# $V_{cb}$ and $V_{ub}$ CKM Matrix Elements

#### OMITTED FROM SUMMARY TABLE

## See the related review(s):

Semileptonic B Hadron Decays, Determination of  $V_{cb}$  and  $V_{ub}$ 

### V<sub>ch</sub> MEASUREMENTS

For the discussion of  $V_{cb}$  measurements, which is not repeated here, see the review on "Determination of  $|V_{cb}|$  and  $|V_{ub}|$ ."

The CKM matrix element  $|V_{cb}|$  can be determined by studying the rate of the semileptonic decay  $B \to D^{(*)} \ell \nu$  as a function of the recoil kinematics of  $D^{(*)}$  mesons. Taking advantage of theoretical constraints on the normalization and a linear  $\omega$  dependence of the form factors  $(F(\omega), G(\omega))$  provided by Heavy Quark Effective Theory (HQET), the  $|V_{cb}| \times F(\omega)$  and  $\rho^2$  can be simultaneously extracted from data, where  $\omega$  is the scalar product of the two-meson four velocities, F(1) is the form factor at zero recoil  $(\omega=1)$  and  $\rho^2$  is the slope. Using the theoretical input of F(1), a value of  $|V_{cb}|$  can be obtained.

## $|V_{cb}| \times F(1) \text{ (from } B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-}\ell^+\nu)$

VALUE (units 10<sup>-2</sup>)

DOCUMENT ID

TECN
COMMENT

2 1 1 20 | 0.07

**3.534 \pm 0.037 OUR EVALUATION** (Produced by HFLAV) with  $\rho^2$  = 1.139  $\pm$  0.020 and a correlation 0.268. The fitted  $\chi^2$  is 63.2 for 27 degrees of freedom.

