Citation: W.-M. Yao et al. (Particle Data Group), J. Phys. G 33, 1 (2006) and 2007 partial update for edition 2008 (URL: http://pdg.lbl.gov)

$K^{\pm}$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^-)$

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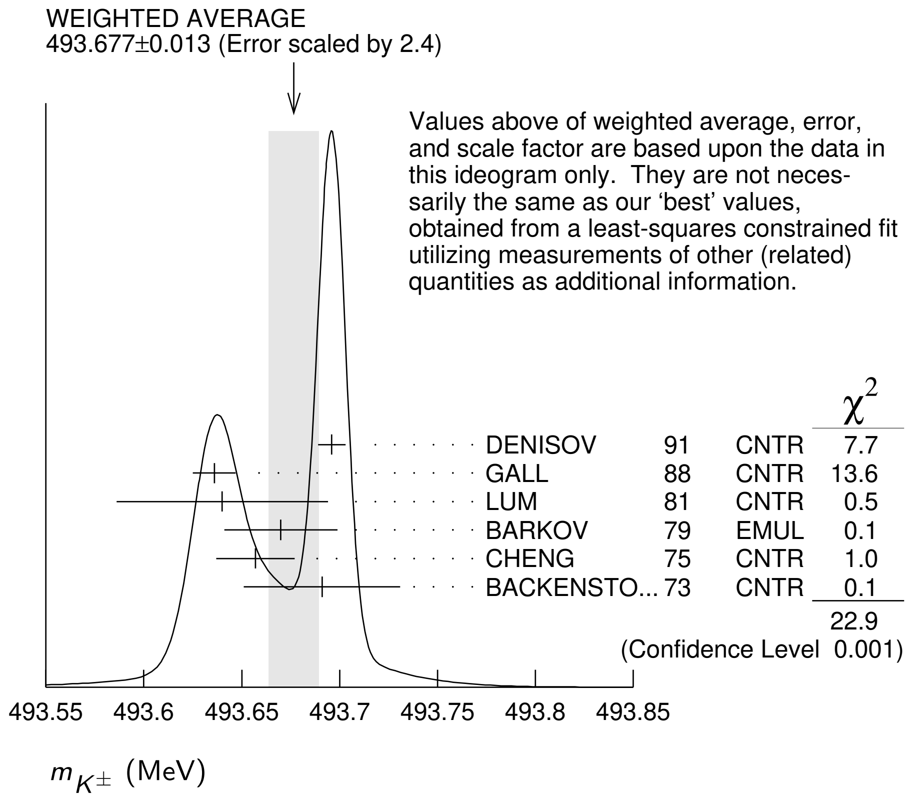
$K^{\pm}$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
493.677±0.016 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.8.					
493.677±0.013 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 2.4. See the ideogram below.					
493.696±0.007	[1] DENISOV	91	CNTR	−	Kaonic atoms
493.636±0.011	[2] GALL	88	CNTR	−	Kaonic atoms
493.640±0.054	LUM	81	CNTR	−	Kaonic atoms
493.670±0.029	BARKOV	79	EMUL	±	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^-$
493.657±0.020	[2] CHENG	75	CNTR	−	Kaonic atoms
493.691±0.040	BACKENSTO...	73	CNTR	−	Kaonic atoms
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
493.631±0.007	GALL	88	CNTR	−	K^- Pb (9→ 8)
493.675±0.026	GALL	88	CNTR	−	K^- Pb (11→ 10)
493.709±0.073	GALL	88	CNTR	−	K^- W (9→ 8)
493.806±0.095	GALL	88	CNTR	−	K^- W (11→ 10)
493.640±0.022±0.008	[3] CHENG	75	CNTR	−	K^- Pb (9→ 8)
493.658±0.019±0.012	[3] CHENG	75	CNTR	−	K^- Pb (10→ 9)
493.638±0.035±0.016	[3] CHENG	75	CNTR	−	K^- Pb (11→ 10)
493.753±0.042±0.021	[3] CHENG	75	CNTR	−	K^- Pb (12→ 11)
493.742±0.081±0.027	[3] CHENG	75	CNTR	−	K^- Pb (13→ 12)

[1] Error increased from 0.0059 based on the error analysis in IVANOV 92.

[2] This value is the authors' combination of all of the separate transitions listed for this paper.

[3] The CHENG 75 values for separate transitions were calculated from their Table 7 transition energies. The first error includes a 20% systematic error in the noncircular contaminant shift. The second error is due to a ±5 eV uncertainty in the theoretical transition energies.



$m_{K^+} - m_{K^-}$

Test of *CPT*.

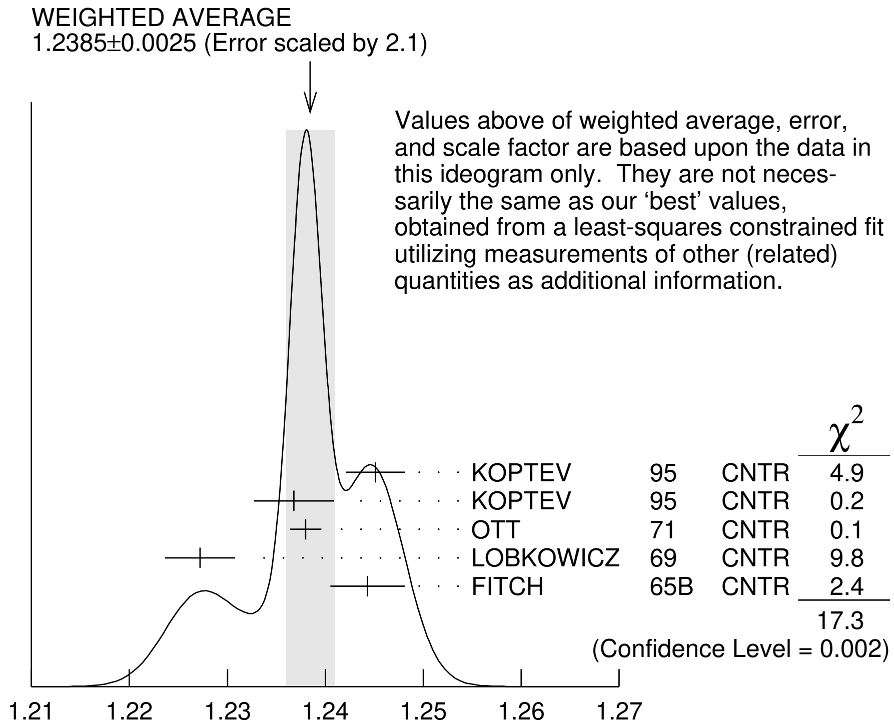
VALUE (MeV)	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
−0.032±0.090	1.5M	[4] FORD	72	ASPK	±

[4] FORD 72 uses $m_{\pi^+} - m_{\pi^-} = +28 \pm 70$ keV.

$K^{\pm}$ MEAN LIFE

VALUE (10^{-8} s)	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*	*COMMENT*
1.2385±0.0024 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.0.						
1.2385±0.0025 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 2.1. See the ideogram below.						
1.2451±0.0030	250k	KOPTEV	95	CNTR		*K* at rest, U target
1.2368±0.0041	150k	KOPTEV	95	CNTR		*K* at rest, Cu target
1.2380±0.0016	3M	OTT	71	CNTR	+	*K* at rest
1.2272±0.0036		LOBKOWICZ	69	CNTR	+	*K* in flight
1.2443±0.0038		FITCH	65B	CNTR	+	*K* at rest
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
1.2415±0.0024	400k	[5] KOPTEV	95	CNTR		*K* at rest
1.221 ±0.011		FORD	67	CNTR	±	
1.231 ±0.011		BOYARSKI	62	CNTR	+	

[5] KOPTEV 95 report this weighted average of their U-target and Cu-target results, where they have weighted by $1/\sigma$ rather than $1/\sigma^2$.



$K^{\pm}$ mean life (10^{-8} s)

$(\tau_{K^+} - \tau_{K^-}) / \tau_{\text{average}}$

This quantity is a measure of CPT invariance in weak interactions.

VALUE (%)	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*
0.11 ±0.09 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		
0.090±0.078	LOBKOWICZ	69	CNTR
0.47 ±0.30	FORD	67	CNTR

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K^+ DECAY MODES

K^- modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level

Leptonic and semileptonic modes

Γ_1	$e^+ \nu_e$		$(1.55 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_2	$\mu^+ \nu_\mu$		(63.44 ± 0.14) %	S=1.2
Γ_3	$\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$ Called K^+_{e3}.		(4.98 ± 0.07) %	S=1.3
Γ_4	$\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ Called $K^+_{\mu3}$.		(3.32 ± 0.06) %	S=1.2
Γ_5	$\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$		$(2.2 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_6	$\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$		$(4.09 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_7	$\pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$		$(1.4 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_8	$\pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$		$< 3.5 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%

Hadronic modes

Γ_9	$\pi^+ \pi^0$		(20.92 ± 0.12) %	S=1.1
Γ_{10}	$\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$		(1.757 ± 0.024) %	S=1.1
Γ_{11}	$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$		(5.590 ± 0.031) %	S=1.1

Leptonic and semileptonic modes with photons

Γ_{12}	$\mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma$	[a,b]	$(6.2 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{13}	$\mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^+)$	[c]	$< 3.0 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{14}	$\mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^+\mathrm{INT})$	[c]	$< 2.7 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{15}	$\mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^- + \mathrm{SD}^-\mathrm{INT})$	[c]	$< 2.6 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{16}	$e^+ \nu_e \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^+)$	[c]	$(1.52 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{17}	$e^+ \nu_e \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^-)$	[c]	$< 1.6 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{18}	$\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e \gamma$	[a,b]	$(2.69 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{19}	$\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e \gamma(\mathrm{SD})$	[c]	$< 5.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{20}	$\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma$	[a,b]	$(1.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{21}	$\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e \gamma$		$< 5 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%

Hadronic modes with photons

Γ_{22}	$\pi^+ \pi^0 \gamma$	[a,b]	$(2.75 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{23}	$\pi^+ \pi^0 \gamma(\mathrm{DE})$	[b,d]	$(4.3 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{24}	$\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$	[a,b]	$(7.6 {}^{+5.6}_{-3.0}) \times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{25}	$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$	[a,b]	$(1.04 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{26}	$\pi^+ \gamma \gamma$	[b]	$(1.10 \pm 0.32) \times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{27}	$\pi^+ 3\gamma$	[b]	$< 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%

Leptonic modes with $\ell\overline{\ell}$ pairs

Γ_{28}	$e^+ \nu_e \nu \overline{\nu}$		$< 6 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{29}	$\mu^+ \nu_\mu \nu \overline{\nu}$		$< 6.0 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{30}	$e^+ \nu_e e^+ e^-$		$(2.48 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-8}$	
Γ_{31}	$\mu^+ \nu_\mu e^+ e^-$		$(7.06 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-8}$	
Γ_{32}	$e^+ \nu_e \mu^+ \mu^-$		$(1.7 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-8}$	
Γ_{33}	$\mu^+ \nu_\mu \mu^+ \mu^-$		$< 4.1 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%

Lepton Family number (*LF*), Lepton number (*L*), $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ (*SQ*) violating modes, or $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current (*S1*) modes

Γ_{34}	$\pi^+\pi^+e^-\overline{\nu}_e$	*SQ*		< 1.2	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ_{35}	$\pi^+\pi^+\mu^-\overline{\nu}_\mu$	*SQ*		< 3.0	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%
Γ_{36}	$\pi^+e^+e^-$	*S1*		(2.88 ± 0.13)	$\times 10^{-7}$	
Γ_{37}	$\pi^+\mu^+\mu^-$	*S1*		(8.1 ± 1.4)	$\times 10^{-8}$	S=2.7
Γ_{38}	$\pi^+\nu\overline{\nu}$	*S1*		$(1.5\ ^{+1.3}_{-0.9})$	$\times 10^{-10}$	
Γ_{39}	$\pi^+\pi^0\nu\overline{\nu}$	*S1*		< 4.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{40}	$\mu^-\nu e^+e^+$	*LF*		< 2.0	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%
Γ_{41}	$\mu^+\nu_e$	*LF*	[e]	< 4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{42}	$\pi^+\mu^+e^-$	*LF*		< 1.3	$\times 10^{-11}$	CL=90%
Γ_{43}	$\pi^+\mu^-e^+$	*LF*		< 5.2	$\times 10^{-10}$	CL=90%
Γ_{44}	$\pi^-\mu^+e^+$	*L*		< 5.0	$\times 10^{-10}$	CL=90%
Γ_{45}	$\pi^-e^+e^+$	*L*		< 6.4	$\times 10^{-10}$	CL=90%
Γ_{46}	$\pi^-\mu^+\mu^+$	*L*	[e]	< 3.0	$\times 10^{-9}$	CL=90%
Γ_{47}	$\mu^+\overline{\nu}_e$	*L*	[e]	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{48}	$\pi^0e^+\overline{\nu}_e$	*L*		< 3	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{49}	$\pi^+\gamma$		[f]	< 2.3	$\times 10^{-9}$	CL=90%

[a] Most of this radiative mode, the low-momentum γ part, is also included in the parent mode listed without γ's.

[b] See the Particle Listings below for the energy limits used in this measurement.

[c] Structure-dependent part.

[d] Direct-emission branching fraction.

[e] Derived from an analysis of neutrino-oscillation experiments.

[f] Violates angular-momentum conservation.

CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to the mean life, a decay rate, and 12 branching ratios uses 26 measurements and one constraint to determine 8 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 30.0$ for 19 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta p_i \delta p_j \rangle / (\delta p_i \cdot \delta p_j)$, in percent, from the fit to parameters p_i, including the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i/\Gamma_{total}$. The fit constrains the x_i whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

x_3	−52						
x_4	−50	78					
x_5	−3	6	5				
x_9	−52	−36	−36	−2			
x_{10}	−8	−3	−3	0	−8		
x_{11}	−10	−6	−5	0	−9	4	
Γ	3	2	2	0	3	−1	−33
	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_9	x_{10}	x_{11}

	Mode	Rate (10^8 s^{-1})	Scale factor
Γ_2	$\mu^+ \nu_\mu$	0.5122 ± 0.0015	1.4
Γ_3	$\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$ Called K^+_{e3}.	0.0402 ± 0.0006	1.3
Γ_4	$\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ Called $K^+_{\mu3}$.	0.0268 ± 0.0005	1.2
Γ_5	$\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$	$(1.74 {}^{+0.35}_{-0.30}) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_9	$\pi^+ \pi^0$	0.1689 ± 0.0010	1.2
Γ_{10}	$\pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	0.01419 ± 0.00020	1.1
Γ_{11}	$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	0.04513 ± 0.00024	

$K^\pm$ DECAY RATES

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ Γ_2

VALUE (10^6 s^{-1})	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
51.22±0.15 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.4.				
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
51.2 ±0.8	FORD	67	CNTR	±

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$ Γ_{11}

VALUE (10^6 s^{-1})	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
4.513±0.024 OUR FIT					
4.511±0.024		[6] FORD	70	ASPK	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
4.529±0.032	3.2M	[6] FORD	70	ASPK	
4.496±0.030		[6] FORD	67	CNTR	±

[6] First FORD 70 value is second FORD 70 combined with FORD 67.

$(\Gamma(K^+) - \Gamma(K^-)) / \Gamma(K)$

$K^\pm \to \mu^\pm \nu_\mu$ RATE DIFFERENCE/AVERAGE

Test of *CPT* conservation.

VALUE (%)	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*
−0.54±0.41	FORD	67	CNTR

$K^\pm \to \pi^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-$ RATE DIFFERENCE/AVERAGE

Test of *CP* conservation.

VALUE (%)	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
0.08±0.12		[7] FORD	70	ASPK	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
−0.02±0.16		[8] SMITH	73	ASPK	±
0.10±0.14	3.2M	[7] FORD	70	ASPK	
−0.50±0.90		FLETCHER	67	OSPK	
−0.04±0.21		[7] FORD	67	CNTR	

[7] First FORD 70 value is second FORD 70 combined with FORD 67.
[8] SMITH 73 value of $K^\pm \to \pi^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-$ rate difference is derived from SMITH 73 value of $K^\pm \to \pi^\pm 2\pi^0$ rate difference.

$K^\pm \to \pi^\pm \pi^0 \pi^0$ RATE DIFFERENCE/AVERAGE

Test of *CP* conservation.

VALUE (%)	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
0.0 ±0.6 OUR AVERAGE					
0.08±0.58		SMITH	73	ASPK	±
−1.1 ±1.8	1802	HERZO	69	OSPK	

$K^\pm \to \pi^\pm \pi^0$ RATE DIFFERENCE/AVERAGE

Test of *CPT* conservation.

VALUE (%)	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*
0.8±1.2	HERZO	69	OSPK

$K^\pm \to \pi^\pm \pi^0 \gamma$ RATE DIFFERENCE/AVERAGE

Test of *CP* conservation.

VALUE (%)	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*	*COMMENT*
0.9±3.3 OUR AVERAGE						
0.8±5.8	2461	SMITH	76	WIRE	±	E_π 55–90 MeV
1.0±4.0	4000	ABRAMS	73B	ASPK	±	E_π 51–100 MeV

K^+ BRANCHING RATIOS

Leptonic and semileptonic modes

$\Gamma(e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu)$ — Γ_1/Γ_2

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
2.45±0.11 OUR AVERAGE					
2.51±0.15	404	HEINTZE	76	SPEC	+
2.37±0.17	534	HEARD	75B	SPEC	+
2.42±0.42	112	CLARK	72	OSPK	+

$\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — Γ_2/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
63.44±0.14 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.						
63.60±0.16 OUR AVERAGE						
63.66±0.09±0.15	865k	[9] AMBROSINO	06A	KLOE	+	
63.24±0.44	62k	CHIANG	72	OSPK	+	1.84 GeV/c K^+

[9] Fully inclusive. Used tagged kaons from ϕ decays.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — Γ_3/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
4.98±0.07 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.3.						
4.86±0.10	3516	CHIANG	72	OSPK	+	1.84 GeV/c K^+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
4.7 ±0.3	429	SHAKLEE	64	HLBC	+	
5.0 ±0.5		ROE	61	HLBC	+	

$\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu)$ — Γ_3/Γ_2

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
0.0784±0.0012 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.3.					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
0.069 ±0.006	350	ZELLER	69	ASPK	+
0.0775±0.0033	960	BOTTERILL	68C	ASPK	+
0.069 ±0.006	561	GARLAND	68	OSPK	+
0.0791±0.0054	295	[10] AUERBACH	67	OSPK	+

[10] AUERBACH 67 changed from 0.0797 ± 0.0054. See comment with ratio $\Gamma(\pi^0\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu)$. The value 0.0785 ± 0.0025 given in AUERBACH 67 is an average of AUERBACH 67 $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu)$ and CESTER 66 $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)/\big[\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu) + \Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)\big]$.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)/\big[\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu)+\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)\big]$ — $\Gamma_3/(\Gamma_2+\Gamma_9)$

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
5.90±0.09 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.3.					
6.02±0.15 OUR AVERAGE					
6.16±0.22	5110	ESCHSTRUTH	68	OSPK	+
5.89±0.21	1679	CESTER	66	OSPK	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
5.92±0.65		[11] WEISSENBE...	76	SPEC	+

[11] Value calculated from WEISSENBERG 76 ($\pi^0 e\nu$), ($\mu\nu$), and ($\pi\pi^0$) values to eliminate dependence on our 1974 ($\pi 2\pi^0$) and ($\pi\pi^+\pi^-$) fractions.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)/\big[\Gamma(\pi^0\mu^+\nu_\mu)+\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)+\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0)\big]$ — $\Gamma_3/(\Gamma_4+\Gamma_9+\Gamma_{10})$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
0.1914±0.0029 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.3.					
0.1962±0.0008±0.0035	71k	SHER	03	B865	+

$\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^0)$ — Γ_3/Γ_9

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
0.238±0.004 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.3.						
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
0.221±0.012	786	[12] LUCAS	73B	HBC	−	Dalitz pairs only

[12] LUCAS 73B gives N(K_{e3}) = 786 ± 3.1%, N(2π) = 3564 ± 3.1%. We divide.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)$ — Γ_3/Γ_{11}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
0.890±0.014 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.3.					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
0.867±0.027	2768	BARMIN	87	XEBC	+
0.856±0.040	2827	BRAUN	75	HLBC	+
0.850±0.019	4385	[13] HAIDT	71	HLBC	+
0.846±0.021	4385	[13] EICHTEN	68	HLBC	+
0.94 ±0.09	854	BELLOTTI	67B	HLBC	
0.90 ±0.06	230	BORREANI	64	HBC	+

[13] HAIDT 71 is a reanalysis of EICHTEN 68. Not included in average because of large discrepancy in $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu)/\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu)$ with more precise results.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\rm total}$ — Γ_4/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
3.32±0.06 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.						
3.33±0.16	2345	CHIANG	72	OSPK	+	1.84 GeV/c K^+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
2.8 ±0.4		[14] TAYLOR	59	EMUL	+	

[14] Earlier experiments not averaged.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ — Γ_4/Γ_2

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
0.0524±0.0010 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
0.054 ±0.009	240	ZELLER	69	ASPK	+
0.0480±0.0037	424	[15] GARLAND	68	OSPK	+
0.0486±0.0040	307	[16] AUERBACH	67	OSPK	+

[15] GARLAND 68 changed from 0.055 ± 0.004 in agreement with μ-spectrum calculation of GAILLARD 70 appendix B. L.G.Pondrom, (private communication 73).

[16] AUERBACH 67 changed from 0.0602 ± 0.0046 by erratum which brings the μ-spectrum calculation into agreement with GAILLARD 70 appendix B.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)$ — Γ_4/Γ_3

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
0.668±0.008 OUR FIT						
0.670±0.008 OUR AVERAGE						
0.671±0.007±0.008	24k	HORIE	01	SPEC		
0.670±0.014		[17] HEINTZE	77	SPEC	+	
0.667±0.017	5601	BOTTERILL	68B	ASPK	+	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.608±0.014	1585	[18] BRAUN	75	HLBC	+	
0.705±0.063	554	[19] LUCAS	73B	HBC	−	Dalitz pairs only
0.698±0.025	3480	[20] CHIANG	72	OSPK	+	1.84 GeV/c K^+
0.596±0.025		[21] HAIDT	71	HLBC	+	
0.604±0.022	1398	[21] EICHTEN	68	HLBC		
0.703±0.056	1509	CALLAHAN	66B	HLBC		

[17] HEINTZE 77 value from fit to λ_0. Assumes μ-e universality.

[18] BRAUN 75 value is from form factor fit. Assumes μ-e universality.

[19] LUCAS 73B gives N($K_{\mu3}$) = 554 ± 7.6%, N(K_{e3}) = 786 ± 3.1%. We divide.

[20] CHIANG 72 $\Gamma(\pi^0\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)$ is statistically independent of CHIANG 72 $\Gamma(\pi^0\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ and $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$.

[21] HAIDT 71 is a reanalysis of EICHTEN 68. Not included in average because of large discrepancy with more precise results.

$\left[\Gamma(\pi^0\mu^+\nu_\mu)+\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)\right]/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — $(\Gamma_4+\Gamma_9)/\Gamma$

We combine these two modes for experiments measuring them in xenon bubble chamber because of difficulties of separating them there.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
24.24±0.11 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.				
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
25.4 ±0.9	886	SHAKLEE	64	HLBC	+
23.4 ±1.1		ROE	61	HLBC	+

$\Gamma(\pi^0\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)$ — Γ_4/Γ_{11}

VALUE	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*	*COMMENT*
0.594±0.011 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
0.503±0.019	1505	[22] HAIDT	71	HLBC	+	
0.510±0.017	1505	[22] EICHTEN	68	HLBC	+	
0.63 ±0.07	2845	[23] BISI	65B	BC	+	HBC+HLBC

[22] HAIDT 71 is a reanalysis of EICHTEN 68. Not included in average because of large discrepancy in $\Gamma(\pi^0\mu^+\nu)/\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\nu)$ with more precise results.

[23] Error enlarged for background problems. See GAILLARD 70.

$\Gamma(\pi^0\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — Γ_5/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
2.2 ±0.4 OUR FIT					
2.54±0.89	10	BARMIN	88B	HLBC	+

$\Gamma(\pi^0\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)$ — Γ_5/Γ_3

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
$4.3^{+0.9}_{-0.7}$ OUR FIT					
$4.1^{+1.0}_{-0.7}$ OUR AVERAGE					
$4.2^{+1.0}_{-0.9}$	25	BOLOTOV	86B	CALO	−
$3.8^{+5.0}_{-1.2}$	2	LJUNG	73	HLBC	+

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)$ — Γ_6/Γ_{11}

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
7.31±0.16 OUR AVERAGE					
7.35±0.01±0.19	388k	[24] PISLAK	01	B865	
7.21±0.32	30k	ROSSELET	77	SPEC	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
7.36±0.68	500	BOURQUIN	71	ASPK	
7.0 ±0.9	106	SCHWEINB...	71	HLBC	+
5.83±0.63	269	ELY	69	HLBC	+

[24] PISLAK 01 reports $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = (4.109 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.110) \times 10^{-5}$ using the PDG 00 value $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = (5.59 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-2}$. We divide by the PDG value and unfold its error from the systematic error. PISLAK 03 gives additional details on the branching ratio measurement and gives improved errors on the S-wave π-π scattering length: $a_0^0 = 0.216 \pm 0.013(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.002(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.002(\text{theor.})$.

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — Γ_7/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
$0.77^{+0.54}_{-0.50}$	1	CLINE	65	FBC	+

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)$ — Γ_7/Γ_{11}

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
2.57±1.55	7	BISI	67	DBC	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
~ 2.5	1	GREINER	64	EMUL	+

$\Gamma(\pi^0\pi^0\pi^0e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — Γ_8/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-6})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
<3.5	90	0	BOLOTOV	88	SPEC	−
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
<9	90	0	BARMIN	92	XEBC	+

Hadronic modes

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — Γ_9/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
20.92±0.12 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.						
21.18±0.28	16k	CHIANG	72	OSPK	+	1.84 GeV/c K^+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
21.0 ±0.6		CALLAHAN	65	HLBC		See $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)$

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)$ — Γ_9/Γ_{11}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
3.742±0.032 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
3.96 ±0.15	1045	CALLAHAN	66	FBC	+

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu)$ — Γ_9/Γ_2

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
0.3297±0.0024 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.						
0.3325±0.0032 OUR AVERAGE						
0.3329±0.0047±0.0010	45k	USHER	92	SPEC	+	$p\overline{p}$ at rest
0.3355±0.0057		[25] WEISSENBE...	76	SPEC	+	
0.3277±0.0065	4517	[26] AUERBACH	67	OSPK	+	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
0.328 ±0.005	25k	[25] WEISSENBE...	74	STRC	+	
0.305 ±0.018	1600	ZELLER	69	ASPK	+	

[25] WEISSENBERG 76 revises WEISSENBERG 74.
[26] AUERBACH 67 changed from 0.3253 ± 0.0065. See comment with ratio $\Gamma(\pi^0\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu)$.

