

# CHARMED, STRANGE MESONS ( $C = S = \pm 1$ )

$D_s^+ = c\bar{s}$ ,  $D_s^- = \bar{c}s$ , similarly for  $D_s^{*+}$ s

$D_s^\pm$

$I(J^P) = 0(0^-)$

Mass  $m = 1968.49 \pm 0.34$  MeV ( $S = 1.3$ )  
 $m_{D_s^\pm} - m_{D^\pm} = 98.87 \pm 0.30$  MeV ( $S = 1.4$ )  
Mean life  $\tau = (500 \pm 7) \times 10^{-15}$  s ( $S = 1.3$ )  
 $c\tau = 149.9 \mu\text{m}$

## **$CP$ -violating decay-rate asymmetries**

$A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0) = 0.049 \pm 0.023$   
 $A_{CP}(K^+ K^- \pi^\pm) = 0.003 \pm 0.014$   
 $A_{CP}(K^+ K^- \pi^\pm \pi^0) = -0.06 \pm 0.04$   
 $A_{CP}(K_S^0 K^\mp 2\pi^\pm) = -0.01 \pm 0.04$   
 $A_{CP}(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^\pm) = 0.02 \pm 0.05$   
 $A_{CP}(\pi^\pm \eta) = -0.08 \pm 0.05$   
 $A_{CP}(\pi^\pm \eta') = -0.06 \pm 0.04$   
 $A_{CP}(K^\pm \pi^0) = 0.02 \pm 0.29$   
 $A_{CP}(K_S^0 \pi^\pm) = 0.27 \pm 0.11$   
 $A_{CP}(K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-) = 0.11 \pm 0.07$   
 $A_{CP}(K^\pm \eta) = -0.20 \pm 0.18$   
 $A_{CP}(K^\pm \eta'(958)) = -0.2 \pm 0.4$

## **$T$ -violating decay-rate asymmetry**

$A_T(K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-) = -0.04 \pm 0.07$  [a]

## **$D_s^+$ form factors**

$r_2 = 0.84 \pm 0.11$  ( $S = 2.4$ )  
 $r_\nu = 1.80 \pm 0.08$   
 $\Gamma_L/\Gamma_T = 0.72 \pm 0.18$

Unless otherwise noted, the branching fractions for modes with a resonance in the final state include all the decay modes of the resonance.  $D_s^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

$D_s^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	(MeV/c) <sup>p</sup>
<b>Inclusive modes</b>			
$K^-$ anything	(13 $\begin{array}{l} +14 \\ -12 \end{array}$ ) %	—	
$\bar{K}^0$ anything + $K^0$ anything	(39 $\pm 28$ ) %	—	
$K^+$ anything	(20 $\begin{array}{l} +18 \\ -14 \end{array}$ ) %	—	
(non- $K\bar{K}$ ) anything	(64 $\pm 17$ ) %	—	
$\eta$ anything	[b] (24 $\pm 4$ ) %	—	
$\eta'$ anything	( 8.7 $\pm 2.1$ ) %	—	
$\phi$ anything	(16.1 $\pm 1.6$ ) %	—	
$e^+$ anything	( 8 $\begin{array}{l} +6 \\ -5 \end{array}$ ) %	—	
<b>Leptonic and semileptonic modes</b>			
$e^+\nu_e$	< 1.3 $\times 10^{-4}$	90%	984
$\mu^+\nu_\mu$	( 6.3 $\pm 0.5$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	—	981
$\tau^+\nu_\tau$	( 6.6 $\pm 0.6$ ) %	—	182
$\phi e^+\nu_e$	( 2.61 $\pm 0.17$ ) %	—	720
$\eta\ell^+\nu_\ell + \eta'(958)\ell^+\nu_\ell$	[c] ( 4.4 $\pm 0.7$ ) %	—	
$\eta\ell^+\nu_\ell$	[c] ( 3.2 $\pm 0.5$ ) %	—	908
$\eta'(958)\ell^+\nu_\ell$	[c] ( 1.12 $\pm 0.35$ ) %	—	751
<b>Hadronic modes with a <math>K\bar{K}</math> pair</b>			
$K^+K_S^0$	( 1.49 $\pm 0.09$ ) %	—	850
$K^+K^-\pi^+$	[d] ( 5.50 $\pm 0.28$ ) %	—	805
$\phi\pi^+$	[e,f] ( 4.39 $\pm 0.34$ ) %	—	712
$\phi\pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$	[e] ( 2.18 $\pm 0.33$ ) %	—	712
$K^+\bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$	( 2.6 $\pm 0.4$ ) %	—	416
$f_0(980)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+K^-$	( 6.0 $\pm 2.4$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	—	732
$K^+\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$	( 5.1 $\pm 2.5$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	—	218
$K^0\bar{K}^0\pi^+$	—	—	802
$K^*(892)^+\bar{K}^0$	[f] ( 5.3 $\pm 1.2$ ) %	—	683
$K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^0$	( 5.6 $\pm 0.5$ ) %	—	748
$\phi\rho^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$	( 4.0 $\begin{array}{l} +1.1 \\ -1.2 \end{array}$ ) %	—	400
$\phi\pi^+\pi^0$ 3-body, $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$	< 1.5 %	90%	686
$K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^0$ non- $\phi$	< 11 %	90%	748

