

## LEPTONS

**e**

$$J = \frac{1}{2}$$

Mass  $m = (548.57990943 \pm 0.00000023) \times 10^{-6}$  u

Mass  $m = 0.510998910 \pm 0.000000013$  MeV

$|m_{e^+} - m_{e^-}|/m < 8 \times 10^{-9}$ , CL = 90%  
 $|q_{e^+} + q_{e^-}|/e < 4 \times 10^{-8}$

Magnetic moment anomaly

$(g-2)/2 = (1159.65218073 \pm 0.00000028) \times 10^{-6}$

$(g_{e^+} - g_{e^-}) / g_{\text{average}} = (-0.5 \pm 2.1) \times 10^{-12}$

Electric dipole moment  $d = (0.07 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-26}$  e cm

Mean life  $\tau > 4.6 \times 10^{26}$  yr, CL = 90% [a]

**$\mu$**

$$J = \frac{1}{2}$$

Mass  $m = 0.1134289256 \pm 0.0000000029$  u

Mass  $m = 105.658367 \pm 0.000004$  MeV

Mean life  $\tau = (2.197034 \pm 0.000021) \times 10^{-6}$  s (S = 1.2)

$\tau_{\mu^+}/\tau_{\mu^-} = 1.00002 \pm 0.00008$

$c\tau = 658.654$  m

Magnetic moment anomaly  $(g-2)/2 = (11659209 \pm 6) \times 10^{-10}$

$(g_{\mu^+} - g_{\mu^-}) / g_{\text{average}} = (-0.11 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-8}$

Electric dipole moment  $d = (-0.1 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-19}$  e cm

### Decay parameters [b]

$\rho = 0.7503 \pm 0.0004$

$\eta = 0.057 \pm 0.034$

$\delta = 0.7504 \pm 0.0006$

$\xi P_\mu = 1.0007 \pm 0.0035$  [c]

$\xi P_\mu \delta / \rho > 0.99682$ , CL = 90% [c]

$\xi' = 1.00 \pm 0.04$

$\xi'' = 0.7 \pm 0.4$

$\alpha/A = (0 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$

$\alpha'/A = (-10 \pm 20) \times 10^{-3}$

$\beta/A = (4 \pm 6) \times 10^{-3}$

$\beta'/A = (2 \pm 7) \times 10^{-3}$

$\bar{\eta} = 0.02 \pm 0.08$

$\mu^+$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

$\mu^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu$	$\approx 100\%$		53
$e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu \gamma$	[d] $(1.4 \pm 0.4)\%$		53
$e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu e^+ e^-$	[e] $(3.4 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-5}$		53
<b>Lepton Family number (<i>LF</i>) violating modes</b>			
$e^- \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\mu$	<i>LF</i> [f] $< 1.2$ %	90%	53
$e^- \gamma$	<i>LF</i> $< 1.2 \times 10^{-11}$	90%	53
$e^- e^+ e^-$	<i>LF</i> $< 1.0 \times 10^{-12}$	90%	53
$e^- 2\gamma$	<i>LF</i> $< 7.2 \times 10^{-11}$	90%	53

**$\tau$**

$$J = \frac{1}{2}$$

Mass  $m = 1776.82 \pm 0.16$  MeV

$(m_{\tau^+} - m_{\tau^-})/m_{\text{average}} < 2.8 \times 10^{-4}$ , CL = 90%

Mean life  $\tau = (290.6 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-15}$  s

$$c\tau = 87.11 \mu\text{m}$$

Magnetic moment anomaly  $> -0.052$  and  $< 0.013$ , CL = 95%

$\text{Re}(d_\tau) = -0.22$  to  $0.45 \times 10^{-16}$  ecm, CL = 95%

$\text{Im}(d_\tau) = -0.25$  to  $0.008 \times 10^{-16}$  ecm, CL = 95%

### Weak dipole moment

$\text{Re}(d_\tau^w) < 0.50 \times 10^{-17}$  ecm, CL = 95%

$\text{Im}(d_\tau^w) < 1.1 \times 10^{-17}$  ecm, CL = 95%

### Weak anomalous magnetic dipole moment

$\text{Re}(\alpha_\tau^w) < 1.1 \times 10^{-3}$ , CL = 95%

$\text{Im}(\alpha_\tau^w) < 2.7 \times 10^{-3}$ , CL = 95%

### Decay parameters

See the  $\tau$  Particle Listings for a note concerning  $\tau$ -decay parameters.

