



$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^-)$$

D \pm MASS

The fit includes D^\pm , D^0 , D_s^\pm , $D^{*\pm}$, D^{*0} , $D_s^{*\pm}$, $D_1(2420)^0$, $D_2^*(2460)^0$, and $D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$ mass and mass difference measurements.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1869.66 ± 0.05 OUR FIT				
1869.5 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE				
1869.53 ± 0.49 ± 0.20	110 ± 15	ANASHIN	10A	KEDR $e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
1870.0 ± 0.5 ± 1.0	317	BARLAG	90C	ACCM π^- Cu 230 GeV
1869.4 ± 0.6		¹ TRILLING	81	RVUE $e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1875 ± 10	9	ADAMOVICH	87	EMUL Photoproduction
1860 ± 16	6	ADAMOVICH	84	EMUL Photoproduction
1863 ± 4		DERRICK	84	HRS $e^+ e^-$ 29 GeV
1868.4 ± 0.5		¹ SCHINDLER	81	MRK2 $e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV
1874 ± 5		GOLDHABER	77	MRK1 D^0 , D^+ recoil spectra
1868.3 ± 0.9		¹ PERUZZI	77	LGW $e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV
1874 ± 11		PICCOLO	77	MRK1 $e^+ e^-$ 4.03, 4.41 GeV
1876 ± 15	50	PERUZZI	76	MRK1 $K^\mp \pi^\pm \pi^\pm$

¹ PERUZZI 77 and SCHINDLER 81 errors do not include the 0.13% uncertainty in the absolute SPEAR energy calibration. TRILLING 81 uses the high precision $J/\psi(1S)$ and $\psi(2S)$ measurements of ZHOLENTZ 80 to determine this uncertainty and combines the PERUZZI 77 and SCHINDLER 81 results to obtain the value quoted.

D \pm MEAN LIFE

Measurements with an error $> 100 \times 10^{-15}$ s have been omitted from the Listings.

VALUE (10^{-15} s)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1033 ± 5 OUR AVERAGE				
1030.4 ± 4.7 ± 3.1	171k	¹ ABUDINEN	21A	BEL2 $e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$
1039.4 ± 4.3 ± 7.0	110k	LINK	02F	FOCS γ nucleus, ≈ 180 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1033.6 ± 22.1 $^{+9.9}_{-12.7}$	3.7k	BONVICINI	99	CLEO $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
1048 ± 15 ± 11	9k	FRABETTI	94D	E687 $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$
1075 ± 40 ± 18	2.4k	FRABETTI	91	E687 γ Be, $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$
1030 ± 80 ± 60	200	ALVAREZ	90	NA14 γ , $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$
1050 $^{+77}_{-72}$	317	² BARLAG	90C	ACCM π^- Cu 230 GeV
1050 ± 80 ± 70	363	ALBRECHT	88I	ARG $e^+ e^-$ 10 GeV
1090 ± 30 ± 25	2.9k	RAAB	88	E691 Photoproduction

¹ ABUDINEN 21A determines the lifetime ratio $\tau(D^+)/\tau(D^0) = 2.510 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.007$.

² BARLAG 90C estimates the systematic error to be negligible.

D^+ DECAY MODES

Most decay modes (other than the semileptonic modes) that involve a neutral K meson are now given as K_S^0 modes, not as \bar{K}^0 modes. Nearly always it is a K_S^0 that is measured, and interference between Cabibbo-allowed and doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes can invalidate the assumption that $2\Gamma(K_S^0) = \Gamma(\bar{K}^0)$.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level
Inclusive modes		
$\Gamma_1 e^+ \text{ semileptonic}$	$(16.07 \pm 0.30) \%$	
$\Gamma_2 \mu^+ \text{ anything}$	$(17.6 \pm 3.2) \%$	
$\Gamma_3 K^- \text{ anything}$	$(25.7 \pm 1.4) \%$	
$\Gamma_4 K_S^0 \text{ anything}$	$(33.1 \pm 0.4) \%$	
$\Gamma_5 K^+ \text{ anything}$	$(5.9 \pm 0.8) \%$	
$\Gamma_6 K^*(892)^- \text{ anything}$	$(6 \pm 5) \%$	
$\Gamma_7 \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \text{ anything}$	$(23 \pm 5) \%$	
$\Gamma_8 K^*(892)^0 \text{ anything}$	$< 6.6 \%$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_9 \eta \text{ anything}$	$(6.3 \pm 0.7) \%$	
$\Gamma_{10} \eta' \text{ anything}$	$(1.04 \pm 0.18) \%$	
$\Gamma_{11} \phi \text{ anything}$	$(1.12 \pm 0.04) \%$	
$\Gamma_{12} \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \text{ anything}$	$(15.25 \pm 0.20) \%$	
Leptonic and semileptonic modes		
$\Gamma_{13} e^+ \nu_e$	$< 8.8 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{14} \gamma e^+ \nu_e$	$< 3.0 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{15} \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$(3.74 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{16} \tau^+ \nu_\tau$	$(1.20 \pm 0.27) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{17} \bar{K}^0 e^+ \nu_e$	$(8.72 \pm 0.09) \%$	
$\Gamma_{18} \bar{K}^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$(8.76 \pm 0.19) \%$	
$\Gamma_{19} K^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e$	$(4.02 \pm 0.18) \%$	S=3.2
$\Gamma_{20} \bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$(3.77 \pm 0.17) \%$	
$\Gamma_{21} (K^- \pi^+) [0.8-1.0]\text{GeV} e^+ \nu_e$	$(3.39 \pm 0.09) \%$	
$\Gamma_{22} (K^- \pi^+)_{S-\text{wave}} e^+ \nu_e$	$(2.28 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{23} \bar{K}^*(1410)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \bar{K}^*(1410)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$< 6 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{24} \bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$< 5 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{25} K^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e \text{ nonresonant}$	$< 7 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{26} \bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$	$(5.40 \pm 0.10) \%$	S=1.1
$\Gamma_{27} K^- \pi^+ \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$(3.65 \pm 0.34) \%$	
$\Gamma_{28} \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu, \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$(3.52 \pm 0.10) \%$	

Γ_{29}	$K^- \pi^+ \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ nonresonant	$(1.9 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{30}	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$(5.27 \pm 0.15) \%$	
Γ_{31}	$K^- \pi^+ \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$< 1.5 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{32}	$\bar{K}_1(1270)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \bar{K}_1^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	$(1.06 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{33}	$\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$< 2.3 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{34}	$\bar{K}^*(1680)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$< 1.5 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{35}	$\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$	$(3.72 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-3}$	S=2.0
Γ_{36}	$\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$(3.50 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{37}	$\eta e^+ \nu_e$	$(1.11 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{38}	$\eta \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$(1.04 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{39}	$\pi^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e$	$(2.49 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.2
Γ_{40}	$f_0(500)^0 e^+ \nu_e, f_0(500)^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(6.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{41}	$\rho^0 e^+ \nu_e$	$(1.90 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.2
Γ_{42}	$\rho^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$(2.4 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{43}	$\omega e^+ \nu_e$	$(1.69 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{44}	$\omega \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$(1.77 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{45}	$\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e$	$(2.0 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{46}	$a(980)^0 e^+ \nu_e, a(980)^0 \rightarrow \eta \pi^0$	$(1.7 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{47}	$b_1(1235)^0 e^+ \nu_e, b_1^0 \rightarrow \omega \pi^0$	$< 1.75 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{48}	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{49}	$D^0 e^+ \nu_e$	$< 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%

Hadronic modes with a \bar{K} or $\bar{K}KK$

Γ_{50}	$K_S^0 \pi^+$	$(1.562 \pm 0.031) \%$	S=1.7
Γ_{51}	$K_L^0 \pi^+$	$(1.46 \pm 0.05) \%$	
Γ_{52}	$K^- 2\pi^+$	[a] $(9.38 \pm 0.16) \%$	S=1.6
Γ_{53}	$(K^- \pi^+)_{S\text{-wave}} \pi^+$	$(7.52 \pm 0.17) \%$	
Γ_{54}	$\bar{K}_0^*(700)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$		
Γ_{55}	$\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	[b] $(1.25 \pm 0.06) \%$	
Γ_{56}	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$(1.04 \pm 0.12) \%$	
Γ_{57}	$\bar{K}^*(1410)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	not seen	
Γ_{58}	$\bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	[b] $(2.3 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{59}	$\bar{K}^*(1680)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}^*(1680)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	[b] $(2.2 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{60}	$K^- (2\pi^+)_{I=2}$	$(1.45 \pm 0.26) \%$	
Γ_{61}	$K^- 2\pi^+$ nonresonant		

Γ_{62}	$K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$	[a]	$(7.36 \pm 0.20)\%$
Γ_{63}	$K_S^0 \rho^+$		$(6.14 \pm 0.60)\%$
Γ_{64}	$K_S^0 \rho(1450)^+, \rho^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$		$(1.5 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{65}	$\overline{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^+, \overline{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$		$(2.64 \pm 0.32) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{66}	$\overline{K}_0^*(1430)^0 \pi^+, \overline{K}_0^{*0} \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$		$(2.7 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{67}	$\overline{K}_0^*(1680)^0 \pi^+, \overline{K}_0^{*0} \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$		$(10 \pm 7) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{68}	$\overline{\kappa}^0 \pi^+, \overline{\kappa}^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$		$(6 \pm 5) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{69}	$K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$ nonresonant		$(3 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{70}	$K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$ nonresonant and $\overline{\kappa}^0 \pi^+$		$(1.37 \pm 0.21)\%$
Γ_{71}	$(K_S^0 \pi^0)_{S-\text{wave}} \pi^+$		$(1.27 \pm 0.27)\%$
Γ_{72}	$K_S^0 \pi^+ \omega$		$(7.1 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{73}	$K_S^0 \pi^+ \eta$		$(1.31 \pm 0.05)\%$
Γ_{74}	$K_S^0 \pi^+ \eta'(958)$		$(1.90 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{75}	$K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0$	[c]	$(6.25 \pm 0.18)\%$
Γ_{76}	$K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	[c]	$(3.10 \pm 0.09)\%$
Γ_{77}	$K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$		$(2.89 \pm 0.09)\%$
Γ_{78}	$K_S^0 a_1(1260)^+, a_1^+ \rightarrow \rho(770)^+ \pi^0$		$(8.7 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{79}	$K_S^0 a_1(1260)^+, a_1^+ \rightarrow f_0(500) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$		$(1.0 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{80}	$\overline{K}_1(1400)^0 \pi^+, \overline{K}_1^0 \rightarrow \overline{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^0, \overline{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$		$(2.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{81}	$\overline{K}^*(892)^0 \rho^+, \overline{K}^* \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$		$(9.7 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{82}	$\overline{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$ non-resonant, $\overline{K}^* \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$		$(2.6 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{83}	$K_S^0 \rho^+ \pi^0$ non-resonant		$(4.8 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{84}	$K^- 2\pi^+ \eta$		$(1.35 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{85}	$K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0 \eta$		$(1.22 \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{86}	$K^- 3\pi^+ \pi^-$	[a]	$(5.7 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$ S=1.1
Γ_{87}	$\overline{K}^*(892)^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-, \overline{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$		$(1.2 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{88}	$\overline{K}^*(892)^0 \rho^0 \pi^+, \overline{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$		$(2.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{89}	$\overline{K}^*(892)^0 a_1(1260)^+$	[d]	$(9.3 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-3}$

Γ_{90}	$\overline{K}^*(892)^0 2\pi^+ \pi^- \text{ no-}\rho,$ $\overline{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	
Γ_{91}	$K^- \rho^0 2\pi^+$	$(1.72 \pm 0.28) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{92}	$K^- 3\pi^+ \pi^- \text{ nonresonant}$	$(4.0 \pm 2.9) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{93}	$K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$(1.53 \pm 0.08) \%$
Γ_{94}	$K_S^0 \pi^+ 3\pi^0$	$(5.5 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{95}	$K^- 2\pi^+ 2\pi^0$	$(4.95 \pm 0.32) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{96}	$K^+ 2K_S^0$	$(2.54 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{97}	$K^+ K^- K_S^0 \pi^+$	$(2.4 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$

Pionic modes

Γ_{98}	$\pi^+ \pi^0$	$(1.247 \pm 0.033) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{99}	$2\pi^+ \pi^-$	$(3.27 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{100}	$\rho^0 \pi^+$	$(8.4 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{101}	$\pi^+ (\pi^+ \pi^-)_{S-\text{wave}}$	$(2.01 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{102}	$\sigma \pi^+, \sigma \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(1.38 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{103}	$f_0(980)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(1.57 \pm 0.32) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{104}	$f_0(1370)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(8 \pm 4) \times 10^{-5}$
Γ_{105}	$\omega \pi^+, \omega \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(3.4 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-6}$
Γ_{106}	$f_2(1270)\pi^+, f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(4.58 \pm 0.28) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{107}	$\rho(1450)^0 \pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(1.8 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{108}	$\rho(1700)^0 \pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(1.9 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{109}	$f_0(1500)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(1.1 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{110}	$f_0(1710)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$< 5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ CL=95\%}$
Γ_{111}	$f_0(1790)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$< 7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ CL=95\%}$
Γ_{112}	$(\pi^+ \pi^+)_{S-\text{wave}} \pi^-$	$< 1.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ CL=95\%}$
Γ_{113}	$2\pi^+ \pi^- \text{ nonresonant}$	$< 1.1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ CL=95\%}$
Γ_{114}	$\pi^+ 2\pi^0$	$(4.61 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{115}	$2\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$(1.165 \pm 0.030) \%$
Γ_{116}	$\pi^+ 3\pi^0$	$(4.17 \pm 0.26) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{117}	$\pi^+ 4\pi^0$	$(1.9 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{118}	$2\pi^+ \pi^- 2\pi^0$	$(1.07 \pm 0.05) \%$
Γ_{119}	$3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	$(1.66 \pm 0.16) \times 10^{-3} \text{ S=1.1}$
Γ_{120}	$2\pi^+ \pi^- 3\pi^0$	$(3.42 \pm 0.35) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{121}	$3\pi^+ 2\pi^- \pi^0$	$(2.34 \pm 0.27) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{122}	$\eta \pi^+$	$(3.77 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{123}	$\eta \pi^+ \pi^0$	$(2.05 \pm 0.35) \times 10^{-3} \text{ S=2.2}$
Γ_{124}	$\eta 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	$(3.41 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{125}	$\eta \pi^+ 2\pi^0$	$(3.20 \pm 0.33) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{126}	$\eta \pi^+ 3\pi^0$	$(2.9 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{127}	$\eta 2\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$(3.88 \pm 0.34) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{128}	$\eta \eta \pi^+$	$(2.96 \pm 0.26) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{129}	$\omega \pi^+$	$(2.8 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$

Γ_{130}	$\omega\pi^+\pi^0$	$(3.9 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{131}	$\eta'(958)\pi^+$	$(4.97 \pm 0.19) \times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{132}	$\eta'(958)\pi^+\pi^0$	$(1.6 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$

Hadronic modes with a $K\bar{K}$ pair

Γ_{133}	$K_S^0 K^+$	$(3.04 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$	S=2.2
Γ_{134}	$K_L^0 K^+$	$(3.21 \pm 0.16) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{135}	$K_S^0 K^+ \pi^0$	$(5.07 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{136}	$K^*(892)^+ K_S^0, K^{*+} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^0$	$(2.89 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{137}	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 K^+, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0$	$(5.2 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{138}	$K^*(892)^+ K_S^0$		
Γ_{139}	$K_L^0 K^+ \pi^0$	$(5.24 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{140}	$K^+ K^- \pi^+$	[a] $(9.68 \pm 0.18) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{141}	$K^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$(2.49 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{142}	$K^+ \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$(1.82 \pm 0.35) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{143}	$K^+ \bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_2^* \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$(1.6 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{144}	$K^+ \bar{K}_0^*(700), \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$(6.8 \pm 3.5) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{145}	$a_0(1450)^0 \pi^+, a_0^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	$(4.5 \pm 7.0) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{146}	$\phi(1680)\pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	$(4.9 \pm 4.0) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{147}	$\phi\pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	$(2.69 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{148}	$\phi\pi^+$	$(5.70 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{149}	$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	$(6.62 \pm 0.32) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{150}	$K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^+$	$(2.70 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{151}	$K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$	$(1.34 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{152}	$K_S^0 K^+ \eta$	$(1.8 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{153}	$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(1.89 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{154}	$K_S^0 K^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	$(5.8 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{155}	$K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+$	$(2.27 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{156}	$K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	$(2.3 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4}$	

