidate this bound.
- ³¹ BUSKULIC 95 give a limit $m_{H^\pm} > 1.9 \tan\beta \text{ GeV}$ (90% CL) for Type-II models from $b \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau X$ branching ratio, as proposed in GROSSMAN 94.

MASS LIMITS for $H^{\pm\pm}$ (doubly-charged Higgs boson)

This section covers searches for a doubly-charged Higgs boson with couplings to lepton pairs. Its weak isospin T_3 is thus restricted to two possibilities depending on lepton chiralities: $T_3(H^{\pm\pm}) = \pm 1$, with the coupling $g_{\ell\ell}$ to $\ell_L^- \ell_L'^-$ and $\ell_R^+ \ell_R'^+$ ("left-handed") and $T_3(H^{\pm\pm}) = 0$, with the coupling to $\ell_R^- \ell_R'^-$ and $\ell_L^+ \ell_L'^+$ ("right-handed"). These Higgs bosons appear in some left-right symmetric models based on the gauge group

$SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)$. These two cases are listed separately in the following. Unless noted, one of the lepton flavor combinations is assumed to be dominant in the decay.

LIMITS for $H^{\pm\pm}$ with $T_3 = \pm 1$

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>398	95	1 AAD	12CQ ATLS	$\mu\mu$
>375	95	1 AAD	12CQ ATLS	$e\mu$
>409	95	1 AAD	12CQ ATLS	ee
>169	95	2 CHATRCHYAN 12AU	CMS	$\tau\tau$
>300	95	2 CHATRCHYAN 12AU	CMS	$\mu\tau$
>293	95	2 CHATRCHYAN 12AU	CMS	$e\tau$
>395	95	2 CHATRCHYAN 12AU	CMS	$\mu\mu$
>391	95	2 CHATRCHYAN 12AU	CMS	$e\mu$
>382	95	2 CHATRCHYAN 12AU	CMS	ee
> 98.1	95	3 ABDALLAH 03	DLPH	$\tau\tau$
> 99.0	95	4 ABBIENDI 02C	OPAL	$\tau\tau$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
>330	95	5 AAD	13Y ATLS	$\mu\mu$
>237	95	5 AAD	13Y ATLS	$\mu\tau$
>355	95	6 AAD	12AY ATLS	$\mu\mu$
>128	95	7 ABAZOV	12A D0	$\tau\tau$
>144	95	7 ABAZOV	12A D0	$\mu\tau$
>245	95	8 AALTONEN	11AF CDF	$\mu\mu$
>210	95	8 AALTONEN	11AF CDF	$e\mu$
>225	95	8 AALTONEN	11AF CDF	ee
>114	95	9 AALTONEN	08AA CDF	$e\tau$
>112	95	9 AALTONEN	08AA CDF	$\mu\tau$
>168	95	10 ABAZOV	08V D0	$\mu\mu$
		11 AKTAS	06A H1	single $H^{\pm\pm}$
>133	95	12 ACOSTA	05L CDF	stable
>118.4	95	13 ABAZOV	04E D0	$\mu\mu$
		14 ABBIENDI	03Q OPAL	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209$ GeV, single $H^{\pm\pm}$
		15 GORDEEV	97 SPEC	muonium conversion
		16 ASAKA	95 THEO	
> 45.6	95	17 ACTON	92M OPAL	
> 30.4	95	18 ACTON	92M OPAL	
none 6.5–36.6	95	19 SWARTZ	90 MRK2	

¹ AAD 12CQ search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production with 4.7 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state. See their Table 1 for limits assuming smaller branching ratios.

² CHATRCHYAN 12AU search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production with 4.9 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state. See their Table 6 for limits including associated $H^{++}H^-$ production or assuming different scenarios.

³ ABDALLAH 03 search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production either followed by $H^{++} \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^+$, or decaying outside the detector.

⁴ ABBIENDI 02C searches for pair production of $H^{++}H^{--}$, with $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ ($\ell, \ell' = e, \mu, \tau$). The limit holds for $\ell = \ell' = \tau$, and becomes stronger for other combinations of leptonic final states. To ensure the decay within the detector, the limit only applies for $g(H\ell\ell) \gtrsim 10^{-7}$.