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{10}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
1.757±0.024 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.						
1.775±0.028 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.2.						
1.763±0.013±0.022		ALOISIO	04A	KLOE	±	
1.84 ±0.06	1307	CHIANG	72	OSPK	+	1.84 GeV/c K^+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
1.53 ±0.11	198	[27] PANDOULAS	70	EMUL	+	
1.8 ±0.2	108	SHAKLEE	64	HLBC	+	
1.7 ±0.2		ROE	61	HLBC	+	
1.5 ±0.2		[28] TAYLOR	59	EMUL	+	

[27] Includes events of TAYLOR 59.
[28] Earlier experiments not averaged.

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)$ — Γ_{10}/Γ_9

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
0.0840±0.0013 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.						
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
0.081 ±0.005	574	[29] LUCAS	73B	HBC	−	Dalitz pairs only

[29] LUCAS 73B gives N($\pi 2\pi^0$) = 574 ± 5.9%, N(2π) = 3564 ± 3.1%. We quote 0.5N($\pi 2\pi^0$)/N(2π) where 0.5 is because only Dalitz pair π^0's were used.

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)$ — Γ_{10}/Γ_{11}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
0.314±0.005 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.						
0.303±0.009	2027	BISI	65	BC	+	HBC+HLBC
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
0.393±0.099	17	YOUNG	65	EMUL	+	

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{11}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
5.590±0.031 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
5.56 ±0.20	2330	[30] CHIANG	72	OSPK	+	1.84 GeV/c K^+
5.34 ±0.21	693	[31] PANDOULAS	70	EMUL	+	
5.71 ±0.15		DEMARCO	65	HBC		
6.0 ±0.4	44	YOUNG	65	EMUL	+	
5.54 ±0.12	2332	CALLAHAN	64	HLBC	+	
5.1 ±0.2	540	SHAKLEE	64	HLBC	+	
5.7 ±0.3		ROE	61	HLBC	+	

[30] Value is not independent of CHIANG 72 $\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{total}$, $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{total}$, $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{total}$, $\Gamma(\pi^0\mu^+\nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{total}$, and $\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\nu_e)/\Gamma_{total}$.
[31] Includes events of TAYLOR 59.

Leptonic and semileptonic modes with photons

$\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu\gamma)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{12}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
6.2±0.8 OUR AVERAGE						
6.6±1.5		[32,33] DEMIDOV	90	XEBC		P(μ) <231.5 MeV/c
6.0±0.9		BARMIN	88	HLBC	+	P(μ) <231.5 MeV/c
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
3.5±0.8		[33,34] DEMIDOV	90	XEBC		E(γ) > 20 MeV
3.2±0.5	57	[35] BARMIN	88	HLBC	+	$E(\gamma)$ >20 MeV
5.4±0.3		[36] AKIBA	85	SPEC		P(μ) <231.5 MeV/c

[32] P(μ) cut given in DEMIDOV 90 paper, 235.1 MeV/c, is a misprint according to authors (private communication).
[33] DEMIDOV 90 quotes only inner bremsstrahlung (IB) part.
[34] Not independent of above DEMIDOV 90 value. Cuts differ.
[35] Not independent of above BARMIN 88 value. Cuts differ.
[36] Assumes μ-e universality and uses constraints from $K \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$.

$\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu\gamma(\mathrm{SD}^+))/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{13}/Γ

Structure-dependent part with $+\gamma$ helicity (SD$^+$ term). See the "Note on $\pi^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm\nu\gamma$ and $K^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm\nu\gamma$ Form Factors" in the $\pi^\pm$ section of the Particle Data Listings above.

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN
<3.0	90	AKIBA	85	SPEC

$\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu\gamma(\mathrm{SD^+INT}))/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{14}/Γ

Interference term between internal Bremsstrahlung and SD$^+$ term. See the "Note on $\pi^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm\nu\gamma$ and $K^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm\nu\gamma$ Form Factors" in the $\pi^\pm$ section of the Particle Data Listings above.

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN
<2.7	90	AKIBA	85	SPEC

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^- + \mathrm{SD}^-\mathrm{INT}))/\Gamma_{\mathrm{total}}$ Γ_{15}/Γ

Sum of structure-dependent part with $-\gamma$ helicity (SD^- term) and interference term between internal Bremsstrahlung and SD^- term. See the "Note on $\pi^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ and $K^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ Form Factors" in the $\pi^\pm$ section of the Particle Data Listings above.

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN
<2.6	90	[37] AKIBA	85	SPEC

[37] Assumes μ-e universality and uses constraints from $K \rightarrow e \nu \gamma$.

$\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^+))/\Gamma_{\mathrm{total}}$ Γ_{16}/Γ

Structure-dependent part with $+\gamma$ helicity (SD^+ term). See the "Note on $\pi^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ and $K^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ Form Factors" in the $\pi^\pm$ section of the Particle Data Listings above.

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
<7.1	90	MACEK	70	OSPK	+	P(e) 234–247

$\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^+))/\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e)$ Γ_{16}/Γ_1

Structure-dependent part with $+\gamma$ helicity (SD^+ term). See the "Note on $\pi^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ and $K^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ Form Factors" in the $\pi^\pm$ section of the Particle Data Listings above.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
$1.05^{+0.25}_{-0.30}$	56	[38] HEARD	75	SPEC	+	P(e) 236–247

[38] This value is included in the first HEINTZE 79 value in the section on $\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^+))/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ above.

$\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^+))/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$ Γ_{16}/Γ_2

Structure-dependent part with $+\gamma$ helicity (SD^+ term). See the "Note on $\pi^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ and $K^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ Form Factors" in the $\pi^\pm$ section of the Particle Data Listings above.

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
2.40±0.36	107	[39] HEINTZE	79	SPEC	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
2.33±0.42	51	[39] HEINTZE	79	SPEC	+

[39] First HEINTZE 79 result is second combined with HEARD 75 result from section $\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^+))/\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e)$ below.

$\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e \gamma(\mathrm{SD}^-))/\Gamma_{\mathrm{total}}$ Γ_{17}/Γ

Structure-dependent part with $-\gamma$ helicity (SD^- term). See the "Note on $\pi^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ and $K^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \gamma$ Form Factors" in the $\pi^\pm$ section of the Particle Data Listings above.

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
<1.6	90	[40] HEINTZE	79	SPEC	+

[40] Implies (axial vector/vector) amplitude ratio outside range from -1.8 to -0.54.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e \gamma)/\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e)$ — Γ_{18}/Γ_3

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
0.54±0.04 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.					
0.46±0.08	82	[41] BARMIN	91	XEBC		$E(\gamma) > 10$ MeV, $0.6 < \cos\theta_{e\,\gamma} < 0.9$
0.56±0.04	192	[42] BOLOTOV	86B	CALO	$-$	$E(\gamma) > 10$ MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
1.51±0.25	82	[41] BARMIN	91	XEBC		$E(\gamma) > 10$ MeV, $\cos\theta_{e\,\gamma} < 0.98$
0.48±0.20	16	[43] LJUNG	73	HLBC	+	$E(\gamma) > 30$ MeV
$0.22^{+0.15}_{-0.10}$		[43] LJUNG	73	HLBC	+	$E(\gamma) > 30$ MeV
0.76±0.28	13	[44] ROMANO	71	HLBC		$E(\gamma) > 10$ MeV
0.53±0.22		[44] ROMANO	71	HLBC	+	$E(\gamma) > 30$ MeV

[41] BARMIN 91 quotes branching ratio $\Gamma(K \to e\pi^0\nu\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{all}}$. The measured normalization is $[\Gamma(K \to e\pi^0\nu) + \Gamma(K \to \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-)]$. For comparison with other experiments we used $\Gamma(K \to e\pi^0\nu)/\Gamma_{\text{all}} = 0.0482$ to calculate the values quoted here.

[42] $\cos\theta(e\gamma)$ between 0.6 and 0.9.

[43] First LJUNG 73 value is for $\cos\theta(e\gamma) < 0.9$, second value is for $\cos\theta(e\gamma)$ between 0.6 and 0.9 for comparison with ROMANO 71.

[44] Both ROMANO 71 values are for $\cos\theta(e\gamma)$ between 0.6 and 0.9. Second value is for comparison with second LJUNG 73 value. We use lowest $E(\gamma)$ cut for Summary Table value. See ROMANO 71 for E_γ dependence.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ \nu_e \gamma(\text{SD}))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — Γ_{19}/Γ

Structure-dependent part.

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
<5.3	90	BOLOTOV	86B	CALO	$-$

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — Γ_{20}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
1.46±0.22±0.32		153	[45] TCHIKILEV	07	ISTR	$-$	$30 < E_\gamma < 60$ MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •							
2.4 ±0.5 ±0.6		125	SHIMIZU	06	K470	+	$E_\gamma > 30$ MeV; $\Theta_{\mu\gamma} > 20°$
<6.1	90	0	LJUNG	73	HLBC	+	$E(\gamma) > 30$ MeV

[45] Obtained from measuring $B(K_{\mu3\gamma})$ / $B(K_{\mu3})$ and using PDG 02 value $B(K_{\mu3}) = 3.37\%$. $B(K_{\mu3\gamma}) = (8.82 \pm 0.94 \pm 0.86) \times 10^{-5}$ is obtained for 5 MeV $< E_\gamma <$ 30 MeV.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — Γ_{21}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-6})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<5	90	0	BARMIN	92	XEBC	+	$E_\gamma > 10$ MeV

Hadronic modes with photons

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\gamma)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{22}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
2.75±0.15 OUR AVERAGE							
2.71±0.45		140	BOLOTOV	87	WIRE	−	$T\pi^-$ 55–90 MeV
2.87±0.32		2461	SMITH	76	WIRE	±	$T\pi^\pm$ 55–90 MeV
2.71±0.19		2100	ABRAMS	72	ASPK	±	$T\pi^+$ 55–90 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •							
$1.5\ ^{+1.1}_{-0.6}$			[46] LJUNG	73	HLBC	+	$T\pi^+$ 55–80 MeV
$2.6\ ^{+1.5}_{-1.1}$			[46] LJUNG	73	HLBC	+	$T\pi^+$ 55–90 MeV
$6.8\ ^{+3.7}_{-2.1}$		17	[46] LJUNG	73	HLBC	+	$T\pi^+$ 55–102 MeV
2.4 ±0.8		24	EDWARDS	72	OSPK		$T\pi^+$ 58–90 MeV
<1.0		0	[47] MALTSEV	70	HLBC	+	$T\pi^+$ <55 MeV
<1.9	90	0	EMMERSON	69	OSPK		$T\pi^+$ 55–80 MeV
2.2 ±0.7		18	CLINE	64	FBC	+	$T\pi^+$ 55–80 MeV

[46] The LJUNG 73 values are not independent.
[47] MALTSEV 70 selects low π^+ energy to enhance direct emission contribution.

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\gamma(\mathrm{DE}))/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{23}/Γ

Direct emission (DE) part of $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\gamma)/\Gamma_{total}$, assuming that interference (INT) component is zero.

VALUE (units 10^{-6})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
4.3±0.7 OUR AVERAGE						
3.8±0.8±0.7	10k	ALIEV	06	K470	+	$T\pi^+$ 55–90 MeV
3.7±3.9±1.0	930	UVAROV	06	ISTR	−	$T\pi^-$ 55–90 MeV
4.7±0.8±0.3	20k	[48] ADLER	00C	B787	+	$T\pi^+$ 55–90 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
3.2±1.3±1.0	4k	ALIEV	03	K470	+	$T\pi^+$ 55–90 MeV
6.1±2.5±1.9	4k	ALIEV	03	K470	+	$T\pi^+$ full range
$20.5\pm4.6\ ^{+3.9}_{-2.3}$		BOLOTOV	87	WIRE	−	$T\pi^-$ 55–90 MeV
15.6±3.5±5.0		ABRAMS	72	ASPK	±	$T\pi^\pm$ 55–90 MeV

[48] ADLER 00C measures the INT component to be (−0.4 ± 1.6)% of the inner bremsstrahlung (IB) component.

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0\gamma)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\pi^0)$ — Γ_{24}/Γ_{10}

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
$\mathbf{4.3^{+3.2}_{-1.7}}$	BOLOTOV	85	SPEC	−	$E(\gamma) > 10$ MeV

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-\gamma)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{25}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
1.04±0.31 OUR AVERAGE						
1.10±0.48	7	BARMIN	89	XEBC		$E(\gamma) > 5$ MeV
1.0 ±0.4		STAMER	65	EMUL	+	$E(\gamma) >11$ MeV

$\Gamma(\pi^+\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{26}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-7})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
11±3 ±1		31	[49] KITCHING	97	B787		
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •							
< 0.083	90		[50] ARTAMONOV	05	B949	+	P_π > 213 MeV/c
< 10	90	0	ATIYA	90B	B787		$T\pi$ 117–127 MeV
< 84	90	0	ASANO	82	CNTR	+	$T\pi$ 117–127 MeV
−420 ± 520		0	ABRAMS	77	SPEC	+	$T\pi$ < 92 MeV
< 350	90	0	LJUNG	73	HLBC	+	6–102, 114–127 MeV
< 500	90	0	KLEMS	71	OSPK	+	$T\pi$ < 117 MeV
−100 ± 600			CHEN	68	OSPK	+	$T\pi$ 60–90 MeV

[49] KITCHING 97 is extrapolated from their model-independent branching fraction $(6.0 \pm 1.5 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-7}$ for 100 MeV/c<P_{π^+} < 180 MeV/c using Chiral Perturbation Theory.

