

STRANGE MESONS

($S = \pm 1, C = B = 0$)

$$K^+ = u\bar{s}, K^0 = d\bar{s}, \bar{K}^0 = \bar{d}s, K^- = \bar{u}s, \quad \text{similarly for } K^{*'}\text{'s}$$

 K^\pm

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^-)$$

$$\text{Mass } m = 493.677 \pm 0.016 \text{ MeV } [^a] \quad (S = 2.8)$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (1.2380 \pm 0.0020) \times 10^{-8} \text{ s} \quad (S = 1.8)$$

$$c\tau = 3.711 \text{ m}$$

Slope parameter g ^[b]

(See Particle Listings for quadratic coefficients and alternative parametrization related to $\pi\pi$ scattering)

$$K^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^+ \pi^- \quad g = -0.21134 \pm 0.00017$$

$$(g_+ - g_-) / (g_+ + g_-) = (-1.5 \pm 2.2) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$K^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^0 \pi^0 \quad g = 0.626 \pm 0.007$$

$$(g_+ - g_-) / (g_+ + g_-) = (1.8 \pm 1.8) \times 10^{-4}$$

K^\pm decay form factors ^[c,d]

Assuming μ -e universality

$$\lambda_+(K_{\mu 3}^+) = \lambda_+(K_{e 3}^+) = (2.97 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$\lambda_0(K_{\mu 3}^+) = (1.95 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-2}$$

Not assuming μ -e universality

$$\lambda_+(K_{e 3}^+) = (2.98 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$\lambda_+(K_{\mu 3}^+) = (2.96 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$\lambda_0(K_{\mu 3}^+) = (1.96 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-2}$$

$K_{e 3}$ form factor quadratic fit

$$\lambda'_+(K_{e 3}^\pm) \text{ linear coeff.} = (2.49 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$\lambda''_+(K_{e 3}^\pm) \text{ quadratic coeff.} = (0.19 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$K_{e 3}^+ \quad |f_S/f_+| = (-0.3_{-0.7}^{+0.8}) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$K_{e 3}^+ \quad |f_T/f_+| = (-1.2 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$K_{\mu 3}^+ \quad |f_S/f_+| = (0.2 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$K_{\mu 3}^+ \quad |f_T/f_+| = (-0.1 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$K^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \gamma \quad |F_A + F_V| = 0.133 \pm 0.008 \quad (S = 1.3)$$

$$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma \quad |F_A + F_V| = 0.165 \pm 0.013$$

$$K^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \gamma \quad |F_A - F_V| < 0.49, \text{ CL} = 90\%$$

$$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma \quad |F_A - F_V| = -0.24 \text{ to } 0.04, \text{ CL} = 90\%$$

Charge Radius

$$\langle r \rangle = 0.560 \pm 0.031 \text{ fm}$$

CP violation parameters

$$\Delta(K_{\pi e e}^{\pm}) = (-2.2 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$\Delta(K_{\pi \mu \mu}^{\pm}) = 0.010 \pm 0.023$$

$$\Delta(K_{\pi \pi \gamma}^{\pm}) = (0.0 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$A_{FB}(K_{\pi \mu \mu}^{\pm}) = \frac{\Gamma(\cos(\theta_{K\mu}) > 0) - \Gamma(\cos(\theta_{K\mu}) < 0)}{\Gamma(\cos(\theta_{K\mu}) > 0) + \Gamma(\cos(\theta_{K\mu}) < 0)} < 2.3 \times 10^{-2}, \text{ CL} = 90\%$$

T violation parameters

$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_{\mu} \quad P_T = (-1.7 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_{\mu} \gamma \quad P_T = (-0.6 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_{\mu} \quad \text{Im}(\xi) = -0.006 \pm 0.008$$

