

# N BARYONS

## ( $S = 0, I = 1/2$ )

$p, N^+ = uud; \quad n, N^0 = udd$

**p**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 1.007276466621 \pm 0.000000000053$  u

Mass  $m = 938.27208816 \pm 0.00000029$  MeV [a]

$|m_p - m_{\bar{p}}|/m_p < 7 \times 10^{-10}$ , CL = 90% [b]

$|\frac{q_{\bar{p}}}{m_{\bar{p}}}|/(\frac{q_p}{m_p}) = 1.000000000003 \pm 0.000000000016$

$|q_p + q_{\bar{p}}|/e < 7 \times 10^{-10}$ , CL = 90% [b]

$|q_p + q_e|/e < 1 \times 10^{-21}$  [c]

Magnetic moment  $\mu = 2.7928473446 \pm 0.0000000008 \mu_N$

$(\mu_p + \mu_{\bar{p}}) / \mu_p = (0.002 \pm 0.004) \times 10^{-6}$

Electric dipole moment  $d < 0.021 \times 10^{-23}$  e cm

Electric polarizability  $\alpha = (11.2 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$  fm<sup>3</sup>

Magnetic polarizability  $\beta = (2.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$  fm<sup>3</sup> (S = 1.2)

Charge radius,  $\mu p$  Lamb shift =  $0.84087 \pm 0.00039$  fm [d]

Charge radius =  $0.8409 \pm 0.0004$  fm [d]

Magnetic radius =  $0.851 \pm 0.026$  fm [e]

Mean life  $\tau > 9 \times 10^{29}$  years, CL = 90% ( $p \rightarrow$  invisible mode)

See the “Note on Nucleon Decay” in our 1994 edition (Phys. Rev. **D50**, 1173) for a short review.

The “partial mean life” limits tabulated here are the limits on  $\tau/B_i$ , where  $\tau$  is the total mean life and  $B_i$  is the branching fraction for the mode in question. For  $N$  decays,  $p$  and  $n$  indicate proton and neutron partial lifetimes.

$p$ DECAY MODES	Partial mean life ( $10^{30}$ years)	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
<b>Antilepton + meson</b>			
$N \rightarrow e^+ \pi$	$> 5300 (n), > 24000 (p)$	90%	459
$N \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi$	$> 3500 (n), > 16000 (p)$	90%	453
$N \rightarrow \nu \pi$	$> 1100 (n), > 390 (p)$	90%	459
$p \rightarrow e^+ \eta$	$> 10000$	90%	309
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \eta$	$> 4700$	90%	297
$n \rightarrow \nu \eta$	$> 158$	90%	310
$N \rightarrow e^+ \rho$	$> 217 (n), > 720 (p)$	90%	149
$N \rightarrow \mu^+ \rho$	$> 228 (n), > 570 (p)$	90%	113
$N \rightarrow \nu \rho$	$> 19 (n), > 162 (p)$	90%	149
$p \rightarrow e^+ \omega$	$> 1600$	90%	143
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \omega$	$> 2800$	90%	105
$n \rightarrow \nu \omega$	$> 108$	90%	144
$N \rightarrow e^+ K$	$> 17 (n), > 1000 (p)$	90%	339
$N \rightarrow \mu^+ K$	$> 26 (n), > 4500 (p)$	90%	329
$N \rightarrow \nu K$	$> 86 (n), > 5900 (p)$	90%	339
$n \rightarrow \nu K_S^0$	$> 260$	90%	338
$p \rightarrow e^+ K^*(892)^0$	$> 84$	90%	45
$N \rightarrow \nu K^*(892)$	$> 78 (n), > 51 (p)$	90%	45
<b>Antilepton + mesons</b>			
$p \rightarrow e^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$> 82$	90%	448
$p \rightarrow e^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	$> 147$	90%	449
$n \rightarrow e^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$> 52$	90%	449
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$> 133$	90%	425
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	$> 101$	90%	427
$n \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$> 74$	90%	427
$n \rightarrow e^+ K^0 \pi^-$	$> 18$	90%	319
<b>Lepton + meson</b>			
$n \rightarrow e^- \pi^+$	$> 65$	90%	459
$n \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+$	$> 49$	90%	453
$n \rightarrow e^- \rho^+$	$> 62$	90%	150
$n \rightarrow \mu^- \rho^+$	$> 7$	90%	115
$n \rightarrow e^- K^+$	$> 32$	90%	340
$n \rightarrow \mu^- K^+$	$> 57$	90%	330

### Lepton + mesons

$p \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	> 30	90%	448
$n \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	> 29	90%	449
$p \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	> 17	90%	425
$n \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	> 34	90%	427
$p \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ K^+$	> 75	90%	320
$p \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ K^+$	> 245	90%	279

### Antilepton + photon(s)

$p \rightarrow e^+ \gamma$	> 670	90%	469
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \gamma$	> 478	90%	463
$n \rightarrow \nu \gamma$	> 550	90%	470
$p \rightarrow e^+ \gamma \gamma$	> 100	90%	469
$n \rightarrow \nu \gamma \gamma$	> 219	90%	470

### Antilepton + single massless

$p \rightarrow e^+ X$	> 790	90%	—
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ X$	> 410	90%	—

### Three (or more) leptons

$p \rightarrow e^+ e^+ e^-$	> 34000	90%	469
$p \rightarrow e^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	> 9200	90%	457
$p \rightarrow e^+ \nu \nu$	> 170	90%	469
$n \rightarrow e^+ e^- \nu$	> 257	90%	470
$n \rightarrow \mu^+ e^- \nu$	> 83	90%	464
$n \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \nu$	> 79	90%	458
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ e^+ e^-$	> 23000	90%	463
$p \rightarrow \mu^- e^+ e^+$	> 19000	90%	463
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	> 10000	90%	439
$p \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu \nu$	> 220	90%	463
$p \rightarrow e^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	> 11000	90%	457
$n \rightarrow 3\nu$	> $5 \times 10^{-4}$	90%	470

### Inclusive modes

$N \rightarrow e^+$ anything	> 0.6 ( $n, p$ )	90%	—
$N \rightarrow \mu^+$ anything	> 12 ( $n, p$ )	90%	—
$N \rightarrow e^+ \pi^0$ anything	> 0.6 ( $n, p$ )	90%	—

### $\Delta B = 2$ dinucleon modes

The following are lifetime limits per iron nucleus.

$pp \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^+$	> 72.2	90%	—
$pn \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$	> 170	90%	—
$nn \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	> 0.7	90%	—
$nn \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$	> 404	90%	—
$pp \rightarrow K^+ K^+$	> 170	90%	—
$pp \rightarrow e^+ e^+$	> 5.8	90%	—

$pp \rightarrow e^+ \mu^+$	> 3.6	90%	—
$pp \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^+$	> 1.7	90%	—
$pn \rightarrow e^+ \bar{\nu}$	> 260	90%	—
$pn \rightarrow \mu^+ \bar{\nu}$	> 200	90%	—
$pn \rightarrow \tau^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$	> 29	90%	—
$nn \rightarrow \text{invisible}$	> 1.4	90%	—
$nn \rightarrow \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e$	> 1.4	90%	—
$nn \rightarrow \nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu$	> 1.4	90%	—
$pn \rightarrow \text{invisible}$	> 0.06	90%	—
$pp \rightarrow \text{invisible}$	> 0.11	90%	—

### $\bar{p}$ DECAY MODES

$\bar{p}$ DECAY MODES	Partial mean life (years)	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- \gamma$	> $7 \times 10^5$	90%	469
$\bar{p} \rightarrow \mu^- \gamma$	> $5 \times 10^4$	90%	463
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- \pi^0$	> $4 \times 10^5$	90%	459
$\bar{p} \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^0$	> $5 \times 10^4$	90%	453
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- \eta$	> $2 \times 10^4$	90%	309
$\bar{p} \rightarrow \mu^- \eta$	> $8 \times 10^3$	90%	297
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- K_S^0$	> 900	90%	337
$\bar{p} \rightarrow \mu^- K_S^0$	> $4 \times 10^3$	90%	326
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- K_L^0$	> $9 \times 10^3$	90%	337
$\bar{p} \rightarrow \mu^- K_L^0$	> $7 \times 10^3$	90%	326
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- \gamma \gamma$	> $2 \times 10^4$	90%	469
$\bar{p} \rightarrow \mu^- \gamma \gamma$	> $2 \times 10^4$	90%	463
$\bar{p} \rightarrow e^- \omega$	> 200	90%	143

### **n**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 1.0086649160 \pm 0.0000000005$  u

Mass  $m = 939.5654205 \pm 0.0000005$  MeV [a]

$$(m_n - m_{\bar{n}}) / m_n = (9 \pm 5) \times 10^{-5}$$

$$m_n - m_p = 1.2933324 \pm 0.0000005 \text{ MeV} \\ = 0.00138844919(45) \text{ u}$$

Mean life  $\tau = 878.4 \pm 0.5$  s (S = 1.8)

$$c\tau = 2.6335 \times 10^8 \text{ km}$$

Magnetic moment  $\mu = -1.9130427 \pm 0.0000005 \mu_N$

Electric dipole moment  $d < 0.18 \times 10^{-25}$  e cm, CL = 90%

Mean-square charge radius  $\langle r_n^2 \rangle = -0.1155 \pm 0.0017 \text{ fm}^2$

Magnetic radius  $\sqrt{\langle r_M^2 \rangle} = 0.864^{+0.009}_{-0.008} \text{ fm}$

Electric polarizability  $\alpha = (11.8 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$

Magnetic polarizability  $\beta = (3.7 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4} \text{ fm}^3$

Charge  $q = (-0.2 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-21} e$

Mean  $n\bar{n}$ -oscillation time  $> 8.6 \times 10^7 \text{ s}$ , CL = 90% (free  $n$ )

Mean  $n\bar{n}$ -oscillation time  $> 4.7 \times 10^8 \text{ s}$ , CL = 90% <sup>[f]</sup> (bound  $n$ )

Mean  $nn'$ -oscillation time  $> 448 \text{ s}$ , CL = 90% <sup>[g]</sup>

**$p e^- \nu_e$  decay parameters <sup>[h]</sup>**

$\lambda \equiv g_A / g_V = -1.2754 \pm 0.0013 \quad (S = 2.7)$

$A = -0.11958 \pm 0.00021 \quad (S = 1.2)$

$B = 0.9807 \pm 0.0030$

$C = -0.2377 \pm 0.0026$

$a = -0.1049 \pm 0.0013 \quad (S = 1.8)$

$\phi_{AV} = (180.017 \pm 0.026)^\circ$  <sup>[i]</sup>

$D = (-1.2 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-4}$  <sup>[j]</sup>

$R = 0.004 \pm 0.013$  <sup>[j]</sup>

FIERZ INTERFERENCE TERM  $b = 0.017 \pm 0.020$

<b><math>n</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	<sup>p</sup> (MeV/c)
$p e^- \bar{\nu}_e$	100 %		1
$p e^- \bar{\nu}_e \gamma$	<sup>[k]</sup> $(9.2 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$		1
hydrogen-atom $\bar{\nu}_e$	$< 2.7 \times 10^{-3}$	95%	1.19
<b>Charge conservation (Q) violating mode</b>			
$p \nu_e \bar{\nu}_e$	$Q < 8 \times 10^{-27}$	68%	1

**$N(1440) 1/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1360 to 1380 ( $\approx 1370$ ) MeV

$-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 180$  to  $205$  ( $\approx 190$ ) MeV

Breit-Wigner mass = 1410 to 1470 ( $\approx 1440$ ) MeV

Breit-Wigner full width = 250 to 450 ( $\approx 350$ ) MeV

<b>N(1440) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	55–75 %	398
$N\eta$	<1 %	†
$N\pi\pi$	17–50 %	347
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>P</i> -wave	6–27 %	147
$N\sigma$	11–23 %	–
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.035–0.048 %	414
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.02–0.04 %	413

### **N(1520) 3/2<sup>-</sup>**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 1505 to 1515 ( $\approx$  1510) MeV  
 –2Im(pole position) = 105 to 120 ( $\approx$  110) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1510 to 1520 ( $\approx$  1515) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 100 to 120 ( $\approx$  110) MeV

<b>N(1520) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	55–65 %	453
$N\eta$	0.07–0.09 %	142
$N\pi\pi$	25–35 %	410
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	22–34 %	225
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>S</i> -wave	15–23 %	225
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>D</i> -wave	7–11 %	225
$N\rho$	10–16 %	†
$N\rho$ , <i>S</i> =3/2, <i>S</i> -wave	10–16 %	†
$N\rho$ , <i>S</i> =1/2, <i>D</i> -wave	0.2–0.4 %	†
$N\sigma$	<10 %	–
$p\gamma$	0.31–0.52 %	467
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.01–0.02 %	467
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.30–0.50 %	467
$n\gamma$	0.30–0.53 %	466
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.04–0.10 %	466
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.25–0.45 %	466

### **N(1535) 1/2<sup>-</sup>**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 1500 to 1520 ( $\approx$  1510) MeV  
 –2Im(pole position) = 80 to 130 ( $\approx$  110) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1515 to 1545 ( $\approx$  1530) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 125 to 175 ( $\approx$  150) MeV

<b><math>N(1535)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	32–52 %	464
$N\eta$	30–55 %	176
$N\pi\pi$	4–31 %	422
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $D$ -wave	1–4 %	240
$N\rho$	2–17 %	†
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$ , $S$ -wave	2–16 %	†
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , $D$ -wave	<1 %	†
$N\sigma$	2–10 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	5–12 %	†
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.15–0.30 %	477
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.01–0.25 %	477

### **$N(1650) 1/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 1650 to 1680 ( $\approx 1665$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 100$  to 170 ( $\approx 135$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1635 to 1665 ( $\approx 1650$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 100 to 150 ( $\approx 125$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1650)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	50–70 %	547
$N\eta$	15–35 %	348
$\Lambda K$	5–15 %	169
$N\pi\pi$	20–58 %	514
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $D$ -wave	6–18 %	345
$N\rho$	12–22 %	†
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$ , $S$ -wave	<4 %	†
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , $D$ -wave	12–18 %	†
$N\sigma$	2–18 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	6–26 %	150
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.04–0.20 %	558
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.003–0.17 %	557

### **$N(1675) 5/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{5}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 1650 to 1660 ( $\approx 1655$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 120$  to 150 ( $\approx 135$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1665 to 1680 ( $\approx 1675$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 130 to 160 ( $\approx 145$ ) MeV

<b>N(1675) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	38–42 %	564
$N\eta$	< 1 %	376
$\Lambda K$	<0.04 %	216
$N\pi\pi$	25–45 %	532
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $D$ -wave	23–37 %	366
$N\rho$	0.1–0.9 %	†
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$	<0.2 %	†
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , $D$ -wave	0.1–0.7 %	†
$N\sigma$	3–7 %	–
$p\gamma$	0–0.02 %	575
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0–0.01 %	575
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0–0.01 %	575
$n\gamma$	0–0.15 %	574
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0–0.05 %	574
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0–0.10 %	574

### **N(1680) 5/2<sup>+</sup>**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(5/2^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1660 to 1680 ( $\approx$  1670) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}$ (pole position) = 110 to 135 ( $\approx$  120) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1680 to 1690 ( $\approx$  1685) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 115 to 130 ( $\approx$  120) MeV

<b>N(1680) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	60–70 %	571
$N\eta$	<1 %	386
$N\pi\pi$	28–53 %	539
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	11–23 %	374
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $P$ -wave	4–10 %	374
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $F$ -wave	1–13 %	374
$N\rho$	8–11 %	†
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , $P$ -wave	6–8 %	†
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , $F$ -wave	2–3 %	†
$N\sigma$	9–19 %	–
$p\gamma$	0.21–0.32 %	581
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.001–0.011 %	581
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.20–0.32 %	581
$n\gamma$	0.021–0.046 %	581
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.004–0.029 %	581
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.01–0.024 %	581



**$N(1700) 3/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 1650 to 1750 ( $\approx 1700$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 100$  to 300 ( $\approx 200$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1650 to 1800 ( $\approx 1720$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 100 to 300 ( $\approx 200$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1700)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	7–17 %	594
$N\eta$	1–2 %	422
$N\omega$	10–34 %	†
$\Lambda K$	1–2 %	283
$N\pi\pi$	>89 %	564
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	55–85 %	402
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , S-wave	50–80 %	402
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , D-wave	4–14 %	402
$N\rho$ , S=3/2, S-wave	32–44 %	74
$N\sigma$	2–14 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	3–11 %	225
$N(1520)\pi$	<4 %	145
$p\gamma$	0.01–0.05 %	604
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.024 %	604
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.002–0.026 %	604
$n\gamma$	0.01–0.13 %	603
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.09 %	603
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.01–0.05 %	603

