


 $I(J^P) = 0(0^-)$

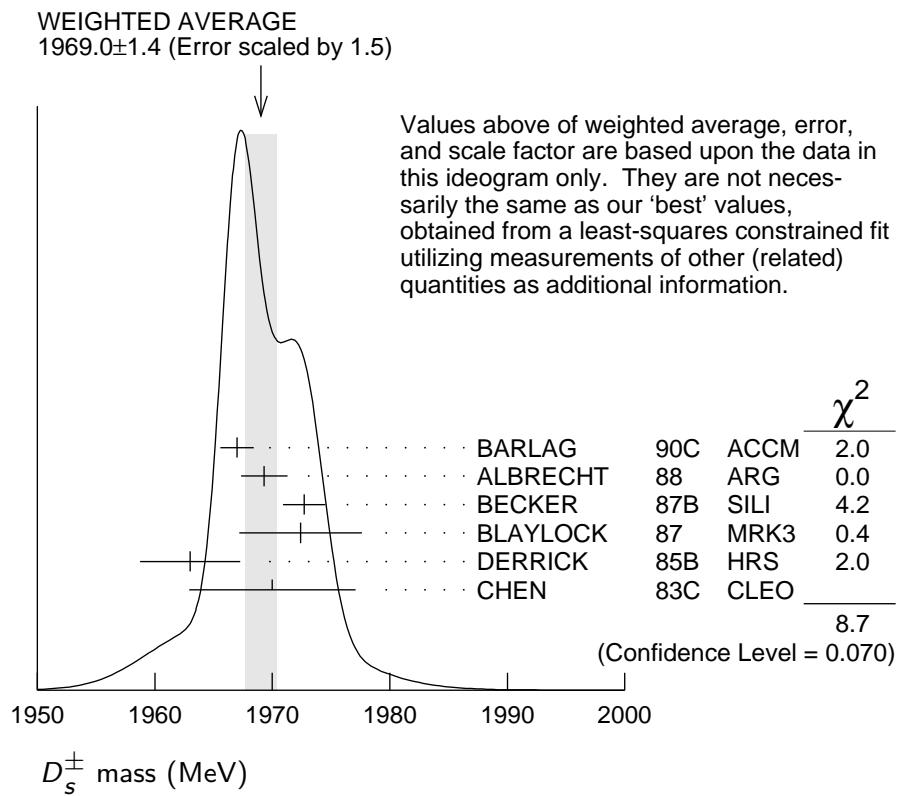
The angular distributions of the decays of the ϕ and $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ in the $\phi\pi^+$ and $K^+\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ modes strongly indicate that the spin is zero. The parity given is that expected of a $c\bar{s}$ ground state.

D_s^\pm MASS

The fit includes D^\pm , D^0 , D_s^\pm , $D^{*\pm}$, D^{*0} , $D_s^{*\pm}$, $D_1(2420)^0$, $D_2^*(2460)^0$, and $D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$ mass and mass difference measurements. Measurements of the D_s^\pm mass with an error greater than 10 MeV are omitted from the fit and average. A number of early measurements have been omitted altogether.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1968.30 ± 0.11 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
1969.0 ± 1.4 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below.		
1967.0 ± 1.0 ± 1.0	54	BARLAG	90C ACCM	π^- Cu 230 GeV
1969.3 ± 1.4 ± 1.4		ALBRECHT	88 ARG	e^+e^- 9.4–10.6 GeV
1972.7 ± 1.5 ± 1.0	21	BECKER	87B SILI	200 GeV π, K, p
1972.4 ± 3.7 ± 3.7	27	BLAYLOCK	87 MRK3	e^+e^- 4.14 GeV
1963 ± 3 ± 3	30	DERRICK	85B HRS	e^+e^- 29 GeV
1970 ± 5 ± 5	104	CHEN	83C CLEO	e^+e^- 10.5 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1968.3 ± 0.7 ± 0.7	290	¹ ANJOS	88 E691	Photoproduction
1980 ± 15	6	USHIDA	86 EMUL	ν wideband
1973.6 ± 2.6 ± 3.0	163	ALBRECHT	85D ARG	e^+e^- 10 GeV
1948 ± 28 ± 10	65	AIHARA	84D TPC	e^+e^- 29 GeV
1975 ± 9 ± 10	49	ALTHOFF	84 TASS	e^+e^- 14–25 GeV
1975 ± 4	3	BAILEY	84 ACCM	hadron ⁺ Be → $\phi\pi^+X$

¹ANJOS 88 enters the fit via $m_{D_s^\pm} - m_{D^\pm}$ (see below).



$m_{D_s^\pm} - m_{D^\pm}$

The fit includes D^\pm , D^0 , D_s^\pm , $D^{*\pm}$, D^{*0} , $D_s^{*\pm}$, $D_1(2420)^0$, $D_2^*(2460)^0$, and $D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$ mass and mass difference measurements.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
98.69±0.05 OUR FIT				
98.69±0.05 OUR AVERAGE				
98.68±0.03±0.04		AAIJ	13V	LHCb $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$
99.41±0.38±0.21		ACOSTA	03D	CDF2 $\bar{p}p, \sqrt{s}= 1.96$ TeV
98.4 ± 0.1 ± 0.3	48k	AUBERT	02G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
99.5 ± 0.6 ± 0.3		BROWN	94	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
98.5 ± 1.5	555	CHEN	89	CLEO $e^+ e^- 10.5$ GeV
99.0 ± 0.8	290	ANJOS	88	E691 Photoproduction

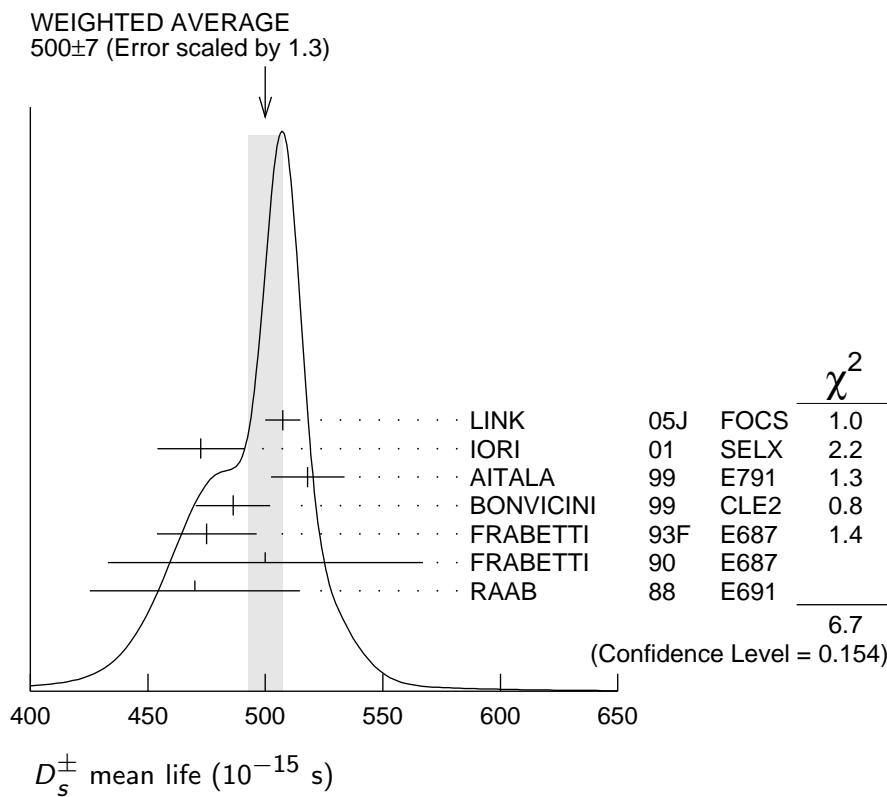
D_s^\pm MEAN LIFE

Measurements with an error greater than 100×10^{-15} s or with fewer than 100 events have been omitted from the Listings.

VALUE (10^{-15} s)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
500 ± 7 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.
507.4± 5.5± 5.1	13.6k	LINK	05J	FOCS $\phi\pi^+$ and $\bar{K}^*0 K^+$
472.5±17.2± 6.6	760	IORI	01	SELX 600 GeV Σ^- , π^- , p
518 ± 14 ± 7	1662	AITALA	99	E791 π^- nucleus, 500 GeV

$486.3 \pm 15.0^{+4.9}_{-5.1}$	2167	¹ BONVICINI	99	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
475 ± 20 ± 7	900	FRAEBETTI	93F	E687	$\gamma\text{Be}, \phi\pi^+$
500 ± 60 ± 30	104	FRAEBETTI	90	E687	$\gamma\text{Be}, \phi\pi^+$
470 ± 40 ± 20	228	RAAB	88	E691	Photoproduction

¹ BONVICINI 99 obtains 1.19 ± 0.04 for the ratio of D_s^+ to D^0 lifetimes.