K^- modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

K^+ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level (MeV/c)	p
Leptonic and semileptonic modes			
$e^+ \nu_e$	(1.582 ± 0.007) $\times 10^{-5}$		247
$\mu^+ \nu_{\mu}$	(63.56 ± 0.11) %	S=1.2	236
$\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$	(5.07 ± 0.04) %	S=2.1	228
Called K_{e3}^+ .			
$\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_{\mu}$	(3.352 ± 0.033) %	S=1.9	215
Called $K_{\mu 3}^+$.			
$\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$	(2.55 ± 0.04) $\times 10^{-5}$	S=1.1	206
$\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$	(4.247 ± 0.024) $\times 10^{-5}$		203
$\pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_{\mu}$	(1.4 ± 0.9) $\times 10^{-5}$		151
$\pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$	< 3.5×10^{-6}	CL=90%	135
Hadronic modes			
$\pi^+ \pi^0$	(20.67 ± 0.08) %	S=1.2	205
$\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	(1.760 ± 0.023) %	S=1.1	133
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	(5.583 ± 0.024) %		125
Leptonic and semileptonic modes with photons			
$\mu^+ \nu_{\mu} \gamma$	[e,f] (6.2 ± 0.8) $\times 10^{-3}$		236
$\mu^+ \nu_{\mu} \gamma (\text{SD}^+)$	[c,g] (1.33 ± 0.22) $\times 10^{-5}$		—
$\mu^+ \nu_{\mu} \gamma (\text{SD}^+ \text{INT})$	[c,g] < 2.7×10^{-5}	CL=90%	—
$\mu^+ \nu_{\mu} \gamma (\text{SD}^- + \text{SD}^- \text{INT})$	[c,g] < 2.6×10^{-4}	CL=90%	—

$e^+ \nu_e \gamma$		$(9.4 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-6}$		247
$\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e \gamma$	[e,f]	$(2.56 \pm 0.16) \times 10^{-4}$		228
$\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e \gamma$ (SD)	[c,g]	$< 5.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	228
$\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma$	[e,f]	$(1.25 \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-5}$		215
$\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e \gamma$		$< 5 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	206

Hadronic modes with photons or $\ell\bar{\ell}$ pairs

$\pi^+ \pi^0 \gamma$ (INT)		$(- 4.2 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-6}$		–
$\pi^+ \pi^0 \gamma$ (DE)	[e,h]	$(6.0 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-6}$		205
$\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$	[e,f]	$(7.6 \begin{smallmatrix} +6.0 \\ -3.0 \end{smallmatrix}) \times 10^{-6}$		133
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$	[e,f]	$(1.04 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-4}$		125
$\pi^+ \gamma \gamma$	[e]	$(1.01 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-6}$		227
$\pi^+ 3\gamma$	[e]	$< 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	227
$\pi^+ e^+ e^- \gamma$		$(1.19 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-8}$		227

Leptonic modes with $\ell\bar{\ell}$ pairs

$e^+ \nu_e \nu\bar{\nu}$		$< 6 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	247
$\mu^+ \nu_\mu \nu\bar{\nu}$		$< 6.0 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	236
$e^+ \nu_e e^+ e^-$		$(2.48 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-8}$		247
$\mu^+ \nu_\mu e^+ e^-$		$(7.06 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-8}$		236
$e^+ \nu_e \mu^+ \mu^-$		$(1.7 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-8}$		223
$\mu^+ \nu_\mu \mu^+ \mu^-$		$< 4.1 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	185

Lepton Family number (LF), Lepton number (L), $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ (SQ) violating modes, or $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current (S1) modes

$\pi^+ \pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu}_e$	SQ	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	203
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$	SQ	$< 3.0 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	151
$\pi^+ e^+ e^-$	S1	$(3.00 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-7}$		227
$\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	S1	$(9.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-8}$	S=2.6	172
$\pi^+ \nu\bar{\nu}$	S1	$(1.7 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-10}$		227
$\pi^+ \pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu}$	S1	$< 4.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	205
$\mu^- \nu e^+ e^+$	LF	$< 2.1 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	236
$\mu^+ \nu_e$	LF	[i] $< 4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	236
$\pi^+ \mu^+ e^-$	LF	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-11}$	CL=90%	214
$\pi^+ \mu^- e^+$	LF	$< 5.2 \times 10^{-10}$	CL=90%	214
$\pi^- \mu^+ e^+$	L	$< 5.0 \times 10^{-10}$	CL=90%	214
$\pi^- e^+ e^+$	L	$< 6.4 \times 10^{-10}$	CL=90%	227
$\pi^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	L	[i] $< 1.1 \times 10^{-9}$	CL=90%	172
$\mu^+ \bar{\nu}_e$	L	[i] $< 3.3 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	236
$\pi^0 e^+ \bar{\nu}_e$	L	$< 3 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	228
$\pi^+ \gamma$	[j]	$< 2.3 \times 10^{-9}$	CL=90%	227