**$N(1710) 1/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1650 to 1750 ( $\approx 1700$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 80$  to 160 ( $\approx 120$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1680 to 1740 ( $\approx 1710$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 80 to 200 ( $\approx 140$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1710)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–20 %	588
$N\eta$	10–50 %	412
$N\omega$	1–5 %	†
$\Lambda K$	5–25 %	269
$\Sigma K$	seen	138
$N\pi\pi$	14–48 %	557
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $P$ -wave	3–9 %	394
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$ , $P$ -wave	11–23 %	†
$N\sigma$	<16 %	–
$N(1535)\pi$	9–21 %	113
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.002–0.08 %	598
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.02%	597

**$N(1720) 3/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1660 to 1710 ( $\approx 1680$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 150$  to  $300$  ( $\approx 200$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1680 to 1750 ( $\approx 1720$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 150 to 400 ( $\approx 250$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1720)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	8–14 %	594
$N\eta$	1–5 %	422
$N\omega$	12–40 %	†
$\Lambda K$	4–19 %	283
$N\pi\pi$	>50 %	564
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	47–89 %	402
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $P$ -wave	47–77 %	402
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $F$ -wave	<12 %	402
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$ , $P$ -wave	1–2 %	74
$N\sigma$	2–14 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	<2 %	225
$N(1520)\pi$ , $S$ -wave	1–5 %	145
$p\gamma$	0.05–0.25 %	604
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.05–0.15 %	604
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.002–0.16 %	604
$n\gamma$	0.0–0.016 %	603
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.01 %	603
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.0–0.015 %	603

**$N(1875) 3/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

was  $N(2080)$

Re(pole position) = 1850 to 1950 ( $\approx 1900$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 100$  to  $220$  ( $\approx 160$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1850 to 1920 ( $\approx 1875$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 120 to 250 ( $\approx 200$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1875)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	3–11 %	695
$N\eta$	3–16 %	559
$N\omega$	15–25 %	371
$\Lambda K$	1–2 %	454
$\Sigma K$	0.3–1.1 %	384
$N\pi\pi$	>56 %	670
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	4–44 %	520
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>S</i> -wave	2–21 %	520
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>D</i> -wave	2–23 %	520
$N\rho$ , <i>S</i> =3/2, <i>S</i> -wave	36–56 %	379
$N\sigma$	16–60 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	2–8 %	365
$N(1520)\pi$	<2 %	301
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	<0.2 %	†
$p\gamma$	0.001–0.025 %	703
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.001–0.021 %	703
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	<0.003 %	703
$n\gamma$	<0.040 %	702
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	<0.007 %	702
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	<0.033 %	702

**$N(1880) 1/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1820 to 1900 ( $\approx 1860$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 180$  to  $280$  ( $\approx 230$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1830 to 1930 ( $\approx 1880$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 400 ( $\approx 300$ ) MeV

<b>N(1880) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	3–31 %	698
$N\eta$	1–55 %	563
$N\omega$	12–28 %	377
$\Lambda K$	1–3 %	459
$\Sigma K$	10–24 %	389
$N\pi\pi$	>32 %	673
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	5–42 %	524
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$ , $P$ -wave	19–45 %	385
$N\sigma$	8–40 %	539
$N(1535)\pi$	4–12 %	293
$N a_0(980)$	1–5 %	†
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	0.5–1.1 %	†
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	seen	706
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.002–0.63 %	705

**N(1895)  $1/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

was  $N(2090)$

Re(pole position) = 1890 to 1930 ( $\approx 1910$ ) MeV

–2Im(pole position) = 80 to 140 ( $\approx 110$ ) MeV

Breit-Wigner mass = 1870 to 1920 ( $\approx 1895$ ) MeV

Breit-Wigner full width = 80 to 200 ( $\approx 120$ ) MeV

<b>N(1895) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	2–18 %	707
$N\eta$	15–45 %	575
$N\eta'$	10–40 %	†
$N\omega$	16–40 %	395
$\Lambda K$	3–23 %	473
$\Sigma K$	6–20 %	405
$N\pi\pi$	17–74 %	683
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $D$ -wave	3–11 %	535
$N\rho$	14–50 %	403
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$ , $S$ -wave	<18 %	403
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , $D$ -wave	14–32 %	403
$N\sigma$	<13 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	2–12 %	382

$\Lambda K^*(892)$	4–9 %	†
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.01–0.06 %	715
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.003–0.05 %	715

### **$N(1900) 3/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1900 to 1940 ( $\approx 1920$ ) MeV

–2Im(pole position) = 90 to 160 ( $\approx 130$ ) MeV

Breit-Wigner mass = 1890 to 1950 ( $\approx 1920$ ) MeV

Breit-Wigner full width = 100 to 320 ( $\approx 200$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(1900)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	1–20 %	723
$N\eta$	2–14 %	595
$N\eta'$	4–8 %	151
$N\omega$	7–13 %	424
$\Lambda K$	2–20 %	495
$\Sigma K$	3–7 %	431
$N\pi\pi$	>56 %	699
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	30–70 %	553
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>P</i> -wave	9–25 %	553
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>F</i> -wave	21–45 %	553
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$	25–40 %	432
$N\sigma$	1–7 %	–
$N(1520)\pi$	7–23 %	341
$N(1535)\pi$	4–10 %	328
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	< 0.2 %	†
$p\gamma$	0.001–0.025 %	731
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.001–0.021 %	731
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	<0.003 %	731
$n\gamma$	<0.040 %	730
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	<0.007 %	730
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	<0.033 %	730

### **$N(2060) 5/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{5}{2}^-)$$

was  $N(2200)$

Re(pole position) = 2020 to 2130 ( $\approx 2070$ ) MeV

–2Im(pole position) = 350 to 430 ( $\approx 400$ ) MeV

Breit-Wigner mass = 2030 to 2200 ( $\approx 2100$ ) MeV

Breit-Wigner full width = 300 to 450 ( $\approx 400$ ) MeV

<b>N(2060) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	7–12 %	834
$N\eta$	2–38 %	729
$N\omega$	1–7 %	600
$\Lambda K$	10–20 %	644
$\Sigma K$	1–5 %	593
$N\pi\pi$	12–52 %	814
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>D</i> -wave	4–10 %	680
$N\rho$	5–33 %	605
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$ , <i>P</i> -wave	<10 %	605
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , <i>D</i> -wave	5–23 %	605
$N\sigma$	3–9 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	4–14 %	544
$N(1520)\pi$ , <i>P</i> -wave	9–21 %	490
$N(1680)\pi$ , <i>S</i> -wave	8–22 %	353
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	0.3–1.3 %	307
$p\gamma$	0.03–0.19 %	840
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.02–0.08 %	840
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.01–0.10 %	840
$n\gamma$	0.003–0.07 %	840
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.001–0.02 %	840
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.002–0.05 %	840

**N(2100) 1/2<sup>+</sup>**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 2050 to 2150 ( $\approx$  2100) MeV  
 –2Im(pole position) = 240 to 340 ( $\approx$  300) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 2050 to 2150 ( $\approx$  2100) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 320 ( $\approx$  260) MeV

<b>N(2100) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	8–32 %	834
$N\eta$	5–45 %	729
$N\eta'$	5–11 %	451
$N\omega$	10–25 %	600
$\Lambda K$	<1.0 %	644
$N\pi\pi$	>55 %	814
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $P$ -wave	6–14 %	680
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$ , $P$ -wave	35–70	605
$N\sigma$	14–35 %	–
$N(1535)\pi$	26–34 %	478
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	3–11 %	307
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.001–0.13 %	840
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.004–0.09 %	840

**N(2120) 3/2<sup>-</sup>**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 2050 to 2150 ( $\approx$  2100) MeV  
 –2Im(pole position) = 200 to 360 ( $\approx$  280) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 2060 to 2160 ( $\approx$  2120) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 260 to 360 ( $\approx$  300) MeV

<b>N(2120) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–15 %	846
$N\eta$	1–5 %	743
$N\eta'$	2–6 %	474
$N\omega$	4–20 %	617
$\Lambda K$	6–11 %	660
$N\pi\pi$	>27 %	827
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	>23 %	693
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $S$ -wave	15–70 %	693
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $D$ -wave	8–45 %	693
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , $S$ -wave	< 3 %	622
$N\sigma$	4–15 %	–
$N(1535)\pi$	7–23 %	494
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	< 0.2 %	339
$p\gamma$	0.16–2.1 %	852
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.07–0.80 %	852
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.09–1.3 %	852

$n\gamma$	0.04–0.72 %	852
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.04–0.60 %	852
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.001–0.12 %	852

**$N(2190) 7/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{7}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 1950 to 2150 ( $\approx 2050$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 300$  to 500 ( $\approx 400$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 2140 to 2220 ( $\approx 2180$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 300 to 500 ( $\approx 400$ ) MeV

<b><math>N(2190)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	10–20 %	882
$N\eta$	1–5 %	785
$N\omega$	8–20 %	667
$\Lambda K$	0.2–0.8 %	705
$N\pi\pi$	22–51 %	864
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $D$ -wave	19–31 %	734
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , $D$ -wave	<11 %	672
$N\sigma$	3–9 %	–
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	0.2–0.8 %	423
$p\gamma$	<0.08 %	888
$p\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	<0.06 %	888
$p\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	<0.02 %	888
$n\gamma$	<0.04 %	888
$n\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	<0.01 %	888
$n\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	<0.03 %	888

**$N(2220) 9/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{9}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 2130 to 2200 ( $\approx 2150$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 360$  to 480 ( $\approx 400$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 2200 to 2300 ( $\approx 2250$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 350 to 500 ( $\approx 400$ ) MeV



<b>N(2220) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	15–30 %	924

**N(2250)  $9/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{9}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 2100 to 2200 ( $\approx 2150$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 350$  to 500 ( $\approx 420$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 2250 to 2320 ( $\approx 2280$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 300 to 600 ( $\approx 500$ ) MeV

<b>N(2250) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–15 %	941
$N\eta$	<5 %	852
$\Lambda K$	1–3 %	777

**N(2600)  $11/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{11}{2}^-)$$

Breit-Wigner mass = 2550 to 2750 ( $\approx 2600$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 500 to 800 ( $\approx 650$ ) MeV

<b>N(2600) DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	3–8 %	1126

## **$\Delta$ BARYONS**

### **( $S = 0, I = 3/2$ )**

$$\Delta^{++} = uuu, \quad \Delta^+ = uud, \quad \Delta^0 = udd, \quad \Delta^- = ddd$$

**$\Delta(1232) 3/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1209 to 1211 ( $\approx 1210$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 98$  to 102 ( $\approx 100$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass (mixed charges) = 1230 to 1234 ( $\approx 1232$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width (mixed charges) = 114 to 120 ( $\approx 117$ ) MeV

$\Delta(1232)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	99.4 %	229
$N\gamma$	0.55–0.65 %	259
$N\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.11–0.13 %	259
$N\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.44–0.52 %	259
$p e^+ e^-$	$(4.2 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-5}$	259

**$\Delta(1600) 3/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1470 to 1590 ( $\approx 1520$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 150$  to  $320$  ( $\approx 280$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1500 to 1640 ( $\approx 1570$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 300 ( $\approx 250$ ) MeV

$\Delta(1600)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	8–24%	492
$N\pi\pi$	58–84 %	454
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	58–82 %	276
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $P$ -wave	72–82%	276
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $F$ -wave	<2%	276
$N(1440)\pi$	17–27%	†
$N\gamma$	0.001–0.035 %	505
$N\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.02 %	505
$N\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.001–0.015 %	505

**$\Delta(1620) 1/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 1590 to 1610 ( $\approx 1600$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 80$  to  $140$  ( $\approx 110$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1590 to 1630 ( $\approx 1610$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 110 to 150 ( $\approx 130$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Delta(1620)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	25–35 %	520
$N\pi\pi$	>67 %	484
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>D</i> -wave	44–72 %	311
$N\rho$	23–32%	†
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$ , <i>S</i> -wave	23–32%	†
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , <i>D</i> -wave	<0.04%	†
$N(1440)\pi$	<9 %	98
$N\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.03–0.10 %	532

**$\Delta(1700) 3/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 1640 to 1690 ( $\approx 1665$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 200$  to 300 ( $\approx 250$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1690 to 1730 ( $\approx 1710$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 220 to 380 ( $\approx 300$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Delta(1700)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	10–20 %	588
$N\pi\pi$	>31 %	557
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	9–70 %	394
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>S</i> -wave	5–54 %	394
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>D</i> -wave	4–16 %	394
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , <i>S</i> -wave	22–32%	†
$N(1520)\pi$ , <i>P</i> -wave	1–5 %	133
$N(1535)\pi$	0.5–1.5 %	113
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	3–7 %	†
$N\gamma$	0.22–0.60 %	598
$N\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.12–0.30 %	598
$N\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.10–0.30 %	598

**$\Delta(1900) 1/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 1830 to 1900 ( $\approx 1865$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 180$  to 300 ( $\approx 240$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1840 to 1920 ( $\approx 1860$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 180 to 320 ( $\approx 250$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Delta(1900)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	4–12%	685
$\Sigma K$	seen	367
$N\pi\pi$	> 52%	660
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>D</i> -wave	30–70%	509
$N\rho$	22–60 %	360
$N\rho$ , $S=1/2$ , <i>S</i> -wave	11–35%	360
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , <i>D</i> -wave	11–25%	360
$N(1440)\pi$	3–32%	353
$N(1520)\pi$	2–10%	288
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	< 2%	251
$N\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.06–0.43 %	693

### $\Delta(1905) 5/2^+$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{5}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1750 to 1800 ( $\approx 1770$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 260$  to  $340$  ( $\approx 300$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1855 to 1910 ( $\approx 1880$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 270 to 400 ( $\approx 330$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Delta(1905)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	9–15%	698
$N\pi\pi$	>65%	673
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	>48%	524
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>P</i> -wave	8–43%	524
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , <i>F</i> -wave	40–58%	524
$N\rho$ , $S=3/2$ , <i>P</i> -wave	17–35%	385
$N(1535)\pi$	< 1 %	293
$N(1680)\pi$ , <i>P</i> -wave	5–15%	133
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	2–6%	282
$N\gamma$	0.012–0.036 %	706
$N\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.002–0.006 %	706
$N\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.01–0.03 %	706

### $\Delta(1910) 1/2^+$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1800 to 1900 ( $\approx 1850$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 200$  to  $500$  ( $\approx 350$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1850 to 1950 ( $\approx 1900$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 400 ( $\approx 300$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Delta(1910)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	10–30%	710
$\Sigma K$	4–14%	410
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	34–66%	539
$N(1440)\pi$	3–45%	386
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	5–13%	310
$N\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.02 %	718

### $\Delta(1920) 3/2^+$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1850 to 1950 ( $\approx 1900$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 200$  to  $400$  ( $\approx 300$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1870 to 1970 ( $\approx 1920$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 240 to 360 ( $\approx 300$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Delta(1920)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–20 %	723
$\Sigma K$	2–6 %	431
$N\pi\pi$	>46 %	699
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	>46 %	553
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $P$ -wave	2–28 %	553
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $F$ -wave	44–72 %	553
$N(1440)\pi$ , $P$ -wave	4–86 %	403
$N(1520)\pi$ , $S$ -wave	<5 %	341
$N(1535)\pi$	<2 %	328
$N a_0(980)$	seen	41
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	5–17 %	336
$N\gamma$	0.01–0.84 %	731
$N\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.42 %	731
$N\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.01–0.42 %	731

### $\Delta(1930) 5/2^-$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{5}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 1820 to 1880 ( $\approx 1850$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 300$  to  $450$  ( $\approx 320$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1900 to 2000 ( $\approx 1950$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 400 ( $\approx 300$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Delta(1930)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–15 %	742
$N\gamma$	0.0–0.01 %	749
$N\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.0–0.005 %	749
$N\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.0–0.004 %	749

**$\Delta(1950) 7/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{7}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1870 to 1890 ( $\approx 1880$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 220$  to 260 ( $\approx 240$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 1915 to 1950 ( $\approx 1930$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 235 to 335 ( $\approx 285$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Delta(1950)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	35–45 %	729
$\Sigma K$	0.3–0.5 %	441
$N\pi\pi$	37–77 %	706
$\Delta(1232)\pi$ , $F$ -wave	1–9 %	560
$N(1680)\pi$ , $P$ -wave	3–9 %	191
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	< 0.6 %	349
$N\gamma$	0.06–0.14 %	737
$N\gamma$ , helicity=1/2	0.03–0.05 %	737
$N\gamma$ , helicity=3/2	0.04–0.09 %	737

**$\Delta(2200) 7/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{7}{2}^-)$$

Re(pole position) = 2050 to 2150 ( $\approx 2100$ ) MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 260$  to 420 ( $\approx 340$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner mass = 2150 to 2250 ( $\approx 2200$ ) MeV  
 Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 500 ( $\approx 350$ ) MeV

