



$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(0^-)$$

$$m_{K_L^0} - m_{K_S^0}$$

For earlier measurements, beginning with GOOD 61 and FITCH 61, see our 1986 edition, Physics Letters **170B** 132 (1986).

OUR FIT is described in the note on “CP violation in K_L decays” in the K_L^0 Particle Listings. The result labeled “OUR FIT Assuming CPT” [“OUR FIT Not assuming CPT”] includes all measurements except those with the comment “Not assuming CPT” [“Assuming CPT”]. Measurements with neither comment do not assume CPT and enter both fits.

| VALUE (10^{10} s^{-1}) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|--|------|-------------------------------------|
| 0.5292±0.0009 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.2. Assuming CPT | | |
| 0.5290±0.0015 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. Not assuming CPT | | |
| 0.5261±0.0015 | ^{1,2} ALAVI-HARATI03 | KTEV | Assuming CPT |
| 0.5288±0.0043 | ^{2,3} ALAVI-HARATI03 | KTEV | Not assuming CPT |
| 0.5240±0.0044 | ± 0.0033 APOSTOLA... | 99C | CPLR $K^0\bar{K}^0$ to $\pi^+\pi^-$ |
| 0.5297±0.0030 | ± 0.0022 SCHWINGEN... | 95 | E773 20–160 GeV K beams |
| 0.5286±0.0028 | ⁵ GIBBONS | 93 | E731 Assuming CPT |
| 0.5257±0.0049 | ± 0.0021 GIBBONS | 93C | E731 Not assuming CPT |
| 0.5340±0.00255±0.0015 | ⁶ GEWENIGER | 74C | SPEC Gap method |
| 0.5334±0.0040 | ± 0.0015 ^{6,7} GJESDAL | 74 | SPEC Assuming CPT |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| 0.5343±0.0063 | ± 0.0025 ⁸ ANGELOPO... | 01 | CPLR |
| 0.5295±0.0020 | ± 0.0003 ⁹ ANGELOPO... | 98D | CPLR Assuming CPT |
| 0.5307±0.0013 | ¹⁰ ADLER | 96C | RVUE |
| 0.5274±0.0029 | ± 0.0005 ⁹ ADLER | 95 | CPLR Sup. by ANGELOPOULOS 98D |
| 0.482 ± 0.014 | ¹¹ ARONSON | 82B | SPEC $E=30\text{--}110$ GeV |
| 0.534 ± 0.007 | ¹² CARNEGIE | 71 | ASPK Gap method |
| 0.542 ± 0.006 | ¹² ARONSON | 70 | ASPK Gap method |
| 0.542 ± 0.006 | CULLEN | 70 | CNTR |

¹ ALAVI-HARATI 03 fit Δm and $\tau_{K_S^0}$ simultaneously. ϕ_{+-} is constrained to the Super-weak value, i.e. CPT is assumed. See “ K_S^0 Mean Life” section for correlation information.

² The two ALAVI-HARATI 03 values use the same data. The first enters the “Assuming CPT” fit and the second enters the “Not assuming CPT” fit. They use 40–160 GeV K beams.

³ ALAVI-HARATI 03 fit Δm , ϕ_{+-} , and $\tau_{K_S^0}$ simultaneously. See ϕ_{+-} in the “ K_L CP violation” section for correlation information.

⁴ Fits Δm and ϕ_{+-} simultaneously. GIBBONS 93C systematic error is from B. Weinstein via private communication. 20–160 GeV K beams.

⁵ GIBBONS 93 value assume $\phi_{+-} = \phi_{00} = \phi_{SW} = (43.7 \pm 0.2)^\circ$, i.e. assumes CPT. 20–160 GeV K beams.

⁶ These two experiments have a common systematic error due to the uncertainty in the momentum scale, as pointed out in WAHL 89.

⁷ GJESDAL 74 uses charge asymmetry in $K_{\ell 3}^0$ decays.