A few poorly measured branching fractions:

Γ_{157}	$\phi\pi^+\pi^0$	$(2.3 \pm 1.0) \%$	
Γ_{158}	$\phi\rho^+$	$< 1.5 \%$	CL=90%
Γ_{159}	$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$ non- ϕ	$(1.5 \pm 0.7) \%$	

Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes

Γ_{160}	$K^+ \pi^0$	$(2.08 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.4
Γ_{161}	$K^+ \eta$	$(1.25 \pm 0.16) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.1
Γ_{162}	$K^+ \eta'(958)$	$(1.85 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{163}	$K^+ 2\pi^0$	$(2.1 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{164}	$K^*(892)^+ \pi^0$	$(3.4 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{165}	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(4.91 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{166}	$K^+ \rho^0$	$(1.9 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{167}	$K^+ \eta \pi^0$	$(2.1 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{168}	$K^*(892)^+ \eta$	$(4.4 \pm 1.8) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{169}	$K^*(892)^0 \pi^+, K^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	$(2.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{170}	$K^+ f_0(980), f_0(980) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(4.4 \pm 2.6) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{171}	$K_2^*(1430)^0 \pi^+, K_2^*(1430)^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	$(3.9 \pm 2.7) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{172}	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ nonresonant	not seen	
Γ_{173}	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$(1.21 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{174}	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ nonresonant	$(1.10 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{175}	$K^+ \omega$	$(5.7 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{176}	$2K^+ K^-$	$(6.14 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{177}	$\phi(1020)^0 K^+$	$< 2.1 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{178}	$K^+ \phi(1020), \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	$(4.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{179}	$K^+ (K^+ K^-)$ <i>s-wave</i>	$(5.77 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-5}$	

 $\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current (*C1*) modes, or Lepton Family number (*LF*), or Lepton number (*L*), or Baryon number (*B*) violating modes

Γ_{180}	$\pi^+ e^+ e^-$	<i>C1</i>	$< 1.1 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{181}	$\pi^+ \pi^0 e^+ e^-$		$< 1.4 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{182}	$\pi^+ \phi, \phi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$	[e]	$(1.7 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{183}	$\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	<i>C1</i>	$< 6.7 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ_{184}	$\pi^+ \phi, \phi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$	[e]	$(1.8 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{185}	$\rho^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	<i>C1</i>	$< 5.6 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{186}	$K^+ e^+ e^-$	[f]	$< 8.5 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{187}	$K^+ \pi^0 e^+ e^-$		$< 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{188}	$K_S^0 \pi^+ e^+ e^-$		$< 2.6 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{189}	$K_S^0 K^+ e^+ e^-$		$< 1.1 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{190}	$K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	[f]	$< 5.4 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ_{191}	$\pi^+ e^+ \mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	$< 2.1 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{192}	$\pi^+ e^- \mu^+$	<i>LF</i>	$< 2.2 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{193}	$K^+ e^+ \mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	$< 7.5 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ_{194}	$K^+ e^- \mu^+$	<i>LF</i>	$< 1.0 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%

Γ_{195}	$\pi^- 2e^+$	L	< 5.3	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{196}	$\pi^- 2\mu^+$	L	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ_{197}	$\pi^- e^+ \mu^+$	L	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{198}	$\rho^- 2\mu^+$	L	< 5.6	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{199}	$K^- 2e^+$	L	< 9	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{200}	$K_S^0 \pi^- 2e^+$		< 3.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{201}	$K^- \pi^0 2e^+$		< 8.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{202}	$K^- 2\mu^+$	L	< 1.0	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{203}	$K^- e^+ \mu^+$	L	< 1.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{204}	$K^*(892)^- 2\mu^+$	L	< 8.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{205}	Λe^+	L,B	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{206}	$\bar{\Lambda} e^+$	L,B	< 6.5	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{207}	$\Sigma^0 e^+$	L,B	< 1.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{208}	$\bar{\Sigma}^0 e^+$	L,B	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{209}	$\bar{n} e^+$		< 1.43	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{210}	$n e^+$		< 2.91	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%

- [a] The branching fraction for this mode may differ from the sum of the submodes that contribute to it, due to interference effects. See the relevant papers.
- [b] These subfractions of the $K^- 2\pi^+$ mode are uncertain: see the Particle Listings.
- [c] See the listings under " $D \rightarrow K\pi\pi\pi$ partial wave analyses" and our 2008 Review (Physics Letters **B667** 1 (2008)) for measurements of submodes of this mode.
- [d] The unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.
- [e] This is *not* a test for the $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current, but leads to the $\pi^+ \ell^+ \ell^-$ final state.
- [f] This mode is not a useful test for a $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.

FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 33 branching ratios uses 43 measurements to determine 17 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 64.4$ for 26 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \cdot \delta x_j)$, in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$.

x_{19}	0														
x_{26}	0	0													
x_{30}	7	1	0												
x_{39}	0	0	0	0											
x_{41}	0	0	0	0	83										
x_{50}	0	5	0	1	0	0									
x_{52}	0	28	0	3	0	0	19								
x_{86}	0	5	0	1	0	0	4	19							
x_{98}	0	6	0	1	0	0	4	22	4						
x_{119}	0	5	0	0	0	0	3	17	75	4					
x_{122}	0	4	0	0	0	0	3	14	3	3					
x_{131}	0	5	0	1	0	0	4	19	4	4					
x_{133}	0	9	0	1	0	0	29	31	6	7					
x_{160}	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	5	1	1					
x_{161}	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0					
x_{162}	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	6	1	1					
	x_{18}	x_{19}	x_{26}	x_{30}	x_{39}	x_{41}	x_{50}	x_{52}	x_{86}	x_{98}					
x_{122}		2													
x_{131}		3	3												
x_{133}		5	4	6											
x_{160}		1	1	1	1										
x_{161}		0	14	0	1	0									
x_{162}		1	1	32	2	0	0								
	x_{119}	x_{122}	x_{131}	x_{133}	x_{160}	x_{161}									

D^+ BRANCHING RATIOS

Some now-obsolete measurements have been omitted from these Listings.

— c-quark decays —

$\Gamma(c \rightarrow e^+ \text{anything})/\Gamma(c \rightarrow \text{anything})$

For the Summary Table, we only use the average of e^+ and μ^+ measurements from $Z^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$ decays; see the second data block below.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.103±0.009^{+0.009}_{-0.008}	378	¹ ABBIENDI	99K OPAL	$Z^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$

¹ ABBIENDI 99K uses the excess of right-sign over wrong-sign leptons opposite reconstructed $D^*(2010)^+ \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+$ decays in $Z^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$.

$\Gamma(c \rightarrow \mu^+ \text{anything})/\Gamma(c \rightarrow \text{anything})$

For the Summary Table, we only use the average of e^+ and μ^+ measurements from $Z^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$ decays; see the next data block.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.082±0.005 OUR AVERAGE				
0.073±0.008±0.002	73	KAYIS-TOPAK.05	CHRS	ν_μ emulsion
0.095±0.007 ^{+0.014} _{-0.013}	2829	ASTIER	00D NOMD	ν_μ Fe → $\mu^- \mu^+ X$
0.090±0.007 ^{+0.007} _{-0.006}	476	¹ ABBIENDI	99K OPAL	$Z^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$
0.086±0.017 ^{+0.008} _{-0.007}	69	² ALBRECHT	92F ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10$ GeV
0.078±0.009±0.012		ONG	88 MRK2	$e^+ e^- 29$ GeV
0.078±0.015±0.02		BARTEL	87 JADE	$e^+ e^- 34.6$ GeV
0.082±0.012 ^{+0.02} _{-0.01}		ALTHOFF	84G TASS	$e^+ e^- 34.5$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.093±0.009±0.009	88	KAYIS-TOPAK.02	CHRS	See KAYIS-TOPAKSU 05
0.089±0.018±0.025		BARTEL	85J JADE	See BARTEL 87

¹ ABBIENDI 99K uses the excess of right-sign over wrong-sign leptons opposite reconstructed $D^*(2010)^+ \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+$ decays in $Z^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$.

² ALBRECHT 92F uses the excess of right-sign over wrong-sign leptons in a sample of events tagged by fully reconstructed $D^*(2010)^+ \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+$ decays.

$\Gamma(c \rightarrow \ell^+ \text{anything})/\Gamma(c \rightarrow \text{anything})$

This is an average (not a sum) of e^+ and μ^+ measurements.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.096 ± 0.004 OUR AVERAGE				
0.0958±0.0042±0.0028	1828	¹ ABREU	000 DLPH	$Z^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$
0.095 ± 0.006 ^{+0.007} _{-0.006}	854	² ABBIENDI	99K OPAL	$Z^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$

¹ ABREU 000 uses leptons opposite fully reconstructed $D^*(2010)^+$, D^+ , or D^0 mesons.

² ABBIENDI 99K uses the excess of right-sign over wrong-sign leptons opposite reconstructed $D^*(2010)^+ \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+$ decays in $Z^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$.

$\Gamma(c \rightarrow D^*(2010)^+ \text{anything})/\Gamma(c \rightarrow \text{anything})$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.255±0.015±0.008	2371	¹ ABREU	000 DLPH	$Z^0 \rightarrow c\bar{c}$

¹ ABREU 000 uses slow pions opposite fully reconstructed $D^*(2010)^+$, D^+ , or D^0 mesons as a signal of $D^*(2010)^-$ production.

Inclusive modes **$\Gamma(e^+ \text{ semileptonic})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$** **$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$**

The sum of our $\bar{K}^0 e^+ \nu_e$, $\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$, $\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$, $\eta e^+ \nu_e$, $\rho^0 e^+ \nu_e$, and $\omega e^+ \nu_e$ branching fractions is $15.3 \pm 0.3\%$.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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 16.07 ± 0.30 OUR AVERAGE

$16.13 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.29$ $26.2 \pm 0.2k$ ¹ ASNER 10 CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 3774 MeV

$15.2 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.8$ 521 ± 32 ABLIKIM 07G BES2 $e^+ e^- \approx \psi(3770)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$16.13 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.33$ 8798 ± 105 ² ADAM 06A CLEO See ASNER 10

$17.0 \pm 1.9 \pm 0.7$ 158 BALTRUSAIT..85B MRK3 $e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV

¹ Using the D^+ and D^0 lifetimes, ASNER 10 finds that the ratio of the D^+ and D^0 semileptonic widths is $0.985 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.024$.

² Using the D^+ and D^0 lifetimes, ADAM 06A finds that the ratio of the D^+ and D^0 inclusive e^+ widths is $0.985 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.015$, consistent with the isospin-invariance prediction of 1.

 $\Gamma(\mu^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_2/Γ**

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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$17.6 \pm 2.7 \pm 1.8$ 100 ± 12 ¹ ABLIKIM 08L BES2 $e^+ e^- \approx \psi(3772)$

¹ ABLIKIM 08L finds the ratio of $D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ X$ and $D^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ X$ branching fractions to be $2.59 \pm 0.70 \pm 0.25$, in accord with the ratio of D^+ and D^0 lifetimes, 2.54 ± 0.02 .

 $\Gamma(K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_3/Γ**

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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 25.7 ± 1.4 OUR AVERAGE

$24.7 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.2$ 631 ± 33 ABLIKIM 07G BES2 $e^+ e^- \approx \psi(3770)$

$27.8^{+3.6}_{-3.1}$ BARLAG 92C ACCM π^- Cu 230 GeV

$27.1 \pm 2.3 \pm 2.4$ COFFMAN 91 MRK3 $e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_4/Γ**

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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$33.11 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.36$ 95k ABLIKIM 23AO BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$30.25 \pm 2.75 \pm 1.65$ 244 ¹ ABLIKIM 06U BES2 $e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV

$30.6 \pm 3.25 \pm 2.15$ ² COFFMAN 91 MRK3 $e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV

¹ ABLIKIM 06U reports $B(D^0 \rightarrow K^0 X \text{ or } \bar{K}^0 X) = (60.5 \pm 5.5 \pm 3.3) \times 10^{-2}$ which we take as twice the branching fraction for $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 X$.

² COFFMAN 91 reports $B(D^+ \rightarrow K^0 X \text{ or } \bar{K}^0 X) = (61.2 \pm 6.5 \pm 4.3) \times 10^{-2}$ which we take as twice the branching fraction for $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 X$.

 $\Gamma(K^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_5/Γ**

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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 5.9 ± 0.8 OUR AVERAGE

$6.1 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.4$ 189 ± 27 ABLIKIM 07G BES2 $e^+ e^- \approx \psi(3770)$

$5.5 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.9$ COFFMAN 91 MRK3 $e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^- \text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (%)	EVTS
5.7±5.2±0.7	7.2 ± 6.5

Γ_6/Γ

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
ABLIKIM	06U BES2	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV

$\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (%)	EVTS
23.2±4.5±3.0	189 ± 36

Γ_7/Γ

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
ABLIKIM	05P BES	$e^+ e^- \approx 3773$ MeV

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 \text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (%)	CL%
<6.6	90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
ABLIKIM	05P BES	$e^+ e^- \approx 3773$ MeV

Γ_8/Γ

$\Gamma(\eta \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

This ratio includes η particles from η' decays.

VALUE (%)	EVTS
6.3±0.5±0.5	1972 ± 142

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
HUANG	06B CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

Γ_9/Γ

$\Gamma(\eta' \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (%)	EVTS
1.04±0.16±0.09	82 ± 13

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
HUANG	06B CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

Γ_{10}/Γ

$\Gamma(\phi \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (%)	EVTS
1.12 ±0.04 OUR AVERAGE	

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
ABLIKIM	19AY BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV
HUANG	06B CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

Γ_{11}/Γ

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (%)	EVTS
15.25±0.09±0.18	124k

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
ABLIKIM	23AI BES3	2.93 fb^{-1} , $e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

Γ_{12}/Γ

———— Leptonic and semileptonic modes ———

$\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	CL%
<8.8 × 10⁻⁶	90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
EISENSTEIN	08 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

Γ_{13}/Γ

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<2.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90
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ARTUSO	05A CLEO	See EISENSTEIN 08
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$\Gamma(\gamma e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	CL%
<3.0 × 10⁻⁵	90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1 ABLIKIM	17M BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

Γ_{14}/Γ

¹ This ABLIKIM 17M limit is for photons with energies greater than 10 MeV.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{15}/Γ

See the note on "Decay Constants of Charged Pseudoscalar Mesons" in the D_s^+ Listings.

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
3.74 ± 0.17 OUR AVERAGE				
$3.71 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.06$	409 ± 21	¹ ABLIKIM	14F BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
$3.82 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.09$	150 ± 12	² EISENSTEIN	08 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$12.2 \begin{array}{l} +11.1 \\ -5.3 \end{array}$	± 1.0	3	³ ABLIKIM	05D BES $e^+ e^- \approx 3.773 \text{ GeV}$
$4.40 \pm 0.66 \begin{array}{l} +0.09 \\ -0.12 \end{array}$	± 7	4	ARTUSO	05A CLEO See EISENSTEIN 08
$3.5 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.6$	7	⁵ BONVICINI	04A CLEO	Incl. in ARTUSO 05A
$8 \begin{array}{l} +16 \\ -5 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} +5 \\ -2 \end{array}$	1	⁶ BAI	98B BES $e^+ e^- \rightarrow D^{*+} D^-$

¹ ABLIKIM 14F obtain $|V_{cd}| \cdot f_{D^+} = (45.75 \pm 1.20 \pm 0.39) \text{ MeV}$, and using $|V_{cd}| = 0.22520 \pm 0.00065$ gets $f_{D^+} = (203.2 \pm 5.3 \pm 1.8) \text{ MeV}$.

