

$\Upsilon(4S)$ $J^G(J^{PC}) = 0^-(1^{--})$ also known as $\Upsilon(10580)$ **$\Upsilon(4S)$ MASS**

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
10579.4 ± 1.2 OUR AVERAGE			
$10579.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.2$	AUBERT 05Q	BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
10580.0 ± 3.5	¹ BEBEK 87	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
10577.4 ± 1.0	² LOVELOCK 85	CUSB	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
¹ Reanalysis of BESSON 85.			
² No systematic error given.			

 $\Upsilon(4S)$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
20.5 ± 2.5 OUR AVERAGE			
$20.7 \pm 1.6 \pm 2.5$	AUBERT 05Q	BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
$20 \pm 2 \pm 4$	BESSON 85	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
25 ± 2.5	LOVELOCK 85	CUSB	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons

 $\Upsilon(4S)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level
$\Gamma_1 B\bar{B}$	> 96 %	95%
$\Gamma_2 B^+ B^-$	(51.4 ± 0.6) %	
$\Gamma_3 D_s^+$ anything + c.c.	(17.8 ± 2.6) %	
$\Gamma_4 B^0 \bar{B}^0$	(48.6 ± 0.6) %	
$\Gamma_5 J/\psi K_S^0 + (J/\psi, \eta_c) K_S^0$	< 4 $\times 10^{-7}$	90%
Γ_6 non- $B\bar{B}$	< 4 %	95%
$\Gamma_7 e^+ e^-$	(1.57 ± 0.08) $\times 10^{-5}$	
$\Gamma_8 \rho^+ \rho^-$	< 5.7 $\times 10^{-6}$	90%
$\Gamma_9 K^*(892)^0 \bar{K}^0$	< 2.0 $\times 10^{-6}$	90%
$\Gamma_{10} J/\psi(1S)$ anything	< 1.9 $\times 10^{-4}$	95%
$\Gamma_{11} D^{*+}$ anything + c.c.	< 7.4 %	90%
$\Gamma_{12} \phi$ anything	(7.1 ± 0.6) %	
$\Gamma_{13} \phi \eta$	< 1.8 $\times 10^{-6}$	90%
$\Gamma_{14} \phi \eta'$	< 4.3 $\times 10^{-6}$	90%
$\Gamma_{15} \rho \eta$	< 1.3 $\times 10^{-6}$	90%

Γ_{16}	$\rho\eta'$	< 2.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%
Γ_{17}	$\gamma(1S)$ anything	< 4	$\times 10^{-3}$	90%
Γ_{18}	$\gamma(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	(8.2 \pm 0.4)	$\times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{19}	$\gamma(1S)\eta$	(1.81 \pm 0.18)	$\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{20}	$\gamma(2S)\pi^+\pi^-$	(8.2 \pm 0.8)	$\times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{21}	$h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-$	not seen		
Γ_{22}	$h_b(1P)\eta$	(2.18 \pm 0.21)	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{23}	$\overline{^2H}$ anything	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	90%
Double Radiative Decays				
Γ_{24}	$\gamma\gamma \gamma(D) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\eta \gamma(1S)$	< 2.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	90%

 $\gamma(4S)$ PARTIAL WIDTHS **$\Gamma(e^+e^-)$**

VALUE (keV)

