



$$J = \frac{1}{2}$$

## $\mu$ MASS (atomic mass units u)

The muon's mass is obtained from the muon-electron mass ratio as determined from the measurement of Zeeman transition frequencies in muonium ( $\mu^+ e^-$  atom). Since the electron's mass is most accurately known in u, the muon's mass is also most accurately known in u. The conversion factor to MeV has approximately the same relative uncertainty as the mass of the muon in u. In this datablock we give the result in u, and in the following datablock in MeV.

| <u>VALUE (u)</u>  | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>         |
|---|--------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| <b>0.1134289257 ± 0.0000000025</b>  | MOHR               | 16          | RVUE 2014 CODATA value |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ● |                    |             |                        |
| 0.1134289267 ± 0.0000000029   | MOHR               | 12          | RVUE 2010 CODATA value |
| 0.1134289256 ± 0.0000000029   | MOHR               | 08          | RVUE 2006 CODATA value |
| 0.1134289264 ± 0.0000000030   | MOHR               | 05          | RVUE 2002 CODATA value |
| 0.1134289168 ± 0.0000000034   | <sup>1</sup> MOHR  | 99          | RVUE 1998 CODATA value |
| 0.113428913 ± 0.0000000017  | <sup>2</sup> COHEN | 87          | RVUE 1986 CODATA value |

<sup>1</sup> MOHR 99 make use of other 1998 CODATA entries below.

<sup>2</sup> COHEN 87 make use of other 1986 CODATA entries below.

## $\mu$ MASS

2010 CODATA (MOHR 12) gives the conversion factor from u (atomic mass units, see the above datablock) to MeV as 931.494 061 (21). Earlier values use the then-current conversion factor. The conversion error contributes significantly to the uncertainty of the masses given below.

| <u>VALUE (MeV)</u>  | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>  | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>    |
|---|---------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|
| <b>105.6583745 ± 0.0000024</b>  | MOHR                | 16          | RVUE       | 2014 CODATA value |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ● |                     |             |            |                   |
| 105.6583715 ± 0.0000035   | MOHR                | 12          | RVUE       | 2010 CODATA value |
| 105.6583668 ± 0.0000038   | MOHR                | 08          | RVUE       | 2006 CODATA value |
| 105.6583692 ± 0.0000094   | MOHR                | 05          | RVUE       | 2002 CODATA value |
| 105.6583568 ± 0.0000052   | MOHR                | 99          | RVUE       | 1998 CODATA value |
| 105.658353 ± 0.000016   | <sup>1</sup> COHEN  | 87          | RVUE       | 1986 CODATA value |
| 105.658386 ± 0.000044   | <sup>2</sup> MARIAM | 82          | CNTR +     |                   |
| 105.65836 ± 0.00026   | <sup>3</sup> CROWE  | 72          | CNTR       |                   |
| 105.65865 ± 0.00044   | <sup>4</sup> CRANE  | 71          | CNTR       |                   |

<sup>1</sup> Converted to MeV using the 1998 CODATA value of the conversion constant, 931.494013 ± 0.000037 MeV/u.

<sup>2</sup> MARIAM 82 give  $m_\mu/m_e = 206.768259(62)$ .

<sup>3</sup> CROWE 72 give  $m_\mu/m_e = 206.7682(5)$ .

<sup>4</sup> CRANE 71 give  $m_\mu/m_e = 206.76878(85)$ .

**$\mu$  MEAN LIFE  $\tau$** 

Measurements with an error  $> 0.001 \times 10^{-6}$  s have been omitted.

| <u>VALUE (<math>10^{-6}</math> s)</u>   | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>                   |
|---|--------------------|-------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| <b>2.1969811 <math>\pm</math> 0.0000022 OUR AVERAGE</b>                                       |                    |             |            |                                  |
| 2.1969803 $\pm$ 0.0000021 $\pm$ 0.0000007 <sup>1</sup>  | TISHCHENKO 13      | CNTR        | +          | Surface $\mu^+$ at PSI           |
| 2.197083 $\pm$ 0.000032 $\pm$ 0.000015  | BARCZYK 08         | CNTR        | +          | Muons from $\pi^+$ decay at rest |
| 2.197013 $\pm$ 0.000021 $\pm$ 0.000011  | CHITWOOD 07        | CNTR        | +          | Surface $\mu^+$ at PSI           |
| 2.197078 $\pm$ 0.000073   | BARDIN 84          | CNTR        | +          |                                  |
| 2.197025 $\pm$ 0.000155   | BARDIN 84          | CNTR        | -          |                                  |
| 2.19695 $\pm$ 0.00006   | GIOVANETTI 84      | CNTR        | +          |                                  |
| 2.19711 $\pm$ 0.00008   | BALANDIN 74        | CNTR        | +          |                                  |
| 2.1973 $\pm$ 0.0003   | DUCLOS 73          | CNTR        | +          |                                  |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •                 |                    |             |            |                                  |
| 2.1969803 $\pm$ 0.0000022   | WEBBER 11          | CNTR        | +          | Surface $\mu^+$ at PSI           |
| <sup>1</sup> TISHCHENKO 13 uses $1.6 \times 10^{12}$ $\mu^+$ events and supersedes WEBBER 11. |                    |             |            |                                  |

 **$\tau_{\mu^+}/\tau_{\mu^-}$  MEAN LIFE RATIO**

A test of *CPT* invariance.

| <u>VALUE</u>  | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>            |
|---|--------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| <b>1.000024 <math>\pm</math> 0.000078</b>                                     |                    |             |                           |
|   | BARDIN 84          | CNTR        |                           |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • |                    |             |                           |
| 1.0008 $\pm$ 0.0010   | BAILEY 79          | CNTR        | Storage ring              |
| 1.000 $\pm$ 0.001   | MEYER 63           | CNTR        | Mean life $\mu^+ / \mu^-$ |

 **$(\tau_{\mu^+} - \tau_{\mu^-}) / \tau_{\text{average}}$** 

A test of *CPT* invariance. Calculated from the mean-life ratio, above.

| <u>VALUE</u>  | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> |
|---|--------------------|
| <b><math>(2 \pm 8) \times 10^{-5}</math> OUR EVALUATION</b> |                    |