K^0

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^-)$$

50% K_S , 50% K_L

$$\text{Mass } m = 497.611 \pm 0.013 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$m_{K^0} - m_{K^\pm} = 3.934 \pm 0.020 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.6)$$

Mean Square Charge Radius

$$\langle r^2 \rangle = -0.077 \pm 0.010 \text{ fm}^2$$

T-violation parameters in K^0 - \bar{K}^0 mixing ^[d]

$$\text{Asymmetry } A_T \text{ in } K^0\text{-}\bar{K}^0 \text{ mixing} = (6.6 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-3}$$

CPT-violation parameters ^[d]

$$\text{Re } \delta = (2.5 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\text{Im } \delta = (-1.5 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Re}(y), K_{e3} \text{ parameter} = (0.4 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{Re}(x_-), K_{e3} \text{ parameter} = (-2.9 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$|m_{K^0} - m_{\bar{K}^0}| / m_{\text{average}} < 6 \times 10^{-19}, \text{ CL} = 90\% \text{ [k]}$$

$$(\Gamma_{K^0} - \Gamma_{\bar{K}^0}) / m_{\text{average}} = (8 \pm 8) \times 10^{-18}$$

Tests of $\Delta S = \Delta Q$

$$\text{Re}(x_+), K_{e3} \text{ parameter} = (-0.9 \pm 3.0) \times 10^{-3}$$

K_S^0

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^-)$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (0.8954 \pm 0.0004) \times 10^{-10} \text{ s} \quad (S = 1.1) \quad \text{Assuming } CPT$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (0.89564 \pm 0.00033) \times 10^{-10} \text{ s} \quad \text{Not assuming } CPT$$

$$c\tau = 2.6844 \text{ cm} \quad \text{Assuming } CPT$$

CP-violation parameters ^[l]

$$\text{Im}(\eta_{+-0}) = -0.002 \pm 0.009$$

$$\text{Im}(\eta_{000}) = -0.001 \pm 0.016$$

$$|\eta_{000}| = |A(K_S^0 \rightarrow 3\pi^0)/A(K_L^0 \rightarrow 3\pi^0)| < 0.0088, \text{ CL} = 90\%$$

$$CP \text{ asymmetry } A \text{ in } \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^- = (-0.4 \pm 0.8)\%$$

K_S^0 DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
Hadronic modes			
$\pi^0 \pi^0$	(30.69 ± 0.05) %		209
$\pi^+ \pi^-$	(69.20 ± 0.05) %		206
$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	(3.5 $\begin{smallmatrix} +1.1 \\ -0.9 \end{smallmatrix}$) × 10 ⁻⁷		133
Modes with photons or $\ell\bar{\ell}$ pairs			
$\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$	[f,n] (1.79 ± 0.05) × 10 ⁻³		206
$\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$	(4.79 ± 0.15) × 10 ⁻⁵		206
$\pi^0 \gamma \gamma$	[n] (4.9 ± 1.8) × 10 ⁻⁸		230
$\gamma \gamma$	(2.63 ± 0.17) × 10 ⁻⁶	S=3.0	249
Semileptonic modes			
$\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e$	[o] (7.04 ± 0.08) × 10 ⁻⁴		229
CP violating (CP) and $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current (S1) modes			
$3\pi^0$	CP < 2.6 × 10 ⁻⁸	CL=90%	139
$\mu^+ \mu^-$	S1 < 9 × 10 ⁻⁹	CL=90%	225
$e^+ e^-$	S1 < 9 × 10 ⁻⁹	CL=90%	249
$\pi^0 e^+ e^-$	S1 [n] (3.0 $\begin{smallmatrix} +1.5 \\ -1.2 \end{smallmatrix}$) × 10 ⁻⁹		230
$\pi^0 \mu^+ \mu^-$	S1 (2.9 $\begin{smallmatrix} +1.5 \\ -1.2 \end{smallmatrix}$) × 10 ⁻⁹		177