0.272 \pm 0.029 OUR AVERAGE

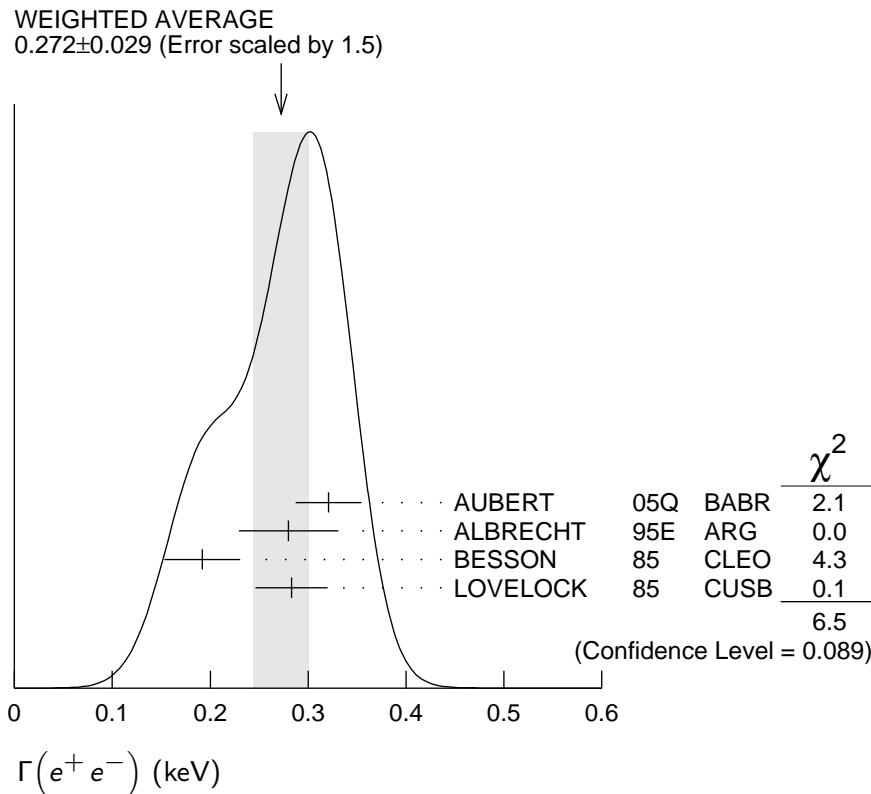
DOCUMENT ID

TECN

COMMENT

 Γ_7

0.321 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.029	AUBERT	05Q	BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
0.28 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.01	¹ ALBRECHT	95E	ARG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
0.192 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.038	BESSON	85	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
0.283 \pm 0.037	LOVELOCK	85	CUSB	$e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons

¹ Using LEYAOUANC 77 parametrization of $\Gamma(s)$.

$\Upsilon(4S)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$B\bar{B}$ DECAYS

The ratio of branching fraction to charged and neutral B mesons is often derived assuming isospin invariance in the decays, and relies on the knowledge of the B^+/B^0 lifetime ratio. "OUR EVALUATION" is obtained based on averages of rescaled data listed below. The average and rescaling were performed by the Heavy Flavor Averaging Group (HFLAV) and are described at <http://www.slac.stanford.edu/xorg/hflav/>. The averaging/rescaling procedure takes into account the common dependence of the measurement on the value of the lifetime ratio.

$\Gamma(B^+ B^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_2/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID
0.514±0.006 OUR EVALUATION	Assuming $B(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B}) = 1$

$\Gamma(D_s^+ \text{ anything} + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_3/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.178±0.021±0.016	1 ARTUSO	05B	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow D_X X$

¹ ARTUSO 05B reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow D_s^+ \text{ anything} + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+)] = (8.0 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$ which we divide by our best value $B(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+) = (4.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(B^0 \bar{B}^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_4/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.486±0.006 OUR EVALUATION	Assuming $B(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B}) = 1$		

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.487±0.010±0.008	1 AUBERT,B	05H BABR	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B} \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu_\ell$
-------------------	------------	----------	---

¹ Direct measurement. This value is averaged with the value extracted from the $\Gamma(B^+ B^-)/\Gamma(B^0 \bar{B}^0)$ measurements.

$\Gamma(B^+ B^-)/\Gamma(B^0 \bar{B}^0)$

Γ_2/Γ_4

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.058±0.024 OUR EVALUATION			
1.006±0.036±0.031	1 AUBERT	04F BABR	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B} \rightarrow J/\psi K$
1.01 ± 0.03 ± 0.09	1 HASTINGS	03 BELL	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B} \rightarrow \text{dileptons}$
1.058±0.084±0.136	2 ATHAR	02 CLEO	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B} \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$
1.10 ± 0.06 ± 0.05	3 AUBERT	02 BABR	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B} \rightarrow (c\bar{c})K^*$
1.04 ± 0.07 ± 0.04	4 ALEXANDER	01 CLEO	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B} \rightarrow J/\psi K^*$

¹ HASTINGS 03 and AUBERT 04F assume $\tau(B^+)/\tau(B^0) = 1.083 \pm 0.017$.

² ATHAR 02 assumes $\tau(B^+)/\tau(B^0) = 1.074 \pm 0.028$. Supersedes BARISH 95.

³ AUBERT 02 assumes $\tau(B^+)/\tau(B^0) = 1.062 \pm 0.029$.

⁴ ALEXANDER 01 assumes $\tau(B^+)/\tau(B^0) = 1.066 \pm 0.024$.