- ⁸ ANGELOPOULOS 01 uses strong interactions strangeness tagging at two different times.
⁹ Uses \bar{K}_{e3}^0 and K_{e3}^0 strangeness tagging at production and decay. Assumes *CPT* conservation on $\Delta S = -\Delta Q$ transitions.
¹⁰ ADLER 96C is the result of a fit which includes nearly the same data as entered into the "OUR FIT" value above.
¹¹ ARONSON 82 find that Δm may depend on the kaon energy.
¹² ARONSON 70 and CARNEGIE 71 use K_S^0 mean life = $(0.862 \pm 0.006) \times 10^{-10}$ s. We have not attempted to adjust these values for the subsequent change in the K_S^0 mean life or in η_{+-} .
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K_L^0 MEAN LIFE

| VALUE (10^{-8} s) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|----------------------------|------|------------------|
| 5.116 ± 0.020 OUR FIT | | | | |
| 5.099 ± 0.021 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| $5.072 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.035$ | 13M | ¹³ AMBROSINO 06 | KLOE | $\sum_i B_i = 1$ |
| $5.092 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.025$ | 15M | AMBROSINO 05C | KLOE | |
| 5.154 ± 0.044 | 0.4M | VOSBURGH 72 | CNTR | |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | | |
| 5.15 ± 0.14 | | DEVLIN | 67 | CNTR |

¹³ AMBROSINO 06 uses $\phi \rightarrow K_L K_S$ with K_L tagged by $K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$. The four major K_L BR's are measured, the small remainder ($\pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^0 \pi^0, \gamma \gamma$) is taken from PDG 04. This KLOE K_L lifetime is obtained by imposing $\sum_i B_i = 1$. The correlation matrix among the four measured K_L BR's and this K_L lifetime is

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & K_{e3} & K_{\mu 3} & 3\pi^0 & \tau_{K_L} \\ K_{e3} & 1 & -0.25 & -0.56 & -0.07 & 0.25 \\ K_{\mu 3} & & 1 & -0.43 & -0.20 & 0.33 \\ 3\pi^0 & & & 1 & -0.39 & -0.21 \\ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 & & & & 1 & -0.39 \\ & & & & & 1 \end{array}$$

These correlations are taken into account in our fit. The average of this KLOE mean life measurement and the independent KLOE measurement in AMBROSINO 05C is $(5.084 \pm 0.023) \times 10^{-8}$ s.

K_L^0 DECAY MODES

| Mode | Fraction (Γ_i/Γ) | Scale factor/ Confidence level |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Semileptonic modes | | |
| $\Gamma_1 \quad \pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e$ Called K_{e3}^0 . | [a] $(40.55 \pm 0.12) \%$ | $S=1.9$ |
| $\Gamma_2 \quad \pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu$ Called $K_{\mu 3}^0$. | [a] $(27.04 \pm 0.07) \%$ | $S=1.1$ |
| $\Gamma_3 \quad (\pi \mu \text{atom}) \nu$ | $(1.05 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-7}$ | |
| $\Gamma_4 \quad \pi^0 \pi^\pm e^\mp \nu$ | [a] $(5.20 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-5}$ | |
| $\Gamma_5 \quad \pi^\pm e^\mp \nu e^+ e^-$ | [a] $(1.26 \pm 0.04) \times 10^{-5}$ | |

Hadronic modes, including Charge conjugation×Parity Violating (**CPV**) modes

| | | | |
|------------|---------------------|--|-------|
| Γ_6 | $3\pi^0$ | (19.52 \pm 0.12) % | S=1.7 |
| Γ_7 | $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ | (12.54 \pm 0.05) % | |
| Γ_8 | $\pi^+ \pi^-$ | CPV [b] (1.966 \pm 0.010) $\times 10^{-3}$ | S=1.6 |
| Γ_9 | $\pi^0 \pi^0$ | CPV (8.65 \pm 0.06) $\times 10^{-4}$ | S=1.8 |

Semileptonic modes with photons

| | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Γ_{10} | $\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e \gamma$ | [a,c,d] (3.79 \pm 0.06) $\times 10^{-3}$ | |
| Γ_{11} | $\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu \gamma$ | (5.65 \pm 0.23) $\times 10^{-4}$ | |