- 5 AAD 13Y search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production in a generic search of events with three charged leptons in 4.6 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state.
- 6 AAD 12AY search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production with 1.6 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state.
- 7 ABAZOV 12A search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production in 7.0 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$.
- 8 AALTONEN 11AF search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production in 6.1 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$.
- 9 AALTONEN 08AA search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state.
- 10 ABAZOV 08V search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. The limit is for $B(H \rightarrow \mu\mu) = 1$. The limit is updated in ABAZOV 12A.
- 11 AKTAS 06A search for single $H^{\pm\pm}$ production in ep collisions at HERA. Assuming that H^{++} only couples to $e^+\mu^+$ with $g_{e\mu} = 0.3$ (electromagnetic strength), a limit $m_{H^{++}} > 141 \text{ GeV}$ (95% CL) is derived. For the case where H^{++} couples to $e\tau$ only the limit is 112 GeV.
- 12 ACOSTA 05L search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions. The limit is valid for $g_{\ell\ell} < 10^{-8}$ so that the Higgs decays outside the detector.
- 13 ABAZOV 04E search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production in $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^\pm\mu^\pm$. The limit is valid for $g_{\mu\mu} \gtrsim 10^{-7}$.
- 14 ABBIENDI 03Q searches for single $H^{\pm\pm}$ via direct production in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^\mp e^\mp H^{\pm\pm}$, and via t -channel exchange in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$. In the direct case, and assuming $B(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell^\pm) = 1$, a 95% CL limit on $h_{ee} < 0.071$ is set for $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 160 \text{ GeV}$ (see Fig. 6). In the second case, indirect limits on h_{ee} are set for $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 2 \text{ TeV}$ (see Fig. 8).
- 15 GORDEEV 97 search for muonium-antimuonium conversion and find $G_{M\bar{M}}/G_F < 0.14$ (90% CL), where $G_{M\bar{M}}$ is the lepton-flavor violating effective four-fermion coupling. This limit may be converted to $m_{H^{++}} > 210 \text{ GeV}$ if the Yukawa couplings of H^{++} to ee and $\mu\mu$ are as large as the weak gauge coupling. For similar limits on muonium-antimuonium conversion, see the muon Particle Listings.
- 16 ASAKA 95 point out that H^{++} decays dominantly to four fermions in a large region of parameter space where the limit of ACTON 92M from the search of dilepton modes does not apply.
- 17 ACTON 92M limit assumes $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell^\pm$ or $H^{\pm\pm}$ does not decay in the detector. Thus the region $g_{\ell\ell} \approx 10^{-7}$ is not excluded.
- 18 ACTON 92M from $\Delta\Gamma_Z < 40 \text{ MeV}$.
- 19 SWARTZ 90 assume $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell^\pm$ (any flavor). The limits are valid for the Higgs-lepton coupling $g(H\ell\ell) \gtrsim 7.4 \times 10^{-7}/[m_H/\text{GeV}]^{1/2}$. The limits improve somewhat for ee and $\mu\mu$ decay modes.

LIMITS for $H^{\pm\pm}$ with $T_3 = 0$

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>306	95	1 AAD	12CQ ATLS	$\mu\mu$
>310	95	1 AAD	12CQ ATLS	$e\mu$
>322	95	1 AAD	12CQ ATLS	ee
> 97.3	95	2 ABDALLAH	03 DLPH	$\tau\tau$
> 97.3	95	3 ACHARD	03F L3	$\tau\tau$
> 98.5	95	4 ABBIENDI	02C OPAL	$\tau\tau$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

>251	95	5	AAD	12AY ATLS	$\mu\mu$
>113	95	6	ABAZOV	12A D0	$\mu\tau$
>205	95	7	AALTONEN	11AF CDF	$\mu\mu$
>190	95	7	AALTONEN	11AF CDF	$e\mu$
>205	95	7	AALTONEN	11AF CDF	ee
>145	95	8	ABAZOV	08V D0	$\mu\mu$
		9	AKTAS	06A H1	single $H^{\pm\pm}$
>109	95	10	ACOSTA	05L CDF	stable
> 98.2	95	11	ABAZOV	04E D0	$\mu\mu$
		12	ABBIENDI	03Q OPAL	$E_{\text{cm}} \leq 209$ GeV, single $H^{\pm\pm}$
		13	GORDEEV	97 SPEC	muonium conversion
> 45.6	95	14	ACTON	92M OPAL	
> 25.5	95	15	ACTON	92M OPAL	
none 7.3–34.3	95	16	SWARTZ	90 MRK2	

¹ AAD 12CQ search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production with 4.7 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state. See their Table 1 for limits assuming smaller branching ratios.

² ABDALLAH 03 search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production either followed by $H^{++} \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^+$, or decaying outside the detector.

