

$\Xi_c(2815)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-) \text{ Status: } ***$$

Seen in both $\Xi_c' \pi$ and $\Xi_c \pi \pi$ decays. The simplest assignment is that this belongs to the same SU(4) multiplet as the $\Lambda(1520)$ and the $\Lambda_c(2625)$, but the spin and parity have not been measured.

$\Xi_c(2815)$ MASSES

The masses are obtained from the mass-difference measurements that follow.

$\Xi_c(2815)^+$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2816.51 ± 0.25 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
2817.0 ± 1.2 ^{+0.7} / _{-0.8}	73 ± 10	LESLIAK	08 BELL	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Xi_c(2815)^0$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2819.79 ± 0.30 OUR FIT				Error includes scale factor of 1.1.
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
2820.4 ± 1.4 ^{+0.9} / _{-1.0}	48 ± 8	LESLIAK	08 BELL	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Xi_c(2815) - \Xi_c$ MASS DIFFERENCES

$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^+}$

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
348.80 ± 0.10 OUR FIT				
348.80 ± 0.08 ± 0.06	941	YELTON	16 BELL	$e^+ e^-$, Υ regions
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
348.6 ± 0.6 ± 1.0	20	ALEXANDER	99B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^0}$

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
349.35 ± 0.11 OUR FIT				
349.35 ± 0.08 ± 0.07	1258	YELTON	16 BELL	$e^+ e^-$, Υ regions
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
347.2 ± 0.7 ± 2.0	9	ALEXANDER	99B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Xi_c(2815)^+ - \Xi_c(2815)^0$ MASS DIFFERENCE

$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2815)^0}$

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-3.27 ± 0.27 OUR FIT			
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
-3.47 ± 0.12 ± 0.48	YELTON	16 BELL	941 and 1258 evts
-3.4 ± 1.9 ± 0.9	LESLIAK	08 BELL	73 & 48 events

$\Xi_c(2815)$ WIDTHS

$\Xi_c(2815)^+$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$2.43 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.17$		941	YELTON	16	BELL e^+e^- , Υ regions
< 3.5	90		ALEXANDER	99B	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$\Xi_c(2815)^0$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$2.54 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.17$		1258	YELTON	16	BELL e^+e^- , Υ regions
< 6.5	90		ALEXANDER	99B	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$\Xi_c(2815)$ DECAY MODES

The $\Xi_c \pi \pi$ modes are consistent with being entirely via $\Xi_c(2645) \pi$.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
$\Gamma_1 \quad \Xi_c' \pi$	seen
$\Gamma_2 \quad \Xi_c(2645) \pi$	seen
$\Gamma_3 \quad \Xi_c^0 \gamma$	seen
$\Gamma_4 \quad \Xi_c^+ \gamma$	

$\Gamma(\Xi_c' \pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_1/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
seen	YELTON	16	BELL e^+e^- , Υ regions
seen	ALEXANDER	99B	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Xi_c(2645) \pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_2/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
seen	YELTON	16	BELL e^+e^- , Υ regions
seen	LESIAK	08	BELL $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\Xi_c^0 \gamma)/\Gamma(\Xi_c(2645) \pi)$

Γ_3/Γ_2

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
$0.41 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.03$	222	¹ YELTON	20	BELL	0 e^+e^- at $\Upsilon(4S)$

¹ Assumes $B(\Xi_c(2645)^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c^0 \pi^+) = 100\%$, which is the only strong decay of the $\Xi_c(2645)$ permitted in the available phase space. YELTON 20 measures $B(\Xi_c(2815)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^0 \gamma)/B(\Xi_c(2815)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c(2645)^+ \pi^- \rightarrow \Xi_c^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)$.

$\Gamma(\Xi_c^+ \gamma) / \Gamma(\Xi_c(2645)\pi)$		Γ_4 / Γ_2				
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>CHG</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<0.09	90	¹ YELTON	20	BELL	+ e ⁺ e ⁻ at $\Upsilon(4S)$	

¹ Assumes $B(\Xi_c(2645)^0 \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ \pi^-) = 100\%$, which is the only strong decay of the $\Xi_c(2645)$ permitted in the available phase space. YELTON 20 measures $B(\Xi_c(2815)^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ \gamma) / B(\Xi_c(2815)^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c(2645)^0 \pi^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ \pi^- \pi^+)$.

$\Xi_c(2815)$ REFERENCES

YELTON	20	PR D102 071103	J. Yelton <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
YELTON	16	PR D94 052011	J. Yelton <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
LESIK	08	PL B665 9	T. Lesiak <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ALEXANDER	99B	PRL 83 3390	J.P. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