Hadronic modes with photons or $\ell\bar{\ell}$ pairs

| | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|--|--------|
| Γ_{12} | $\pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ | < 2.43 $\times 10^{-7}$ | CL=90% |
| Γ_{13} | $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ | [c,d] (4.15 \pm 0.15) $\times 10^{-5}$ | S=2.8 |
| Γ_{14} | $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ (DE) | (2.84 \pm 0.11) $\times 10^{-5}$ | S=2.0 |
| Γ_{15} | $\pi^0 2\gamma$ | [c] (1.273 \pm 0.034) $\times 10^{-6}$ | |
| Γ_{16} | $\pi^0 \gamma e^+ e^-$ | (1.62 \pm 0.17) $\times 10^{-8}$ | |

Other modes with photons or $\ell\bar{\ell}$ pairs

| | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------|--|--------|
| Γ_{17} | 2γ | (5.47 \pm 0.04) $\times 10^{-4}$ | S=1.2 |
| Γ_{18} | 3γ | < 2.4 $\times 10^{-7}$ | CL=90% |
| Γ_{19} | $e^+ e^- \gamma$ | (9.4 \pm 0.4) $\times 10^{-6}$ | S=2.0 |
| Γ_{20} | $\mu^+ \mu^- \gamma$ | (3.59 \pm 0.11) $\times 10^{-7}$ | S=1.3 |
| Γ_{21} | $e^+ e^- \gamma\gamma$ | [c] (5.95 \pm 0.33) $\times 10^{-7}$ | |
| Γ_{22} | $\mu^+ \mu^- \gamma\gamma$ | [c] (1.0 \pm 0.8) $\times 10^{-8}$ | |

Charge conjugation × Parity (**CP**) or Lepton Family number (**LF**) violating modes, or $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current (**S1**) modes

| | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------|---|--------|
| Γ_{23} | $\mu^+ \mu^-$ | S1 (6.84 \pm 0.11) $\times 10^{-9}$ | |
| Γ_{24} | $e^+ e^-$ | S1 (9 \pm 6) $\times 10^{-12}$ | |
| Γ_{25} | $\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$ | S1 [c] (3.11 \pm 0.19) $\times 10^{-7}$ | |
| Γ_{26} | $\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ | S1 < 6.6 $\times 10^{-9}$ | CL=90% |
| Γ_{27} | $\mu^+ \mu^- e^+ e^-$ | S1 (2.69 \pm 0.27) $\times 10^{-9}$ | |
| Γ_{28} | $e^+ e^- e^+ e^-$ | S1 (3.56 \pm 0.21) $\times 10^{-8}$ | |
| Γ_{29} | $\pi^0 \mu^+ \mu^-$ | CP,S1 [e] < 3.8 $\times 10^{-10}$ | CL=90% |
| Γ_{30} | $\pi^0 e^+ e^-$ | CP,S1 [e] < 2.8 $\times 10^{-10}$ | CL=90% |
| Γ_{31} | $\pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ | CP,S1 [f] < 6.7 $\times 10^{-8}$ | CL=90% |
| Γ_{32} | $\pi^0 \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ | S1 < 4.7 $\times 10^{-5}$ | CL=90% |
| Γ_{33} | $e^\pm \mu^\mp$ | LF [a] < 4.7 $\times 10^{-12}$ | CL=90% |
| Γ_{34} | $e^\pm e^\pm \mu^\mp \mu^\mp$ | LF [a] < 4.12 $\times 10^{-11}$ | CL=90% |
| Γ_{35} | $\pi^0 \mu^\pm e^\mp$ | LF [a] < 7.6 $\times 10^{-11}$ | CL=90% |
| Γ_{36} | $\pi^0 \pi^0 \mu^\pm e^\mp$ | LF < 1.7 $\times 10^{-10}$ | CL=90% |