³ ACHARD 03F search for $e^+e^- \rightarrow H^{++}H^{--}$ with $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell'^\pm$. The limit holds for $\ell = \ell' = \tau$, and slightly different limits apply for other flavor combinations. The limit is valid for $g_{\ell\ell'} \gtrsim 10^{-7}$.

⁴ ABBIENDI 02C searches for pair production of $H^{++}H^{--}$, with $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell^\pm$ ($\ell, \ell' = e, \mu, \tau$). the limit holds for $\ell = \ell' = \tau$, and becomes stronger for other combinations of leptonic final states. To ensure the decay within the detector, the limit only applies for $g(H\ell\ell) \gtrsim 10^{-7}$.

⁵ AAD 12AY search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production with 1.6 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 7$ TeV. The limit assumes 100% branching ratio to the specified final state.

⁶ ABAZOV 12A search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production in 7.0 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV.

⁷ AALTONEN 11AF search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production in 6.1 fb^{-1} of $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV.

⁸ ABAZOV 08V search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV. The limit is for $B(H \rightarrow \mu\mu) = 1$. The limit is updated in ABAZOV 12A.

⁹ AKTAS 06A search for single $H^{\pm\pm}$ production in ep collisions at HERA. Assuming that H^{++} only couples to $e^+\mu^+$ with $g_{e\mu} = 0.3$ (electromagnetic strength), a limit $m_{H^{++}} > 141$ GeV (95% CL) is derived. For the case where H^{++} couples to $e\tau$ only the limit is 112 GeV.

¹⁰ ACOSTA 05L search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production in $p\bar{p}$ collisions. The limit is valid for $g_{\ell\ell'} < 10^{-8}$ so that the Higgs decays outside the detector.

¹¹ ABAZOV 04E search for $H^{++}H^{--}$ pair production in $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^\pm\mu^\pm$. The limit is valid for $g_{\mu\mu} \gtrsim 10^{-7}$.

¹² ABBIENDI 03Q searches for single $H^{\pm\pm}$ via direct production in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^\mp e^\mp H^{\pm\pm}$, and via t -channel exchange in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$. In the direct case, and assuming $B(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell^\pm) = 1$, a 95% CL limit on $h_{ee} < 0.071$ is set for $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 160$ GeV (see Fig. 6). In the second case, indirect limits on h_{ee} are set for $m_{H^{\pm\pm}} < 2$ TeV (see Fig. 8).

¹³ GORDEEV 97 search for muonium-antimuonium conversion and find $G_{M\bar{M}}/G_F < 0.14$ (90% CL), where $G_{M\bar{M}}$ is the lepton-flavor violating effective four-fermion coupling.

This limit may be converted to $m_{H^{++}} > 210$ GeV if the Yukawa couplings of H^{++} to ee and $\mu\mu$ are as large as the weak gauge coupling. For similar limits on muonium-antimuonium conversion, see the muon Particle Listings.

¹⁴ ACTON 92M limit assumes $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ or $H^{\pm\pm}$ does not decay in the detector. Thus the region $g_{\ell\ell} \approx 10^{-7}$ is not excluded.

¹⁵ ACTON 92M from $\Delta\Gamma_Z < 40$ MeV.

¹⁶ SWARTZ 90 assume $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ (any flavor). The limits are valid for the Higgs-lepton coupling $g(H\ell\ell) \gtrsim 7.4 \times 10^{-7}/[m_H/\text{GeV}]^{1/2}$. The limits improve somewhat for ee and $\mu\mu$ decay modes.

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AALTONEN	12J	PRL 108 181804	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	12P	PRL 109 111802	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	12Q	PRL 109 111803	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	12R	PRL 109 111804	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	12S	PRL 109 111805	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	12T	PRL 109 071804	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF and D0 Colalb.)
AALTONEN	12U	PR D85 012007	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	12X	PR D85 032005	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	12Y	PR D85 052002	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	12	PL B707 323	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12A	PRL 108 021801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12G	PL B710 569	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12J	PL B714 237	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12K	PL B716 285	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12N	PRL 109 121802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12O	PRL 109 121803	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12P	PRL 109 121804	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12V	PR D86 032005	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	12W	PR D86 032010	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBIENDI	12	EPJ C72 2076	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)

