$B_J(5970)^0$ 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(?^?)$$
 Status: \*\*

I, J, P need confirmation.

Quantum numbers shown are quark-model predictions.

#### $B_{J}(5970)^{0}$ MASS

OUR FIT uses  $m_{B^+}$  and  $m_{B_1(5970)^0} - m_{B^+}$  to determine  $m_{B_1(5970)^0}$ .

VALUE (MeV)

DOCUMENT ID

5971±5 OUR FIT

#### $m_{B_1(5970)^0} - m_{B^+}$

VALUE (MeV) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT 691 ±5 OUR FIT 691 ±5 OUR AVERAGE <sup>1</sup> AAIJ 15AB LHCB pp at 7, 8 TeV  $689.9 \pm 2.9 \pm 5.1$ 10K <sup>2</sup> AALTONEN 141 CDF 698  $\pm 5$   $\pm 12$ 2.6k  $p\overline{p}$  at 1.96 TeV • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • 3 AAIJ 10K 15AB LHCB pp at 7, 8 TeV  $714.3 \pm 6.4 \pm 5.1$  $^1$  AAIJ  $^1$ 5AB reports  $[m_{B^0_{_I}}-m_{B^+}]-m_{\pi^-}=550.4\pm2.9\pm5.1$  MeV which we adjust by the  $\pi^-$  mass. The masses inside the square brackets were measured for each candidate event. The result assumes  $P=(-1)^J$  and uses two relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference. <sup>2</sup> AALTONEN 14I reports  $m_{B_I}(5970)^0-m_{B^+}-m_{\pi^-}=558\pm5\pm12$  MeV which we adjusted by the  $\pi^-$  mass.  $^3$  AAIJ 15AB reports  $[m_{B^0_{\star}}^{}-m_{B^+}^{}]-m_{\pi^-}^{}=575\pm6\pm5$  MeV which we adjust by the  $\pi^-$  mass. The masses inside the square brackets were measured for each candidate event. The result assumes  $P = (-1)^J$  and uses three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions

#### $m_{B_J(5970)^0} - m_{B^{*+}}$

VALUE (MeV) \_\_\_EVTS \_\_DOCUMENT\_ID \_\_TECN \_\_COMMENT\_

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

 $691.6 \pm 3.7 \pm 5.1$  10k <sup>4</sup> AAIJ 15AB LHCB *pp* at 7, 8 TeV

<sup>4</sup> AAIJ 15AB reports  $[m_{B_J^0} - m_{B^+}] - (m_{B^{*+}} - m_{B^+}) - m_{\pi^-} = 552 \pm 4 \pm 5 \text{ MeV}$ 

which we adjust by the  $\pi^-$  mass. The masses inside the square brackets were measured for each candidate event. The result assumes  $P=-(-1)^J$ ,  $(m_{B^{*+}}-m_{B^+})=45.01\pm0.30\pm0.23$  MeV, and uses three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.

in the fit for mass difference.

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## $B_{J}(5970)^{0}$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
$81 \pm 12$ OUR AVERAGE					
$82\pm$ $8\pm$ $9$	10K	<sup>5</sup> AAIJ	<b>15</b> AB	LHCB	<i>pp</i> at 7, 8 TeV
$70^{+30}_{-20}\pm30$	2.6k	AALTONEN	141	CDF	$p\overline{p}$ at 1.96 TeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •					
56± 7± 9	10K	<sup>6</sup> AAIJ	<b>15</b> AB	LHCB	pp at 7, 8 TeV
$82\pm10\pm~9$	10K	<sup>7</sup> AAIJ	<b>15</b> AB	LHCB	<i>pp</i> at 7, 8 TeV
<sup>5</sup> Assuming $P = (-1)^J$ and using two relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass					

## $B_J(5970)^0$ DECAY MODES

	Mode	Fraction $(\Gamma_i/\Gamma)$
Γ <sub>1</sub>	$B^{+}\pi^{-}$	possibly seen
Γ <sub>2</sub>	$B^{*+}\pi^{-}$	seen

## B<sub>J</sub>(5970)<sup>0</sup> BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(B^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{total}$					$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$
VALUE	<b>EVTS</b>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
possibly seen	10K	<sup>8</sup> AAIJ	15AB LHCB	<i>pp</i> at 7, 8 TeV	
possibly seen	2.6k	AALTONEN	14ı CDF	$p\overline{p}$ at 1.96 TeV	
$^{8}$ A $B\pi$ decay is forbi	dden fron	n a $P=-(-1)^{ extstyle J}$ p	arent, wherea	s $B^*\pi$ is allowed.	

$\Gamma(B^{*+}\pi^{-})/\Gamma_{total}$					$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$
VALUE	<u>EVTS</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
seen	10K	AAIJ	15AB LHCB	<i>pp</i> at 7, 8 TeV	
seen	2.6k	AALTONEN	14ı CDF	$p\overline{p}$ at 1.96 TeV	

# B<sub>J</sub>(5970)<sup>0</sup> REFERENCES

AAIJ	15AB JHEP 1504 024	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
AALTONEN	14I PR D90 012013	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)

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difference.  $^6$  Assuming  $P=(-1)^J$  and using three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for

mass difference. <sup>7</sup> Assuming  $P = -(-1)^J$  and using three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.