D_s^+ DECAY MODES

Unless otherwise noted, the branching fractions for modes with a resonance in the final state include all the decay modes of the resonance. D_s^- modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level
Inclusive modes		
Γ_1 e^+ semileptonic	[a] $(6.5 \pm 0.4) \%$	
Γ_2 π^+ anything	$(119.3 \pm 1.4) \%$	
Γ_3 π^- anything	$(43.2 \pm 0.9) \%$	
Γ_4 π^0 anything	$(123 \pm 7) \%$	
Γ_5 K^- anything	$(18.7 \pm 0.5) \%$	
Γ_6 K^+ anything	$(28.9 \pm 0.7) \%$	
Γ_7 K_S^0 anything	$(19.0 \pm 1.1) \%$	
Γ_8 η anything	[b] $(29.9 \pm 2.8) \%$	

Γ_9	ω anything	(6.1 ± 1.4) %	
Γ_{10}	η' anything	[c] (11.7 ± 1.8) %	
Γ_{11}	$f_0(980)$ anything, $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	< 1.3 %	CL=90%
Γ_{12}	ϕ anything	(15.7 ± 1.0) %	
Γ_{13}	$K^+ K^-$ anything	(15.8 ± 0.7) %	
Γ_{14}	$K_S^0 K^+$ anything	(5.8 ± 0.5) %	
Γ_{15}	$K_S^0 K^-$ anything	(1.9 ± 0.4) %	
Γ_{16}	$2K_S^0$ anything	(1.70 ± 0.32) %	
Γ_{17}	$2K^+$ anything	< 2.6 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{18}	$2K^-$ anything	< 6 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%

Leptonic and semileptonic modes

Γ_{19}	$e^+ \nu_e$	< 8.3 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{20}	$\mu^+ \nu_\mu$	(5.56 ± 0.25) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{21}	$\tau^+ \nu_\tau$	(5.54 ± 0.24) %	
Γ_{22}	$K^+ K^- e^+ \nu_e$	—	
Γ_{23}	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$	[d] (2.49 ± 0.14) %	
Γ_{24}	$\eta e^+ \nu_e + \eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e$	[d] (3.66 ± 0.37) %	
Γ_{25}	$\eta e^+ \nu_e$	[d] (2.67 ± 0.29) %	S=1.1
Γ_{26}	$\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e$	[d] (9.9 ± 2.3) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{27}	$\omega e^+ \nu_e$	[e] < 2.0 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{28}	$K^0 e^+ \nu_e$	(3.7 ± 1.0) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{29}	$K^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$	[d] (1.8 ± 0.7) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{30}	$f_0(980) e^+ \nu_e, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	(2.00 ± 0.32) $\times 10^{-3}$	

Hadronic modes with a $K\bar{K}$ pair

Γ_{31}	$K^+ K_S^0$	(1.49 ± 0.06) %	
Γ_{32}	$K^+ \bar{K}^0$	(2.95 ± 0.14) %	
Γ_{33}	$K^+ K^- \pi^+$	[f] (5.39 ± 0.21) %	S=1.4
Γ_{34}	$\phi \pi^+$	[d,g] (4.5 ± 0.4) %	
Γ_{35}	$\phi \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	[g] (2.24 ± 0.10) %	
Γ_{36}	$K^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	(2.58 ± 0.11) %	
Γ_{37}	$f_0(980) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	(1.14 ± 0.31) %	
Γ_{38}	$f_0(1370) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	(7 ± 5) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{39}	$f_0(1710) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	(6.6 ± 2.9) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{40}	$K^+ \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	(1.8 ± 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{41}	$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^0$	(1.52 ± 0.22) %	
Γ_{42}	$2K_S^0 \pi^+$	(7.7 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{43}	$K^0 \bar{K}^0 \pi^+$	—	
Γ_{44}	$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^0$	[d] (5.4 ± 1.2) %	
Γ_{45}	$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	(6.3 ± 0.7) %	S=1.1
Γ_{46}	$\phi \rho^+$	[d] (8.4 ± 1.9) %	

Γ_{47}	$K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+$	(1.66 ± 0.11) %
Γ_{48}	$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[d] (7.2 ± 2.6) %
Γ_{49}	$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	(1.03 ± 0.10) %
Γ_{50}	$K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	(8.6 ± 1.5) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{51}	$\phi 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	[d] (1.21 ± 0.16) %
Γ_{52}	$K^+ K^- \rho^0 \pi^+ \text{non-}\phi$	< 2.6×10^{-4} CL=90%
Γ_{53}	$\phi \rho^0 \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	(6.5 ± 1.3) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{54}	$\phi a_1(1260)^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-, a_1^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^+$	(7.4 ± 1.2) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{55}	$K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- \text{nonresonant}$	(9 ± 7) $\times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{56}	$2K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	(8 ± 4) $\times 10^{-4}$

Hadronic modes without K 's

Γ_{57}	$\pi^+ \pi^0$	< 3.4×10^{-4} CL=90%
Γ_{58}	$2\pi^+ \pi^-$	(1.09 ± 0.05) % S=1.2
Γ_{59}	$\rho^0 \pi^+$	(2.0 ± 1.2) $\times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{60}	$\pi^+ (\pi^+ \pi^-)_{S-\text{wave}}$	[h] (9.0 ± 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{61}	$f_0(980) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	
Γ_{62}	$f_0(1370) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	
Γ_{63}	$f_0(1500) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	
Γ_{64}	$f_2(1270) \pi^+, f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	(1.09 ± 0.20) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{65}	$\rho(1450)^0 \pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	(3.0 ± 1.9) $\times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{66}	$\pi^+ 2\pi^0$	(6.5 ± 1.3) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{67}	$2\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	—
Γ_{68}	$\eta \pi^+$	[d] (1.69 ± 0.10) % S=1.2
Γ_{69}	$\omega \pi^+$	[d] (2.4 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{70}	$3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	(7.9 ± 0.8) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{71}	$2\pi^+ \pi^- 2\pi^0$	—
Γ_{72}	$\eta \rho^+$	[d] (8.9 ± 0.8) %
Γ_{73}	$\eta \pi^+ \pi^0$	(9.2 ± 1.2) %
Γ_{74}	$\omega \pi^+ \pi^0$	[d] (2.8 ± 0.7) %
Γ_{75}	$3\pi^+ 2\pi^- \pi^0$	(4.9 ± 3.2) %
Γ_{76}	$\omega 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	[d] (1.6 ± 0.5) %
Γ_{77}	$\eta'(958) \pi^+$	[c,d] (3.94 ± 0.25) %
Γ_{78}	$3\pi^+ 2\pi^- 2\pi^0$	—
Γ_{79}	$\omega \eta \pi^+$	[d] < 2.13 % CL=90%
Γ_{80}	$\eta'(958) \rho^+$	[c,d] (12.5 ± 2.2) %
Γ_{81}	$\eta'(958) \pi^+ \pi^0$	(5.6 ± 0.8) %

Modes with one or three K 's

Γ_{82}	$K^+ \pi^0$	(6.3 ± 2.1) $\times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{83}	$K_S^0 \pi^+$	(1.21 ± 0.06) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{84}	$K^+ \eta$	[d] (1.76 ± 0.35) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{85}	$K^+ \omega$	[d] < 2.4×10^{-3} CL=90%
Γ_{86}	$K^+ \eta'(958)$	[d] (1.8 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$

Γ_{87}	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(6.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{88}	$K^+ \rho^0$	$(2.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{89}	$K^+ \rho(1450)^0, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(6.9 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{90}	$K^*(892)^0 \pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	$(1.41 \pm 0.24) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{91}	$K^*(1410)^0 \pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	$(1.23 \pm 0.28) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{92}	$K^*(1430)^0 \pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	$(5.0 \pm 3.5) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{93}	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ nonresonant	$(1.04 \pm 0.34) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{94}	$K^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$	$(1.00 \pm 0.18) \%$
Γ_{95}	$K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	$(3.0 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{96}	$K^+ \omega \pi^0$	$[d] < 8.2 \times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%
Γ_{97}	$K^+ \omega \pi^+ \pi^-$	$[d] < 5.4 \times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%
Γ_{98}	$K^+ \omega \eta$	$[d] < 7.9 \times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%
Γ_{99}	$2K^+ K^-$	$(2.16 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{100}	$\phi K^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	$(8.8 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-5}$

Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes

Γ_{101}	$2K^+ \pi^-$	$(1.26 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{102}	$K^+ K^*(892)^0, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	$(5.9 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-5}$

Baryon-antibaryon mode

Γ_{103}	$p\bar{n}$	$(1.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$
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$\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current (*C1*) modes, Lepton family number (*LF*), or Lepton number (*L*) violating modes

Γ_{104}	$\pi^+ e^+ e^-$	$[i] < 1.3 \times 10^{-5}$ CL=90%
Γ_{105}	$\pi^+ \phi, \phi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$	$[j] (6 \begin{array}{l} +8 \\ -4 \end{array}) \times 10^{-6}$
Γ_{106}	$\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$[i] < 4.1 \times 10^{-7}$ CL=90%
Γ_{107}	$K^+ e^+ e^-$	$C1 < 3.7 \times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%
Γ_{108}	$K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$C1 < 2.1 \times 10^{-5}$ CL=90%
Γ_{109}	$K^*(892)^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$C1 < 1.4 \times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%
Γ_{110}	$\pi^+ e^+ \mu^-$	$LF < 1.2 \times 10^{-5}$ CL=90%
Γ_{111}	$\pi^+ e^- \mu^+$	$LF < 2.0 \times 10^{-5}$ CL=90%
Γ_{112}	$K^+ e^+ \mu^-$	$LF < 1.4 \times 10^{-5}$ CL=90%
Γ_{113}	$K^+ e^- \mu^+$	$LF < 9.7 \times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%
Γ_{114}	$\pi^- 2e^+$	$L < 4.1 \times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%
Γ_{115}	$\pi^- 2\mu^+$	$L < 1.2 \times 10^{-7}$ CL=90%
Γ_{116}	$\pi^- e^+ \mu^+$	$L < 8.4 \times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%
Γ_{117}	$K^- 2e^+$	$L < 5.2 \times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%
Γ_{118}	$K^- 2\mu^+$	$L < 1.3 \times 10^{-5}$ CL=90%
Γ_{119}	$K^- e^+ \mu^+$	$L < 6.1 \times 10^{-6}$ CL=90%
Γ_{120}	$K^*(892)^- 2\mu^+$	$L < 1.4 \times 10^{-3}$ CL=90%

- [a] This is the purely e^+ semileptonic branching fraction: the e^+ fraction from τ^+ decays has been subtracted off. The sum of our (non- τ) e^+ exclusive fractions — an $e^+ \nu_e$ with an η , η' , ϕ , K^0 , K^{*0} , or $f_0(980)$ — is 7.0 ± 0.4 %
 - [b] This fraction includes η from η' decays.
 - [c] Two times (to include μ decays) the $\eta' e^+ \nu_e$ branching fraction, plus the $\eta' \pi^+$, $\eta' \rho^+$, and $\eta' K^+$ fractions, is $(18.6 \pm 2.3)\%$, which considerably exceeds the inclusive η' fraction of $(11.7 \pm 1.8)\%$. Our best guess is that the $\eta' \rho^+$ fraction, $(12.5 \pm 2.2)\%$, is too large.
 - [d] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance.
 - [e] A test for $u\bar{u}$ or $d\bar{d}$ content in the D_s^+ . Neither Cabibbo-favored nor Cabibbo-suppressed decays can contribute, and $\omega-\phi$ mixing is an unlikely explanation for any fraction above about 2×10^{-4} .
 - [f] The branching fraction for this mode may differ from the sum of the submodes that contribute to it, due to interference effects. See the relevant papers.
 - [g] We decouple the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$ branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$, $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$ branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$. That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$ branching fraction 0.491.
 - [h] This is the average of a model-independent and a K -matrix parametrization of the $\pi^+ \pi^-$ S -wave and is a sum over several f_0 mesons.
 - [i] This mode is not a useful test for a $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.
 - [j] This is *not* a test for the $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current, but leads to the $\pi^+ \ell^+ \ell^-$ final state.
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CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 16 branching ratios uses 19 measurements and one constraint to determine 12 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 5.7$ for 8 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \cdot \delta x_j)$, in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$. The fit constrains the x_i whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

x_{25}	16										
x_{26}	12	2									
x_{31}	0	0	0								
x_{33}	0	0	0	54							
x_{45}	0	0	0	19	45						
x_{47}	0	0	0	38	38	17					
x_{58}	0	0	0	40	69	34	28				
x_{68}	0	0	0	10	-21	-19	1	-20			
x_{69}	0	0	0	1	-2	-2	0	-2	11		
x_{87}	0	0	0	22	19	3	13	11	9	1	
	x_{23}	x_{25}	x_{26}	x_{31}	x_{33}	x_{45}	x_{47}	x_{58}	x_{68}	x_{69}	

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D_s^+ BRANCHING RATIOS

A number of older, now obsolete results have been omitted. They may be found in earlier editions.

Inclusive modes

$\Gamma(e^+ \text{ semileptonic})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_1/Γ

This is the purely e^+ semileptonic branching fraction: the e^+ fraction from τ^+ decays has been subtracted off. The sum of our (non- τ) e^+ exclusive fractions — an $e^+ \nu_e$ with an η , η' , ϕ , K^0 , K^{*0} , or $f_0(980)$ — is 6.90 ± 0.4 %

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$6.52 \pm 0.39 \pm 0.15$	536 ± 29	¹ ASNER	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 3774 MeV

¹ Using the D_s^+ and D^0 lifetimes, ASNER 10 finds that the ratio of the D_s^+ and D^0 semileptonic widths is $0.828 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.025$.

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_2/Γ

Events with two π^+ 's count twice, etc. But π^+ 's from $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ are not included.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$119.3 \pm 1.2 \pm 0.7$	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(\pi^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_3/Γ

Events with two π^- 's count twice, etc. But π^- 's from $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ are not included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$43.2 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.3$	DOBBS 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_4/Γ

Events with two π^0 's count twice, etc. But π^0 's from $K_S^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0$ are not included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$123.4 \pm 3.8 \pm 5.3$	DOBBS 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_5/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$18.7 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.2$	DOBBS 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_6/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$28.9 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3$	DOBBS 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_7/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$19.0 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.4$	DOBBS 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\eta \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_8/Γ

This ratio includes η particles from η' decays.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$29.9 \pm 2.2 \pm 1.7$		DOBBS 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$23.5 \pm 3.1 \pm 2.0$ 674 ± 91 HUANG 06B CLEO See DOBBS 09

 $\Gamma(\omega \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_9/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$6.1 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.3$	DOBBS 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\eta' \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{10}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$11.7 \pm 1.7 \pm 0.7$		DOBBS 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$8.7 \pm 1.9 \pm 0.8$ 68 ± 15 HUANG 06B CLEO See DOBBS 09

 $\Gamma(f_0(980) \text{ anything}, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{11}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<1.3	90	DOBBS 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(\phi \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$15.7 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.6$		DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$16.1 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.1$	398 ± 27	HUANG	06B	CLEO See DOBBS 09

 Γ_{12}/Γ $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$15.8 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3$	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 Γ_{13}/Γ $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>
$5.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.1$

 Γ_{14}/Γ $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>
$1.9 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.1$

 Γ_{15}/Γ $\Gamma(2K_S^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>
$1.7 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.1$

 Γ_{16}/Γ $\Gamma(2K^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>CL%</u>
<0.26	90

 Γ_{17}/Γ $\Gamma(2K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>CL%</u>
<0.06	90

 Γ_{18}/Γ **Leptonic and semileptonic modes**

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 $\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<0.83 \times 10^{-4}$	90	¹ ZUPANC	13	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<2.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	DEL-AMO-SA..10J	BABR	$e^+ e^-$, 10.58 GeV
$<1.2 \times 10^{-4}$	90	ALEXANDER	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$<1.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	PEDLAR	07A	CLEO See ALEXANDER 09

 Γ_{19}/Γ ¹ZUPANC 13 also gives the limit as $< 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$ at 95% CL.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