$\Delta(2200)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	2–8 %	894
$\Sigma K$	1–7 %	672
$N\pi\pi$	>45 %	876
$\Delta\pi$	>45 %	747
$\Delta\pi$ , $D$ -wave	>40 %	747
$\Delta\pi$ , $G$ -wave	5–25 %	747
$\Delta\eta$ , $D$ -wave	seen	614

### $\Delta(2420) 11/2^+$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{11}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 2300 to 2500 ( $\approx 2400$ ) MeV

$-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 350$  to  $550$  ( $\approx 450$ ) MeV

Breit-Wigner mass = 2300 to 2600 ( $\approx 2450$ ) MeV

Breit-Wigner full width = 300 to 700 ( $\approx 500$ ) MeV

$\Delta(2420)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–10 %	1040

## $\Lambda$ BARYONS

### $(S = -1, I = 0)$

$$\Lambda^0 = uds$$

### $\Lambda$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 1115.683 \pm 0.006$  MeV

$$(m_\Lambda - m_{\bar{\Lambda}}) / m_\Lambda = (-0.1 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-5} \quad (S = 1.6)$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (2.617 \pm 0.010) \times 10^{-10} \text{ s} \quad (S = 1.5)$$

$$(\tau_\Lambda - \tau_{\bar{\Lambda}}) / \tau_\Lambda = (0.9 \pm 3.2) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$c\tau = 7.845 \text{ cm}$$

Magnetic moment  $\mu = -0.613 \pm 0.004 \mu_N$

Electric dipole moment  $d < 1.5 \times 10^{-16} \text{ ecm}$ , CL = 95%

### Decay parameters

$$\begin{aligned}
 p\pi^- & \quad \alpha_- = 0.747 \pm 0.009 \quad (S = 2.5) \\
 \bar{p}\pi^+ & \quad \alpha_+ = -0.757 \pm 0.004 \\
 \bar{\alpha}_0 \text{ FOR } \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{n}\pi^0 & = -0.692 \pm 0.017 \\
 \alpha_\gamma \text{ FOR } \Lambda \rightarrow n\gamma & = -0.16 \pm 0.11 \\
 p\pi^- & \quad \phi_- = (-6.5 \pm 3.5)^\circ \\
 \text{"} & \quad \gamma_- = 0.76 [l] \\
 \text{"} & \quad \Delta_- = (8 \pm 4)^\circ [l] \\
 \bar{\alpha}_0 / \alpha_+ \text{ in } \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{n}\pi^0, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+ & = 0.913 \pm 0.030 \\
 R = |G_E/G_M| \text{ in } \Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+ & = 0.96 \pm 0.14 \\
 \Delta\Phi = \Phi_E - \Phi_M \text{ in } \Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+ & = 37 \pm 13 \text{ degrees} \\
 n\pi^0 & \quad \alpha_0 = 0.75 \pm 0.05 \\
 p e^- \bar{\nu}_e & \quad g_A/g_V = -0.718 \pm 0.015 [h]
 \end{aligned}$$

<b><math>\Lambda</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$\rho$ (MeV/c)
$p\pi^-$	(64.1 $\pm$ 0.5 ) %		101
$n\pi^0$	(35.9 $\pm$ 0.5 ) %		104
$n\gamma$	( 8.3 $\pm$ 0.7 ) $\times 10^{-4}$		162
$p\pi^- \gamma$	[n] ( 8.5 $\pm$ 1.4 ) $\times 10^{-4}$		101
$p e^- \bar{\nu}_e$	( 8.34 $\pm$ 0.14 ) $\times 10^{-4}$		163
$p\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$	( 1.51 $\pm$ 0.19 ) $\times 10^{-4}$		131

### Lepton (L) and/or Baryon (B) number violating decay modes

$\pi^+ e^-$	L,B	< 6	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%	549
$\pi^+ \mu^-$	L,B	< 6	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%	544
$\pi^- e^+$	L,B	< 4	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%	549
$\pi^- \mu^+$	L,B	< 6	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%	544
$K^+ e^-$	L,B	< 2	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%	449
$K^+ \mu^-$	L,B	< 3	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%	441
$K^- e^+$	L,B	< 2	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%	449
$K^- \mu^+$	L,B	< 3	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%	441
$K_S^0 \nu$	L,B	< 2	$\times 10^{-5}$	90%	447
$\bar{p}\pi^+$	B	< 9	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%	101
invisible		< 7.4	$\times 10^{-5}$	90%	-

**$\Lambda(1405) 1/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

$$\text{Mass } m = 1405.1^{+1.3}_{-1.0} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Full width } \Gamma = 50.5 \pm 2.0 \text{ MeV}$$

Below  $\bar{K}N$  threshold



$\Lambda(1405)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Sigma \pi$	100 %	155

**$\Lambda(1520)$   $3/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

Mass  $m = 1518$  to  $1520$  ( $\approx 1519$ ) MeV [o]

Full width  $\Gamma = 15$  to  $17$  ( $\approx 16$ ) MeV [o]

$\Lambda(1520)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	(45 $\pm$ 1 ) %	242
$\Sigma \pi$	(42 $\pm$ 1 ) %	268
$\Lambda \pi \pi$	(10 $\pm$ 1 ) %	259
$\Sigma \pi \pi$	( 0.9 $\pm$ 0.1 ) %	168
$\Lambda \gamma$	( 0.85 $\pm$ 0.15 ) %	350

**$\Lambda(1600)$   $1/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 1570$  to  $1630$  ( $\approx 1600$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 150$  to  $250$  ( $\approx 200$ ) MeV

$\Lambda(1600)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	15–30 %	343
$\Sigma \pi$	10–60 %	338
$\Lambda \sigma$	(19 $\pm$ 4) %	–
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	( 9 $\pm$ 4) %	158

**$\Lambda(1670)$   $1/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

Mass  $m = 1670$  to  $1678$  ( $\approx 1674$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 25$  to  $35$  ( $\approx 30$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Lambda(1670)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	20–30 %	418
$\Sigma\pi$	25–55 %	398
$\Lambda\eta$	10–25 %	88
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$ , <i>D</i> -wave	( 6.0±2.0 ) %	235
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$ , <i>S</i> =3/2, <i>D</i> -wave	( 5 ±4 ) %	†
$\Lambda\sigma$	(20 ±8 ) %	–

### $\Lambda(1690) 3/2^-$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

Mass  $m = 1685$  to  $1695$  ( $\approx 1690$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 60$  to  $80$  ( $\approx 70$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Lambda(1690)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	20–30 %	433
$\Sigma\pi$	20–40 %	410
$\Lambda\sigma$	(5.0±2.0) %	–
$\Lambda\pi\pi$	$\sim 25$ %	419
$\Sigma\pi\pi$	$\sim 20$ %	358
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$ , <i>S</i> -wave	(9 ±5 ) %	251
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$ , <i>D</i> -wave	(3.0±2.0) %	251

### $\Lambda(1800) 1/2^-$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

Mass  $m = 1750$  to  $1850$  ( $\approx 1800$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 150$  to  $250$  ( $\approx 200$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Lambda(1800)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	25–40 %	528
$\Sigma\pi$	seen	494
$\Lambda\sigma$	(15 ±4) %	–
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	seen	349
$\Lambda\eta$	0.01 to 0.10	326
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$	seen	†

### $\Lambda(1810) 1/2^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 1740$  to  $1840$  ( $\approx 1790$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 50$  to  $170$  ( $\approx 110$ ) MeV

$\Lambda(1810)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	0.05 to 0.35	520
$\Sigma\pi$	(16 $\pm$ 5) %	487
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	(40 $\pm$ 15) %	340
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$	30–60 %	†

### $\Lambda(1820) 5/2^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{5}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 1815$  to  $1825$  ( $\approx 1820$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 70$  to  $90$  ( $\approx 80$ ) MeV

$\Lambda(1820)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	55–65 %	545
$\Sigma\pi$	8–14 %	509
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	5–10 %	366
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$ , $S=3/2$ , $P$ -wave	(3.0 $\pm$ 1.0) %	†

### $\Lambda(1830) 5/2^-$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{5}{2}^-)$$

Mass  $m = 1820$  to  $1830$  ( $\approx 1825$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 60$  to  $120$  ( $\approx 90$ ) MeV

$\Lambda(1830)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	0.04 to 0.08		549
$\Sigma\pi$	35–75 %		512
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	>15 %		370
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$ , $D$ -wave	(40 $\pm$ 15) %	3.2	370

### $\Lambda(1890) 3/2^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 1870$  to  $1910$  ( $\approx 1890$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 80$  to  $160$  ( $\approx 120$ ) MeV

$\Lambda(1890)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	0.24 to 0.36	599
$\Sigma\pi$	3–10 %	560
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	seen	423
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$ , $P$ -wave	$(6.0 \pm 3.0)$ %	423
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$ , $F$ -wave	$(4.0 \pm 2.0)$ %	423
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$	seen	236

### $\Lambda(2100) 7/2^-$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{7}{2}^-)$$

Mass  $m = 2090$  to  $2110$  ( $\approx 2100$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 100$  to  $250$  ( $\approx 200$ ) MeV

$\Lambda(2100)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	25–35 %	751
$\Sigma\pi$	$\sim 5$ %	705
$\Lambda\eta$	$< 3$ %	617
$\Xi K$	$< 3$ %	491
$\Lambda\omega$	$< 8$ %	443
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$ , $G$ -wave	$(1.0 \pm 1.0)$ %	584
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$	10–20 %	515
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$ , $S=3/2$ , $D$ -wave	$(4.0 \pm 2.0)$ %	515

### $\Lambda(2110) 5/2^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{5}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 2050$  to  $2130$  ( $\approx 2090$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 200$  to  $300$  ( $\approx 250$ ) MeV

$\Lambda(2110)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	5–25 %	744
$\Sigma\pi$	10–40 %	698
$\Lambda\omega$	seen	432
$\Lambda\omega, S=3/2, P$ -wave	$(5.0\pm 2.0)$ %	432
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	seen	576
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$	10–60 %	505

**$\Lambda(2350) 9/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{9}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 2340$  to  $2370$  ( $\approx 2350$ ) MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 100$  to  $250$  ( $\approx 150$ ) MeV

$\Lambda(2350)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	$\sim 12$ %	915
$\Sigma\pi$	$\sim 10$ %	867

## $\Sigma$ BARYONS ( $S = -1, I = 1$ )

$$\Sigma^+ = uus, \quad \Sigma^0 = uds, \quad \Sigma^- = dds$$

**$\Sigma^+$**

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 1189.37 \pm 0.07$  MeV ( $S = 2.2$ )  
 Mean life  $\tau = (0.8018 \pm 0.0026) \times 10^{-10}$  s  
 $c\tau = 2.404$  cm  
 $(\tau_{\Sigma^+} - \tau_{\Sigma^-}) / \tau_{\Sigma^+} = -0.0006 \pm 0.0012$   
 Magnetic moment  $\mu = 2.458 \pm 0.010 \mu_N$  ( $S = 2.1$ )  
 $(\mu_{\Sigma^+} + \mu_{\Sigma^-}) / \mu_{\Sigma^+} = 0.014 \pm 0.015$   
 $\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \rightarrow n\ell^+\nu) / \Gamma(\Sigma^- \rightarrow n\ell^-\bar{\nu}_\ell) < 0.043$

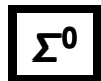
### Decay parameters

$$\begin{aligned}
 p\pi^0 & \quad \alpha_0 = -0.982 \pm 0.014 \\
 \bar{p}\pi^0 & \quad \bar{\alpha}_0 = 0.99 \pm 0.04 \\
 (\alpha_0 + \bar{\alpha}_0) / (\alpha_0 - \bar{\alpha}_0) & = 0.00 \pm 0.04 \\
 p\pi^0 & \quad \phi_0 = (36 \pm 34)^\circ \\
 " & \quad \gamma_0 = 0.16 [I] \\
 " & \quad \Delta_0 = (187 \pm 6)^\circ [I] \\
 n\pi^+ & \quad \alpha_+ = (4.89 \pm 0.26) \times 10^{-2} \\
 " & \quad \phi_+ = (167 \pm 20)^\circ \quad (S = 1.1) \\
 \bar{\alpha}_- \text{ FOR } \bar{\Sigma}^- \rightarrow \bar{n}\pi^- & = (-5.7 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-2} \\
 \bar{\alpha}_- / \bar{\alpha}_0 & = (-5.7 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-2} \\
 (\alpha_+ + \bar{\alpha}_-) / (\alpha_+ - \bar{\alpha}_-) & = (-8 \pm 6) \times 10^{-2} \\
 " & \quad \gamma_+ = -0.97 [I] \\
 " & \quad \Delta_+ = (-73_{-10}^{+133})^\circ [I] \\
 p\gamma & \quad \alpha_\gamma = -0.69 \pm 0.05
 \end{aligned}$$

$\Sigma^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$\rho$ (MeV/c)
$p\pi^0$	(51.57±0.30) %		189
$n\pi^+$	(48.31±0.30) %		185
$p\gamma$	( 1.23±0.05) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		225
$n\pi^+\gamma$	[n] ( 4.5 ±0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		185
$\Lambda e^+\nu_e$	( 2.3 ±0.4 ) × 10 <sup>-5</sup>		71

### $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ (SQ) violating modes or $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current (S1) modes

$ne^+\nu_e$	SQ	< 5	× 10 <sup>-6</sup>	90%	224
$n\mu^+\nu_\mu$	SQ	< 3.0	× 10 <sup>-5</sup>	90%	202
$pe^+e^-$	S1	< 7	× 10 <sup>-6</sup>		225
$p\mu^+\mu^-$	S1	( 2.4 $\begin{smallmatrix} +1.7 \\ -1.3 \end{smallmatrix}$ )	× 10 <sup>-8</sup>		121



$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 1192.642 \pm 0.024$  MeV

$m_{\Sigma^-} - m_{\Sigma^0} = 4.807 \pm 0.035$  MeV (S = 1.1)

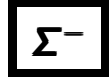
$m_{\Sigma^0} - m_\Lambda = 76.959 \pm 0.023$  MeV

Mean life  $\tau = (7.4 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-20}$  s

$c\tau = 2.22 \times 10^{-11}$  m

Transition magnetic moment  $|\mu_{\Sigma\Lambda}| = 1.61 \pm 0.08 \mu_N$

$\Sigma^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$\rho$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda\gamma$	100 %		74
$\Lambda\gamma\gamma$	< 3 %	90%	74
$\Lambda e^+ e^-$	[ $\rho$ ] $5 \times 10^{-3}$		74



$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 1197.449 \pm 0.029$  MeV (S = 1.1)  
 $m_{\Sigma^-} - m_{\Sigma^+} = 8.08 \pm 0.08$  MeV (S = 1.9)  
 $m_{\Sigma^-} - m_{\Lambda} = 81.766 \pm 0.029$  MeV (S = 1.1)  
 Mean life  $\tau = (1.479 \pm 0.011) \times 10^{-10}$  s (S = 1.3)  
 $c\tau = 4.434$  cm  
 Magnetic moment  $\mu = -1.160 \pm 0.025 \mu_N$  (S = 1.7)  
 $\Sigma^-$  charge radius =  $0.78 \pm 0.10$  fm

### Decay parameters

$n\pi^-$   $\alpha_- = -0.068 \pm 0.008$   
 "  $\phi_- = (10 \pm 15)^\circ$   
 "  $\gamma_- = 0.98$  [l]  
 "  $\Delta_- = (249_{-120}^+)^{\circ}$  [l]  
 $ne^- \bar{\nu}_e$   $g_A/g_V = 0.340 \pm 0.017$  [h]  
 "  $f_2(0)/f_1(0) = 0.97 \pm 0.14$   
 "  $D = 0.11 \pm 0.10$   
 $\Lambda e^- \bar{\nu}_e$   $g_V/g_A = 0.01 \pm 0.10$  [h] (S = 1.5)  
 "  $g_{WM}/g_A = 2.4 \pm 1.7$  [h]

$\Sigma^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$P$ (MeV/c)
$n\pi^-$	(99.848±0.005) %		193
$n\pi^-\gamma$	[n] ( 4.6 ±0.6 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		193
$ne^-\bar{\nu}_e$	( 1.017±0.034 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		230
$n\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu$	( 4.5 ±0.4 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		210
$\Lambda e^-\bar{\nu}_e$	( 5.73 ±0.27 ) × 10 <sup>-5</sup>		79
$\Sigma^+\chi$	< 1.2 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90%	–
<b>Lepton number (<math>L</math>) violating modes</b>			
$pe^-e^-$	$L$ < 6.7 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	90%	231

