

$\eta_c(2S)$

$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^+(0^{-+})$

Quantum numbers are quark model predictions.

### $\eta_c(2S)$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>3637.7 ± 0.9 OUR AVERAGE</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
3637.90 ± 0.54 ± 1.40	3.7k	AAIJ	23AH LHCb	$B^+ \rightarrow K^+(K_S^0 K\pi)$
3643.4 ± 2.3 ± 4.4	569	ABLIKIM	22Q BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma 3(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
3635.1 ± 3.7 ± 2.9	106	XU	18 BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \eta' \pi^+ \pi^-$
3633.6 ± 1.7 ± 0.6	106	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	17AD LHCb	$p p \rightarrow B^+ X \rightarrow p\bar{p} K^+ X$
3636.4 ± 4.1 ± 0.7	365	<sup>2</sup> AAIJ	17BB LHCb	$p p \rightarrow b\bar{b} X \rightarrow 2(K^+ K^-)X$
3637.0 ± 5.7 ± 3.4	178	<sup>3,4</sup> LEES	14E BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
3635.1 ± 5.8 ± 2.1	47	<sup>3,5</sup> LEES	14E BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^+ K^- \eta$
3646.9 ± 1.6 ± 3.6	57	ABLIKIM	13K BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp \pi^+ \pi^-$
3637.6 ± 2.9 ± 1.6	127	<sup>6</sup> ABLIKIM	12G BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^0 K\pi, K K \pi^0$
3638.5 ± 1.5 ± 0.8	624	<sup>3</sup> DEL-AMO-SA..11M	BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
3640.5 ± 3.2 ± 2.5	1201	<sup>3</sup> DEL-AMO-SA..11M	BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$
3636.1 <sup>+3.9</sup> <sub>-4.2</sub> <sup>+0.7</sup> <sub>-2.0</sub>	128	<sup>7</sup> VINOKUROVA 11	BELL	$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm (K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp)$
3626 ± 5 ± 6	311	<sup>8</sup> ABE	07 BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi(c\bar{c})$
3645.0 ± 5.5 <sup>+4.9</sup> <sub>-7.8</sub>	121	AUBERT	05C BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi c\bar{c}$
3642.9 ± 3.1 ± 1.5	61	ASNER	04 CLEO	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta'_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

3639 ± 7	98	<sup>9</sup> AUBERT	06E BABR	$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm X_{c\bar{c}}$
3630.8 ± 3.4 ± 1.0	112	<sup>10</sup> AUBERT	04D BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi$
3654 ± 6 ± 8	39	<sup>11</sup> CHOI	02 BELL	$B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$
3594 ± 5		<sup>12</sup> EDWARDS	82C CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 17AD report  $m_{\psi(2S)} - m_{\eta_c(2S)}$  = 52.5 ± 1.7 ± 0.6 MeV. We use the current value  $m_{\psi(2S)} = 3686.097 \pm 0.025$  MeV to obtain the quoted mass.

<sup>2</sup> From a fit of the  $\phi\phi$  invariant mass with the width of  $\eta_c(2S)$  fixed to the PDG 16 value.

<sup>3</sup> Ignoring possible interference with continuum.

<sup>4</sup> With a width fixed to 11.3 MeV.

<sup>5</sup> With a width fixed to 11.3 MeV. Using both  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  and  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$  decays.

<sup>6</sup> From a simultaneous fit to  $K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$  and  $K^+ K^- \pi^0$  decay modes.

<sup>7</sup> Accounts for interference with non-resonant continuum.

<sup>8</sup> From a fit of the  $J/\psi$  recoil mass spectrum. Supersedes ABE,K 02 and ABE 04G.

<sup>9</sup> From the fit of the kaon momentum spectrum. Systematic errors not evaluated.

<sup>10</sup> Superseded by DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 11M.

<sup>11</sup> Superseded by VINOKUROVA 11.

<sup>12</sup> Assuming mass of  $\psi(2S)$  = 3686 MeV.