K_L^0

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^-)$$

$$m_{K_L} - m_{K_S}$$

$$= (0.5293 \pm 0.0009) \times 10^{10} \hbar s^{-1} \quad (S = 1.3) \quad \text{Assuming } CPT$$

$$= (3.484 \pm 0.006) \times 10^{-12} \text{ MeV} \quad \text{Assuming } CPT$$

$$= (0.5289 \pm 0.0010) \times 10^{10} \hbar s^{-1} \quad \text{Not assuming } CPT$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (5.116 \pm 0.021) \times 10^{-8} \text{ s} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

$$c\tau = 15.34 \text{ m}$$

Slope parameters [b]

(See Particle Listings for other linear and quadratic coefficients)

$$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0: g = 0.678 \pm 0.008 \quad (S = 1.5)$$

$$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0: h = 0.076 \pm 0.006$$

$$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0: k = 0.0099 \pm 0.0015$$

$$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0: h = (0.6 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-3}$$

K_L decay form factors [d]

Linear parametrization assuming μ - e universality

$$\lambda_+(K_{\mu 3}^0) = \lambda_+(K_{e 3}^0) = (2.82 \pm 0.04) \times 10^{-2} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

$$\lambda_0(K_{\mu 3}^0) = (1.38 \pm 0.18) \times 10^{-2} \quad (S = 2.2)$$

Quadratic parametrization assuming μ - e universality

$$\lambda'_+(K_{\mu 3}^0) = \lambda'_+(K_{e 3}^0) = (2.40 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-2} \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$\lambda''_+(K_{\mu 3}^0) = \lambda''_+(K_{e 3}^0) = (0.20 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-2} \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$\lambda_0(K_{\mu 3}^0) = (1.16 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-2} \quad (S = 1.2)$$

Pole parametrization assuming μ - e universality

$$M_V^\mu(K_{\mu 3}^0) = M_V^e(K_{e 3}^0) = 878 \pm 6 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

$$M_S^\mu(K_{\mu 3}^0) = 1252 \pm 90 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 2.6)$$

Dispersive parametrization assuming μ - e universality

$$\Lambda_+ = (0.251 \pm 0.006) \times 10^{-1} \quad (S = 1.5)$$

$$\ln(C) = (1.75 \pm 0.18) \times 10^{-1} \quad (S = 2.0)$$

$$K_{e 3}^0 \quad |f_S/f_+| = (1.5_{-1.6}^{+1.4}) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$K_{e 3}^0 \quad |f_T/f_+| = (5_{-5}^{+4}) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$K_{\mu 3}^0 \quad |f_T/f_+| = (12 \pm 12) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$K_L \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma, K_L \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-: \alpha_{K^*} = -0.205 \pm 0.022 \quad (S = 1.8)$$

$$K_L^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma, K_L^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-: \alpha_{DIP} = -1.69 \pm 0.08 \quad (S = 1.7)$$

$$K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-: a_1/a_2 = -0.737 \pm 0.014 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 2\gamma: a_V = -0.43 \pm 0.06 \quad (S = 1.5)$$

CP -violation parameters [f]

$$A_L = (0.332 \pm 0.006)\%$$

$$|\eta_{00}| = (2.220 \pm 0.011) \times 10^{-3} \quad (S = 1.8)$$

$$|\eta_{+-}| = (2.232 \pm 0.011) \times 10^{-3} \quad (S = 1.8)$$

$$|\epsilon| = (2.228 \pm 0.011) \times 10^{-3} \quad (S = 1.8)$$

$$|\eta_{00}/\eta_{+-}| = 0.9950 \pm 0.0007^{[p]} \quad (S = 1.6)$$

$$\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon) = (1.66 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-3}^{[p]} \quad (S = 1.6)$$