**$\Sigma(1385) 3/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

$\Sigma(1385)^+$  mass  $m = 1382.83 \pm 0.34$  MeV (S = 1.9)  
 $\Sigma(1385)^0$  mass  $m = 1383.7 \pm 1.0$  MeV (S = 1.4)  
 $\Sigma(1385)^-$  mass  $m = 1387.2 \pm 0.5$  MeV (S = 2.2)  
 $\Sigma(1385)^+$  full width  $\Gamma = 36.2 \pm 0.7$  MeV  
 $\Sigma(1385)^0$  full width  $\Gamma = 36 \pm 5$  MeV  
 $\Sigma(1385)^-$  full width  $\Gamma = 39.4 \pm 2.1$  MeV (S = 1.7)  
 Below  $\bar{K}N$  threshold

$\Sigma(1385)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$P$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda\pi$	(87.0 ±1.5 ) %		208
$\Sigma\pi$	(11.7 ±1.5 ) %		129
$\Lambda\gamma$	( 1.25 <sup>+0.13</sup> <sub>-0.12</sub> ) %		241
$\Sigma^+\gamma$	( 7.0 ±1.7 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		180
$\Sigma^-\gamma$	< 2.4 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90%	173

**$\Sigma(1660) 1/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Re(pole position) = 1585 ± 20 MeV  
 $-2\text{Im}(\text{pole position}) = 290^{+140}_{-40}$  MeV  
 Mass  $m = 1640$  to 1680 ( $\approx 1660$ ) MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 100$  to 300 ( $\approx 200$ ) MeV



<b><math>\Sigma(1660)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	0.05 to 0.15 ( $\approx 010$ )	405
$\Lambda\pi$	(35 $\pm 12$ ) %	440
$\Sigma\pi$	(37 $\pm 10$ ) %	387
$\Sigma\sigma$	(20 $\pm 8$ ) %	–
$\Lambda(1405)\pi$	( 4.0 $\pm 2.0$ ) %	199

**$\Sigma(1670) 3/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

Mass  $m = 1665$  to  $1685$  ( $\approx 1675$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 40$  to  $100$  ( $\approx 70$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Sigma(1670)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	0.06 to 0.12	419
$\Lambda\pi$	5–15 %	452
$\Sigma\pi$	30–60 %	398
$\Sigma\sigma$	(7.0 $\pm 3.0$ ) %	–

**$\Sigma(1750) 1/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

Mass  $m = 1700$  to  $1800$  ( $\approx 1750$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 100$  to  $200$  ( $\approx 150$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Sigma(1750)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	0.06 to 0.12	486
$\Lambda\pi$	(14 $\pm 5$ ) %	507
$\Sigma\pi$	(16 $\pm 4$ ) %	456
$\Sigma\eta$	15–55 %	98
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$ , $D$ -wave	< 1 %	305
$\Lambda(1520)\pi$	( 2.0 $\pm 1.0$ ) %	175
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$ , $S=1/2$	( 8 $\pm 4$ ) %	†

**$\Sigma(1775) 5/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{5}{2}^-)$$

Mass  $m = 1770$  to  $1780$  ( $\approx 1775$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 105$  to  $135$  ( $\approx 120$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Sigma(1775)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	37–43%	508
$\Lambda\pi$	14–20%	525
$\Sigma\pi$	2–5%	475
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	8–12%	327
$\Lambda(1520)\pi$ , $P$ -wave	17–23%	202

**$\Sigma(1910) 3/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

was  $\Sigma(1940)$

Mass  $m = 1870$  to  $1950$  ( $\approx 1910$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 150$  to  $300$  ( $\approx 220$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Sigma(1910)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	0.01 to 0.05 ( $\approx 0.02$ )	615
$\Lambda\pi$	( 6 $\pm$ 4 ) %	619
$\Sigma\pi$	(86 $\pm$ 21 ) %	574
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	seen	439
$\Lambda(1520)\pi$	seen	329
$\Delta(1232)\bar{K}$	( 3.0 $\pm$ 1.0 ) %	377
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$	seen	274
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$ , $S=1/2$ , $D$ -wave	( 1.0 $\pm$ 1.0 ) %	274

**$\Sigma(1915) 5/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{5}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 1900$  to  $1935$  ( $\approx 1915$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 80$  to  $160$  ( $\approx 120$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Sigma(1915)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	0.05 to 0.15	618
$\Lambda\pi$	( 6.0 $\pm$ 2.0 ) %	623
$\Sigma\pi$	(10.0 $\pm$ 2.0) %	577
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$ , <i>P</i> -wave	( 2.0 $\pm$ 2.0 ) %	443
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$ , <i>F</i> -wave	( 4.0 $\pm$ 2.0 ) %	443
$\Lambda(1520)\pi$ , <i>D</i> -wave	( 8.0 $\pm$ 2.0 ) %	334
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$ , <i>S</i> =1/2, <i>F</i> -wave	( 5.0 $\pm$ 3.0 ) %	282
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$ , <i>S</i> =3/2, <i>F</i> -wave	( 5.0 $\pm$ 2.0 ) %	282
$\Delta\bar{K}$ , <i>P</i> -wave	(16 $\pm$ 5 ) %	383
$\Delta\bar{K}$ , <i>F</i> -wave	( 5.0 $\pm$ 3.0 ) %	383

**$\Sigma(2030) 7/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{7}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 2025$  to  $2040$  ( $\approx 2030$ ) MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 150$  to  $200$  ( $\approx 180$ ) MeV

<b><math>\Sigma(2030)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$N\bar{K}$	17–23 %	702
$\Lambda\pi$	17–23 %	700
$\Sigma\pi$	5–10 %	657
$\Xi K$	<2 %	422
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	5–15 %	532
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$ , <i>F</i> -wave	( 1.0 $\pm$ 1.0 ) %	532
$\Lambda(1520)\pi$	10–20 %	431
$\Delta(1232)\bar{K}$	10–20 %	498
$\Delta(1232)\bar{K}$ , <i>F</i> -wave	(15 $\pm$ 5 ) %	498
$\Delta(1232)\bar{K}$ , <i>H</i> -wave	( 1.0 $\pm$ 1.0 ) %	498
$N\bar{K}^*(892)$ , <i>S</i> =3/2, <i>F</i> -wave	(14 $\pm$ 8 ) %	439

# $\Xi$ BARYONS

## $(S = -2, I = 1/2)$

$$\Xi^0 = uss, \quad \Xi^- = dss$$



$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$P$  is not yet measured; + is the quark model prediction.

$$\text{Mass } m = 1314.86 \pm 0.20 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi^-} - m_{\Xi^0} = 6.85 \pm 0.21 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (2.90 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-10} \text{ s}$$

$$c\tau = 8.71 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Magnetic moment } \mu = -1.250 \pm 0.014 \mu_N$$

### Decay parameters

$$\Lambda\pi^0 \quad \alpha = -0.349 \pm 0.009$$

$$\alpha \text{ FOR } \Xi^0 \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\pi^0 = 0.379 \pm 0.004$$

$$" \quad \phi = (0.3 \pm 0.6)^\circ$$

$$\phi \text{ ANGLE FOR } \Xi^0 \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\pi^0 \text{ with } \tan\phi = \beta/\gamma = -0.3 \pm 0.6$$

degrees

$$\Delta\phi_{CP}(\Xi^0) = (\phi_{\Xi^0} + \phi_{\Xi^0})/2 = 0.0 \pm 0.4 \text{ degrees}$$

$$A_{CP} \text{ FOR } \Xi^0 \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0, \Xi^0 \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\pi^0 = (-5 \pm 7) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$" \quad \gamma = 0.85 [I]$$

$$" \quad \Delta = (218_{-19}^{+12})^\circ [I]$$

$$\Lambda\gamma \quad \alpha = -0.70 \pm 0.07$$

$$\Lambda e^+ e^- \quad \alpha = -0.8 \pm 0.2$$

$$\Sigma^0\gamma \quad \alpha = -0.69 \pm 0.06$$

$$\Sigma^+ e^- \bar{\nu}_e \quad g_1(0)/f_1(0) = 1.22 \pm 0.05$$

$$\Sigma^+ e^- \bar{\nu}_e \quad f_2(0)/f_1(0) = 2.0 \pm 0.9$$

$\Xi^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$\rho$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda\pi^0$	$(99.524 \pm 0.012) \%$		135
$\Lambda\gamma$	$(1.17 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-3}$		184
$\Lambda e^+ e^-$	$(7.6 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-6}$		184
$\Sigma^0\gamma$	$(3.33 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-3}$		117
$\Sigma^+ e^- \bar{\nu}_e$	$(2.52 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{-4}$		120
$\Sigma^+ \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$	$(2.33 \pm 0.35) \times 10^{-6}$		64

**$\Delta S = \Delta Q$  (SQ) violating modes or  
 $\Delta S = 2$  forbidden (S2) modes**

$\Sigma^- e^+ \nu_e$	SQ	$< 1.6$	$\times 10^{-4}$	90%	112
$\Sigma^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	SQ	$< 9$	$\times 10^{-4}$	90%	49
$p\pi^-$	S2	$< 8$	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%	299
$p e^- \bar{\nu}_e$	S2	$< 1.3$	$\times 10^{-3}$		323
$p \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$	S2	$< 1.3$	$\times 10^{-3}$		309



$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$P$  is not yet measured; + is the quark model prediction.

Mass  $m = 1321.71 \pm 0.07$  MeV

$$(m_{\Xi^-} - m_{\Xi^+}) / m_{\Xi^-} = (-3 \pm 9) \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (1.639 \pm 0.015) \times 10^{-10} \text{ s}$$

$$c\tau = 4.91 \text{ cm}$$

$$(\tau_{\Xi^-} - \tau_{\Xi^+}) / \tau_{\Xi^-} = -0.01 \pm 0.07$$

$$\text{Magnetic moment } \mu = -0.6507 \pm 0.0025 \mu_N$$

$$(\mu_{\Xi^-} + \mu_{\Xi^+}) / |\mu_{\Xi^-}| = +0.01 \pm 0.05$$

**Decay parameters**

$$\Lambda\pi^- \quad \alpha = -0.390 \pm 0.007 \quad (S = 2.0)$$

$$\alpha(\Xi^+) \text{ for } \Xi^+ \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\pi^+ = 0.371 \pm 0.007$$

$$(\alpha + \bar{\alpha}) / (\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) \text{ for } \Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-, \Xi^+ \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\pi^+ = (6 \pm 14) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$[\alpha(\Xi^-)\alpha_-(\Lambda) - \alpha(\Xi^+)\alpha_+(\bar{\Lambda})] / [\text{sum}] = (0 \pm 7) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\phi = (-1.2 \pm 1.0)^\circ \quad (S = 1.4)$$

$$\phi \text{ ANGLE FOR } \Xi^+ \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\pi^+ \quad (\tan\phi = \beta/\gamma) = (-1.2 \pm 1.2)^\circ$$

$$\Delta\Phi_{CP} = (\Phi_- + \Phi_+)/2 = (-0.3 \pm 0.8)^\circ$$

$$\gamma = 0.89 [l]$$

$$\Delta = (175.9 \pm 1.5)^\circ [l]$$

$$\Lambda e^- \bar{\nu}_e \quad g_A/g_V = -0.25 \pm 0.05 [h]$$

$\Xi^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$P$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda\pi^-$	(99.887±0.035) %		140
$\Sigma^-\gamma$	( 1.27 ±0.23 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		118
$\Lambda e^-\bar{\nu}_e$	( 5.63 ±0.31 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		190
$\Lambda\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu$	( 3.5 <sup>+3.5</sup> <sub>-2.2</sub> ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		163
$\Sigma^0 e^-\bar{\nu}_e$	( 8.7 ±1.7 ) × 10 <sup>-5</sup>		123
$\Sigma^0\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu$	< 8 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90%	70
$\Xi^0 e^-\bar{\nu}_e$	< 2.59 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90%	7

**$\Delta S = 2$  forbidden ( $S_2$ ) modes**

$n\pi^-$	$S_2$ < 1.9	× 10 <sup>-5</sup>	90%	304
$ne^-\bar{\nu}_e$	$S_2$ < 3.2	× 10 <sup>-3</sup>	90%	327
$n\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu$	$S_2$ < 1.5	%	90%	314
$p\pi^-\pi^-$	$S_2$ < 4	× 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90%	223
$p\pi^-e^-\bar{\nu}_e$	$S_2$ < 4	× 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90%	305
$p\pi^-\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu$	$S_2$ < 4	× 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90%	251
$p\mu^-\mu^-$	$L$ < 4	× 10 <sup>-8</sup>	90%	272

**$\Xi(1530) 3/2^+$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

$\Xi(1530)^0$  mass  $m = 1531.80 \pm 0.32$  MeV ( $S = 1.3$ )

$\Xi(1530)^-$  mass  $m = 1535.0 \pm 0.6$  MeV

$\Xi(1530)^0$  full width  $\Gamma = 9.1 \pm 0.5$  MeV

$\Xi(1530)^-$  full width  $\Gamma = 9.9^{+1.7}_{-1.9}$  MeV

$\Xi(1530)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$P$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi\pi$	100 %		158
$\Xi\gamma$	<3.7 %	90%	202

**$\Xi(1690)$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(??)$$

Mass  $m = 1690 \pm 10$  MeV [o]

Full width  $\Gamma = 20 \pm 15$  MeV

$\Xi(1690)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda \bar{K}$	seen	240
$\Sigma \bar{K}$	seen	70
$\Xi \pi$	seen	311
$\Xi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	possibly seen	213

**$\Xi(1820) 3/2^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

Mass  $m = 1823 \pm 5$  MeV [o]

Full width  $\Gamma = 24^{+15}_{-10}$  MeV [o]

$\Xi(1820)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda \bar{K}$	large	402
$\Sigma \bar{K}$	small	324
$\Xi \pi$	small	421
$\Xi(1530) \pi$	small	237

**$\Xi(1950)$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(?^?)$$

Mass  $m = 1950 \pm 15$  MeV [o]

Full width  $\Gamma = 60 \pm 20$  MeV [o]

$\Xi(1950)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda \bar{K}$	seen	522
$\Sigma \bar{K}$	possibly seen	460
$\Xi \pi$	seen	519

**$\Xi(2030)$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\geq \frac{5}{2}^?)$$

Mass  $m = 2025 \pm 5$  MeV [o]

Full width  $\Gamma = 20^{+15}_{-5}$  MeV [o]

$\Xi(2030)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda \bar{K}$	$\sim 20\%$	585
$\Sigma \bar{K}$	$\sim 80\%$	529
$\Xi \pi$	small	574
$\Xi(1530) \pi$	small	416
$\Lambda \bar{K} \pi$	small	499
$\Sigma \bar{K} \pi$	small	428

## $\Omega$ BARYONS

### ( $S = -3, I = 0$ )

$\Omega^- = sss$

$\Omega^-$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^+$  is the quark-model prediction; and  $J = 3/2$  is fairly well established.

Mass  $m = 1672.45 \pm 0.29$  MeV

$$(m_{\Omega^-} - m_{\bar{\Omega}^+}) / m_{\Omega^-} = (-1 \pm 8) \times 10^{-5}$$

Mean life  $\tau = (0.821 \pm 0.011) \times 10^{-10}$  s

$$c\tau = 2.461$$
 cm

$$(\tau_{\Omega^-} - \tau_{\bar{\Omega}^+}) / \tau_{\Omega^-} = 0.00 \pm 0.05$$

Magnetic moment  $\mu = -2.02 \pm 0.05 \mu_N$

#### Decay parameters

$$\alpha(\Omega^-) \alpha_-(\Lambda) \text{ FOR } \Omega^- \rightarrow \Lambda K^- = 0.0115 \pm 0.0015$$

$$\Lambda K^- \quad \alpha = 0.0154 \pm 0.0020$$

$$\Lambda K^-, \bar{\Lambda} K^+ \quad (\alpha + \bar{\alpha}) / (\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) = -0.02 \pm 0.13$$

$$\Xi^0 \pi^- \quad \alpha = 0.09 \pm 0.14$$

$$\Xi^- \pi^0 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \pm 0.21$$



$\Omega^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda K^-$	(67.7 $\pm$ 0.7 ) %		211
$\Xi^0 \pi^-$	(24.3 $\pm$ 0.7 ) %	S=1.5	294
$\Xi^- \pi^0$	( 8.55 $\pm$ 0.33 ) %		289
$\Xi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 3.7 $^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$		189
$\Xi(1530)^0 \pi^-$	< 7 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	17
$\Xi^0 e^- \bar{\nu}_e$	( 5.6 $\pm$ 2.8 ) $\times 10^{-3}$		319
$\Xi^- \gamma$	< 4.6 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	314
<b><math>\Delta S = 2</math> forbidden (S2) modes</b>			
$\Lambda \pi^-$	S2 < 2.9 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	449

**$\Omega(2012)^-$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(?^-)$$

Mass  $m = 2012.4 \pm 0.9$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 6.4^{+3.0}_{-2.6}$  MeV

Branching fractions are given relative to the one **DEFINED AS 1**.