### $\eta_c(2S)$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	CL% EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>11.8 ± 1.6 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
10.77 ± 1.62 ± 1.08	3.7k	AAIJ	23AH LHCb	$B^+ \rightarrow K^+(K_S^0 K\pi)$
19.8 ± 3.9 ± 3.1	569	ABLIKIM	22Q BESS	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma 3(\pi^+\pi^-)$
9.9 ± 4.8 ± 2.9	57	ABLIKIM	13K BESS	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp \pi^+ \pi^-$
16.9 ± 6.4 ± 4.8	127	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	12G BESS	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^0 K\pi,$ $K K\pi^0$
13.4 ± 4.6 ± 3.2	624	<sup>2</sup> DEL-AMO-SA..11M	BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
6.6 ± 8.4 ± 2.6	128	<sup>3</sup> VINOKUROVA 11	BELL	$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm(K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp)$
6.3 ± 12.4 ± 4.0	61	ASNER	04 CLEO	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta'_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
< 23	90 98	<sup>4</sup> AUBERT	06E BABR	$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm X_{c\bar{c}}$
22 ± 14	121	AUBERT	05C BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi c\bar{c}$
17.0 ± 8.3 ± 2.5	112	<sup>5</sup> AUBERT	04D BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi$
< 55	90 39	<sup>6</sup> CHOI	02 BELL	$B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$
< 8.0	95	<sup>7</sup> EDWARDS	82C CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>1</sup> From a simultaneous fit to  $K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$  and  $K^+ K^- \pi^0$  decay modes.

<sup>2</sup> Ignoring possible interference with continuum.

<sup>3</sup> Accounts for interference with non-resonant continuum.

<sup>4</sup> From the fit of the kaon momentum spectrum. Systematic errors not evaluated.

<sup>5</sup> Superseded by DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 11M.

<sup>6</sup> For a mass value of  $3654 \pm 6$  MeV. Superseded by VINOKUROVA 11.

<sup>7</sup> For a mass value of  $3594 \pm 5$  MeV

### $\eta_c(2S)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level
$\Gamma_1$ hadrons	seen	
$\Gamma_2$ $K\bar{K}\pi$	( 1.9 ± 1.2 ) %	
$\Gamma_3$ $K\bar{K}\eta$	( 5 ± 4 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_4$ $2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	< 2.1 %	90%
$\Gamma_5$ $\rho^0 \rho^0$	< 1.9 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	90%
$\Gamma_6$ $3\pi^+ 3\pi^-$	( 1.3 ± 0.9 ) %	
$\Gamma_7$ $K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	< 1.4 %	90%
$\Gamma_8$ $K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$	< 2.9 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	90%
$\Gamma_9$ $K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	( 1.4 ± 1.0 ) %	
$\Gamma_{10}$ $K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	< 1.4 %	90%
$\Gamma_{11}$ $K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$	( 1.0 ± 0.8 ) %	
$\Gamma_{12}$ $2K^+ 2K^-$	< 1.3 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	90%

$\Gamma_{13}$	$\phi\phi$	< 1.1	$\times 10^{-3}$	90%
$\Gamma_{14}$	$p\bar{p}$	< 2.0	$\times 10^{-3}$	90%
$\Gamma_{15}$	$p\bar{p}\pi^+\pi^-$	seen		
$\Gamma_{16}$	$\gamma\gamma$	( 1.8±1.2)	$\times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{17}$	$\gamma J/\psi(1S)$	< 1.4	%	90%
$\Gamma_{18}$	$\pi^+\pi^-\eta$	( 4.3±3.2)	$\times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{19}$	$\pi^+\pi^-\eta'$	( 2.6±1.9)	$\times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{20}$	$K_2^*(1430)\bar{K} + \text{c.c.}$	seen		
$\Gamma_{21}$	$K_0^*(1950)\bar{K} + \text{c.c.}$	seen		
$\Gamma_{22}$	$a_0(1710)\pi$	seen		
$\Gamma_{23}$	$a_0(1450)\pi$	seen		
$\Gamma_{24}$	$a_2(1700)\pi$	seen		
$\Gamma_{25}$	$K_0^*(2600)\bar{K} + \text{c.c.}$	seen		
$\Gamma_{26}$	$\pi^+\pi^-\eta_c(1S)$	< 25	%	90%

