

CHARMED BARYONS ($C = +1$)

$$\begin{aligned}\Lambda_c^+ &= u d c, \quad \Sigma_c^{++} = u u c, \quad \Sigma_c^+ = u d c, \quad \Sigma_c^0 = d d c, \\ \Xi_c^+ &= u s c, \quad \Xi_c^0 = d s c, \quad \Omega_c^0 = s s c\end{aligned}$$

Λ_c^+

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

Mass $m = 2286.46 \pm 0.14$ MeV
Mean life $\tau = (202.6 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-15}$ s
 $c\tau = 60.75 \mu\text{m}$

Decay asymmetry parameters

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^+ &= -0.768 \pm 0.015 \quad (S = 3.4) \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \rho^+ &= -0.76 \pm 0.07 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \pi^0 &= -0.484 \pm 0.027 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta &= -0.99 \pm 0.06 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \eta' &= -0.46 \pm 0.07 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+ &= -0.466 \pm 0.018 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma(1385)^+ \pi^0 &= -0.92 \pm 0.09 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma(1385)^0 \pi^+ &= -0.79 \pm 0.11 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \ell^+ \nu_\ell &= -0.875 \pm 0.033 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0 &= -0.754 \pm 0.010 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda K^+ &= -0.546 \pm 0.035 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+ &= -0.54 \pm 0.20 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1405) \pi^+ &= 0.58 \pm 0.28 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1520) \pi^+ &= 0.93 \pm 0.09 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1600) \pi^+ &= 0.2 \pm 0.5 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1670) \pi^+ &= 0.82 \pm 0.08 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(1690) \pi^+ &= 0.958 \pm 0.034 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda(2000) \pi^+ &= -0.57 \pm 0.19 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Delta(1232)^{++} K^- &= 0.55 \pm 0.04 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Delta(1600)^{++} K^- &= -0.50 \pm 0.18 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Delta(1700)^{++} K^- &= 0.22 \pm 0.08 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}_0^*(700)^0 p &= -0.1 \pm 0.7 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0 p &= 0.34 \pm 0.14 \\ \alpha \text{ FOR } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Xi^0 K^+ &= 0.01 \pm 0.16 \\ (\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) \text{ in } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} \pi^- &= 0.020 \pm 0.016 \\ (\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) \text{ in } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}^0 \pi^- &= -0.02 \pm 0.05 \\ (\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) \text{ in } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda e^+ \nu_e, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} e^- \bar{\nu}_e &= 0.00 \pm 0.04 \\ (\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) \text{ in } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} K^- &= -0.02 \pm 0.11 \\ (\alpha + \bar{\alpha})/(\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) \text{ in } \Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c^- \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}^0 K^- &= 0.1 \pm 0.4 \\ A_{CP}(\Lambda X) \text{ in } \Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda X, \bar{\Lambda}_c \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} X &= (2 \pm 7)\% \\ A_{CP}(\Lambda K^+) \text{ in } \Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} K^- &= 0.021 \pm 0.026 \\ A_{CP}(\Sigma^0 K^+) \text{ in } \Lambda_c \rightarrow \Sigma^0 K^+, \bar{\Lambda}_c \rightarrow \bar{\Sigma}^0 K^- &= 0.03 \pm 0.05 \\ \Delta A_{CP} = A_{CP}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^+ K^-) - A_{CP}(\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^-) &= (0.3 \pm 1.1)\%\end{aligned}$$

NODE=BXXX040

NODE=S033

NODE=S033M;DTYPE=M

NODE=S033T;DTYPE=T

NODE=S033CTA;DTYPE=C;OUR EVAL

CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A05;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033ALS;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A08;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A09;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A03;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A07;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A06;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033ALC;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A04;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A11;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A10;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A17;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

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NODE=S033A19;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A20;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A21;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A22;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A23;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A24;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A25;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A26;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A28;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A30;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033AC1;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A12;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033ACP;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A13;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A14;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A00;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A15;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A16;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

NODE=S033A01;DTYPE=d;CLUMP=D

Branching fractions marked with a footnote, e.g. [a], have been corrected for decay modes not observed in the experiments. For example, the sub-mode fraction $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ seen in $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ has been multiplied up to include $\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^0\pi^0$ decays.