$\Omega(2012)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi^0 K^-$	<b>DEFINED AS 1</b>		403
$\Xi^- \bar{K}^0$	0.83 $\pm$ 0.21		392
$\Xi^0 \pi^0 K^-$	< 0.30	90%	245
$\Xi^0 \pi^- \bar{K}^0$	< 0.21	90%	230
$\Xi^- \pi^0 \bar{K}^0$	< 0.7	90%	226
$\Xi^- \pi^+ K^-$	< 0.08	90%	224

**$\Omega(2250)^-$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(?^?)$$

Mass  $m = 2252 \pm 9$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 55 \pm 18$  MeV

$\Omega(2250)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi^- \pi^+ K^-$	seen	532
$\Xi(1530)^0 K^-$	seen	437

# CHARMED BARYONS ( $C = +1$ )

$$\Lambda_c^+ = udc, \quad \Sigma_c^{++} = uuc, \quad \Sigma_c^+ = udc, \quad \Sigma_c^0 = ddc,$$

$$\Xi_c^+ = usc, \quad \Xi_c^0 = dsc, \quad \Omega_c^0 = ssc$$

$\Lambda_c^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 2286.46 \pm 0.14$  MeV

Mean life  $\tau = (202.6 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-15}$  s

$c\tau = 60.75$   $\mu$ m

### Decay asymmetry parameters

$\Lambda\pi^+ \quad \alpha = -0.755 \pm 0.006$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\rho^+ = -0.76 \pm 0.07$

$\Sigma^+\pi^0 \quad \alpha = -0.484 \pm 0.027$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+\eta = -0.99 \pm 0.06$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+\eta' = -0.46 \pm 0.07$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0\pi^+ = -0.466 \pm 0.018$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma(1385)^+\pi^0 = -0.92 \pm 0.09$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma(1385)^0\pi^+ = -0.79 \pm 0.11$

$\Lambda\ell^+\nu_\ell \quad \alpha = -0.875 \pm 0.033$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0 = 0.2 \pm 0.5$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda K^+ = -0.58 \pm 0.05$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+ = -0.54 \pm 0.20$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1405)\pi^+ = 0.58 \pm 0.28$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\pi^+ = 0.93 \pm 0.09$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1600)\pi^+ = 0.2 \pm 0.5$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1670)\pi^+ = 0.82 \pm 0.08$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1690)\pi^+ = 0.958 \pm 0.034$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(2000)\pi^+ = -0.57 \pm 0.19$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Delta(1232)^{++}K^- = 0.55 \pm 0.04$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Delta(1600)^{++}K^- = -0.50 \pm 0.18$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Delta(1700)^{++}K^- = 0.22 \pm 0.08$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}_0^*(700)^0 p = -0.1 \pm 0.7$

$\alpha$  FOR  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 p = 0.34 \pm 0.14$

$(\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha})$  in  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\pi^- = 0.020 \pm 0.016$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) \text{ in } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}^0 \pi^- = -0.02 \pm 0.05 \\
 &(\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) \text{ in } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ \nu_e, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} e^- \bar{\nu}_e = 0.00 \pm 0.04 \\
 &(\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) \text{ in } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} K^- = -0.23 \pm 0.11 \\
 &(\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) \text{ in } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}^0 K^- = 0.1 \pm 0.4 \\
 &A_{CP}(\Lambda X) \text{ in } \Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda X, \bar{\Lambda}_c \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} X = (2 \pm 7)\% \\
 &A_{CP}(\Lambda K^+) \text{ in } \Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} K^- = 0.021 \pm 0.026 \\
 &A_{CP}(\Sigma^0 K^+) \text{ in } \Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}^0 K^- = 0.03 \pm 0.05 \\
 &\Delta A_{CP} = A_{CP}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^+ K^-) - A_{CP}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^-) = (0.3 \pm 1.1)\%
 \end{aligned}$$

Branching fractions marked with a footnote, e.g. [a], have been corrected for decay modes not observed in the experiments. For example, the sub-mode fraction  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \bar{K}^*(892)^0$  seen in  $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$  has been multiplied up to include  $\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^0$  decays.

$\Lambda_c^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
<b>Hadronic modes with a <math>p</math> or <math>n</math>: <math>S = -1</math> final states</b>			
$p K_S^0$	( 1.59 ± 0.07 ) %	S=1.1	873
$p K^- \pi^+$	( 6.24 ± 0.28 ) %	S=1.4	823
$p \bar{K}_0^*(700)^0$	( 1.9 ± 0.6 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		715
$p \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[q] ( 1.39 ± 0.07 ) %		685
$p \bar{K}_0^*(1430)$	( 9.2 ± 1.8 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		†
$\Delta(1232)^{++} K^-$	( 1.76 ± 0.09 ) %		710
$\Delta(1600)^{++} K^-$	( 2.8 ± 1.0 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		–
$\Delta(1700)^{++} K^-$	( 2.4 ± 0.6 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		–
$\Lambda(1405)^0 \pi^+$	( 4.8 ± 1.9 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		–
$\Lambda(1520) \pi^+$	[q] ( 1.16 ± 0.16 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		628
$\Lambda(1600) \pi^+$	( 3.2 ± 1.2 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		571
$\Lambda(1670) \pi^+$	( 7.4 ± 2.1 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		516
$\Lambda(1690) \pi^+$	( 7.4 ± 2.2 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		504
$\Lambda(2000) \pi^+$	( 6.0 ± 0.7 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		234
$p K^- \pi^+$ nonresonant	( 3.5 ± 0.4 ) %		823
$p K_S^0 \pi^0$	( 1.96 ± 0.12 ) %		823
$n K_S^0 \pi^+$	( 1.82 ± 0.25 ) %		821
$n K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	( 1.90 ± 0.12 ) %		756
$p \bar{K}^0 \eta$	( 8.8 ± 0.6 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	S=1.1	568
$p K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 1.59 ± 0.11 ) %	S=1.1	754
$p K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	( 4.43 ± 0.28 ) %	S=1.5	759
$p K^*(892)^- \pi^+$	[q] ( 1.4 ± 0.5 ) %		580
$p (K^- \pi^+)_{\text{nonresonant}} \pi^0$	( 4.6 ± 0.8 ) %		759

$\Delta(1232)\bar{K}^*(892)$	seen	419
$pK^-2\pi^+\pi^-$	$(1.4 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$	671
$pK^-\pi^+2\pi^0$	$(10 \pm 5) \times 10^{-3}$	678

**Hadronic modes with a  $p$  or  $n$ :  $S = 0$  final states**

$p\pi^0$	$< 8 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	945
$n\pi^+$	$(6.6 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$		944
$p\eta$	$(1.57 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-3}$		856
$p\eta'$	$(4.8 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4}$		639
$p\omega(782)^0$	$(1.11 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-3}$		751
$p\pi^+\pi^-$	$(4.59 \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-3}$		927
$pf_0(980)$	[q] $(3.4 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-3}$		614
$n\pi^+\pi^0$	$(6.4 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$		927
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+$	$(4.5 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-3}$		895
$p2\pi^+2\pi^-$	$(2.2 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$		852
$pK^+K^-$	$(1.06 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-3}$		616
$p\phi$	[q] $(1.06 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-3}$		590
$pK^+K^-$ non- $\phi$	$(5.2 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$		616
$pK_S^0K_S^0$	$(2.35 \pm 0.18) \times 10^{-4}$		610
$p\phi\pi^0$	$(10 \pm 4) \times 10^{-5}$		460
$pK^+K^-\pi^0$ nonresonant	$< 6.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	494

**Hadronic modes with a hyperon:  $S = -1$  final states**

$\Lambda\pi^+$	$(1.29 \pm 0.05) \%$	S=1.1	864
$\Lambda(1670)\pi^+, \Lambda(1670) \rightarrow \eta\Lambda$	$(3.5 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$		—
$\Lambda\pi^+\pi^0$	$(7.02 \pm 0.35) \%$	S=1.1	844
$\Lambda\rho^+$	$(4.0 \pm 0.5) \%$		636
$\Sigma(1385)^+\pi^0, \Sigma^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$	$(5.0 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$		—
$\Sigma(1385)^0\pi^+, \Sigma^0 \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$	$(5.6 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-3}$		—
$\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+$	$(3.61 \pm 0.26) \%$	S=1.4	807
$\Sigma(1385)^+\pi^+\pi^-, \Sigma^{*+} \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$	$(1.0 \pm 0.5) \%$		688
$\Sigma(1385)^-2\pi^+, \Sigma^{*-} \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-$	$(7.6 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$		688
$\Lambda\pi^+\rho^0$	$(1.4 \pm 0.6) \%$		524
$\Sigma(1385)^+\rho^0, \Sigma^{*+} \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$	$(5 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$		363
$\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+$ nonresonant	$< 1.1 \%$	CL=90%	807
$\Lambda\pi^-\pi^02\pi^+$ total	$(2.2 \pm 0.8) \%$		757
$\Lambda\pi^+\eta$	[q] $(1.84 \pm 0.11) \%$	S=1.1	691
$\Sigma(1385)^+\eta$	[q] $(9.1 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-3}$		570
$\Lambda\pi^+\omega$	[q] $(1.5 \pm 0.5) \%$		517
$\Lambda\pi^-\pi^02\pi^+,$ no $\eta$ or $\omega$	$< 8 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	757
$\Lambda K^+\bar{K}^0$	$(5.6 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.9	443
$\Xi(1690)^0K^+, \Xi^{*0} \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{K}^0$	$(1.6 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$		286
$\Sigma^0\pi^+$	$(1.27 \pm 0.06) \%$	S=1.1	825

$\Sigma^0 \pi^+ \eta$	$( 7.5 \pm 0.8 ) \times 10^{-3}$		635
$\Sigma^+ \pi^0$	$( 1.24 \pm 0.09 ) \%$		827
$\Sigma^+ \eta$	$( 3.2 \pm 0.5 ) \times 10^{-3}$		713
$\Sigma^+ \eta'$	$( 4.1 \pm 0.8 ) \times 10^{-3}$		391
$\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$( 4.47 \pm 0.22 ) \%$	S=1.2	804
$\Sigma^+ \rho^0$	$< 1.7 \%$	CL=95%	575
$\Sigma^- 2\pi^+$	$( 1.86 \pm 0.18 ) \%$		799
$\Sigma^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$	$( 3.5 \pm 0.4 ) \%$		803
$\Sigma^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	$( 1.54 \pm 0.14 ) \%$		806
$\Sigma^0 \pi^- 2\pi^+$	$( 1.10 \pm 0.30 ) \%$		763
$\Sigma^+ \omega$	$( 1.69 \pm 0.20 ) \%$		569
$\Sigma^- \pi^0 2\pi^+$	$( 2.1 \pm 0.4 ) \%$		762
$\Sigma^+ K^+ K^-$	$( 3.59 \pm 0.35 ) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	349
$\Sigma^+ \phi$	[q] $( 3.9 \pm 0.5 ) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	295
$\Xi(1690)^0 K^+, \Xi^{*0} \rightarrow$	$( 1.01 \pm 0.25 ) \times 10^{-3}$		286
$\Sigma^+ K^-$			
$\Sigma^+ K^+ K^-$ nonresonant	$< 8 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	349
$\Xi^0 K^+$	$( 5.5 \pm 0.7 ) \times 10^{-3}$		653
$\Xi^- K^+ \pi^+$	$( 6.2 \pm 0.5 ) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	565
$\Xi(1530)^0 K^+$	$( 4.3 \pm 0.9 ) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	473

### Hadronic modes with a hyperon: $S = 0$ final states

$\Lambda K^+$	$( 6.42 \pm 0.31 ) \times 10^{-4}$		781
$\Lambda K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$< 5 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	637
$\Sigma^0 K^+$	$( 3.70 \pm 0.31 ) \times 10^{-4}$		735
$\Sigma^+ K_S^0$	$( 4.7 \pm 1.4 ) \times 10^{-4}$		736
$\Sigma^0 K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$< 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	574
$\Sigma^+ K^+ \pi^-$	$( 2.00 \pm 0.26 ) \times 10^{-3}$		670
$\Sigma^+ K^*(892)^0$	[q] $( 3.5 \pm 1.0 ) \times 10^{-3}$		470
$\Sigma^+ K^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	$< 1.1 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	581
$\Sigma^- K^+ \pi^+$	$< 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	664

### Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes

$p K^+ \pi^-$	$( 1.11 \pm 0.17 ) \times 10^{-4}$		823
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### Semileptonic modes

$\Lambda e^+ \nu_e$	$( 3.56 \pm 0.13 ) \%$		871
$\Lambda \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$	$< 3.9 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	843
$p K^- e^+ \nu_e$	$( 8.8 \pm 1.8 ) \times 10^{-4}$		874
$p K_S^0 \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$	$< 3.3 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	821
$\Lambda(1520) e^+ \nu_e$	$( 1.0 \pm 0.5 ) \times 10^{-3}$		639
$\Lambda(1405)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \Lambda^0 \rightarrow p K^-$	$( 4.2 \pm 1.9 ) \times 10^{-4}$		—
$\Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$( 3.48 \pm 0.17 ) \%$		867

<b>Inclusive modes</b>		
$e^+$ anything	( 4.06 ± 0.13 ) %	—
$p$ anything	(50 ± 16 ) %	—
$n$ anything	(32.6 ± 1.6 ) %	—
$\Lambda$ anything	(38.2 $\begin{smallmatrix} + 2.9 \\ - 2.4 \end{smallmatrix}$ ) %	—
$K_S^0$ anything	( 9.9 ± 0.7 ) %	—
3prongs	(24 ± 8 ) %	—

**$\Delta C = 1$  weak neutral current (C1) modes, or  
Lepton Family number (LF), or Lepton number (L), or  
Baryon number (B) violating modes**

$p e^+ e^-$	<i>CI</i>	< 5.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	951
$p \mu^+ \mu^-$ non-resonant	<i>CI</i>	< 7.7	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	937
$p e^+ \mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 9.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	947
$p e^- \mu^+$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.9	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	947
$\bar{p} 2e^+$	<i>L,B</i>	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	951
$\bar{p} 2\mu^+$	<i>L,B</i>	< 9.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	937
$\bar{p} e^+ \mu^+$	<i>L,B</i>	< 1.6	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	947
$\Sigma^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	<i>L</i>	< 7.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	812

**Radiative modes**

$\Sigma^+ \gamma$	< 2.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	834
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**Exotic modes**

$p \gamma D$	[ <i>r</i> ] < 8.0	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
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**$\Lambda_c(2595)^+$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

The spin-parity follows from the fact that  $\Sigma_c(2455)\pi$  decays, with little available phase space, are dominant. This assumes that  $J^P = 1/2^+$  for the  $\Sigma_c(2455)$ .

Mass  $m = 2592.25 \pm 0.28$  MeV  
 $m - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 305.79 \pm 0.24$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 2.6 \pm 0.6$  MeV

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi \pi$  and its submode  $\Sigma_c(2455)\pi$  — the latter just barely — are the only strong decays allowed to an excited  $\Lambda_c^+$  having this mass; and the submode seems to dominate.

$\Lambda_c(2595)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	[s] —	117
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++} \pi^-$	$24 \pm 7\%$	3
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0 \pi^+$	$24 \pm 7\%$	3
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ 3-body	$18 \pm 10\%$	117
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0$	[t] not seen	258
$\Lambda_c^+ \gamma$	not seen	288

### $\Lambda_c(2625)^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

$J^P$  has not been measured;  $\frac{3}{2}^-$  is the quark-model prediction.

$$\text{Mass } m = 2628.00 \pm 0.15 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 341.54 \pm 0.05 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Full width } \Gamma < 0.52 \text{ MeV, CL} = 90\%$$

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi \pi$  and its submode  $\Sigma(2455)\pi$  are the only strong decays allowed to an excited  $\Lambda_c^+$  having this mass.