 **$\eta_c(2S)$  PARTIAL WIDTHS** **$\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)$**  **$\Gamma_{16}$** 

VALUE (keV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
0.44±0.14	106	<sup>1</sup> XU	18	BELL $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\eta'\pi^+\pi^-$
1.3 ± 0.6		<sup>2</sup> ASNER	04	CLEO $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta'_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$

<sup>1</sup> Assuming that the branching fraction into  $\eta'\pi^+\pi^-$  is the same as for  $\eta_c(1S)$ .

<sup>2</sup> They measure  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)\gamma\gamma) B(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi) = (0.18 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.02) \Gamma(\eta_c(1S)\gamma\gamma) B(\eta_c(1S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi)$ . The value for  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$  is derived assuming that the branching fractions for  $\eta_c(2S)$  and  $\eta_c(1S)$  decays to  $K_S K\pi$  are equal and using  $\Gamma(\eta_c(1S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 7.4 \pm 0.4 \pm 2.3$  keV.

 **$\Gamma(\gamma\gamma) \times \Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\eta')/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**  **$\Gamma_{16}\Gamma_{19}/\Gamma$** 

VALUE (eV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>5.6<sup>+1.2</sup><sub>-1.1</sub>±1.1</b>	106	XU	18	BELL $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\eta'\pi^+\pi^-$

 **$\eta_c(2S) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma(\text{total})$**  **$\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**  **$\Gamma_2\Gamma_{16}/\Gamma$** 

VALUE (eV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>41±4±6</b>	624	<sup>1</sup> DEL-AMO-SA..11M	BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$

<sup>1</sup> Not independent from other measurements reported in DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 11M.

 **$\Gamma(2\pi^+2\pi^-) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**  **$\Gamma_4\Gamma_{16}/\Gamma$** 

VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;6.5</b>	90	UEHARA	08	BELL $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow 2(\pi^+\pi^-)$

 **$\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**  **$\Gamma_7\Gamma_{16}/\Gamma$** 

VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;5.0</b>	90	UEHARA	08	BELL $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$

$\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_9 \Gamma_{16}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (eV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>30±6±5</b>	1201	1 DEL-AMO-SA..11M	BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

<sup>1</sup> Not independent from other measurements reported in DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 11M.

 $\Gamma(2K^+ 2K^-) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{12} \Gamma_{16}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.9	90	UEHARA	08	BELL $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow 2(K^+ K^-)$

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \eta_c(1S)) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{26} \Gamma_{16}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<133	90	LEES	12AE	BABR $e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^- \eta_c$

 $\eta_c(2S) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma^2(\text{total})$ 
 $\Gamma(p\bar{p})/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{14}/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{16}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-8}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 5.6	90	1,2,3 AMBROGANI	01	E835 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 8.0	90	1,2,4 AMBROGANI	01	E835 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
<12.0	90	2,4 AMBROGANI	01	E835 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

<sup>1</sup> Including the measurements of ARMSTRONG 95F in the AMBROGANI 01 analysis.

<sup>2</sup> For a total width  $\Gamma=5$  MeV.

<sup>3</sup> For the resonance mass region  $3589$ – $3599$  MeV/ $c^2$ .

<sup>4</sup> For the resonance mass region  $3575$ – $3660$  MeV/ $c^2$ .

## $\eta_c(2S)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

 $\Gamma(\text{hadrons})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_1/\Gamma$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>not seen</b>	ABREU	980 DLPH	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- + \text{hadrons}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

seen	<sup>1</sup> EDWARDS	82C CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
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<sup>1</sup> For a mass value of  $3594 \pm 5$  MeV

 $\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_2/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.9±0.4±1.1</b>	$59 \pm 12$	<sup>1</sup> AUBERT	08AB	BABR $B \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi K$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

seen	127 ± 18	ABLIKIM	12G BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K\bar{K}\pi$
seen	$39 \pm 11$	<sup>2</sup> CHOI	02 BELL	$B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$

<sup>1</sup> Derived from a measurement of  $[B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+) \times B(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi)] / [B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c K^+) \times B(\eta_c \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi)] = (9.6^{+2.0}_{-1.9} \pm 2.5)\%$  and using  $B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+) = (3.4 \pm 1.8) \times 10^{-4}$ , and  $[B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c K^+) \times B(\eta_c \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi)] = (6.88 \pm 0.77^{+0.55}_{-0.66}) \times 10^{-5}$ .