See the note on "Decay Constants of Charged Pseudoscalar Mesons" above.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
5.56±0.25 OUR AVERAGE				
5.31±0.28±0.20	492 ± 26	1 ZUPANC 13	BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$
6.02±0.38±0.34	275 ± 17	2 DEL-AMO-SA..10J	BABR	$e^+ e^-$, 10.58 GeV
5.65±0.45±0.17	235 ± 14	ALEXANDER 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
6.44±0.76±0.57	169 ± 18	3 WIDHALM 08	BELL	See ZUPANC 13
5.94±0.66±0.31	88	4 PEDLAR 07A	CLEO	See ALEXANDER 09
6.8 ± 1.1 ± 1.8	553	5 HEISTER 02I	ALEP	Z decays

¹ ZUPANC 13 uses both $\mu^+ \nu$ and $\tau^+ \nu$ events to get $f_{D_s} = (255.5 \pm 4.2 \pm 5.1)$ MeV.² DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 10J uses $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ and $\tau^+ \nu_\tau$ events together to get $f_{D_s} = (258.6 \pm 6.4 \pm 7.5)$ MeV.³ WIDHALM 08 gets $f_{D_s} = (275 \pm 16 \pm 12)$ MeV from the branching fraction.⁴ PEDLAR 07A also fits μ^+ and τ^+ events together and gets an effective $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ branching fraction of $(6.38 \pm 0.59 \pm 0.33) \times 10^{-3}$ ⁵ This HEISTER 02I result is not actually an independent measurement of the absolute $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ branching fraction, but is in fact based on our $\phi \pi^+$ branching fraction of $3.6 \pm 0.9\%$, so it cannot be included in our overall fit. HEISTER 02I combines its $D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau$ and $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ branching fractions to get $f_{D_s} = (285 \pm 19 \pm 40)$ MeV. $\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\phi \pi^+)$ Γ_{20}/Γ_{34}

See the note on "Decay Constants of Charged Pseudoscalar Mesons" above.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.143±0.018±0.006	489 ± 55	1 AUBERT 07V	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
0.23 ± 0.06 ± 0.04	18	2 ALEXANDROV 00	BEAT	π^- nucleus, 350 GeV
0.173±0.023±0.035	182	3 CHADHA 98	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
0.245±0.052±0.074	39	4 ACOSTA 94	CLE2	See CHADHA 98

¹ AUBERT 07V gets $f_{D_s^+} = (283 \pm 17 \pm 16)$ MeV, using $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = (4.71 \pm 0.46)\%$.² ALEXANDROV 00 uses $f_{D_s^+}^2/f_{D_s}^2 = 0.82 \pm 0.09$ from a lattice-gauge-theory calculation to get the relative numbers of $D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ and $D_s^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ events. The present result leads to $f_{D_s} = (323 \pm 44 \pm 36)$ MeV.³ CHADHA 98 obtains $f_{D_s} = (280 \pm 19 \pm 28 \pm 34)$ MeV from this measurement, using $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = 0.036 \pm 0.009$.⁴ ACOSTA 94 obtains $f_{D_s} = (344 \pm 37 \pm 52 \pm 42)$ MeV from this measurement, using $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = 0.037 \pm 0.009$.

$\Gamma(\tau^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

See the note on "Decay Constants of Charged Pseudoscalar Mesons" above.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.54±0.24 OUR AVERAGE				
$5.70 \pm 0.21^{+0.31}_{-0.30}$	2.2k	1 ZUPANC	13 BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$, $\gamma(5S)$
$5.00 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.49$	748 ± 53	2 DEL-AMO-SA..10J	BABR	$e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau, \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau$
$6.42 \pm 0.81 \pm 0.18$	126 ± 16	3 ALEXANDER	09 CLEO	$\tau^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$
$5.52 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.21$	155 ± 17	3 NAIK	09A CLEO	$\tau^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$
$5.30 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.22$	181 ± 16	3 ONYISI	09 CLEO	$\tau^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\tau$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$6.17 \pm 0.71 \pm 0.34$	102	4 ECKLUND	08 CLEO	See ONYISI 09
$8.0 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.4$	47	4 PEDLAR	07A CLEO	See ALEXANDER 09
$5.79 \pm 0.77 \pm 1.84$	881	5 HEISTER	02I ALEP	Z decays
$7.0 \pm 2.1 \pm 2.0$	22	6 ABBIENDI	01L OPAL	$D_s^{*+} \rightarrow \gamma D_s^+$ from Z 's
$7.4 \pm 2.8 \pm 2.4$	16	7 ACCIARRI	97F L3	$D_s^{*+} \rightarrow \gamma D_s^+$ from Z 's

¹ ZUPANC 13 uses both $\mu^+ \nu$ and $\tau^+ \nu$ events to get $f_{D_s} = (255.5 \pm 4.2 \pm 5.1)$ MeV.² DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 10J uses $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ and $\tau^+ \nu_\tau$ events together to get $f_{D_s} = (258.6 \pm 6.4 \pm 7.5)$ MeV.³ ALEXANDER 09, NAIK 09A, and ONYISI 09 use different τ decay modes and are independent. The three papers combined give $f_{D_s} = (259.7 \pm 7.8 \pm 3.4)$ MeV.⁴ ECKLUND 08 and PEDLAR 07A are independent: ECKLUND 08 uses $\tau^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\tau$ events, PEDLAR 07A uses $\tau^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$ events.⁵ HEISTER 02I combines its $D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau$ and $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ branching fractions to get $f_{D_s} = (285 \pm 19 \pm 40)$ MeV.⁶ This ABBIENDI 01L value gives a decay constant f_{D_s} of $(286 \pm 44 \pm 41)$ MeV.⁷ The second ACCIARRI 97F error here combines in quadrature systematic (0.016) and normalization (0.018) errors. The branching fraction gives $f_{D_s} = (309 \pm 58 \pm 33 \pm 38)$ MeV. $\Gamma(\tau^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ Γ_{21}/Γ_{20}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				

$10.73 \pm 0.69^{+0.56}_{-0.53}$	2.2k/492	1 ZUPANC	13 BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$, $\gamma(5S)$
$11.0 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.6$	102	2 ECKLUND	08 CLEO	See ONYISI 09

¹ This ZUPANC 13 ratio is not independent of the separate $\tau\nu$ and $\mu\nu$ fractions listed above.² This ECKLUND 08 value also uses results from PEDLAR 07A, and it is not independent of other results in these Listings. Combined with earlier CLEO results, the decay constant f_{D_s} is $274 \pm 10 \pm 5$ MeV. $\Gamma(K^+ K^- e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$ Γ_{22}/Γ_{33}

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			

$0.558 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.016$	1 AUBERT	08AN BABR	$e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$
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¹ This AUBERT 08AN ratio is only for the $K^+ K^-$ mass in the range 1.01-to-1.03 GeV in the numerator and 1.0095-to-1.0295 GeV in the denominator.

$\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{23}/Γ

See the end of the D_s^+ Listings for measurements of $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi e^+ \nu_e$ form factors.
Unseen decay modes of the ϕ are included.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.49 \pm 0.14 OUR FIT				
2.54 \pm 0.14 OUR AVERAGE				
$2.36 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.13$ 106 ± 10 ECKLUND 09 CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV				
$2.61 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.17$	$(25 \pm 0.5)k$	AUBERT	08AN	BABR $e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$2.29 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.11$	45	YELTON	09	CLEO See ECKLUND 09

$\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\phi \pi^+)$

Γ_{23}/Γ_{34}

As noted in the comment column, most of these measurements use $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ events in addition to or instead of $\phi e^+ \nu_e$ events.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$0.540 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.048$	793	LINK	02J	FOCS Uses $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$0.54 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.04$	367	BUTLER	94	CLE2 Uses $\phi e^+ \nu_e$ and $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$0.58 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.07$	97	FRABETTI	93G	E687 Uses $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$0.57 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.15$	104	ALBRECHT	91	ARG Uses $\phi e^+ \nu_e$
$0.49 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.10$	54	ALEXANDER	90B	CLEO Uses $\phi e^+ \nu_e$ and $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

$\Gamma(\eta e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{25}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.67 \pm 0.29 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.				
2.48 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.13	82	YELTON	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(\eta e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)$

Γ_{25}/Γ_{23}

Unseen decay modes of the η and the ϕ are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.07 \pm 0.12 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.				
1.24 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.15	440	¹ BRANDENB... 95	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

¹ BRANDENBURG 95 uses both e^+ and μ^+ events and makes a phase-space adjustment to use the μ^+ events as e^+ events.