$$\rho(e \text{ or } \mu) = 0.745 \pm 0.008$$

$$\rho(e) = 0.747 \pm 0.010$$

$$\rho(\mu) = 0.763 \pm 0.020$$

$$\xi(e \text{ or } \mu) = 0.985 \pm 0.030$$

$$\xi(e) = 0.994 \pm 0.040$$

$$\xi(\mu) = 1.030 \pm 0.059$$

$$\eta(e \text{ or } \mu) = 0.013 \pm 0.020$$

$$\eta(\mu) = 0.094 \pm 0.073$$

$$(\delta\xi)(e \text{ or } \mu) = 0.746 \pm 0.021$$

$$(\delta\xi)(e) = 0.734 \pm 0.028$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(\delta\xi)(\mu) &= 0.778 \pm 0.037 \\
\xi(\pi) &= 0.993 \pm 0.022 \\
\xi(\rho) &= 0.994 \pm 0.008 \\
\xi(a_1) &= 1.001 \pm 0.027 \\
\xi(\text{all hadronic modes}) &= 0.995 \pm 0.007
\end{aligned}$$

$\tau^+$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below. " $h^\pm$ " stands for  $\pi^\pm$  or  $K^\pm$ . " $\ell$ " stands for e or  $\mu$ . "Neutrals" stands for  $\gamma$ 's and/or  $\pi^0$ 's.

$\tau^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
<b>Modes with one charged particle</b>			
particle $\geq 0$ neutrals $\geq 0 K^0 \nu_\tau$	$(85.36 \pm 0.08) \%$	S=1.3	—
("1-prong")			
particle $\geq 0$ neutrals $\geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	$(84.72 \pm 0.08) \%$	S=1.4	—
$\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau$	[g] $(17.36 \pm 0.05) \%$		885
$\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau \gamma$	[e] $(3.6 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$		885
$e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau$	[g] $(17.85 \pm 0.05) \%$		888
$e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau \gamma$	[e] $(1.75 \pm 0.18) \%$		888
$h^- \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	$(12.13 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.1	883
$h^- \nu_\tau$	$(11.61 \pm 0.06) \%$	S=1.1	883
$\pi^- \nu_\tau$	[g] $(10.91 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.1	883
$K^- \nu_\tau$	[g] $(6.96 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	820
$h^- \geq 1$ neutrals $\nu_\tau$	$(37.06 \pm 0.10) \%$	S=1.2	—
$h^- \geq 1 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	$(36.54 \pm 0.11) \%$	S=1.2	—
$h^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(25.94 \pm 0.09) \%$	S=1.1	878
$\pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[g] $(25.51 \pm 0.09) \%$	S=1.1	878
$\pi^- \pi^0$ non- $\rho(770) \nu_\tau$	$(3.0 \pm 3.2) \times 10^{-3}$		878
$K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[g] $(4.29 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-3}$		814
$h^- \geq 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(10.85 \pm 0.12) \%$	S=1.3	—
$h^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(9.51 \pm 0.11) \%$	S=1.2	862
$h^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	$(9.35 \pm 0.11) \%$	S=1.2	862
$\pi^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	[g] $(9.29 \pm 0.11) \%$	S=1.2	862
$\pi^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ ), scalar	$< 9 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%	862
$\pi^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ ), vector	$< 7 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%	862
$K^- 2 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	[g] $(6.5 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-4}$		796
$h^- \geq 3 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.34 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.1	—
$h^- \geq 3 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	$(1.25 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.1	—
$h^- 3 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.18 \pm 0.08) \%$		836
$\pi^- 3 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	[g] $(1.04 \pm 0.07) \%$		836
$K^- 3 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ , $\eta$ )	[g] $(4.9 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.1	765

