Review of Particle Physics: C. Caso et al. (Particle Data Group), European Physical Journal C3, 1 (1998)

$$\Lambda_b^0$$

$$I(J^P) = O(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$
 Status: ***

In the quark model, a Λ_b^0 is an isospin-0 udb state. The lowest Λ_b^0 ought to have $J^P=1/2^+$. None of I, J, or P have actually been measured.

Λ_b^0 MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5624± 9 OUR AVERA	GE Erro	or includes scale fa	ctor of 1.8.	See the ideogram below.
$5621\pm4\pm3$		$^{ m 1}$ ABE		$p\overline{p}$ at 1.8 TeV
$5668\pm~16\pm~8$		² ABREU		
$5614\pm~21\pm~4$	4	² BUSKULIC	96L ALEP	$e^+e^- ightarrow~Z$
• • • We do not use the	following	g data for average	s, fits, limits	, etc. • • •
not seen		³ ABE	93B CDF	Sup. by ABE 97B
$5640 \pm 50 \pm 30$	16	⁴ ALBAJAR	91E UA1	<i>p</i> p 630 GeV
5640^{+100}_{-210}	52	BARI	91 SFM	$\Lambda_b^0 ightarrow p D^0 \pi^-$
$5650 {+150 \atop -200}$	90	BARI	91 SFM	$\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-$

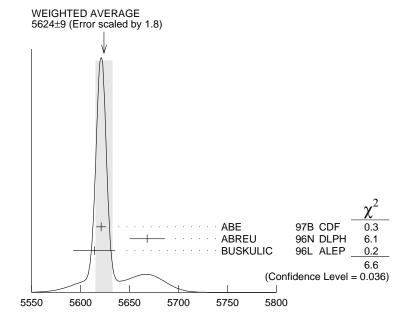
 $^{^1 \, {\}rm ABE}$ 97B observed 38 events above a background 18 \pm 1.6 events in the mass range 5.60–5.65 GeV/ c^2 , a significance of > 3.4 standard deviations.

Created: 6/29/1998 12:28

 $^{^2}$ Uses 4 fully reconstructed Λ_b events.

³ ABE 93B states that, based on the signal claimed by ALBAJAR 91E, CDF should have found 30 \pm 23 $\Lambda_h^0 \to J/\psi(1S)\Lambda$ events. Instead, CDF found not more than 2 events.

 $^{^4}$ ALBAJAR 91E claims 16 \pm 5 events above a background of 9 \pm 1 events, a significance of about 5 standard deviations.



 Λ_b^0 mass (MeV)

10 MEAN LIFE

These are actually measurements of the average lifetime of weakly decaying b baryons weighted by generally unknown production rates, branching fractions, and detection efficiencies. Presumably, the mix is mainly Λ_b^0 , with some Ξ_b^0 and Ξ_b^- .

See b-baryon Admixture section for data on b-baryon mean life average over species of b-baryon particles.

"OUR EVALUATION" is an average of the data listed below performed by the LEP B Lifetimes Working Group as described in our review "Production and Decay of b-flavored Hadrons" in the B^{\pm} Section of the Listings. The averaging procedure takes into account correlations between the measurements and asymmetric lifetime errors.

$VALUE (10^{-12} \text{ s})$	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.24±0.08 OUR EVAL	UATION			
$1.29 {+0.24\atop -0.22} \pm 0.06$		⁵ ACKERSTAFF	98G OPAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
$1.21\!\pm\!0.11$		⁵ BARATE	98D ALEP	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$
$1.32 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.07$		ABE	96м CDF	Excess $\Lambda_c \ell^-$, decay lengths
$1.19 ^{+0.21}_{-0.18} {}^{+0.07}_{-0.08}$		ABREU	96D DLPH	Excess $\Lambda_c \ell^-$, decay lengths
• • • We do not use the	ne followin	g data for average	s, fits, limits,	S
$1.14^{+0.22}_{-0.19}\!\pm\!0.07$	69	AKERS	95K OPAL	Repl. by ACKER- STAFF 98G
$1.02^{+0.23}_{-0.18}\!\pm\!0.06$	44	BUSKULIC	95L ALEP	Repl. by BARATE 98D
HTTP://PDG.LBL.	GOV	Page 2	Crea	ted: 6/29/1998 12:28

 $^5\,\mathrm{Measured}$ using $\varLambda_{\mathcal{C}}\,\ell^-$ and $\varLambda\ell^+\,\ell^-.$

10 DECAY MODES

These branching fractions are actually an average over weakly decaying b-baryons weighted by their production rates in Z decay (or high-energy $p\overline{p}$), branching ratios, and detection efficiencies. They scale with the LEP Λ_b production fraction $B(b \to \Lambda_b)$ and are evaluated for our value $B(b \to \Lambda_b) = (10.1 {+ 3.9 \atop - 3.1})\%$.