- [a] The value is for the sum of the charge states or particle/antiparticle states indicated.
 - [b] This mode includes gammas from inner bremsstrahlung but not the direct emission mode $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ (DE).
 - [c] See the Particle Listings below for the energy limits used in this measurement.
 - [d] Most of this radiative mode, the low-momentum γ part, is also included in the parent mode listed without γ 's.
 - [e] Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.
 - [f] Violates CP in leading order. Test of direct CP violation since the indirect CP -violating and CP -conserving contributions are expected to be suppressed.
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CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to the mean life and 15 branching ratios uses 27 measurements and one constraint to determine 11 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 37.3$ for 17 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta p_i \delta p_j \rangle / (\delta p_i \cdot \delta p_j)$, in percent, from the fit to parameters p_i , including the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$. The fit constrains the x_i whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| x_2 | -14 | | | | | | | | | |
| x_6 | $-80 \quad -33$ | | | | | | | | | |
| x_7 | $-22 \quad -21 \quad -9$ | | | | | | | | | |
| x_8 | $56 \quad -7 \quad -51 \quad -1$ | | | | | | | | | |
| x_9 | 29 | -22 | -11 | -15 | 61 | | | | | |
| x_{13} | 7 | 0 | -7 | 0 | 13 | 8 | | | | |
| x_{14} | 6 | 0 | -6 | 0 | 12 | 7 | 93 | | | |
| x_{17} | -51 | -25 | 67 | -8 | -26 | 7 | -4 | -3 | | |
| x_{19} | -6 | -2 | 7 | -1 | -4 | -1 | -1 | 0 | 5 | |
| Γ | 1 | -8 | -1 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | -1 | 0 |
| | x_1 | x_2 | x_6 | x_7 | x_8 | x_9 | x_{13} | x_{14} | x_{17} | x_{19} |

| | Mode | Rate (10^8 s^{-1}) | Scale factor |
|------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Γ_1 | $\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e$ Called K_{e3}^0 . | [a] 0.0793 ± 0.0004 | 1.2 |
| Γ_2 | $\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu$ Called $K_{\mu 3}^0$. | [a] 0.05286 ± 0.00024 | |

| | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|--|-----|
| Γ_6 | $3\pi^0$ | 0.03816 ± 0.00029 | 1.4 |
| Γ_7 | $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ | 0.02451 ± 0.00015 | |
| Γ_8 | $\pi^+ \pi^-$ | $[b] (3.844 \pm 0.025) \times 10^{-4}$ | 1.3 |
| Γ_9 | $\pi^0 \pi^0$ | $(1.690 \pm 0.014) \times 10^{-4}$ | 1.4 |
| Γ_{13} | $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ | $[c,d] (8.11 \pm 0.29) \times 10^{-6}$ | 2.7 |
| Γ_{14} | $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma (\text{DE})$ | $(5.55 \pm 0.22) \times 10^{-6}$ | 2.0 |
| Γ_{17} | 2γ | $(1.069 \pm 0.009) \times 10^{-4}$ | 1.1 |
| Γ_{19} | $e^+ e^- \gamma$ | $(1.84 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{-6}$ | 1.9 |

 K_L^0 DECAY RATES **$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$** **$\Gamma_7$**

| <u>VALUE (10^6 s^{-1})</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|-------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
| 2.451 ± 0.015 OUR FIT | | | | |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------|-----|---------------------|----|------|--------------|
| 2.32 | $+0.13$ -0.15 | 192 | BALDO... | 75 | HLBC | Assumes CP |
| 2.35 | ± 0.20 | 180 | ¹⁴ JAMES | 72 | HBC | Assumes CP |
| 2.71 | ± 0.28 | 99 | CHO | 71 | DBC | Assumes CP |
| 2.5 | ± 0.3 | 98 | ¹⁴ JAMES | 71 | HBC | Assumes CP |
| 2.12 | ± 0.33 | 50 | MEISNER | 71 | HBC | Assumes CP |
| 2.20 | ± 0.35 | 53 | WEBBER | 70 | HBC | Assumes CP |
| 2.62 | $+0.28$ -0.27 | 136 | BEHR | 66 | HLBC | Assumes CP |
| 3.26 | ± 0.77 | 18 | ANDERSON | 65 | HBC | |
| 1.4 | ± 0.4 | 14 | FRANZINI | 65 | HBC | |

¹⁴JAMES 72 is a final measurement and includes JAMES 71.