NODE=S033215;NODE=S033

Λ_c^+ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)	
Hadronic modes with a p or n: $S = -1$ final states				
$p K_S^0$	(1.61 ± 0.07) %	S=1.1	873	NODE=S033;CLUMP=A DESIG=24
$p K_L^0$	(1.67 ± 0.07) %		873	DESIG=169
$p K^-\pi^+$	(6.35 ± 0.25) %	S=1.3	823	DESIG=4
$p\bar{K}_0^*(700)^0$	(1.9 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$		719	DESIG=152
$p\bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[a] (1.41 ± 0.07) %		685	DESIG=5
$p\bar{K}_0^*(1430)$	(9.3 ± 1.8) $\times 10^{-3}$		†	DESIG=150
$\Delta(1232)^{++}K^-$	(1.79 ± 0.09) %		710	DESIG=6
$\Delta(1600)^{++}K^-$	(2.9 ± 1.0) $\times 10^{-3}$		—	DESIG=151
$\Delta(1700)^{++}K^-$	(2.5 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$		—	DESIG=154
$\Lambda(1405)^0\pi^+$	(4.9 ± 1.9) $\times 10^{-3}$		—	DESIG=155
$\Lambda(1520)\pi^+$	[a] (1.18 ± 0.16) $\times 10^{-3}$		628	DESIG=38
$\Lambda(1600)\pi^+$	(3.3 ± 1.2) $\times 10^{-3}$		571	DESIG=158
$\Lambda(1670)\pi^+$	(7.5 ± 2.1) $\times 10^{-4}$		516	DESIG=159
$\Lambda(1690)\pi^+$	(7.6 ± 2.3) $\times 10^{-4}$		504	DESIG=160
$\Lambda(2000)\pi^+$	(6.1 ± 0.7) $\times 10^{-3}$		234	DESIG=161
$p K^-\pi^+$ nonresonant	(3.5 ± 0.4) %		823	DESIG=39
$p K_S^0\pi^0$	(1.99 ± 0.12) %		823	DESIG=25
$p K_L^0\pi^0$	(2.02 ± 0.14) %		823	DESIG=171
$n K_S^0\pi^+$	(1.86 ± 0.09) %		821	DESIG=114
$n K_S^0K^+$	(3.9 ± 1.7) $\times 10^{-4}$		612	DESIG=168
$n K_S^0\pi^+\pi^0$	(8.5 ± 1.3) $\times 10^{-3}$		756	DESIG=167
$n K^-\pi^+\pi^+$	(1.90 ± 0.12) %		756	DESIG=140
$p\bar{K}_0^*\eta$	(8.9 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	568	DESIG=62
$p K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-$	(1.62 ± 0.11) %	S=1.1	754	DESIG=26
$p K_L^0\pi^+\pi^-$	(1.69 ± 0.11) %		754	DESIG=170
$p K^-\pi^+\pi^0$	(4.52 ± 0.28) %	S=1.5	759	DESIG=18
$p\bar{K}^*(892)^-\pi^+$	[a] (1.4 ± 0.5) %		580	DESIG=8
$p(K^-\pi^+)_{\text{nonresonant}}\pi^0$	(4.6 ± 0.8) %		759	DESIG=40
$\Delta(1232)\bar{K}^*(892)$	seen		419	DESIG=19
$p K^-2\pi^+\pi^-$	(1.4 ± 1.0) $\times 10^{-3}$		671	DESIG=23
$p K^-\pi^+2\pi^0$	(1.0 ± 0.5) %		678	DESIG=41
Hadronic modes with a p or n: $S = 0$ final states				
$p\pi^0$	(1.6 ± 0.7) $\times 10^{-4}$		945	NODE=S033;CLUMP=D DESIG=115
$n\pi^+$	(6.6 ± 1.3) $\times 10^{-4}$		944	DESIG=129
$p\eta$	(1.49 ± 0.08) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	856	DESIG=116
$p\eta'$	(4.9 ± 0.9) $\times 10^{-4}$		639	DESIG=128
$p\omega(782)^0$	(8.9 ± 1.1) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.2	751	DESIG=121
$p\pi^+\pi^-$	(4.67 ± 0.24) $\times 10^{-3}$		927	DESIG=30
$p f_0(980)$	[a] (3.5 ± 2.3) $\times 10^{-3}$		614	DESIG=31
$p\rho(770)^0$	(1.5 ± 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$		—	DESIG=172
$n\pi^+\pi^0$	(6.4 ± 0.9) $\times 10^{-3}$		927	DESIG=138
$nK^+\pi^0$	< 7.1×10^{-4}	CL=90%	824	DESIG=165
$n\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+$	(4.5 ± 0.8) $\times 10^{-3}$		895	DESIG=139
$p2\pi^+2\pi^-$	(2.3 ± 1.5) $\times 10^{-3}$		852	DESIG=32
pK^+K^-	(1.08 ± 0.05) $\times 10^{-3}$		616	DESIG=33
$p\phi$	[a] (1.05 ± 0.14) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	590	DESIG=34
$pK^+K^-\text{non-}\phi$	(5.3 ± 1.2) $\times 10^{-4}$		616	DESIG=70
$pK_S^0K_S^0$	(2.38 ± 0.18) $\times 10^{-4}$		610	DESIG=144
$p\phi\pi^0$	(10 ± 4) $\times 10^{-5}$		460	DESIG=118
$pK^+K^-\pi^0$ nonresonant	< 6.3×10^{-5}	CL=90%	494	DESIG=119

Hadronic modes with a hyperon: $S = -1$ final states

$\Lambda\pi^+$	(1.31 ± 0.05) %	S=1.1	864	NODE=S033;CLUMP=B
$\Lambda(1670)\pi^+$, $\Lambda(1670) \rightarrow \eta\Lambda$	(3.5 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁻³	—	—	DESIG=126
$\Lambda\pi^+\pi^0$	(7.10 ± 0.34) %	S=1.1	844	DESIG=49
$\Lambda\rho^+$	(4.1 ± 0.5) %	—	636	DESIG=52
$\Sigma(1385)^+\pi^0$, $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$	(5.1 ± 0.7) × 10 ⁻³	—	—	DESIG=131
$\Sigma(1385)^0\pi^+$, $\Sigma^0 \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^0$	(5.6 ± 0.8) × 10 ⁻³	—	—	DESIG=132
$\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+$	(3.67 ± 0.26) %	S=1.4	807	DESIG=1
$\Sigma(1385)^+\pi^+\pi^-$, $\Sigma^{*+} \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$	(1.0 ± 0.5) %	—	688	DESIG=100
$\Lambda\pi^+\pi^-$	(7.7 ± 1.4) × 10 ⁻³	—	688	DESIG=101
$\Lambda\pi^+\rho^0$	(1.5 ± 0.6) %	—	524	DESIG=102
$\Sigma(1385)^+\rho^0$, $\Sigma^{*+} \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$	(5 ± 4) × 10 ⁻³	—	363	DESIG=103
$\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+$ nonresonant	< 1.1 %	CL=90%	807	DESIG=104
$\Lambda\pi^-\pi^02\pi^+$ total	(2.3 ± 0.8) %	—	757	DESIG=79
$\Lambda\pi^+\eta$	[a] (1.87 ± 0.11) %	S=1.1	691	DESIG=63
$\Sigma(1385)^+\eta$	[a] (9.1 ± 2.0) × 10 ⁻³	—	570	DESIG=64
$\Lambda\pi^+\omega$	[a] (1.5 ± 0.5) %	—	517	DESIG=81
$\Lambda\pi^-\pi^02\pi^+$, no η or ω	< 8 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90%	757	DESIG=80
$\Lambda K^+\bar{K}^0$	(5.7 ± 1.1) × 10 ⁻³	S=2.0	443	DESIG=65
$\Xi(1690)^0K^+$, $\Xi^{*0} \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{K}^0$	(1.6 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁻³	—	286	DESIG=76
$\Sigma^0\pi^+$	(1.29 ± 0.05) %	—	825	DESIG=10
$\Sigma^0\pi^+\eta$	(7.6 ± 0.8) × 10 ⁻³	—	635	DESIG=125
$\Sigma^+\pi^0$	(1.26 ± 0.10) %	S=1.1	827	DESIG=9
$\Sigma^+\eta$	(3.2 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁻³	—	713	DESIG=66
$\Sigma^+\eta'$	(4.2 ± 0.9) × 10 ⁻³	—	391	DESIG=123
$\Sigma^+\pi^+\pi^-$	(4.54 ± 0.20) %	S=1.2	804	DESIG=21
$\Sigma^+\rho^0$	< 1.7 %	CL=95%	575	DESIG=46
$\Sigma^-2\pi^+$	(1.87 ± 0.18) %	—	799	DESIG=59
$\Sigma^0\pi^+\pi^0$	(3.6 ± 0.4) %	—	803	DESIG=50
$\Sigma^+\pi^0\pi^0$	(1.57 ± 0.14) %	—	806	DESIG=122
$\Sigma^0\pi^-2\pi^+$	(1.12 ± 0.31) %	—	763	DESIG=51
$\Sigma^+\omega$	(1.72 ± 0.20) %	—	569	DESIG=47
$\Sigma^-\pi^02\pi^+$	(2.1 ± 0.4) %	—	762	DESIG=117
$\Sigma^+K^+K^-$	(3.6 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁻³	S=1.1	349	DESIG=35
$\Sigma^+\phi$	[a] (4.0 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁻³	S=1.1	295	DESIG=43
$\Xi(1690)^0K^+$, $\Xi^{*0} \rightarrow \Sigma^+K^-$	(1.03 ± 0.25) × 10 ⁻³	—	286	DESIG=75
$\Sigma^+K^+K^-$ nonresonant	< 8 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90%	349	DESIG=71
Ξ^0K^+	(5.5 ± 0.7) × 10 ⁻³	—	653	DESIG=44
$\Xi^-K^+\pi^+$	(6.3 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁻³	S=1.1	565	DESIG=27
$\Xi^0K^+\pi^0$	(7.8 ± 1.7) × 10 ⁻³	—	574	DESIG=164
$\Xi(1530)^0K^+$	(4.9 ± 0.6) × 10 ⁻³	S=1.1	473	DESIG=120