$K_S^0 K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	( 1.64 ± 0.12 ) %	744
$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[f] ( 7.0 ± 2.5 ) %	417
$K^0 K^- 2\pi^+ (\text{non-}K^{*+}) \bar{K}^{*0}$	< 3.5 %	90% 744
$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 9.6 ± 1.3 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	744
$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 8.8 ± 1.6 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	673
$\phi \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ , $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	( 5.9 ± 1.1 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	640
$K^+ K^- \rho^0 \pi^+ \text{non-}\phi$	< 2.6 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90% 249
$\phi \rho^0 \pi^+$ , $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	( 6.6 ± 1.3 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	181
$\phi a_1(1260)^+$ , $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$ , $a_1^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^+$	( 7.5 ± 1.3 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	†
$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ nonresonant	( 9 ± 7 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	673
$K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 8.4 ± 3.5 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	669

**Hadronic modes without  $K$ 's**

$\pi^+ \pi^0$	< 6 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90% 975
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 1.11 ± 0.08 ) %	959
$\rho^0 \pi^+$	not seen	825
$\pi^+ (\pi^+ \pi^-)_{S-\text{wave}}$	[g] ( 9.7 ± 1.1 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	959
$f_2(1270)\pi^+$ , $f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 1.1 ± 0.6 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	559
$\rho(1450)^0 \pi^+$ , $\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 7 ± 6 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	421
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	< 15 %	90% 935
$\eta \pi^+$	[f] ( 1.58 ± 0.21 ) %	902
$\omega \pi^+$	[f] ( 2.5 ± 0.9 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	822
$3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	( 8.0 ± 0.9 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	899
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	—	902
$\eta \rho^+$	[f] ( 13.1 ± 2.2 ) %	724
$\eta \pi^+ \pi^0$ 3-body	[f] < 5 %	90% 886
$3\pi^+ 2\pi^- \pi^0$	( 4.9 ± 3.2 ) %	856
$\eta'(958)\pi^+$	[f] ( 3.8 ± 0.4 ) %	743
$3\pi^+ 2\pi^- 2\pi^0$	—	803
$\eta'(958)\rho^+$	[f] ( 12.2 ± 2.0 ) %	465
$\eta'(958)\pi^+ \pi^0$ 3-body	[f] < 1.8 %	90% 720

**Modes with one or three  $K$ 's**

$K^+ \pi^0$	( 8.2 ± 2.2 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	917
$K_S^0 \pi^+$	( 1.25 ± 0.15 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	916
$K^+ \eta$	( 1.41 ± 0.31 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	835
$K^+ \eta'(958)$	( 1.6 ± 0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	646
$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 6.9 ± 0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	900
$K^+ \rho^0$	( 2.7 ± 0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	745
$K^+ \rho(1450)^0$ , $\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 7.4 ± 2.6 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	—
$K^*(892)^0 \pi^+$ , $K^{*0} \rightarrow$	( 1.50 ± 0.26 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	775
$K^+ \pi^-$	( 1.30 ± 0.31 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	—
$K^*(1410)^0 \pi^+$ , $K^{*0} \rightarrow$	( 1.30 ± 0.31 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	—
$K^+ \pi^-$		

$K^*(1430)^0 \pi^+$ , $K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	$(5 \pm 4) \times 10^{-4}$	-
$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ nonresonant	$(1.1 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	900
$K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	$(3.0 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-3}$	870
$K^+ K^+ K^-$	$(4.9 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-4}$	628
$\phi K^+$ , $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	$< 2.8 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
<b>Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes</b>		
$K^+ K^+ \pi^-$	$(2.9 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$	805
<b>Baryon-antibaryon mode</b>		
$p\bar{n}$	$(1.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	295
<b><math>\Delta C = 1</math> weak neutral current (C1) modes, Lepton family number (LF), or Lepton number (L) violating modes</b>		
$\pi^+ e^+ e^-$	$[h] < 2.7 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$[h] < 2.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90%
$K^+ e^+ e^-$	$C1 < 1.6 \times 10^{-3}$	90%
$K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$C1 < 3.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90%
$K^*(892)^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$C1 < 1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	90%
$\pi^+ e^\pm \mu^\mp$	$LF [i] < 6.1 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$K^+ e^\pm \mu^\mp$	$LF [i] < 6.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\pi^- e^+ e^+$	$L < 6.9 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\pi^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	$L < 2.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90%
$\pi^- e^+ \mu^+$	$L < 7.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$K^- e^+ e^+$	$L < 6.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$K^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	$L < 1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90%
$K^- e^+ \mu^+$	$L < 6.8 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$K^*(892)^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	$L < 1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	90%

$D_s^{*\pm}$

$I(J^P) = 0(?^?)$

$J^P$  is natural, width and decay modes consistent with  $1^-$ .