BAAK	12	EPJ C72 2003	M. Baak <i>et al.</i>	(Gfitter Group)
BAAK	12A	EPJ C72 2205	M. Baak <i>et al.</i>	(Gfitter Group)
CHATRCHYAN	12AA	JHEP 1207 143	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12AO	JHEP 1209 111	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12AU	EPJ C72 2189	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12AY	JHEP 1211 088	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12B	PL B710 26	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12BY	SCI 338 1569	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12C	JHEP 1203 081	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12D	JHEP 1204 036	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12E	PL B710 91	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12F	PL B710 284	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12G	PL B710 403	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12H	PRL 108 111804	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12I	JHEP 1203 040	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12K	PL B713 68	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12N	PL B716 30	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12V	PRL 109 121801	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
AAD	11AB	PRL 107 231801	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	11R	PL B705 174	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	11V	PRL 107 221802	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	11W	EPJ C71 1728	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AALTONEN	11AA	PR D84 052010	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	11AF	PRL 107 181801	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	11P	PRL 107 031801	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	11AB	PR D84 092002	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11G	PRL 106 171802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11J	PL B698 6	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11K	PL B698 97	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11W	PRL 107 121801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	11Y	PRL 107 151801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABOUZAID	11A	PRL 107 201803	E. Abouzaid <i>et al.</i>	(KTeV Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	11H	PRL 106 231801	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	11J	PL B699 25	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
DEL-AMO-SA...	11J	PRL 107 021804	P. del Amo Sanchez <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
LEES	11H	PRL 107 221803	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AALTONEN	10AD	PRL 105 251802	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10F	PRL 104 061802	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF and D0 Collab.)
AALTONEN	10G	PRL 104 061803	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10J	PRL 104 141801	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	10M	PR D82 011102	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF and D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	10B	PRL 104 061804	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	10C	PRL 104 071801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	10T	PRL 105 251801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBIENDI	10	PL B682 381	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ANDREAS	10	JHEP 1008 003	S. Andreas <i>et al.</i>	(DESY)
DESCHAMPS	10	PR D82 073012	O. Deschamps <i>et al.</i>	(CLER, ORSAY, LAPP)
ERLER	10A	PR D81 051301	J. Erler	(UNAM)
HYUN	10	PRL 105 091801	H.J. Hyun <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
SCHAEI	10	JHEP 1005 049	S. Schael <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
AALTONEN	09A	PRL 102 021802	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09AB	PRL 103 061803	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09AI	PRL 103 101802	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09AJ	PRL 103 101803	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09AR	PRL 103 201801	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	09AC	PR D80 051107	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09AG	PR D80 071102	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09AI	PL B682 278	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09P	PRL 102 191802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09U	PRL 102 251801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	09V	PRL 103 061801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
AUBERT	09P	PRL 103 181801	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AUBERT	09Z	PRL 103 081803	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
FLACHER	09	EPJ C60 543	H. Flacher <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, DESY, HAMB)
TUNG	09	PRL 102 051802	Y.C. Tung <i>et al.</i>	(KEK E391a Collab.)
AALTONEN	08AA	PRL 101 121801	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	08U	PRL 101 051801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08V	PRL 101 071803	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08W	PRL 101 071804	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08Y	PL B663 26	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)

