

$P_{c\bar{c}}(4380)^+$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(??) \quad \text{Status: } *$$

OMITTED FROM SUMMARY TABLE

Was $P_c(4380)^+$.

A resonance seen in $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow P_c^+ K^-$, then $P_c \rightarrow J/\psi p$, with a significance of 9 standard deviations. The $J/\psi p$ quark content is $uudc\bar{c}$, a pentaquark. See also the $P_c(4450)^+$. In the best amplitude fit, the two states have opposite parity, one having $J = 3/2$, the other $J = 5/2$.

Extraction of the pentaquark signals requires some understanding of the dominant $K^- p$ background. AAIJ 15P used a model-dependent approach. AAIJ 16AG reanalyzed the data making minimal assumptions about the $K^- p$ background, and thus confirmed the strong significance of the pentaquark signals.

$P_{c\bar{c}}(4380)^+$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4380 ± 8 ± 29	AAIJ	15P LHCb	pp at 7, 8 TeV

$P_{c\bar{c}}(4380)^+$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
205 ± 18 ± 86	AAIJ	15P LHCb	pp at 7, 8 TeV

$P_{c\bar{c}}(4380)^+$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
$\Gamma_1 \quad J/\psi p$	seen

$P_{c\bar{c}}(4380)^+$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(J/\psi p)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	Γ_1/Γ
seen	AAIJ	15P LHCb	pp at 7, 8 TeV	

$P_{c\bar{c}}(4380)^+$ REFERENCES

AAIJ	16AG PRL 117 082002	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
AAIJ	15P PRL 115 072001	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)