Mass  $m = 2112.3 \pm 0.5$  MeV ( $S = 1.1$ )

$m_{D_s^{*\pm}} - m_{D_s^\pm} = 143.8 \pm 0.4$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma < 1.9$  MeV, CL = 90%

$D_s^{*-}$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

<b><math>D_s^{*+}</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D_s^+ \gamma$	(94.2 $\pm$ 0.7) %	139
$D_s^+ \pi^0$	( 5.8 $\pm$ 0.7) %	48

### **$D_{s0}^*(2317)^{\pm}$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(0^+)$$

$J, P$  need confirmation.

$J^P$  is natural, low mass consistent with  $0^+$ .

Mass  $m = 2317.8 \pm 0.6$  MeV ( $S = 1.1$ )

$$m_{D_{s0}^*(2317)^{\pm}} - m_{D_s^{\pm}} = 349.3 \pm 0.6 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

Full width  $\Gamma < 3.8$  MeV, CL = 95%

$D_{s0}^*(2317)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of modes below.

<b><math>D_{s0}^*(2317)^{\pm}</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D_s^+ \pi^0$	seen	298
$D_s^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	not seen	205

### **$D_{s1}(2460)^{\pm}$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^+)$$

Mass  $m = 2459.6 \pm 0.6$  MeV ( $S = 1.1$ )

$$m_{D_{s1}(2460)^{\pm}} - m_{D_s^{*\pm}} = 347.2 \pm 0.8 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.2)$$

$$m_{D_{s1}(2460)^{\pm}} - m_{D_s^{\pm}} = 491.1 \pm 0.7 \text{ MeV} \quad (S = 1.1)$$

Full width  $\Gamma < 3.5$  MeV, CL = 95%

$D_{s1}(2460)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

<b><math>D_{s1}(2460)^+</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	<i>p</i> (MeV/c)
$D_s^{*+} \pi^0$	(48 $\pm$ 11) %		297
$D_s^+ \gamma$	(18 $\pm$ 4) %		442
$D_s^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 4.3 $\pm$ 1.3) %	S=1.1	363
$D_s^{*+} \gamma$	< 8 %	CL=90%	323
$D_{s0}^*(2317)^+ \gamma$	( 3.7 $\pm$ 5.0) %		138

### **$D_{s1}(2536)^{\pm}$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^+)$$

*J, P need confirmation.*

Mass  $m = 2535.35 \pm 0.34 \pm 0.5$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma < 2.3$  MeV, CL = 90%

$D_{s1}(2536)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

<b><math>D_{s1}(2536)^+</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	<i>p</i> (MeV/c)
$D^*(2010)^+ K^0$	seen	149
$D^*(2007)^0 K^+$	seen	168
$D^+ K^0$	not seen	382
$D^0 K^+$	not seen	391
$D_s^{*+} \gamma$	possibly seen	388
$D_s^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	437

### **$D_{s2}(2573)^{\pm}$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(?^?)$$

$J^P$  is natural, width and decay modes consistent with  $2^+$ .

Mass  $m = 2572.6 \pm 0.9$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 20 \pm 5$  MeV (S = 1.3)

$D_{s2}(2573)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

<b><math>D_{s2}(2573)^+</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	<i>p</i> (MeV/c)
$D^0 K^+$	seen	435
$D^*(2007)^0 K^+$	not seen	244

## NOTES

- [a] See the Particle Listings for the (complicated) definition of this quantity.
- [b] This fraction includes  $\eta$  from  $\eta'$  decays.
- [c] For now, we average together measurements of the  $X e^+ \nu_e$  and  $X \mu^+ \nu_\mu$  branching fractions. This is the *average*, not the *sum*.
- [d] The branching fraction for this mode may differ from the sum of the submodes that contribute to it, due to interference effects. See the relevant papers in the Particle Listings.
- [e] We decouple the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$  branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$ ,  $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$  branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of  $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$ . That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the  $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$  branching fraction 0.491.
- [f] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance.
- [g] This comes from a  $K$ -matrix parametrization of the  $\pi^+ \pi^-$   $S$ -wave and is a sum over the  $f_0(980)$ ,  $f_0(1300)$ ,  $f_0(1200\text{--}1600)$ ,  $f_0(1500)$ , and  $f_0(1750)$ . Not all of these correspond to particles in our Tables.
- [h] This mode is not a useful test for a  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.
- [i] The value is for the sum of the charge states or particle/antiparticle states indicated.