² EISENSTEIN 08, using the D^+ lifetime and assuming $|V_{cd}| = |V_{us}|$, gets $f_{D^+} = (205.8 \pm 8.5 \pm 2.5) \text{ MeV}$ from this measurement.

³ ABLIKIM 05D finds a background-subtracted $2.67 \pm 1.74 D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ events, and from this obtains $f_{D^+} = 371 \begin{array}{l} +129 \\ -119 \end{array} \pm 25 \text{ MeV}$.

⁴ ARTUSO 05A obtains $f_{D^+} = 222.6 \pm 16.7 \begin{array}{l} +2.8 \\ -3.4 \end{array} \text{ MeV}$ from this measurement.

⁵ BONVICINI 04A finds eight events with an estimated background of one, and from the branching fraction obtains $f_{D^+} = 202 \pm 41 \pm 17 \text{ MeV}$.

⁶ BAI 98B obtains $f_{D^+} = (300 \begin{array}{l} +180 \\ -150 \end{array} \pm 80) \text{ MeV}$ from this measurement.

 $\Gamma(\tau^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{16}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.20 ± 0.24 ± 0.12		137	¹ ABLIKIM	19BG BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<1.2	90		EISENSTEIN	08 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
<2.1	90		RUBIN	06A CLEO	See EISENSTEIN 08

¹ ABLIKIM 19BG observe this mode with a significance of 5.1σ .

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{17}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
8.72 ± 0.09 OUR AVERAGE				
8.68 $\pm 0.14 \pm 0.16$	1172	ABLIKIM	21BA BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV
8.60 $\pm 0.06 \pm 0.15$	26k	ABLIKIM	17S BES3	Using $\bar{K}^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$
8.59 $\pm 0.14 \pm 0.21$	5013	ABLIKIM	16V BES3	Using $\bar{K}^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0$
$8.962 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.206$	40k	¹ ABLIKIM	15AF BES3	from $D^+ \rightarrow K_L e^+ \nu_e$
8.83 $\pm 0.10 \pm 0.20$	8.5k	² BESSON	09 CLEO	from $D^+ \rightarrow K_S e^+ \nu_e$
8.95 $\pm 1.59 \pm 0.67$	34	³ ABLIKIM	05A BES	from $D^+ \rightarrow K_S e^+ \nu_e$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
8.53 $\pm 0.13 \pm 0.23$		⁴ DOBBS	08 CLEO	See BESSON 09
8.71 $\pm 0.38 \pm 0.37$	545	HUANG	05B CLEO	See DOBBS 08

¹ ABLIKIM 15AF report $\Gamma(D^+ \rightarrow K_L e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = (4.481 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.103)\%$. See also the form-factor parameters near the end of this D^+ Listing.

² See the form-factor parameters near the end of this D^+ Listing.

³ The ABLIKIM 05A result together with the $D^0 \rightarrow K^- e^+ \nu_e$ branching fraction of ABLIKIM 04C and Particle Data Group lifetimes gives $\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K^- e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 e^+ \nu_e) = 1.08 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.07$; isospin invariance predicts the ratio is 1.0.

⁴ DOBBS 08 establishes $|\frac{V_{cd}}{V_{cs}} \cdot \frac{f_+^\pi(0)}{f_+^K(0)}| = 0.188 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.002$ from the D^+ and D^0 decays to $\bar{K} e^+ \nu_e$ and $\pi e^+ \nu_e$. It also finds $\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K^- e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 e^+ \nu_e) = 1.06 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.03$; isospin invariance predicts the ratio is 1.0.

$\Gamma(\bar{K}^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{18}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
8.76±0.19 OUR FIT				
8.72±0.07±0.18	21k	ABLIKIM	16G BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
10.3 ± 2.3 ± 0.8	29 ± 6	ABLIKIM	07 BES2	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV

$\Gamma(\bar{K}^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$

Γ_{18}/Γ_{52}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.934±0.025 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
1.019±0.076±0.065	555 ± 39	LINK	04E FOCS	γ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

$\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{19}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.02±0.18 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 3.2.
3.77±0.03±0.08	18.3k	ABLIKIM	16F BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
3.50 ± 0.75 ± 0.27	29	ABLIKIM	060 BES2	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV
3.5 ± 1.2 ± 0.4	14	BAI	91 MRK3	$e^+ e^- \approx 3.77$ GeV

$\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$

Γ_{19}/Γ_{52}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.428 ± 0.018 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 3.7.
0.4380±0.0036±0.0042	70k ± 363	DEL-AMO-SA..11I	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e)$

Γ_{20}/Γ_{19}

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
93.94±0.27 OUR AVERAGE			
93.93 ± 0.22 ± 0.18	ABLIKIM	16F BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
94.11 ± 0.74 ± 0.75	DEL-AMO-SA..11I	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.6$ GeV

$\Gamma((K^- \pi^+) [0.8-1.0]\text{GeV} e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{21}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.39±0.03±0.08	16.2k	ABLIKIM	16F BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

$\Gamma((K^-\pi^+)_{S-wave} e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{22}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.28±0.08±0.08	ABLIKIM	16F	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

 $\Gamma((K^-\pi^+)_{S-wave} e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(K^-\pi^+ e^+ \nu_e)$ Γ_{22}/Γ_{19}

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
5.89±0.17 OUR AVERAGE			
6.05±0.22±0.18	ABLIKIM	16F	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
5.79±0.16±0.15	DEL-AMO-SA..11I	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.6$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(1410)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \bar{K}^*(1410)^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{23}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<6 \times 10^{-3}$	90	DEL-AMO-SA..11I	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.6$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{24}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<5 \times 10^{-4}$	90	DEL-AMO-SA..11I	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.6$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K^-\pi^+ e^+ \nu_e \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{25}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.007	90	ANJOS	89B	Photoproduction

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{26}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ are included. See the end of the D^+ Listings for measurements of $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ form-factor ratios.

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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5.40±0.10 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

5.40±0.10 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

5.31±0.05±0.12	16.2k	ABLIKIM	16F	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
5.52±0.07±0.13	$\approx 5k$	BRIERE	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

5.06±1.21±0.40	28 ± 7	ABLIKIM	060	BES2 $e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV
5.56±0.27±0.23	422 ± 21	¹ HUANG	05B	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

¹HUANG 05B finds $\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K^{*-} e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma(D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^{*0} e^+ \nu_e) = 0.98 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.04$; isospin invariance predicts the ratio is 1.0.

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{26}/Γ_{52}

Unseen decay modes of the $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ are included. See the end of the D^+ Listings for measurements of $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ form-factor ratios.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.74±0.04±0.05		BRANDENB...	02	CLEO $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
0.62±0.15±0.09	35	ADAMOVICH	91	OMEG π^- 340 GeV
0.55±0.08±0.10	880	ALBRECHT	91	ARG $e^+ e^- \approx 10.4$ GeV
0.49±0.04±0.05		ANJOS	89B	E691 Photoproduction

$\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\bar{K}^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ Γ_{27}/Γ_{18}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.417 ± 0.030 ± 0.023	555 ± 39	LINK	04E	FOCS γ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \mu^+ \nu_\mu \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ Γ_{29}/Γ_{27}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.0530 ± 0.0074 $^{+0.0099}_{-0.0096}$	14k	LINK	05I	FOCS γ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{30}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of the $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ are included. See the end of the D^+ Listings for measurements of $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ form-factor ratios.

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
5.27 ± 0.15 OUR FIT				
5.27 ± 0.07 ± 0.14	≈ 5k	BRIERE	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\bar{K}^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ Γ_{30}/Γ_{18}

Unseen decay modes of the $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ are included. See the end of the D^+ Listings for measurements of $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ form-factor ratios.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.602 ± 0.020 OUR FIT				
0.594 ± 0.043 ± 0.033	555 ± 39	LINK	04E	FOCS γ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{30}/Γ_{52}

Unseen decay modes of the $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ are included. See the end of the D^+ Listings for measurements of $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ form-factor ratios.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.562 ± 0.018 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
0.57 ± 0.06 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
0.72 ± 0.10 ± 0.05		BRANDENB... 02	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
0.56 ± 0.04 ± 0.06	875	FRABETTI 93E	E687	γ Be $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV
0.46 ± 0.07 ± 0.08	224	KODAMA 92C	E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.602 ± 0.010 ± 0.021	12k	¹ LINK	02J	FOCS γ nucleus, ≈ 180 GeV

¹ This LINK 02J result includes the effects of an interference of a small *S*-wave $K^- \pi^+$ amplitude with the dominant \bar{K}^{*0} amplitude. (The interference effect is reported in LINK 02E.) This result is redundant with results of LINK 04E elsewhere in these Listings.

 $\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ Γ_{31}/Γ_{27}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.042	90	FRABETTI 93E	E687	γ Be $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV

$\Gamma(\bar{K}_1(1270)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \bar{K}_1^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^0) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{32}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$1.06 \pm 0.12^{+0.08}_{-0.10}$	120	¹ ABLIKIM	19BH BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV

¹ ABLIKIM 19BH quotes $B(D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}_1(1270)^0 e^+ \nu_e) = (2.30 \pm 0.26^{+0.18}_{-0.21} \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-3}$, where the last uncertainty is due to $B(\bar{K}_1(1270)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^0) = 0.467 \pm 0.050$.

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu) / \Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ Γ_{33}/Γ_{27}

Unseen decay modes of the $\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0$ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.0064	90	LINK	05I FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(1680)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu) / \Gamma(K^- \pi^+ \mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ Γ_{34}/Γ_{27}

Unseen decay modes of the $\bar{K}^*(1680)^0$ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.04	90	LINK	05I FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{35}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.372 ± 0.017 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 2.0.
$0.363 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.005$	3.4k	ABLIKIM	17S BES3	Using $\pi^0 \rightarrow 2\gamma$
$0.405 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.009$	838	¹ BESSON	09 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$0.373 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.013$		² DOBBS	08 CLEO	See BESSON 09
$0.44 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.03$	63 ± 9	HUANG	05B CLEO	See DOBBS 08

¹ See the form-factor parameters near the end of this D^+ Listing.

² DOBBS 08 establishes $|\frac{V_{cd}}{V_{cs}} \cdot \frac{f_+^\pi(0)}{f_+^K(0)}| = 0.188 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.002$ from the D^+ and D^0 decays to $\bar{K} e^+ \nu_e$ and $\pi e^+ \nu_e$. It finds $\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma(D^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e) = 2.03 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.08$; isospin invariance predicts the ratio is 2.0.

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{36}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.350 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.010$	1.3k	ABLIKIM	18AE BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

 $\Gamma(\eta e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{37}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
11.1 ± 0.7 OUR AVERAGE				
$10.74 \pm 0.81 \pm 0.51$	373	ABLIKIM	18R BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV
$11.4 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.4$		YELTON	11 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$13.3 \pm 2.0 \pm 0.6$	46	MITCHELL	09B CLEO	See YELTON 11

$\Gamma(\eta\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{38}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
10.41 ± 1.12 ± 0.05	234	¹ ABLIKIM	20T BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV	

¹ ABLIKIM 20T reports $(10.4 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$ from a measurement of $[\Gamma(D^+ \rightarrow \eta\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [\mathcal{B}(\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma)]$ assuming $\mathcal{B}(\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma) = (39.41 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-2}$, which we rescale to our best value $\mathcal{B}(\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma) = (39.36 \pm 0.18) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(\pi^-\pi^+e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{39}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
2.49 ± 0.11 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			
2.449 ± 0.074 ± 0.073	1.7k	ABLIKIM	19C BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV	

$\Gamma(f_0(500)^0 e^+\nu_e, f_0(500)^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(\pi^-\pi^+e^+\nu_e)$					Γ_{40}/Γ_{39}
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
25.7 ± 1.6 ± 1.1	1.5k	ABLIKIM	19C BES3	$\pi^-\pi^+e^+\nu_e$ events	

$\Gamma(\rho^0 e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{41}/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
1.90 ± 0.10 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			
2.17 ± 0.12 ± 0.22	447 ± 25	¹ DOBBS	13 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$2.1 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.1$ 27 ± 6 ² HUANG 05B CLEO See DOBBS 13

¹ DOBBS 13 finds $\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow \rho^- e^+\nu_e) / 2 \Gamma(D^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 e^+\nu_e) = 1.03 \pm 0.09^{+0.08}_{-0.02}$; isospin invariance predicts the ratio is 1.0.

² HUANG 05B finds $\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow \rho^- e^+\nu_e) / 2 \Gamma(D^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 e^+\nu_e) = 1.2^{+0.4}_{-0.3} \pm 0.1$; isospin invariance predicts the ratio is 1.0.

$\Gamma(\rho^0 e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma(\pi^-\pi^+e^+\nu_e)$					Γ_{41}/Γ_{39}
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
76.5 ± 2.3 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			
76.0 ± 1.7 ± 1.1	1.5k	ABLIKIM	19C BES3	$\pi^-\pi^+e^+\nu_e$ events	

$\Gamma(\rho^0 e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+\nu_e)$					Γ_{41}/Γ_{26}
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
0.0353 ± 0.0020 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.			
0.045 ± 0.014 ± 0.009	49	¹ AITALA	97 E791	π^- nucleus, 500 GeV	

¹ AITALA 97 explicitly subtracts $D^+ \rightarrow \eta' e^+\nu_e$ and other backgrounds to get this result.

$\Gamma(\rho^0 \mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+\nu_\mu)$					Γ_{42}/Γ_{30}
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
0.045 ± 0.007 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.			
0.041 ± 0.006 ± 0.004	320 ± 44	LINK	06B FOCS	γ A, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV	
0.051 ± 0.015 ± 0.009	54	¹ AITALA	97 E791	π^- nucleus, 500 GeV	
0.079 ± 0.019 ± 0.013	39	² FRABETTI	97 E687	γ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220$ GeV	

¹ AITALA 97 explicitly subtracts $D^+ \rightarrow \eta' \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ and other backgrounds to get this result.

² Because the reconstruction efficiency for photons is low, this FRABETTI 97 result also includes any $D^+ \rightarrow \eta' \mu^+ \nu_\mu \rightarrow \gamma \rho^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ events in the numerator.

$\Gamma(\omega e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{43}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.69 ± 0.11 OUR AVERAGE				
$1.63 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.08$	491 ± 32	ABLIKIM	15W BES3	292 fb^{-1} , 3773 MeV
$1.82 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.07$	129 ± 13	DOBBS	13 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$1.6 \begin{array}{l} +0.7 \\ -0.6 \end{array} \pm 0.1$	$7.6 \begin{array}{l} +3.3 \\ -2.7 \end{array}$	HUANG	05B CLEO	See DOBBS 13

$\Gamma(\omega e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\pi^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e)$

Γ_{43}/Γ_{39}

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.28 \pm 0.41 \pm 0.15$				
1.5k	ABLIKIM	19C	BES3	$\pi^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e$ events

$\Gamma(\omega \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{44}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$17.7 \pm 2.1 \pm 0.1$				
194	1	ABLIKIM	20H	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

¹ ABLIKIM 20H reports $(17.7 \pm 1.8 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$ from a measurement of $[\Gamma(D^+ \rightarrow \omega \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\omega(782) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)]$ assuming $B(\omega(782) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) = (89.3 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-2}$, which we rescale to our best value $B(\omega(782) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) = (89.2 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{45}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.0 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE					
$1.91 \pm 0.51 \pm 0.13$	32	ABLIKIM	18R	BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV
$2.16 \pm 0.53 \pm 0.07$		YELTON	11	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
<3.5	90	MITCHELL	09B	CLEO	See YELTON 11

$\Gamma(a(980)^0 e^+ \nu_e, a(980)^0 \rightarrow \eta \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{46}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.66 \begin{array}{l} +0.81 \\ -0.66 \end{array} \pm 0.11$				
$10 \begin{array}{l} +5 \\ -4 \end{array}$	1	ABLIKIM	18F	BES3

¹ Signal observed at 2.9σ C.L.