$h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )		$(1.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	800
$h^- 4\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0, \eta$ )	[g]	$(1.1 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	800
$K^- \geq 0\pi^0 \geq 0K^0 \geq 0\gamma \nu_\tau$		$(1.57 \pm 0.04) \%$	S=1.1
$K^- \geq 1(\pi^0 \text{ or } K^0 \text{ or } \gamma) \nu_\tau$		$(8.72 \pm 0.32) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1

**Modes with  $K^0$ 's**

$K_S^0$ (particles) $\nu_\tau$		$(9.2 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.5	-
$h^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau$		$(1.00 \pm 0.05) \%$	S=1.8	812
$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau$	[g]	$(8.4 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	S=2.1	812
$\pi^- \bar{K}^0$		$(5.4 \pm 2.1) \times 10^{-4}$		812
$(\text{non-}K^*(892)^-) \nu_\tau$				
$K^- K^0 \nu_\tau$	[g]	$(1.59 \pm 0.16) \times 10^{-3}$		737
$K^- K^0 \geq 0\pi^0 \nu_\tau$		$(3.18 \pm 0.24) \times 10^{-3}$		737
$h^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$		$(5.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$		794
$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[g]	$(4.0 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$		794
$\bar{K}^0 \rho^- \nu_\tau$		$(2.2 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$		612
$K^- K^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[g]	$(1.59 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-3}$		685
$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \geq 1\pi^0 \nu_\tau$		$(3.2 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-3}$		-
$\pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$		$(2.6 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-4}$		763
$K^- K^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$		$< 1.6 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	619
$\pi^- K^0 \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau$		$(1.7 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.6	682
$\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \nu_\tau$	[g]	$(2.4 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$		682
$\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	[g]	$(1.2 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.7	682
$\pi^- K^0 \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$		$(3.1 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-4}$		614
$\pi^- K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$		$< 2.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	614
$\pi^- K_S^0 K_L^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$		$(3.1 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4}$		614
$K^0 h^+ h^- \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau$		$< 1.7 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%	760
$K^0 h^+ h^- \nu_\tau$		$(2.3 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-4}$		760

**Modes with three charged particles**

$h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$		$(15.19 \pm 0.08) \%$	S=1.4	861
$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ ) ("3-prong")		$(14.56 \pm 0.08) \%$	S=1.3	861
$h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau$		$(9.80 \pm 0.08) \%$	S=1.4	861
$h^- h^- h^+ (\text{ex. } K^0)$		$(9.46 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.3	861
$h^- h^- h^+ \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)$		$(9.42 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.3	861
$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$		$(9.32 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.2	861
$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)$		$(9.03 \pm 0.06) \%$	S=1.2	861
$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)$ , non-axial vector		$< 2.4 \%$	CL=95%	861
$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0, \omega)$	[g]	$(9.00 \pm 0.06) \%$	S=1.2	861
$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau$		$(5.38 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.2	-
$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 1 \pi^0 \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)$		$(5.08 \pm 0.06) \%$	S=1.1	-
$h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$		$(4.75 \pm 0.06) \%$	S=1.2	834