Hadronic modes with a hyperon: $S = 0$ final states

ΛK^+	(6.48 ± 0.31) × 10 ⁻⁴	—	781	NODE=S033;CLUMP=G
$\Lambda K^+\pi^0$	(1.48 ± 0.29) × 10 ⁻³	—	722	DESIG=163
$\Lambda K^+\pi^+\pi^-$	(4.2 ± 1.6) × 10 ⁻⁴	—	637	DESIG=106
Σ^0K^+	(3.73 ± 0.31) × 10 ⁻⁴	—	735	DESIG=74
$\Sigma^+K_S^0$	(4.8 ± 1.4) × 10 ⁻⁴	—	736	DESIG=130
$\Sigma^0K^+\pi^+\pi^-$	< 2.6 × 10 ⁻⁴	CL=90%	574	DESIG=107
$\Sigma^0K^+\pi^0$	< 1.8 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90%	670	DESIG=166
$\Sigma^+K^+\pi^-$	(2.04 ± 0.26) × 10 ⁻³	—	670	DESIG=36
$\Sigma^+K^*(892)^0$	[a] (3.5 ± 1.0) × 10 ⁻³	—	470	DESIG=77
$\Sigma^+K^+\pi^-\pi^0$	< 1.1 × 10 ⁻³	CL=90%	581	DESIG=147
$\Sigma^-K^+\pi^+$	(3.8 ± 1.2) × 10 ⁻⁴	—	664	DESIG=78

Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes

$pK^+\pi^-$	(1.13 ± 0.17) × 10 ⁻⁴	—	823	NODE=S033;CLUMP=H
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DESIG=105

Semileptonic modes					
$\Lambda e^+ \nu_e$	(3.56 ± 0.13) %		871	NODE=S033;CLUMP=E	DESIG=67
$\Lambda \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$	< 3.9 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	843		DESIG=145
$p K^- e^+ \nu_e$	(8.8 ± 1.8) $\times 10^{-4}$		874		DESIG=133
$p K_S^0 \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$	< 3.3 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	821		DESIG=146
$\Lambda(1520) e^+ \nu_e$	(1.0 ± 0.5) $\times 10^{-3}$		639		DESIG=134
$\Lambda(1405)^0 e^+ \nu_e, \Lambda^0 \rightarrow p K^-$	(4.2 ± 1.9) $\times 10^{-4}$		—		DESIG=135
$\Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	(3.48 ± 0.17) %		867		DESIG=68
Inclusive modes					
e^+ anything	(4.06 ± 0.13) %		—	NODE=S033;CLUMP=C	DESIG=12
p anything	(50 ± 16) %		—		DESIG=53
n anything	(32.6 ± 1.6) %		—		DESIG=55
Λ anything	(38.2 ± 2.9) %		—		DESIG=16
K_S^0 anything	(9.9 ± 0.7) %		—		DESIG=124
3prongs	(24 ± 8) %		—		DESIG=82
$\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current (C1) modes, or Lepton Family number (LF), or Lepton number (L), or Baryon number (B) violating modes					
$p e^+ e^-$	C1	< 5.5 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	951	DESIG=108
$p \mu^+ \mu^-$ non-resonant	C1	< 2.9 $\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	937	DESIG=60
$p e^+ \mu^-$	LF	< 9.9 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	947	DESIG=109
$p e^- \mu^+$	LF	< 1.9 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	947	DESIG=110
$\bar{p} 2e^+$	L,B	< 2.7 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	951	DESIG=111
$\bar{p} 2\mu^+$	L,B	< 9.4 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	937	DESIG=112
$\bar{p} e^+ \mu^+$	L,B	< 1.6 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	947	DESIG=113
$\Sigma^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	L	< 7.0 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	812	DESIG=61
Radiative modes					
$\Sigma^+ \gamma$		< 2.5 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	834	NODE=S033;CLUMP=J DESIG=142
Exotic modes					
$p \gamma D$	[b] < 8.0	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—	NODE=S033;CLUMP=I DESIG=141

 $\Lambda_c(2595)^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

NODE=B119

The spin-parity follows from the fact that $\Sigma_c(2455)\pi$ decays, with little available phase space, are dominant. This assumes that $J^P = 1/2^+$ for the $\Sigma_c(2455)$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mass } m &= 2592.25 \pm 0.28 \text{ MeV} \\ m - m_{\Lambda_c^+} &= 305.79 \pm 0.24 \text{ MeV} \\ \text{Full width } \Gamma &= 2.6 \pm 0.6 \text{ MeV} \end{aligned}$$

NODE=B119M;DTYPE=M

NODE=B119D;DTYPE=D

NODE=B119W;DTYPE=G

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi\pi$ and its submode $\Sigma_c(2455)\pi$ — the latter just barely — are the only strong decays allowed to an excited Λ_c^+ having this mass; and the submode seems to dominate.