[50] ARTAMONOV 05 limit assumes ChPT with $\hat{c}$= 1.8 with unitarity corrections. With $\hat{c}$= 1.6 and no unitarity corrections they obtain < 2.3×10^{-8} at 90% CL. This partial branching ratio is predicted to be 6.10×10^{-9} and 0.49×10^{-9} for the cases with and without unitarity correction.

$\Gamma(\pi^+3\gamma)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{27}/Γ

Values given here assume a phase space pion energy spectrum.

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<1.0	90	ASANO	82	CNTR	+	$T(\pi)$ 117–127 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
<3.0	90	KLEMS	71	OSPK	+	$T(\pi)$ >117 MeV

Leptonic modes with $\ell\overline{\ell}$ pairs

$\Gamma(e^+\nu_e\nu\overline{\nu})/\Gamma(e^+\nu_e)$ — Γ_{28}/Γ_1

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
<3.8	90	0	HEINTZE	79	SPEC	+

$\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu\nu\overline{\nu})/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{29}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-6})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
<6.0	90	0	[51] PANG	73	CNTR	+

[51] PANG 73 assumes μ spectrum from ν-ν interaction of BARDIN 70.

$\Gamma(e^+\nu_e e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{30}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-8})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
2.48± 0.14±0.14	410	POBLAGUEV	02	B865	+	m_{ee} >150 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
20 ±20	4	DIAMANT-...	76	SPEC	+	$m_{e^+e^-}$ >140 MeV

$\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{31}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-8})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
7.06± 0.16±0.26	2.7k	POBLAGUEV	02	B865	+	m_{ee} >145 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
100 ±30	14	DIAMANT-...	76	SPEC	+	$m_{e^+e^-}$ >140 MeV

$\Gamma(e^+\nu_e\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{32}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-8})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN
1.72±0.45		MA	06	B865
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<50	90	ADLER	98	B787

$\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_\mu\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{33}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-7})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
<4.1	90	ATIYA	89	B787	+

Lepton Family number (*LF*), Lepton number (*L*), $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ (*SQ*) violating modes, or $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current (*S1*) modes

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+e^-\overline{\nu}_e)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{34}/Γ

Test of $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ rule.

VALUE (units 10^{-7})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
< 9.0	95	0	SCHWEINB...	71	HLBC	+
< 6.9	95	0	ELY	69	HLBC	+
<20.	95		BIRGE	65	FBC	+

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+e^-\overline{\nu}_e)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-e^+\nu_e)$ Γ_{34}/Γ_6

Test of $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ rule.

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN
< 3	90	3	[52] BLOCH	76	SPEC
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<130.	95	0	BOURQUIN	71	ASPK

[52] BLOCH 76 quotes 3.6×10^{-4} at CL = 95%, we convert.

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^+\mu^-\overline{\nu}_\mu)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{35}/Γ

Test of $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ rule.

VALUE (units 10^{-6})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
<3.0	95	0	BIRGE	65	FBC	+

$\Gamma(\pi^+e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{36}/Γ

Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by combined first-order weak and electromagnetic interactions.

VALUE (units 10^{-7})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
2.88±0.13 OUR AVERAGE					
2.94±0.05±0.14	10300	[53] APPEL	99	SPEC	+
2.75±0.23±0.13	500	[54] ALLIEGRO	92	SPEC	+
2.7 ±0.5	41	[55] BLOCH	75	SPEC	+

[53] APPEL 99 establishes vector nature of this decay and determines form factor $f(Z)=f_0(1+\delta Z)$, $Z=M^2_{ee}/m^2_K$, δ=2.14 ± 0.13 ± 0.15.

[54] ALLIEGRO 92 assumes a vector interaction with a form factor given by λ = 0.105 ± 0.035 ± 0.015 and a correlation coefficient of −0.82.

[55] BLOCH 75 assumes a vector interaction.

$\Gamma(\pi^+\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{37}/Γ

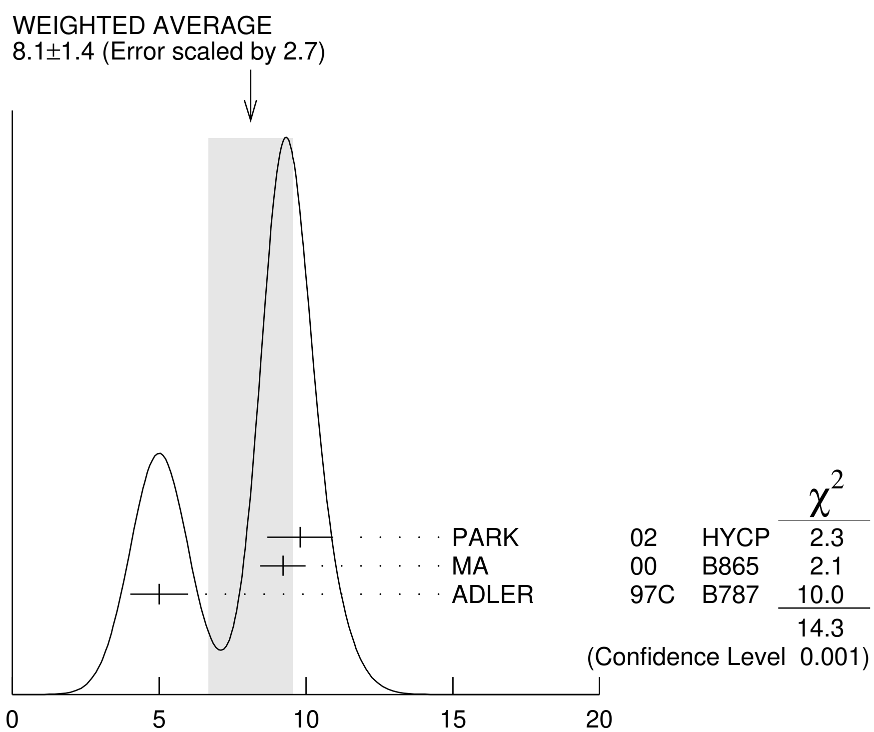
Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE (units 10^{-8})	*CL%*	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*	*TECN*	*CHG*
8.1 ±1.4 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 2.7. See the ideogram below.					
9.8 ±1.0 ±0.5		110	[56] PARK 02	HYCP	±
9.22±0.60±0.49		402	[57] MA 00	B865	+
5.0 ±0.4 ±0.9		207	[58] ADLER 97C	B787	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
9.7 ±1.2 ±0.4		65	PARK 02	HYCP	+
10.0 ±1.9 ±0.7		35	PARK 02	HYCP	−
<23	90		ATIYA 89	B787	+

[56] PARK 02 "±" result comes from combining $K^+ \to \pi^+\mu^+\mu^-$ and $K^- \to \pi^-\mu^+\mu^-$, assuming *CP* is conserved.

[57] MA 00 establishes vector nature of this decay and determines form factor $f(Z)= f_0(1+\delta Z)$, $Z=M^2_{\mu\mu}/m^2_K$, $\delta=2.45^{+1.30}_{-0.95}$. .

[58] ADLER 97C gives systematic error 0.7×10^{-8} and theoretical uncertainty 0.6×10^{-8}, which we combine in quadrature to obtain our second error.



$\Gamma(\pi^+\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{37}/Γ

$\Gamma(\pi^+\nu\overline{\nu})/\Gamma_{total}$ Γ_{38}/Γ

Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions. Branching ratio values are extrapolated from the momentum or energy regions shown in the comments assuming Standard Model phase space except for those labeled "Scalar" or "Tensor" to indicate the assumed non-Standard-Model interaction.

VALUE (units 10^{-9})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
$0.147^{+0.130}_{-0.089}$		3	[59] ANISIMOVSK...	04	B949	+	$211 < P_\pi < 229$ MeV/c
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •							
$<$ 2.2	90		[60] ADLER	04	B787	+	$140 < P_\pi < 195$ MeV/c
$0.157^{+0.175}_{-0.082}$		2	ADLER	02	B787		$P_\pi > 211$ MeV/c
$<$ 4.2	90	1	ADLER	02C	B787		$140 < P_\pi < 195$ MeV/c
$<$ 4.7	90		ADLER	02C	B787		Scalar
$<$ 2.5	90		ADLER	02C	B787		Tensor
$0.15\ ^{+0.34}_{-0.12}$		1	ADLER	00	B787		In ADLER 02
$0.42\ ^{+0.97}_{-0.35}$		1	ADLER	97	B787		
$<$ 2.4	90		ADLER	96	B787		
$<$ 7.5	90		ATIYA	93	B787	+	$T(\pi)$ 115–127 MeV
$<$ 5.2	90		[61] ATIYA	93	B787	+	
$<$ 17	90	0	ATIYA	93B	B787	+	$T(\pi)$ 60–100 MeV
$<$ 34	90		ATIYA	90	B787	+	
$<$140	90		ASANO	81B	CNTR	+	$T(\pi)$ 116–127 MeV

[59] Value obtained combining the previous E787 result ADLER 02 with 2 evts and the present E949 with 1 evt. The additional event has a signal-to-background ratio 0.9.

[60] Value obtained combining the previous result ADLER 02C with 1 event and the present result with 0 events to obtain an expected background 1.22 ± 0.24 evts and 1 evt observed.

[61] Combining ATIYA 93 and ATIYA 93B results. Superseded by ADLER 96.

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0\nu\overline{\nu})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — Γ_{39}/Γ

Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN
<4.3	90	[62] ADLER	01	SPEC

[62] Search region defined by 90 MeV/$c < P_{\pi^+} <$ 188 MeV/c and 135 MeV $< E_{\pi^0} <$ 180 MeV.

$\Gamma(\mu^-\nu e^+ e^+)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^- e^+\nu_e)$ — Γ_{40}/Γ_6

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
<0.5	90	0	[63] DIAMANT-...	76	SPEC	+

[63] DIAMANT-BERGER 76 quotes this result times our 1975 $\pi^+\pi^- e\nu$ BR ratio.

$\Gamma(\mu^+\nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ — Γ_{41}/Γ

Forbidden by lepton family number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<0.004	90	0	[64] LYONS	81	HLBC	0	200 GeV K^+ narrow band ν beam
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •							
<0.012	90		[64] COOPER	82	HLBC		Wideband ν beam

[64] COOPER 82 and LYONS 81 limits on ν_e observation are here interpreted as limits on lepton family number violation in the absence of mixing.

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{42}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE (units 10^{-10})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
<0.13	90	[65] SHER	05	RVUE	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<0.21	90	SHER	05	B865	+
<0.39	90	APPEL	00	B865	+
<2.1	90	LEE	90	SPEC	+

[65] This result combines SHER 05 1998 data, APPEL 00 1996 data, and data from BERGMAN 97 and PISLAK 97 theses, all from BNL-E865, with LEE 90 BNL-E777 data.

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^- e^+)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{43}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

VALUE (units 10^{-10})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
< 5.2	90	0	APPEL	00B	B865	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
<70	90	0	[66] DIAMANT-...	76	SPEC	+

[66] Measurement actually applies to the sum of the $\pi^+ \mu^- e^+$ and $\pi^- \mu^+ e^+$ modes.

$\Gamma(\pi^- \mu^+ e^+)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{44}/Γ

Test of total lepton number conservation.

VALUE (units 10^{-10})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
< 5.0	90	0	APPEL	00B	B865	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
<70	90	0	[67] DIAMANT-...	76	SPEC	+

[67] Measurement actually applies to the sum of the $\pi^+ \mu^- e^+$ and $\pi^- \mu^+ e^+$ modes.

$\Gamma(\pi^- e^+ e^+)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{45}/Γ

Test of total lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
$<6.4 \times 10^{-10}$	90	0	APPEL	00B	B865	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
$<9.2 \times 10^{-9}$	90	0	DIAMANT-...	76	SPEC	+
$<1.5 \times 10^{-5}$			CHANG	68	HBC	−

$\Gamma(\pi^- \mu^+ \mu^+)/\Gamma_{total}$ — Γ_{46}/Γ

Forbidden by total lepton number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
$<3.0 \times 10^{-9}$	90	0	APPEL	00B	B865	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
$<1.5 \times 10^{-4}$	90		[68] LITTENBERG	92	HBC	

[68] LITTENBERG 92 is from retroactive data analysis of CHANG 68 bubble chamber data.

$\Gamma(\mu^+\overline{\nu}_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{47}/Γ

Forbidden by total lepton number conservation.

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	*CL%*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*COMMENT*
<3.3	90	[69] COOPER	82	HLBC	Wideband ν beam

[69] COOPER 82 limit on $\overline{\nu}_e$ observation is here interpreted as a limit on lepton number violation in the absence of mixing.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+\overline{\nu}_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{48}/Γ

Forbidden by total lepton number conservation.