$h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	( $4.56 \pm 0.06$ ) %	S=1.2	834
$h^- h^- h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0, \omega$ )	( $2.79 \pm 0.08$ ) %	S=1.2	834
$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	( $4.61 \pm 0.06$ ) %	S=1.1	834
$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	( $4.48 \pm 0.06$ ) %	S=1.2	834
$\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0, \omega$ ) [g]	( $2.70 \pm 0.08$ ) %	S=1.2	834
$h^- h^- h^+ \geq 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	( $5.18 \pm 0.33$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$		-
$h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	( $5.06 \pm 0.32$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$		797
$h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	( $4.95 \pm 0.32$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$		797
$h^- h^- h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0, \omega, \eta$ ) [g]	( $10 \pm 4$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$		797
$h^- h^- h^+ 3\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[g] ( $2.3 \pm 0.7$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.3	749
$K^- h^+ h^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\nu_\tau$	( $6.24 \pm 0.24$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.5	794
$K^- h^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	( $4.27 \pm 0.20$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=2.4	794
$K^- h^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	( $8.7 \pm 1.2$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.1	763
$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\nu_\tau$	( $4.78 \pm 0.21$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.3	794
$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\nu_\tau$	( $3.68 \pm 0.20$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.4	794
$0\pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )			
$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$	( $3.42 \pm 0.17$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.8	794
$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ ) [g]	( $2.87 \pm 0.16$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=2.1	794
$K^- \rho^0 \nu_\tau \rightarrow$	( $1.4 \pm 0.5$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$		-
$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$			
$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	( $1.36 \pm 0.14$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$		763
$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ )	( $8.1 \pm 1.2$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$		763
$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0, \eta$ ) [g]	( $7.7 \pm 1.2$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$		763
$K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0, \omega$ )	( $3.7 \pm 0.9$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$		763
$K^- \pi^+ K^- \geq 0$ neut. $\nu_\tau$	< 9 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	685
$K^- K^+ \pi^- \geq 0$ neut. $\nu_\tau$	( $1.46 \pm 0.06$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.6	685
$K^- K^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau$	[g] ( $1.40 \pm 0.05$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.7	685
$K^- K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[g] ( $6.1 \pm 2.5$ ) $\times 10^{-5}$	S=1.4	618
$K^- K^+ K^- \geq 0$ neut. $\nu_\tau$	< 2.1 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%	471
$K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau$	( $1.58 \pm 0.18$ ) $\times 10^{-5}$		471
$K^- K^+ K^- \nu_\tau$ (ex. $\phi$ )	< 2.5 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	-
$K^- K^+ K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	< 4.8 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	345
$\pi^- K^+ \pi^- \geq 0$ neut. $\nu_\tau$	< 2.5 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%	794
$e^- e^- e^+ \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau$	( $2.8 \pm 1.5$ ) $\times 10^{-5}$		888
$\mu^- e^- e^+ \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau$	< 3.6 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	885

**Modes with five charged particles**

$3h^- 2h^+ \geq 0$ neutrals $\nu_\tau$ (ex. $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+$ ) ("5-prong")	( $1.02 \pm 0.04$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	794
$3h^- 2h^+ \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ ) [g]	( $8.39 \pm 0.35$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.1	794
$3h^- 2h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$ (ex. $K^0$ ) [g]	( $1.78 \pm 0.27$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$		746
$3h^- 2h^+ 2\pi^0 \nu_\tau$	< 3.4 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	687