Assuming *CPT*

$$\phi_{+-} = (43.51 \pm 0.05)^\circ \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$\phi_{00} = (43.52 \pm 0.05)^\circ \quad (S = 1.3)$$

$$\phi_\epsilon = \phi_{SW} = (43.52 \pm 0.05)^\circ \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$\text{Im}(\epsilon'/\epsilon) = -(\phi_{00} - \phi_{+-})/3 = (-0.002 \pm 0.005)^\circ \quad (S = 1.7)$$

Not assuming *CPT*

$$\phi_{+-} = (43.4 \pm 0.5)^\circ \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$\phi_{00} = (43.7 \pm 0.6)^\circ \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$\phi_\epsilon = (43.5 \pm 0.5)^\circ \quad (S = 1.3)$$

$$CP \text{ asymmetry } A \text{ in } K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^- = (13.7 \pm 1.5)\%$$

$$\beta_{CP} \text{ from } K_L^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^- = -0.19 \pm 0.07$$

$$\gamma_{CP} \text{ from } K_L^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^- = 0.01 \pm 0.11 \quad (S = 1.6)$$

$$j \text{ for } K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 = 0.0012 \pm 0.0008$$

$$f \text{ for } K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 = 0.004 \pm 0.006$$

$$|\eta_{+-\gamma}| = (2.35 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\phi_{+-\gamma} = (44 \pm 4)^\circ$$

$$|\epsilon'_{+-\gamma}|/\epsilon < 0.3, \text{ CL} = 90\%$$

$$|g_{E1}| \text{ for } K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma < 0.21, \text{ CL} = 90\%$$

T-violation parameters

$$\text{Im}(\xi) \text{ in } K_{\mu 3}^0 = -0.007 \pm 0.026$$

CPT invariance tests

$$\phi_{00} - \phi_{+-} = (0.34 \pm 0.32)^\circ$$

$$\text{Re}\left(\frac{2}{3}\eta_{+-} + \frac{1}{3}\eta_{00}\right) - \frac{A_L}{2} = (-3 \pm 35) \times 10^{-6}$$

$\Delta S = -\Delta Q$ in $K_{\mu 3}^0$ decay

$$\text{Re } x = -0.002 \pm 0.006$$

$$\text{Im } x = 0.0012 \pm 0.0021$$

K_L^0 DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level (MeV/c)	p
Semileptonic modes			
$\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e$ Called K_{e3}^0 .	[o] (40.55 \pm 0.11) %	S=1.7	229
$\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu$ Called $K_{\mu3}^0$.	[o] (27.04 \pm 0.07) %	S=1.1	216
$(\pi \mu \text{atom})\nu$	(1.05 \pm 0.11) $\times 10^{-7}$		188
$\pi^0 \pi^\pm e^\mp \nu$	[o] (5.20 \pm 0.11) $\times 10^{-5}$		207
$\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu e^+ e^-$	[o] (1.26 \pm 0.04) $\times 10^{-5}$		229
Hadronic modes, including Charge conjugation \times Parity Violating (CPV) modes			
$3\pi^0$	(19.52 \pm 0.12) %	S=1.6	139
$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	(12.54 \pm 0.05) %		133
$\pi^+ \pi^-$	CPV [q] (1.967 \pm 0.010) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.5	206
$\pi^0 \pi^0$	CPV (8.64 \pm 0.06) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.8	209
Semileptonic modes with photons			
$\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e \gamma$	[f,o,r] (3.79 \pm 0.06) $\times 10^{-3}$		229
$\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu \gamma$	(5.65 \pm 0.23) $\times 10^{-4}$		216
Hadronic modes with photons or $\ell\bar{\ell}$ pairs			
$\pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$	< 2.43 $\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	209
$\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$	[f,r] (4.15 \pm 0.15) $\times 10^{-5}$	S=2.8	206
$\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ (DE)	(2.84 \pm 0.11) $\times 10^{-5}$	S=2.0	206
$\pi^0 2\gamma$	[r] (1.273 \pm 0.033) $\times 10^{-6}$		230
$\pi^0 \gamma e^+ e^-$	(1.62 \pm 0.17) $\times 10^{-8}$		230
Other modes with photons or $\ell\bar{\ell}$ pairs			
2γ	(5.47 \pm 0.04) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.1	249
3γ	< 7.4 $\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	249
$e^+ e^- \gamma$	(9.4 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-6}$	S=2.0	249
$\mu^+ \mu^- \gamma$	(3.59 \pm 0.11) $\times 10^{-7}$	S=1.3	225
$e^+ e^- \gamma \gamma$	[r] (5.95 \pm 0.33) $\times 10^{-7}$		249
$\mu^+ \mu^- \gamma \gamma$	[r] (1.0 $^{+0.8}_{-0.6}$) $\times 10^{-8}$		225
Charge conjugation \times Parity (CP) or Lepton Family number (LF) violating modes, or $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current (S1) modes			
$\mu^+ \mu^-$	S1 (6.84 \pm 0.11) $\times 10^{-9}$		225
$e^+ e^-$	S1 (9 $^{+6}_{-4}$) $\times 10^{-12}$		249
$\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$	S1 [r] (3.11 \pm 0.19) $\times 10^{-7}$		206
$\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ e^-$	S1 < 6.6 $\times 10^{-9}$	CL=90%	209
$\pi^0 \pi^0 \mu^+ \mu^-$	S1 < 9.2 $\times 10^{-11}$	CL=90%	57
$\mu^+ \mu^- e^+ e^-$	S1 (2.69 \pm 0.27) $\times 10^{-9}$		225