$\Gamma(\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{26}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of the $\eta'(958)$ are included.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.99 \pm 0.23 OUR FIT				
0.91 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.05	7.5	YELTON	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)$

Γ_{26}/Γ_{23}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.40 \pm 0.09 OUR FIT				
0.43 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.07	29	¹ BRANDENB... 95	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

¹ BRANDENBURG 95 uses both e^+ and μ^+ events and makes a phase-space adjustment to use the μ^+ events as e^+ events.

$$\left[\Gamma(\eta e^+ \nu_e) + \Gamma(\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e) \right] / \Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e) \quad \Gamma_{24}/\Gamma_{23} = (\Gamma_{25} + \Gamma_{26})/\Gamma_{23}$$

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$1.67 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.17$ ¹ BRANDENB... 95 CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

¹ This BRANDENBURG 95 data is redundant with data in previous blocks.

$$\Gamma(\omega e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{27}/\Gamma$$

A test for $u\bar{u}$ or $d\bar{d}$ content in the D_s^+ . Neither Cabibbo-favored nor Cabibbo-suppressed decays can contribute, and $\omega - \phi$ mixing is an unlikely explanation for any fraction above about 2×10^{-4} .

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.20	90	MARTIN	11	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$$\Gamma(K^0 e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{28}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.37 ± 0.10 ± 0.02	14	YELTON	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{29}/\Gamma$$

Unseen decay modes of the $K^*(892)^0$ are included.

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.18 ± 0.07 ± 0.01	7.5	YELTON	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$$\Gamma(f_0(980) e^+ \nu_e, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{30}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.20 ± 0.03 ± 0.01	44 ± 7	ECKLUND	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.13 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.01$ 13 YELTON 09 CLEO See ECKLUND 09

———— Hadronic modes with a $K\bar{K}$ pair. ——

$$\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{31}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.49 ± 0.06 OUR FIT			

1.52 ± 0.05 ± 0.03 ONYISI 13 CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$1.49 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.05$ ¹ ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13

¹ ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. The correlation matrix for the branching fractions is used in the fit.

$$\Gamma(K^+ \bar{K}^0) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{32}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.95 ± 0.11 ± 0.09	2.0k	¹ ZUPANC	13	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S), \gamma(5S)$

¹ ZUPANC 13 finds the \bar{K}^0 from its missing-mass squared, not from $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$.

The DCS ($D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^0$) contribution to this fraction is estimated to be an order of magnitude below the statistical uncertainty.

$\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{33}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
5.39 ± 0.21 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.4.		
5.38 ± 0.23 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.5.		
5.55 $\pm 0.14 \pm 0.13$	ONYISI	13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV
5.06 $\pm 0.15 \pm 0.21$	4.1k	ZUPANC	13	BELL e^+e^- at $\Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
5.50 $\pm 0.23 \pm 0.16$	¹ ALEXANDER	08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13

¹ ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. The correlation matrix for the branching fractions is used in the fit.

 $\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{34}/Γ

The results here are model-independent. For earlier, model-dependent results, see our PDG 06 edition. We decouple the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$ branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+$. That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ branching fraction 0.491.

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
4.5 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE				
4.62 $\pm 0.36 \pm 0.51$		¹ AUBERT	06N BABR	e^+e^- at $\Upsilon(4S)$
4.81 $\pm 0.52 \pm 0.38$	212 ± 19	² AUBERT	05V BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
3.59 $\pm 0.77 \pm 0.48$		³ ARTUSO	96 CLE2	e^+e^- at $\Upsilon(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
3.9 $\begin{array}{l} +5.1 \\ -1.9 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{l} +1.8 \\ -1.1 \end{array}$		⁴ BAI	95C BES	e^+e^- 4.03 GeV

¹ This AUBERT 06N measurement uses $\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-}D_s^{(*)+}$ and $B^- \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-}D_s^{(*)0}$ decays, including some from other papers. However, the result is independent of AUBERT 05V.

² AUBERT 05V uses the ratio of $B^0 \rightarrow D_s^{*-}D_s^{*+}$ events seen in two different ways, in both of which the $D^{*-} \rightarrow \bar{D}^0\pi^-$ decay is fully reconstructed: (1) The $D_s^{*+} \rightarrow D_s^+\gamma$, $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$ decay is fully reconstructed. (2) The number of events in the D_s^+ peak in the missing mass spectrum against the $D^{*-}\gamma$ is measured.

³ ARTUSO 96 uses partially reconstructed $\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow D_s^{*+}D_s^{*-}$ decays to get a model-independent value for $\Gamma(D_s^{*-} \rightarrow \phi\pi^-)/\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)$ of $0.92 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.11$.

⁴ BAI 95C uses $e^+e^- \rightarrow D_s^+D_s^-$ events in which one or both of the D_s^\pm are observed to obtain the first model-independent measurement of the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$ branching fraction, without assumptions about $\sigma(D_s^\pm)$. However, with only two “doubly-tagged” events, the statistical error is very large.

$\Gamma(\phi\pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{35}/Γ_{33}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. We decouple the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$ branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+$. That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ branching fraction 0.491.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
41.6±0.8 OUR AVERAGE			
41.4±0.8±0.5	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
42.2±1.6±0.3	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
39.6±3.3±4.7	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

 $\Gamma(K^+\bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{36}/Γ_{33}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
47.8±0.6 OUR AVERAGE			
47.9±0.5±0.5	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
47.4±1.5±0.4	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
47.8±4.6±4.0	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

 $\Gamma(f_0(980)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{37}/Γ_{33}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
21 ±6 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 3.5.			
16.4±0.7±2.0	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
28.2±1.9±1.8	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
11.0±3.5±2.6	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

 $\Gamma(f_0(1370)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{38}/Γ_{33}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.3±0.8 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 3.9.			
1.1±0.1±0.2	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
4.3±0.6±0.5	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts

 $\Gamma(f_0(1710)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{39}/Γ_{33}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.2±0.5 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 3.8.			
1.1±0.1±0.1	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
3.4±0.5±0.3	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
3.4±2.3±3.5	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

$\Gamma(K^+ \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$ Γ_{40}/Γ_{33}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.4±0.7 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		
2.4±0.3±1.0	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
3.9±0.5±0.5	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
9.3±3.2±3.2	FRAZETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

$\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{41}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.52±0.09±0.20	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

$\Gamma(2K_S^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{42}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.77±0.05±0.03	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^0)/\Gamma(\phi \pi^+)$ Γ_{44}/Γ_{34}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.20±0.21±0.13	CHEN 89	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ 10 GeV

$\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{45}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
6.3 ± 0.7 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		

6.37±0.21±0.56	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			

5.65±0.29±0.40 ¹ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13

¹ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. The correlation matrix for the branching fractions is used in the fit.

$\Gamma(\phi \rho^+)/\Gamma(\phi \pi^+)$ Γ_{46}/Γ_{34}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.86±0.26^{+0.29}_{-0.40}	253	AVERY 92	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \simeq 10.5$ GeV

$\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{47}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.66±0.11 OUR FIT			

1.69±0.07±0.08	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			

1.64±0.10±0.07 ¹ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13

¹ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. The correlation matrix for the branching fractions is used in the fit.

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0)/\Gamma(\phi \pi^+)$ Γ_{48}/Γ_{34}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.6±0.4±0.4	ALBRECHT 92B	ARG	$e^+ e^- \simeq 10.4$ GeV

$\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$1.03 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.08$	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 Γ_{49}/Γ  $\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.586 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.043$	476	LINK	01c	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 Γ_{49}/Γ_{47} $\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.160 ± 0.027 OUR AVERAGE				
$0.150 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.025$	240	LINK	03D	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$0.188 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.040$	75	FRABETTI	97c	E687 γBe , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV

 Γ_{50}/Γ_{33} $\Gamma(\phi 2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\phi \pi^+)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.269 ± 0.027 OUR AVERAGE				
$0.249 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.021$	136	LINK	03D	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$0.28 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.01$	40	FRABETTI	97c	E687 γBe , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV
$0.58 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.10$	21	FRABETTI	92	E687 γBe
$0.42 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.07$	19	ANJOS	88	E691 Photoproduction
$1.11 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.28$	62	ALBRECHT	85D	ARG $e^+ e^-$ 10 GeV

 Γ_{51}/Γ_{34} $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \rho^0 \pi^+ \text{non-}\phi)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.03	90	LINK	03D	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 Γ_{52}/Γ_{50} $\Gamma(\phi \rho^0 \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.75 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.04$	LINK	03D	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 Γ_{53}/Γ_{50} $\Gamma(\phi a_1(1260)^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-, a_1^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.137 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.011$	LINK	03D	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 Γ_{54}/Γ_{33} $\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- \text{nonresonant})/\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.10 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.05$	LINK	03D	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 Γ_{55}/Γ_{50} $\Gamma(2K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.051 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.015$	37 ± 10	LINK	04D	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 Γ_{56}/Γ_{47}

Pionic modes **$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$** **$\Gamma_{57}/\Gamma_{31}$**

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<2.3	90	MENDEZ	10	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<4.1	90	ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

 $\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{58}/Γ**

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.09±0.05 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		
1.11±0.04±0.04	ONYISI	13	CLEO e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
1.11±0.07±0.04	¹ ALEXANDER	08	CLEO See ONYISI 13
¹ ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. The correlation matrix for the branching fractions is used in the fit.			

