

## $D^*(2007)^0$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(1^-)$   
 $I, J, P$  need confirmation.

$J$  consistent with 1, value 0 ruled out (NGUYEN 77).

### $D^*(2007)^0$ MASS

The fit includes  $D^\pm, D^0, D_s^\pm, D^{*\pm}, D^{*0}, D_s^{*\pm}, D_1(2420)^0, D_2^*(2460)^0$ , and  $D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$  mass and mass difference measurements.

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2006.97±0.08 OUR FIT</b>			
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
2006 $\pm 1.5$	<sup>1</sup> GOLDHABER 77 MRK1 $e^+ e^-$		
<sup>1</sup> From simultaneous fit to $D^*(2010)^+, D^*(2007)^0, D^+$ , and $D^0$ .			

### $m_{D^*(2007)^0} - m_{D^0}$

The fit includes  $D^\pm, D^0, D_s^\pm, D^{*\pm}, D^{*0}, D_s^{*\pm}, D_1(2420)^0, D_2^*(2460)^0$ , and  $D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$  mass and mass difference measurements.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>142.12±0.07 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>142.12±0.07 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
142.2 $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.2$	145	ALBRECHT 95F ARG	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons	
142.12 $\pm 0.05 \pm 0.05$	1176	BORTOLETTO92B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons	
<sup>2</sup> From simultaneous fit to $D^*(2010)^+, D^*(2007)^0, D^+$ , and $D^0$ .				

### $D^*(2007)^0$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;2.1</b>	90	<sup>3</sup> ABACHI 88B	HRS	$D^{*0} \rightarrow D^+ \pi^-$
<sup>3</sup> Assuming $m_{D^{*0}} = 2007.2 \pm 2.1$ MeV/ $c^2$ .				

### $D^*(2007)^0$ DECAY MODES

$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0$  modes are charge conjugates of modes below.

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1 D^0 \pi^0$	(61.9 $\pm$ 2.9) %
$\Gamma_2 D^0 \gamma$	(38.1 $\pm$ 2.9) %

## CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to a branching ratio uses 3 measurements and one constraint to determine 2 parameters. The overall fit has a  $\chi^2 = 0.5$  for 2 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients  $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \cdot \delta x_j)$ , in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions,  $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ . The fit constrains the  $x_i$  whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

$$\begin{matrix} x_2 & | & -100 \\ & | & \\ & x_1 & \end{matrix}$$


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### $D^*(2007)^0$ BRANCHING RATIOS

#### $\Gamma(D^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(D^0\gamma)$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$\Gamma_1/\Gamma_2$
<b><math>1.85 \pm 0.07</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>					
$1.90 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.05$	4.9k	ABLIKIM	15B	BES3	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
$1.74 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.13$		AUBERT,BE	05G	BABR	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

#### $\Gamma(D^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$
<b><math>0.619 \pm 0.029</math> OUR FIT</b>					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
$0.655 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.005$	3.2k	<sup>4</sup> ABLIKIM	15B	BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
$0.635 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.017$	69k	<sup>4</sup> AUBERT,BE	05G	BABR	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
$0.596 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.028$	858	<sup>5</sup> ALBRECHT	95F	ARG	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
$0.636 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.033$	1097	<sup>5</sup> BUTLER	92	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

#### $\Gamma(D^0\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$
<b><math>0.381 \pm 0.029</math> OUR FIT</b>					
<b><math>0.381 \pm 0.029</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>					
$0.404 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.028$	456	<sup>5</sup> ALBRECHT	95F	ARG	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
$0.364 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.033$	621	<sup>5</sup> BUTLER	92	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
$0.37 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.08$		ADLER	88D	MRK3	$e^+ e^-$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
$0.345 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.005$	1.8k	<sup>4</sup> ABLIKIM	15B	BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
$0.365 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.017$	68k	<sup>4</sup> AUBERT,BE	05G	BABR	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
$0.47 \pm 0.23$		LOW	87	HRS	$29 \text{ GeV } e^+ e^-$
$0.53 \pm 0.13$		BARTEL	85G	JADE	$e^+ e^-$ , hadrons
$0.47 \pm 0.12$		COLES	82	MRK2	$e^+ e^-$
$0.45 \pm 0.15$		GOLDHABER	77	MRK1	$e^+ e^-$

<sup>4</sup> Derived from the ratio  $\Gamma(D^0\pi^0) / \Gamma(D^0\gamma)$  assuming that the branching fractions of  $D^{*0} \rightarrow D^0\pi^0$  and  $D^{*0} \rightarrow D^0\gamma$  decays sum to 100%

<sup>5</sup> The BUTLER 92 and ALBRECHT 95F branching ratios are not independent, they have been constrained by the authors to sum to 100%.

## **D\*(2007)<sup>0</sup> REFERENCES**

ABLIKIM	15B	PR D91 031101	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES III Collab.)
AUBERT,BE	05G	PR D72 091101	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95F	ZPHY C66 63	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
BORTOLETTO	92B	PRL 69 2046	D. Bortoletto <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BUTLER	92	PRL 69 2041	F. Butler <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ABACHI	88B	PL B212 533	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(ANL, IND, MICH, PURD+)
ADLER	88D	PL B208 152	J. Adler <i>et al.</i>	(Mark III Collab.)
LOW	87	PL B183 232	E.H. Low <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
BARTEL	85G	PL 161B 197	W. Bartel <i>et al.</i>	(JADE Collab.)
COLES	82	PR D26 2190	M.W. Coles <i>et al.</i>	(LBL, SLAC)
SADROZINSKI	80	Madison Conf. 681	H.F.W. Sadrozinski <i>et al.</i>	(PRIN, CIT+)
GOLDHABER	77	PL 69B 503	G. Goldhaber <i>et al.</i>	(Mark I Collab.)
NGUYEN	77	PRL 39 262	H.K. Nguyen <i>et al.</i>	(LBL, SLAC) J