 **$\mu/p$  MAGNETIC MOMENT RATIO**

This ratio is used to obtain a precise value of the muon mass and to reduce experimental muon Larmor frequency measurements to the muon magnetic moment anomaly. Measurements with an error  $> 0.00001$  have been omitted. By convention, the minus sign on this ratio is omitted. CODATA values were fitted using their selection of data, plus other data from multiparameter fits.

| <u>VALUE</u>  | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>    |
|---|--------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|
| <b>3.183345142 <math>\pm</math> 0.000000071</b>                               |                    |             |            |                   |
|   | MOHR 16            | RVUE        |            | 2014 CODATA value |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • |                    |             |            |                   |
| 3.183345107 $\pm$ 0.000000084   | MOHR 12            | RVUE        |            | 2010 CODATA value |

|                           |           |    |        |                   |
|---------------------------|-----------|----|--------|-------------------|
| 3.183345137 ± 0.000000085 | MOHR      | 08 | RVUE   | 2006 CODATA value |
| 3.183345118 ± 0.000000089 | MOHR      | 05 | RVUE   | 2002 CODATA value |
| 3.18334513 ± 0.000000039  | LIU       | 99 | CNTR + | HFS in muonium    |
| 3.18334539 ± 0.000000010  | MOHR      | 99 | RVUE   | 1998 CODATA value |
| 3.18334547 ± 0.000000047  | COHEN     | 87 | RVUE   | 1986 CODATA value |
| 3.1833441 ± 0.00000017    | KLEMPT    | 82 | CNTR + | Precession strob  |
| 3.1833461 ± 0.00000011    | MARIAM    | 82 | CNTR + | HFS splitting     |
| 3.1833448 ± 0.00000029    | CAMANI    | 78 | CNTR + | See KLEMPT 82     |
| 3.1833403 ± 0.00000044    | CASPERSON | 77 | CNTR + | HFS splitting     |
| 3.1833402 ± 0.00000072    | COHEN     | 73 | RVUE   | 1973 CODATA value |
| 3.1833467 ± 0.00000082    | CROWE     | 72 | CNTR + | Precession phase  |

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### $\mu$ MAGNETIC MOMENT ANOMALY

The parity-violating decay of muons in a storage ring is observed. The difference frequency  $\omega_a$  between the muon spin precession and the orbital angular frequency  $(e/m_\mu c)\langle B \rangle$  is measured, as is the free proton NMR frequency  $\omega_p$ , thus determining the ratio  $R = \omega_a/\omega_p$ . Given the magnetic moment ratio  $\lambda = \mu_\mu/\mu_p$  (from hyperfine structure in muonium),  $(g-2)/2 = R/(\lambda - R)$ .

$$\mu_\mu/(e\hbar/2m_\mu) - 1 = (g_\mu - 2)/2$$

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-10}</math>)</u>                                    | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>   | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>              |
|---|----------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>11659208.9 ± 5.4 ± 3.3</b>   | <sup>1</sup> BENNETT | 06          | MUG2       | Average $\mu^+$ and $\mu^-$ |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ● |                      |             |            |                             |
| 11659208 ± 6  | BENNETT              | 04          | MUG2       | Average $\mu^+$ and $\mu^-$ |
| 11659214 ± 8 ± 3  | BENNETT              | 04          | MUG2 -     | Storage ring                |
| 11659203 ± 6 ± 5  | BENNETT              | 04          | MUG2 +     | Storage ring                |
| 11659204 ± 7 ± 5  | BENNETT              | 02          | MUG2 +     | Storage ring                |
| 11659202 ± 14 ± 6   | BROWN                | 01          | MUG2 +     | Storage ring                |
| 11659191 ± 59   | BROWN                | 00          | MUG2 +     |                             |
| 11659100 ± 110  | <sup>2</sup> BAILEY  | 79          | CNTR +     | Storage ring                |
| 11659360 ± 120  | <sup>2</sup> BAILEY  | 79          | CNTR -     | Storage ring                |
| 11659230 ± 85   | <sup>2</sup> BAILEY  | 79          | CNTR ±     | Storage ring                |
| 11620000 ± 5000   | CHARPAK              | 62          | CNTR +     |                             |

<sup>1</sup> BENNETT 06 reports  $(g_\mu - 2)/2 = (11659208.0 \pm 5.4 \pm 3.3) \times 10^{-10}$ . We rescaled this value using  $\mu/p$  magnetic moment ratio of 3.183345137(85) from MOHR 08.

<sup>2</sup> BAILEY 79 values recalculated by HUGHES 99 using the COHEN 87  $\mu/p$  magnetic moment. The improved MOHR 99 value does not change the result.

$$(g_{\mu^+} - g_{\mu^-}) / g_{\text{average}}$$

A test of *CPT* invariance.

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-8}</math>)</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|---|--------------------|-------------|
| <b>-0.11 ± 0.12</b>                       | BENNETT            | 04 MUG2     |

● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●

−2.6 ± 1.6

BAILEY

79 CNTR

**μ ELECTRIC DIPOLE MOMENT (d)**A nonzero value is forbidden by both  $T$  invariance and  $P$  invariance.

| <u>VALUE (<math>10^{-19}</math> ecm)</u>                                      | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>   | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|----------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| <b>−0.1±0.9</b>   | <sup>1</sup> BENNETT | 09          | MUG2 ±     | Storage ring   |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ● |                      |             |            |                |
| −0.1±1.0  | BENNETT              | 09          | MUG2 +     | Storage ring   |
| −0.1±0.7  | BENNETT              | 09          | MUG2 −     | Storage ring   |
| −3.7±3.4  | <sup>2</sup> BAILEY  | 78          | CNTR ±     | Storage ring   |
| 8.6±4.5   | BAILEY               | 78          | CNTR +     | Storage ring   |
| 0.8±4.3   | BAILEY               | 78          | CNTR −     | Storage ring   |

<sup>1</sup> This is the combination of the two BENNETT 09 results quoted here separately for  $\mu^+$  and  $\mu^-$ . BENNETT 09 uses the convention  $d = 1/2 \cdot (d_{\mu^-} - d_{\mu^+})$ .

<sup>2</sup> This is the combination of the two BAILEY 78 results quoted here separately for  $\mu^+$  and  $\mu^-$ . BAILEY 78 uses the convention  $d = 1/2 \cdot (d_{\mu^+} - d_{\mu^-})$  and reports  $3.7 \pm 3.4$ . We convert their result to use the same convention as BENNETT 09.

