

$\eta_c(2S)$

$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^+(0^-+)$

Quantum numbers are quark model predictions.

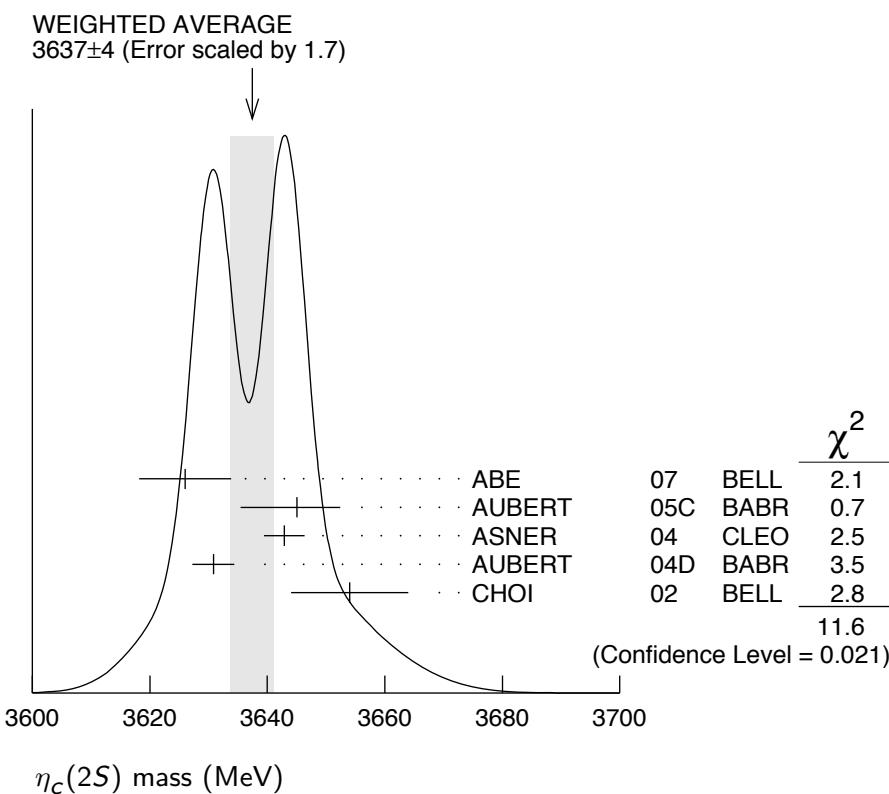
### $\eta_c(2S)$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>3637 ±4 OUR AVERAGE</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.7. See the ideogram below.		
3626 ±5 ±6	311	<sup>1</sup> ABE	07 BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi(c\bar{c})$
3645.0 ±5.5 ±4.9	121 ± 27	AUBERT	05C BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi c\bar{c}$
3642.9 ±3.1 ±1.5	61	ASNER	04 CLEO	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
3630.8 ±3.4 ±1.0	112 ± 24	AUBERT	04D BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi$
3654 ±6 ±8	39 ± 11	CHOI	02 BELL	$B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
3639 ±7	98 ± 52	<sup>2</sup> AUBERT	06E BABR	$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm X_{c\bar{c}}$
3594 ±5		<sup>3</sup> EDWARDS	82C CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>1</sup> From a fit of the  $J/\psi$  recoil mass spectrum. Supersedes ABE, K 02 and ABE 04G.

<sup>2</sup> From the fit of the kaon momentum spectrum. Systematic errors not evaluated.

<sup>3</sup> Assuming mass of  $\psi(2S) = 3686$  MeV.



## $\eta_c(2S)$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>14 ± 7 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
6.3±12.4±4.0	61	ASNER	04	CLEO	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
17.0± 8.3±2.5	112 ± 24	AUBERT	04D	BABR	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
<23	90	98 ± 52	4	AUBERT	$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm X_c \bar{c}$
22 ± 14		121 ± 27		AUBERT	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi c \bar{c}$
<55	90	39 ± 11	5	CHOI	$B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$
<8.0	95		6	EDWARDS	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>4</sup> From the fit of the kaon momentum spectrum. Systematic errors not evaluated.