$\Gamma(b_1(1235)^0 e^+ \nu_e, b_1^0 \rightarrow \omega \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{47}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.75 \times 10^{-4}$	90	ABLIKIM	20AF	BES3

$\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{48}/Γ Unseen decay modes of the ϕ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ABLIKIM	15W BES3	292 fb^{-1} , 3773 MeV
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<0.9 \times 10^{-4}$	90	YELTON	11 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
$<1.6 \times 10^{-4}$	90	MITCHELL	09B CLEO	See YELTON 11
<0.0201	90	ABLIKIM	06P BES2	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV
<0.0209	90	BAI	91 MRK3	$e^+ e^- \approx 3.77 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(D^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{49}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<1.0 \times 10^{-4}$	90	ABLIKIM	17AD BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

Hadronic modes with a \bar{K} or $\bar{K}KK$ $\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{50}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.562 ± 0.031 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.7.
$1.591 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.030$	94k	ABLIKIM	18W BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
1.526 $\pm 0.022 \pm 0.038$		¹ DOBBS	07 CLEO	See MENDEZ 10
1.55 $\pm 0.05 \pm 0.06$	2.2k	¹ HE	05 CLEO	See DOBBS 07
1.6 $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.1$	161	ADLER	88C MRK3	$e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV

¹ DOBBS 07 and HE 05 use single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. DOBBS 07 supersedes HE 05.

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{50}/Γ_{52}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.167 ± 0.004 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 2.4.
0.162 ± 0.009 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 4.5.
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
0.171 $\pm 0.002 \pm 0.002$		BONVICINI	14 CLEO	All CLEO-c runs
0.1530 $\pm 0.0023 \pm 0.0016$	10.6k	LINK	02B FOCS	γ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$

0.1682 $\pm 0.0012 \pm 0.0037$	30k	MENDEZ	10 CLEO	See BONVICINI 14
0.174 $\pm 0.012 \pm 0.011$	473	¹ BISHAI	97 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
0.137 $\pm 0.015 \pm 0.016$	264	ANJOS	90C E691	Photoproduction

¹ See BISHAI 97 for an isospin analysis of $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}\pi$ amplitudes.

 $\Gamma(K_L^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{51}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$1.460 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.035$	2023 ± 54	¹ HE	08 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

¹ The difference of CLEO $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+$ and $K_L^0 \pi^+$ branching fractions over the sum (DOBBS 07 and HE 08) is $+0.022 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.018$.

$\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{52}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
9.38 ± 0.16 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.6.		
9.224±0.059±0.157		BONVICINI 14	CLEO	All CLEO-c runs
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
9.14 ± 0.10 ± 0.17		¹ DOBBS 07	CLEO	See BONVICINI 14
9.5 ± 0.2 ± 0.3	15.1k	¹ HE 05	CLEO	See DOBBS 07
9.3 ± 0.6 ± 0.8	1502	² BAEST 94	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
6.4 ± 1.5 -1.4		³ BARLAG 92C	ACCM	π^- Cu 230 GeV
9.1 ± 1.3 ± 0.4	1164	ADLER 88C	MRK3	$e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV
9.1 ± 1.9	239	⁴ SCHINDLER 81	MRK2	$e^+ e^-$ 3.771 GeV
1 DOBBS 07 and HE 05 use single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. DOBBS 07 supersedes HE 05.				
2 BAEST 94 measures the ratio of $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$ and $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$ branching fractions to be $2.35 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.16$ and uses their absolute measurement of the $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$ fraction (AKERIB 93).				
3 BARLAG 92C computes the branching fraction by topological normalization.				
4 SCHINDLER 81 (MARK-2) measures $\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \psi(3770)) \times$ branching fraction to be 0.38 ± 0.05 nb. We use the MARK-3 (ADLER 88C) value of $\sigma = 4.2 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3$ nb.				

See the related review(s):

Review of Multibody Charm Analyses

$\Gamma((K^- \pi^+)_{S-\text{wave}} \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$

Γ_{53}/Γ_{52}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. The $K^- \pi^+$ S-wave includes a broad scalar κ ($\bar{K}_0^*(700)$), the $\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0$, and non-resonant background.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.801 ± 0.012 OUR AVERAGE			
0.8024 ± 0.0138 ± 0.0043	¹ LINK 09	FOCS	MIPWA fit, 53k evts
0.838 ± 0.038	² BONVICINI 08A	CLEO	QMIPWA fit, 141k evts
0.786 ± 0.014 ± 0.018	AITALA 06	E791	Dalitz fit, 15.1k events
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.8323 ± 0.0150 ± 0.0008	³ LINK 07B	FOCS	See LINK 09

¹ This LINK 09 model-independent partial-wave analysis of the $K^- \pi^+$ S-wave slices the $K^- \pi^+$ mass range into 39 bins.

² The BONVICINI 08A QMIPWA (quasi-model-independent partial-wave analysis) of the $K^- \pi^+$ S-wave amplitude slices the $K^- \pi^+$ mass range into 26 bins but keeps the Breit-Wigner $\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0$.

³ This LINK 07B fit uses a K matrix. The $K^- \pi^+$ S-wave fit fraction given above breaks down into $(207.3 \pm 25.5 \pm 12.4)\%$ isospin-1/2 and $(40.5 \pm 9.6 \pm 3.2)\%$ isospin-3/2 — with large interference between the two. The isospin-1/2 component includes the κ (or $\bar{K}_0^*(700)^0$) and $\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0$.

$\Gamma(\bar{K}_0^*(700)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$

Γ_{54}/Γ_{52}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			

0.478 ± 0.121 ± 0.053 AITALA 02 E791 See AITALA 06

$\Gamma(\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{55}/Γ_{52}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.1330 ± 0.0062	BONVICINI	08A CLEO	QMIPWA fit, 141k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.125 ± 0.014 ± 0.005	AITALA	02 E791	See AITALA 06
0.284 ± 0.022 ± 0.059	FRABETTI	94G E687	Dalitz fit, 8800 evts
0.248 ± 0.019 ± 0.017	ANJOS	93 E691	γ Be 90–260 GeV

$\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{56}/Γ_{52}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.111 ± 0.012 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 3.7.		
0.1236 ± 0.0034 ± 0.0034			
LINK	09 FOCS	MIPWA fit, 53k evts	
0.0988 ± 0.0046	BONVICINI	08A CLEO	QMIPWA fit, 141k evts
0.119 ± 0.002 ± 0.020	AITALA	06 E791	Dalitz fit, 15.1k events
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.1361 ± 0.0041 ± 0.0030	¹ LINK	07B FOCS	See LINK 09
0.123 ± 0.010 ± 0.009	AITALA	02 E791	See AITALA 06
0.137 ± 0.006 ± 0.009	FRABETTI	94G E687	Dalitz fit, 8800 evts
0.170 ± 0.009 ± 0.034	ANJOS	93 E691	γ Be 90–260 GeV
0.14 ± 0.04 ± 0.04	ALVAREZ	91B NA14	Photoproduction
0.13 ± 0.01 ± 0.07	ADLER	87 MRK3	$e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV

¹ The statistical error on this LINK 07B value is corrected in LINK 09.

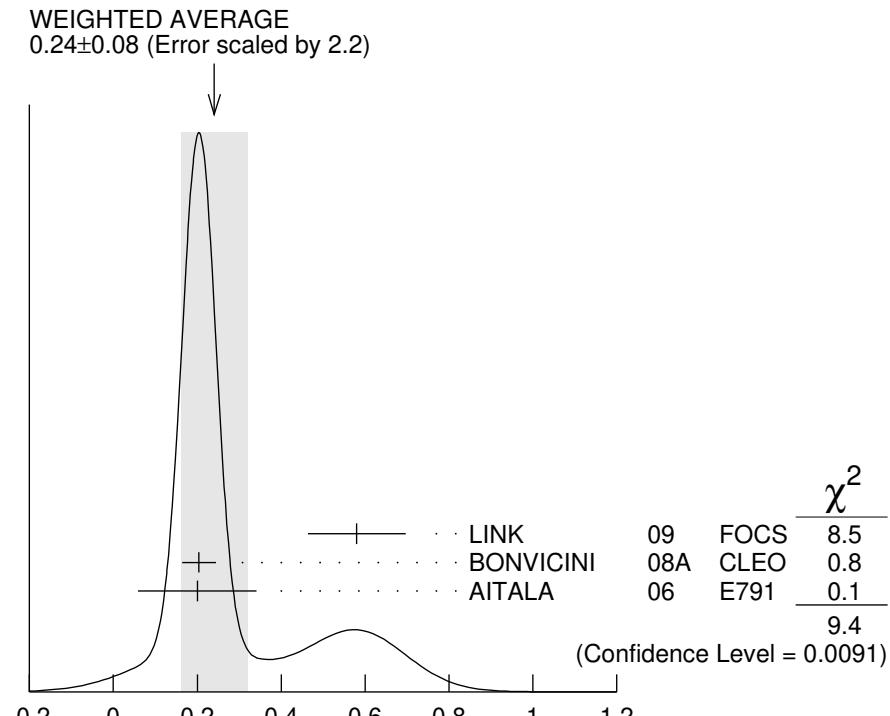
$\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(1410)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{57}/Γ_{52}

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
not seen	LINK	09 FOCS	MIPWA fit, 53k evts
not seen	BONVICINI	08A CLEO	QMIPWA fit, 141k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
4.8 ± 2.1 ± 1.7	LINK	07B FOCS	See LINK 09

$\Gamma(\bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{58}/Γ_{52}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.24 ± 0.08 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 2.2. See the ideogram below.		
0.58 ± 0.10 ± 0.06			
LINK	09 FOCS	MIPWA fit, 53k evts	
0.204 ± 0.040	BONVICINI	08A CLEO	QMIPWA fit, 141k evts
0.2 ± 0.1 ± 0.1	AITALA	06 E791	Dalitz fit, 15.1k events
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.39 ± 0.09 ± 0.05	LINK	07B FOCS	See LINK 09
0.5 ± 0.1 ± 0.2	AITALA	02 E791	See AITALA 06



$$\Gamma(\bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+) / \Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+) \quad \Gamma_{58}/\Gamma_{52}$$

(units 10^{-2})

$$\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(1680)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}^*(1680)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+) / \Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+) \quad \Gamma_{59}/\Gamma_{52}$$

This is the "fit fraction" from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.23 ±0.12 OUR AVERAGE			
1.75 ± 0.62 ± 0.54	LINK	09	FOCS MIPWA fit, 53k evts
0.196 ± 0.118	BONVICINI	08A	CLEO QMIPWA fit, 141k evts
1.2 ± 0.6 ± 1.2	AITALA	06	E791 Dalitz fit, 15.1k events
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
1.90 ± 0.63 ± 0.43	LINK	07B	FOCS See LINK 09
2.5 ± 0.7 ± 0.3	AITALA	02	E791 See AITALA 06
4.7 ± 0.6 ± 0.7	FRABETTI	94G	E687 Dalitz fit, 8800 evts
3.0 ± 0.4 ± 1.3	ANJOS	93	E691 γ Be 90–260 GeV

$$\Gamma(K^-(2\pi^+)_I=2) / \Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+) \quad \Gamma_{60}/\Gamma_{52}$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.155±0.028	BONVICINI	08A	CLEO QMIPWA fit, 141k evts

$$\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+ \text{ nonresonant}) / \Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+) \quad \Gamma_{61}/\Gamma_{52}$$

This is the "fit fraction" from the Dalitz-plot analysis. Later analyses find little need for this decay mode.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.130±0.058±0.044	AITALA	02	E791 See AITALA 06
0.998±0.037±0.072	FRABETTI	94G	E687 Dalitz fit, 8800 evts
0.838±0.088±0.275	ANJOS	93	E691 γ Be 90–260 GeV
0.79 ± 0.07 ± 0.15	ADLER	87	MRK3 $e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV

$\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{62}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$6.99 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.25$		¹ DOBBS 07	CLEO	See BONVICINI 14
$7.2 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.4$	5.1k	¹ HE 05	CLEO	See DOBBS 07
$5.1 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.8$	159	ADLER 88C	MRK3	$e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV

¹ DOBBS 07 and HE 05 use single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. DOBBS 07 supersedes HE 05.

$\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$

Γ_{62}/Γ_{52}

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.785 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.016$	BONVICINI 14	CLEO	All CLEO-c runs

$\Gamma(K_S^0 \rho^+)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)$

Γ_{63}/Γ_{62}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$83.4 \pm 2.2^{+7.1}_{-3.6}$	¹ ABLIKIM 14E	BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

¹ Fit fraction from Dalitz plot analysis of 142k $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$ events.

$\Gamma(K_S^0 \rho(1450)^+, \rho^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)$

Γ_{64}/Γ_{62}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$2.1 \pm 0.3^{+1.6}_{-1.9}$	ABLIKIM 14E	BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

$\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)$

Γ_{65}/Γ_{62}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$3.58 \pm 0.17^{+0.39}_{-0.38}$	¹ ABLIKIM 14E	BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

¹ Fit fraction from Dalitz plot analysis of 142k $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$ events.

$\Gamma(\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)$

Γ_{66}/Γ_{62}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$3.7 \pm 0.6 \pm 1.1$	ABLIKIM 14E	BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

$\Gamma(\bar{K}_0^*(1680)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)$

Γ_{67}/Γ_{62}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.3 \pm 0.2^{+0.9}_{-1.3}$	ABLIKIM 14E	BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

$\Gamma(\bar{\kappa}^0 \pi^+, \bar{\kappa}^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)$

Γ_{68}/Γ_{62}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$7.7 \pm 1.2^{+6.5}_{-4.8}$	ABLIKIM 14E	BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

$\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0 \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

Γ_{69}/Γ_{62}

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$4.6 \pm 0.7^{+5.4}_{-5.1}$	¹ ABLIKIM	14E BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

¹ Fit fraction from Dalitz plot analysis of 142k $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$ events.

$\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0 \text{nonresonant and } \bar{\kappa}^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

Γ_{70}/Γ_{62}

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$18.6 \pm 1.7^{+2.3}_{-4.6}$	ABLIKIM	14E BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

$\Gamma((K_S^0 \pi^0)_S\text{-wave} \pi^+)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)$

Γ_{71}/Γ_{62}

The numerator here is the coherent sum of the $\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 \pi^+$, $\bar{\kappa}^0 \pi^+$, and nonresonant contributions.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$17.3 \pm 1.4^{+3.4}_{-4.3}$	ABLIKIM	14E BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

$\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \omega)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{72}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.707 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.029$	523	¹ ABLIKIM	22U BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

¹ ABLIKIM 22U determines the ratio $B(D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \omega)/B(D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \omega) = 0.21 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.01$, in significant tension with statistical isospin model expectation of 0.9.

$\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{73}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$13.09 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.31$	1.3k	ABLIKIM	20V BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

$\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \eta'(958))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{74}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.90 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.13$	267	ABLIKIM	18AC BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

$\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{75}/Γ

See the listings under “ $D \rightarrow K \pi \pi \pi$ partial wave analyses” and our 2008 Review (Physics Letters **B667** 1 (2008)) for measurements of submodes of this mode.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
5.98 $\pm 0.08 \pm 0.16$		¹ DOBBS	07 CLEO	See BONVICINI 14
6.0 $\pm 0.2 \pm 0.2$	4.8k	¹ HE	05 CLEO	See DOBBS 07
5.8 $\pm 1.2 \pm 1.2$	142	COFFMAN	92B MRK3	$e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV
6.3 $\pm 1.4 \pm 1.2$	175	BALTRUSAIT..	86E MRK3	See COFFMAN 92B

¹ DOBBS 07 and HE 05 use single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. DOBBS 07 supersedes HE 05.

$\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$

Γ_{75}/Γ_{52}

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.666 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.014$	BONVICINI	14 CLEO	All CLEO-c runs

$\Gamma(K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{76}/Γ

See the listings under " $D \rightarrow K\pi\pi\pi$ partial wave analyses" and our 2008 Review (Physics Letters **B667** 1 (2008)) for measurements of submodes of this mode.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$3.122 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.096$		¹ DOBBS	07	CLEO See BONVICINI 14
$3.2 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.2$	3.2k	¹ HE	05	CLEO See DOBBS 07
$2.1 \begin{array}{l} +1.0 \\ -0.9 \end{array}$		² BARLAG	92C	ACCM π^- Cu 230 GeV
$3.3 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.2$	168	ADLER	88C	MRK3 $e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV

¹ DOBBS 07 and HE 05 use single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. DOBBS 07 supersedes HE 05.