 $\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ **Γ_{58}/Γ_{33}**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.201±0.007 OUR FIT				
0.199±0.004±0.009	≈ 10.5k	AUBERT	090	BABR e^+e^- ≈ 10.6 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				

0.265±0.041±0.031

98

FRABETTI

97D E687

 γ Be ≈ 200 GeV **$\Gamma(\rho^0\pi^+)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$** **$\Gamma_{59}/\Gamma_{58}$**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.018±0.005±0.010		AUBERT	090	BABR Dalitz fit, ≈ 10.5k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
not seen		LINK	04	FOCS Dalitz fit, 1475 ± 50 evts
0.058±0.023±0.037		AITALA	01A E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts
<0.073	90	FRABETTI	97D E687	γ Be ≈ 200 GeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)S\text{-wave})/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$ **Γ_{60}/Γ_{58}**

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See also KLEMPT 08, which uses 568 D_s^+ → 3π decays (over 280 background events) from FNAL E791 to study various parametrizations of the decay amplitudes. The emphasis there is more on S-wave ππ decay products — 20 different solutions are given — than on D_s^+ fit fractions.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.833 ± 0.020 OUR AVERAGE			
0.830 ± 0.009 ± 0.019	¹ AUBERT	090	BABR Dalitz fit, ≈ 10.5k evts
0.8704±0.0560±0.0438	² LINK	04	FOCS Dalitz fit, 1475 ± 50 evts

¹AUBERT 090 gives the amplitude and phase of the $\pi^+\pi^-$ S-wave in 29 $\pi^+\pi^-$ invariant-mass bins.

²LINK 04 borrows a K-matrix parametrization from ANISOVICH 03 of the full $\pi\pi$ S-wave isoscalar scattering amplitude to describe the $\pi^+\pi^-$ S-wave component of the $\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$ state. The fit fraction given above is a sum over five f_0 mesons, the $f_0(980)$, $f_0(1300)$, $f_0(1200\text{--}1600)$, $f_0(1500)$, and $f_0(1750)$. See LINK 04 for details and discussion.

$\Gamma(f_0(980)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{61}/Γ_{58}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See above for the full $\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S-wave}$ fit fraction.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.565 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.047	AITALA	01A E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts
1.074 \pm 0.140 \pm 0.043	FRABETTI	97D E687	γ Be \approx 200 GeV

 $\Gamma(f_0(1370)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{62}/Γ_{58}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See above for the full $\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S-wave}$ fit fraction.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.324 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.017	AITALA	01A E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts

 $\Gamma(f_0(1500)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{63}/Γ_{58}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See above for the full $\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S-wave}$ fit fraction.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.274 \pm 0.114 \pm 0.019	¹ FRABETTI	97D E687	γ Be \approx 200 GeV

¹ FRABETTI 97D calls this mode $S(1475)\pi^+$, but finds the mass and width of this $S(1475)$ to be in excellent agreement with those of the $f_0(1500)$.

 $\Gamma(f_2(1270)\pi^+, f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{64}/Γ_{58}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.101 \pm 0.018 OUR AVERAGE			
0.101 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.011	AUBERT	090 BABR	Dalitz fit, \approx 10.5k evts
0.0974 \pm 0.0449 \pm 0.0294	LINK	04 FOCS	Dalitz fit, 1475 ± 50 evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.197 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.006	AITALA	01A E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts
0.123 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.018	FRABETTI	97D E687	γ Be \approx 200 GeV

 $\Gamma(\rho(1450)^0\pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{65}/Γ_{58}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.027 \pm 0.018 OUR AVERAGE			
0.023 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.017	AUBERT	090 BABR	Dalitz fit, \approx 10.5k evts
0.0656 \pm 0.0343 \pm 0.0440	LINK	04 FOCS	Dalitz fit, 1475 ± 50 evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.044 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.002	AITALA	01A E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{66}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.65 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.03	72 \pm 16	NAIK	09A CLEO	e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$ Γ_{67}/Γ_{34}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<3.3	90	ANJOS	89E E691	Photoproduction

 $\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{68}/Γ Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.69±0.10 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.				

1.71±0.08 OUR AVERAGE

1.67±0.08±0.06	ONYISI	13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV
1.82±0.14±0.07	0.8k	ZUPANC	13	BELL e^+e^- at $\gamma(4S), \gamma(5S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. **• • •**1.58±0.11±0.18 ¹ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13¹ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. $\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$ Γ_{68}/Γ_{31} Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.14 ±0.07 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.				

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. **• • •**

1.236±0.043±0.063 2587 ± 89 MENDEZ 10 CLEO See ONYISI 13

 $\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$ Γ_{68}/Γ_{34}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				

0.48±0.03±0.04	920	JESSOP	98	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
0.54±0.09±0.06	165	ALEXANDER	92	CLE2 See JESSOP 98

 $\Gamma(\omega\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{69}/Γ Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.24±0.06 OUR FIT				

0.21±0.09±0.01	6 ± 2.4	GE	09A	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV
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 $\Gamma(\omega\pi^+)/\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)$ Γ_{69}/Γ_{68}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.14±0.04 OUR FIT			

0.16±0.04±0.03	BALEST	97	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
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 $\Gamma(3\pi^+2\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{70}/Γ_{33}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.146±0.014 OUR AVERAGE				

0.145±0.011±0.010	671	LINK	03D	FOCS $\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
0.158±0.042±0.031	37	FRABETTI	97C	E687 $\gamma Be, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV

$\Gamma(\eta\rho^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$8.9 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.5$	328 ± 22	NAIK	09A	CLEO $\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma$

 Γ_{72}/Γ $\Gamma(\eta\rho^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$2.98 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.39$	447	JESSOP	98	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 Γ_{72}/Γ_{34} $\Gamma(\eta\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$9.2 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.1$	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 Γ_{73}/Γ $\Gamma(\omega\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$2.78 \pm 0.65 \pm 0.25$	34 ± 7.9	GE	09A	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 Γ_{74}/Γ $\Gamma(3\pi^+ 2\pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.049^{+0.033}_{-0.030}$	BARLAG	92C	ACCM π^- 230 GeV

 Γ_{75}/Γ $\Gamma(\omega 2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$1.58 \pm 0.45 \pm 0.09$	29 ± 8.2	GE	09A	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 Γ_{76}/Γ $\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Unseen decay modes of the $\eta'(958)$ are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$3.94 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.20$	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 Γ_{77}/Γ

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $3.77 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.30$ ¹ ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13¹ ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. $\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0)$ Γ_{77}/Γ_{31} Unseen decay modes of the $\eta'(958)$ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$2.654 \pm 0.088 \pm 0.139$	1436 ± 47	MENDEZ	10	CLEO See ONYISI 13

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$

Γ_{77}/Γ_{34}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$1.03 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.07$	537	JESSOP	98	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$1.20 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.11$	281	ALEXANDER	92	CLE2 See JESSOP 98
$2.5 \pm 1.0 \begin{array}{l} +1.5 \\ -0.4 \end{array}$	22	ALVAREZ	91	NA14 Photoproduction
$2.5 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3$	215	ALBRECHT	90D	ARG $e^+ e^- \approx 10.4 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\omega\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{79}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of the ω and η are included.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<2.13 \times 10^{-2}$	90	GE	09A	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\rho^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$