 $\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e)$ **Γ_1**

| <u>VALUE (10^6 s^{-1})</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| 7.93 ± 0.04 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.2. |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----|--------|----|--|
| 7.81 ± 0.56 | 620 | CHAN | 71 | HBC |
| 7.52 $^{+0.85}_{-0.72}$ | | AUBERT | 65 | HLBC $\Delta S = \Delta Q, CP$ assumed |

 $\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e) + \Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu)$ **$(\Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2)$**

| <u>VALUE (10^6 s^{-1})</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| 13.21 ± 0.06 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----|------------------------|----|-----|---------------------------------|
| 12.4 ± 0.7 | 410 | ¹⁵ BURGUN | 72 | HBC | $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 p \pi^+$ |
| 8.47 ± 1.69 | 126 | ¹⁵ MANN | 72 | HBC | $K^- p \rightarrow n \bar{K}^0$ |
| 13.1 ± 1.3 | 252 | ¹⁵ WEBBER | 71 | HBC | $K^- p \rightarrow n \bar{K}^0$ |
| 11.6 ± 0.9 | 393 | ^{15,16} CHO | 70 | DBC | $K^+ n \rightarrow K^0 p$ |
| 10.3 ± 0.8 | 335 | ¹⁶ HILL | 67 | DBC | $K^+ n \rightarrow K^0 p$ |
| 9.85 $^{+1.15}_{-1.05}$ | 109 | ¹⁵ FRANZINI | 65 | HBC | |

¹⁵ Assumes $\Delta S = \Delta Q$ rule.

¹⁶ CHO 70 includes events of HILL 67.

K_L^0 BRANCHING RATIOS**Semileptonic modes** **$\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$** **$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$**

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|-------|------|-------------|------|
|-------|------|-------------|------|

0.4055±0.0012 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.9.**0.4047±0.0028 OUR AVERAGE** Error includes scale factor of 3.1.

| | | | |
|----------------------|-----|-----------------|---------|
| 0.4007±0.0005±0.0015 | 13M | 17 AMBROSINO 06 | KLOE |
| 0.4067±0.0011 | | 18 ALEXOPOU... | 04 KTEV |

17 There are correlations between these five KLOE measurements: $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi e \nu)$, $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi \mu \nu)$, $B(K_L \rightarrow 3\pi^0)$, $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$, and τ_{K_L} measured in AMBROSINO 06. See the footnote for the τ_{K_L} measurement for the correlation matrix.

18 ALEXOPOULOS 04 constrains $\sum_i B_i = 0.9993$ for the six major K_L branching fractions. The correlations among these branching fractions are taken into account in our fit. The correlation matrix is

| | K_{e3} | $K_{\mu 3}$ | $3\pi^0$ | $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ | $\pi^+ \pi^-$ | $\pi^0 \pi^0$ |
|---------------------|----------|-------------|----------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| K_{e3} | 1 | | | | | |
| $K_{\mu 3}$ | 0.15 | 1 | | | | |
| $3\pi^0$ | -0.77 | -0.62 | 1 | | | |
| $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ | 0.18 | 0.08 | -0.54 | 1 | | |
| $\pi^+ \pi^-$ | 0.28 | 0.22 | -0.48 | 0.49 | 1 | |
| $\pi^0 \pi^0$ | -0.72 | -0.54 | 0.89 | -0.46 | -0.39 | 1 |

 $\Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_2/Γ**

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|-------|------|-------------|------|
|-------|------|-------------|------|

0.2704±0.0007 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.**0.2700±0.0008 OUR AVERAGE**

| | | | |
|----------------------|-----|-----------------|---------|
| 0.2698±0.0005±0.0015 | 13M | 19 AMBROSINO 06 | KLOE |
| 0.2701±0.0009 | | 20 ALEXOPOU... | 04 KTEV |

19 There are correlations between these five KLOE measurements: $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi e \nu)$, $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi \mu \nu)$, $B(K_L \rightarrow 3\pi^0)$, $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$, and τ_{K_L} measured in AMBROSINO 06. See the footnote for the τ_{K_L} measurement for the correlation matrix.