$\Gamma(J/\psi K_S^0) + \Gamma((J/\psi, \eta_c) K_S^0)] / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
 Forbidden by CP invariance.
 Γ_5/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-7})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<4	90	¹ TAJIMA	07A BELL	$\gamma(4S) \rightarrow B^0 \bar{B}^0$

¹ $\gamma(4S)$ with $CP = +1$ decays to the final state with $CP = -1$.**non- $B\bar{B}$ DECAYS** $\Gamma(\text{non-}B\bar{B})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_6/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.04	95	BARISH	96B CLEO	$e^+ e^-$

 $\Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_7/Γ VALUE (units 10^{-5})**1.57 ± 0.08 OUR AVERAGE** $1.55 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.07$

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-------------	------	---------

 $2.77 \pm 0.50 \pm 0.49$ ¹ AUBERT 05Q BABR $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ ¹ ALBRECHT 95E ARG $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ ¹ Using LEYAOUANC 77 parametrization of $\Gamma(s)$. $\Gamma(\rho^+ \rho^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_8/Γ

VALUE	CL%
$<5.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
AUBERT 08B0 BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- 2\pi^0$	

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 \bar{K}^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_9/Γ

VALUE	CL%
$<2.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
SHEN 13A	BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^*(892)^0 \bar{K}^0$

 $\Gamma(J/\psi(1S) \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{10}/Γ VALUE (units 10^{-4}) <1.9

95

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
¹ ABE 02D BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- X$	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<4.7

90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
¹ AUBERT 01C BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- X$	

¹ Uses $B(J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = 0.0593 \pm 0.0010$ and $B(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 0.0588 \pm 0.0010$. $\Gamma(D^{*+} \text{ anything} + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{11}/Γ

VALUE

 <0.074

90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
¹ ALEXANDER 90C CLEO	$e^+ e^-$	

¹ For $x > 0.473$. $\Gamma(\phi \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{12}/Γ VALUE (units 10^{-2})**7.1 ± 0.1 ± 0.6**

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
HUANG 07 CLEO	$\gamma(4S) \rightarrow \phi X$	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<0.23

90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
¹ ALEXANDER 90C CLEO	$e^+ e^-$	

¹ For $x > 0.52$.

$\Gamma(\phi\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{13}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<1.8	90	¹ BELOUS	09 BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi\eta$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<2.5	90	AUBERT,BE	06F BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi\eta$
------	----	-----------	----------	--------------------------------

¹ Using all intermediate branching fraction values from PDG 08.

 $\Gamma(\phi\eta')/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{14}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<4.3	90	¹ BELOUS	09 BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi\eta'$

¹ Using all intermediate branching fraction values from PDG 08.

 $\Gamma(\rho\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{15}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<1.3	90	¹ BELOUS	09 BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \rho\eta$

¹ Using all intermediate branching fraction values from PDG 08.

 $\Gamma(\rho\eta')/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{16}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<2.5	90	¹ BELOUS	09 BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \rho\eta'$

¹ Using all intermediate branching fraction values from PDG 08.

 $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S) \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{17}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.004	90	ALEXANDER	90C CLEO	$e^+ e^-$

 $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{18}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-5})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
8.2 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE					
8.2 ± 0.5 ± 0.4		515	GUIDO	17 BELL	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-$
8.5 ± 1.3 ± 0.2		113 ± 16	¹ SOKOLOV09	BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-$
$8.00 \pm 0.64 \pm 0.27$		430	² AUBERT	08BP BABR	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

17.8 ± 4.0 ± 0.3		^{3,4} SOKOLOV07	BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-$
9.0 ± 1.5 ± 0.2		⁵ AUBERT	06R BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-$
<12	90	GLENN	99 CLE2	$e^+ e^-$

¹ SOKOLOV 09 reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)] = (0.211 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.014) \times 10^{-5}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

² Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$.

³ SOKOLOV 07 reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)] = (4.42 \pm 0.81 \pm 0.56) \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

⁴ According to the authors, systematic errors were underestimated.

⁵ Superseded by AUBERT 08BP. AUBERT 06R reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)] = (2.23 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.27) \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{19}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	■
1.81 ± 0.18 OUR AVERAGE						
1.70 ± 0.23 ± 0.08	49	GUIDO	17	BELL	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\mu^+\mu^-$	
1.96 ± 0.26 ± 0.09	56	¹ AUBERT	08BP BABR	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$		

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<2.7 90 ² TAMPONI 15 BELL $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\eta + \text{hadrons}$

¹ Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$.