VALUE	*CL%*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*COMMENT*
<0.003	90	[70] COOPER	82	HLBC	Wideband ν beam

[70] COOPER 82 limit on $\overline{\nu}_e$ observation is here interpreted as a limit on lepton number violation in the absence of mixing.

$\Gamma(\pi^+\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{49}/Γ

Violates angular momentum conservation and gauge invariance. Current interest in this decay is as a search for non-commutative space-time effects as discussed in ARTAMONOV 05 and for exotic physics such as a vacuum expectation value of a new vector field, non-local Superstring effects, or departures from Lorentz invariance, as discussed in ADLER 02B.

VALUE (units 10^{-9})	*CL%*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
< 2.3	90	ARTAMONOV	05	B949	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
< 360	90	ADLER	02B	B787	+
<1400	90	ASANO	82	CNTR	+
<4000	90	[71] KLEMS	71	OSPK	+

[71] Test of model of Selleri, Nuovo Cimento **60A** 291 (1969).

K^+ LONGITUDINAL POLARIZATION OF EMITTED μ^+

VALUE	*CL%*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*	*COMMENT*
<−0.990	90	[72] AOKI	94	SPEC	+	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
<−0.990	90	IMAZATO	92	SPEC	+	Repl. by AOKI 94
−0.970±0.047		[73] YAMANAKA	86	SPEC	+	
−1.0 ±0.1		[73] CUTTS	69	SPRK	+	
−0.96 ±0.12		[73] COOMBES	57	CNTR	+	

[72] AOKI 94 measures $\xi P_\mu = -0.9996 \pm 0.0030 \pm 0.0048$. The above limit is obtained by summing the statistical and systematic errors in quadrature, normalizing to the physically significant region ($|\xi P_\mu| < 1$) and assuming that ξ=1, its maximum value.

[73] Assumes ξ=1.

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ENERGY DEPENDENCE OF $K^{\pm}$ DALITZ PLOT

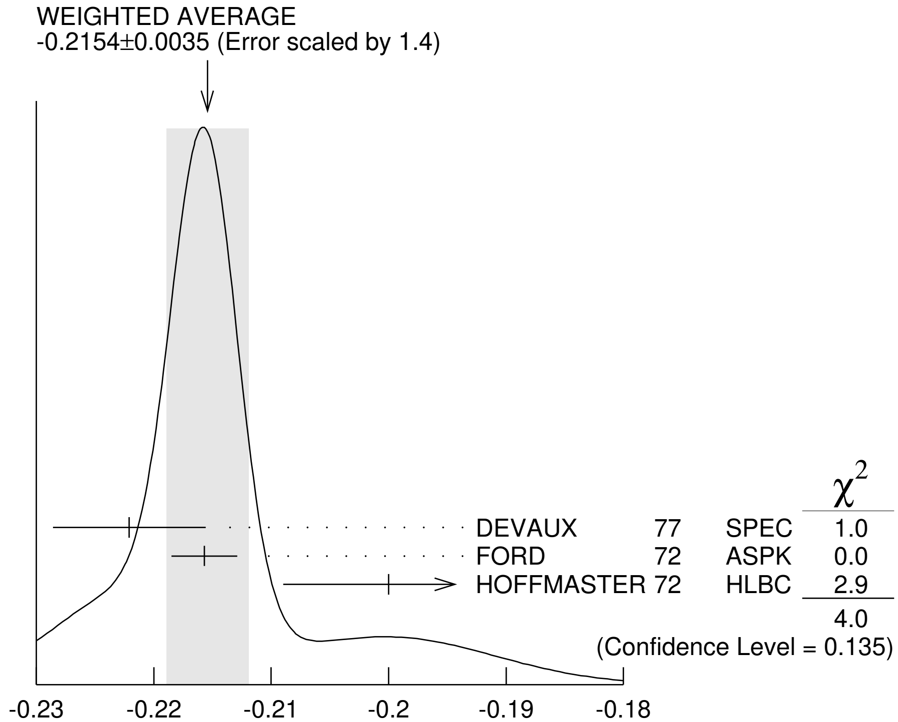
$\left|\text{matrix element}\right|^2 = 1 + gu + hu^2 + kv^2$
where $u = (s_3 - s_0) / m_\pi^2$ and $v = (s_2 - s_1) / m_\pi^2$

LINEAR COEFFICIENT g_+ FOR $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$

Some experiments use Dalitz variables x and y. In the comments we give a_y = coefficient of y term. See note above on "Dalitz Plot Parameters for $K \rightarrow 3\pi$ Decays." For discussion of the conversion of a_y to g, see the earlier version of the same note in the *Review* published in Physics Letters **111B** 70 (1982).

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
−0.2154±0.0035 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.					
−0.2221±0.0065	225k	DEVAUX	77	SPEC	+	a_y=.2814±.0082
−0.2157±0.0028	750k	FORD	72	ASPK	+	a_y=.2734±.0035
−0.200 ±0.009	39819	[74] HOFFMASTER	72	HLBC	+	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
−0.196 ±0.012	17898	[75] GRAUMAN	70	HLBC	+	a_y=0.228±0.030
−0.218 ±0.016	9994	[76] BUTLER	68	HBC	+	a_y=0.277±0.020
−0.22 ±0.024	5428	[76,77] ZINCHENKO	67	HBC	+	a_y=0.28 ± 0.03

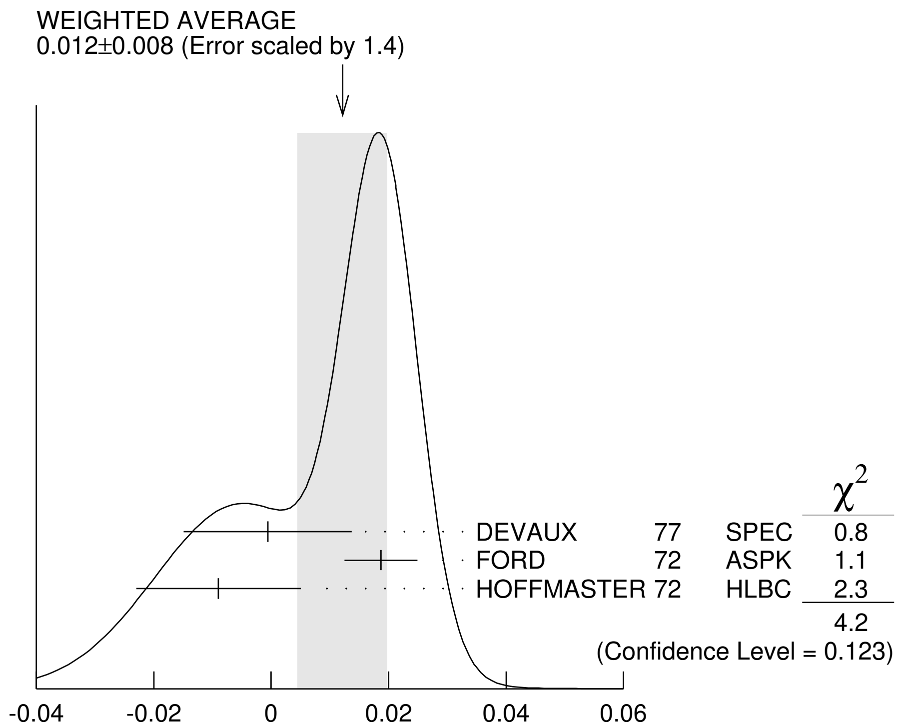
[74] HOFFMASTER 72 includes GRAUMAN 70 data.
[75] Emulsion data added — all events included by HOFFMASTER 72.
[76] Experiments with large errors not included in average.
[77] Also includes DBC events.



Linear energy dependence for $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$

QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT h FOR $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$

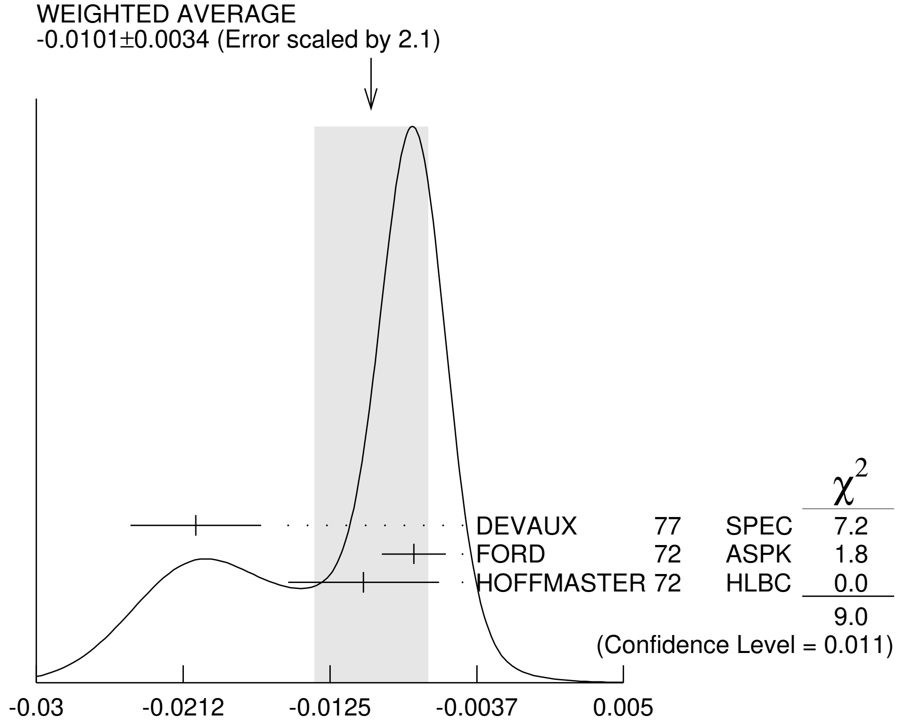
VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
0.012 ±0.008 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.				
−0.0006±0.0143	225k	DEVAUX	77	SPEC	+
0.0187±0.0062	750k	FORD	72	ASPK	+
−0.009 ±0.014	39819	HOFFMASTER	72	HLBC	+



Quadratic coefficient h for $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$

QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT k FOR $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
−0.0101±0.0034 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 2.1. See the ideogram below.				
−0.0205±0.0039	225k	DEVAUX	77	SPEC	+
−0.0075±0.0019	750k	FORD	72	ASPK	+
−0.0105±0.0045	39819	HOFFMASTER	72	HLBC	+



Quadratic coefficient k for $K^+ \to \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$

LINEAR COEFFICIENT g_- FOR $K^- \to \pi^-\pi^-\pi^+$

Some experiments use Dalitz variables x and y. In the comments we give a_y = coefficient of y term. See note above on "Dalitz Plot Parameters for $K \to 3\pi$ Decays." For discussion of the conversion of a_y to g, see the earlier version of the same note in the *Review* published in Physics Letters **111B** 70 (1982).

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
−0.217 ±0.007	**OUR AVERAGE**	Error includes scale factor of 2.5.				
−0.2186±0.0028	750k	FORD	72	ASPK	−	a_y=.2770±.0035
−0.193 ±0.010	50919	MAST	69	HBC	−	a_y=0.244±0.013
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
−0.199 ±0.008	81k	[78] LUCAS	73	HBC	−	a_y=0.252±0.011
−0.190 ±0.023	5778	[79,80] MOSCOSO	68	HBC	−	a_y=0.242±0.029
−0.220 ±0.035	1347	[81] FERRO-LUZZI	61	HBC	−	a_y=0.28 ± 0.045

[78] Quadratic dependence is required by K^0_L experiments. For comparison we average only those $K^\pm$ experiments which quote quadratic fit values.
[79] Experiments with large errors not included in average.
[80] Also includes DBC events.
[81] No radiative corrections included.

QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT h FOR $K^- \to \pi^-\pi^-\pi^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
0.010 ±0.006	**OUR AVERAGE**				
0.0125±0.0062	750k	FORD	72	ASPK	−
−0.001 ±0.012	50919	MAST	69	HBC	−

QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT k FOR $K^- \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^-\pi^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
−0.0084±0.0019 OUR AVERAGE					
−0.0083±0.0019	750k	FORD	72	ASPK	−
−0.014 ±0.012	50919	MAST	69	HBC	−

$(g_+ - g_-) / (g_+ + g_-)$ FOR $K^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm\pi^+\pi^-$

A nonzero value for this quantity indicates CP violation.

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN
1.5± 2.9 OUR AVERAGE				
1.7± 2.1±2.0	1.7G	[82] BATLEY	06	NA48
−70.0±53	3.2M	FORD	70	ASPK

[82] This measurement neglects any possible charge asymmetry in higher order slope parameters h or k.

LINEAR COEFFICIENT g FOR $K^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm\pi^0\pi^0$

Unless otherwise stated, all experiments include terms quadratic in $(s_3 - s_0) / m^2_{\pi^+}$. See note above on "Dalitz Plot Parameters for $K \rightarrow 3\pi$ Decays."