Γ_{80}/Γ_{34}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$2.78 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.30$	137	JESSOP	98	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$3.44 \pm 0.62 \begin{array}{l} +0.44 \\ -0.46 \end{array}$	68	AVERY	92	CLE2 See JESSOP 98

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{81}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$5.6 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6$	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

— Modes with one or three K 's —

$\Gamma(K^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$

Γ_{82}/Γ_{31}

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$4.2 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.2$	202 ± 70	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$5.5 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.7$	141 ± 34	ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

$\Gamma(K_S^0\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$

Γ_{83}/Γ_{31}

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
8.12 \pm 0.28 OUR AVERAGE				
$8.5 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.2$	393 ± 33	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$8.03 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.19$	$17.6k \pm 481$	WON	09	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$
$10.4 \pm 2.4 \pm 1.4$	113 ± 26	LINK	08	FOCS $\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$8.2 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.2$	206 ± 22	ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

$\Gamma(K^+\eta)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$

Γ_{84}/Γ_{31}

Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$11.8 \pm 2.2 \pm 0.6$	222 ± 41	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+\eta)/\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)$

Γ_{84}/Γ_{68}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$8.9 \pm 1.5 \pm 0.4$	113 ± 18	ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

$\Gamma(K^+\omega)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{85}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.24	90	GE	09A	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+\eta'(958))/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$

Γ_{86}/Γ_{31}

Unseen decay modes of the $\eta'(958)$ are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$11.8 \pm 3.6 \pm 0.7$	56 ± 17	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+\eta'(958))/\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)$

Γ_{86}/Γ_{77}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$4.2 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.3$	28 ± 9	ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

$\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{87}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.65 ± 0.04 OUR FIT			

0.654 ± 0.033 ± 0.025 ONYISI 13 CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. **• • •**

$0.69 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.03$ ¹ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13

¹ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. The correlation matrix for the branching fractions is used in the fit.

$\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

Γ_{87}/Γ_{33}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.121 ± 0.008 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
0.127 ± 0.007 ± 0.014	567 ± 31	LINK	04F	FOCS $\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

$\Gamma(K^+\rho^0)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{88}/Γ_{87}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.3883 ± 0.0531 ± 0.0261	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^+\rho(1450)^0, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{89}/Γ_{87}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.1062 ± 0.0351 ± 0.0104	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{90}/Γ_{87}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.2164 ± 0.0321 ± 0.0114	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^*(1410)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{91}/Γ_{87}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.1882±0.0403±0.0122	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^*(1430)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{92}/Γ_{87}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.0765±0.0500±0.0170	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^- \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{93}/Γ_{87}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.1588±0.0492±0.0153	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^0\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{94}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.00±0.18±0.04	44 ± 8	NAIK	09A	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K_S^0 2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{95}/Γ_{47}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.18±0.04±0.05	179 ± 36	LINK	08	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

$\Gamma(K^+\omega\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{96}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.82	90	GE	09A	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+\omega\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{97}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.54	90	GE	09A	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+\omega\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{98}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of the ω and η are included.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.79	90	GE	09A	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(2K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{99}/Γ_{33}

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.0 ± 0.3 ± 0.2	748 ± 60	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$8.95 \pm 2.12^{+2.24}_{-2.31}$	31	LINK	02I	FOCS γA , ≈ 180 GeV
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$\Gamma(\phi K^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(2K^+K^-)$ Γ_{100}/Γ_{99}

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.41±0.08±0.03	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes $\Gamma(2K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{101}/Γ_{33}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.33 ± 0.23 OUR AVERAGE				
2.3 ± 0.3 ± 0.2	356 \pm 52	DEL-AMO-SA..11G BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$	
$2.29 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.12$	281 ± 34	KO	09 BELL	e^+e^- at $\gamma(4S)$
5.2 ± 1.7 ± 1.1	27 \pm 9	LINK	05K FOCS	<0.78%, CL = 90%

 $\Gamma(K^+K^*(892)^0, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2K^+\pi^-)$ $\Gamma_{102}/\Gamma_{101}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.47 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.15$	DEL-AMO-SA..11G BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$	

Baryon-antibaryon mode $\Gamma(p\bar{n})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{103}/Γ

This is the only baryonic mode allowed kinematically.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$1.30 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.12$	13.0 ± 3.6	ATHAR	08 CLEO	e^+e^- , $E_{\text{cm}} \approx 4170$ MeV

Rare or forbidden modes $\Gamma(\pi^+e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{104}/Γ This mode is not a useful test for a $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<13 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$< 2.2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ RUBIN	10 CLEO	e^+e^- at 4170 MeV
$< 27 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	π^-N 500 GeV

¹This RUBIN 10 limit is for the e^+e^- mass in the continuum away from the $\phi(1020)$.
See the next data block.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+\phi, \phi \rightarrow e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{105}/Γ This is *not* a test for the $\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current, but leads to the $\pi^+e^+e^-$ final state.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$(6^{+8}_{-4}) \times 10^{-6}$	3	RUBIN	10 CLEO	e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^+\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{106}/Γ This mode is not a useful test for a $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<4.1 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	13AF LHCb	$p\bar{p}$ at 7 TeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$< 4.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$< 2.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	π^-N 500 GeV
$< 4.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV

$\Gamma(K^+ e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{107}/Γ A test for the $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<3.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<5.2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	RUBIN	10 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$<1.6 \times 10^{-3}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{108}/Γ A test for the $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<21 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 3.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$< 5.9 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{109}/Γ A test for the $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ e^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{110}/Γ

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<12 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ e^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{111}/Γ

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<20 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(K^+ e^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{112}/Γ

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<14 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(K^+ e^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{113}/Γ

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<9.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(\pi^- 2e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{114}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 4.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	RUBIN	10 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$< 69 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV

$\Gamma(\pi^- 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{115}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<1.2 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	13AF LHCb	$p p$ at 7 TeV	
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
$<1.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$	
$<2.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV	
$<8.2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV	
$<4.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV	

 $\Gamma(\pi^- e^+ \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{116}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<8.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$	
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
$<7.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV	

 $\Gamma(K^- 2e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{117}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$< 5.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$	
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
$< 1.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	RUBIN	10 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV	
$<63 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV	

 $\Gamma(K^- 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{118}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$	
$<1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV	
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
$<1.8 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV	
$<5.9 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV	

 $\Gamma(K^- e^+ \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{119}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<6.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$	
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
$<6.8 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV	

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^- 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{120}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV	

$D_s^+ - D_s^-$ CP-VIOLATING DECAY-RATE ASYMMETRIES

This is the difference of the D_s^+ and D_s^- partial widths divided by the sum of the widths.

 $A_{CP}(\mu^\pm \nu)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \nu, D_s^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.8±6.1	ALEXANDER 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm K_S^0$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.08±0.26 OUR AVERAGE				

-0.05±0.23±0.24	288k	1 LEES	13E	BABR $e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S)$
2.6 ±1.5 ±0.6		ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
0.12±0.36±0.22		KO	10	BELL $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
4.7 ±1.8 ±0.9	4.0k	MENDEZ	10	CLEO See ONYISI 13
4.9 ±2.1 ±0.9		ALEXANDER	08	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

¹ LEES 13E finds that after subtracting the contribution due to $K^0 - \bar{K}^0$ mixing, the CP asymmetry is $(+0.28 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.24)\%$.