<sup>5</sup> For a mass value of  $3654 \pm 6$  MeV

<sup>6</sup> For a mass value of  $3594 \pm 5$  MeV

## $\eta_c(2S)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level
$\Gamma_1$ hadrons	not seen	
$\Gamma_2$ $K\bar{K}\pi$	( $1.9 \pm 1.2$ ) %	
$\Gamma_3$ $2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	not seen	
$\Gamma_4$ $3\pi^+ 3\pi^-$	not seen	
$\Gamma_5$ $K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	not seen	
$\Gamma_6$ $K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	not seen	
$\Gamma_7$ $K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	not seen	
$\Gamma_8$ $K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$	not seen	
$\Gamma_9$ $2K^+ 2K^-$	not seen	
$\Gamma_{10}$ $p\bar{p}$	not seen	
$\Gamma_{11}$ $\gamma\gamma$	$< 5 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\Gamma_{12}$ $\pi^+ \pi^- \eta$	not seen	
$\Gamma_{13}$ $\pi^+ \pi^- \eta'$	not seen	
$\Gamma_{14}$ $K^+ K^- \eta$	not seen	
$\Gamma_{15}$ $\pi^+ \pi^- \eta_c(1S)$	not seen	

## $\eta_c(2S)$ PARTIAL WIDTHS

$\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)$	$\Gamma_{11}$
VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

**• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •**

1.3±0.6	7 ASNER	04 CLEO	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
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<sup>7</sup> They measure  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)\gamma\gamma)$   $B(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi) = (0.18 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.02)$   $\Gamma(\eta_c(1S)\gamma\gamma)$   $B(\eta_c(1S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi)$ . The value for  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$  is derived assuming that the branching fractions for  $\eta_c(2S)$  and  $\eta_c(1S)$  decays to  $K_S K\pi$  are equal and using  $\Gamma(\eta_c(1S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 7.4 \pm 0.4 \pm 2.3$  keV.

$\eta_c(2S) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma(\text{total})$ 

$\Gamma(2\pi^+ 2\pi^-) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_3 \Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$
VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<6.5	90	UEHARA	08	BELL $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-)$
$\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_5 \Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$
VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<5.0	90	UEHARA	08	BELL $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$\Gamma(2K^+ 2K^-) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_9 \Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$
VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.9	90	UEHARA	08	BELL $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) \rightarrow 2(K^+ K^-)$

 $\eta_c(2S) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma^2(\text{total})$ 

$\Gamma(p\bar{p})/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_{10}/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$
VALUE (units $10^{-8}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 5.6	90	8,9,10 AMBROGIANI 01	E835	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
< 8.0	90	8,9,11 AMBROGIANI 01	E835	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
<12.0	90	9,11 AMBROGIANI 01	E835	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

<sup>8</sup> Including the measurements of of ARMSTRONG 95F in the AMBROGIANI 01 analysis.  
<sup>9</sup> For a total width  $\Gamma=5$  MeV.  
<sup>10</sup> For the resonance mass region  $3589\text{--}3599$  MeV/ $c^2$ .  
<sup>11</sup> For the resonance mass region  $3575\text{--}3660$  MeV/ $c^2$ .

 $\eta_c(2S)$  BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(\text{hadrons})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>not seen</b>	ABREU	980 DLPH	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- + \text{hadrons}$	
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
seen	<sup>12</sup> EDWARDS	82C CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	

<sup>12</sup> For a mass value of  $3594 \pm 5$  MeV

$\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$
VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.9±0.4±1.1</b>	$59 \pm 12$	<sup>13</sup> AUBERT	08AB BABR	$B \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi K$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
seen	$39 \pm 11$	<sup>14</sup> CHOI	02 BELL	$B \rightarrow K K_S K^- \pi^+$

<sup>13</sup> Derived from a measurement of  $[B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+) \times B(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi)] / [B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c K^+) \times B(\eta_c \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi)] = (9.6^{+2.0}_{-1.9} \pm 2.5)\%$  and using  $B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+) = (3.4 \pm 1.8) \times 10^{-4}$ , and  $[B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c K^+) \times B(\eta_c \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi)] = (6.88 \pm 0.77^{+0.55}_{-0.66}) \times 10^{-5}$ .