The branching fractions B(b-baryon $\to \Lambda \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell$ anything) and B($\Lambda_b^0 \to \Lambda_c^+ \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell$ anything) are not pure measurements because the underlying measured products of these with B($b \to \Lambda_b$) were used to determine B($b \to \Lambda_b$), as described in the note "Production and Decay of b-Flavored Hadrons."

	Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level
$\overline{\Gamma_1}$	$J/\psi(1S) \Lambda$ p $D^0 \pi^-$	$(4.7\pm2.8)\times10^{-4}$	_
Γ_2	$ hoD^0\pi^-$		
Γ_3	$\Lambda_c^+\pi^-$	seen	
Γ_4	$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^- \Lambda_c^+ a_1 (1260)^-$	seen	
Γ_5	$\Lambda_{c}^{+} \pi^{+} \pi^{-} \pi^{-}$		
Γ_6	$\Lambda K^{0} 2\pi^{+} 2\pi^{-}$		
Γ ₇	$arLambda_c^+ \ell^- \overline{ u}_\ell$ anything	[a] $(9.0^{+3.1}_{-3.8})$ %	
Γ ₈	$p\pi^-$	$< 5.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90%
Γ ₉	pπ ⁻ pK ⁻	$< 5.0 \times 10^{-5}$	90%

[a] Not a pure measurement. See note at head of Λ_b^0 Decay Modes.

Λ_b^0 Branching ratios

$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\Lambda)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

 Γ_1/Γ

Created: 6/29/1998 12:28

(-//(-//// total						-/
VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	
4.7± 2.1± 1.9		⁶ ABE	97 B	CDF	$p\overline{p}$ at 1.8 TeV	

ullet ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

$$178.2 \pm 108.9 ^{+54.7}_{-68.8}$$
 16 ⁷ ALBAJAR 91E UA1 $J/\psi(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

⁶ ABE 97B reports $(0.037 \pm 0.017(\text{stat}) \pm 0.007(\text{sys}))\%$ for B($b \to \Lambda_b$) = 0.1 and for B($B^0 \to J/\psi(1S) K_S^0$) = 0.037%. We rescale to our PDG 97 best value B($b \to \Lambda_b$) = $(10.1^{+3.9}_{-3.1})\%$ and B($B^0 \to J/\psi(1S) K_S^0$) = $(0.044 \pm 0.006)\%$. Our first error is their experiments's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

⁷ ALBAJAR 91E reports 180 ± 110 for $B(\overline{b} \rightarrow \Lambda_b) = 0.10$. We rescale to our best value $B(\overline{b} \rightarrow \Lambda_b) = (10.1^{+3.9}_{-3.1}) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

HTTP://PDG.LBL.GOV

Page 3

Review of Particle Physics: C. Caso et al. (Particle Data Group), European Physical Journal C3, 1 (1998)

$\Gamma(hoD^0\pi^-)/\Gamma_{ m total}$						Γ_2/Γ
VALUE	<u>EVTS</u>	DOCUMENT ID			<u>COMMENT</u>	
• • • We do not use the					etc. • • • $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	
seen seen	52	BARI BASILE			$D^0 \rightarrow K \pi^+$ $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	
$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{ m total}$						Γ ₃ /Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	DOCUMENT ID		<u>TECN</u>		
seen	3	ABREU			$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$	 0
seen	4	BUSKULIC	96L	ALEP	$\Lambda_c^+ \to p K^- \pi^+ $ $\Lambda \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$, pK°,
$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ a_1(1260)^-)/\Gamma$		DOCUMENT ID		TECN	<u>COMMENT</u>	Γ_4/Γ
<u>VALUE</u> seen	_ <u>EVTS</u> 1	ABREU			$\Lambda_c^+ \to p K^- \pi^+$	
Secil	1	ADICEO	9011	DEITI	$ \begin{array}{c} $	
$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-)/\Gamma_1$		DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	Γ_5/Γ
VALUE• • • We do not use the		<u>DOCUMENT ID</u> g data for average		TECN limits	etc • • •	
seen	90	BARI			$\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow p K^- \pi^+$	
$\Gamma(\Lambda K^0 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-)/\Gamma$		DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	Γ_6/Γ
• • • We do not use the						
seen	4				$\Lambda K_{S}^{0} 2\pi^{+} 2\pi^{-}$	
⁸ See the footnote to	the AREN	NTON 86 mass va	lue.		J	
assumes our $B(b)$	iverages in $ ightarrow \Lambda_b$). ct branchir	They cannot be	thougalso usecay of	tht of a ed to do <i>b</i> -Flavo		nce the
$0.090^{+0.031}_{-0.038}$ OUR AVI	ERAGE					
$0.085\!\pm\!0.015\!+\!0.026\\-0.033$		⁹ BARATE	98 D	ALEP	$e^+e^- ightarrow Z$	
$0.12 \begin{array}{c} +0.04 & +0.04 \\ -0.03 & -0.05 \end{array}$	29	¹⁰ ABREU	95 S	DLPH	$e^+e^- ightarrow Z$	
• • • We do not use the	ne followin	g data for average	es, fits,	limits,	etc. • • •	
$0.075 \pm 0.018 {}^{+ 0.023}_{- 0.029}$	55	¹¹ BUSKULIC	95L	ALEP	Repl. by BARATI	∃ 98 D
$0.15 \ \pm 0.06 \ ^{+0.05}_{-0.06}$	21	¹² BUSKULIC	92E	ALEP	$\Lambda_c^+ \to p K^- \pi^+$	
⁹ BARATE 98D repor 0.0014. We divide l	ts [B($arLambda_b^0$ – by our best	$ ightarrow arLambda_c^+ \ell^- \overline{ u}_\ell$ anythic value B $(\overline{b} ightarrow arLambda_\ell$	$(\log) imes 0$	$B(\overline{b} \rightarrow 0.1^{+3}_{-3})$	$(\Lambda_b)] = 0.0086 \pm 0$ $(0.0086) \times 10^{-2}$. Our find	$.0007\pm ext{rst error}$
HTTP://PDG.LBL.	GOV	Page 4		Crea	ted: 6/29/1998	12:28