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3.60 ±0.06 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below.
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<sup>1</sup> ADACHI
                                                               23J BELL e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S)
3.676 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.086
                                         <sup>2</sup> PRIM
                                                                      BELL e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S)
                                                               23
3.64 \pm 0.09
                                         <sup>3</sup> WAHEED
                                                               21
                                                                      BELL
                                                                                e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S)
3.506 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.056
                                         <sup>4</sup> AUBERT
                                                               09A BABR e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S)
3.59 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.12
                                                               04D DLPH e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0
                                         <sup>5</sup> ABDALLAH
3.92 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.23
                                         <sup>6</sup> ADAM
                                                                      CLE2
                                                                                e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S)
4.31 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.18
3.55 \pm 0.14 + 0.23
                                         <sup>7</sup> ABREU
                                                               01H DLPH e^+e^- \rightarrow Z
                                         <sup>8</sup> ABBIENDI
                                                               000 OPAL
3.71 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.20
                                         <sup>9</sup> BUSKULIC
                                                                               e^+e^- \rightarrow Z
3.19 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.19
                                                                      ALEP
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •
                                         <sup>3</sup> WAHEED
3.483 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.056
                                                                      BELL Repl. by WAHEED 21
                                        <sup>10</sup> DUNGEL
3.46 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.10
                                                                      BELL
                                                                                Rep. by WAHEED 19
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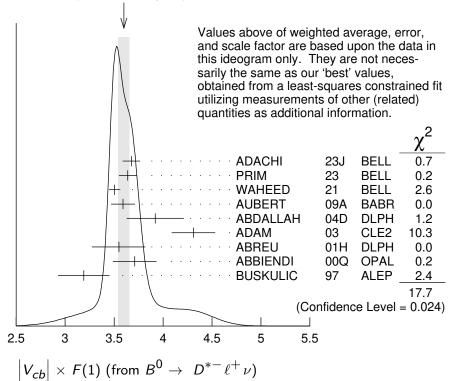
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15_{ABF}
3.54 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.18
                                                     02F BELL Repl. by DUNGEL 10
                                 <sup>16</sup> BRIERE
                                                                   e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S)
4.31 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.18
                                                           CLE2
                                    ACKERSTAFF 97G OPAL Repl. by ABBIENDI 00Q
3.28 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.22
                                 <sup>17</sup> ABREU
3.50 \ \pm 0.19 \ \pm 0.23
                                                     96P DLPH Repl. by ABREU 01H
3.51 \ \pm 0.19 \ \pm 0.20
                                 <sup>18</sup> BARISH
                                                     95
                                                           CLE2
                                                                   Repl. by ADAM 03
                                     BUSKULIC
3.14 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.25
                                                     95N ALEP Repl. by BUSKULIC 97
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- $^1$  Measured from differential shapes of exclusive  $B\to D^*\ell^-\nu_\ell$  ( $\ell=e$  or  $\mu$ ) decays. Using CNL form factor parametrization and the zero-recoil lattice QCD point  $F(1)=0.906\pm0.013$  ADACHI 23J finds  $|\mathsf{V}_{cb}|_{CNL}=(40.57\pm0.31\pm0.95\pm0.58)\times10^{-3}$  where the last uncertainty is due to the prediction of F(1). Also reports a measurement of  $|\mathsf{V}_{cb}|_{BGL}=(40.13\pm0.27\pm0.93\pm0.58)\times10^{-3}$  using BGL form factors parametrization.
- $^2$  Measured from differential shapes of exclusive  $B\to D^*\ell^-\,\nu_\ell$  decays with hadronic tagside reconstruction and extracting the CNL and BGL form factor parameters. PRIM 23 finds  $|\mathsf{V}_{cb}|_{CNL}=(40.2\pm0.9)\times10^{-3}$  with the zero-recoil lattice QCD point  $\mathit{F}(1)=0.906\pm0.013$ . PRIM 23 provides also a measurement of  $|\mathsf{V}_{cb}|_{BGL}=(40.7\pm1.0)\times10^{-3}$ .
- $^3$  WAHEED 21 uses fully reconstructed  $D^{*-}\,\ell^+\,
  u$  events  $(\ell=e$  or  $\mu)$  and  $\eta_{EW}=1.0066$ .
- <sup>4</sup> Obtained from a global fit to  $B \to D^{(*)} \ell \nu_{\ell}$  events, with reconstructed  $D^0 \ell$  and  $D^+ \ell$  final states and  $\rho^2 = 1.22 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.07$ .
- <sup>5</sup> Measurement using fully reconstructed  $D^*$  sample with a  $\rho^2=1.32\pm0.15\pm0.33$ .
- <sup>6</sup> Average of the  $B^0 \to D^*(2010)^- \ell^+ \nu$  and  $B^+ \to \overline{D}^*(2007)) \ell^+ \nu$  modes with  $\rho^2 = 1.61 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.21$  and  $f_{+-} = 0.521 \pm 0.012$ .
- $^7$  ABREU 01H measured using about 5000 partial reconstructed  $D^*$  sample with a  $\rho^2{=}1.34\,\pm\,0.14\,^{+}0.24_{-}0.22$  .
- <sup>8</sup> ABBIENDI 00Q: measured using both inclusively and exclusively reconstructed  $D^{*\pm}$  samples with a  $\rho^2$ =1.21  $\pm$  0.12  $\pm$  0.20. The statistical and systematic correlations between  $|V_{ch}| \times F(1)$  and  $\rho^2$  are 0.90 and 0.54 respectively.
- <sup>9</sup> BUSKULIC 97: measured using exclusively reconstructed  $D^{*\pm}$  with a  $a^2$ =0.31  $\pm$  0.17  $\pm$  0.08. The statistical correlation is 0.92.
- <sup>10</sup> Uses fully reconstructed  $D^{*-}\ell^+\nu$  events ( $\ell=e$  or  $\mu$ ).
- <sup>11</sup> Measured using the dependence of  $B^- \to D^{*0} \, e^- \overline{\nu}_e$  decay differential rate and the form factor description by CAPRINI 98 with  $\rho^2 = 1.16 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.08$ .
- $^{12}$  Measured using fully reconstructed  $D^*$  sample and a simultaneous fit to the Caprini-Lellouch-Neubert form factor parameters:  $\rho^2=1.191\pm0.048\pm0.028,\,R_1(1)=1.429\pm0.061\pm0.044,$  and  $R_2(1)=0.827\pm0.038\pm0.022.$
- $^{13}$  Measurement using fully reconstructed  $D^*$  sample with a  $ho^2=1.29\pm0.03\pm0.27.$
- Combines with previous partial reconstructed  $D^*$  measurement with a  $ho^2=1.39\pm0.10\pm0.33$
- 15 Measured using exclusive  $B^0 \to D^*(892)^- e^+ \nu$  decays with  $\rho^2 = 1.35 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.19$  and a correlation of 0.91.
- 16 BRIERE 02 result is based on the same analysis and data sample reported in ADAM 03.
- $^{17}$  ABREU 96P: measured using both inclusively and exclusively reconstructed  $D^{*\pm}$  samples.
- <sup>18</sup> BARISH 95: measured using both exclusive reconstructed  $B^0 \to D^{*-}\ell^+\nu$  and  $B^+ \to D^{*0}\ell^+\nu$  samples. They report their experiment's uncertainties  $\pm 0.0019 \pm 0.0018 \pm 0.0008$ , where the first error is statistical, the second is systematic, and the third is the uncertainty in the lifetimes. We combine the last two in quadrature.