**MUON-ELECTRON CHARGE RATIO ANOMALY  $q_{\mu^+}/q_{e^-} + 1$** 

| <u>VALUE</u>                       | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>         |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|
| <b>(1.1±2.1) × 10<sup>−9</sup></b> | <sup>1</sup> MEYER | 00          | CNTR +     | 1s–2s muonium interval |

<sup>1</sup> MEYER 00 measure the 1s–2s muonium interval, and then interpret the result in terms of muon-electron charge ratio  $q_{\mu^+}/q_{e^-}$ .

**μ<sup>−</sup> DECAY MODES**

$\mu^+$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

| Mode   | Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )     | Confidence level |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------|
| $\Gamma_1$ $e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu$         | $\approx 100\%$                    |                  |
| $\Gamma_2$ $e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu \gamma$  | [a] $(1.4 \pm 0.4)\%$              |                  |
| $\Gamma_3$ $e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu e^+ e^-$ | [b] $(3.4 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-5}$ |                  |

**Lepton Family number (LF) violating modes**

|                                      |    |             |                   |     |
|--------------------------------------|----|-------------|-------------------|-----|
| $\Gamma_4$ $e^- \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\mu$ | LF | [c] $< 1.2$ | %                 | 90% |
| $\Gamma_5$ $e^- \gamma$              | LF | $< 5.7$     | $\times 10^{-13}$ | 90% |
| $\Gamma_6$ $e^- e^+ e^-$             | LF | $< 1.0$     | $\times 10^{-12}$ | 90% |
| $\Gamma_7$ $e^- 2\gamma$             | LF | $< 7.2$     | $\times 10^{-11}$ | 90% |

[a] This only includes events with the  $\gamma$  energy  $> 10$  MeV. Since the  $e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu$  and  $e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu \gamma$  modes cannot be clearly separated, we regard the latter mode as a subset of the former.

[b] See the Particle Listings below for the energy limits used in this measurement.

[c] A test of additive vs. multiplicative lepton family number conservation.

### $\mu^-$ BRANCHING RATIOS

#### $\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu \gamma) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_2 / \Gamma$

| VALUE                | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID   | TECN | CHG | COMMENT                |
|----------------------|------|---|------|-----|------------------------|
| <b>0.014 ± 0.004</b> |      | CRITTENDEN 61   | CNTR | +   | $\gamma$ KE > 10 MeV   |
|                      |      | • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • |      |     |                        |
|                      | 862  | BOGART 67   | CNTR | +   | $\gamma$ KE > 14.5 MeV |
| 0.0033 ± 0.0013      |      | CRITTENDEN 61   | CNTR | +   | $\gamma$ KE > 20 MeV   |
|                      | 27   | ASHKIN 59   | CNTR | +   |                        |

#### $\Gamma(e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_3 / \Gamma$

| VALUE (units $10^{-5}$ ) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID   | TECN | CHG | COMMENT               |
|--------------------------|------|---|------|-----|-----------------------|
| <b>3.4 ± 0.2 ± 0.3</b>   | 7443 | <sup>1</sup> BERTL 85   | SPEC | +   | SINDRUM               |
|                          |      | • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • |      |     |                       |
| 2.2 ± 1.5                | 7    | <sup>2</sup> CRITTENDEN 61  | HLBC | +   | $E(e^+ e^-) > 10$ MeV |
| 2                        | 1    | <sup>3</sup> GUREVICH 60  | EMUL | +   |                       |
| 1.5 ± 1.0                | 3    | <sup>4</sup> LEE 59   | HBC  | +   |                       |

<sup>1</sup> BERTL 85 has transverse momentum cut  $p_T > 17$  MeV/c. Systematic error was increased by us.

<sup>2</sup> CRITTENDEN 61 count only those decays where total energy of either ( $e^+$ ,  $e^-$ ) combination is >10 MeV.

<sup>3</sup> GUREVICH 60 interpret their event as either virtual or real photon conversion.  $e^+$  and  $e^-$  energies not measured.

<sup>4</sup> In the three LEE 59 events, the sum of energies  $E(e^+) + E(e^-) + E(e^+)$  was 51 MeV, 55 MeV, and 33 MeV.

#### $\Gamma(e^- \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\mu) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_4 / \Gamma$

Forbidden by the additive conservation law for lepton family number. A multiplicative law predicts this branching ratio to be 1/2. For a review see NEMETHY 81.

| VALUE             | CL% | DOCUMENT ID   | TECN | CHG | COMMENT   |
|-------------------|-----|---|------|-----|---|
| <b>&lt; 0.012</b> | 90  | <sup>1</sup> FREEDMAN 93  | CNTR | +   | $\nu$ oscillation search                        |
|                   |     | • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • |      |     |   |
| < 0.018           | 90  | KRAKAUER 91B  | CALO | +   |   |
| < 0.05            | 90  | <sup>2</sup> BERGSMA 83   | CALO | +   | $\bar{\nu}_\mu e \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_e$ |
| < 0.09            | 90  | JONKER 80   | CALO | +   | See BERGSMA 83                                  |
| -0.001 ± 0.061    |     | WILLIS 80   | CNTR | +   |   |
| 0.13 ± 0.15       |     | BLIETSCHAU 78   | HLBC | ±   | Avg. of 4 values                                |
| < 0.25            | 90  | EICHTEN 73  | HLBC | +   |   |

<sup>1</sup> FREEDMAN 93 limit on  $\bar{\nu}_e$  observation is here interpreted as a limit on lepton family number violation.

<sup>2</sup> BERGSMA 83 gives a limit on the inverse muon decay cross-section ratio  $\sigma(\bar{\nu}_\mu e^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_e) / \sigma(\nu_\mu e^- \rightarrow \mu^- \nu_e)$ , which is essentially equivalent to  $\Gamma(e^- \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\mu) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$  for small values like that quoted.

$\Gamma(e^- \gamma) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_5 / \Gamma$ 

Forbidden by lepton family number conservation.