$e^+ e^- e^+ e^-$	$S1$	$(3.56 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-8}$		249
$\pi^0 \mu^+ \mu^-$	$CP,S1$ [s]	< 3.8	$\times 10^{-10}$	CL=90% 177
$\pi^0 e^+ e^-$	$CP,S1$ [s]	< 2.8	$\times 10^{-10}$	CL=90% 230
$\pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$	$CP,S1$ [t]	< 2.6	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90% 230
$\pi^0 \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$	$S1$	< 8.1	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90% 209
$e^\pm \mu^\mp$	LF [o]	< 4.7	$\times 10^{-12}$	CL=90% 238
$e^\pm e^\pm \mu^\mp \mu^\mp$	LF [o]	< 4.12	$\times 10^{-11}$	CL=90% 225
$\pi^0 \mu^\pm e^\mp$	LF [o]	< 7.6	$\times 10^{-11}$	CL=90% 217
$\pi^0 \pi^0 \mu^\pm e^\mp$	LF	< 1.7	$\times 10^{-10}$	CL=90% 159

$K^*(892)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(1^-)$$

$K^*(892)^\pm$ hadroproduced mass $m = 891.66 \pm 0.26$ MeV

$K^*(892)^\pm$ in τ decays mass $m = 895.5 \pm 0.8$ MeV

$K^*(892)^0$ mass $m = 895.81 \pm 0.19$ MeV ($S = 1.4$)

$K^*(892)^\pm$ hadroproduced full width $\Gamma = 50.8 \pm 0.9$ MeV

$K^*(892)^\pm$ in τ decays full width $\Gamma = 46.2 \pm 1.3$ MeV

$K^*(892)^0$ full width $\Gamma = 47.4 \pm 0.6$ MeV ($S = 2.2$)

$K^*(892)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$K\pi$	~ 100	%	289
$K^0\gamma$	$(2.46 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-3}$		307
$K^\pm\gamma$	$(9.9 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4}$		309
$K\pi\pi$	< 7	$\times 10^{-4}$ 95%	223

$K_1(1270)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(1^+)$$

Mass $m = 1272 \pm 7$ MeV [u]

Full width $\Gamma = 90 \pm 20$ MeV [u]

$K_1(1270)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$K\rho$	$(42 \pm 6) \%$	46
$K_0^*(1430)\pi$	$(28 \pm 4) \%$	†
$K^*(892)\pi$	$(16 \pm 5) \%$	302
$K\omega$	$(11.0 \pm 2.0) \%$	†
$Kf_0(1370)$	$(3.0 \pm 2.0) \%$	†
γK^0	seen	539

$K_1(1400)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(1^+)$$

Mass $m = 1403 \pm 7$ MeV

Full width $\Gamma = 174 \pm 13$ MeV (S = 1.6)