 $A_{CP}(K^+ K^- \pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^\pm$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.5±0.8±0.4	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.3±1.1±0.8	ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13
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 $A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^0$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-1.6±6.0±1.1	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 $A_{CP}(2K_S^0 \pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow 2K_S^0 \pi^\pm$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.1±5.2±0.6	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 $A_{CP}(K^+ K^- \pi^\pm \pi^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^\pm \pi^0$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.0±2.7±1.2	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

-5.9±4.2±1.2	ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13
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 $A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-5.7±5.3±0.9	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

$A_{CP}(K_s^0 K^\mp 2\pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^+ \rightarrow K_s^0 K^\mp 2\pi^\pm$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.1±2.7±0.9	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
−0.7±3.6±1.1	ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13

 $A_{CP}(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^\pm$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
−0.7±3.0±0.6	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
2.0±4.6±0.7	ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13

 $A_{CP}(\pi^\pm \eta)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm \eta$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.1±3.0±0.8		ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
−4.6±2.9±0.3	2.5k	MENDEZ 10	CLEO	See ONYISI 13
−8.2±5.2±0.8		ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See MENDEZ 10

 $A_{CP}(\pi^\pm \eta')$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm \eta'$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
−2.2±2.2±0.6		ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
−6.1±3.0±0.3	1.4k	MENDEZ 10	CLEO	See ONYISI 13
−5.5±3.7±1.2		ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See MENDEZ 10

 $A_{CP}(\eta \pi^\pm \pi^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \eta \pi^\pm \pi^0$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
−0.5±3.9±2.0	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 $A_{CP}(\eta' \pi^\pm \pi^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \eta' \pi^\pm \pi^0$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
−0.4±7.4±1.9	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

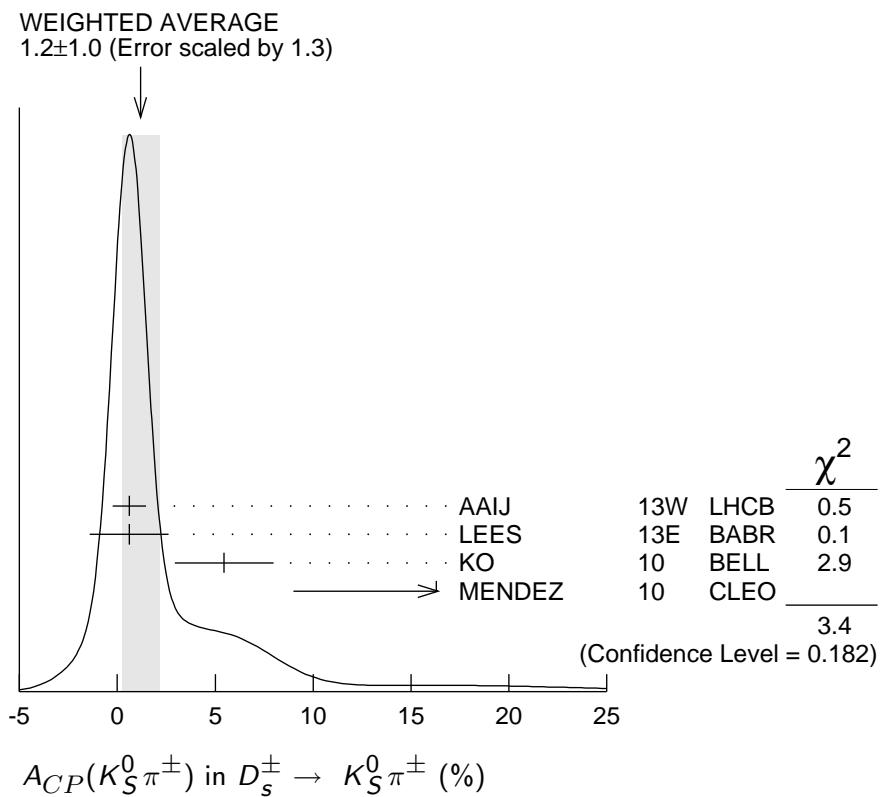
 $A_{CP}(K^\pm \pi^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^0$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
−26.6±23.8±0.9	202 ± 70	MENDEZ 10	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
2 ± 29		ADAMS 07A	CLEO	See MENDEZ 10

$$A_{CP}(K_S^0 \pi^\pm) \text{ in } D_s^\pm \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^\pm$$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.2 ± 1.0 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.			
0.61 ± 0.83 ± 0.14	25.6k	AAIJ	13W	LHCb $p\bar{p}$ at 7 TeV
0.6 ± 2.0 ± 0.3	14k	1 LEES	13E	BABR e^+e^- at $\Upsilon(4S)$
5.45 ± 2.50 ± 0.33		KO	10	BELL $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
16.3 ± 7.3 ± 0.3	393 ± 33	MENDEZ	10	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
27 ± 11		ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

¹ LEES 13E finds that after subtracting the contribution due to $K^0 - \bar{K}^0$ mixing, the CP asymmetry is $(+0.3 \pm 2.0 \pm 0.3)\%$.



$$A_{CP}(K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-) \text{ in } D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-$$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.5±4.8±0.6	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
11.2±7.0±0.9	ALEXANDER	08	CLEO See ONYISI 13

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm n) \text{ in } D^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm n$$

$A_{CP}(K^\pm\eta)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm\eta$	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
9.3 ± 15.2 ± 0.9	222 ± 41	MENDEZ	10	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
-20 ± 18	ADAMS	07A	CLEO	See MENDEZ 10

$A_{CP}(K^\pm \eta'(958))$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \eta'(958)$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
6.0 ± 18.9 ± 0.9	56 ± 17	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
-17 ± 37		ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

 $D_s^+ - D_s^-$ T-VIOLATING DECAY-RATE ASYMMETRIES **$A_{T\text{viol}}(K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-$**

$C_T \equiv \vec{p}_{K^+} \cdot (\vec{p}_{\pi^+} \times \vec{p}_{\pi^-})$ is a parity-odd correlation of the K^+ , π^+ , and π^- momenta for the D_s^+ . $\bar{C}_T \equiv \vec{p}_{K^-} \cdot (\vec{p}_{\pi^-} \times \vec{p}_{\pi^+})$ is the corresponding quantity for the D_s^- . Then
 $A_T \equiv [\Gamma(C_T > 0) - \Gamma(C_T < 0)] / [\Gamma(C_T > 0) + \Gamma(C_T < 0)]$, and
 $\bar{A}_T \equiv [\Gamma(-\bar{C}_T > 0) - \Gamma(-\bar{C}_T < 0)] / [\Gamma(-\bar{C}_T > 0) + \Gamma(-\bar{C}_T < 0)]$, and
 $A_{T\text{viol}} \equiv \frac{1}{2}(A_T - \bar{A}_T)$. C_T and \bar{C}_T are commonly referred to as T -odd moments, because they are odd under T reversal. However, the T -conjugate process $K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow D_s^\pm$ is not accessible, while the P -conjugate process is.

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-13.6 ± 7.7 ± 3.4	29.8 ± 0.3k	LEES	11E BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
-36 ± 67 ± 23	508 ± 34	LINK	05E FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ FORM FACTORS **$r_2 \equiv A_2(0)/A_1(0)$ in $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$**

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.84 ± 0.11 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 2.4.		
0.816 ± 0.036 ± 0.030	25 ± 0.5k	1 AUBERT	08AN BABR	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
0.713 ± 0.202 ± 0.284	793	LINK	04C FOCS	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
1.57 ± 0.25 ± 0.19	271	AITALA	99D E791	$\phi e^+ \nu_e, \phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
1.4 ± 0.5 ± 0.3	308	AVERY	94B CLE2	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
1.1 ± 0.8 ± 0.1	90	FRABETTI	94F E687	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
2.1 ± 0.6 ± 0.2	19	KODAMA	93 E653	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

¹ To compare with previous measurements, this AUBERT 08AN value is from a fit that fixes the pole masses at $m_A = 2.5$ GeV/c² and $m_V = 2.1$ GeV/c². A simultaneous fit to r_2 , r_V , r_0 (a significant *s*-wave contribution) and m_A , gives $r_2 = 0.763 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.065$.

 $r_V \equiv V(0)/A_1(0)$ in $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.80 ± 0.08 OUR AVERAGE				
1.807 ± 0.046 ± 0.065	25 ± 0.5k	1 AUBERT	08AN BABR	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
1.549 ± 0.250 ± 0.148	793	LINK	04C FOCS	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
2.27 ± 0.35 ± 0.22	271	AITALA	99D E791	$\phi e^+ \nu_e, \phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

0.9	± 0.6	± 0.3	308	AVERY	94B	CLE2	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
1.8	± 0.9	± 0.2	90	FRABETTI	94F	E687	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
2.3	$+1.1$	-0.9	19	KODAMA	93	E653	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

¹ To compare with previous measurements, this AUBERT 08AN value is from a fit that fixes the pole masses at $m_A = 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ and $m_V = 2.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$. A simultaneous fit to r_2 , r_V , r_0 (a significant s -wave contribution) and m_A , gives $r_V = 1.849 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.095$.

Γ_L/Γ_T in $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.72±0.18 OUR AVERAGE				
1.0 ± 0.3 ± 0.2	308	AVERY	94B	CLE2 $\phi e^+ \nu_e$
1.0 ± 0.5 ± 0.1	90	¹ FRABETTI	94F	E687 $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
0.54 $\pm 0.21\pm 0.10$	19	¹ KODAMA	93	E653 $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

¹ FRABETTI 94F and KODAMA 93 evaluate Γ_L/Γ_T for a lepton mass of zero.

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