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-11}</math>)</u>                                    | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| <b>&lt; 0.057</b>   | 90         | ADAM               | 13B         | SPEC       | + MEG at PSI   |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ● |            |                    |             |            |                |
| < 0.24  | 90         | ADAM               | 11          | SPEC       | + MEG at PSI   |
| < 2.8   | 90         | ADAM               | 10          | SPEC       | + MEG at PSI   |
| < 1.2   | 90         | AHMED              | 02          | SPEC       | + MEGA         |
| < 1.2   | 90         | BROOKS             | 99          | SPEC       | + LAMPF        |
| < 4.9   | 90         | BOLTON             | 88          | CBOX       | + LAMPF        |
| <100  | 90         | AZUELOS            | 83          | CNTR       | + TRIUMF       |
| < 17  | 90         | KINNISON           | 82          | SPEC       | + LAMPF        |
| <100  | 90         | SCHAAF             | 80          | ELEC       | + SIN          |

 $\Gamma(e^- e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_6 / \Gamma$ 

Forbidden by lepton family number conservation.

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-12}</math>)</u>                                    | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>    | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| <b>&lt; 1.0</b>   | 90         | <sup>1</sup> BELGARDT | 88          | SPEC       | + SINDRUM      |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ● |            |                       |             |            |                |
| < 36  | 90         | BARANOV               | 91          | SPEC       | + ARES         |
| < 35  | 90         | BOLTON                | 88          | CBOX       | + LAMPF        |
| < 2.4   | 90         | <sup>1</sup> BERTL    | 85          | SPEC       | + SINDRUM      |
| <160  | 90         | <sup>1</sup> BERTL    | 84          | SPEC       | + SINDRUM      |
| <130  | 90         | <sup>1</sup> BOLTON   | 84          | CNTR       | LAMPF          |

<sup>1</sup>These experiments assume a constant matrix element. $\Gamma(e^- 2\gamma) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_7 / \Gamma$ 

Forbidden by lepton family number conservation.

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-11}</math>)</u>                                    | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>   | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>    |
|---|------------|----------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|
| <b>&lt; 7.2</b>   | 90         | BOLTON               | 88          | CBOX       | + LAMPF           |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ● |            |                      |             |            |                   |
| < 840   | 90         | <sup>1</sup> AZUELOS | 83          | CNTR       | + TRIUMF          |
| <5000   | 90         | <sup>2</sup> BOWMAN  | 78          | CNTR       | DEPOMMIER 77 data |

<sup>1</sup>AZUELOS 83 uses the phase space distribution of BOWMAN 78.<sup>2</sup>BOWMAN 78 assumes an interaction Lagrangian local on the scale of the inverse  $\mu$  mass.**LIMIT ON  $\mu^- \rightarrow e^-$  CONVERSION**

Forbidden by lepton family number conservation.

 $\sigma(\mu^- {}^{32}\text{S} \rightarrow e^- {}^{32}\text{S}) / \sigma(\mu^- {}^{32}\text{S} \rightarrow \nu_\mu {}^{32}\text{P}^*)$ 

| <u>VALUE</u>  | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
| <b>&lt; <math>7 \times 10^{-11}</math></b>                                    | 90         | BADERT...          | 80          | STRC SIN       |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ● |            |                    |             |                |
| < $4 \times 10^{-10}$   | 90         | BADERT...          | 77          | STRC SIN       |

$\sigma(\mu^- \text{Cu} \rightarrow e^- \text{Cu}) / \sigma(\mu^- \text{Cu} \rightarrow \text{capture})$ 

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

|                       |    |        |    |      |
|-----------------------|----|--------|----|------|
| $<1.6 \times 10^{-8}$ | 90 | BRYMAN | 72 | SPEC |
|-----------------------|----|--------|----|------|

 $\sigma(\mu^- \text{Ti} \rightarrow e^- \text{Ti}) / \sigma(\mu^- \text{Ti} \rightarrow \text{capture})$ 

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|

|                        |    |                     |    |                 |
|------------------------|----|---------------------|----|-----------------|
| $<4.3 \times 10^{-12}$ | 90 | <sup>1</sup> DOHMEN | 93 | SPEC SINDRUM II |
|------------------------|----|---------------------|----|-----------------|

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

|                        |    |        |    |            |
|------------------------|----|--------|----|------------|
| $<4.6 \times 10^{-12}$ | 90 | AHMAD  | 88 | TPC TRIUMF |
| $<1.6 \times 10^{-11}$ | 90 | BRYMAN | 85 | TPC TRIUMF |

<sup>1</sup>DOHMEN 93 assumes  $\mu^- \rightarrow e^-$  conversion leaves the nucleus in its ground state, a process enhanced by coherence and expected to dominate. $\sigma(\mu^- \text{Pb} \rightarrow e^- \text{Pb}) / \sigma(\mu^- \text{Pb} \rightarrow \text{capture})$ 

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|

|                        |    |          |    |                 |
|------------------------|----|----------|----|-----------------|
| $<4.6 \times 10^{-11}$ | 90 | HONECKER | 96 | SPEC SINDRUM II |
|------------------------|----|----------|----|-----------------|

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

|                        |    |       |    |            |
|------------------------|----|-------|----|------------|
| $<4.9 \times 10^{-10}$ | 90 | AHMAD | 88 | TPC TRIUMF |
|------------------------|----|-------|----|------------|

 $\sigma(\mu^- \text{Au} \rightarrow e^- \text{Au}) / \sigma(\mu^- \text{Au} \rightarrow \text{capture})$ 

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|

|                      |    |       |    |      |              |
|----------------------|----|-------|----|------|--------------|
| $<7 \times 10^{-13}$ | 90 | BERTL | 06 | SPEC | – SINDRUM II |
|----------------------|----|-------|----|------|--------------|

**LIMIT ON  $\mu^- \rightarrow e^+$  CONVERSION**

Forbidden by total lepton number conservation.