See BATUSOV 98 for a discussion of the discrepancy between their result and others, especially BOLOTOV 86. At this time we have no way to resolve the discrepancy so we depend on the large scale factor as a warning.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
0.626 ±0.007 OUR AVERAGE						
0.6259±0.0043±0.0093	493k	AKOPDZHAN..	05B	TNF	±	
0.627 ±0.004 ±0.010	252k	[83,84] AJINENKO	03B	ISTR	−	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
0.736 ±0.014 ±0.012	33k	BATUSOV	98	SPEC	+	
0.582 ±0.021	43k	BOLOTOV	86	CALO	−	
0.670 ±0.054	3263	BRAUN	76B	HLBC	+	
0.630 ±0.038	5635	SHEAFF	75	HLBC	+	
0.510 ±0.060	27k	SMITH	75	WIRE	+	
0.67 ±0.06	1365	AUBERT	72	HLBC	+	
0.544 ±0.048	4048	DAVISON	69	HLBC	+	Also emulsion

[83] Measured using in-flight decays of the 25 GeV negative secondary beam.
[84] They form new world averages $g_- = (0.617 \pm 0.018)$ and $g_+ = (0.684 \pm 0.033)$ which give $\Delta g_{\tau'} = 0.051 \pm 0.028$.

QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT h FOR $K^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm\pi^0\pi^0$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
0.052 ±0.008 OUR AVERAGE						
0.0551±0.0044±0.0086	493k	AKOPDZHAN..	05B	TNF	±	
0.046 ±0.004 ±0.012	252k	[85] AJINENKO	03B	ISTR	−	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
0.128 ±0.015 ±0.024	33k	BATUSOV	98	SPEC	+	
0.037 ±0.024	43k	BOLOTOV	86	CALO	−	
0.152 ±0.082	3263	BRAUN	76B	HLBC	+	
0.041 ±0.030	5635	SHEAFF	75	HLBC	+	
0.009 ±0.040	27k	SMITH	75	WIRE	+	
−0.01 ±0.08	1365	AUBERT	72	HLBC	+	
0.026 ±0.050	4048	DAVISON	69	HLBC	+	Also emulsion

[85] Measured using in-flight decays of the 25 GeV negative secondary beam.

QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT k FOR $K^{\pm} \to \pi^{\pm}\pi^0\pi^0$

VALUE	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
0.0054±0.0035 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 2.5.					
0.0082±0.0011±0.0014	493k	AKOPDZHAN..	05B	TNF	±
0.001 ±0.001 ±0.002	252k	[86] AJINENKO	03B	ISTR	−
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
0.0197±0.0045±0.0029	33k	BATUSOV	98	SPEC	+

[86] Measured using in-flight decays of the 25 GeV negative secondary beam.

$(g_+ - g_-) / (g_+ + g_-)$ FOR $K^{\pm} \to \pi^{\pm}\pi^0\pi^0$

A nonzero value for this quantity indicates *CP* violation.

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*
1.8± 2.5 OUR AVERAGE				
1.8± 2.2±1.3	47M	[87] BATLEY	06A	NA48
2 ±18 ±5	619k	[88] AKOPDZHAN..	05	TNF

[87] Linear and quadratic slopes from PDG 04 used.

[88] Asymmetry obtained assuming that $g_+ + g_- = 2\times0.652$ (PDG 02) and that asymmetries in h and k are zero.

ALTERNATIVE PARAMETERIZATION OF $K^{\pm} \to \pi^{\pm}\pi^0\pi^0$ DALITZ PLOT

The following functional form for the matrix element suggested by $\pi\pi$ rescattering in $K^+ \to \pi^+$"$\pi^+\pi^-$"$\to \pi^+\pi^0\pi^0$ is used for this fit (CABIBBO 04A, CABIBBO 05): Matrix element = $M_0 + M_1$ where $M_0 = 1 + (1/2)g_0\, u + (1/2)\, h'\, u^2$ with $u = (s_3 - s_0)/(m_{\pi^+})^2$ and where M_1 takes into account the non-analytic piece due to pi pi rescattering amplitudes a_0 and a_2; The parameters g_0 and h' are related to the parameters g and h of the matrix element squared given in the previous section by the approximations $g_0 \sim g^{PDG}$ and $h' \sim h^{PDG} - (g/2)^2$.

LINEAR COEFFICIENT g_0 FOR $K^{\pm} \to \pi^{\pm}\pi^0\pi^0$

VALUE	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
0.645±0.004±0.009	23M	[89] BATLEY	06B	NA48	±

[89] This fit is obtained with the CABIBBO 05 matrix element in the $2\pi^0$ invariant mass squared range 0.074 GeV^2 $< m^2_{2\pi^0} <$ 0.097 GeV^2, assuming $k = 0$ (no term proportional to $(s_2 - s_1)^2$) and excluding the kinematic region around the cusp ($m^2_{2\pi^0} = (2m_{\pi^+})^2 \pm 0.000525$ GeV^2). Also $\pi-\pi$ phase shifts a_0 and a_2 are measured: $(a_0 - a_2)m_{\pi^+} = 0.268 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.013$(external) and $a_2\, m_{\pi^+} = -0.041 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.014$.

QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT h' FOR $K^{\pm} \to \pi^{\pm}\pi^0\pi^0$

VALUE	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*
−0.047±0.012±0.011	23M	[90] BATLEY	06B	NA48	±

[90] This fit is obtained with the CABIBBO 05 matrix element in the $2\pi^0$ invariant mass squared range 0.074 GeV^2 $< m^2_{2\pi^0} <$ 0.097 GeV^2, assuming $k = 0$ (no term proportional to $(s_2 - s_1)^2$) and excluding the kinematic region around the cusp ($m^2_{2\pi^0}$ $= (2m_{\pi^+})^2 \pm$ 0.000525 GeV^2). Also $\pi-\pi$ phase shifts a_0 and a_2 are measured: $(a_0 - a_2) m_{\pi^+} = 0.268 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.013$(external) and $a_2\ m_{\pi^+} = -0.041 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.014$.

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$K^{\pm}_{\ell 3}$ FORM FACTORS

In the form factor comments, the following symbols are used.

f_+ and f_- are form factors for the vector matrix element.

f_S and f_T refer to the scalar and tensor term.

$f_0 = f_+ + f_-\ t/(m^2_{K^+} - m^2_{\pi^0})$.

t = momentum transfer to the π.

λ_+ and λ_0 are the linear expansion coefficients of f_+ and f_0:

$f_+(t) = f_+(0)\ (1 + \lambda_+ t\ /m^2_{\pi^+})$

For quadratic expansion

$f_+(t) = f_+(0)\ (1 + \lambda'_+ t\ /m^2_{\pi^+} + \frac{\lambda''_+}{2}\ t^2/m^4_{\pi^+}\ )$

as used by KTeV. If there is a non-vanishing quadratic term, then λ_+ represents an average slope, which is then different from λ'_+.

NA48 and ISTRA quadratic expansion coefficients are converted with

$\lambda'_+{}^{PDG} = \lambda_+^{NA48}$ and $\lambda''_+{}^{PDG} = 2\ \lambda'_+{}^{NA48}$

$\lambda'_+{}^{PDG} = (\frac{m_{\pi^\pm}}{m_{\pi^0}})^2\ \lambda_+^{ISTRA}$ and

$\lambda''_+{}^{PDG} = 2\ (\frac{m_{\pi^\pm}}{m_{\pi^0}})^4\ \lambda'_+{}^{ISTRA}$

ISTRA linear expansion coefficients are converted with

$\lambda_+^{PDG} = (\frac{m_{\pi^\pm}}{m_{\pi^0}})^2\ \lambda_+^{ISTRA}$ and $\lambda_0^{PDG} = (\frac{m_{\pi^\pm}}{m_{\pi^0}})^2\ \lambda_0^{ISTRA}$

The pole parametrization is

$$f_+(t) = f_+(0)\ (\frac{M_V^2}{M_V^2 - t}\ )$$

$$f_0(t) = f_0(0)\ (\frac{M_S^2}{M_S^2 - t}\ )$$

where M_V and M_S are the vector and scalar pole masses.

The following abbreviations are used:

DP = Dalitz plot analysis.

PI = π spectrum analysis.

MU = μ spectrum analysis.

POL= μ polarization analysis.

BR = $K^{\pm}_{\mu 3}/K^{\pm}_{e3}$ branching ratio analysis.

E = positron or electron spectrum analysis.

RC = radiative corrections.

λ_+ (LINEAR ENERGY DEPENDENCE OF f_+ IN $K^\pm_{e3}$ DECAY)

These results are for a linear expansion only. See the next section for fits including a quadratic term. For radiative correction of the $K^\pm_{e3}$ Dalitz plot, see GINSBERG 67, BECHERRAWY 70, CIRIGLIANO 02, CIRIGLIANO 04, and ANDRE 04. Results labeled OUR FIT are discussed in the review "$K^\pm_{\ell 3}$ and $K^0_{\ell 3}$ Form Factors" above. For earlier, lower statistics results, see the 2004 edition of this review, Physics Letters **B592** 1 (2004).

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*	*COMMENT*
2.96 ±0.05 OUR FIT	Assuming μ-e universality					
2.96 ±0.06 OUR AVERAGE						
2.966±0.050±0.034	919k	[91] YUSHCHENKO	04B	ISTR	−	DP
2.78 ±0.26 ±0.30	41k	SHIMIZU	00	SPEC	+	DP
2.84 ±0.27 ±0.20	32k	[92] AKIMENKO	91	SPEC		PI, no RC
2.9 ±0.4	62k	[93] BOLOTOV	88	SPEC		PI, no RC
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
3.06 ±0.09 ±0.06	550k	[91,94] AJINENKO	03C	ISTR	−	DP
2.93 ±0.15 ±0.2	130k	[94] AJINENKO	02	SPEC		DP

[91] Rescaled to agree with our conventions as noted above.
[92] AKIMENKO 91 state that radiative corrections would raise λ_+ by 0.0013.
[93] BOLOTOV 88 state radiative corrections of GINSBERG 67 would raise λ_+ by 0.002.
[94] Superseded by YUSHCHENKO 04B.

λ_+ (LINEAR ENERGY DEPENDENCE OF f_+ IN $K^\pm_{\mu 3}$ DECAY)

Results labeled OUR FIT are discussed in the review "$K^\pm_{\ell 3}$ and $K^0_{\ell 3}$ Form Factors" above. For earlier, lower statistics results, see the 2004 edition of this review, Physics Letters **B592** 1 (2004).

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*	*COMMENT*
2.96±0.05 OUR FIT	Assuming μ-e universality					
2.96±0.17 OUR FIT	Not assuming μ-e universality					
2.96±0.14±0.10	540k	[95] YUSHCHENKO	04	ISTR	−	DP
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
3.21±0.45	112k	[96] AJINENKO	03	ISTR	−	DP

[95] Rescaled to agree with our conventions as noted above.
[96] Superseded by YUSHCHENKO 04.

λ_0 (LINEAR ENERGY DEPENDENCE OF f_0 IN $K^\pm_{\mu 3}$ DECAY)

Results labeled OUR FIT are discussed in the review "$K^\pm_{\ell 3}$ and $K^0_{\ell 3}$ Form Factors" above. For earlier, lower statistics results, see the 2004 edition of this review, Physics Letters **B592** 1 (2004).

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	$d\lambda_0/d\lambda_+$	*EVTS*	*DOCUMENT ID*		*TECN*	*CHG*	*COMMENT*
1.96±0.12 OUR FIT	Assuming μ-e universality. Correlation is $d\lambda_0/d\lambda_+ = -0.35$.						
1.96±0.13 OUR FIT	Not assuming μ-e universality. Correlation is $d\lambda_0/d\lambda_+ = -0.35$.						
+1.96±0.12±0.06	−0.348	540k	[97] YUSHCHENKO	04	ISTR	−	DP

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$+2.09\pm0.45$	-0.46	112k	[98] AJINENKO	03	ISTR	$-$	DP
$+1.9\ \pm0.64$		24k	[99] HORIE	01	SPEC	$+$	BR
$+1.9\ \pm1.0$	$+0.03$	55k	[100] HEINTZE	77	SPEC	$+$	BR

[97] Rescaled to agree with our conventions as noted above.
[98] Superseded by YUSHCHENKO 04.
[99] HORIE 01 assumes μ-e universality in $K^{+}_{\ell 3}$ decay and uses SHIMIZU 00 value λ=0.0278$\pm$ 0.0040 from $K^{\pm}_{e3}$ decay.
[100] HEINTZE 77 uses $\lambda_{+} = 0.029 \pm 0.003$. $d\lambda_0/d\lambda_+$ estimated by us.

λ'_{+} (LINEAR $K^{\pm}_{e3}$ FORM FACTOR FROM QUADRATIC FIT)

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
2.485±0.163±0.034	919k	[101,102] YUSHCHENKO	04B	ISTR	$-$	DP
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
3.07 $\pm$0.21	550k	[101,103] AJINENKO	03C	ISTR	$-$	DP

[101] Rescaled to agree with our conventions as noted above.
[102] YUSHCHENKO 04B λ'_{+} and λ''_{+} are strongly correlated with coefficient $\rho(\lambda'_{+}, \lambda''_{+}) = -0.95$.
[103] Superseded by YUSHCHENKO 04B.

λ''_{+}(QUADRATIC $K^{\pm}_{e3}$ FORM FACTOR)

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
0.192±0.062±0.071	919k	[104,105] YUSHCHENKO	04B	ISTR	$-$	DP
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
-0.5 ±0.7 ±1.5	550k	[104,106] AJINENKO	03C	ISTR	$-$	DP

[104] Rescaled to agree with our conventions as noted above.
[105] YUSHCHENKO 04B λ'_{+} and λ''_{+} are strongly correlated with coefficient $\rho(\lambda'_{+}, \lambda''_{+}) = -0.95$.
[106] Superseded by YUSHCHENKO 04B.