**Miscellaneous other allowed modes**

$(5\pi)^-\nu_\tau$	$(7.6 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$		800
$4h^- 3h^+ \geq 0$ neutrals $\nu_\tau$ ("7-prong")	$< 3.0 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	682
$4h^- 3h^+ \nu_\tau$	$< 4.3 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	682
$4h^- 3h^+ \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 2.5 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	612
$X^- (S=-1)\nu_\tau$	$(2.86 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.3	—
$K^*(892)^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\geq 0 K_L^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.42 \pm 0.18) \%$	S=1.4	665
$K^*(892)^-\nu_\tau$	$(1.20 \pm 0.07) \%$	S=1.8	665
$K^*(892)^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \nu_\tau$	$(7.8 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$		—
$K^*(892)^0 K^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\nu_\tau$	$(3.2 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$		542
$K^*(892)^0 K^- \nu_\tau$	$(2.1 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$		542
$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\nu_\tau$	$(3.8 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-3}$		655
$\bar{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(2.2 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$		655
$(\bar{K}^*(892)\pi)^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow \pi^- \bar{K}^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.0 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$		—
$K_1(1270)^-\nu_\tau$	$(4.7 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-3}$		433
$K_1(1400)^-\nu_\tau$	$(1.7 \pm 2.6) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.7	335
$K^*(1410)^-\nu_\tau$	$(1.5 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$		326
$K_0^*(1430)^-\nu_\tau$	$< 5 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	317
$K_2^*(1430)^-\nu_\tau$	$< 3 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%	316
$\eta \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$< 1.4 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	797
$\eta \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	[g] $(1.39 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.4	778
$\eta \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(1.5 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$		746
$\eta K^- \nu_\tau$	[g] $(1.61 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.1	719
$\eta K^*(892)^-\nu_\tau$	$(1.38 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-4}$		511
$\eta K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$(4.8 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-5}$		665
$\eta K^- \pi^0 (\text{non-}K^*(892)) \nu_\tau$	$< 3.5 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	—
$\eta \bar{K}^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(9.3 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-5}$		661
$\eta \bar{K}^0 \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 5.0 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	590
$\eta K^- K^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 9.0 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	430
$\eta \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- \geq 0$ neutrals $\nu_\tau$	$< 3 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	743
$\eta \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau (\text{ex. } K^0)$	$(1.64 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-4}$		743
$\eta a_1(1260)^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow \eta \pi^- \rho^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 3.9 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	—
$\eta \eta \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$< 7.4 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	637
$\eta \eta \pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 2.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	559
$\eta \eta K^- \nu_\tau$	$< 3.0 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	382
$\eta'(958)\pi^- \nu_\tau$	$< 7.2 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	620
$\eta'(958)\pi^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$	$< 8.0 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	591
$\phi \pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(3.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-5}$		585
$\phi K^- \nu_\tau$	$(3.70 \pm 0.33) \times 10^{-5}$	S=1.3	445
$f_1(1285)\pi^- \nu_\tau$	$(3.6 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4}$		408

$f_1(1285)\pi^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow$	$(1.11 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{-4}$	-
$\eta\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-\nu_\tau$		
$\pi(1300)^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow (\rho\pi)^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow$	$< 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
$(3\pi)^-\nu_\tau$		-
$\pi(1300)^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow$	$< 1.9 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
$((\pi\pi)_{S\text{-wave}}\pi)^-\nu_\tau \rightarrow$		-
$(3\pi)^-\nu_\tau$		
$h^-\omega \geq 0 \text{ neutrals } \nu_\tau$	$(2.41 \pm 0.09) \%$	S=1.2
$h^-\omega\nu_\tau$	[g] $(1.99 \pm 0.08) \%$	S=1.3
$K^-\omega\nu_\tau$	$(4.1 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4}$	610
$h^-\omega\pi^0\nu_\tau$	[g] $(4.1 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	684
$h^-\omega 2\pi^0\nu_\tau$	$(1.4 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$	644
$h^-2\omega\nu_\tau$	$< 5.4 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
$2h^-h^+\omega\nu_\tau$	$(1.20 \pm 0.22) \times 10^{-4}$	641

**Lepton Family number (*LF*), Lepton number (*L*),  
or Baryon number (*B*) violating modes**

*L* means lepton number violation (e.g.  $\tau^- \rightarrow e^+\pi^-\pi^-$ ). Following common usage, *LF* means lepton family violation *and not* lepton number violation (e.g.  $\tau^- \rightarrow e^-\pi^+\pi^-$ ). *B* means baryon number violation.