² BARLAG 92C computes the branching fraction by topological normalization.

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{76}/Γ_{52}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.331 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.006$	BONVICINI	14	CLEO All CLEO-c runs

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{77}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$28.88 \pm 0.58 \pm 0.69$	3.7k	ABLIKIM	23BWBES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$29.04 \pm 0.62 \pm 0.87$	3.4k	¹ ABLIKIM	22Y BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV
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¹ See ABLIKIM 23BW.

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 a_1(1260)^+, a_1^+ \rightarrow \rho(770)^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0)$ Γ_{78}/Γ_{77}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$30.0 \pm 3.6 \pm 4.2$	¹ ABLIKIM	23BWBES3	$D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$

¹ Amplitude analysis of 1.4k $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$ events.

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 a_1(1260)^+, a_1^+ \rightarrow f_0(500)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0)$ Γ_{79}/Γ_{77}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$3.5 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.9$	¹ ABLIKIM	23BWBES3	$D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$

¹ Amplitude analysis of 1.4k $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$ events.

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}_1(1400)^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}_1^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0)$ Γ_{80}/Γ_{77}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$8.0 \pm 1.2 \pm 0.4$	¹ ABLIKIM	23BWBES3	$D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$

¹ Amplitude analysis of 1.4k $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$ events.

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rho^+, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0)$ Γ_{81}/Γ_{77}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$33.6 \pm 2.7 \pm 1.4$	¹ ABLIKIM	23BWBES3	$D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$

¹ Amplitude analysis of 1.4k $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$ events.

$\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^+ \pi^0 \text{non-resonant}, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0)$ Γ_{82}/Γ_{77}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
9.1±2.0±1.0	¹ ABLIKIM	23BWBES3	$D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$

¹ Amplitude analysis of 1.4k $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$ events.

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 \rho^+ \pi^0 \text{non-resonant})/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0)$ Γ_{83}/Γ_{77}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
16.5±1.6±0.3	¹ ABLIKIM	23BWBES3	$D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$

¹ Amplitude analysis of 1.4k $D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ 2\pi^0$ events.

 $\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+ \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{84}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.35±0.11±0.04	190	ABLIKIM	20V BES3	$e^+ e^-, 3773 \text{ MeV}$

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0 \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{85}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.22±0.24±0.06	50	ABLIKIM	20V BES3	$e^+ e^-, 3773 \text{ MeV}$

 $\Gamma(K^- 3\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{86}/Γ_{52}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.061±0.005 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
0.062±0.008 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.3.		
0.058±0.002±0.006	2923	LINK	03D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$
0.077±0.008±0.010	239	FRABETTI	97C E687	$\gamma Be, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.09 ± 0.01 ± 0.01	113	ANJOS	90D E691	Photoproduction

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-, \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 3\pi^+ \pi^-)$ Γ_{87}/Γ_{86}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.21±0.04±0.06	LINK	03D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rho^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{88}/Γ_{52}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.016±0.007±0.004	FRABETTI	97C E687	$\gamma Be, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rho^0 \pi^+, \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 3\pi^+ \pi^-)$ Γ_{88}/Γ_{86}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.40±0.03±0.06	LINK	03D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$

 $\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 a_1(1260)^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{89}/Γ_{52}

Unseen decay modes of the $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ and $a_1(1260)^+$ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.099±0.008±0.018	LINK	03D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$

$$\Gamma(\overline{K}^*(892)^0 2\pi^+ \pi^- \text{no-}\rho, \overline{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+) \quad \Gamma_{90}/\Gamma_{52}$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.032 ± 0.010 ± 0.008	FRABETTI 97C E687	γ Be, \bar{E}_γ	≈ 200 GeV

$$\Gamma(K^- \rho^0 2\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+) \quad \Gamma_{91}/\Gamma_{52}$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.034 ± 0.009 ± 0.005	FRABETTI 97C E687	γ Be, \bar{E}_γ	≈ 200 GeV

$$\Gamma(K^- \rho^0 2\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 3\pi^+ \pi^-) \quad \Gamma_{91}/\Gamma_{86}$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.30 ± 0.04 ± 0.01	LINK 03D	FOCS	γ A, \bar{E}_γ ≈ 180 GeV

$$\Gamma(K^- 3\pi^+ \pi^- \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma(K^- 3\pi^+ \pi^-) \quad \Gamma_{92}/\Gamma_{86}$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.07 ± 0.05 ± 0.01		LINK 03D	FOCS	γ A, \bar{E}_γ ≈ 180 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<0.026	90	FRABETTI 97C E687	γ Be, \bar{E}_γ	≈ 200 GeV

$$\Gamma(K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{93}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
15.28 ± 0.57 ± 0.60	1k	ABLIKIM 22Y	BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

$$\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ 3\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{94}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
5.54 ± 0.44 ± 0.32	285	ABLIKIM 22Y	BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

$$\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+ 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{95}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
4.95 ± 0.26 ± 0.19	756	ABLIKIM 22Y	BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

$$\Gamma(K^+ 2K_S^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{96}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-4})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
25.4 ± 0.5 ± 1.2	3551	ABLIKIM 17A	BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \psi(3770)$

$$\Gamma(K^+ 2K_S^0)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+) \quad \Gamma_{96}/\Gamma_{52}$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.035 ± 0.010 ± 0.005	39 ± 9	ALBRECHT 94I	ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10$ GeV
0.085 ± 0.018	70 ± 12	AMMAR 91	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV

$$\Gamma(\phi(1020)^0 K^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{177}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<2.1 × 10⁻⁵	90	ABLIKIM 19BI	BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV

$$\Gamma(K^+ K^- K_S^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma(K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-)$$

 Γ_{97}/Γ_{76}

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$7.7 \pm 1.5 \pm 0.9$	35 ± 7	LINK	01C FOCS	γ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

Pionic modes

$$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

 Γ_{98}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.247 ± 0.033 OUR FIT				
$1.259 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.023$	10k	ABLIKIM	18W BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

$$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$$

 Γ_{98}/Γ_{52}

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.33 ± 0.04 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		

1.31 ± 0.06 OUR AVERAGE1.29 $\pm 0.04 \pm 0.05$ 2649 ± 76 MENDEZ 10 CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 3774 MeV1.33 $\pm 0.11 \pm 0.09$ 1229 ± 99 AUBERT,B 06F BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$ 1.44 $\pm 0.19 \pm 0.10$ 171 ± 22 ARMS 04 CLEO $e^+ e^- \approx 10$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.33 $\pm 0.07 \pm 0.06$ 914 ± 46 RUBIN 06 CLEO See MENDEZ 10

$$\Gamma(2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

 Γ_{99}/Γ

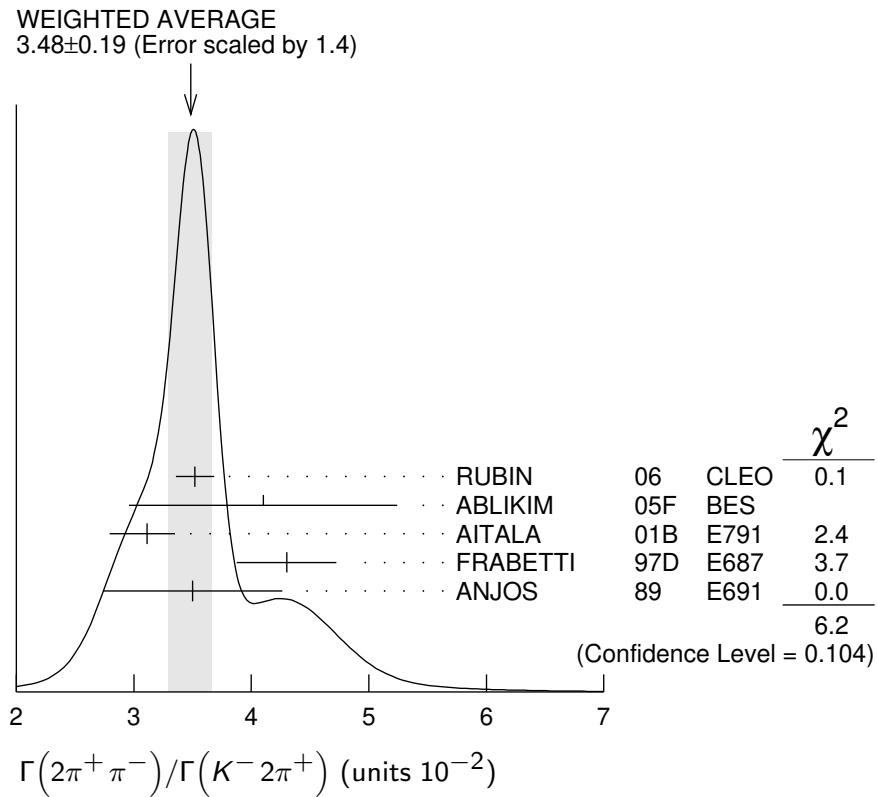
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$32.7 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.5$	2.6k	ABLIKIM	22BG BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

$$\Gamma(2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$$

 Γ_{99}/Γ_{52}

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
3.48 ± 0.19 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.		

3.52 $\pm 0.11 \pm 0.12$ 3303 ± 95 RUBIN 06 CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$ 4.1 $\pm 1.1 \pm 0.3$ 85 ± 22 ABLIKIM 05F BES $e^+ e^- \approx \psi(3770)$ 3.11 $\pm 0.18^{+0.16}_{-0.26}$ 1172 AITALA 01B E791 π^- nucleus, 500 GeV4.3 $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.3$ 236 FRABETTI 97D E687 γ Be \approx 200 GeV3.5 $\pm 0.7 \pm 0.3$ 83 ANJOS 89 E691 Photoproduction



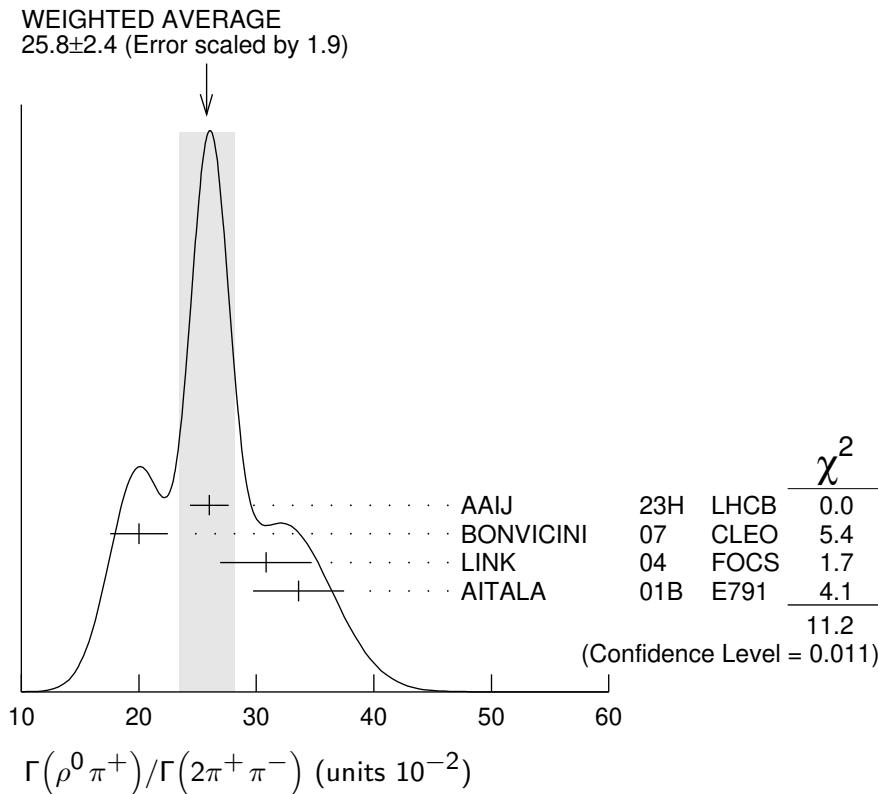
$\Gamma(\rho^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma(2\pi^+ \pi^-)$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

Γ_{100}/Γ_{99}

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
25.8 ±2.4 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.9. See the ideogram below.			
26 ±0.3 ±1.6 ±0.3	572k	¹ AAIJ	23H	LHCb Dalitz plot fit
20.0 ±2.3 ±0.9		BONVICINI	07	CLEO Dalitz fit, ≈ 2240 evts
30.82±3.14±2.30		LINK	04	FOCS Dalitz fit, 1527 ± 51 evts
33.6 ±3.2 ±2.2		AITALA	01B E791	Dalitz fit, 1172 evts

¹ The last error reflects the uncertainty on the amplitude model.



$\Gamma(\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)S\text{-wave})/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{101}/Γ_{99}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See also the next three data blocks.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
61.5 ±0.9 OUR AVERAGE				
$61.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.5$	572k	1,2 AAIJ	23H LHCb	Dalitz plot fit
$56.00 \pm 3.24 \pm 2.14$		3 LINK	04 FOCS	Dalitz fit, 1527 ± 51 evts

¹ AAIJ 23H parameterise the $\pi^+\pi^-$ S-wave using one complex number per bin in 50 bins of $\pi^+\pi^-$ invariant mass.

² The last error reflects the uncertainty on the amplitude model.

³ LINK 04 borrows a K-matrix parametrization from ANISOVICH 03 of the full $\pi\pi$ S-wave isoscalar scattering amplitude to describe the $\pi^+\pi^-$ S-wave component of the $\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$ state. The fit fraction given above is a sum over five f_0 mesons, the $f_0(980)$, $f_0(1300)$, $f_0(1200\text{--}1600)$, $f_0(1500)$, and $f_0(1750)$. See LINK 04 for details and discussion.

$\Gamma(\sigma\pi^+, \sigma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{102}/Γ_{99}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.422±0.027 OUR AVERAGE			
$0.418 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.025$	BONVICINI 07	CLEO	Dalitz fit, ≈ 2240 evts
$0.463 \pm 0.090 \pm 0.021$	AITALA 01B	E791	Dalitz fit, 1172 evts

$\Gamma(f_0(980)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{103}/Γ_{99}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.048±0.010 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.3.		
0.041±0.009±0.003	BONVICINI 07	CLEO	Dalitz fit, ≈ 2240 evts
0.062±0.013±0.004	AITALA 01B	E791	Dalitz fit, 1172 evts

$\Gamma(f_0(1370)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{104}/Γ_{99}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.024±0.013 OUR AVERAGE			
0.026±0.018±0.006	BONVICINI 07	CLEO	Dalitz fit, ≈ 2240 evts
0.023±0.015±0.008	AITALA 01B	E791	Dalitz fit, 1172 evts

$\Gamma(\omega\pi^+, \omega \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{105}/Γ_{99}

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.03±0.08±0.14±0.02	572k	1 AAIJ	23H LHCb	Dalitz plot fit

¹ The last error reflects the uncertainty on the amplitude model.