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	[u] 66.67 %		184
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++} \pi^-$	( $3.42 \pm 0.27$ ) %		103
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0 \pi^+$	( $3.46 \pm 0.31$ ) %		103
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ 3-body	large		184
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0$	[t] < 60 %	90%	293
$\Lambda_c^+ \gamma$	< 35 %	90%	319

### $\Lambda_c(2860)^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

$$\text{Mass } m = 2856.1_{-6.0}^{+2.3} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Full width } \Gamma = 68_{-22}^{+12} \text{ MeV}$$

$\Lambda_c(2860)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D^0 p$	seen	259

### $\Lambda_c(2880)^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{5}{2}^+)$$

Mass  $m = 2881.63 \pm 0.24$  MeV

$m - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 595.17 \pm 0.28$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 5.6_{-0.6}^{+0.8}$  MeV

$\Lambda_c(2880)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	471
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{0,++} \pi^\pm$	seen	376
$\Sigma_c(2520)^{0,++} \pi^\pm$	seen	317
$p D^0$	seen	316

### $\Lambda_c(2940)^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

$J^P = 3/2^-$  is favored, but is not certain

Mass  $m = 2939.6_{-1.5}^{+1.3}$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 20_{-5}^{+6}$  MeV

$\Lambda_c(2940)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$p D^0$	seen	420
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{0,++} \pi^\pm$	seen	-

### $\Sigma_c(2455)$

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}$  mass  $m = 2453.97 \pm 0.14$  MeV

$\Sigma_c(2455)^+$  mass  $m = 2452.65_{-0.16}^{+0.22}$  MeV

$\Sigma_c(2455)^0$  mass  $m = 2453.75 \pm 0.14$  MeV

$m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 167.510 \pm 0.017$  MeV

$m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^+} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 166.19_{-0.08}^{+0.16}$  MeV

$m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^0} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 167.290 \pm 0.017$  MeV

$m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}} - m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^0} = 0.220 \pm 0.013$  MeV

$m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^+} - m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^0} = -1.10_{-0.08}^{+0.16}$  MeV



$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma_c(2455)^{++} \text{ full width } \Gamma &= 1.89^{+0.09}_{-0.18} \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.1) \\ \Sigma_c(2455)^+ \text{ full width } \Gamma &= 2.3 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV} \\ \Sigma_c(2455)^0 \text{ full width } \Gamma &= 1.83^{+0.11}_{-0.19} \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.2) \end{aligned}$$

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$  is the only strong decay allowed to a  $\Sigma_c$  having this mass.

<b><math>\Sigma_c(2455)</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$	$\approx 100 \%$	94

### $\Sigma_c(2520)$

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

$J^P$  has not been measured;  $\frac{3}{2}^+$  is the quark-model prediction.

$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma_c(2520)^{++} \text{ mass } m &= 2518.41 \pm 0.22 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.3) \\ \Sigma_c(2520)^+ \text{ mass } m &= 2517.4^{+0.7}_{-0.5} \text{ MeV} \\ \Sigma_c(2520)^0 \text{ mass } m &= 2518.48 \pm 0.21 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.2) \\ m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^{++}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} &= 231.95 \pm 0.18 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.8) \\ m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^+} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} &= 230.9^{+0.7}_{-0.5} \text{ MeV} \\ m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^0} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} &= 232.02 \pm 0.15 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.4) \\ m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^{++}} - m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^0} &= 0.01 \pm 0.15 \text{ MeV} \\ \Sigma_c(2520)^{++} \text{ full width } \Gamma &= 14.78^{+0.30}_{-0.40} \text{ MeV} \\ \Sigma_c(2520)^+ \text{ full width } \Gamma &= 17.2^{+4.0}_{-2.2} \text{ MeV} \\ \Sigma_c(2520)^0 \text{ full width } \Gamma &= 15.3^{+0.4}_{-0.5} \text{ MeV} \end{aligned}$$

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$  is the only strong decay allowed to a  $\Sigma_c$  having this mass.

$\Sigma_c(2520)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$	$\approx 100\%$	179

### $\Sigma_c(2800)$

$$I(J^P) = 1(?^?)$$

$$\Sigma_c(2800)^{++} \text{ mass } m = 2801_{-6}^{+4} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Sigma_c(2800)^+ \text{ mass } m = 2792_{-5}^{+14} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Sigma_c(2800)^0 \text{ mass } m = 2806_{-7}^{+5} \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.3)$$

$$m_{\Sigma_c(2800)^{++}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 514_{-6}^{+4} \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Sigma_c(2800)^+} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 505_{-5}^{+14} \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Sigma_c(2800)^0} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 519_{-7}^{+5} \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.3)$$

$$\Sigma_c(2800)^{++} \text{ full width } \Gamma = 75_{-17}^{+22} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Sigma_c(2800)^+ \text{ full width } \Gamma = 60_{-40}^{+60} \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Sigma_c(2800)^0 \text{ full width } \Gamma = 72_{-15}^{+22} \text{ MeV}$$

$\Sigma_c(2800)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$	seen	443

### $\Xi_c^+$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$J^P$  has not been measured;  $\frac{1}{2}^+$  is the quark-model prediction.

$$\text{Mass } m = 2467.71 \pm 0.23 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.3)$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau = (453 \pm 5) \times 10^{-15} \text{ s}$$

$$c\tau = 135.8 \mu\text{m}$$

Branching fractions marked with a footnote, e.g. [a], have been corrected for decay modes not observed in the experiments. For example, the sub-mode fraction  $\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$  seen in  $\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^- \pi^+$  has been multiplied up to include  $\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^0$  decays.

$\Xi_c^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
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**Cabibbo-favored ( $S = -2$ ) decays**

$p 2K_S^0$	$(2.5 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-3}$		766
$\Lambda \bar{K}^0 \pi^+$	—		852
$\Sigma(1385)^+ \bar{K}^0$	[q] $(2.9 \pm 2.0) \%$		746
$\Lambda K^- 2\pi^+$	$(9 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$		787
$\Lambda \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^+$	[q] $< 5 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	608
$\Sigma(1385)^+ K^- \pi^+$	[q] $< 6 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	678
$\Sigma^+ K^- \pi^+$	$(2.7 \pm 1.2) \%$		810
$\Sigma^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[q] $(2.3 \pm 1.1) \%$		658
$\Sigma^0 K^- 2\pi^+$	$(8 \pm 5) \times 10^{-3}$		735
$\Xi^0 \pi^+$	$(1.6 \pm 0.8) \%$		876
$\Xi^- 2\pi^+$	$(2.9 \pm 1.3) \%$		851
$\Xi(1530)^0 \pi^+$	[q] $< 2.9 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	749
$\Xi(1620)^0 \pi^+$	seen		—
$\Xi(1690)^0 \pi^+$	seen		644
$\Xi^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$	$(6.7 \pm 3.5) \%$		856
$\Xi^0 \pi^- 2\pi^+$	$(5.0 \pm 2.6) \%$		818
$\Xi^0 e^+ \nu_e$	$(7 \pm 4) \%$		884
$\Omega^- K^+ \pi^+$	$(2.0 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-3}$		399

**Cabibbo-suppressed decays**

$p K^- \pi^+$	$(6.2 \pm 3.0) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.5	944
$p \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[q] $(3.3 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-3}$		828
$\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(1.4 \pm 0.8) \%$		922
$\Sigma^- 2\pi^+$	$(5.1 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-3}$		918
$\Sigma^+ K^+ K^-$	$(4.3 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-3}$		579
$\Sigma^+ \phi$	[q] $< 3.2 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	549
$\Xi(1690)^0 K^+, \Xi^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^-$	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	501
$p \phi(1020)$	$(1.2 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$		751



$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

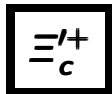
$J^P$  has not been measured;  $\frac{1}{2}^+$  is the quark-model prediction.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mass } m &= 2470.44 \pm 0.28 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.2) \\ m_{\Xi_c^0} - m_{\Xi_c^+} &= 2.72 \pm 0.23 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.1) \\ \text{Mean life } \tau &= (150.4 \pm 2.8) \times 10^{-15} \text{ s} \quad (S = 1.4) \\ c\tau &= 45.1 \text{ } \mu\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

**Decay asymmetry parameters**

$$\begin{aligned} \Xi^- \pi^+ \quad \alpha &= -0.64 \pm 0.05 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^+ \pi^- &= 0.61 \pm 0.05 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{K}^*(892)^0 &= 0.15 \pm 0.22 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^*(892)^- &= -0.52 \pm 0.30 \end{aligned}$$

$\Xi_c^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
<b>Cabibbo-favored decays</b>			
$pK^- K^- \pi^+$	$(4.9 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-3}$		676
$pK^- \bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$(2.0 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$		413
$pK^- K^- \pi^+$ (no $\bar{K}^{*0}$ )	$(3.0 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-3}$		676
$\Lambda K_S^0$	$(3.2 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$		906
$\Lambda K^- \pi^+$	$(1.45 \pm 0.28) \%$		856
$\Lambda \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	$(2.6 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$		717
$\Lambda \bar{K}^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen		786
$\Lambda K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen		703
$\Sigma^0 K_S^0$	$(5.4 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-4}$		864
$\Sigma^+ K^-$	$(1.8 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$		868
$\Sigma^0 \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	$(9.9 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-3}$		658
$\Sigma^+ K^*(892)^-$	$(4.9 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-3}$		661
$\Xi^- \pi^+$	$(1.43 \pm 0.27) \%$		875
$\Xi^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(4.8 \pm 2.3) \%$		816
$\Xi^0 \phi, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	$(5.2 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4}$		—
$\Xi^0 K^+ K^-$ nonresonant	$(5.6 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4}$		444
$\Omega^- K^+$	$(4.2 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$		522
$\Xi^- e^+ \nu_e$	$(1.05 \pm 0.20) \%$		882
$\Xi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$(1.01 \pm 0.21) \%$		878
$\Xi^0 \gamma$	$< 1.7 \times 10^{-4}$	90%	885
<b>Cabibbo-suppressed decays</b>			
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^-$	$(5.5 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-3}$		115
$\Xi^- K^+$	$(3.9 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$		789
$\Lambda K^+ K^-$ (no $\phi$ )	$(4.1 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$		648
$\Lambda \phi$	$(4.9 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$		621



$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$J^P$  has not been measured;  $\frac{1}{2}^+$  is the quark-model prediction.

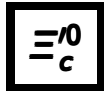
$$\text{Mass } m = 2578.2 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

$$m_{\Xi_c^{'+}} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 110.5 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi_c^{'+}} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = -0.5 \pm 0.6 \text{ MeV}$$

The  $\Xi_c^{'+} - \Xi_c^+$  mass difference is too small for any strong decay to occur.

$\Xi_c^{'+}$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ \gamma$	seen	108



$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

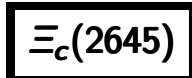
$J^P$  has not been measured;  $\frac{1}{2}^+$  is the quark-model prediction.

$$\text{Mass } m = 2578.7 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi_c^{'0}} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 108.3 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV}$$

The  $\Xi_c^{'0} - \Xi_c^0$  mass difference is too small for any strong decay to occur.

$\Xi_c^{'0}$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^0 \gamma$	seen	106



$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

$J^P$  has not been measured;  $\frac{3}{2}^+$  is the quark-model prediction.

$$\Xi_c(2645)^+ \text{ mass } m = 2645.10 \pm 0.30 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$\Xi_c(2645)^0 \text{ mass } m = 2646.16 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.3)$$

$$m_{\Xi_c(2645)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 174.67 \pm 0.09 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi_c(2645)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 178.45 \pm 0.10 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi_c(2645)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2645)^0} = -1.06 \pm 0.27 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

$$\Xi_c(2645)^+ \text{ full width } \Gamma = 2.14 \pm 0.19 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

$$\Xi_c(2645)^0 \text{ full width } \Gamma = 2.35 \pm 0.22 \text{ MeV}$$

$\Xi_c \pi$  is the only strong decay allowed to a  $\Xi_c$  resonance having this mass.

$\Xi_c(2645)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^0 \pi^+$	seen	102
$\Xi_c^+ \pi^-$	seen	106

### $\Xi_c(2790)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

$J^P$  has not been measured;  $\frac{1}{2}^-$  is the quark-model prediction.

$$\Xi_c(2790)^+ \text{ mass} = 2791.9 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Xi_c(2790)^0 \text{ mass} = 2793.9 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi_c(2790)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 213.20 \pm 0.22 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi_c(2790)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 215.70 \pm 0.22 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi_c(2790)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2790)^0} = -2.0 \pm 0.7 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Xi_c(2790)^+ \text{ width} = 8.9 \pm 1.0 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Xi_c(2790)^0 \text{ width} = 10.0 \pm 1.1 \text{ MeV}$$

$\Xi_c(2790)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c' \pi$	seen	159
$\Lambda_c^+ K^-$	seen	98

### $\Xi_c(2815)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

$J^P$  has not been measured;  $\frac{3}{2}^-$  is the quark-model prediction.

$$\Xi_c(2815)^+ \text{ mass } m = 2816.51 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$\Xi_c(2815)^0 \text{ mass } m = 2819.79 \pm 0.30 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

$$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 348.80 \pm 0.10 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 349.35 \pm 0.11 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2815)^0} = -3.27 \pm 0.27 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Xi_c(2815)^+ \text{ full width } \Gamma = 2.43 \pm 0.26 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Xi_c(2815)^0 \text{ full width } \Gamma = 2.54 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV}$$

The  $\Xi_c \pi \pi$  modes are consistent with being entirely via  $\Xi_c(2645)\pi$ .

$\Xi_c(2815)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c' \pi$	seen	188
$\Xi_c(2645)\pi$	seen	102
$\Xi_c^0 \gamma$	seen	325

**$\Xi_c(2970)$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

was  $\Xi_c(2980)$

$$\begin{aligned} \Xi_c(2970)^+ m &= 2964.3 \pm 1.5 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 3.9) \\ \Xi_c(2970)^0 m &= 2967.1 \pm 1.7 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 6.7) \\ m_{\Xi_c(2970)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^+} &= 496.6 \pm 1.5 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 3.7) \\ m_{\Xi_c(2970)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^0} &= 496.7 \pm 1.8 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 5.3) \\ m_{\Xi_c(2970)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2970)^0} &= -2.8 \pm 1.9 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 4.8) \\ \Xi_c(2970)^+ \text{ width } \Gamma &= 20.9_{-3.5}^{+2.4} \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.2) \end{aligned}$$

$\Xi_c(2970)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K} \pi$	seen	223
$\Sigma_c(2455) \bar{K}$	seen	122
$\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K}$	not seen	410
$\Lambda_c^+ K^-$	seen	410
$\Xi_c 2\pi$	seen	381
$\Xi_c' \pi$	seen	—
$\Xi_c(2645)\pi$	seen	274

**$\Xi_c(3055)$**

$$I(J^P) = ?(??)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mass } m &= 3055.9 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV} \\ \text{Full width } \Gamma &= 7.8 \pm 1.9 \text{ MeV} \end{aligned}$$

$\Xi_c(3055)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Sigma^{++} K^-$	seen	—
$\Lambda D^+$	seen	316

**$\Xi_c(3080)$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(?^?)$$

- $\Xi_c(3080)^+ m = 3077.2 \pm 0.4$  MeV
- $\Xi_c(3080)^0 m = 3079.9 \pm 1.4$  MeV (S = 1.3)
- $\Xi_c(3080)^+ \text{ width } \Gamma = 3.6 \pm 1.1$  MeV (S = 1.5)
- $\Xi_c(3080)^0 \text{ width } \Gamma = 5.6 \pm 2.2$  MeV

$\Xi_c(3080)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K} \pi$	seen	415
$\Sigma_c(2455) \bar{K}$	seen	342
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++} K^-$	seen	342
$\Sigma_c(2520)^{++} K^-$	seen	239
$\Sigma_c(2455) \bar{K} + \Sigma_c(2520) \bar{K}$	seen	—
$\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K}$	not seen	536
$\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K} \pi^+ \pi^-$	not seen	144
$\Lambda D^+$	seen	362

**$\Omega_c^0$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$J^P$  has not been measured;  $\frac{1}{2}^+$  is the quark-model prediction.

- Mass  $m = 2695.2 \pm 1.7$  MeV (S = 1.3)
- Mean life  $\tau = (273 \pm 12) \times 10^{-15}$  s
- $c\tau = 82 \mu\text{m}$



No absolute branching fractions have been measured. The following are branching *ratios* relative to  $\Omega^- \pi^+$ .

$\Omega_c^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$\rho$ (MeV/c)
<b>Cabibbo-favored (<math>S = -3</math>) decays — relative to <math>\Omega^- \pi^+</math></b>			
$\Omega^- \pi^+$	<b>DEFINED AS 1</b>		821
$\Omega^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	$1.80 \pm 0.33$		797
$\Omega^- \rho^+$	$>1.3$	90%	532
$\Omega^- \pi^- 2\pi^+$	$0.31 \pm 0.05$		753
$\Omega^- e^+ \nu_e$	$1.98 \pm 0.15$		829
$\Omega^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$1.94 \pm 0.21$		824
$\Xi^0 \bar{K}^0$	$1.64 \pm 0.29$		950
$\Xi^0 K^- \pi^+$	$1.20 \pm 0.18$		901
$\Xi^0 \bar{K}^{*0}, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$0.68 \pm 0.16$		764
$\Omega(2012)^- \pi^+, \Omega(2012)^- \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^-$	$0.12 \pm 0.05$		—
$\Xi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^+$	$2.12 \pm 0.28$		895
$\Omega(2012)^- \pi^+, \Omega(2012)^- \rightarrow \Xi^- \bar{K}^0$	$0.12 \pm 0.06$		—
$\Xi^- K^- 2\pi^+$	$0.63 \pm 0.09$		830
$\Xi(1530)^0 K^- \pi^+, \Xi^{*0} \rightarrow \Xi^- \bar{K}^{*0} \pi^+$	$0.21 \pm 0.06$		757
$\Xi^- \bar{K}^{*0} \pi^+$	$0.34 \pm 0.11$		653
$p K^- K^- \pi^+$	seen		864
$\Sigma^+ K^- K^- \pi^+$	$<0.32$	90%	689
$\Lambda \bar{K}^0 \bar{K}^0$	$1.72 \pm 0.35$		837
<b>Singly Cabibbo-suppressed modes — relative to <math>\Omega^- \pi^+</math></b>			
$\Xi^- \pi^+$	$0.25 \pm 0.06$		—
$\Omega^- K^+$	$<0.29$	90%	—
<b>Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes — relative to <math>\Omega^- \pi^+</math></b>			
$\Xi^- K^+$	$<0.07$	90%	—

**$\Omega_c(2770)^0$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

$J^P$  has not been measured;  $\frac{3}{2}^+$  is the quark-model prediction.

$$\text{Mass } m = 2765.9 \pm 2.0 \text{ MeV } (S = 1.2)$$

$$m_{\Omega_c(2770)^0} - m_{\Omega_c^0} = 70.7^{+0.8}_{-0.9} \text{ MeV}$$

The  $\Omega_c(2770)^0 - \Omega_c^0$  mass difference is too small for any strong decay to occur.