<sup>14</sup> For a mass value of  $3654 \pm 6$  MeV

### $\Gamma(2\pi^+ 2\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>not seen</b>	UEHARA 08	BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S)$

### $\Gamma_3/\Gamma$

### $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>not seen</b>	UEHARA 08	BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S)$

### $\Gamma_5/\Gamma$

### $\Gamma(2K^+ 2K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>not seen</b>	UEHARA 08	BELL	$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \eta_c(2S)$

### $\Gamma_9/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>not seen</b>	AMBROGIANI 01	E835	$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

### $\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$

### $\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	CL%
$<5 \times 10^{-4}$	90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
WICHT 08	BELL	$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \gamma\gamma$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<0.01$	90	LEE	85	CBAL	$\psi' \rightarrow \text{photons}$
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15 WICHT 08 reports  $[\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+)] < 0.18 \times 10^{-6}$  which we divide by our best value  $B(B^+ \rightarrow \eta_c(2S) K^+) = 3.4 \times 10^{-4}$ .

## $\eta_c(2S)$ CROSS-PARTICLE BRANCHING RATIOS

### $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma_3/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{110}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$

VALUE	CL%
$<14.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$

16 Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

### $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow 3\pi^+ 3\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma_4/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{110}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$

VALUE	CL%
$<13.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma 3\pi^+ 3\pi^-$

17 Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

### $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma_5/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{110}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$

VALUE	CL%
$<9.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

18 Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_6/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{110}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<43.0 \times 10^{-6}$	90	19 CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

19 Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_7/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{110}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<9.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	20 CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$

20 Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_8/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{110}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<15.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	21 CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$

21 Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{110}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<4.3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	22 CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \eta$

22 Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta')/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{110}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<14.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	23 CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \eta'$

23 Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$$\frac{\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{14}/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{110}^{\psi(2S)}/\Gamma^{\psi(2S)}}$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<5.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90	24 CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^- \eta$

24 Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

$\Gamma(\eta_c(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta_c(1S)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\times \Gamma(\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c(2S)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{15} / \Gamma \times \Gamma_{110}^{\psi(2S)} / \Gamma^{\psi(2S)}$		
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.7 \times 10^{-4}$	90	25 CRONIN-HEN..10	CLEO	$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \eta_c(1S)$

<sup>25</sup> Assuming  $\Gamma(\eta_c(2S)) = 14$  MeV. CRONIN-HENNESSY 10 gives the analytic dependence of limits on width.

## $\eta_c(2S)$ REFERENCES

CRONIN-HEN... 10	PR D81 052002	D. Cronin-Hennessey <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT 08AB	PR D78 012006	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
UEHARA 08	EPJ C53 1	S. Uehara <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
WICHT 08	PL B662 323	J. Wicht <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ABE 07	PRL 98 082001	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
AUBERT 06E	PRL 96 052002	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AUBERT 05C	PR D72 031101R	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ABE 04G	PR D70 071102	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ASNER 04	PRL 92 142001	D.M. Asner <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT 04D	PRL 92 142002	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ABE,K 02	PRL 89 142001	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
CHOI 02	PRL 89 102001	S.-K. Choi <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
AMBROGIANI 01	PR D64 052003	M. Ambrogiani <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E835 Collab.)
ABREU 98O	PL B441 479	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ARMSTRONG 95F	PR D52 4839	T.A. Armstrong <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL, FERR, GENO+)
LEE 85	SLAC 282	R.A. Lee	(SLAC)
EDWARDS 82C	PRL 48 70	C. Edwards <i>et al.</i>	(CIT, HARV, PRIN+)