NODE=B119215;NODE=B119

$\Lambda_c(2595)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	[c] —	117
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++} \pi^-$	$24 \pm 7\%$	3
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0 \pi^+$	$24 \pm 7\%$	3
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ 3-body	$18 \pm 10\%$	117
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0$	[d] not seen	258
$\Lambda_c^+ \gamma$	not seen	288

 $\Lambda_c(2625)^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{3}{2}^-$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2628.00 \pm 0.15$ MeV

$m - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 341.54 \pm 0.05$ MeV

Full width $\Gamma < 0.52$ MeV, CL = 90%

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi\pi$ and its submode $\Sigma(2455)\pi$ are the only strong decays allowed to an excited Λ_c^+ having this mass.

DESIG=1;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED ←
 DESIG=2;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED ←
 DESIG=3;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED ←
 DESIG=6;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED ←
 DESIG=4;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED ←
 DESIG=5;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED ←

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	[e] (50 ± 7) %	184	
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++} \pi^-$	(2.6 ± 0.4) %	103	
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0 \pi^+$	(2.6 ± 0.4) %	103	
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ 3-body	large	184	
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0$	[d] < 50 %	90%	293
$\Lambda_c^+ \gamma$	< 26 %	90%	319

 $\Lambda_c(2860)^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

Mass $m = 2856.1^{+2.3}_{-6.0}$ MeV

Full width $\Gamma = 68^{+12}_{-22}$ MeV

DESIG=1
 DESIG=2
 DESIG=4
 DESIG=3;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED ←
 DESIG=5
 DESIG=6

$\Lambda_c(2860)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$D^0 p$	seen	259

NODE=B178
 NODE=B178M;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B178W;DTYPE=G

 $\Lambda_c(2880)^+$

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{5}{2}^+)$$

Mass $m = 2881.63 \pm 0.24$ MeV

$m - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 595.17 \pm 0.28$ MeV

Full width $\Gamma = 5.6^{+0.8}_{-0.6}$ MeV

NODE=B151
 NODE=B151M;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B151D;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B151W;DTYPE=G

$\Lambda_c(2880)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)	
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	471	NODE=B151220;DESIG=1;OUR EST
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0, ++\pi^\pm$	seen	376	DESIG=2;OUR EST
$\Sigma_c(2520)^0, ++\pi^\pm$	seen	317	DESIG=3;OUR EST
$p D^0$	seen	316	DESIG=4;OUR EST

 $\Lambda_c(2940)^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

 $J^P = 3/2^-$ is favored, but is not certainMass $m = 2939.6^{+1.3}_{-1.5}$ MeVFull width $\Gamma = 20^{+6}_{-5}$ MeV

$\Lambda_c(2940)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)	
$p D^0$	seen	420	NODE=B122220;DESIG=1;OUR EST
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0, ++\pi^\pm$	seen	-	DESIG=2;OUR EST

 $\Sigma_c(2455)$

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

 $\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}$ mass $m = 2453.97 \pm 0.14$ MeV $\Sigma_c(2455)^+$ mass $m = 2452.65^{+0.22}_{-0.16}$ MeV $\Sigma_c(2455)^0$ mass $m = 2453.75 \pm 0.14$ MeV $m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 167.510 \pm 0.017$ MeV $m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^+} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 166.19^{+0.16}_{-0.08}$ MeV $m_{\Sigma_c^0(2455)} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 167.290 \pm 0.017$ MeV $m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}} - m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^0} = 0.220 \pm 0.013$ MeV $m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^+} - m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^0} = -1.10^{+0.16}_{-0.08}$ MeV $\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}$ full width $\Gamma = 1.89^{+0.09}_{-0.18}$ MeV (S = 1.1) $\Sigma_c(2455)^+$ full width $\Gamma = 2.3 \pm 0.4$ MeV $\Sigma_c(2455)^0$ full width $\Gamma = 1.83^{+0.11}_{-0.19}$ MeV (S = 1.2) $\Lambda_c^+ \pi$ is the only strong decay allowed to a Σ_c having this mass.

$\Sigma_c(2455)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)	
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$	$\approx 100\%$	94	DESIG=1;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow

 $\Sigma_c(2520)$

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

 J^P has not been measured; $\frac{3}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction. $\Sigma_c(2520)^{++}$ mass $m = 2518.41 \pm 0.22$ MeV (S = 1.3) $\Sigma_c(2520)^+$ mass $m = 2517.4^{+0.7}_{-0.5}$ MeV $\Sigma_c(2520)^0$ mass $m = 2518.48 \pm 0.21$ MeV (S = 1.2) $m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^{++}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 231.95 \pm 0.18$ MeV (S = 1.8) $m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^+} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 230.9^{+0.7}_{-0.5}$ MeV $m_{\Sigma_c^0(2520)} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 232.02 \pm 0.15$ MeV (S = 1.4) $m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^{++}} - m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^0} = 0.01 \pm 0.15$ MeV $\Sigma_c(2520)^{++}$ full width $\Gamma = 14.78^{+0.30}_{-0.40}$ MeV $\Sigma_c(2520)^+$ full width $\Gamma = 17.2^{+4.0}_{-2.2}$ MeV $\Sigma_c(2520)^0$ full width $\Gamma = 15.3^{+0.4}_{-0.5}$ MeV

NODE=B151220;DESIG=1;OUR EST
 DESIG=2;OUR EST
 DESIG=3;OUR EST
 DESIG=4;OUR EST

NODE=B122

NODE=B122M;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B122W;DTYPE=G

NODE=B104

NODE=B104M++;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B104M+;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B104M0;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B104D++;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B104D+;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B104D0;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B104D13;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B104D14;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B104W++;DTYPE=G
 NODE=B104W+;DTYPE=G
 NODE=B104W0;DTYPE=G
 NODE=B104215;NODE=B104

DESIG=1;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow

NODE=B115

NODE=B115M++;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B115M+;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B115M0;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B115D++;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B115D+;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B115D0;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B115DI;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B115W++;DTYPE=G
 NODE=B115W+;DTYPE=G
 NODE=B115W0;DTYPE=G

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$ is the only strong decay allowed to a Σ_c having this mass.