<sup>2</sup> For a mass value of  $3654 \pm 6$  MeV

### $\Gamma(K\bar{K}\eta)/\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi)$

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-2}$ )	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>27.3±7.0±9.0</b>	225	1 LEES	14E BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^+ K^- \gamma\gamma$

<sup>1</sup> LEES 14E reports  $B(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \eta)/B(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0) = 0.82 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.27$ , which we divide by 3 to account for isospin symmetry.

### $\Gamma(2\pi^+ 2\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
not seen	UEHARA	08 BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S)$

### $\Gamma(\rho^0 \rho^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
not seen	ABLIKIM	11H BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$

### $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
not seen	UEHARA	08 BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S)$

### $\Gamma(K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
not seen	ABLIKIM	11H BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

### $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>0.73±0.17±0.17</b>	1201	1 DEL-AMO-SA..11M	BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

<sup>1</sup> We have multiplied the value of  $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma(K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp)$  reported in DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 11M by a factor 1/3 to obtain  $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi)$ . Not independent from other measurements reported in DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 11M.

### $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
seen	$57 \pm 17$	ABLIKIM	13K BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp \pi^+ \pi^-$

### $\Gamma(2K^+ 2K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
not seen	UEHARA	08 BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S)$

### $\Gamma(\phi\phi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
not seen	ABLIKIM	11H BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- K^+ K^-$

### $\Gamma(p\bar{p})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{14}/\Gamma$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • •</b> We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. <b>• • •</b>				
seen	106	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	17AD LHCb	$p p \rightarrow B^+ X \rightarrow p\bar{p} K^+ X$
<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 17AD report a 6.4 standard deviation signal, with $B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+ \rightarrow p\bar{p} K^+)/B(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ \rightarrow p\bar{p} K^+) = (1.58 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-2}$ .				

### $\Gamma(p\bar{p}\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{15}/\Gamma$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>seen</b>	110	<sup>1</sup> CHILIKIN	19	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma(4S)$
<sup>1</sup> CHILIKIN 19 reports signals in $B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+$ and $B^0 \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K_S^0$ with 12.3 and 5.9 standard deviations, respectively.				

### $\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{16}/\Gamma$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • •</b> We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. <b>• • •</b>				
<4 $\times 10^{-4}$	90	<sup>1</sup> WICHT	08	$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \gamma\gamma$
not seen		AMBROGANI	01	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
<0.01	90	LEE	85	$\psi' \rightarrow \text{photons}$
<sup>1</sup> WICHT 08 reports $[\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+)] < 0.18 \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+) = 4.4 \times 10^{-4}$ .				

### $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\eta_c(1S))/\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi)$

$\Gamma_{26}/\Gamma_2$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;3.33</b>	90	<sup>1</sup> LEES	12AE BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^- \eta_c$

<sup>1</sup> We divided the reported limit by 3 to take into account isospin relations.

## $\eta_c(2S)$ CROSS-PARTICLE BRANCHING RATIOS

### $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_3/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • •</b> We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. <b>• • •</b>				
<11.8 $\times 10^{-6}$	90	<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- \eta$
<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 reports a limit of $< 5.9 \times 10^{-6}$ for the decay $\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \eta$ which we multiply by 2 account for isospin symmetry. It assumes $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$ MeV. It also gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.				