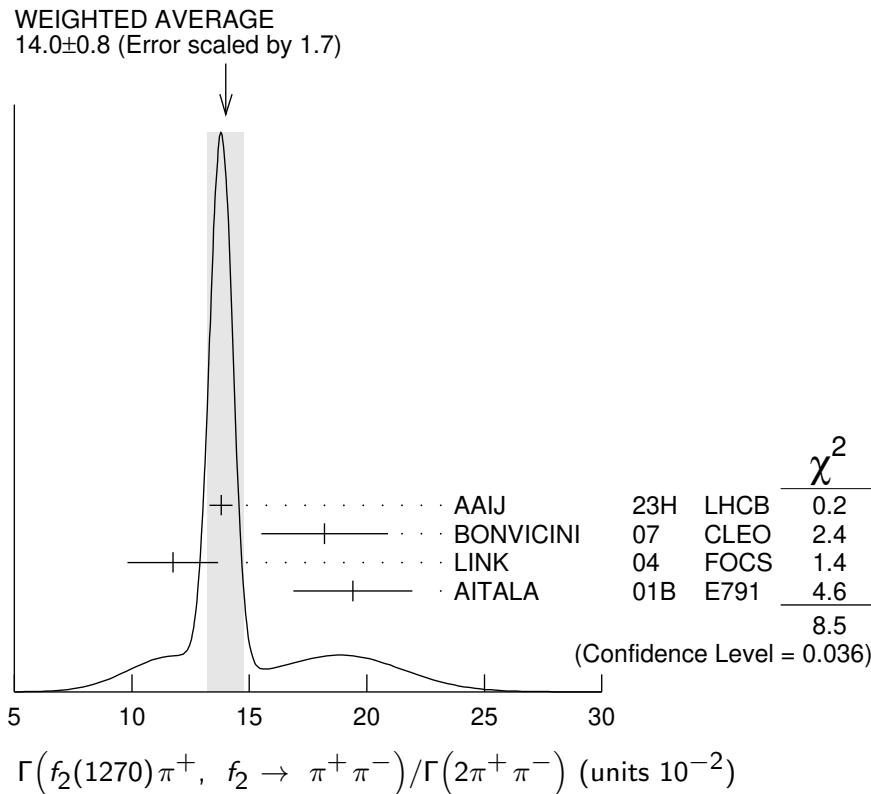
$\Gamma(f_2(1270)\pi^+, f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{106}/Γ_{99}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
14.0 ±0.8 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.7. See the ideogram below.			
13.8 ±0.2 ±0.4 ±0.2	572k	1 AAIJ	23H LHCb	Dalitz plot fit
18.2 ±2.6 ±0.7		BONVICINI 07	CLEO	Dalitz fit, ≈ 2240 evts
11.74±1.90±0.29		LINK 04	FOCS	Dalitz fit, 1527 ± 51 evts
19.4 ±2.5 ±0.4		AITALA 01B	E791	Dalitz fit, 1172 evts

¹ The last error reflects the uncertainty on the amplitude model.



$\Gamma(\rho(1450)^0\pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{107}/Γ_{99}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.4±0.4±1.3±0.8		572k	1 AAIJ	23H LHCb	Dalitz plot fit
<2.4	95		BONVICINI	07 CLEO	Dalitz fit, ≈ 2240 evts
0.7±0.7±0.3			AITALA	01B E791	Dalitz fit, 1172 evts

¹ The last error reflects the uncertainty on the amplitude model.

$\Gamma(\rho(1700)^0\pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{108}/Γ_{99}

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.7±0.5±1.0±1.0	572k	1 AAIJ	23H LHCb	Dalitz plot fit

¹ The last error reflects the uncertainty on the amplitude model.

$\Gamma(f_0(1500)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{109}/Γ_{99}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.034±0.010±0.008	BONVICINI	07 CLEO	Dalitz fit, ≈ 2240 evts

$\Gamma(f_0(1710)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{110}/Γ_{99}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.016	95	BONVICINI	07 CLEO	Dalitz fit, ≈ 2240 evts

$\Gamma(3\pi^+ 2\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>
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1.77±0.17 OUR FIT**1.73±0.20±0.17** 732 ± 77

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $2.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.2$ 58

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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RUBIN 06 CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$ FRABETTI 97C E687 γ Be, \bar{E}_γ ≈ 200 GeV Γ_{119}/Γ_{52} $\Gamma(3\pi^+ 2\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^- 3\pi^+ \pi^-)$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>
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0.289±0.019 OUR FIT**0.290±0.017±0.011** 835

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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LINK 03D FOCS γ A, \bar{E}_γ ≈ 180 GeV Γ_{119}/Γ_{86} $\Gamma(2\pi^+ \pi^- 3\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-4})	<u>EVTS</u>
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34.2±3.1±1.6 186

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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ABLIKIM 22BG BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV Γ_{120}/Γ $\Gamma(3\pi^+ 2\pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-4})	<u>EVTS</u>
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23.4±2.2±1.5 183

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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ABLIKIM 22BG BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV Γ_{121}/Γ $\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-4})	<u>EVTS</u>
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37.7 ± 0.9 OUR FIT**37.90±0.70±0.68**

12k

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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ABLIKIM 18W BES3 $e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $30.7 \pm 2.2 \pm 1.3$

258

ABLIKIM 16D BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV $34.3 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.7$ 1033 ± 42

ARTUSO 08 CLEO See MENDEZ 10

 Γ_{122}/Γ $\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>
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4.02±0.11 OUR FIT

Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

3.87±0.09±0.19 2940 ± 68

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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MENDEZ 10 CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 3774 MeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $3.81 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.21$ 377 ± 26

RUBIN 06 CLEO See ARTUSO 08

 Γ_{122}/Γ_{52} $\Gamma(\eta\pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-4})	<u>EVTS</u>
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20.5±3.5 OUR AVERAGE

Error includes scale factor of 2.2.

 $22.3 \pm 1.5 \pm 1.0$

381

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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ABLIKIM 20G BES3 $e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV $13.8 \pm 3.1 \pm 1.6$ 149 ± 34 ARTUSO 08 CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $24.7 \pm 9.3 \pm 1.6$

42

ABLIKIM 20AA BES3 $e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV Γ_{123}/Γ $\Gamma(\eta 2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>
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3.41±0.17±0.10

515

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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ABLIKIM 20V BES3 $e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV Γ_{124}/Γ

Hadronic modes with a $K\bar{K}$ pair $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{133}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.04 ± 0.09 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 2.2.		
3.183 ± 0.029 ± 0.060	18k	ABLIKIM	18W	BES3 $e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
3.02 ± 0.09 ± 0.08	780	ABLIKIM	19M	BES3 See ABLIKIM 18W.
3.14 ± 0.09 ± 0.08	1971 ± 51	BONVICINI	08	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+)$ Γ_{133}/Γ_{50}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.194 ± 0.006 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 2.8.		
0.1901 ± 0.0024 OUR AVERAGE				
0.1899 ± 0.0011 ± 0.0022	101k ± 561	WON	09	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$
0.1892 ± 0.0155 ± 0.0073	278 ± 21	ARMS	04	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ ≈ 10 GeV
0.1996 ± 0.0119 ± 0.0096	949	LINK	02B	FOCS γ A, \bar{E}_γ ≈ 180 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.222 ± 0.037 ± 0.013	63 ± 10	ABLIKIM	05F	BES $e^+ e^-$ ≈ $\psi(3770)$
0.222 ± 0.041 ± 0.019	70	BISHAI	97	CLEO See ARMS 04
0.25 ± 0.04 ± 0.02	129	FRABETTI	95	E687 γ Be \bar{E}_γ ≈ 200 GeV
0.271 ± 0.065 ± 0.039	69	ANJOS	90C	E691 γ Be
0.317 ± 0.086 ± 0.048	31	BALTRUSAIT..85E	MRK3	$e^+ e^-$ 3.77 GeV
0.25 ± 0.15	6	SCHINDLER	81	MRK2 $e^+ e^-$ 3.771 GeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{133}/Γ_{52}

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.24 ± 0.09 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 2.3.		
3.35 ± 0.06 ± 0.07	5161 ± 86	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 3774 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
3.02 ± 0.18 ± 0.15	949	¹ LINK	02B	FOCS γ nucleus, \bar{E}_γ ≈ 180 GeV

¹ This LINK 02B result is redundant with a result in the previous datablock.

 $\Gamma(K_L^0 K^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{134}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.21 ± 0.11 ± 0.11	650	ABLIKIM	19M	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{135}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.07 ± 0.19 ± 0.23	470	ABLIKIM	19M	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^+ K_S^0, K^*+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+ \pi^0)$ $\Gamma_{136}/\Gamma_{135}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.571 ± 0.026 ± 0.042	692	¹ ABLIKIM	21AD	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

¹ ABLIKIM 21AD value is a fit fraction from an amplitude analysis of $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ K_S^0 \pi^0$ with four components. Reconstructs the $K^*(892)^+$ from its $K^+ \pi^0$ final state.

$\Gamma(\bar{K}^*(892)^0 K^+, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+ \pi^0)$ $\Gamma_{137}/\Gamma_{135}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.102±0.015±0.022	692	¹ ABLIKIM	21AD BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

¹ ABLIKIM 21AD value is a fit fraction from an amplitude analysis of $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ K_S^0 \pi^0$ with four components. Reconstructs the $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ from its $K_S^0 \pi^0$ final state.

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^+ K_S^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+)$ Γ_{138}/Γ_{50}

Unseen decay modes of the $K^*(892)^+$ are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				

1.1±0.3±0.4	67	FRABETTI	95	E687 γ Be $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV
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$\Gamma(K_L^0 K^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{139}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.24±0.22±0.22	410	ABLIKIM	19M BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{140}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				

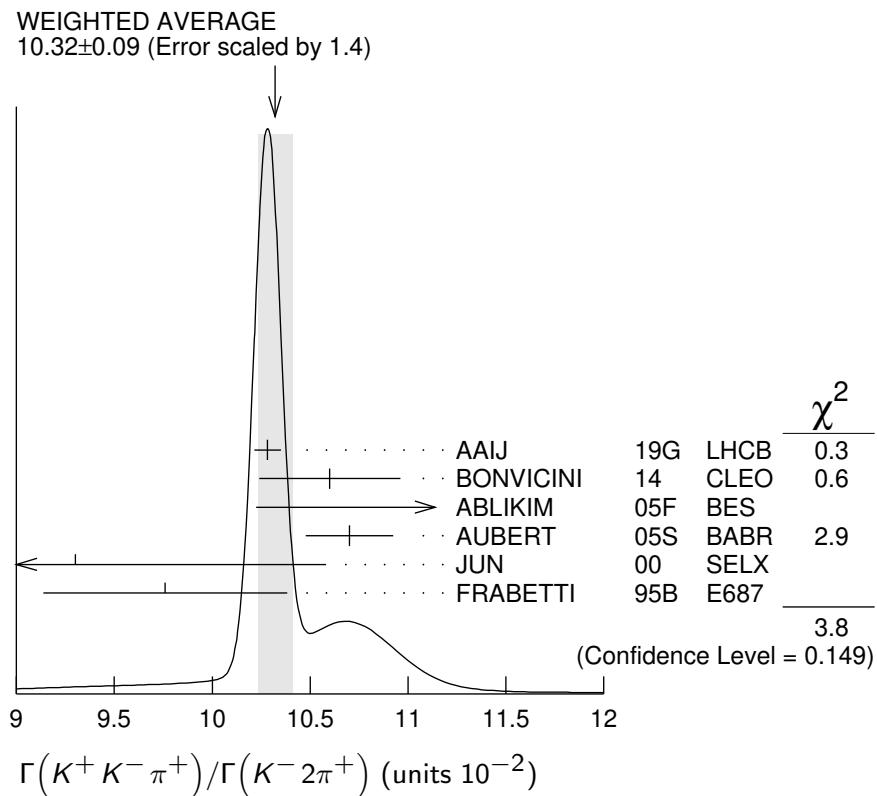
0.935±0.017±0.024		¹ DOBBS	07	CLEO See BONVICINI 14
0.97 ± 0.04 ± 0.04	1250 ± 40	¹ HE	05	CLEO See DOBBS 07

¹ DOBBS 07 and HE 05 use single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. DOBBS 07 supersedes HE 05.

$\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{140}/Γ_{52}

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
10.32 ±0.09 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.		

10.282±0.002±0.068	23M	AAIJ	19G LHCb	$p p$ at 8 TeV
10.6 ± 0.2 ± 0.3		BONVICINI	14 CLEO	All CLEO-c runs
11.7 ± 1.3 ± 0.7	181 ± 20	ABLIKIM	05F BES	$e^+ e^- \approx \psi(3770)$
10.7 ± 0.1 ± 0.2	43k	AUBERT	05S BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
9.3 ± 1.0 ± 0.8 -0.6		JUN	00 SELX	Σ^- nucleus, 600 GeV
9.76 ± 0.42 ± 0.46		FRABETTI	95B E687	γ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV



$\Gamma(K^+\bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

$\Gamma_{141}/\Gamma_{140}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
25.7±0.5^{+0.4}_{-1.2}	RUBIN	08	CLEO Dalitz fit, 19,458±163 evts

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

30.1±2.0±2.5	FRABETTI	95B	E687 Dalitz fit, 915 evts
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$\Gamma(K^+\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

$\Gamma_{142}/\Gamma_{140}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
18.8±1.2^{+3.3}_{-3.4}	RUBIN	08	CLEO Dalitz fit, 19,458±163 evts

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

37.0±3.5±1.8	FRABETTI	95B	E687 Dalitz fit, 915 evts
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$\Gamma(K^+\bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_2^* \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

$\Gamma_{143}/\Gamma_{140}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.7±0.4^{+1.2}_{-0.7}	RUBIN	08	CLEO Dalitz fit, 19,458±163 evts

$\Gamma(K^+\bar{K}_0^*(700), \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

$\Gamma_{144}/\Gamma_{140}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
7.0±0.8^{+3.5}_{-2.0}	RUBIN	08	CLEO Dalitz fit, 19,458±163 evts

$$\Gamma(a_0(1450)^0 \pi^+, a_0^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+) \quad \Gamma_{145}/\Gamma_{140}$$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
4.6±0.6^{+7.2}_{-1.8}	RUBIN	08	CLEO Dalitz fit, 19,458±163 evts

$$\Gamma(\phi(1680)\pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+) \quad \Gamma_{146}/\Gamma_{140}$$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.51±0.11^{+0.37}_{-0.16}	RUBIN	08	CLEO Dalitz fit, 19,458±163 evts

$$\Gamma(\phi\pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+) \quad \Gamma_{147}/\Gamma_{140}$$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
27.8±0.4^{+0.2}_{-0.5}	RUBIN	08	CLEO Dalitz fit, 19,458±163 evts

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

29.2±3.1±3.0	FRABETTI	95B E687	Dalitz fit, 915 evts
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$$\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{148}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻³)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
5.70±0.05±0.13	18k	ABLIKIM	19BI	BES3 e ⁺ e ⁻ at 3773 MeV

$$\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{149}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻³)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
6.62±0.20±0.25	1.3k	ABLIKIM	20AC	BES3 e ⁺ e ⁻ at 3.773 GeV

$$\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0) \quad \Gamma_{149}/\Gamma_{75}$$

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻²)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
11.32±0.13±0.26	50k	LI	23G	BELL e ⁺ e ⁻ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$, n=1,...,5

$$\Gamma(K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{150}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻⁴)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
27.0±0.5±1.2	4897	ABLIKIM	17A	BES3 e ⁺ e ⁻ → $\psi(3770)$

$$\Gamma(K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{151}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻³)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.34±0.20±0.06	80	ABLIKIM	20AC	BES3 e ⁺ e ⁻ at 3.773 GeV

$$\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+ \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{152}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻⁴)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.85±0.52±0.08	14	ABLIKIM	20V	BES3 e ⁺ e ⁻ , 3773 MeV

$$\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{153}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻³)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.89±0.12±0.05	277	ABLIKIM	20AC	BES3 e ⁺ e ⁻ at 3.773 GeV

$\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-)$ Γ_{153}/Γ_{76}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
5.62±0.39±0.40	469 ± 32	LINK	01C FOCS	γ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+ \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{154}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-4})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
5.8±1.2±0.4	34	ABLIKIM	20AC BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{155}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.27±0.12±0.06	467	ABLIKIM	20AC BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+)/\Gamma(K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-)$ Γ_{155}/Γ_{76}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
7.68±0.41±0.32	670 ± 35	LINK	01C FOCS	γ nucleus, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K^- 3\pi^+ \pi^-)$ Γ_{156}/Γ_{86}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.040±0.009±0.019	38	LINK	03D FOCS	γ A, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\phi \pi^+ \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{157}/Γ
Unseen decay modes of the ϕ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.023±0.010	¹ BARLAG	92C ACCM	π^- Cu 230 GeV

¹ BARLAG 92C computes the branching fraction using topological normalization.
 $\Gamma(\phi \rho^+)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{158}/Γ_{52}
Unseen decay modes of the ϕ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.16	90	DAOUDI	92	CLEO $e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0 \text{non-}\phi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{159}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.015^{+0.007}_{-0.006}$	¹ BARLAG	92C ACCM	π^- Cu 230 GeV

¹ BARLAG 92C computes the branching fraction using topological normalization.
 $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0 \text{non-}\phi)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{159}/Γ_{52}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				

<0.25 90 ANJOS 89E E691 Photoproduction

Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes $\Gamma(K^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{160}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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2.08±0.21 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.4.