 $\sigma(\mu^- {}^{32}\text{S} \rightarrow e^+ {}^{32}\text{Si}^*) / \sigma(\mu^- {}^{32}\text{S} \rightarrow \nu_\mu {}^{32}\text{P}^*)$ 

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|

|                      |    |           |    |          |
|----------------------|----|-----------|----|----------|
| $<9 \times 10^{-10}$ | 90 | BADERT... | 80 | STRC SIN |
|----------------------|----|-----------|----|----------|

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

|                       |    |           |    |          |
|-----------------------|----|-----------|----|----------|
| $<1.5 \times 10^{-9}$ | 90 | BADERT... | 78 | STRC SIN |
|-----------------------|----|-----------|----|----------|

 $\sigma(\mu^- {}^{127}\text{I} \rightarrow e^+ {}^{127}\text{Sb}^*) / \sigma(\mu^- {}^{127}\text{I} \rightarrow \text{anything})$ 

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|

|                      |    |                    |    |                          |
|----------------------|----|--------------------|----|--------------------------|
| $<3 \times 10^{-10}$ | 90 | <sup>1</sup> ABELA | 80 | CNTR Radiochemical tech. |
|----------------------|----|--------------------|----|--------------------------|

<sup>1</sup>ABELA 80 is upper limit for  $\mu^- e^+$  conversion leading to particle-stable states of  ${}^{127}\text{Sb}$ . Limit for total conversion rate is higher by a factor less than 4 (G. Backenstoss, private communication).

$\sigma(\mu^- \text{Cu} \rightarrow e^+ \text{Co}) / \sigma(\mu^- \text{Cu} \rightarrow \nu_\mu \text{Ni})$ 

| <u>VALUE</u>           | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|
| $< 2.6 \times 10^{-8}$ | 90         | BRYMAN             | 72 SPEC     |
| $< 2.2 \times 10^{-7}$ | 90         | CONFORTO           | 62 OSPK     |

 $\sigma(\mu^- \text{Ti} \rightarrow e^+ \text{Ca}) / \sigma(\mu^- \text{Ti} \rightarrow \text{capture})$ 

| <u>VALUE</u>            | <u>CL%</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>     | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| $< 3.6 \times 10^{-11}$ | 90         | 1           | <sup>1,2</sup> KAULARD | 98          | SPEC       | – SINDRUM II   |
| $< 1.7 \times 10^{-12}$ | 90         | 1           | <sup>2,3</sup> KAULARD | 98          | SPEC       | – SINDRUM II   |
| $< 4.3 \times 10^{-12}$ | 90         |             | <sup>3</sup> DOHMEN    | 93          | SPEC       | SINDRUM II     |
| $< 8.9 \times 10^{-11}$ | 90         |             | <sup>1</sup> DOHMEN    | 93          | SPEC       | SINDRUM II     |
| $< 1.7 \times 10^{-10}$ | 90         |             | <sup>4</sup> AHMAD     | 88          | TPC        | TRIUMF         |

<sup>1</sup> This limit assumes a giant resonance excitation of the daughter Ca nucleus (mean energy and width both 20 MeV).

<sup>2</sup> KAULARD 98 obtained these same limits using the unified classical analysis of FELDMAN 98.

<sup>3</sup> This limit assumes the daughter Ca nucleus is left in the ground state. However, the probability of this is unknown.

<sup>4</sup> Assuming a giant-resonance-excitation model.

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## LIMIT ON MUONIUM $\rightarrow$ ANTIMUONIUM CONVERSION

Forbidden by lepton family number conservation.

$$R_g = G_C / G_F$$

The effective Lagrangian for the  $\mu^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^- e^+$  conversion is assumed to be

$$\mathcal{L} = 2^{-1/2} G_C [\bar{\psi}_\mu \gamma_\lambda (1 - \gamma_5) \psi_e] [\bar{\psi}_\mu \gamma_\lambda (1 - \gamma_5) \psi_e] + \text{h.c.}$$

The experimental result is then an upper limit on  $G_C/G_F$ , where  $G_F$  is the Fermi coupling constant.

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>    | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>        |
|--------------|------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------|
| $< 0.0030$   | 90         | 1           | <sup>1</sup> WILLMANN | 99          | SPEC       | + $\mu^+$ at 26 GeV/c |
| $< 0.14$     | 90         | 1           | <sup>2</sup> GORDEEV  | 97          | SPEC       | + JINR phasotron      |
| $< 0.018$    | 90         | 0           | <sup>3</sup> ABELA    | 96          | SPEC       | + $\mu^+$ at 24 MeV   |
| $< 6.9$      | 90         |             | NI                    | 93          | CBOX       | LAMPF                 |
| $< 0.16$     | 90         |             | MATTHIAS              | 91          | SPEC       | LAMPF                 |
| $< 0.29$     | 90         |             | HUBER                 | 90B         | CNTR       | TRIUMF                |
| $< 20$       | 95         |             | BEER                  | 86          | CNTR       | TRIUMF                |
| $< 42$       | 95         |             | MARSHALL              | 82          | CNTR       |                       |

<sup>1</sup> WILLMANN 99 quote both probability  $P_{MM} < 8.3 \times 10^{-11}$  at 90%CL in a 0.1 T field and  $R_g = G_C/G_F$ .

<sup>2</sup> GORDEEV 97 quote limits on both  $f = G_{MM}/G_F$  and the probability  $W_{MM} < 4.7 \times 10^{-7}$  (90% CL).

<sup>3</sup> ABELA 96 quote both probability  $P_{MM} < 8 \times 10^{-9}$  at 90% CL and  $R_g = G_C/G_F$ .

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## $\mu$ DECAY PARAMETERS

### $\rho$ PARAMETER

( $V-A$ ) theory predicts  $\rho = 0.75$ .

| <u>VALUE</u>  | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>     | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>  |
|---|-------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|
| <b>0.74979 ± 0.00026 OUR AVERAGE</b>  |             |                        |             |            |                 |
| 0.74977 ± 0.00012 ± 0.00023   |             | <sup>1</sup> BAYES     | 11 TWST     | +          | Surface $\mu^+$ |
| 0.7518 ± 0.0026   |             | DERENZO                | 69 RVUE     |            |                 |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ● |             |                        |             |            |                 |
| 0.75014 ± 0.00017 ± 0.00045   |             | <sup>2</sup> MACDONALD | 08 TWST     | +          | Surface $\mu^+$ |
| 0.75080 ± 0.00032 ± 0.00100   | 6G          | <sup>3</sup> MUSSER    | 05 TWST     | +          | Surface $\mu^+$ |
| 0.72 ± 0.06 ± 0.08  |             | AMORUSO                | 04 ICAR     |            | Liquid Ar TPC   |
| 0.762 ± 0.008   | 170k        | <sup>4</sup> FRYBERGER | 68 ASPK     | +          | 25–53 MeV $e^+$ |
| 0.760 ± 0.009   | 280k        | <sup>4</sup> SHERWOOD  | 67 ASPK     | +          | 25–53 MeV $e^+$ |
| 0.7503 ± 0.0026   | 800k        | <sup>4</sup> PEOPLES   | 66 ASPK     | +          | 20–53 MeV $e^+$ |

<sup>1</sup> The quoted systematic error includes a contribution of 0.00013 (added in quadrature) from uncertainties on radiative corrections and on the Michel parameter  $\eta$ .