$K_1(1400)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$K^*(892)\pi$	(94 \pm 6) %	402
$K\rho$	(3.0 \pm 3.0) %	293
$Kf_0(1370)$	(2.0 \pm 2.0) %	†
$K\omega$	(1.0 \pm 1.0) %	284
$K_0^*(1430)\pi$	not seen	†
γK^0	seen	613

$K^*(1410)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(1^-)$$

Mass $m = 1414 \pm 15$ MeV (S = 1.3)

Full width $\Gamma = 232 \pm 21$ MeV (S = 1.1)

$K^*(1410)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$K^*(892)\pi$	> 40 %	95%	410
$K\pi$	(6.6 \pm 1.3) %		612
$K\rho$	< 7 %	95%	305
γK^0	seen		619

$K_0^*(1430) [v]$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^+)$$

Mass $m = 1425 \pm 50$ MeV

Full width $\Gamma = 270 \pm 80$ MeV

$K_0^*(1430)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$K\pi$	(93 \pm 10) %	619
$K\eta$	(8.6 $^{+2.7}_{-3.4}$) %	486

$K_2^*(1430)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(2^+)$$

$K_2^*(1430)^\pm$ mass $m = 1425.6 \pm 1.5$ MeV (S = 1.1)

$K_2^*(1430)^0$ mass $m = 1432.4 \pm 1.3$ MeV

$K_2^*(1430)^\pm$ full width $\Gamma = 98.5 \pm 2.7$ MeV (S = 1.1)

$K_2^*(1430)^0$ full width $\Gamma = 109 \pm 5$ MeV (S = 1.9)

$K_2^*(1430)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$K\pi$	$(49.9 \pm 1.2) \%$		619
$K^*(892)\pi$	$(24.7 \pm 1.5) \%$		419
$K^*(892)\pi\pi$	$(13.4 \pm 2.2) \%$		372
$K\rho$	$(8.7 \pm 0.8) \%$	S=1.2	318
$K\omega$	$(2.9 \pm 0.8) \%$		311
$K^+\gamma$	$(2.4 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	627
$K\eta$	$(1.5^{+3.4}_{-1.0}) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.3	486
$K\omega\pi$	$< 7.2 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	100
$K^0\gamma$	$< 9 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	626

 $K^*(1680)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(1^-)$$

Mass $m = 1717 \pm 27$ MeV (S = 1.4)

Full width $\Gamma = 322 \pm 110$ MeV (S = 4.2)

$K^*(1680)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$K\pi$	$(38.7 \pm 2.5) \%$	781
$K\rho$	$(31.4^{+5.0}_{-2.1}) \%$	571
$K^*(892)\pi$	$(29.9^{+2.2}_{-5.0}) \%$	618

 $K_2(1770)$ [x]

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(2^-)$$

Mass $m = 1773 \pm 8$ MeV

Full width $\Gamma = 186 \pm 14$ MeV

$K_2(1770)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$K\pi\pi$		794
$K_2^*(1430)\pi$	dominant	288
$K^*(892)\pi$	seen	654
$Kf_2(1270)$	seen	52
$K\phi$	seen	441
$K\omega$	seen	607

$K_3^*(1780)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(3^-)$$

Mass $m = 1776 \pm 7$ MeV (S = 1.1)

Full width $\Gamma = 159 \pm 21$ MeV (S = 1.3)

$K_3^*(1780)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$K\rho$	(31 \pm 9) %		613
$K^*(892)\pi$	(20 \pm 5) %		656
$K\pi$	(18.8 \pm 1.0) %		813
$K\eta$	(30 \pm 13) %		719
$K_2^*(1430)\pi$	< 16 %	95%	291

$K_2(1820)$ [V]

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(2^-)$$

Mass $m = 1816 \pm 13$ MeV

Full width $\Gamma = 276 \pm 35$ MeV

$K_2(1820)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$K_2^*(1430)\pi$	seen	327
$K^*(892)\pi$	seen	681
$K f_2(1270)$	seen	185
$K\omega$	seen	638

$K_4^*(2045)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(4^+)$$

Mass $m = 2045 \pm 9$ MeV (S = 1.1)

