

**$D^*(2007)^0$** 
 $I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(1^-)$   
*I, J, P need confirmation.*

*J* consistent with 1, value 0 ruled out (NGUYEN 77).

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 **$D^*(2007)^0$  MASS**

The fit includes  $D^\pm$ ,  $D^0$ ,  $D_s^\pm$ ,  $D^{*\pm}$ ,  $D^{*0}$ ,  $D_s^{*\pm}$ ,  $D_1(2420)^0$ ,  $D_2^*(2460)^0$ , and  $D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$  mass and mass difference measurements.

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2006.96±0.16 OUR FIT</b>			
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
2006 $\pm 1.5$	<sup>1</sup> GOLDHABER 77 MRK1 $e^+ e^-$		

<sup>1</sup> From simultaneous fit to  $D^*(2010)^+$ ,  $D^*(2007)^0$ ,  $D^+$ , and  $D^0$ .

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 **$m_{D^*(2007)^0} - m_{D^0}$** 

The fit includes  $D^\pm$ ,  $D^0$ ,  $D_s^\pm$ ,  $D^{*\pm}$ ,  $D^{*0}$ ,  $D_s^{*\pm}$ ,  $D_1(2420)^0$ ,  $D_2^*(2460)^0$ , and  $D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$  mass and mass difference measurements.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>142.12±0.07 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>142.12±0.07 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
142.2 $\pm 0.3$ $\pm 0.2$	145	ALBRECHT 95F ARG	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons	
142.12 $\pm 0.05\pm 0.05$	1176	BORTOLETTO92B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
142.2 $\pm 2.0$		SADROZINSKI 80 CBAL	$D^{*0} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^0$	
142.7 $\pm 1.7$		<sup>2</sup> GOLDHABER 77 MRK1	$e^+ e^-$	

<sup>2</sup> From simultaneous fit to  $D^*(2010)^+$ ,  $D^*(2007)^0$ ,  $D^+$ , and  $D^0$ .

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 **$D^*(2007)^0$  WIDTH**

VALUE (MeV)	CL %	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.1	90	<sup>3</sup> ABACHI 88B	HRS	$D^{*0} \rightarrow D^+ \pi^-$

<sup>3</sup> Assuming  $m_{D^{*0}} = 2007.2 \pm 2.1$  MeV/ $c^2$ .

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 **$D^*(2007)^0$  DECAY MODES**

$\overline{D}^*(2007)^0$  modes are charge conjugates of modes below.

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1$ $D^0 \pi^0$	(61.9 $\pm 2.9$ ) %
$\Gamma_2$ $D^0 \gamma$	(38.1 $\pm 2.9$ ) %

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## CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to a branching ratio uses 3 measurements and one constraint to determine 2 parameters. The overall fit has a  $\chi^2 = 0.5$  for 2 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients  $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \cdot \delta x_j)$ , in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions,  $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ . The fit constrains the  $x_i$  whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x_2 & -100 \\ \hline & x_1 \end{array}$$


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### **$D^*(2007)^0$ BRANCHING RATIOS**

#### $\Gamma(D^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(D^0\gamma)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	$\Gamma_1/\Gamma_2$
<b><math>1.74 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.13</math></b>	AUBERT,BE	05G	BABR $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons	

#### $\Gamma(D^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$
<b><math>0.619 \pm 0.029</math> OUR FIT</b>					
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
0.635 $\pm 0.003 \pm 0.017$	69k	<sup>4</sup> AUBERT,BE	05G	BABR $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons	
0.596 $\pm 0.035 \pm 0.028$	858	<sup>5</sup> ALBRECHT	95F	ARG $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons	
0.636 $\pm 0.023 \pm 0.033$	1097	<sup>5</sup> BUTLER	92	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons	

#### $\Gamma(D^0\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$
<b><math>0.381 \pm 0.029</math> OUR FIT</b>					
<b><math>0.381 \pm 0.029</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>					
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
0.404 $\pm 0.035 \pm 0.028$	456	<sup>5</sup> ALBRECHT	95F	ARG $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons	
0.364 $\pm 0.023 \pm 0.033$	621	<sup>5</sup> BUTLER	92	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons	
0.37 $\pm 0.08 \pm 0.08$		ADLER	88D	MRK3 $e^+ e^-$	
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
0.365 $\pm 0.003 \pm 0.017$	68k	<sup>4</sup> AUBERT,BE	05G	BABR $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons	
0.47 $\pm 0.23$		LOW	87	HRS 29 GeV $e^+ e^-$	
0.53 $\pm 0.13$		BARTEL	85G	JADE $e^+ e^-$ , hadrons	
0.47 $\pm 0.12$		COLES	82	MRK2 $e^+ e^-$	
0.45 $\pm 0.15$		GOLDHABER	77	MRK1 $e^+ e^-$	

<sup>4</sup> Derived from the ratio  $\Gamma(D^0\pi^0) / \Gamma(D^0\gamma)$  assuming that the branching fractions of  $D^{*0} \rightarrow D^0\pi^0$  and  $D^{*0} \rightarrow D^0\gamma$  decays sum to 100%

<sup>5</sup> The BUTLER 92 and ALBRECHT 95F branching ratios are not independent, they have been constrained by the authors to sum to 100%.

## **D\*(2007)<sup>0</sup> REFERENCES**

AUBERT,BE	05G	PR D72 091101	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ALBRECHT	95F	ZPHY C66 63	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
BORTOLETTO	92B	PRL 69 2046	D. Bortoletto <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BUTLER	92	PRL 69 2041	F. Butler <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ABACHI	88B	PL B212 533	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(ANL, IND, MICH, PURD+)
ADLER	88D	PL B208 152	J. Adler <i>et al.</i>	(Mark III Collab.)
LOW	87	PL B183 232	E.H. Low <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
BARTEL	85G	PL 161B 197	W. Bartel <i>et al.</i>	(JADE Collab.)
COLES	82	PR D26 2190	M.W. Coles <i>et al.</i>	(LBL, SLAC)
SADROZINSKI	80	Madison Conf. 681	H.F.W. Sadrozinski <i>et al.</i>	(PRIN, CIT+)
GOLDHABER	77	PL 69B 503	G. Goldhaber <i>et al.</i>	(Mark I Collab.)
NGUYEN	77	PRL 39 262	H.K. Nguyen <i>et al.</i>	(LBL, SLAC) J