$e^-\gamma$	<i>LF</i>	$< 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	888
$\mu^-\gamma$	<i>LF</i>	$< 4.4 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	885
$e^-\pi^0$	<i>LF</i>	$< 8.0 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	883
$\mu^-\pi^0$	<i>LF</i>	$< 1.1 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	880
$e^-K_S^0$	<i>LF</i>	$< 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	819
$\mu^-K_S^0$	<i>LF</i>	$< 4.0 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	815
$e^-\eta$	<i>LF</i>	$< 9.2 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	804
$\mu^-\eta$	<i>LF</i>	$< 6.5 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	800
$e^-\rho^0$	<i>LF</i>	$< 4.6 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	719
$\mu^-\rho^0$	<i>LF</i>	$< 2.6 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	715
$e^-\omega$	<i>LF</i>	$< 1.1 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	716
$\mu^-\omega$	<i>LF</i>	$< 8.9 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	711
$e^-K^*(892)^0$	<i>LF</i>	$< 5.9 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	665
$\mu^-K^*(892)^0$	<i>LF</i>	$< 5.9 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	659
$e^-\bar{K}^*(892)^0$	<i>LF</i>	$< 4.6 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	665
$\mu^-\bar{K}^*(892)^0$	<i>LF</i>	$< 7.3 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	659
$e^-\eta'(958)$	<i>LF</i>	$< 1.6 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	630
$\mu^-\eta'(958)$	<i>LF</i>	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	625
$e^-f_0(980) \rightarrow e^-\pi^+\pi^-$	<i>LF</i>	$< 3.2 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	-
$\mu^-f_0(980) \rightarrow \mu^-\pi^+\pi^-$	<i>LF</i>	$< 3.4 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	-
$e^-\phi$	<i>LF</i>	$< 3.1 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	596
$\mu^-\phi$	<i>LF</i>	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	590
$e^-e^+e^-$	<i>LF</i>	$< 3.6 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	888
$e^-\mu^+\mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	$< 3.7 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	882

$e^+ \mu^- \mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.3	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	882
$\mu^- e^+ e^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	885
$\mu^+ e^- e^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.0	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	885
$\mu^- \mu^+ \mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.2	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	873
$e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 4.4	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	877
$e^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	<i>L</i>	< 8.8	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	877
$\mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	866
$\mu^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	<i>L</i>	< 3.7	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	866
$e^- \pi^+ K^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 5.8	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	813
$e^- \pi^- K^+$	<i>LF</i>	< 5.2	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	813
$e^+ \pi^- K^-$	<i>L</i>	< 6.7	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	813
$e^- K_S^0 K_S^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	736
$e^- K^+ K^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 5.4	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	738
$e^+ K^- K^-$	<i>L</i>	< 6.0	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	738
$\mu^- \pi^+ K^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.6	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	800
$\mu^- \pi^- K^+$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.0	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	800
$\mu^+ \pi^- K^-$	<i>L</i>	< 9.4	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	800
$\mu^- K_S^0 K_S^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	696
$\mu^- K^+ K^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 6.8	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	699
$\mu^+ K^- K^-$	<i>L</i>	< 9.6	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	699
$e^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 6.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	878
$\mu^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	867
$e^- \eta \eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.5	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	699
$\mu^- \eta \eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 6.0	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	653
$e^- \pi^0 \eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.4	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	798
$\mu^- \pi^0 \eta$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.2	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	784
$\bar{p} \gamma$	<i>L,B</i>	< 3.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	641
$\bar{p} \pi^0$	<i>L,B</i>	< 1.5	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	632
$\bar{p} 2\pi^0$	<i>L,B</i>	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	604
$\bar{p} \eta$	<i>L,B</i>	< 8.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	475
$\bar{p} \pi^0 \eta$	<i>L,B</i>	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	360
$\Lambda \pi^-$	<i>L,B</i>	< 7.2	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	525
$\bar{\Lambda} \pi^-$	<i>L,B</i>	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	525
$e^-$ light boson	<i>LF</i>	< 2.7	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%	—
$\mu^-$ light boson	<i>LF</i>	< 5	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%	—

## Heavy Charged Lepton Searches

### $L^\pm$ – charged lepton

Mass  $m > 100.8$  GeV, CL = 95% [h] Decay to  $\nu W$ .