NODE=B115220;NODE=B115

$\Sigma_c(2520)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$	$\approx 100\%$	179

DESIG=1;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow

$\Sigma_c(2800)$

$$I(J^P) = 1(?^?)$$

$\Sigma_c(2800)^{++}$ mass $m = 2801^{+4}_{-6}$ MeV
 $\Sigma_c(2800)^+$ mass $m = 2792^{+14}_{-5}$ MeV
 $\Sigma_c(2800)^0$ mass $m = 2806^{+5}_{-7}$ MeV ($S = 1.3$)
 $m_{\Sigma_c(2800)^{++}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 514^{+4}_{-6}$ MeV
 $m_{\Sigma_c(2800)^+} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 505^{+14}_{-5}$ MeV
 $m_{\Sigma_c(2800)^0} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 519^{+5}_{-7}$ MeV ($S = 1.3$)
 $\Sigma_c(2800)^{++}$ full width $\Gamma = 75^{+22}_{-17}$ MeV
 $\Sigma_c(2800)^+$ full width $\Gamma = 60^{+60}_{-40}$ MeV
 $\Sigma_c(2800)^0$ full width $\Gamma = 72^{+22}_{-15}$ MeV

$\Sigma_c(2800)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$	seen	443

NODE=B155

NODE=B155M++;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B155M+;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B155M0;DTYPE=M
 NODE=B155D++;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B155D+;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B155D0;DTYPE=D
 NODE=B155W++;DTYPE=G
 NODE=B155W+;DTYPE=G
 NODE=B155W0;DTYPE=G

Ξ_c^+

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2467.71 \pm 0.23$ MeV ($S = 1.3$)
 Mean life $\tau = (453 \pm 5) \times 10^{-15}$ s
 $c\tau = 135.8 \mu\text{m}$

Branching fractions marked with a footnote, e.g. [a], have been corrected for decay modes not observed in the experiments. For example, the sub-mode fraction $\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$ seen in $\Xi_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^- \pi^+$ has been multiplied up to include $\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^0$ decays.

Ξ_c^+ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
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NODE=S045

NODE=S045M;DTYPE=M
 NODE=S045T;DTYPE=T
 NODE=S045CTA;DTYPE=C;OUR EVAL
 NODE=S045215;NODE=S045

Cabibbo-favored ($S = -2$) decays

$p 2 K_S^0$	$(2.5 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-3}$	766
$\Lambda \bar{K}^0 \pi^+$	—	852
$\Sigma(1385)^+ \bar{K}^0$	[a] $(2.9 \pm 2.0) \%$	746
$\Lambda K^- 2\pi^+$	$(9 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$	787
$\Lambda \bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^+$	[a] $< 5 \times 10^{-3}$	608
$\Sigma(1385)^+ K^- \pi^+$	[a] $< 6 \times 10^{-3}$	678
$\Sigma^+ K^- \pi^+$	$(2.7 \pm 1.2) \%$	810
$\Sigma^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[a] $(2.3 \pm 1.1) \%$	658
$\Sigma^0 K^- 2\pi^+$	$(8 \pm 5) \times 10^{-3}$	735
$\Xi^0 \pi^+$	$(1.6 \pm 0.8) \%$	876
$\Xi^- 2\pi^+$	$(2.9 \pm 1.3) \%$	851
$\Xi(1530)^0 \pi^+$	[a] $< 2.9 \times 10^{-3}$	749
$\Xi(1620)^0 \pi^+$	seen	—
$\Xi(1690)^0 \pi^+$	seen	644
$\Xi^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$	$(6.7 \pm 3.5) \%$	856
$\Xi^0 \pi^- 2\pi^+$	$(5.0 \pm 2.6) \%$	818
$\Xi^0 e^+ \nu_e$	$(7 \pm 4) \%$	884
$\Omega^- K^+ \pi^+$	$(2.0 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-3}$	399

NODE=S045;CLUMP=A

DESIG=21
 DESIG=15;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow
 DESIG=16
 DESIG=1
 DESIG=8
 DESIG=9
 DESIG=4
 DESIG=6
 DESIG=2
 DESIG=11
 DESIG=3
 DESIG=10
 DESIG=24
 DESIG=25
 DESIG=7
 DESIG=12
 DESIG=5
 DESIG=17

Cabibbo-suppressed decays

$p K^- \pi^+$	$(6.2 \pm 3.0) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.5	944	NODE=S045;CLUMP=B
$p \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	$[a] (3.3 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-3}$		828	DESIG=13
$\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(1.4 \pm 0.8) \%$		922	DESIG=14
$\Sigma^- 2\pi^+$	$(5.1 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-3}$		918	DESIG=22
$\Sigma^+ K^+ K^-$	$(4.3 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-3}$		579	DESIG=23
$\Sigma^+ \phi$	$[a] < 3.2 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	549	DESIG=18
$\Xi(1690)^0 K^+, \Xi^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^-$	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	501	DESIG=19
$p \phi(1020)$	$(1.2 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$		751	DESIG=20
				DESIG=26

 Ξ_c^0

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

 J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2470.44 \pm 0.28$ MeV (S = 1.2)
 $m_{\Xi_c^0} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 2.72 \pm 0.23$ MeV (S = 1.1)
Mean life $\tau = (150.4 \pm 2.8) \times 10^{-15}$ s (S = 1.4)
 $c\tau = 45.1 \mu\text{m}$