² Using $B(\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma) = (39.41 \pm 0.20)\%$.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{19}/Γ_{18}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	■
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
2.41 ± 0.40 ± 0.12	56	¹ AUBERT	08BP BABR	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(\pi^0)\ell^+\ell^-$	

¹ Not independent of other values reported by AUBERT 08BP.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{20}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	■
8.2 ± 0.8 OUR AVERAGE						
7.9 ± 1.0 ± 0.4	181	GUIDO	17	BELL	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\mu^+\mu^-$	
8.6 ± 1.1 ± 0.7	220	¹ AUBERT	08BP BABR	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$		

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

8.8 ± 1.7 ± 0.8 97 ± 15 ² AUBERT 06R BABR $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\mu^+\mu^-$

<3.9 90 GLENN 99 CLE2 e^+e^-

¹ Using $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (1.91 \pm 0.16)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$.

² Superseded by AUBERT 08BP. AUBERT 06R reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)] = (1.69 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{20}/Γ_{18}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	■
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
1.16 ± 0.16 ± 0.14	220	¹ AUBERT	08BP BABR	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$	

¹ Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$, $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$, $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (1.91 \pm 0.16)\%$, and $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$. Not independent of other values reported by AUBERT 08BP.

$\Gamma(h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{21}/Γ

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
not seen	(35 ⁺³² ₋₂₆)k	1 ADACHI	12 BELL	$10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-$

¹ From the upper limit on the ratio of $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-)$ at the $\Upsilon(4S)$ to that at the $\Upsilon(5S)$ of 0.27.

 $\Gamma(h_b(1P)\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{22}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.18\pm0.11\pm0.18	112k	1 TAMPONI	15 BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow h_b(1P)\eta$

¹ Using $B(\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma) = (39.41 \pm 0.20)\%$.

 $\Gamma(\overline{2H} \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{23}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.3	90	ASNER	07 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{d}X$

Double Radiative Decays $\Gamma(\gamma\gamma \Upsilon(D) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\eta \Upsilon(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{24}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.3 $\times 10^{-5}$	90	GUIDO	17 BELL	$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\mu^+\mu^-$

 $\Upsilon(4S)$ REFERENCES

GUIDO	17	PR D96 052005	E. Guido <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
TAMPONI	15	PRL 115 142001	U. Tamponi <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
SHEN	13A	PR D88 052019	C.P. Shen <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ADACHI	12	PRL 108 032001	I. Adachi <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
BELOUS	09	PL B681 400	K. Belous <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
SOKOLOV	09	PR D79 051103	A. Sokolov <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
AUBERT	08BO	PR D78 071103	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AUBERT	08BP	PR D78 112002	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
PDG	08	PL B667 1	C. Amsler <i>et al.</i>	(PDG Collab.)
ASNER	07	PR D75 012009	D.M. Asner <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
HUANG	07	PR D75 012002	G.S. Huang <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
SOKOLOV	07	PR D75 071103	A. Sokolov <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
TAJIMA	07A	PRL 99 211601	O. Tajima <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
AUBERT	06R	PRL 96 232001	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AUBERT,BE	06F	PR D74 111103	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ARTUSO	05B	PRL 95 261801	M. Artuso <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	05Q	PR D72 032005	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AUBERT,B	05H	PR L95 042001	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AUBERT	04F	PR D69 071101	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
HASTINGS	03	PR D67 052004	N.C. Hastings <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ABE	02D	PRL 88 052001	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ATHAR	02	PR D66 052003	S.B. Athar <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	02	PR D65 032001	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ALEXANDER	01	PRL 86 2737	J.P. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	01C	PR L97 162002	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
GLENN	99	PR D59 052003	S. Glenn <i>et al.</i>	
BARISH	96B	PRL 76 1570	B.C. Barish <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95E	ZPHY C65 619	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
BARISH	95	PR D51 1014	B.C. Barish <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALEXANDER	90C	PRL 64 2226	J. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BEBEK	87	PR D36 1289	C. Bebek <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BESSON	85	PRL 54 381	D. Besson <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
LOVELOCK	85	PRL 54 377	D.M.J. Lovelock <i>et al.</i>	(CUSP Collab.)
LEYAOUANC	77	PL B71 397	A. Le Yaouanc <i>et al.</i>	(ORsay)