ABDALLAH	08B	EPJ C54 1	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
Also		EPJ C56 165 (errata)	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
LOVE	08	PRL 101 151802	W. Love <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ABAZOV	07X	PL B655 209	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBIENDI	07	EPJ C49 457	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
BESSON	07	PRL 98 052002	D. Besson <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
SCHAEEL	07	EPJ C49 439	S. Schael <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
ABAZOV	06	PRL 96 011801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	06O	PRL 97 151804	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	06Q	PRL 97 161803	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABULENCIA	06E	PRL 96 042003	A. Abulencia <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AKTAS	06A	PL B638 432	A. Aktas <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
LEP-SLC	06	PRPL 427 257	ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, OPAL, SLD and working groups	
SCHAEEL	06B	EPJ C47 547	S. Schael <i>et al.</i>	(LEP Collabs.)
ABBIENDI	05A	EPJ C40 317	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABDALLAH	05D	EPJ C44 147	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACHARD	05	PL B609 35	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACOSTA	05L	PRL 95 071801	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACOSTA	05Q	PR D72 072004	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
PARK	05	PRL 94 021801	H.K. Park <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL HyperCP Collab.)
ABAZOV	04E	PRL 93 141801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBIENDI	04	EPJ C32 453	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	04K	PL B597 11	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	04M	EPJ C37 49	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04	EPJ C32 145	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04B	EPJ C32 475	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04I	EPJ C34 399	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04L	EPJ C35 313	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04O	EPJ C38 1	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACHARD	04B	PL B583 14	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACHARD	04F	PL B589 89	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ABBIENDI	03	PL B551 35	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	03B	EPJ C26 479	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	03F	EPJ C27 311	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	03G	EPJ C27 483	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	03Q	PL B577 93	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABDALLAH	03	PL B552 127	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACHARD	03C	PL B568 191	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACHARD	03E	PL B575 208	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACHARD	03F	PL B576 18	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
CARENA	03	EPJ C26 601	M.S. Carena <i>et al.</i>	
HEISTER	03D	PL B565 61	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH, DELPHI, L3+)
		ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, OPAL, LEP Higgs Working Group		
ABAZOV	02B	PRL 88 151803	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBIENDI	02C	PL B526 221	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	02D	EPJ C23 397	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	02F	PL B544 44	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ACHARD	02C	PL B534 28	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACHARD	02H	PL B545 30	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
AKERROYD	02	PR D66 037702	A.G. Akeroyd <i>et al.</i>	
BORZUMATI	02	PL B549 170	F.M. Borzumati, A. Djouadi	
HEISTER	02	PL B526 191	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
HEISTER	02L	PL B544 16	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
HEISTER	02M	PL B544 25	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
HEISTER	02P	PL B543 1	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
ABBIENDI	01E	EPJ C18 425	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	01Q	PL B520 1	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABREU	01F	PL B507 89	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACHARD	01C	PL B517 319	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
AFFOLDER	01H	PR D64 092002	T. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
BARATE	01C	PL B499 53	R. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
BARATE	01E	EPJ C19 213	R. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
GAMBINO	01	NP B611 338	P. Gambino, M. Misiak	
ACCIARRI	00M	PL B485 85	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACCIARRI	00R	PL B489 102	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ACCIARRI	00S	PL B489 115	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
AFFOLDER	00I	PR D62 012004	T. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
BARATE	00L	PL B487 241	R. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
PDG	00	EPJ C15 1	D.E. Groom <i>et al.</i>	
ABBIENDI	99E	EPJ C7 407	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	99O	PL B464 311	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)

ABBOTT	99B	PRL 82 2244	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABBOTT	99E	PRL 82 4975	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABREU	99P	PL B458 431	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	99D	EPJ C8 3	K. Ackerstaff <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
CARENA	99B	hep-ph/9912223	M.S. Carena <i>et al.</i>	
CERN-TH/99-374				
ABBOTT	98	PRL 80 442	B. Abbott <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	98S	EPJ C5 19	K. Ackerstaff <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	98Y	PL B437 218	K. Ackerstaff <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
GONZALEZ-G...	98B	PR D57 7045	M.C. Gonzalez-Garcia, S.M. Lietti, S.F. Novaes	
PDG	98	EPJ C3 1	C. Caso <i>et al.</i>	
ABE	97L	PRL 79 357	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACCIARRI	97F	PL B396 327	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
AMMAR	97B	PRL 78 4686	R. Ammar <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
COARASA	97	PL B406 337	J.A. Coarasa, R.A. Jimenez, J. Sola	
GORDEEV	97	PAN 60 1164	V.A. Gordeev <i>et al.</i>	(PNPI)
		Translated from YAF 60 1291.		
GUCHAIT	97	PR D55 7263	M. Guchait, D.P. Roy	(TATA)
KRAWCZYK	97	PR D55 6968	M. Krawczyk, J. Zochowski	(WARS)
MANGANO	97	PL B410 299	M. Mangano, S. Slabospitsky	
STAHL	97	ZPHY C74 73	A. Stahl, H. Voss	(BONN)
ALEXANDER	96H	ZPHY C71 1	G. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
PDG	96	PR D54 1	R. M. Barnett <i>et al.</i>	
ABREU	95H	ZPHY C67 69	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ALAM	95	PRL 74 2885	M.S. Alam <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ASAKA	95	PL B345 36	T. Asaka, K.I. Hikasa	(TOHOK)
BUSKULIC	95	PL B343 444	D. Buskulic <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
GROSSMAN	95B	PL B357 630	Y. Grossman, H. Haber, Y. Nir	
GROSSMAN	94	PL B332 373	Y. Grossman, Z. Ligeti	
STAHL	94	PL B324 121	A. Stahl	(BONN)
ACTON	92M	PL B295 347	P.D. Acton <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
PICH	92	NP B388 31	A. Pich, J. Prades, P. Yepes	(CERN, CPPM)
SWARTZ	90	PRL 64 2877	M.L. Swartz <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)