$\Omega_c(2770)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Omega_c^0 \gamma$	presumably 100%	70

### $\Omega_c(3000)^0$

$$I(J^P) = ?(??)$$

Mass  $m = 3000.46 \pm 0.25$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 3.8^{+1.6}_{-0.4}$  MeV

$\Omega_c(3000)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	182

### $\Omega_c(3050)^0$

$$I(J^P) = ?(??)$$

Mass  $m = 3050.17 \pm 0.19$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma < 1.8$  MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_c(3050)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	278

### $\Omega_c(3065)^0$

$$I(J^P) = ?(??)$$

Mass  $m = 3065.58 \pm 0.21$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 3.4^{+0.7}_{-0.8}$  MeV ( $S = 1.7$ )

$\Omega_c(3065)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	303

### $\Omega_c(3090)^0$

$$I(J^P) = ?(??)$$

Mass  $m = 3090.15 \pm 0.26$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 8.5^{+0.8}_{-1.7}$  MeV

$\Omega_c(3090)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	340

### $\Omega_c(3120)^0$

$$I(J^P) = ?(??)$$

Mass  $m = 3118.98^{+0.27}_{-0.35}$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma < 2.5$  MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_c(3120)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	379

### $\Omega_c(3185)^0$

$$I(J^P) = ?(??)$$

Mass  $m = 3185^{+7.6}_{-1.9}$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 50^{+12}_{-21}$  MeV

$\Omega_c(3185)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	460

### $\Omega_c(3327)^0$

$$I(J^P) = ?(??)$$

Mass  $m = 3327.1^{+1.2}_{-1.8}$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 20^{+14}_{-5}$  MeV

$\Omega_c(3327)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	610

## DOUBLY CHARMED BARYONS ( $C = +2$ )

$$\Xi_{cc}^{++} = ucc, \Xi_{cc}^+ = dcc, \Omega_{cc}^+ = scc$$

### $\Xi_{cc}^{++}$

$$I(J^P) = ?(??)$$

Mass  $m = 3621.6 \pm 0.4$  MeV  
 Mean life  $\tau = (256 \pm 27) \times 10^{-15}$  s

$\Xi_{cc}^{++}$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	<b>DEFINED AS 1</b>		880
$\Xi_c^+ \pi^+, \Xi_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$	$0.0022 \pm 0.0006$		–
$\Xi_c^{'+} \pi^+, \Xi_c^{'+} \rightarrow \Xi_c^+ \gamma, \Xi_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$	$0.0031 \pm 0.0009$		–
$D^+ p K^- \pi^+$	$<0.017$	90%	562

## BOTTOM BARYONS

### ( $B = -1$ )

$\Lambda_b^0 = udb, \Sigma_b^0 = udb, \Sigma_b^+ = uub, \Sigma_b^- = ddb$

$\Xi_b^0 = usb, \Xi_b^- = dsb, \Omega_b^- = ssb$

$\Lambda_b^0$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$I(J^P)$  not yet measured;  $0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$  is the quark model prediction.

Mass  $m = 5619.60 \pm 0.17$  MeV

$m_{\Lambda_b^0} - m_{B^0} = 339.2 \pm 1.4$  MeV

$m_{\Lambda_b^0} - m_{B^+} = 339.72 \pm 0.28$  MeV

Mean life  $\tau = (1.471 \pm 0.009) \times 10^{-12}$  s

$c\tau = 441.0$   $\mu\text{m}$

$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\pi^-) = -0.025 \pm 0.029$  ( $S = 1.2$ )

$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow pK^-) = -0.025 \pm 0.022$

$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow DpK^-) = 0.12 \pm 0.09$

$\Delta A_{CP}(pK^-/\pi^-) = 0.014 \pm 0.024$

$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow p\bar{K}^0\pi^-) = 0.22 \pm 0.13$

$\Delta A_{CP}(J/\psi p\pi^-/K^-) = (5.7 \pm 2.7) \times 10^{-2}$

$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda K^+\pi^-) = -0.53 \pm 0.25$

$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda K^+K^-) = -0.28 \pm 0.12$

$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-) = (-4 \pm 5) \times 10^{-2}$

$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-) = (1.1 \pm 2.6) \times 10^{-2}$

$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow (p\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-)_{LBM}) = (4 \pm 4) \times 10^{-2}$

$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p a_1(1260)^- ) = (-1 \pm 4) \times 10^{-2}$

$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow N(1520)^0 \rho(770)^0) = (2 \pm 5) \times 10^{-2}$

$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Delta(1232)^{++} \pi^- \pi^-) = (0.1 \pm 3.3) \times 10^{-2}$

$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- \pi^+ \pi^-) = (3.2 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-2}$

$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow (pK^- \pi^+ \pi^-)_{LBM}) = (3.5 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-2}$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow N(1520)^0 K^*(892)^0) &= (5.5 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-2} \\ \Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\rho(770)^0) &= (1 \pm 6) \times 10^{-2} \\ \Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Delta(1232)^{++} K^- \pi^-) &= (4.4 \pm 2.7) \times 10^{-2} \\ \Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK_1(1410)^-) &= (5 \pm 4) \times 10^{-2} \\ \Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- K^+ \pi^-) &= (-7 \pm 5) \times 10^{-2} \\ \Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow pK^- K^+ K^-) &= (0.2 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-2} \\ \Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)\phi(1020)) &= (4 \pm 6) \times 10^{-2} \\ \Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow (pK^-)_{highmass} \phi(1020)) &= (-0.7 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-2} \\ \Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow (pK^- K^+ K^-)_{LBM}) &= (2.7 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-2} \\ A_{FB}^\ell(\mu\mu) \text{ in } \Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda\mu^+\mu^- &= -0.39 \pm 0.04 \\ \Delta(A_{FB}^\ell(\mu\mu)) \text{ in } \Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda\mu^+\mu^- &= -0.05 \pm 0.09 \\ A_{FB}^h(p\pi) \text{ in } \Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda(p\pi)\mu^+\mu^- &= -0.30 \pm 0.05 \\ A_{FB}^{\ell h} \text{ in } \Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda\mu^+\mu^- &= 0.25 \pm 0.04 \end{aligned}$$

The branching fractions  $B(b\text{-baryon} \rightarrow \Lambda\ell^-\bar{\nu}_\ell \text{ anything})$  and  $B(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \ell^-\bar{\nu}_\ell \text{ anything})$  are not pure measurements because the underlying measured products of these with  $B(b \rightarrow b\text{-baryon})$  were used to determine  $B(b \rightarrow b\text{-baryon})$ , as described in the note "Production and Decay of  $b$ -Flavored Hadrons."

For inclusive branching fractions, e.g.,  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}_c \text{ anything}$ , the values usually are multiplicities, not branching fractions. They can be greater than one.

$\Lambda_b^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$J/\psi(1S)\Lambda \times B(b \rightarrow \Lambda_b^0)$	$(5.8 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-5}$		1740
$pD^0\pi^-$	$(6.2 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$		2370
$pD^+\pi^-\pi^-$	$(2.7 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$		2332
$pD^*(2010)^+\pi^-\pi^-$	$(5.2 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-4}$		2277
$pD^0K^-$	$(4.5 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-5}$		2269
$pJ/\psi\pi^-$	$(2.6 \pm_{-0.4}^{+0.5}) \times 10^{-5}$		1755
$p\pi^- J/\psi, J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	$(1.6 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-6}$		—
$pJ/\psi K^-$	$(3.2 \pm_{-0.5}^{+0.6}) \times 10^{-4}$		1589
$p\eta_c(1S)K^-$	$(1.06 \pm 0.26) \times 10^{-4}$		1670
$P_{c\bar{c}}(4312)^+ K^-, P_{c\bar{c}}^+ \rightarrow$ $p\eta_c(1S)$	$< 2.5 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	—
$P_{c\bar{c}}(4380)^+ K^-, P_{c\bar{c}}^+ \rightarrow$ $pJ/\psi$	[v] $(2.7 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-5}$		—
$P_c(4450)^+ K^-, P_c \rightarrow$ $pJ/\psi$	[v] $(1.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-5}$		—
$\chi_{c1}(1P)pK^-$	$(7.6 \pm_{-1.3}^{+1.5}) \times 10^{-5}$		1242
$\chi_{c1}(1P)p\pi^-$	$(5.0 \pm_{-1.1}^{+1.3}) \times 10^{-6}$		1462

$\chi_{c2}(1P)\rho K^-$	$( 7.7 \begin{smallmatrix} +1.6 \\ -1.4 \end{smallmatrix} ) \times 10^{-5}$		1198
$\chi_{c2}(1P)\rho\pi^-$	$( 4.8 \pm 1.9 ) \times 10^{-6}$		1427
$\rho J/\psi(1S)\pi^+\pi^- K^-$	$( 6.6 \begin{smallmatrix} +1.3 \\ -1.1 \end{smallmatrix} ) \times 10^{-5}$		1410
$\rho\psi(2S)K^-$	$( 6.6 \begin{smallmatrix} +1.2 \\ -1.0 \end{smallmatrix} ) \times 10^{-5}$		1063
$\chi_{c1}(3872)\rho K^-$	$( 3.5 \pm 1.3 ) \times 10^{-5}$		837
$\chi_{c1}(3872)\Lambda(1520)$	$( 2.0 \pm 0.9 ) \times 10^{-5}$		721
$\psi(2S)\rho\pi^-$	$( 7.5 \begin{smallmatrix} +1.6 \\ -1.4 \end{smallmatrix} ) \times 10^{-6}$		1320
$\rho\bar{K}^0\pi^-$	$( 1.3 \pm 0.4 ) \times 10^{-5}$		2693
$\rho K^0 K^-$	$< 3.5 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2639
$\Lambda_c^+\pi^-$	$( 4.9 \pm 0.4 ) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.2	2342
$\Lambda_c^+ K^-$	$( 3.56 \pm 0.28 ) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.2	2314
$\Lambda_c^+ a_1(1260)^-$	seen		2153
$\Lambda_c^+ D^-$	$( 4.6 \pm 0.6 ) \times 10^{-4}$		1886
$\Lambda_c^+ D_s^-$	$( 1.10 \pm 0.10 ) \%$		1833
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+\pi^-\pi^-$	$( 7.6 \pm 1.1 ) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	2323
$\Lambda_c(2595)^+\pi^-$ ,	$( 3.4 \pm 1.4 ) \times 10^{-4}$		2210
$\Lambda_c(2595)^+ \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-$			
$\Lambda_c(2625)^+\pi^-$ ,	$( 3.3 \pm 1.3 ) \times 10^{-4}$		2193
$\Lambda_c(2625)^+ \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-$			
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0\pi^+\pi^-$ , $\Sigma_c^0 \rightarrow$	$( 5.7 \pm 2.2 ) \times 10^{-4}$		2265
$\Lambda_c^+\pi^-$			
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}\pi^-\pi^-$ , $\Sigma_c^{++} \rightarrow$	$( 3.2 \pm 1.5 ) \times 10^{-4}$		2265
$\Lambda_c^+\pi^+$			
$\Lambda_c^+ K^+ K^- \pi^-$	$( 1.02 \pm 0.11 ) \times 10^{-3}$		2184
$\Lambda_c^+ p\bar{p}\pi^-$	$( 2.63 \pm 0.27 ) \times 10^{-4}$		1805
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0 p\bar{p}$ , $\Sigma_c^0 \rightarrow$	$( 2.3 \pm 0.5 ) \times 10^{-5}$		—
$\Lambda_c^+\pi^-$			
$\Sigma_c(2520)^0 p\bar{p}$ , $\Sigma_c(2520)^0 \rightarrow$	$( 3.1 \pm 0.7 ) \times 10^{-5}$		—
$\Lambda_c^+\pi^-$			
$\Lambda_c^+ \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell$ anything	[x] $( 10.9 \pm 2.2 ) \%$		—
$\Lambda_c^+ \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell$	$( 6.2 \begin{smallmatrix} +1.4 \\ -1.3 \end{smallmatrix} ) \%$		2345
$\Lambda_c^+ \tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau$	$( 1.9 \pm 0.5 ) \%$		1933
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+\pi^-\ell^-\bar{\nu}_\ell$	$( 5.6 \pm 3.1 ) \%$		2335
$\Lambda_c(2595)^+\ell^-\bar{\nu}_\ell$	$( 7.9 \begin{smallmatrix} +4.0 \\ -3.5 \end{smallmatrix} ) \times 10^{-3}$		2212
$\Lambda_c(2625)^+\ell^-\bar{\nu}_\ell$	$( 1.3 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.6 \\ -0.5 \end{smallmatrix} ) \%$		2195
$\rho h^-$	[y] $< 2.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2730
$\rho\pi^-$	$( 4.6 \pm 0.8 ) \times 10^{-6}$		2730

$pK^-$	$( 5.5 \pm 1.0 ) \times 10^{-6}$	2709
$pD_s^-$	$( 1.25 \pm 0.13 ) \times 10^{-5}$	2364
$p\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$	$( 4.1 \pm 1.0 ) \times 10^{-4}$	2730
$\Lambda\mu^+ \mu^-$	$( 1.08 \pm 0.28 ) \times 10^{-6}$	2695
$p\pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-$	$( 6.9 \pm 2.5 ) \times 10^{-8}$	2720
$pK^- e^+ e^-$	$( 3.1 \pm 0.6 ) \times 10^{-7}$	2708
$pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-$	$( 2.6 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.5 \\ -0.4 \end{smallmatrix} ) \times 10^{-7}$	2685
$\Lambda\gamma$	$( 7.1 \pm 1.7 ) \times 10^{-6}$	2699
$\Lambda\eta$	$( 9 \begin{smallmatrix} +7 \\ -5 \end{smallmatrix} ) \times 10^{-6}$	2670
$\Lambda\eta'(958)$	$< 3.1 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90% 2611
$\Lambda\pi^+ \pi^-$	$( 4.6 \pm 1.9 ) \times 10^{-6}$	2692
$\Lambda K^+ \pi^-$	$( 5.6 \pm 1.2 ) \times 10^{-6}$	2660
$\Lambda K^+ K^-$	$( 1.60 \pm 0.21 ) \times 10^{-5}$	2605
$\Lambda\phi$	$( 9.8 \pm 2.6 ) \times 10^{-6}$	2599
$p\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	$( 2.08 \pm 0.21 ) \times 10^{-5}$	2715
$pK^- K^+ \pi^-$	$( 4.0 \pm 0.6 ) \times 10^{-6}$	2612
$pK^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	$( 5.0 \pm 0.5 ) \times 10^{-5}$	2675
$pK^- K^+ K^-$	$( 1.25 \pm 0.13 ) \times 10^{-5}$	2524

**$\Lambda_b(5912)^0$**

$$J^P = \frac{1}{2}^-$$

Mass  $m = 5912.19 \pm 0.17$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma < 0.25$  MeV, CL = 90%

<b><math>\Lambda_b(5912)^0</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	86

**$\Lambda_b(5920)^0$**

$$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^-$$

Mass  $m = 5920.09 \pm 0.17$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma < 0.19$  MeV, CL = 90%

$\Lambda_b(5920)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	108

**$\Lambda_b(6070)^0$**

$$J^P = \frac{1}{2}^+$$

Quantum numbers based on quark model expectations.