$|f_S/f_+|$ FOR $K^{\pm}_{e3}$ DECAY

Ratio of scalar to f_+ couplings.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
$-0.3^{+0.8}_{-0.7}$ OUR AVERAGE							
$-0.37^{+0.66}_{-0.56}\pm0.41$		919k	YUSHCHENKO	04B	ISTR	$-$	λ'_{+}, λ''_{+}, f_S fit
$0.2\ \pm\ 2.6\ \pm1.4$		41k	SHIMIZU	00	SPEC	$+$	λ_{+}, f_S, f_T fit
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •							
$0.2^{+2.0}_{-2.2}\pm0.3$		550k	[107] AJINENKO	03C	ISTR	$-$	λ_{+}, f_S, f_T fit
$-1.9^{+2.5}_{-1.6}$		130k	[107] AJINENKO	02	SPEC		λ_{+}, f_S fit
$7.0\ \pm\ 1.6\ \pm1.6$		32k	AKIMENKO	91	SPEC		λ_{+}, f_S, f_T, ϕ fit
$0\ \pm10$		2827	[108] BRAUN	75	HLBC	$+$	
$<\ 13$	90	4017	CHIANG	72	OSPK	$+$	

14 $^{+3}_{-4}$		2707	[108] STEINER	71	HLBC	+	λ_+, f_S, f_T, ϕ fit
< 23	90		BOTTERILL	68C	ASPK		
< 18	90		BELLOTTI	67B	HLBC		
< 30	95		KALMUS	67	HLBC	+	

[107] Superseded by YUSHCHENKO 04B.
[108] Statistical errors only.

$|f_T/f_+|$ FOR $K^\pm_{e3}$ DECAY

Ratio of tensor to f_+ couplings.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
−1.2± 2.3 OUR AVERAGE							
−1.2± 2.1± 1.1		919k	YUSHCHENKO	04B	ISTR	−	λ'_+, λ''_+, f_T fit
1 ±14 ± 9		41k	SHIMIZU	00	SPEC	+	λ_+, f_S, f_T fit
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •							
2.1 $^{+6.4}_{-7.5}$ ± 2.6		550k	[109] AJINENKO	03C	ISTR	−	λ_+, f_S, f_T fit
−4.5 $^{+6.0}_{-5.7}$		130k	[109] AJINENKO	02	SPEC		λ_+, f_T fit
53 $^{+9}_{-10}$ ±10		32k	AKIMENKO	91	SPEC		λ_+, f_S, f_T, ϕ fit
7 ±37		2827	[110] BRAUN	75	HLBC	+	
< 75.	90	4017	CHIANG	72	OSPK	+	
24 $^{+16}_{-14}$		2707	[110] STEINER	71	HLBC	+	λ_+, f_S, f_T, ϕ fit
< 58.	90		BOTTERILL	68C	ASPK		
< 58.	90		BELLOTTI	67B	HLBC		
< 110.	95		KALMUS	67	HLBC	+	

[109] Superseded by YUSHCHENKO 04B.
[110] Statistical errors only.

f_S/f_+ FOR $K^\pm_{\mu3}$ DECAY

Ratio of scalar to f_+ couplings.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
0.17±0.14±0.54	540k	[111] YUSHCHENKO	04	ISTR	−	DP
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
0.4 ±0.5 ±0.5	112k	[112] AJINENKO	03	ISTR	−	DP

[111] The second error is the theoretical error from the uncertainty in the chiral perturbation theory prediction for λ_0, ±0.0053, combined in quadrature with the systematic error ±0.0009.
[112] The second error is the theoretical error from the uncertainty in the chiral perturbation theory prediction for λ_0. Superseded by YUSHCHENKO 04.

f_T/f_+ FOR $K^{\pm}_{\mu 3}$ DECAY

Ratio of tensor to f_+ couplings.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
$-0.07 \pm 0.71 \pm 0.20$	540k	YUSHCHENKO	04	ISTR	$-$	DP
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
$-2.1 \pm 2.8 \pm 1.4$	112k	[113] AJINENKO	03	ISTR	$-$	DP
2 ± 12	1585	BRAUN	75	HLBC		

[113] The second error is the theoretical error from the uncertainty in the chiral perturbation theory prediction for λ_0. Superseded by YUSHCHENKO 04.

DECAY FORM FACTORS FOR $K^{\pm} \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^{\pm} \nu_e$

Given in PISLAK 01, ROSSELET 77, BEIER 73, and BASILE 71C.

DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K^{\pm} \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 e^{\pm} \nu$

Given in BOLOTOV 86B, BARMIN 88B, and SHIMIZU 04.

$K^{\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \nu \gamma$ FORM FACTORS

For definitions of the axial-vector F_A and vector F_V form factor, see the "Note on $\pi^{\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \nu \gamma$ and $K^{\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \nu \gamma$ Form Factors" in the $\pi^{\pm}$ section. In the kaon literature, often different definitions $a_K = F_A/m_K$ and $v_K = F_V/m_K$ are used.

$F_A + F_V$, SUM OF AXIAL-VECTOR AND VECTOR FORM FACTOR FOR $K \rightarrow e \nu_e \gamma$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN
0.148±0.010 OUR AVERAGE				
0.147 ± 0.011	51	[114] HEINTZE	79	SPEC
$0.150^{+0.018}_{-0.023}$	56	[115] HEARD	75	SPEC

[114] HEINTZE 79 quotes absolute value of $|F_A + F_V| \sin\theta_c$. We use $\sin\theta_c = V_{us} = 0.2205$.
[115] HEARD 75 quotes absolute value of $|F_A + F_V| \sin\theta_c$. We use $\sin\theta_c = V_{us} = 0.2205$.

$F_A + F_V$, SUM OF AXIAL-VECTOR AND VECTOR FORM FACTOR FOR $K \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu \gamma$

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
$0.165 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.011$		2588	[116] ADLER	00B	B787	+
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
-1.2 to 1.1	90		DEMIDOV	90	XEBC	
< 0.23	90		[116] AKIBA	85	SPEC	

[116] Quotes absolute value. Sign not determined.

$F_A - F_V$, DIFFERENCE OF AXIAL-VECTOR AND VECTOR FORM FACTOR FOR $K \rightarrow e \nu_e \gamma$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN
<0.49	90	[117] HEINTZE	79	SPEC

[117] HEINTZE 79 quotes $|F_A - F_V| < \sqrt{11}\,|F_A + F_V|$.

$F_A - F_V$, DIFFERENCE OF AXIAL-VECTOR AND VECTOR FORM FACTOR FOR $K \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu \gamma$

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
−0.24 to 0.04	90	2588	ADLER	00B	B787	+

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
−2.2 to 0.6	90		DEMIDOV	90	XEBC	
−2.5 to 0.3	90		AKIBA	85	SPEC	

$K^\pm$ CHARGE RADIUS

VALUE (fm)	DOCUMENT ID		COMMENT
0.560±0.031 OUR AVERAGE			
0.580±0.040	AMENDOLIA	86B	$K e \rightarrow K e$
0.530±0.050	DALLY	80	$K e \rightarrow K e$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

VALUE (fm)	DOCUMENT ID		COMMENT
0.620±0.037	BLATNIK	79	VMD + dispersion relations

CP VIOLATION TESTS IN K^+ AND K^- DECAYS

$$\Delta(K^\pm_{\pi\mu\mu}) = \frac{\Gamma(K^+_{\pi\mu\mu}) - \Gamma(K^-_{\pi\mu\mu})}{\Gamma(K^+_{\pi\mu\mu}) + \Gamma(K^-_{\pi\mu\mu})}$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN
−0.02±0.11±0.04	PARK	02	HYCP

T VIOLATION TESTS IN K^+ AND K^- DECAYS

P_T in $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

T-violating muon polarization. Sensitive to new sources of *CP* violation beyond the Standard Model.

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
−1.7±2.3±1.1		[118] ABE	04F	K246	+

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
−4.2±4.9±0.9	3.9M	ABE	99S	K246	+

[118] Includes three sets of data: 96-97 (ABE 99S), 98, and 99-00 totaling about three times the ABE 99S data sample. Corresponds to $P_T < 5.0 \times 10^{-3}$ at 90% CL.

P_T in $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu \gamma$

T-violating muon polarization. Sensitive to new sources of *CP* violation beyond the Standard Model.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG
−0.64±1.85±0.10	114k	[119] ANISIMOVSK...03		K246	+

[119] Muons stopped and polarization measured from decay to positrons.

Im(ξ) in $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ DECAY (from transverse μ pol.)

Test of T reversal invariance.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
−0.006 ±0.008 OUR AVERAGE						
−0.0053±0.0071±0.0036		[120] ABE	04F	K246	+	
−0.016 ±0.025	20M	CAMPBELL	81	CNTR	+	Pol.
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •						
−0.013 ±0.016 ±0.003	3.9M	ABE	99S	CNTR	+	p_T K^+ at rest

[120] Includes three sets of data: 96-97 (ABE 99S), 98, and 99-00 totaling about three times the ABE 99S data sample. Corresponds to Im(ξ) < 0.016 at 90% CL.

$K^\pm$ REFERENCES

TCHIKILEV	07	PAN 70 29	O.G. Tchikilev *et al.*	(ISTRA+ Collab.)
ALIEV	06	EPJ C46 61	M.A. Aliev *et al.*	(KEK E470 Collab.)
AMBROSINO	06A	PL B632 76	F. Ambrosino *et al.*	(KLOE Collab.)
BATLEY	06	PL B634 474	J.R. Batley *et al.*	(CERN NA48/2 Collab.)
BATLEY	06A	PL B638 22	J.R. Batley *et al.*	(CERN NA48/2 Collab.)
Also		PL B640 297 (Erratum)	J.R. Batley *et al.*	(CERN NA48/2 Collab.)
BATLEY	06B	PL B633 173	J.R. Batley *et al.*	(CERN NA48/2 Collab.)
MA	06	PR D73 037101	H. Ma *et al.*	(BNL E865 Collab.)
SHIMIZU	06	PL B633 190	S. Shimizu *et al.*	(KEK E470 Collab.)
UVAROV	06	PAN 69 26	V.A. Uvarov *et al.*	(ISTRA+ Collab.)
AKOPDZHAN...	05	EPJ C40 343	G.A. Akopdzhanov *et al.*	(IHEP)
Also		PAN 68 948	G.A. Akopdzhanov *et al.*	(IHEP)
		Translated from YAF 68 986.		
AKOPDZHAN...	05B	JETPL 82 675	G.A. Akopdzhanov *et al.*	(IHEP)
		Translated from ZETFP 82 771.		
ARTAMONOV	05	PL B623 192	A.V. Artamonov *et al.*	(BNL E949 Collab.)
CABIBBO	05	JHEP 0503 021	N. Cabibbo, G. Isidori	(CERN, ROMAI, FRAS)
SHER	05	PR D72 012005	A. Sher *et al.*	(BNL E865 Collab.)
ABE	04F	PRL 93 131601	M. Abe *et al.*	(KEK E246 Collab.)
Also		PR D73 072005	M. Abe *et al.*	(KEK E246 Collab.)
ADLER	04	PR D70 037102	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
ALOISIO	04A	PL B597 139	A. Aloisio *et al.*	(KLOE Collab.)
ANDRE	04	hep-ph/0406006	T. Andre	(EFI)
ANISIMOVSK...	04	PRL 93 031801	V.V. Animovsky *et al.*	(BNL E949 Collab.)
CABIBBO	04A	PRL 93 121801	N. Cabibbo	(CERN, ROMAI)
CIRIGLIANO	04	EPJ C35 53	V. Cirigliano, H. Neufeld, H. Pichl	(CIT, VALE+)
PDG	04	PL B592 1	S. Eidelman *et al.*	
SHIMIZU	04	PR D70 037101	S. Shimizu *et al.*	(KEK E470 Collab.)
YUSHCHENKO	04	PL B581 31	O.P. Yushchenko *et al.*	(INRM, INRM)
YUSHCHENKO	04B	PL B589 111	O.P. Yushchenko *et al.*	(INRM)
AJINENKO	03	PAN 66 105	I.V. Ajinenko *et al.*	(IHEP, INRM)
		Translated from YAF 66 107.		
AJINENKO	03B	PL B567 159	I.V. Ajinenko *et al.*	(IHEP, INRM)
AJINENKO	03C	PL B574 14	I.V. Ajinenko *et al.*	(IHEP, INRM)
ALIEV	03	PL B554 7	M.A. Aliev *et al.*	(KEK E470 Collab.)
ANISIMOVSK...	03	PL B562 166	V.V. Anisimovsky *et al.*	
PISLAK	03	PR D67 072004	S. Pislak *et al.*	(BNL E865 Collab.)
SHER	03	PRL 91 261802	A. Sher *et al.*	(BNL E865 Collab.)
ADLER	02	PRL 88 041803	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
ADLER	02B	PR D65 052009	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
ADLER	02C	PL B537 211	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
AJINENKO	02	PAN 65 2064	I.V. Ajinenko *et al.*	(IHEP, INRM)
		Translated from YAF 65 2125.		
CIRIGLIANO	02	EPJ C23 121	V. Cirigliano *et al.*	(VIEN, VALE, MARS)
PARK	02	PRL 88 111801	H.K. Park *et al.*	(FNAL HyperCP Collab.)
PDG	02	PR D66 010001	K. Hagiwara *et al.*	
POBLAGUEV	02	PRL 89 061803	A.A. Poblaguev *et al.*	(BNL 865 Collab.)
ADLER	01	PR D63 032004	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
HORIE	01	PL B513 311	K. Horie *et al.*	(KEK E426 Collab.)
PISLAK	01	PRL 87 221801	S. Pislak *et al.*	(BNL E865 Collab.)
Also		PR D67 072004	S. Pislak *et al.*	(BNL E865 Collab.)
ADLER	00	PRL 84 3768	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
ADLER	00B	PRL 85 2256	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
ADLER	00C	PRL 85 4856	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)

