$\Lambda(1690)$ D_{03}

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$ Status: ****

The measurements of the mass, width, and elasticity published before 1974 are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our 1982 edition Physics Letters **111B** (1982).

$\Lambda(1690)$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
1685 to 1695 (≈ 1690) OUR ESTIMATE				
1695.7±2.6	KOISO	85	DPWA	$K^- p \to \Sigma\pi$
1690 ±5	GOPAL	80	DPWA	$\overline{K}N \to \overline{K}N$
1692 ±5	ALSTON-...	78	DPWA	$\overline{K}N \to \overline{K}N$
1690 ±5	GOPAL	77	DPWA	$\overline{K}N$ multichannel
1690 ±3	HEPP	76B	DPWA	$K^- N \to \Sigma\pi$
1689 ±1	KANE	74	DPWA	$K^- p \to \Sigma\pi$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1687 or 1689	[1] MARTIN	77	DPWA	$\overline{K}N$ multichannel
1692 ±4	CARROLL	76	DPWA	Isospin-0 total σ

$\Lambda(1690)$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
50 to 70 (≈ 60) OUR ESTIMATE				
67.2± 5.6	KOISO	85	DPWA	$K^- p \to \Sigma\pi$
61 ± 5	GOPAL	80	DPWA	$\overline{K}N \to \overline{K}N$
64 ±10	ALSTON-...	78	DPWA	$\overline{K}N \to \overline{K}N$
60 ± 5	GOPAL	77	DPWA	$\overline{K}N$ multichannel
82 ± 8	HEPP	76B	DPWA	$K^- N \to \Sigma\pi$
60 ± 4	KANE	74	DPWA	$K^- p \to \Sigma\pi$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
62 or 62	[1] MARTIN	77	DPWA	$\overline{K}N$ multichannel
38	CARROLL	76	DPWA	Isospin-0 total σ

$\Lambda(1690)$ DECAY MODES

	Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
Γ_1	$N\overline{K}$	20–30 %
Γ_2	$\Sigma\pi$	20–40 %
Γ_3	$\Lambda\pi\pi$	~ 25 %
Γ_4	$\Sigma\pi\pi$	~ 20 %
Γ_5	$\Lambda\eta$	
Γ_6	$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, S-wave	

The above branching fractions are our estimates, not fits or averages.

$\Lambda(1690)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

The sum of all the quoted branching ratios is more than 1.0. The two-body ratios are from partial-wave analyses, and thus probably are more reliable than the three-body ratios, which are determined from bumps in cross sections. Of the latter, the $\Sigma\pi\pi$ bump looks more significant. (The error given for the $\Lambda\pi\pi$ ratio looks unreasonably small.) Hardly any of the $\Sigma\pi\pi$ decay can be via $\Sigma(1385)$, for then seven times as much $\Lambda\pi\pi$ decay would be required. See "Sign conventions for resonance couplings" in the Note on Λ and Σ Resonances.

$\Gamma(N\overline{K})/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_1/Γ

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
0.2 to 0.3 OUR ESTIMATE				
0.23±0.03	GOPAL	80	DPWA	$\overline{K}N \to \overline{K}N$
0.22±0.03	ALSTON-...	78	DPWA	$\overline{K}N \to \overline{K}N$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.24±0.03	GOPAL	77	DPWA	See GOPAL 80
0.28 or 0.26	[1] MARTIN	77	DPWA	$\overline{K}N$ multichannel

$(\Gamma_i\Gamma_f)^{1/2}/\Gamma_{total}$ in $N\overline{K} \to \Lambda(1690) \to \Sigma\pi$ $(\Gamma_1\Gamma_2)^{1/2}/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
-0.34 ± 0.02	KOISO	85	DPWA	$K^-p \to \Sigma\pi$
-0.25 ± 0.03	GOPAL	77	DPWA	$\overline{K}N$ multichannel
-0.29 ± 0.03	HEPP	76B	DPWA	$K^-N \to \Sigma\pi$
-0.28 ± 0.03	LONDON	75	HLBC	$K^-p \to \Sigma^0\pi^0$
-0.28 ± 0.02	KANE	74	DPWA	$K^-p \to \Sigma\pi$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
-0.30 or -0.28	[1] MARTIN	77	DPWA	$\overline{K}N$ multichannel