Decay asymmetry parameters

$\Xi^- \pi^+$ $\alpha = -0.64 \pm 0.05$
 α FOR $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^+ \pi^- = 0.61 \pm 0.05$
 α FOR $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{K}^*(892)^0 = 0.15 \pm 0.22$
 α FOR $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Sigma^+ K^*(892)^- = -0.52 \pm 0.30$
 α FOR $\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Xi^0 \pi^0 = -0.90 \pm 0.27$
 $\tau_{mix}, \Xi_c^0 - \Xi_c^0$ oscillation period $> 1.3 \times 10^{-12}$ s

Ξ_c^0 DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level (MeV/c)	p
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Cabibbo-favored decays

$p K^- K^- \pi^+$	$(4.9 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-3}$	676	NODE=S048215;NODE=S048;CLUMP=A
$p K^- \bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	$(2.0 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$	413	DESIG=10
$p K^- K^- \pi^+ (\text{no } \bar{K}^{*0})$	$(3.0 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-3}$	676	DESIG=2
ΛK_S^0	$(3.2 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$	906	DESIG=11
$\Lambda K^- \pi^+$	$(1.45 \pm 0.28) \%$	856	DESIG=6
$\Lambda \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	$(2.6 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$	717	DESIG=12
$\Lambda \bar{K}^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	786	DESIG=19
$\Lambda K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	703	DESIG=8
$\Sigma^0 K_S^0$	$(5.4 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-4}$	864	DESIG=25
$\Sigma^+ K^-$	$(1.8 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	868	DESIG=26
$\Sigma^0 \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	$(9.9 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-3}$	658	DESIG=20
$\Sigma^+ K^*(892)^-$	$(4.9 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-3}$	661	DESIG=21
$\Xi^- \pi^+$	$(1.43 \pm 0.27) \%$	875	DESIG=21
$\Xi^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(4.8 \pm 2.3) \%$	816	DESIG=1
$\Xi^0 \pi^0$	$(6.9 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$	879	DESIG=3
$\Xi^0 \eta$	$(1.6 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	771	DESIG=30
$\Xi^0 \eta'$	$(1.1 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	479	DESIG=31
$\Xi^0 \phi, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	$(5.2 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4}$	—	DESIG=32
$\Xi^0 K^+ K^- \text{nonresonant}$	$(5.6 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4}$	444	DESIG=23
$\Omega^- K^+$	$(4.2 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$	522	DESIG=24
$\Xi^- e^+ \nu_e$	$(1.05 \pm 0.20) \%$	882	DESIG=4
$\Xi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	$(1.01 \pm 0.21) \%$	878	DESIG=7
$\Xi^0 \gamma$	$< 1.7 \times 10^{-4}$	90%	DESIG=18
$\Xi^0 \mu^+ \mu^-$	$< 6 \times 10^{-5}$	885	DESIG=27
$\Xi^0 e^+ e^-$	$< 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$	869	DESIG=28
		90%	DESIG=29

Cabibbo-suppressed decays

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^-$	$(5.5 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-3}$	115
$\Xi^- K^+$	$(3.9 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$	789
$\Lambda K^+ K^- (\text{no } \phi)$	$(4.1 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$	648
$\Lambda \phi$	$(4.9 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$	621

NODE=S048;CLUMP=B
DESIG=17
DESIG=13
DESIG=14
DESIG=15

 $\Xi_c'^+$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2578.2 \pm 0.5$ MeV (S = 1.1)

$$m_{\Xi_c'^+} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 110.5 \pm 0.4$$
 MeV

$$m_{\Xi_c'^+} - m_{\Xi_c'^0} = -0.5 \pm 0.6$$
 MeV

The $\Xi_c'^+ - \Xi_c^+$ mass difference is too small for any strong decay to occur.

NODE=S058

NODE=S058M;DTYPE=M

NODE=S058D;DTYPE=D

NODE=S058DM0;DTYPE=D

NODE=S058215;NODE=S058

 $\Xi_c'^0$ DECAY MODES

Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)

p (MeV/c)

 $\Xi_c^+ \gamma$

seen

108

DESIG=1;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow

 $\Xi_c'^0$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2578.7 \pm 0.5$ MeV

$$m_{\Xi_c'^0} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 108.3 \pm 0.4$$
 MeV

The $\Xi_c'^0 - \Xi_c^0$ mass difference is too small for any strong decay to occur.

NODE=S059

NODE=S059M;DTYPE=M

NODE=S059D;DTYPE=D

NODE=S059215;NODE=S059

 Ξ_c^0 DECAY MODES

Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)

p (MeV/c)

 $\Xi_c^0 \gamma$

seen

106

DESIG=1;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow

 $\Xi_c(2645)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{3}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

$\Xi_c(2645)^+$ mass $m = 2645.10 \pm 0.30$ MeV (S = 1.2)

$\Xi_c(2645)^0$ mass $m = 2646.16 \pm 0.25$ MeV (S = 1.3)

$$m_{\Xi_c(2645)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 174.67 \pm 0.09$$
 MeV

$$m_{\Xi_c(2645)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 178.45 \pm 0.10$$
 MeV

$$m_{\Xi_c(2645)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2645)^0} = -1.06 \pm 0.27$$
 MeV (S = 1.1)

$\Xi_c(2645)^+$ full width $\Gamma = 2.14 \pm 0.19$ MeV (S = 1.1)

$\Xi_c(2645)^0$ full width $\Gamma = 2.35 \pm 0.22$ MeV

NODE=B146

NODE=B146M+;DTYPE=M

NODE=B146M0;DTYPE=M

NODE=B146D+;DTYPE=D

NODE=B146D0;DTYPE=D

NODE=B146DD;DTYPE=D

NODE=B146W+;DTYPE=G

NODE=B146W0;DTYPE=G

$\Xi_c \pi$ is the only strong decay allowed to a Ξ_c resonance having this mass.

NODE=B146215;NODE=B146

$\Xi_c(2645)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^0 \pi^+$	seen	102
$\Xi_c^+ \pi^-$	seen	106

DESIG=2;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow
DESIG=1;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow

$\Xi_c(2790)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^-$ is the quark-model prediction.