APPEL	00	PRL 85 2450	R. Appel *et al.*	(BNL 865 Collab.)
Also		Thesis, Yale Univ.	D.R. Bergman	
Also		Thesis, Univ. Zurich	S. Pislak	
APPEL	00B	PRL 85 2877	R. Appel *et al.*	(BNL 865 Collab.)
MA	00	PRL 84 2580	H. Ma *et al.*	(BNL 865 Collab.)
PDG	00	EPJ C15 1	D.E. Groom *et al.*	
SHIMIZU	00	PL B495 33	S. Shimizu *et al.*	(KEK E246 Collab.)
ABE	99S	PRL 83 4253	M. Abe *et al.*	(KEK E246 Collab.)
APPEL	99	PRL 83 4482	R. Appel *et al.*	(BNL 865 Collab.)
ADLER	98	PR D58 012003	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
BATUSOV	98	NP B516 3	V.Y. Batusov *et al.*	
ADLER	97	PRL 79 2204	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
ADLER	97C	PRL 79 4756	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
BERGMAN	97	Thesis, Yale Univ.	D.R. Bergman	
KITCHING	97	PRL 79 4079	P. Kitching *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
PISLAK	97	Thesis, Univ. Zurich	S. Pislak	
ADLER	96	PRL 76 1421	S. Adler *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
KOPTEV	95	JETPL 61 877	V.P. Koptev *et al.*	(PNPI)
		Translated from ZETFP 61 865.		
AOKI	94	PR D50 69	M. Aoki *et al.*	(INUS, KEK, TOKMS)
ATIYA	93	PRL 70 2521	M.S. Atiya *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
Also		PRL 71 305 (erratum)	M.S. Atiya *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
ATIYA	93B	PR D48 R1	M.S. Atiya *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
ALLIEGRO	92	PRL 68 278	C. Alliegro *et al.*	(BNL, FNAL, PSI+)
BARMIN	92	SJNP 55 547	V.V. Barmin *et al.*	(ITEP)
		Translated from YAF 55 976.		
IMAZATO	92	PRL 69 877	J. Imazato *et al.*	(KEK, INUS, TOKY+)
IVANOV	92	THESIS	Yu.M. Ivanov	(PNPI)
LITTENBERG	92	PRL 68 443	L.S. Littenberg, R.E. Shrock	(BNL, STON)
USHER	92	PR D45 3961	T. Usher *et al.*	(UCI)
AKIMENKO	91	PL B259 225	S.A. Akimenko *et al.*	(SERP, JINR, TBIL+)
BARMIN	91	SJNP 53 606	V.V. Barmin *et al.*	(ITEP)
		Translated from YAF 53 981.		
DENISOV	91	JETPL 54 558	A.S. Denisov *et al.*	(PNPI)
		Translated from ZETFP 54 557.		
Also		THESIS	Yu.M. Ivanov	(PNPI)
ATIYA	90	PRL 64 21	M.S. Atiya *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
ATIYA	90B	PRL 65 1188	M.S. Atiya *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
DEMIDOV	90	SJNP 52 1006	V.S. Demidov *et al.*	(ITEP)
		Translated from YAF 52 1595.		
LEE	90	PRL 64 165	A.M. Lee *et al.*	(BNL, FNAL, VILL, WASH+)
ATIYA	89	PRL 63 2177	M.S. Atiya *et al.*	(BNL E787 Collab.)
BARMIN	89	SJNP 50 421	V.V. Barmin *et al.*	(ITEP)
		Translated from YAF 50 679.		
BARMIN	88	SJNP 47 643	V.V. Barmin *et al.*	(ITEP)
		Translated from YAF 47 1011.		
BARMIN	88B	SJNP 48 1032	V.V. Barmin *et al.*	(ITEP)
		Translated from YAF 48 1719.		
BOLOTOV	88	JETPL 47 7	V.N. Bolotov *et al.*	(ASCI)
		Translated from ZETFP 47 8.		
GALL	88	PRL 60 186	K.P. Gall *et al.*	(BOST, MIT, WILL, CIT+)
BARMIN	87	SJNP 45 62	V.V. Barmin *et al.*	(ITEP)
		Translated from YAF 45 97.		
BOLOTOV	87	SJNP 45 1023	V.N. Bolotov *et al.*	(INRM)
		Translated from YAF 45 1652.		
AMENDOLIA	86B	PL B178 435	S.R. Amendolia *et al.*	(CERN NA7 Collab.)
BOLOTOV	86	SJNP 44 73	V.N. Bolotov *et al.*	(INRM)
		Translated from YAF 44 117.		
BOLOTOV	86B	SJNP 44 68	V.N. Bolotov *et al.*	(INRM)
		Translated from YAF 44 108.		
YAMANAKA	86	PR D34 85	T. Yamanaka *et al.*	(KEK, TOKY)
Also		PRL 52 329	R.S. Hayano *et al.*	(TOKY, KEK)
AKIBA	85	PR D32 2911	Y. Akiba *et al.*	(TOKY, TINT, TSUK, KEK)
BOLOTOV	85	JETPL 42 481	V.N. Bolotov *et al.*	(INRM)
		Translated from ZETFP 42 390.		
ASANO	82	PL 113B 195	Y. Asano *et al.*	(KEK, TOKY, INUS, OSAK)
COOPER	82	PL 112B 97	A.M. Cooper *et al.*	(RL)
PDG	82B	PL 111B 70	M. Roos *et al.*	(HELS, CIT, CERN)
ASANO	81B	PL 107B 159	Y. Asano *et al.*	(KEK, TOKY, INUS, OSAK)
CAMPBELL	81	PRL 47 1032	M.K. Campbell *et al.*	(YALE, BNL)
Also		PR D27 1056	S.R. Blatt *et al.*	(YALE, BNL)
LUM	81	PR D23 2522	G.K. Lum *et al.*	(LBL, NBS+)
LYONS	81	ZPHY C10 215	L. Lyons, C. Albajar, G. Myatt	(OXF)
DALLY	80	PRL 45 232	E.B. Dally *et al.*	(UCLA+)

BARKOV	79	NP B148 53	L.M. Barkov *et al.*	(NOVO, KIAE)
BLATNIK	79	LNC 24 39	S. Blatnik, J. Stahov, C.B. Lang	(TUZL, GRAZ)
HEINTZE	79	NP B149 365	J. Heintze *et al.*	(HEIDP, CERN)
ABRAMS	77	PR D15 22	R.J. Abrams *et al.*	(BNL)
DEVAUX	77	NP B126 11	B. Devaux *et al.*	(SACL, GEVA)
HEINTZE	77	PL 70B 482	J. Heintze *et al.*	(HEIDP, CERN)
ROSSELET	77	PR D15 574	L. Rosselet *et al.*	(GEVA, SACL)
BLOCH	76	PL 60B 393	P. Bloch *et al.*	(GEVA, SACL)
BRAUN	76B	LNC 17 521	H.M. Braun *et al.*	(AACH3, BARI, BELG+)
DIAMANT-...	76	PL 62B 485	A.M. Diamant-Berger *et al.*	(SACL, GEVA)
HEINTZE	76	PL 60B 302	J. Heintze *et al.*	(HEIDP)
SMITH	76	NP B109 173	K.M. Smith *et al.*	(GLAS, LIVP, OXF+)
WEISSENBE...	76	NP B115 55	A.O. Weissenberg *et al.*	(ITEP, LEBD)
BLOCH	75	PL 56B 201	P. Bloch *et al.*	(SACL, GEVA)
BRAUN	75	NP B89 210	H.M. Braun *et al.*	(AACH3, BARI, BRUX+)
CHENG	75	NP A254 381	S.C. Cheng *et al.*	(COLU, YALE)
HEARD	75	PL 55B 324	K.S. Heard *et al.*	(CERN, HEIDH)
HEARD	75B	PL 55B 327	K.S. Heard *et al.*	(CERN, HEIDH)
SHEAFF	75	PR D12 2570	M. Sheaff	(WISC)
SMITH	75	NP B91 45	K.M. Smith *et al.*	(GLAS, LIVP, OXF+)
WEISSENBE...	74	PL 48B 474	A.O. Weissenberg *et al.*	(ITEP, LEBD)
ABRAMS	73B	PRL 30 500	R.J. Abrams *et al.*	(BNL)
BACKENSTO...	73	PL 43B 431	G. Backenstoss *et al.*	(CERN, KARLK, KARLE+)
BEIER	73	PRL 30 399	E.W. Beier *et al.*	(PENN)
LJUNG	73	PR D8 1307	D. Ljung, D. Cline	(WISC)
Also		PRL 28 523	D. Ljung	(WISC)
Also		PRL 28 1287	D. Cline, D. Ljung	(WISC)
Also		PRL 23 326	U. Camerini *et al.*	(WISC)
LUCAS	73	PR D8 719	P.W. Lucas, H.D. Taft, W.J. Willis	(YALE)
LUCAS	73B	PR D8 727	P.W. Lucas, H.D. Taft, W.J. Willis	(YALE)
PANG	73	PR D8 1989	C.Y. Pang *et al.*	(EFI, ARIZ, LBL)
Also		PL 40B 699	G.D. Cable *et al.*	(EFI, LBL)
SMITH	73	NP B60 411	K.M. Smith *et al.*	(GLAS, LIVP, OXF+)
ABRAMS	72	PRL 29 1118	R.J. Abrams *et al.*	(BNL)
AUBERT	72	NC 12A 509	B. Aubert *et al.*	(ORSAY, BRUX, EPOL)
CHIANG	72	PR D6 1254	I.H. Chiang *et al.*	(ROCH, WISC)
CLARK	72	PRL 29 1274	A.R. Clark *et al.*	(LBL)
EDWARDS	72	PR D5 2720	R.T. Edwards *et al.*	(ILL)
FORD	72	PL 38B 335	W.T. Ford *et al.*	(PRIN)
HOFFMASTER	72	NP B36 1	S. Hoffmaster *et al.*	(STEV, SETO, LEHI)
BASILE	71C	PL 36B 619	P. Basile *et al.*	(SACL, GEVA)
BOURQUIN	71	PL 36B 615	M.H. Bourquin *et al.*	(GEVA, SACL)
HAIDT	71	PR D3 10	D. Haidt	(AACH, BARI, CERN, EPOL, NIJM+)
Also		PL 29B 691	D. Haidt *et al.*	(AACH, BARI, CERN, EPOL+)
KLEMS	71	PR D4 66	J.H. Klems, R.H. Hildebrand, R. Stiening	(CHIC+)
Also		PRL 24 1086	J.H. Klems, R.H. Hildebrand, R. Stiening	(LRL+)
Also		PRL 25 473	J.H. Klems, R.H. Hildebrand, R. Stiening	(LRL+)
OTT	71	PR D3 52	R.J. Ott, T.W. Pritchard	(LOQM)
ROMANO	71	PL 36B 525	F. Romano *et al.*	(BARI, CERN, ORSAY)
SCHWEINB...	71	PL 36B 246	W. Schweinberger	(AACH, BELG, CERN, NIJM+)
STEINER	71	PL 36B 521	H.J. Steiner	(AACH, BARI, CERN, EPOL, ORSAY+)
BARDIN	70	PL 32B 121	D.Y. Bardin, S.N. Bilenky, B.M. Pontecorvo	(JINR)
BECHERRAWY	70	PR D1 1452	T. Becherrawy	(ROCH)
FORD	70	PRL 25 1370	W.T. Ford *et al.*	(PRIN)
GAILLARD	70	CERN 70-14	J.M. Gaillard, L.M. Chounet	(CERN, ORSAY)
GRAUMAN	70	PR D1 1277	J. Grauman *et al.*	(STEV, SETO, LEHI)
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MACEK	70	PR D1 1249	R.J. Macek *et al.*	(PENN)
MALTSEV	70	SJNP 10 678	E.I. Maltsev *et al.*	(JINR)
		Translated from YAF 10 1195.		
PANDOULAS	70	PR D2 1205	D. Pandoulas *et al.*	(STEV, SETO)
CUTTS	69	PR 184 1380	D. Cutts *et al.*	(LRL, MIT)
Also		PRL 20 955	D. Cutts *et al.*	(LRL, MIT)
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EMMERSON	69	PRL 23 393	J.M.L. Emmerson, T.W. Quirk	(OXF)
HERZO	69	PR 186 1403	D. Herzo *et al.*	(ILL)
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Also		PRL 17 548	F. Lobkowicz *et al.*	(ROCH, BNL)
MAST	69	PR 183 1200	T.S. Mast *et al.*	(LRL)
SELLERI	69	NC 60A 291	F. Selleri	

ZELLER 69 PR 182 1420 M.E. Zeller *et al.* (UCLA, LRL)
BOTTERILL 68B PRL 21 766 D.R. Botterill *et al.* (OXF)
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FLETCHER 67 PRL 19 98 C.R. Fletcher *et al.* (ILL)
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