<sup>2</sup> The quoted systematic error includes a contribution of 0.00011 (added in quadrature) from the dependence on the Michel parameter  $\eta$ .

<sup>3</sup> The quoted systematic error includes a contribution of 0.00023 (added in quadrature) from the dependence on the Michel parameter  $\eta$ .

<sup>4</sup>  $\eta$  constrained = 0. These values incorporated into a two parameter fit to  $\rho$  and  $\eta$  by DERENZO 69.

### $\eta$ PARAMETER

( $V-A$ ) theory predicts  $\eta = 0$ .

| <u>VALUE</u>  | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>     | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>    |
|---|-------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|
| <b>0.057 ± 0.034 OUR AVERAGE</b>  |             |                        |             |            |                   |
| 0.071 ± 0.037 ± 0.005   | 30M         | DANNEBERG              | 05 CNTR     | +          | 7–53 MeV $e^+$    |
| 0.011 ± 0.081 ± 0.026   | 5.3M        | <sup>1</sup> BURKARD   | 85BCNTR     | +          | 9–53 MeV $e^+$    |
| −0.12 ± 0.21  | 6346        | DERENZO                | 69 HBC      | +          | 1.6–6.8 MeV $e^+$ |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ● |             |                        |             |            |                   |
| −0.0021 ± 0.0070 ± 0.0010   | 30M         | <sup>2</sup> DANNEBERG | 05 CNTR     | +          | 7–53 MeV $e^+$    |
| −0.012 ± 0.015 ± 0.003  | 5.3M        | <sup>2</sup> BURKARD   | 85BCNTR     | +          | 9–53 MeV $e^+$    |
| −0.007 ± 0.013  | 5.3M        | <sup>3</sup> BURKARD   | 85BFIT      | +          | 9–53 MeV $e^+$    |
| −0.7 ± 0.5  | 170k        | <sup>4</sup> FRYBERGER | 68 ASPK     | +          | 25–53 MeV $e^+$   |
| −0.7 ± 0.6  | 280k        | <sup>4</sup> SHERWOOD  | 67 ASPK     | +          | 25–53 MeV $e^+$   |
| 0.05 ± 0.5  | 800k        | <sup>4</sup> PEOPLES   | 66 ASPK     | +          | 20–53 MeV $e^+$   |
| −2.0 ± 0.9  | 9213        | <sup>5</sup> PLANO     | 60 HBC      | +          | Whole spectrum    |

<sup>1</sup> Previously we used the global fit result from BURKARD 85B in OUR AVERAGE, we now only include their actual measurement.

<sup>2</sup>  $\alpha = \alpha' = 0$  assumed.

<sup>3</sup> Global fit to all measured parameters. The fit correlation coefficients are given in BURKARD 85B.

<sup>4</sup>  $\rho$  constrained = 0.75.

<sup>5</sup> Two parameter fit to  $\rho$  and  $\eta$ ; PLANO 60 discounts value for  $\eta$ .

**$\delta$  PARAMETER** $(V-A)$  theory predicts  $\delta = 0.75$ .

| VALUE   | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID          | TECN | CHG  | COMMENT           |
|---|------|----------------------|------|------|-------------------|
| <b>0.75047 ± 0.00034 OUR AVERAGE</b>  |      |                      |      |      |                   |
| 0.75049 ± 0.00021 ± 0.00027   |      | <sup>1</sup> BAYES   | 11   | TWST | + Surface $\mu^+$ |
| 0.7486 ± 0.0026 ± 0.0028  |      | <sup>2</sup> BALKE   | 88   | SPEC | + Surface $\mu^+$ |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ● |      |                      |      |      |                   |
| 0.75067 ± 0.00030 ± 0.00067   |      | MACDONALD            | 08   | TWST | + Surface $\mu^+$ |
| 0.74964 ± 0.00066 ± 0.00112   | 6G   | GAPONENKO            | 05   | TWST | + Surface $\mu^+$ |
|   |      | <sup>3</sup> VOSSLER | 69   |      |                   |
| 0.752 ± 0.009   | 490k | FRYBERGER            | 68   | ASPK | + 25–53 MeV $e^+$ |
| 0.782 ± 0.031   |      | KRUGER               | 61   |      |                   |
| 0.78 ± 0.05   | 8354 | PLANO                | 60   | HBC  | + Whole spectrum  |

<sup>1</sup> The quoted systematic error includes a contribution of 0.00006 (added in quadrature) from uncertainties on radiative corrections and on the Michel parameter  $\eta$ .

<sup>2</sup> BALKE 88 uses  $\rho = 0.752 \pm 0.003$ .

<sup>3</sup> VOSSLER 69 has measured the asymmetry below 10 MeV. See comments about radiative corrections in VOSSLER 69.

 **$(\xi \text{ PARAMETER}) \times (\mu \text{ LONGITUDINAL POLARIZATION})$**  $(V-A)$  theory predicts  $\xi = 1$ , longitudinal polarization = 1.

| VALUE   | DOCUMENT ID           | TECN | CHG  | COMMENT                           |
|---|-----------------------|------|------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>1.0009 <math>\begin{smallmatrix} +0.0016 \\ -0.0007 \end{smallmatrix}</math> OUR AVERAGE</b> |                       |      |      |                                   |
| 1.00084 ± 0.00029 $\begin{smallmatrix} +0.00165 \\ -0.00063 \end{smallmatrix}$                  | BUENO                 | 11   | TWST | Surface $\mu^+$ beam              |
| 1.0027 ± 0.0079 ± 0.0030  | BELTRAMI              | 87   | CNTR | SIN, $\pi$ decay in flight        |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●                   |                       |      |      |                                   |
| 1.0003 ± 0.0006 ± 0.0038  | JAMIESON              | 06   | TWST | + surface $\mu^+$ beam            |
| 1.0013 ± 0.0030 ± 0.0053  | <sup>1</sup> IMAZATO  | 92   | SPEC | + $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ |
| 0.975 ± 0.015   | AKHMANOV              | 68   | EMUL | 140 kG                            |
| 0.975 ± 0.030   | GUREVICH              | 64   | EMUL | See AKHMANOV 68                   |
| 0.903 ± 0.027   | <sup>2</sup> ALI-ZADE | 61   | EMUL | + 27 kG                           |
| 0.93 ± 0.06   | PLANO                 | 60   | HBC  | + 8.8 kG                          |
| 0.97 ± 0.05   | BARDON                | 59   | CNTR | Bromoform target                  |