$\Xi_c(2790)^+$ mass = 2791.9 ± 0.5 MeV
 $\Xi_c(2790)^0$ mass = 2793.9 ± 0.5 MeV
 $m_{\Xi_c(2790)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 213.20 \pm 0.22$ MeV
 $m_{\Xi_c(2790)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^{'+}} = 215.70 \pm 0.22$ MeV
 $m_{\Xi_c(2790)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2790)^0} = -2.0 \pm 0.7$ MeV
 $\Xi_c(2790)^+$ width = 8.9 ± 1.0 MeV
 $\Xi_c(2790)^0$ width = 10.0 ± 1.1 MeV

NODE=B149

$\Xi_c(2790)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c' \pi$	seen	159
$\Lambda_c^+ K^-$	seen	98

NODE=B149M+;DTYPE=M
NODE=B149M0;DTYPE=M
NODE=B149DP+;DTYPE=D
NODE=B149DP0;DTYPE=D
NODE=B149D+0;DTYPE=D
NODE=B149W+;DTYPE=G
NODE=B149W0;DTYPE=G

$\Xi_c(2815)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{3}{2}^-$ is the quark-model prediction.

$\Xi_c(2815)^+$ mass m = 2816.51 ± 0.25 MeV (S = 1.2)
 $\Xi_c(2815)^0$ mass m = 2819.79 ± 0.30 MeV (S = 1.1)
 $m_{\Xi_c(2815)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 348.80 \pm 0.10$ MeV
 $m_{\Xi_c(2815)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 349.35 \pm 0.11$ MeV
 $m_{\Xi_c(2815)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2815)^0} = -3.27 \pm 0.27$ MeV
 $\Xi_c(2815)^+$ full width Γ = 2.43 ± 0.26 MeV
 $\Xi_c(2815)^0$ full width Γ = 2.54 ± 0.25 MeV

NODE=B149215;DESIG=1
DESIG=5

NODE=B148

NODE=B148M+;DTYPE=M
NODE=B148M0;DTYPE=M
NODE=B148D+;DTYPE=D
NODE=B148D0;DTYPE=D
NODE=B148DD;DTYPE=D
NODE=B148W+;DTYPE=G
NODE=B148W0;DTYPE=G
NODE=B148215;NODE=B148

The $\Xi_c \pi \pi$ modes are consistent with being entirely via $\Xi_c(2645)\pi$.

$\Xi_c(2815)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c' \pi$	seen	188
$\Xi_c(2645) \pi$	seen	102
$\Xi_c^0 \gamma$	seen	325

DESIG=3
DESIG=5
DESIG=6;OUR EVAL

$\Xi_c(2970)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

was $\Xi_c(2980)$

$\Xi_c(2970)^+$ mass m = 2964.3 ± 1.5 MeV (S = 3.9)
 $\Xi_c(2970)^0$ mass m = 2967.1 ± 1.7 MeV (S = 6.7)
 $m_{\Xi_c(2970)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 496.6 \pm 1.5$ MeV (S = 3.7)
 $m_{\Xi_c(2970)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 496.7 \pm 1.8$ MeV (S = 5.3)
 $m_{\Xi_c(2970)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2970)^0} = -2.8 \pm 1.9$ MeV (S = 4.8)
 $\Xi_c(2970)^+$ width Γ = $20.9^{+2.4}_{-3.5}$ MeV (S = 1.2)

NODE=B130M+;DTYPE=M
NODE=B130M0;DTYPE=M
NODE=B130DM+;DTYPE=D
NODE=B130DM0;DTYPE=D
NODE=B130D+0;DTYPE=D
NODE=B130W+;DTYPE=G

NODE=B130

$\Xi_c(2970)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K} \pi$	seen	223
$\Sigma_c(2455) \bar{K}$	seen	122
$\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K}$	not seen	410
$\Lambda_c^+ K^-$	seen	410
$\Xi_c^- 2\pi$	seen	381
$\Xi_c' \pi$	seen	—
$\Xi_c(2645) \pi$	seen	274

 $\Xi_c(3055)$

$I(J^P) = ?(?)$

Mass $m = 3055.9 \pm 0.4$ MeVFull width $\Gamma = 7.8 \pm 1.9$ MeV

$\Xi_c(3055)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Sigma^{++} K^-$	seen	—
ΛD^+	seen	316

 $\Xi_c(3080)$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(?)$

 $\Xi_c(3080)^+ m = 3077.2 \pm 0.4$ MeV $\Xi_c(3080)^0 m = 3079.9 \pm 1.4$ MeV (S = 1.3) $\Xi_c(3080)^+ \text{ width } \Gamma = 3.6 \pm 1.1$ MeV (S = 1.5) $\Xi_c(3080)^0 \text{ width } \Gamma = 5.6 \pm 2.2$ MeV

$\Xi_c(3080)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K} \pi$	seen	415
$\Sigma_c(2455) \bar{K}$	seen	342
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++} K^-$	seen	342
$\Sigma_c(2520)^{++} K^-$	seen	239
$\Sigma_c(2455) \bar{K} + \Sigma_c(2520) \bar{K}$	seen	—
$\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K}$	not seen	536
$\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K} \pi^+ \pi^-$	not seen	144
ΛD^+	seen	362

 Ω_c^0

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}+)$

 J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.Mass $m = 2695.3 \pm 0.4$ MeVMean life $\tau = (273 \pm 12) \times 10^{-15}$ s $c\tau = 82 \mu\text{m}$

NODE=B157

NODE=B157M+;DTYPE=M

NODE=B157W+;DTYPE=G

NODE=B147

NODE=B147M+;DTYPE=M

NODE=B147M0;DTYPE=M

NODE=B147W+;DTYPE=G

NODE=B147W0;DTYPE=G

NODE=B147215;DESIG=1;OUR EST;
 \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow
 DESIG=2;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow
 DESIG=7;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow
 DESIG=8;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow
 DESIG=3;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow
 DESIG=4;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow
 DESIG=5;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow
 DESIG=6;OUR EST; \rightarrow UNCHECKED \leftarrow

NODE=S047

NODE=S047M;DTYPE=M

NODE=S047T;DTYPE=T

NODE=S047CTA;DTYPE=C;OUR EVAL

No absolute branching fractions have been measured. The following are branching *ratios* relative to $\Omega^-\pi^+$.