- is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value. Measured using $\Lambda_{c}\ell^{-}$ and $\Lambda\ell^{+}\ell^{-}$.
- ¹⁰ ABREU 95s reports $[B(\Lambda_b^0 \to \Lambda_c^+ \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell \text{ anything}) \times B(\overline{b} \to \Lambda_b)] = 0.0118 \pm 0.0026^{+0.0031}_{-0.0021}$. We divide by our best value $B(\overline{b} \to \Lambda_b) = (10.1^{+3.9}_{-3.1}) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.
- ¹¹ BUSKULIC 95L reports $[B(\Lambda_b^0 \to \Lambda_c^+ \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell \text{ anything}) \times B(\overline{b} \to \Lambda_b)] = 0.00755 \pm 0.0014 \pm 0.0012$. We divide by our best value $B(\overline{b} \to \Lambda_b) = (10.1^{+3.9}_{-3.1}) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.
- ¹² BUSKULIC 92E reports $[B(\Lambda_b^0 \to \Lambda_c^+ \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell \text{ anything}) \times B(\overline{b} \to \Lambda_b)] = 0.015 \pm 0.0035 \pm 0.0045$. We divide by our best value $B(\overline{b} \to \Lambda_b) = (10.1^{+3.9}_{-3.1}) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value. Superseded by BUSKULIC 95L.

 $\Gamma(p\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ VALUE

CL%

90

13 BUSKULIC

96V ALEP $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$ 13 BUSKULIC 96V assumes PDG 96 production fractions for B^0 , B^+ , B_s , b baryons.

 $\Gamma(pK^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_9/Γ

VALUE CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT $<5.0 \times 10^{-5}$ 90 14 BUSKULIC 96V ALEP $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$ • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

 $<3.6 \times 10^{-4}$ 90 ¹⁵ ADAM 96D DLPH $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z$

 14 BUSKULIC 96V assumes PDG 96 production fractions for B^0 , B^+ , B_s , b baryons.

¹⁵ ADAM 96D assumes $f_{B^0} = f_{B^-} = 0.39$ and $f_{B_s} = 0.12$.

10 REFERENCES

ACKERSTAFF BARATE ABE	98D 97B	PL B426 161 EPJ C2 197 PR D55 1142	K. Ackerstaff+ R. Barate+ +Akimoto, Akopian, Albrow+	(OPAL Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
PDG ABE ABREU ABREU ADAM BUSKULIC BUSKULIC PDG	97 96M 96D 96N 96D 96L 96V 96	Unofficial 1997 WWW PRL 77 1439 ZPHY C71 199 PL B374 351 ZPHY C72 207 PL B380 442 PL B384 471 PR D54 1	edition +Akimoto, Akopian, Albrow+ +Adam, Adye, Agasi+ +Adam, Adye, Agasi+ W. Adam+ +De Bonis, Decamp, Ghez+ +De Bonis, Decamp, Ghez+	(CDF Collab.) (DELPHI Collab.) (DELPHI Collab.) (DELPHI Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.)
ABREU AKERS BUSKULIC ABE BUSKULIC ALBAJAR BARI ARENTON BASILE	95S 95K 95L 93B 92E 91E 91 86 81	ZPHY C68 375 PL B353 402 PL B357 685 PR D47 R2639 PL B294 145 PL B273 540 NC 104A 1787 NP B274 707 LNC 31 97	+Adam, Adye, Agasi+ +Alexander, Allison, Altekamp+ +Casper, De Bonis, Decamp+ +Amidei, Anway-Wiese, Apollinari+ +Decamp, Goy, Lees, Minard+ +Albrow, Allkofer, Ankoviak+ +Basile, Bruni, Cara Romeo+ +Chen, Cormell, Dieterle+ +Bonvicini, Romeo+	(DELPHI Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) (UA1 Collab.) (CERN R422 Collab.) (ARIZ, NDAM, VAND) (CERN R415 Collab.)

Created: 6/29/1998 12:28