<sup>1</sup> The corresponding 90% confidence limit from IMAZATO 92 is  $|\xi P_\mu| > 0.990$ . This measurement is of  $K^+$  decay, not  $\pi^+$  decay, so we do not include it in an average, nor do we yet set up a separate data block for  $K$  results.

<sup>2</sup> Depolarization by medium not known sufficiently well.

 **$\xi \times (\mu \text{ LONGITUDINAL POLARIZATION}) \times \delta / \rho$** 

| VALUE  | CL% | DOCUMENT ID          | TECN | CHG  | COMMENT                |
|--|-----|----------------------|------|------|------------------------|
| <b>1.00179 <math>\begin{smallmatrix} +0.00156 \\ -0.00071 \end{smallmatrix}</math></b> |     |                      |      |      |                        |
|  |     | <sup>1</sup> BAYES   | 11   | TWST | + Surface $\mu^+$ beam |
| ● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●          |     |                      |      |      |                        |
| >0.99682   | 90  | <sup>2</sup> JODIDIO | 86   | SPEC | + TRIUMF               |
| >0.9966  | 90  | <sup>3</sup> STOKER  | 85   | SPEC | + $\mu$ -spin rotation |
| >0.9959  | 90  | CARR                 | 83   | SPEC | + 11 kG                |

<sup>1</sup> BAYES 11 obtains the limit  $> 0.99909$  (90% CL) with the constraint that  $\xi \times (\mu \text{ LONGITUDINAL POLARIZATION}) \times \delta / \rho \leq 1.0$ .

<sup>2</sup> JODIDIO 86 includes data from CARR 83 and STOKER 85. The value here is from the erratum.

<sup>3</sup> STOKER 85 find  $(\xi P_{\mu} \delta/\rho) > 0.9955$  and  $> 0.9966$ , where the first limit is from new  $\mu$  spin-rotation data and the second is from combination with CARR 83 data. In  $V-A$  theory,  $(\delta/\rho) = 1.0$ .

## $\xi'$ = LONGITUDINAL POLARIZATION OF $e^{\pm}$

( $V-A$ ) theory predicts the longitudinal polarization =  $\pm 1$  for  $e^{\pm}$ , respectively. We have flipped the sign for  $e^{-}$  so our programs can average.

| <u>VALUE</u>       | <u>EVTS</u>        | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>    |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|-------------------|
| <b>1.00 ± 0.04</b> | <b>OUR AVERAGE</b> |                    |             |            |                   |
| 0.998 ± 0.045      | 1M                 | BURKARD            | 85          | CNTR +     | Bhabha + annihil  |
| 0.89 ± 0.28        | 29k                | SCHWARTZ           | 67          | OSPK -     | Moller scattering |
| 0.94 ± 0.38        |                    | BLOOM              | 64          | CNTR +     | Brems. transmiss. |
| 1.04 ± 0.18        |                    | DUCLOS             | 64          | CNTR +     | Bhabha scattering |
| 1.05 ± 0.30        |                    | BUHLER             | 63          | CNTR +     | Annihilation      |

## $\xi''$ PARAMETER

| <u>VALUE</u>          | <u>EVTS</u>        | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>   | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>   |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|------------|------------------|
| <b>0.98 ± 0.04</b>    | <b>OUR AVERAGE</b> |                      |             |            |                  |
| 0.981 ± 0.045 ± 0.003 | 3.87M              | PRIEELS              | 14          | CNTR +     | Bhabha + annihil |
| 0.65 ± 0.36           | 326k               | <sup>1</sup> BURKARD | 85          | CNTR +     | Bhabha + annihil |

<sup>1</sup> BURKARD 85 measure  $(\xi'' - \xi\xi')/\xi$  and  $\xi'$  and set  $\xi = 1$ .

## TRANSVERSE $e^{\pm}$ POLARIZATION IN PLANE OF $\mu$ SPIN, $e^{\pm}$ MOMENTUM

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u> | <u>EVTS</u>        | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>     |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|
| <b>7 ± 8</b>                              | <b>OUR AVERAGE</b> |                    |             |            |                    |
| 6.3 ± 7.7 ± 3.4                           | 30M                | DANNEBERG          | 05          | CNTR +     | 7-53 MeV $e^{\pm}$ |
| 16 ± 21 ± 10                              | 5.3M               | BURKARD            | 85B         | CNTR +     | Annihil 9-53 MeV   |

## TRANSVERSE $e^{\pm}$ POLARIZATION NORMAL TO PLANE OF $\mu$ SPIN, $e^{\pm}$ MOMENTUM

Zero if  $T$  invariance holds.

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u> | <u>EVTS</u>        | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u>     |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|
| <b>-2 ± 8</b>                             | <b>OUR AVERAGE</b> |                    |             |            |                    |
| -3.7 ± 7.7 ± 3.4                          | 30M                | DANNEBERG          | 05          | CNTR +     | 7-53 MeV $e^{\pm}$ |
| 7 ± 22 ± 7                                | 5.3M               | BURKARD            | 85B         | CNTR +     | Annihil 9-53 MeV   |

## $\alpha/A$

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>   | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|-------------|----------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| <b>0.4 ± 4.3</b>                          |             | <sup>1</sup> BURKARD | 85B         | FIT        |                |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

15 ± 50 ± 14      5.3M      BURKARD      85B      CNTR +      9-53 MeV  $e^{\pm}$

<sup>1</sup> Global fit to all measured parameters. Correlation coefficients are given in BURKARD 85B.