2.35±0.20 OUR AVERAGE

$2.32 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.06$ 1.8k ABLIKIM 18W BES3 $e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

$2.52 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.26$ 189 ± 37 AUBERT,B 06F BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$2.28 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.17$ 148 ± 23 DYTMAN 06 CLEO See MENDEZ 10

 $\Gamma(K^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(K^-2\pi^+)$ Γ_{160}/Γ_{52}

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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2.21±0.23 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.5.

1.9 ±0.2 ±0.1 343 ± 37 MENDEZ 10 CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 3774 MeV

 $\Gamma(K^+\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{161}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.125±0.016 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

0.151±0.025±0.014 439 ABLIKIM 18W BES3 $e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

 $\Gamma(K^+\eta)/\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{161}/\Gamma_{122}$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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3.3 ±0.4 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

3.06±0.43±0.14 166 ± 23 WON 11 BELL $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(K^+\eta'(958))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{162}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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0.185±0.020 OUR FIT

0.164±0.051±0.024 87 ABLIKIM 18W BES3 $e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

 $\Gamma(K^+\eta'(958))/\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{162}/\Gamma_{131}$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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3.7 ±0.4 OUR FIT

3.77±0.39±0.10 180 ± 19 WON 11 BELL $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(K^+2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{163}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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2.1±0.4±0.1

43 ABLIKIM 22BK BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{164}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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$3.4^{+1.4}_{-1.3} \pm 0.1$

17 ¹ ABLIKIM 22BK BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

¹ ABLIKIM 22BK report a 2.7σ significance for the observation of this decay and assign an upper limit for this branching fraction of 5.4×10^{-4} at 90% CL. In their analysis, ABLIKIM 22BK assume negligible interference between $D^+ \rightarrow K^*+\pi^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^0\pi^0$ and the non-resonant decay to the same final state.

$\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^-\bar{2}\pi^+)$

Γ_{165}/Γ_{52}

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.238±0.025 OUR AVERAGE				
5.231±0.009±0.023	795k	AAIJ	19G LHCb	$p\bar{p}$ at 8 TeV
5.69 ± 0.18 ± 0.14	2638 ± 84	KO	09 BELL	e^+e^- at $\gamma(4S)$
6.5 ± 0.8 ± 0.4	189 ± 24	LINK	04F FOCS	γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
7.7 ± 1.7 ± 0.8	59 ± 13	AITALA	97C E791	$\pi^- A$, 500 GeV
7.2 ± 2.3 ± 1.7	21	FRABETTI	95E E687	γBe , $\bar{E}_\gamma = 220$ GeV

$\Gamma(K^+\rho^0)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$

$\Gamma_{166}/\Gamma_{165}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.39 ± 0.09 OUR AVERAGE			
0.3943±0.0787±0.0815	LINK	04F FOCS	Dalitz fit, 189 evts
0.37 ± 0.14 ± 0.07	AITALA	97C E791	Dalitz fit, 59 evts

$\Gamma(K^+\eta\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{167}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.1±0.5±0.1	19	ABLIKIM	22BK BES3	e^+e^- at 3.773 GeV

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^+\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{168}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.4^{+1.8}_{-1.5}±0.2	11	¹ ABLIKIM	22BK BES3	e^+e^- at 3.773 GeV

¹ ABLIKIM 22BK report a 3.2σ significance for the observation of this decay mode. In their analysis, ABLIKIM 22BK assume negligible interference between $D^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \eta \rightarrow K^+\eta\pi^0$ and the non-resonant decay to the same final state.

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0\pi^+, K^*(892)^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$

$\Gamma_{169}/\Gamma_{165}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.47 ± 0.08 OUR AVERAGE			
0.5220±0.0684±0.0638	LINK	04F FOCS	Dalitz fit, 189 evts
0.35 ± 0.14 ± 0.01	AITALA	97C E791	Dalitz fit, 59 evts

$\Gamma(K^+f_0(980), f_0(980) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$

$\Gamma_{170}/\Gamma_{165}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.0892±0.0333±0.0412	LINK	04F FOCS	Dalitz fit, 189 evts

$\Gamma(K_2^*(1430)^0\pi^+, K_2^*(1430)^0 \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$

$\Gamma_{171}/\Gamma_{165}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.0803±0.0372±0.0391	LINK	04F FOCS	Dalitz fit, 189 evts

$\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^- \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$

$\Gamma_{172}/\Gamma_{165}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			

0.36±0.14±0.07 ¹ AITALA 97C E791 Dalitz fit, 59 evts

¹ LINK 04F, with three times as many events, finds no need for a nonresonant amplitude.

$\Gamma(K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{173}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$1.21 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.03$	350	¹ ABLIKIM	20Z BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV

¹ ABLIKIM 20Z subtracted the known branching fractions of $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ \eta$, $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ \phi$, and $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ \omega$ to obtain an estimate of the non-resonant component (ignoring interference effects and possible additional resonant contributions) $B(D^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \text{ non-resonant}) = (1.13 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.03) \times 10^{-3}$.

 $\Gamma(K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^0)$ Γ_{173}/Γ_{75}

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$1.68 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.03$	3.6k	LI	23G BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at/near $\Upsilon(nS)$, $n=1, \dots, 5$

 $\Gamma(K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{174}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.10 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE				

$1.03 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.06$	112	¹ ABLIKIM	21BB BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV
$1.13 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.03$	350	² ABLIKIM	20Z BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3.773 GeV

¹ ABLIKIM 21BB result has subtracted the known branching fractions of $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ \eta$, $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ \phi$, and $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ \omega$ resonances (ignoring interference effects). The result including these components is measured to be $B(D^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) = (1.11 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-3}$, where the uncertainty is statistical only.

² ABLIKIM 20Z result has subtracted the known branching fractions of $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ \eta$, $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ \phi$, and $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ \omega$, ignoring interference effects. The result including these components is measured to be $(1.21 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.03) \times 10^{-3}$.

 $\Gamma(K^+ \omega)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{175}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-5})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$5.7^{+2.5}_{-2.1} \pm 0.2$	9	ABLIKIM	20Z BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

 $\Gamma(2K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{176}/Γ_{52}

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
6.54 ± 0.05 OUR AVERAGE				
$6.541 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.042$	134k	AAIJ	19G LHCb	$p p$ at 8 TeV
$9.49 \pm 2.17 \pm 0.22$	65	¹ LINK	02I FOCS	γ nucleus, ≈ 180 GeV

¹ LINK 02I finds little evidence for ϕK^+ or $f_0(980) K^+$ submodes.

 $\Gamma(K^+ \phi(1020), \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(2K^+ K^-)$ $\Gamma_{178}/\Gamma_{176}$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
7.1 ± 0.9	¹ AAIJ	19H LHCb	$p p$ at 8TeV

¹ Fit fraction from a Dalitz plot analysis of $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^+ K^-$ decays. The last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.

 $\Gamma(K^+ (K^+ K^-) s\text{-wave})/\Gamma(2K^+ K^-)$ $\Gamma_{179}/\Gamma_{176}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.94 ± 0.01	¹ AAIJ	19H LHCb	$p p$ at 8TeV

¹ Fit fraction from a Dalitz plot analysis of $D^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^+ K^-$ decays. The last uncertainty is due to the amplitude model.

Rare or forbidden modes **$\Gamma(\pi^+ e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$** **$\Gamma_{180}/\Gamma$**

A test for the $\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<1.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90	AAIJ	21T LHCb	$1.6 \text{ fb}^{-1} pp$
$<5.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ RUBIN	10 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
$<7.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	HE	05A CLEO	See RUBIN 10
$<5.2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$<1.1 \times 10^{-4}$	90	FRAZETTI	97B E687	γ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220$ GeV
$<6.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	96 E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$<2.5 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B MRK2	$e^+ e^-$ 29 GeV
$<2.6 \times 10^{-3}$	90	HAAS	88 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ 10 GeV

¹ This RUBIN 10 limit is for the $e^+ e^-$ mass in the continuum away from the $\phi(1020)$. See the next data block.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0 e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{181}/Γ**

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ABLIKIM	18P BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \phi, \phi \rightarrow e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{182}/Γ**

This is *not* a test for the $\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current, but leads to the $\pi^+ e^+ e^-$ final state.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$(1.7^{+1.4}_{-0.9} \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-6}$	4	¹ RUBIN	10 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$(2.7^{+3.6}_{-1.8} \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-6}$	2	HE	05A CLEO	See RUBIN 10

¹ This RUBIN 10 result is consistent with the known $D^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$ and $\phi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ fractions.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_{183}/Γ**

A test for the $\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<6.7 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AAIJ	21T LHCb	$1.6 \text{ fb}^{-1} pp$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<7.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AAIJ	13AF LHCb	pp at 7 TeV
$<6.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$<3.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ ABAZOV	08D D0	$p\bar{p}, E_{cm} = 1.96$ TeV
$<8.8 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LINK	03F FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$<1.5 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$<8.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	FRAZETTI	97B E687	γ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220$ GeV
$<1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	96 E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$<2.2 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV
$<5.9 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B MRK2	$e^+ e^-$ 29 GeV
$<2.9 \times 10^{-3}$	90	HAAS	88 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ 10 GeV

¹ This ABAZOV 08D limit is for the $\mu^+ \mu^-$ mass in the continuum away from the $\phi(1020)$. See the next data block.

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \phi, \phi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{184}/Γ

This is *not* a test for the $\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current, but leads to the $\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$ final state.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$(1.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-6}$	¹ ABAZOV	08D D0	$p\bar{p}$, $E_{\text{cm}} = 1.96$ TeV

¹ This ABAZOV 08D value is consistent with the known $D^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$ and $\phi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ fractions.

$\Gamma(\rho^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{185}/Γ

A test for the $\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 5.6 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95	E653 π^- emulsion 600 GeV

$\Gamma(K^+ e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{186}/Γ

Both quarks would have to change flavor for this decay to occur.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 8.5 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	21T LHCb	1.6 fb^{-1} $p\bar{p}$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 1.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$< 3.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	RUBIN	10 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
$< 6.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	HE	05A CLEO	See RUBIN 10
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-4}$	90	FRABETTI	97B E687	γ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220$ GeV
$< 4.8 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B MRK2	$e^+ e^-$ 29 GeV

$\Gamma(K^+ \pi^0 e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{187}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ABLIKIM	18P BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

$\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+ e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{188}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 2.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ABLIKIM	18P BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

$\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+ e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{189}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 1.1 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ABLIKIM	18P BES3	$e^+ e^-$, 3773 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{190}/Γ

Both quarks would have to change flavor for this decay to occur.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 5.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AAIJ	21T LHCb	1.6 fb^{-1} $p\bar{p}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<4.3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$<9.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LINK	03F	FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$
$<4.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G	E791	$\pi^- N 500 \text{ GeV}$
$<9.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	FRABETTI	97B	E687	$\gamma \text{ Be}, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.2 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95	E653	$\pi^- \text{ emulsion } 600 \text{ GeV}$
$<9.2 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B	MRK2	$e^+ e^- 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\pi^+ e^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<2.1 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	21T	LHCb $1.6 \text{ fb}^{-1} pp$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<2.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$<1.1 \times 10^{-4}$	90	FRABETTI	97B	E687	$\gamma \text{ Be}, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.3 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B	MRK2	$e^+ e^- 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\pi^+ e^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{191}/Γ

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<2.2 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	21T	LHCb $1.6 \text{ fb}^{-1} pp$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<3.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$<1.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	FRABETTI	97B	E687	$\gamma \text{ Be}, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.3 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B	MRK2	$e^+ e^- 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^+ e^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{192}/Γ

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<7.5 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AAIJ	21T	LHCb $1.6 \text{ fb}^{-1} pp$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<1.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$<1.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	FRABETTI	97B	E687	$\gamma \text{ Be}, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.4 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B	MRK2	$e^+ e^- 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^+ e^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{193}/Γ

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.0 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	21T	LHCb $1.6 \text{ fb}^{-1} pp$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<2.8 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$<1.2 \times 10^{-4}$	90	FRABETTI	97B	E687	$\gamma \text{ Be}, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220 \text{ GeV}$
$<3.4 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B	MRK2	$e^+ e^- 29 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\pi^- 2e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

Γ_{195}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<5.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	21T	LHCb 1.6 fb^{-1} pp
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<1.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$<1.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	RUBIN	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
$<3.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90	HE	05A	CLEO See RUBIN 10
$<9.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G	E791 $\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$<1.1 \times 10^{-4}$	90	FRABETTI	97B	E687 γ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220$ GeV
$<4.8 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B	MRK2 $e^+ e^-$ 29 GeV

$\Gamma(\pi^- 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

Γ_{196}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AAIJ	21T	LHCb 1.6 fb^{-1} pp
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<2.2 \times 10^{-8}$	90	AAIJ	13AF	LHCb pp at 7 TeV
$<2.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$<4.8 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LINK	03F	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$<1.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G	E791 $\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$<8.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	FRABETTI	97B	E687 γ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220$ GeV
$<2.2 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95	E653 π^- emulsion 600 GeV
$<6.8 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B	MRK2 $e^+ e^-$ 29 GeV

$\Gamma(\pi^- e^+ \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

Γ_{197}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	21T	LHCb 1.6 fb^{-1} pp
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<2.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$<5.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G	E791 $\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$<1.1 \times 10^{-4}$	90	FRABETTI	97B	E687 γ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220$ GeV
$<3.7 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B	MRK2 $e^+ e^-$ 29 GeV

$\Gamma(\rho^- 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

Γ_{198}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<5.6 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95	E653 π^- emulsion 600 GeV

$\Gamma(K^- 2e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

Γ_{199}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<0.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$<3.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	RUBIN	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$
$<4.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90	HE	05A	CLEO See RUBIN 10
$<1.2 \times 10^{-4}$	90	FRABETTI	97B	E687 γ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 220$ GeV
$<9.1 \times 10^{-3}$	90	WEIR	90B	MRK2 $e^+ e^-$ 29 GeV

¹ AITALA 97B measure $N(D^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^+)/N(D^+ \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\pi^+)$, the ratio of numbers of events observed, and similarly for the D^- .

$A_{CP}(2\pi^\pm\pi^\mp\pi^0)$ in $D^\pm \rightarrow 2\pi^\pm\pi^\mp\pi^0$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
+0.3±1.8±0.8	4.6k	ABLIKIM	22BG BES3	e^+e^- at 3.773 GeV

$A_{CP}(2\pi^\pm\pi^\mp 2\pi^0)$ in $D^\pm \rightarrow 2\pi^\pm\pi^\mp 2\pi^0$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-4.2±3.8±1.3	1.2k	ABLIKIM	22BG BES3	e^+e^- at 3.773 GeV

$A_{CP}(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^\pm\eta)$ in $D^\pm \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^\pm\eta$

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.5±5.0±1.6	510	ABLIKIM	20V BES3	e^+e^- , 3773 MeV

$A_{CP}(K_S^0 K^\pm\pi^+\pi^-)$ in $D^\pm \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm\pi^+\pi^-$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-4.2±6.4±2.2	523 ± 32	LINK	05E FOCS	γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

$A_{CP}(K^\pm\pi^0)$ in $D^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm\pi^0$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-3 ± 5 OUR AVERAGE				
-3.2 ± 4.7 ± 2.1	2.5k	AAIJ	21U LHCb	$p p$ at 7, 8, 13 TeV
-3.5 ± 10.7 ± 0.9	343	MENDEZ	10 CLEO	e^+e^- at 3774 MeV

$A_{CP}(K^\pm\eta)$ in $D^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm\eta$

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-6±10±4	880	AAIJ	21U LHCb	$p p$ at 13 TeV

$D^\pm \chi^2$ TESTS OF CP-VIOLATION (CPV)

We list model-independent searches for local CP violation in phase-space distributions of multi-body decays.