$(\Gamma_i\Gamma_f)^{1/2}/\Gamma_{total}$ in $N\overline{K} \to \Lambda(1690) \to \Lambda\eta$ $(\Gamma_1\Gamma_5)^{1/2}/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
0.00 ± 0.03	BAXTER	73	DPWA	$K^-p \to$ neutrals

$(\Gamma_i\Gamma_f)^{1/2}/\Gamma_{total}$ in $N\overline{K} \to \Lambda(1690) \to \Lambda\pi\pi$ $(\Gamma_1\Gamma_3)^{1/2}/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.25 ± 0.02	[2] BARTLEY	68	HDBC	$K^-p \to \Lambda\pi\pi$

$(\Gamma_i\Gamma_f)^{1/2}/\Gamma_{total}$ in $N\overline{K} \to \Lambda(1690) \to \Sigma\pi\pi$ $(\Gamma_1\Gamma_4)^{1/2}/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
0.21	ARMENTEROS	68C	HDBC	$K^-N \to \Sigma\pi\pi$

$(\Gamma_i\Gamma_f)^{1/2}/\Gamma_{total}$ in $N\overline{K} \to \Lambda(1690) \to \Sigma(1385)\pi$, S-wave $(\Gamma_1\Gamma_6)^{1/2}/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
$+0.27\pm0.04$	PREVOST	74	DPWA	$K^-N \to \Sigma(1385)\pi$

$\Lambda(1690)$ FOOTNOTES

[1] The two MARTIN 77 values are from a T-matrix pole and from a Breit-Wigner fit. Another D_{03} Λ at 1966 MeV is also suggested by MARTIN 77, but is very uncertain.

[2] BARTLEY 68 uses only cross-section data. The enhancement is not seen by PREVOST 71.

$\Lambda(1690)$ REFERENCES

KOISO	85	NP A433 619	+Sai, Yamamoto, Kofler	(TOKY, MASA)
PDG	82	PL 111B	Roos, Porter, Aguilar-Benitez+	(HELS, CIT, CERN)
GOPAL	80	Toronto Conf. 159		(RHEL) IJP
ALSTON-...	78	PR D18 182	Alston-Garnjost, Kenney+	(LBL, MTHO, CERN) IJP
Also	77	PRL 38 1007	Alston-Garnjost, Kenney+	(LBL, MTHO, CERN) IJP
GOPAL	77	NP B119 362	+Ross, VanHorn, McPherson+	(LOIC, RHEL) IJP
MARTIN	77	NP B127 349	+Pidcock, Moorhouse	(LOUC, GLAS) IJP
Also	77B	NP B126 266	Martin, Pidcock	(LOUC)
Also	77C	NP B126 285	Martin, Pidcock	(LOUC) IJP
CARROLL	76	PRL 37 806	+Chiang, Kycia, Li, Mazur, Michael+	(BNL) I
HEPP	76B	PL 65B 487	+Braun, Grimm, Strobele+	(CERN, HEIDH, MPIM) IJP
LONDON	75	NP B85 289	+Yu, Boyd+	(BNL, CERN, EPOL, ORSAY, TORI)
KANE	74	LBL-2452		(LBL) IJP
PREVOST	74	NP B69 246	+Barloutaud+	(SACL, CERN, HEID)
BAXTER	73	NP B67 125	+Buckingham, Corbett, Dunn+	(OXF) IJP
PREVOST	71	Amsterdam Conf.		(CERN, HEID, SACL)
ARMENTEROS	68C	NP B8 216	+Baillon+	(CERN, HEID, SACL) I
BARTLEY	68	PRL 21 1111	+Chu, Dowd, Greene+	(TUFTS, FSU, BRAN) I