**$\alpha'/A$** Zero if  $T$  invariance holds.

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u>                                     | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>       | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| <b>-10 ± 20 OUR AVERAGE</b>   |             |                          |             |            |                |
| - 3.4 ± 21.3 ± 4.9  | 30M         | DANNEBERG 05             | CNTR        | +          | 7-53 MeV $e^+$ |
| - 47 ± 50 ± 14  | 5.3M        | <sup>1</sup> BURKARD 85B | CNTR        | +          | 9-53 MeV $e^+$ |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • |             |                          |             |            |                |
| - 0.2 ± 4.3   |             | <sup>2</sup> BURKARD 85B | FIT         |            |                |

<sup>1</sup>Previously we used the global fit result from BURKARD 85B in OUR AVERAGE, we now only include their actual measurement. BURKARD 85B measure  $e^+$  polarizations  $P_{T_1}$  and  $P_{T_2}$  versus  $e^+$  energy.

<sup>2</sup>Global fit to all measured parameters. The fit correlation coefficients are given in BURKARD 85B.

 **$\beta/A$** 

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u>                                     | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>       | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| <b>3.9 ± 6.2</b>  |             | <sup>1</sup> BURKARD 85B | FIT         |            |                |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • |             |                          |             |            |                |
| 2 ± 17 ± 6  | 5.3M        | BURKARD 85B              | CNTR        | +          | 9-53 MeV $e^+$ |

<sup>1</sup>Global fit to all measured parameters. The fit correlation coefficients are given in BURKARD 85B.

 **$\beta'/A$** Zero if  $T$  invariance holds.

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u>                                     | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>        | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| <b>2 ± 7 OUR AVERAGE</b>  |             |                           |             |            |                |
| - 0.5 ± 7.8 ± 1.8   | 30M         | DANNEBERG 05              | CNTR        | +          | 7-53 MeV $e^+$ |
| 17 ± 17 ± 6   | 5.3M        | <sup>1</sup> BURKARD 85B  | CNTR        | +          | 9-53 MeV $e^+$ |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • |             |                           |             |            |                |
| - 1.3 ± 3.5 ± 0.6   | 30M         | <sup>2</sup> DANNEBERG 05 | CNTR        | +          | 7-53 MeV $e^+$ |
| 1.5 ± 6.3   |             | <sup>3</sup> BURKARD 85B  | FIT         |            |                |

<sup>1</sup>Previously we used the global fit result from BURKARD 85B in OUR AVERAGE, we now only include their actual measurement. BURKARD 85B measure  $e^+$  polarizations  $P_{T_1}$  and  $P_{T_2}$  versus  $e^+$  energy.

<sup>2</sup> $\alpha = \alpha' = 0$  assumed.

<sup>3</sup>Global fit to all measured parameters. The fit correlation coefficients are given in BURKARD 85B.

 **$a/A$** 

This comes from an alternative parameterization to that used in the Summary Table (see the "Note on Muon Decay Parameters" above).

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u>                                     | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u>       | <u>TECN</u> |
|---|------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • |            |                          |             |
| <15.9   | 90         | <sup>1</sup> BURKARD 85B | FIT         |

<sup>1</sup>Global fit to all measured parameters. Correlation coefficients are given in BURKARD 85B.

**$a'/A$** 

This comes from an alternative parameterization to that used in the Summary Table (see the “Note on Muon Decay Parameters” above).

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|---|--------------------|-------------|
|---|--------------------|-------------|

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

|               |                      |         |
|---------------|----------------------|---------|
| $5.3 \pm 4.1$ | <sup>1</sup> BURKARD | 85B FIT |
|---------------|----------------------|---------|

<sup>1</sup>Global fit to all measured parameters. Correlation coefficients are given in BURKARD 85B.

 **$(b'+b)/A$** 

This comes from an alternative parameterization to that used in the Summary Table (see the “Note on Muon Decay Parameters” above).

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|---|------------|--------------------|-------------|
|---|------------|--------------------|-------------|

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

|       |    |                      |         |
|-------|----|----------------------|---------|
| <1.04 | 90 | <sup>1</sup> BURKARD | 85B FIT |
|-------|----|----------------------|---------|

<sup>1</sup>Global fit to all measured parameters. Correlation coefficients are given in BURKARD 85B.

 **$c/A$** 

This comes from an alternative parameterization to that used in the Summary Table (see the “Note on Muon Decay Parameters” above).

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|---|------------|--------------------|-------------|
|---|------------|--------------------|-------------|

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

|      |    |                      |         |
|------|----|----------------------|---------|
| <6.4 | 90 | <sup>1</sup> BURKARD | 85B FIT |
|------|----|----------------------|---------|

<sup>1</sup>Global fit to all measured parameters. Correlation coefficients are given in BURKARD 85B.

 **$c'/A$** 

This comes from an alternative parameterization to that used in the Summary Table (see the “Note on Muon Decay Parameters” above).

| <u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|---|--------------------|-------------|
|---|--------------------|-------------|

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

|               |                      |         |
|---------------|----------------------|---------|
| $3.5 \pm 2.0$ | <sup>1</sup> BURKARD | 85B FIT |
|---------------|----------------------|---------|

<sup>1</sup>Global fit to all measured parameters. Correlation coefficients are given in BURKARD 85B.

 **$\overline{\eta}$  PARAMETER**

( $V-A$ ) theory predicts  $\overline{\eta} = 0$ .  $\overline{\eta}$  affects spectrum of radiative muon decay.

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>CHG</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
|--------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|

**0.02 ± 0.08 OUR AVERAGE**

|                    |              |    |      |   |             |
|--------------------|--------------|----|------|---|-------------|
| $-0.014 \pm 0.090$ | EICHENBER... | 84 | ELEC | + | $\rho$ free |
|--------------------|--------------|----|------|---|-------------|

|                  |        |    |      |   |  |
|------------------|--------|----|------|---|--|
| $+0.09 \pm 0.14$ | BOGART | 67 | CNTR | + |  |
|------------------|--------|----|------|---|--|

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

|                    |              |    |      |   |                     |
|--------------------|--------------|----|------|---|---------------------|
| $-0.035 \pm 0.098$ | EICHENBER... | 84 | ELEC | + | $\rho=0.75$ assumed |
|--------------------|--------------|----|------|---|---------------------|

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