Most of these searches divide phase space (Dalitz plot for 3-body decays, five-dimensional equivalent for 4-body decays) into bins, and perform a χ^2 test comparing normalised yields N_i , \bar{N}_i in CP -conjugate bin pairs i : $\chi^2 = \sum_i (N_i - \alpha \bar{N}_i)/\sigma(N_i - \alpha \bar{N}_i)$. The factor $\alpha = (\sum_i N_i)/(\sum_i \bar{N}_i)$ removes the dependence on phase-space-integrated rate asymmetries. The result is used to obtain the probability (p-value) to obtain the measured χ^2 or larger under the assumption of CP conservation [AUBERT 08A0, BEDIAGA 09]. Alternative methods obtain p-values from other test variables based on unbinned analyses [WILLIAMS 11, AAIJ 14C]. Results can be combined using Fisher's method [MOSTELLER 48].

Local CPV in $D^\pm \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^\pm$

p-value (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
78.1	3.1M	¹ AAIJ	14c LHCb	χ^2

¹ AAIJ 14C uses binned and unbinned methods, and finds slightly better sensitivity with the former. We took the first value in the table of results for the binned method.

Local CPV in $D^\pm \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^\pm$

<i>p</i> -value (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
31 OUR EVALUATION				
72	224k	LEES	13F	BABR χ^2
12.7	370k	¹ AAIJ	11G	LHCb χ^2

¹ AAIJ 11G publishes results for several binning schemes. We picked the first value in their table of results.

Local CPV in $D^\pm \rightarrow K^+ K^- K^\pm$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
31.6	1.27M	AAIJ	23L	LHCb χ^2

CP VIOLATING ASYMMETRIES OF *P*-ODD (*T*-ODD) MOMENTS **$A_{T\text{viol}}(K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-)$ in $D^\pm \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-$**

$C_T \equiv \vec{p}_{K^+} \cdot (\vec{p}_{\pi^+} \times \vec{p}_{\pi^-})$ is a parity-odd correlation of the K^+ , π^+ , and π^- momenta for the D^+ . $\bar{C}_T \equiv \vec{p}_{K^-} \cdot (\vec{p}_{\pi^-} \times \vec{p}_{\pi^+})$ is the corresponding quantity for the D^- . Then

$A_T \equiv [\Gamma(C_T > 0) - \Gamma(C_T < 0)] / [\Gamma(C_T > 0) + \Gamma(C_T < 0)]$, and

$\bar{A}_T \equiv [\Gamma(-\bar{C}_T > 0) - \Gamma(-\bar{C}_T < 0)] / [\Gamma(-\bar{C}_T > 0) + \Gamma(-\bar{C}_T < 0)]$, and

$A_{T\text{viol}} \equiv \frac{1}{2}(A_T - \bar{A}_T)$. C_T and \bar{C}_T are commonly referred to as *T*-odd moments, because they are odd under *T* reversal. However, the *T*-conjugate process $K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow D^\pm$ is not accessible, while the *P*-conjugate process is.

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
- 3 ± 8 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
3.4 ± 8.7 ± 3.2	19k	MOON	23	BELL 980 fb^{-1} at $\sim \gamma(4S)$
-12.0 ± 10.0 ± 4.6	21k	LEES	11E	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
23 ± 62 ± 22	523	LINK	05E	FOCS γ A, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$

 $A_{T\text{viol}}(K^+ K^- K_S^0 \pi^\pm)$ in $D^\pm \rightarrow K^+ K^- K_S^0 \pi^\pm$

$C_T \equiv \vec{p}_{K^+} \cdot (\vec{p}_{\pi^+} \times \vec{p}_{K^-})$ is a parity-odd correlation of the K^+ , π^+ , and K^- momenta for the D^+ . $\bar{C}_T \equiv \vec{p}_{K^-} \cdot (\vec{p}_{\pi^-} \times \vec{p}_{K^+})$ is the corresponding quantity for the D^- . Then

$A_T \equiv [\Gamma(C_T > 0) - \Gamma(C_T < 0)] / [\Gamma(C_T > 0) + \Gamma(C_T < 0)]$, and

$\bar{A}_T \equiv [\Gamma(-\bar{C}_T > 0) - \Gamma(-\bar{C}_T < 0)] / [\Gamma(-\bar{C}_T > 0) + \Gamma(-\bar{C}_T < 0)]$, and

$A_{T\text{viol}} \equiv \frac{1}{2}(A_T - \bar{A}_T)$. C_T and \bar{C}_T are commonly referred to as *T*-odd moments, because they are odd under *T* reversal. However, the *T*-conjugate process $K^+ K^- K_S^0 \pi^\pm \rightarrow D^\pm$ is not accessible, while the *P*-conjugate process is.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-3.34 ± 2.66 ± 0.35	1.4k	MOON	23	BELL 980 fb^{-1} at $\sim \gamma(4S)$

SEMILEPTONIC FORM FACTORS

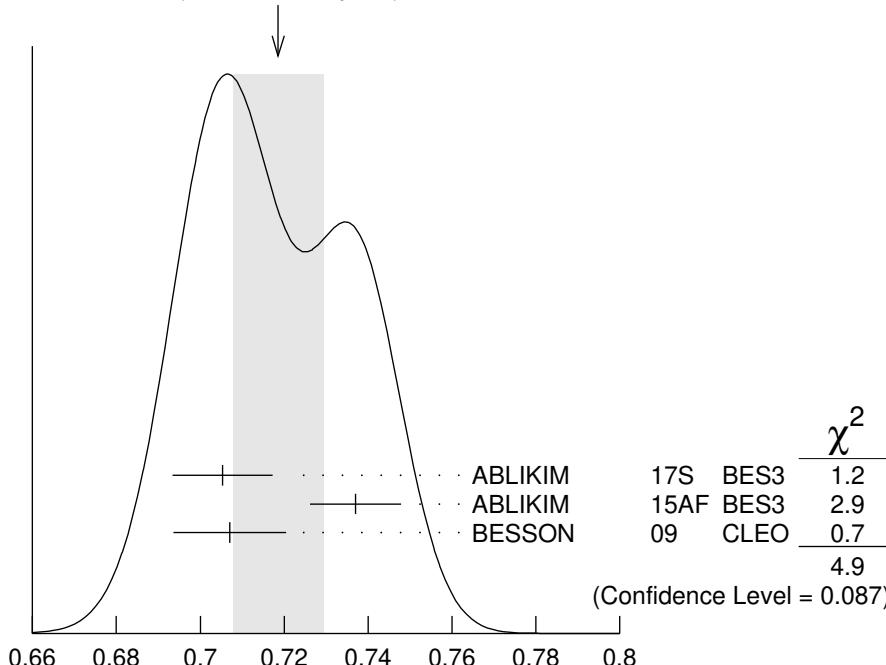
$f_+(0)|V_{cs}|$ in $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.719 ±0.011 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.6. See the ideogram below.		
0.7053±0.0040±0.0112	ABLIKIM	17S BES3	$K_S^0 e^+ \nu_e$ 2-parameter fit
0.737 ± 0.006 ± 0.009	¹ ABLIKIM	15AF BES3	$K_L e^+ \nu_e$ 3-parameter fit
0.707 ± 0.010 ± 0.009	² BESSON	09 CLEO	$K_S^0 e^+ \nu_e$ 3-parameter fit

¹ ABLIKIM 15AF finds $0.728 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.011$ for a 2-parameter fit.

² BESSON 09 finds $0.716 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.009$ for a 2-parameter fit.

WEIGHTED AVERAGE
 0.719 ± 0.011 (Error scaled by 1.6)



$f_+(0)|V_{cs}|$ in $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

$r_1 \equiv a_1/a_0$ in $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-2.13±0.14 OUR AVERAGE				
-2.18±0.14±0.05		ABLIKIM	17S BES3	$K_S^0 e^+ \nu_e$ 2-parameter fit
-2.23±0.42±0.53	40k	¹ ABLIKIM	15AF BES3	$K_L e^+ \nu_e$ 3-parameter fit
-1.66±0.44±0.10		² BESSON	09 CLEO	$K_S^0 e^+ \nu_e$ 3-parameter fit

¹ ABLIKIM 15AF finds $r_1 = -1.91 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.28$ for a 2-parameter fit.

² BESSON 09 finds $r_1 = -2.10 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.08$ for 2-parameter fit.

$r_2 \equiv a_2/a_0$ in $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
- 3±12 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.5.			
+11± 9±9	40k	ABLIKIM	15AF BES3	$K_L e^+ \nu_e$ 3-parameter fit
-14±11±1		BESSON	09 CLEO	$K_S^0 e^+ \nu_e$ 3-parameter fit

$r_2 \equiv A_2(0)/A_1(0)$ in $D^+, D^0 \rightarrow \rho e^+ \nu_e$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.84 ± 0.06 OUR AVERAGE				
0.845 ± 0.056 ± 0.039	2.5k	¹ ABLIKIM	19C BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 3773 MeV
0.83 ± 0.11 ± 0.04		1,2 DOBBS	13 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at $\psi(3770)$

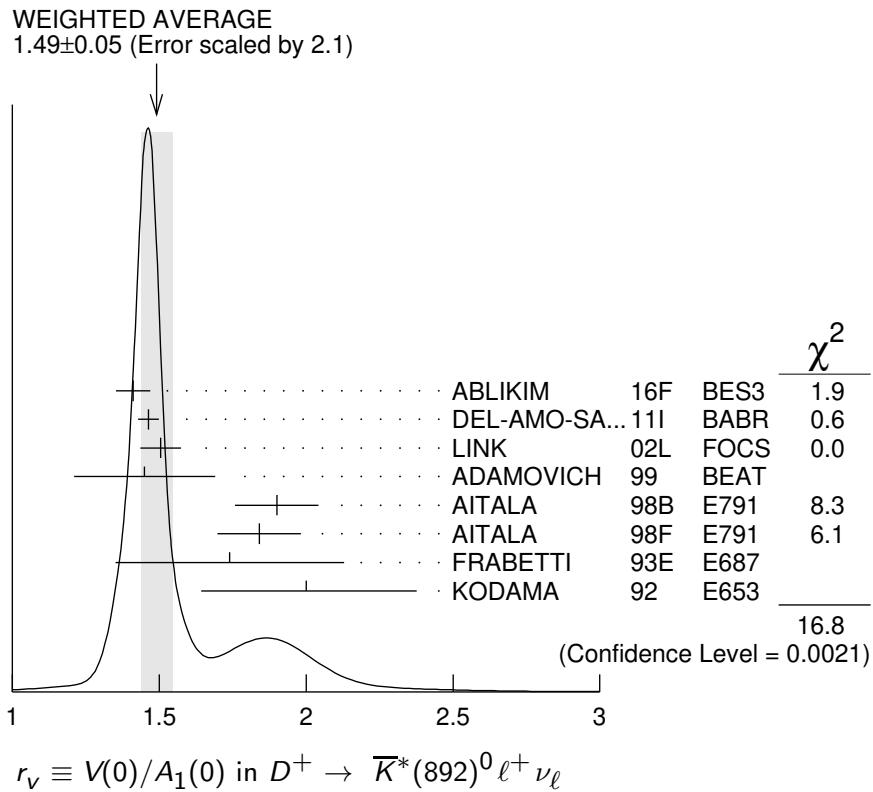
¹ Uses both D^+ and D^0 events.² Using PDG 10 values of V_{cd} and lifetimes, DOBBS 13 gets $A_1(0) = 0.56 \pm 0.01^{+0.02}_{-0.03}$, $A_2(0) = 0.47 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.04$, and $V(0) = 0.84 \pm 0.09^{+0.05}_{-0.06}$. $r_V \equiv V(0)/A_1(0)$ in $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ See also BRIERE 10 for $\bar{K}^* \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ helicity-basis form-factor measurements.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.49 ± 0.05 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 2.1. See the ideogram below.
1.411 ± 0.058 ± 0.007	16.2k	ABLIKIM	16F BES3	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$
1.463 ± 0.017 ± 0.031		¹ DEL-AMO-SA..11I	BABR	
1.504 ± 0.057 ± 0.039	15k	² LINK	02L FOCS	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
1.45 ± 0.23 ± 0.07	763	ADAMOVICH	99 BEAT	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
1.90 ± 0.11 ± 0.09	3000	³ AITALA	98B E791	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$
1.84 ± 0.11 ± 0.09	3034	AITALA	98F E791	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
1.74 ± 0.27 ± 0.28	874	FRABETTI	93E E687	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
2.00 $^{+0.34}_{-0.32}$ ± 0.16	305	KODAMA	92 E653	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

2.0 ± 0.6 ± 0.3	183	ANJOS	90E E691	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$
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¹ DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 11I finds the pole mass $m_A = (2.63 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.13)$ GeV (m_V is fixed at 2 GeV).² LINK 02L includes the effects of interference with an S -wave background. This much improves the goodness of fit, but does not much shift the values of the form factors.³ This is slightly different from the AITALA 98B value: see ref. [5] in AITALA 98F.



$$r_V \equiv V(0)/A_1(0) \text{ in } D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$$

$r_2 \equiv A_2(0)/A_1(0)$ in $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

See also BRIERE 10 for $\bar{K}^* \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ helicity-basis form-factor measurements.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.802±0.021 OUR AVERAGE				
0.788±0.042±0.008	16.2k	ABLIKIM	16F	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$
0.801±0.020±0.020	1	DEL-AMO-SA...	11I	BABR
0.875±0.049±0.064	15k	LINK	02L	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
1.00 ± 0.15 ± 0.03	763	ADAMOVICH	99	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
0.71 ± 0.08 ± 0.09	3000	AITALA	98B	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$
0.75 ± 0.08 ± 0.09	3034	AITALA	98F	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
0.78 ± 0.18 ± 0.10	874	FRABETTI	93E	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
0.82 ± 0.22 ± 0.11	305	KODAMA	92	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.0 ± 0.5 ± 0.2	183	ANJOS	90E	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$

¹ DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 11I finds the pole mass $m_A = (2.63 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.13)$ GeV (m_V is fixed at 2 GeV).

² LINK 02L includes the effects of interference with an S-wave background. This much improves the goodness of fit, but does not much shift the values of the form factors.

$r_3 \equiv A_3(0)/A_1(0)$ in $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

See also BRIERE 10 for $\bar{K}^* \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ helicity-basis form-factor measurements.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.04±0.33±0.29	3034	AITALA	98F	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

Γ_L/Γ_T in $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

See also BRIERE 10 for $\bar{K}^* \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ helicity-basis form-factor measurements.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.13±0.08 OUR AVERAGE				
1.09±0.10±0.02	763	ADAMOVICH 99	BEAT	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
1.20±0.13±0.13	874	FRABETTI 93E	E687	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
1.18±0.18±0.08	305	KODAMA 92	E653	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1.8 $^{+0.6}_{-0.4}$ ± 0.3	183	ANJOS 90E	E691	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$

Γ_+/Γ_- in $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

See also BRIERE 10 for $\bar{K}^* \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ helicity-basis form-factor measurements.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.22±0.06 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.6.				
0.28±0.05±0.02	763	ADAMOVICH 99	BEAT	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
0.16±0.05±0.02	305	KODAMA 92	E653	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.15 $^{+0.07}_{-0.05}$ ± 0.03	183	ANJOS 90E	E691	$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$

Amplitude analyses

$D \rightarrow K\pi\pi\pi$ partial wave analyses

Amplitude analyses of D^+ decays to a variety of 4-body kaon or pion final states, fitting simultaneously different partial wave components.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
ABLIKIM	19AZ BES3	$D^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	

$D^+ \rightarrow 2\pi^+\pi^-$ partial wave analyses

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
572k	1	AAIJ	23H LHCb	Dalitz plot fit
2.2k		BONVICINI	07 CLEO	
1.5k		LINK	04 FOCS	
1.2k		AITALA	01B E791	

¹ The amplitude model has 7 components, including a $\pi^+ \pi^\pm$ S-wave parametrised by one complex number per bin in 50 bins of $\pi^+ \pi^-$ invariant mass.

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