### $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_4/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;14.6 <math>\times 10^{-6}</math></b>	90	<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$

<sup>1</sup> Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_5/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<12.7 \times 10^{-7}$	90	ABLIKIM	11H BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$

$$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow 3\pi^+ 3\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_6/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$$

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$9.2 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.2$	569		ABLIKIM	22Q BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma 3(\pi^+ \pi^-)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$$<13.2 \quad 90 \quad ^1 \text{CRONIN-HEN..10} \quad \text{CLEO} \quad \psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma 3\pi^+ 3\pi^-$$

<sup>1</sup> Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_7/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<9.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90	<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

<sup>1</sup> Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0})/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_8/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<19.6 \times 10^{-7}$	90	ABLIKIM	11H BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

$$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_9/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<43.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

<sup>1</sup> Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

$$\Gamma_{10}/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<9.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$

<sup>1</sup> Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \times \frac{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)) / \Gamma_{11} / \Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)} / \Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}{\Gamma_{11} / \Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)} / \Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-6}$ )	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>7.03 ± 2.10 ± 0.7</b>	60	ABLIKIM	13K	BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 15.2	90	<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$
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<sup>1</sup> Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \phi\phi) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \times \frac{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{13} / \Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)} / \Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>&lt;7.8 × 10<sup>-7</sup></b>	90	ABLIKIM	11H	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- K^+ K^-$

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow p\bar{p}) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \times \frac{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{14} / \Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)} / \Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>&lt;1.4 × 10<sup>-6</sup></b>	90	ABLIKIM	13v	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma p\bar{p}$

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma J/\psi(1S)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \times \frac{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{17} / \Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)} / \Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>&lt;9.7 × 10<sup>-6</sup></b>	90	33	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	17N	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma J/\psi$

<sup>1</sup> Uses  $B(J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (5.971 \pm 0.032)\%$  and  $B(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (5.961 \pm 0.033)\%$ .

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \times \frac{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{18} / \Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)} / \Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-6}$ )	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>2.97 ± 0.81 ± 0.26</b>	106	ABLIKIM	23Q	BES3	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \eta$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<4.3	90	<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \eta$
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<sup>1</sup> Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta') / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{\text{total}}} \times \frac{\Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{19} / \Gamma \times \Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)} / \Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<14.2 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	90	<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \eta'$
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<sup>1</sup> Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$\Gamma(K_2^*(1430)\bar{K} + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{20}/\Gamma$		
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>seen</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23AH LHCb	$B^+ \rightarrow K^+(K_S^0 K\pi)$
<sup>1</sup> From a Dalitz plot analysis of $\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$			

$\Gamma(a_0(1710)\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{22}/\Gamma$		
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>seen</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23AH LHCb	$B^+ \rightarrow K^+(K_S^0 K\pi)$
<sup>1</sup> From a Dalitz plot analysis of $\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$			

$\Gamma(a_0(1450)\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{23}/\Gamma$		
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>seen</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23AH LHCb	$B^+ \rightarrow K^+(K_S^0 K\pi)$
<sup>1</sup> From a Dalitz plot analysis of $\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$			

$\Gamma(a_2(1700)\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{24}/\Gamma$		
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>seen</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23AH LHCb	$B^+ \rightarrow K^+(K_S^0 K\pi)$
<sup>1</sup> From a Dalitz plot analysis of $\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$			

$\Gamma(K_0^*(2600)\bar{K} + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{25}/\Gamma$		
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>seen</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23AH LHCb	$B^+ \rightarrow K^+(K_S^0 K\pi)$
<sup>1</sup> From a Dalitz plot analysis of $\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$			

$\Gamma(K_0^*(1950)\bar{K} + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{21}/\Gamma$		
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>seen</b>	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	23AH LHCb	$B^+ \rightarrow K^+(K_S^0 K\pi)$
<sup>1</sup> From a Dalitz plot analysis of $\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$			

$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta_c(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{26}/\Gamma \times \frac{\Gamma_{183}^{\psi(2S)}}{\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$			
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>&lt;1.7 × 10<sup>-4</sup></b>	90	<sup>1</sup> CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \eta_c(1S)$
<sup>1</sup> Assuming $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$ MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.				

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AMBROGIANI	01	PR D64	052003	M. Ambrogiani <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E835 Collab.)
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