NODE=S047215;NODE=S047

Ω_c^0 DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	ρ (MeV/c)
Cabibbo-favored ($S = -3$) decays — relative to $\Omega^-\pi^+$			
$\Omega^-\pi^+$	DEFINED AS 1	821	NODE=S047;CLUMP=A
$\Omega^-\pi^+\pi^0$	1.80 ± 0.33	797	DESIG=2
$\Omega^-\rho^+$	>1.3	90%	DESIG=6
$\Omega^-\pi^-2\pi^+$	0.31 ± 0.05	753	DESIG=12
$\Omega^-\pi^+\nu_e$	1.98 ± 0.29	829	DESIG=3
$\Omega^-\mu^+\nu_\mu$	1.94 ± 0.21	824	DESIG=7
$\Xi^0\bar{K}^0$	1.64 ± 0.29	950	DESIG=20
$\Xi^0K^-\pi^+$	1.20 ± 0.18	901	DESIG=9
$\Xi^0\bar{K}^{*0}, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$	0.68 ± 0.16	764	DESIG=5
$\Omega(2012)^-\pi^+, \Omega(2012)^- \rightarrow$	0.12 ± 0.05	—	DESIG=15
$\Xi^0\bar{K}^-$			DESIG=17
$\Xi^-\bar{K}^0\pi^+$	2.12 ± 0.28	895	DESIG=10
$\Omega(2012)^-\pi^+, \Omega(2012)^- \rightarrow$	0.12 ± 0.06	—	DESIG=18
$\Xi^-\bar{K}^0$			
$\Xi^-K^-2\pi^+$	0.63 ± 0.09	830	DESIG=1
$\Xi(1530)^0K^-\pi^+, \Xi^{*0} \rightarrow$	0.21 ± 0.06	757	DESIG=13
$\Xi^-\pi^+$	0.34 ± 0.11	653	DESIG=14
$\Xi^-\bar{K}^{*0}\pi^+$			DESIG=16
$pK^-K^-\pi^+$	seen	864	DESIG=4
$\Sigma^+K^-K^-\pi^+$	<0.32	90%	689
$\Lambda\bar{K}^0\bar{K}^0$	1.72 ± 0.35	837	DESIG=8
Singly Cabibbo-suppressed modes — relative to $\Omega^-\pi^+$			
$\Xi^-\pi^+$	0.161 ± 0.010	—	NODE=S047;CLUMP=B
$\Omega^-\bar{K}^+$	0.061 ± 0.006	—	DESIG=21
Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes — relative to $\Omega^-\pi^+$			
Ξ^-K^+	<0.07	90%	DESIG=23
$\Omega_c(2770)^0$			
$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^+)$			
J^P has not been measured; $\frac{3}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.			
Mass $m = 2766.0^{+0.9}_{-1.0}$ MeV			
$m_{\Omega_c(2770)^0} - m_{\Omega_c^0} = 70.7^{+0.8}_{-0.9}$ MeV			
The $\Omega_c(2770)^0 - \Omega_c^0$ mass difference is too small for any strong decay to occur.			
$\Omega_c(2770)^0$ DECAY MODES			
Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)			
$\Omega_c^0\gamma$	presumably 100%	70	DESIG=1;OUR EST;→ UNCHECKED ←
$\Omega_c(3000)^0$			
$I(J^P) = ?(?)$			
Mass $m = 3000.46 \pm 0.25$ MeV			
Full width $\Gamma = 3.8^{+1.6}_{-0.4}$ MeV			

NODE=S053

NODE=S053M;DTYPE=M

NODE=S053D;DTYPE=D

NODE=S053215;NODE=S053

$\Omega_c(2770)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	ρ (MeV/c)
$\Omega_c^0\gamma$	presumably 100%	70

DESIG=1;OUR EST;→ UNCHECKED ←

NODE=B173

NODE=B173M;DTYPE=M

NODE=B173W;DTYPE=G

$\Omega_c(3000)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)	
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	182	NODE=B173215;DESIG=1
$\Omega_c(3050)^0$	$I(J^P) = ?(?)$		
Mass $m = 3050.17 \pm 0.19$ MeV			
Full width $\Gamma < 1.8$ MeV, CL = 95%			
$\Omega_c(3050)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)	
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	278	NODE=B174215;DESIG=1
$\Omega_c(3065)^0$	$I(J^P) = ?(?)$		
Mass $m = 3065.58 \pm 0.21$ MeV			
Full width $\Gamma = 3.4^{+0.7}_{-0.8}$ MeV (S = 1.7)			
$\Omega_c(3065)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)	
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	303	NODE=B175215;DESIG=1
$\Omega_c(3090)^0$	$I(J^P) = ?(?)$		
Mass $m = 3090.15 \pm 0.26$ MeV			
Full width $\Gamma = 8.5^{+0.8}_{-1.7}$ MeV			
$\Omega_c(3090)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)	
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	340	NODE=B176215;DESIG=1
$\Omega_c(3120)^0$	$I(J^P) = ?(?)$		
Mass $m = 3118.98^{+0.27}_{-0.35}$ MeV			
Full width $\Gamma < 2.5$ MeV, CL = 95%			
$\Omega_c(3120)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)	
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	379	NODE=B177215;DESIG=1
$\Omega_c(3185)^0$	$I(J^P) = ?(?)$		
Mass $m = 3185^{+7.6}_{-1.9}$ MeV			
Full width $\Gamma = 50^{+12}_{-21}$ MeV			
$\Omega_c(3185)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)	
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	460	NODE=B209215;DESIG=1
$\Omega_c(3327)^0$	$I(J^P) = ?(?)$		
Mass $m = 3327.1^{+1.2}_{-1.8}$ MeV			
Full width $\Gamma = 20^{+14}_{-5}$ MeV			
$\Omega_c(3327)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)	
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	610	NODE=B210215;DESIG=1

NOTES

- [a] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance. LINKAGE=SAD
- [b] Here γ_D stands for a dark photon. LINKAGE=DPT
- [c] See AALTONEN 11H, Fig. 8, for the calculated ratio of $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$ and $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ partial widths as a function of the $\Lambda_c(2595)^+ - \Lambda_c^+$ mass difference. At our value of the mass difference, the ratio is about 4. LINKAGE=LC
- [d] A test that the isospin is indeed 0, so that the particle is indeed a Λ_c^+ . LINKAGE=B19
- [e] In the isospin limit, this braching fraction would be 2/3, the other 1/3 being decays to $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$. LINKAGE=ISP