

$K_0^*(1950)$ $I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^+)$

OMMITTED FROM SUMMARY TABLE

Seen in partial-wave analysis of the $K^- \pi^+$ system. Needs confirmation. **$K_0^*(1950)$ MASS**

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
$1945 \pm 10 \pm 20$	¹ ASTON	88	LASS	$0 \quad 11 \quad K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1917 \pm 12	² ZHOU	06	RVUE	$K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
1820 \pm 40	³ ANISOVICH	97C	RVUE	$11 \quad K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$

¹ We take the central value of the two solutions and the larger error given.² S-matrix pole. Using ASTON 88 and assuming $K_0^*(800)$, $K_0^*(1430)$.³ T-matrix pole. Reanalysis of ASTON 88 data. **$K_0^*(1950)$ WIDTH**

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
$201 \pm 34 \pm 79$	⁴ ASTON	88	LASS	$0 \quad 11 \quad K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
145 \pm 38	⁵ ZHOU	06	RVUE	$K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
250 \pm 100	⁶ ANISOVICH	97C	RVUE	$11 \quad K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$

⁴ We take the central value of the two solutions and the larger error given.⁵ S-matrix pole. Using ASTON 88 and assuming $K_0^*(800)$, $K_0^*(1430)$.⁶ T-matrix pole. Reanalysis of ASTON 88 data. **$K_0^*(1950)$ DECAY MODES**

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
$\Gamma_1 \quad K\pi$	(52 \pm 14) %

 $K_0^*(1950)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(K\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				Γ_1/Γ
$0.52 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.12$	⁷ ASTON	88	LASS	$0 \quad 11 \quad K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
~ 0.60	⁸ ZHOU	06	RVUE	$K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
⁷ We take the central value of the two solutions and the larger error given.				
⁸ S-matrix pole. Using ASTON 88 and assuming $K_0^*(800)$, $K_0^*(1430)$.				

$K_0^*(1950)$ REFERENCES

ZHOU	06	NP A775 212	Z.Y. Zhou, H.Q. Zheng
ANISOVICH	97C	PL B413 137	A.V. Anisovich, A.V. Sarantsev
ASTON	88	NP B296 493	D. Aston <i>et al.</i> (SLAC, NAGO, CINC, INUS)