Mass  $m = 6072.3 \pm 2.9$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 72 \pm 11$  MeV

$\Lambda_b(6070)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	343

**$\Lambda_b(6146)^0$**

$$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^+$$

Mass  $m = 6146.2 \pm 0.4$  MeV

$m_{\Lambda_b(6146)^0} - m_{\Lambda_b^0} = 526.55 \pm 0.34$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 2.9 \pm 1.3$  MeV

$\Lambda_b(6146)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	427

**$\Lambda_b(6152)^0$**

$$J^P = \frac{5}{2}^+$$

Mass  $m = 6152.5 \pm 0.4$  MeV

$m_{\Lambda_b(6152)^0} - m_{\Lambda_b^0} = 532.89 \pm 0.28$  MeV

$m_{\Lambda_b(6152)^0} - m_{\Lambda_b(6146)^0} = 6.34 \pm 0.32$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 2.1 \pm 0.9$  MeV



$\Lambda_b(6152)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	434

$\Sigma_b$

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$I, J, P$  need confirmation.

$$\text{Mass } m(\Sigma_b^+) = 5810.56 \pm 0.25 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Mass } m(\Sigma_b^-) = 5815.64 \pm 0.27 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Sigma_b^+} - m_{\Sigma_b^-} = -5.06 \pm 0.18 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma(\Sigma_b^+) = 5.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma(\Sigma_b^-) = 5.3 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$\Sigma_b$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi$	dominant	133

$\Sigma_b^*$

$$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

$I, J, P$  need confirmation.

$$\text{Mass } m(\Sigma_b^{*+}) = 5830.32 \pm 0.27 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Mass } m(\Sigma_b^{*-}) = 5834.74 \pm 0.30 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Sigma_b^{*+}} - m_{\Sigma_b^{*-}} = -4.37 \pm 0.33 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.6)$$

$$m_{\Sigma_b^{*+}} - m_{\Sigma_b^+} = 19.73 \pm 0.18$$

$$m_{\Sigma_b^{*-}} - m_{\Sigma_b^-} = 19.09 \pm 0.22$$

$$\Gamma(\Sigma_b^{*+}) = 9.4 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma(\Sigma_b^{*-}) = 10.4 \pm 0.8 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.3)$$

$$m_{\Sigma_b^*} - m_{\Sigma_b} = 21.2 \pm 2.0 \text{ MeV}$$

$\Sigma_b^*$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi$	dominant	159

$\Sigma_b(6097)^+$

$$J^P = ??$$

$$\text{Mass } m = 6095.8 \pm 1.7 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Full width } \Gamma = 31 \pm 6 \text{ MeV}$$

$\Sigma_b(6097)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b \pi^+ \times B(b \rightarrow \Sigma_b(6097)^+)$	seen	—

**$\Sigma_b(6097)^-$**

$$J^P = ??$$

Mass  $m = 6098.0 \pm 1.8$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 29 \pm 4$  MeV

$\Sigma_b(6097)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b \pi^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Sigma_b(6097)^-)$	seen	—

**$\Xi_b^-$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$I, J, P$  need confirmation.

$m(\Xi_b^-) = 5797.0 \pm 0.6$  MeV ( $S = 1.7$ )

$m_{\Xi_b^-} - m_{\Lambda_b^0} = 177.46 \pm 0.31$  MeV ( $S = 1.3$ )

$m_{\Xi_b^-} - m_{\Xi_b^0} = 5.9 \pm 0.6$  MeV

Mean life  $\tau_{\Xi_b^-} = (1.572 \pm 0.040) \times 10^{-12}$  s

$\Xi_b^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$J/\psi \Xi_b^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^-)$	$(1.02^{+0.26}_{-0.21}) \times 10^{-5}$		1782
$J/\psi \Lambda K^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^-)$	$(2.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-6}$		1631
$p K^- K^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^-)$	$(3.7 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-8}$		2731
$p K^- K^-$	seen		2731
$p K^- \pi^-$	seen		2783
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^-)/B(b \rightarrow \Lambda_b^0)$	$(7.0 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4}$		99
$\Xi_c^0 \pi^-$	seen		2367
$\Sigma(1385) K^-$	$(2.6 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-7}$		2707
$\Lambda(1405) K^-$	$(1.9 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-7}$		2702
$\Lambda(1520) K^-$	$(7.6 \pm 3.2) \times 10^{-7}$		2673
$\Lambda(1670) K^-$	$(4.5 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-7}$		2629
$\Sigma(1775) K^-$	$(2.2 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-7}$		2599
$\Sigma(1915) K^-$	$(2.6 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-7}$		2553
$\Xi^- \gamma$	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-4}$	95%	—

**$\Xi_b^0$**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$I, J, P$  need confirmation.

$$m(\Xi_b^0) = 5791.9 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m_{\Xi_b^0} - m_{\Lambda_b^0} = 172.5 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{Mean life } \tau_{\Xi_b^0} = (1.480 \pm 0.030) \times 10^{-12} \text{ s}$$

$\Xi_b^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\rho D^0 K^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)$	$(1.7 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-6}$		2374
$\rho \bar{K}^0 \pi^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)/B(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^0)$	$< 1.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90%	2783
$\rho K^0 K^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)/B(\bar{b} \rightarrow B^0)$	$< 1.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90%	2730
$\Lambda \pi^+ \pi^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)/B(b \rightarrow \Lambda_b^0)$	$< 1.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90%	2781
$\Lambda K^- \pi^+ \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)/B(b \rightarrow \Lambda_b^0)$	$< 8 \times 10^{-7}$	90%	2751
$\Lambda K^+ K^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)/B(b \rightarrow \Lambda_b^0)$	$< 3 \times 10^{-7}$	90%	2698
$J/\psi \Lambda$	seen		1868
$J/\psi \Xi^0$	seen		1785
$\rho_c^+ K^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)$	$(6 \pm 4) \times 10^{-7}$		2416
$\rho K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)/B(b \rightarrow \Lambda_b^0)$	$(1.9 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-6}$		2766
$\rho K^- K^- \pi^+ \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)/B(b \rightarrow \Lambda_b^0)$	$(1.70 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-6}$		2704
$\rho K^- K^+ K^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)/B(b \rightarrow \Lambda_b^0)$	$(1.7 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-7}$		2620

**$\Xi_b'(5935)^-$**

$$J^P = \frac{1}{2}^+$$

Mass  $m = 5935.1 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$   
 Full width  $\Gamma = 0.03 \pm 0.032 \text{ MeV}$

$\Xi_b'(5935)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 \pi^- \times B(\bar{b} \rightarrow \Xi_b'(5935)^-)/B(\bar{b} \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)$	$(11.8 \pm 1.8) \%$	31

**$\Xi_b(5945)^0$**

$$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^+$$

Mass  $m = 5952.3 \pm 0.6 \text{ MeV}$   
 Full width  $\Gamma = 0.87 \pm 0.08 \text{ MeV}$

$\Xi_b(5945)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^- \pi^+$	seen	78

$\Xi_b(5955)^-$

$$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^+$$

Mass  $m = 5955.7 \pm 0.5$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 1.43 \pm 0.11$  MeV

$\Xi_b(5955)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 \pi^- \times B(\bar{b} \rightarrow \Xi_b^*(5955)^-)/B(\bar{b} \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)$	$(20.7 \pm 3.5) \%$	84

$\Xi_b(6087)^0$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

$J, P$  need confirmation.

Mass  $m = 6087.2 \pm 0.5$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 2.4 \pm 0.5$  MeV

$\Xi_b(6087)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	-

$\Xi_b(6095)^0$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

$J, P$  need confirmation.

Mass  $m = 6095.3 \pm 0.5$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 0.50 \pm 0.35$  MeV

$\Xi_b(6095)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	-

$\Xi_b(6100)^-$

$$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^-$$

$J, P$  need confirmation.

Mass  $m = 6099.8 \pm 0.6$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 0.94 \pm 0.31$  MeV

$\Xi_b(6100)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	128

$\Xi_b(6227)^-$

$$J^P = ??$$

Mass  $m = 6227.9 \pm 0.9$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 19.9 \pm 2.6$  MeV

$\Xi_b(6227)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 K^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b(6227)^-)/B(b \rightarrow \Lambda_b^0)$	$(3.20 \pm 0.35) \times 10^{-3}$		336
$\Xi_b^0 \pi^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b(6227)^-)/B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^0)$	$(2.8 \pm 1.1) \%$	1.8	398

$\Xi_b(6227)^0$

$$J^P = ??$$

Mass  $m = 6226.8 \pm 1.6$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 19_{-4}^{+5}$  MeV

$\Xi_b(6227)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^- \pi^+ \times B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b(6227)^0)/B(b \rightarrow \Xi_b^-)$	$(4.5 \pm 0.9) \%$	398

$\Xi_b(6327)^0$

$$J^P = ??$$

Mass  $m = 6327.28 \pm 0.35$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma < 2.56$  MeV, CL = 95%

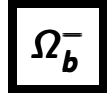
$\Xi_b(6327)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 K^- \pi^+$	seen	298

$\Xi_b(6333)^0$

$$J^P = ??$$

Mass  $m = 6332.69 \pm 0.28$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma < 1.92$  MeV, CL = 95%

$\Xi_b(6333)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 K^- \pi^+$	seen	309



$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$I, J, P$  need confirmation.

Mass  $m = 6045.8 \pm 0.8$  MeV

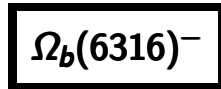
$$m_{\Omega_b^-} - m_{\Lambda_b^0} = 426.4 \pm 2.2$$
 MeV

$$m_{\Omega_b^-} - m_{\Xi_b^-} = 248.5 \pm 0.6$$
 MeV

Mean life  $\tau = (1.64^{+0.18}_{-0.17}) \times 10^{-12}$  s

$$\tau(\Omega_b^-)/\tau(\Xi_b^-)$$
 mean life ratio =  $1.11 \pm 0.16$

$\Omega_b^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$J/\psi \Omega_b^- \times B(b \rightarrow \Omega_b)$	$(1.4^{+0.5}_{-0.4}) \times 10^{-6}$	S=1.6	1805
$p K^- K^- \times B(\bar{b} \rightarrow \Omega_b)$	$< 2.3 \times 10^{-9}$	CL=90%	2865
$p \pi^- \pi^- \times B(\bar{b} \rightarrow \Omega_b)$	$< 1.5 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	2943
$p K^- \pi^- \times B(\bar{b} \rightarrow \Omega_b)$	$< 7 \times 10^{-9}$	CL=90%	2915
$\Omega_c^0 \pi^-$	seen		2420
$\Omega_c^0 \pi^-, \Omega_c^0 \rightarrow p K^- K^- \pi^+$	seen		—
$\Xi_c^+ K^- \pi^-$	seen		2473



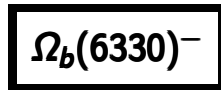
$$I(J^P) = ?(??)$$

$I, J, P$  need confirmation.

Mass  $m = 6315.6 \pm 0.6$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma < 4.2$  MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_b(6316)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 K^-$	seen	168



$$I(J^P) = ?(??)$$

$I, J, P$  need confirmation.

Mass  $m = 6330.3 \pm 0.6$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma < 4.7$  MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_b(6330)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 K^-$	seen	206

**$\Omega_b(6340)^-$**   $I(J^P) = ?(??)$   
 $I, J, P$  need confirmation.  
 Mass  $m = 6339.7 \pm 0.6$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma < 1.8$  MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_b(6340)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 K^-$	seen	227

**$\Omega_b(6350)^-$**   $I(J^P) = ?(??)$   
 $I, J, P$  need confirmation.  
 Mass  $m = 6349.8 \pm 0.6$  MeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma < 3.2$  MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_b(6350)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 K^-$	seen	248

**$b$ -baryon ADMIXTURE ( $\Lambda_b, \Xi_b, \Omega_b$ )**

These branching fractions are actually an average over weakly decaying  $b$ -baryons weighted by their production rates at the LHC, LEP, and Tevatron, branching ratios, and detection efficiencies. They scale with the  $b$ -baryon production fraction  $B(b \rightarrow b\text{-baryon})$ .

The branching fractions  $B(b\text{-baryon} \rightarrow \Lambda \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \text{ anything})$  and  $B(\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \text{ anything})$  are not pure measurements because the underlying measured products of these with  $B(b \rightarrow b\text{-baryon})$  were used to determine  $B(b \rightarrow b\text{-baryon})$ , as described in the note "Production and Decay of  $b$ -Flavored Hadrons."

For inclusive branching fractions, e.g.,  $B \rightarrow D^\pm \text{ anything}$ , the values usually are multiplicities, not branching fractions. They can be greater than one.

<b><math>b</math>-baryon ADMIXTURE DECAY MODES</b> <b>(<math>\Lambda_b, \Xi_b, \Omega_b</math>)</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor	$p$ (MeV/c)
$p\mu^- \bar{\nu}$ anything	$(5.8_{-2.0}^{+2.3})\%$		—
$p\ell \bar{\nu}_\ell$ anything	$(5.6 \pm 1.2)\%$		—
$p$ anything	$(70 \pm 22)\%$		—
$\Lambda \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell$ anything	$(3.8 \pm 0.6)\%$		—
$\Lambda \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ anything	$(3.2 \pm 0.8)\%$		—
$\Lambda$ anything	$(39 \pm 7)\%$		—
$\Xi^- \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell$ anything	$(4.6 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$	1.2	—

## EXOTIC BARYONS

**$P_{c\bar{c}s}(4338)^0$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

Mass  $m = 4338.2 \pm 0.8$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 7.0 \pm 1.8$  MeV

<b><math>P_{c\bar{c}s}(4338)^0</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$J/\psi \Lambda$	seen	—



## NOTES

- [a] The masses of the  $p$  and  $n$  are most precisely known in  $u$  (unified atomic mass units). The conversion factor to MeV,  $1 u = 931.494061(21)$  MeV, is less well known than are the masses in  $u$ .
- [b] The  $|m_p - m_{\bar{p}}|/m_p$  and  $|q_p + q_{\bar{p}}|/e$  are not independent, and both use the more precise measurement of  $|q_{\bar{p}}/m_{\bar{p}}|/(q_p/m_p)$ .
- [c] The limit is from neutrality-of-matter experiments; it assumes  $q_n = q_p + q_e$ . See also the charge of the neutron.
- [d] The  $\mu p$  and  $e p$  values for the charge radius are much too different to average them. The disagreement is not yet understood.
- [e] There is a lot of disagreement about the value of the proton magnetic charge radius. See the Listings.
- [f] There is some controversy about whether nuclear physics and model dependence complicate the analysis for bound neutrons (from which the best limit comes). The first limit here is from reactor experiments with free neutrons.
- [g] Lee and Yang in 1956 proposed the existence of a mirror world in an attempt to restore global parity symmetry—thus a search for oscillations between the two worlds. Oscillations between the worlds would be maximal when the magnetic fields  $B$  and  $B'$  were equal. The limit for any  $B'$  in the range 0 to  $12.5 \mu\text{T}$  is  $>12 \text{ s}$  (95% CL).
- [h] The parameters  $g_A$ ,  $g_V$ , and  $g_{WM}$  for semileptonic modes are defined by  $\bar{B}_f[\gamma_\lambda(g_V + g_A\gamma_5) + i(g_{WM}/m_{B_i}) \sigma_{\lambda\nu} q^\nu]B_i$ , and  $\phi_{AV}$  is defined by  $g_A/g_V = |g_A/g_V|e^{i\phi_{AV}}$ . See the “Note on Baryon Decay Parameters” in the neutron Particle Listings.
- [i] Time-reversal invariance requires this to be  $0^\circ$  or  $180^\circ$ .
- [j] This coefficient is zero if time invariance is not violated.
- [k] This limit is for  $\gamma$  energies between 0.4 and 782 keV.
- [l] The decay parameters  $\gamma$  and  $\Delta$  are calculated from  $\alpha$  and  $\phi$  using
- $$\gamma = \sqrt{1-\alpha^2} \cos\phi, \quad \tan\Delta = -\frac{1}{\alpha} \sqrt{1-\alpha^2} \sin\phi.$$
- See the “Note on Baryon Decay Parameters” in the neutron Particle Listings.
- [n] See the Listings for the pion momentum range used in this measurement.
- [o] Our estimate. See the Particle Listings for details.
- [p] A theoretical value using QED.
- [q] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance.
- [r] Here  $\gamma_D$  stands for a dark photon.

- [s] See AALTONEN 11H, Fig. 8, for the calculated ratio of  $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$  and  $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$  partial widths as a function of the  $\Lambda_c(2595)^+ - \Lambda_c^+$  mass difference. At our value of the mass difference, the ratio is about 4.
- [t] A test that the isospin is indeed 0, so that the particle is indeed a  $\Lambda_c^+$ .
- [u] Assuming isospin conservation, so that the other third is  $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$ .
- [v]  $P_c^+$  is a pentaquark-charmonium state.
- [x] Not a pure measurement. See note at head of  $\Lambda_b^0$  Decay Modes.
- [y] Here  $h^-$  means  $\pi^-$  or  $K^-$ .