

**$\Lambda_c(2940)^+$**  $I(J^P) = 0(?^?)$  Status: \*\*\*

A fairly narrow peak of good statistical significance first seen in the  $pD^0$  mass spectrum. It is not seen in  $pD^+$ , and thus it is probably a  $\Lambda_c^+$  and not a  $\Sigma_c$ . It is also seen in  $\Sigma_c(2455)^{0,++} \pi^\pm$ .

 **$\Lambda_c(2940)^+$  MASS**

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2939.3<sup>+1.4</sup><sub>-1.5</sub> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
2939.8 $\pm 1.3 \pm 1.0$	$2280 \pm 310$	AUBERT	07	BABR in $pD^0$
2938.0 $\pm 1.3 \pm 2.0$	$220^{+80}_{-60}$	MIZUK	07	BELL in $\Sigma_c(2455)^{0,++} \pi^\pm$

 **$\Lambda_c(2940)^+$  WIDTH**

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>17<sup>+8</sup><sub>-6</sub> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
17.5 $\pm 5.2 \pm 5.9$	$2280 \pm 310$	AUBERT	07	BABR in $pD^0$
13 <sup>+8</sup> <sub>-5</sub> <sup>+27</sup> <sub>-7</sub>	$220^{+80}_{-60}$	MIZUK	07	BELL in $\Sigma_c(2455)^{0,++} \pi^\pm$

 **$\Lambda_c(2940)^+$  DECAY MODES**

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1 \quad pD^0$	seen
$\Gamma_2 \quad \Sigma_c(2455)^{0,++} \pi^\pm$	seen

 **$\Lambda_c(2940)^+$  REFERENCES**

AUBERT	07	PRL 98 012001	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
MIZUK	07	PRL 98 262001	R. Mizuk <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)