### $L^\pm$ – stable charged heavy lepton

Mass  $m > 102.6$  GeV, CL = 95%

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## Neutrino Properties

See the note on “Neutrino properties listings” in the Particle Listings.

Mass  $m < 2$  eV (tritium decay)

Mean life/mass,  $\tau/m > 300$  s/eV, CL = 90% (reactor)

Mean life/mass,  $\tau/m > 7 \times 10^9$  s/eV (solar)

Mean life/mass,  $\tau/m > 15.4$  s/eV, CL = 90% (accelerator)

Magnetic moment  $\mu < 0.54 \times 10^{-10} \mu_B$ , CL = 90% (solar)

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## Number of Neutrino Types

Number  $N = 2.984 \pm 0.008$  (Standard Model fits to LEP data)

Number  $N = 2.92 \pm 0.05$  ( $S = 1.2$ ) (Direct measurement of invisible  $Z$  width)

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## Neutrino Mixing

The following values are obtained through data analyses based on the 3-neutrino mixing scheme described in the review “Neutrino Mass, Mixing, and Oscillations” by K. Nakamura and S.T. Petcov in this *Review*.

$$\sin^2(2\theta_{12}) = 0.87 \pm 0.03$$

$$\Delta m_{21}^2 = (7.59 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$$

$$\sin^2(2\theta_{23}) > 0.92$$
 [i]

$$\Delta m_{32}^2 = (2.43 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$$
 [j]

$$\sin^2(2\theta_{13}) < 0.15, \text{ CL} = 90\%$$

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## Heavy Neutral Leptons, Searches for

For excited leptons, see Compositeness Limits below.

### Stable Neutral Heavy Lepton Mass Limits

Mass  $m > 45.0$  GeV, CL = 95% (Dirac)

Mass  $m > 39.5$  GeV, CL = 95% (Majorana)

## Neutral Heavy Lepton Mass Limits

Mass  $m > 90.3$  GeV, CL = 95%

(Dirac  $\nu_L$  coupling to  $e, \mu, \tau$ ; conservative case( $\tau$ ))

Mass  $m > 80.5$  GeV, CL = 95%

(Majorana  $\nu_L$  coupling to  $e, \mu, \tau$ ; conservative case( $\tau$ ))

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## NOTES

- [a] This is the best limit for the mode  $e^- \rightarrow \nu \gamma$ . The best limit for “electron disappearance” is  $6.4 \times 10^{24}$  yr.
- [b] See the “Note on Muon Decay Parameters” in the  $\mu$  Particle Listings for definitions and details.
- [c]  $P_\mu$  is the longitudinal polarization of the muon from pion decay. In standard  $V-A$  theory,  $P_\mu = 1$  and  $\rho = \delta = 3/4$ .
- [d] This only includes events with the  $\gamma$  energy  $> 10$  MeV. Since the  $e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu$  and  $e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\mu \gamma$  modes cannot be clearly separated, we regard the latter mode as a subset of the former.
- [e] See the relevant Particle Listings for the energy limits used in this measurement.
- [f] A test of additive vs. multiplicative lepton family number conservation.
- [g] Basis mode for the  $\tau$ .
- [h]  $L^\pm$  mass limit depends on decay assumptions; see the Full Listings.
- [i] The limit quoted corresponds to the projection onto the  $\sin^2(2\theta_{23})$  axis of the 90% CL contour in the  $\sin^2(2\theta_{23}) - \Delta m_{32}^2$  plane.
- [j] The sign of  $\Delta m_{32}^2$  is not known at this time. The range quoted is for the absolute value.