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#### WEIGHTED AVERAGE 3.60±0.06 (Error scaled by 1.5)



## $|V_{cb}| \times G(1)$ (from $B \rightarrow D^- \ell^+ \nu$ )

VALUE (units  $10^{-2}$ )

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**4.121 \pm 0.100 OUR EVALUATION** (Produced by HFLAV) with  $\rho^2$  = 1.128  $\pm$  0.033 and a correlation 0.747. The fitted  $\chi^2$  is 4.8 for 8 degrees of freedom.

#### $4.22 \pm 0.10$ OUR AVERAGE

$4.229 \pm 0.137$	$^{ m 1}$ GLATTAUER	16	BELL	$e^+e^-  ightarrow$	$\Upsilon(4S)$
$4.23 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.14$	<sup>2</sup> AUBERT	10	BABR	$e^+e^-  ightarrow$	$\Upsilon(4S)$
$4.31 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.23$	<sup>3</sup> AUBERT	09A	BABR	$e^+e^-  ightarrow$	$\Upsilon(4S)$
$4.16 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.37$	<sup>4</sup> BARTELT	99	CLE2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow$	$\Upsilon(4S)$
$2.78 \pm 0.68 \pm 0.65$	<sup>5</sup> BUSKULIC	97	ALEP	$e^+e^-  ightarrow$	Z

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4.11 
$$\pm 0.44$$
  $\pm 0.52$  6 ABE 02E BELL Repl. by GLATTAUER 16 3.37  $\pm 0.44$   $^{+0.72}_{-0.49}$  7 ATHANAS 97 CLE2 Repl. by BARTELT 99

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ Obtained from a fit to the combined partially reconstructed  $B o \ \overline D\ell
u_\ell$  sample while tagged by the other fully reconstructed B meson in the event. Also reports fitted  $\rho^2$  $1.09 \pm 0.05$ .

Obtained from a fit to the combined  $B o \, \overline{D} \ell^+ \nu_\ell$  sample in which a hadronic decay of the second B meson is fully reconstructed and  $\rho^2 = 1.20 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.04$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Obtained from a global fit to  $B \to D^{(*)} \ell \nu_{\ell}$  events, with reconstructed  $D^0 \ell$  and  $D^+ \ell$ final states and  $\rho^2 = 1.20 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.07$ .

<sup>4</sup> BARTELT 99: measured using both exclusive reconstructed  $B^0 \to D^- \ell^+ \nu$  and  $B^+ \to D^- \ell^+ \nu$  $D^0\ell^+\nu$  samples.

<sup>5</sup> BUSKULIC 97: measured using exclusively reconstructed  $D^{\pm}$  with a  $a^2=-0.05\pm0.53\pm0.38$ . The statistical correlation is 0.99.

<sup>6</sup> Using the missing energy and momentum to extract kinematic information about the undetected neutrino in the  $B^0 \to D^- \ell^+ \nu$  decay.

<sup>7</sup> ATHANAS 97: measured using both exclusive reconstructed  $B^0 \rightarrow D^- \ell^+ \nu$  and  $B^+ \rightarrow D^0 \ell^+ \nu$  samples with a  $\rho^2 = 0.59 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.12^{+0.59}_{-0}$ . They report their experiment's uncertainties  $\pm 0.0044 \pm 0.0048^{+0.0053}_{-0.0012}$ , where the first error is statistical, the second is systematic, and the third is the uncertainty due to the form factor model variations. We combine the last two in quadrature.

## $|V_{cb}|$ (from $D_s^{*-}\mu^+\nu_\mu$ )

VALUE (units  $10^{-3}$ )DOCUMENT IDTECNCOMMENT41.4 $\pm$ 0.6 $\pm$ 0.9 $\pm$ 1.21 AAIJ20ELHCBpp at 7, 8 TeV

### **Vub MEASUREMENTS**

For the discussion of  $V_{ub}$  measurements, which is not repeated here, see the review on "Determination of  $|V_{cb}|$  and  $|V_{ub}|$ ."

The CKM matrix element  $|V_{ub}|$  can be determined by studying the rate of the charmless semileptonic decay  $b \to u\ell\nu$ . The relevant branching ratio measurements based on exclusive and inclusive decays can be found in the B Listings, and are not repeated here.

### $V_{cb}$ and $V_{ub}$ CKM Matrix Elements REFERENCES

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 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Measured from an inclusive sample of  $D_s^- \, \mu^+$  candidates using CNL parameterization of the form factor. AAIJ 20E provides also measurement of  $|{\rm V}_{cb}|=$  (42.3  $\pm$  0.8  $\pm$  0.9  $\pm$  1.2)  $\times$  10 $^{-3}$  using BGL parameterization of the form factor. The third uncertainty is due to the external inputs used in the measurement.