Full width $\Gamma = 198 \pm 30$ MeV

$K_4^*(2045)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$K\pi$	(9.9 \pm 1.2) %	958
$K^*(892)\pi\pi$	(9 \pm 5) %	802
$K^*(892)\pi\pi\pi$	(7 \pm 5) %	768
$\rho K\pi$	(5.7 \pm 3.2) %	741
$\omega K\pi$	(5.0 \pm 3.0) %	738
$\phi K\pi$	(2.8 \pm 1.4) %	594
$\phi K^*(892)$	(1.4 \pm 0.7) %	363

NOTES

- [a] See the note in the K^\pm Particle Listings.
- [b] The definition of the slope parameters of the $K \rightarrow 3\pi$ Dalitz plot is as follows (see also “Note on Dalitz Plot Parameters for $K \rightarrow 3\pi$ Decays” in the K^\pm Particle Listings):
- $$|M|^2 = 1 + g(s_3 - s_0)/m_{\pi^+}^2 + \dots$$
- [c] See the “Note on $\pi^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ and $K^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ Form Factors” in the π^\pm Particle Listings for definitions and details.
- [d] For more details and definitions of parameters see the Particle Listings.
- [e] See the K^\pm Particle Listings for the energy limits used in this measurement.
- [f] Most of this radiative mode, the low-momentum γ part, is also included in the parent mode listed without γ 's.
- [g] Structure-dependent part.
- [h] Direct-emission branching fraction.
- [i] Derived from an analysis of neutrino-oscillation experiments.
- [j] Violates angular-momentum conservation.
- [k] Derived from measured values of ϕ_{+-} , ϕ_{00} , $|\eta|$, $|m_{K_L^0} - m_{K_S^0}|$, and $\tau_{K_S^0}$, as described in the introduction to “Tests of Conservation Laws.”
- [l] The CP -violation parameters are defined as follows (see also “Note on CP Violation in $K_S \rightarrow 3\pi$ ” and “Note on CP Violation in K_L^0 Decay” in the Particle Listings):

$$\eta_{+-} = |\eta_{+-}| e^{i\phi_{+-}} = \frac{A(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)}{A(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)} = \epsilon + \epsilon'$$

$$\eta_{00} = |\eta_{00}| e^{i\phi_{00}} = \frac{A(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0)}{A(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0)} = \epsilon - 2\epsilon'$$

$$\delta = \frac{\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \ell^+ \nu) - \Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \ell^- \nu)}{\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \ell^+ \nu) + \Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \ell^- \nu)},$$

$$\text{Im}(\eta_{+-0})^2 = \frac{\Gamma(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)^{CP \text{ viol.}}}{\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)},$$

$$\text{Im}(\eta_{000})^2 = \frac{\Gamma(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0)}{\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0)}.$$

where for the last two relations CPT is assumed valid, *i.e.*, $\text{Re}(\eta_{+-0}) \simeq 0$ and $\text{Re}(\eta_{000}) \simeq 0$.

- [n] See the K_S^0 Particle Listings for the energy limits used in this measurement.
- [o] The value is for the sum of the charge states or particle/antiparticle states indicated.
- [p] $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon) = \epsilon'/\epsilon$ to a very good approximation provided the phases satisfy *CPT* invariance.
- [q] This mode includes gammas from inner bremsstrahlung but not the direct emission mode $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma(\text{DE})$.
- [r] See the K_L^0 Particle Listings for the energy limits used in this measurement.
- [s] Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.
- [t] Violates *CP* in leading order. Test of direct *CP* violation since the indirect *CP*-violating and *CP*-conserving contributions are expected to be suppressed.
- [u] This is only an educated guess; the error given is larger than the error on the average of the published values. See the Particle Listings for details.
- [v] See the "Note on $f_0(1370)$ " in the $f_0(1370)$ Particle Listings and in the 1994 edition.
- [x] See the note in the $L(1770)$ Particle Listings in *Reviews of Modern Physics* **56** S1 (1984), p. S200. See also the "Note on $K_2(1770)$ and the $K_2(1820)$ " in the $K_2(1770)$ Particle Listings .
- [y] See the "Note on $K_2(1770)$ and the $K_2(1820)$ " in the $K_2(1770)$ Particle Listings .