20 For correlations with other ALEXOPOULOS 04 measurements, see the footnote with their $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi e \nu)$ measurement.

 $[\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e) + \Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu)]/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **$(\Gamma_1+\Gamma_2)/\Gamma$**

| VALUE | DOCUMENT ID |
|-------|-------------|
|-------|-------------|

0.6759±0.0013 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.7. **$\Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e)$** **$\Gamma_2/\Gamma_1$**

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|-------|------|-------------|------|---------|
|-------|------|-------------|------|---------|

0.6669±0.0028 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.3.**0.666 ±0.004 OUR AVERAGE** Error includes scale factor of 1.6.

| | | | | |
|----------------------|------|-----------------|---------|------------|
| 0.6740±0.0059 | 13M | 21 AMBROSINO 06 | KLOE | Not in fit |
| 0.6640±0.0014±0.0022 | 394K | 22 ALEXOPOU... | 04 KTEV | Not in fit |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|---------------|------|-------------|----|------|
| 0.702 ± 0.011 | 33k | CHO | 80 | HBC |
| 0.662 ± 0.037 | 10k | WILLIAMS | 74 | ASPK |
| 0.741 ± 0.044 | 6700 | BRANDENB... | 73 | HBC |
| 0.662 ± 0.030 | 1309 | EVANS | 73 | HLBC |
| 0.68 ± 0.08 | 3548 | BASILE | 70 | OSPK |
| 0.71 ± 0.05 | 770 | BUDAGOV | 68 | HLBC |

²¹ AMBROSINO 06 enters the fit via their separate measurements of these two modes.

²² ALEXOPOULOS 04 enters the fit via their separate measurements of these two modes.

$\Gamma((\pi \mu \text{atom})\nu)/\Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu)$

Γ_3/Γ_2

| VALUE (units 10^{-7}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|--------------------------|------|-----------------------|---------|
| 3.90±0.39 | 155 | ²³ ARONSON | 86 SPEC |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|------|----|---------|----|------|
| seen | 18 | COOMBES | 76 | WIRE |
|------|----|---------|----|------|

²³ ARONSON 86 quote theoretical value of $(4.31 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{-7}$.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^\pm e^\mp \nu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_4/Γ

| VALUE (units 10^{-5}) | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|------------------------------|-----|------|-------------|------|
| 5.20±0.11 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |

| | | | | |
|----------------|------|--------|----|------|
| 5.21±0.07±0.09 | 5402 | BATLEY | 04 | NA48 |
| 5.16±0.20±0.22 | 729 | MAKOFF | 93 | E731 |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|-----------|----|-------------------------|-----|------|
| 6.2 ± 2.0 | 16 | CARROLL | 80C | SPEC |
| < 220 | 90 | ²⁴ DONALDSON | 74 | SPEC |

²⁴ DONALDSON 74 uses $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ /(all K_L^0) decays = 0.126.

$\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu e^+ e^-)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$

Γ_5/Γ_7

| VALUE (units 10^{-5}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------|------|------------------------|------|--|
| 10.02±0.17±0.29 | 19k | ²⁵ ABOUZAID | 07C | KTEV $M_{ee} > 5$ MeV, $E_{ee}^* > 30$ MeV |

²⁵ E_{ee}^* is the energy of the $e^+ e^-$ pair in the kaon rest frame. ABOUZAID 07C reports $[\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^\pm e^\mp \nu e^+ e^-)/\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)] / [B(\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma)] = (8.54 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-3}$ which we multiply by our best value $B(\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma) = (1.174 \pm 0.035) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

Hadronic modes,

including Charge conjugation×Parity Violating (CPV) modes

$\Gamma(3\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_6/Γ

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|------|---------|
| 0.1952±0.0012 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.7. | | | |
| 0.1969±0.0026 OUR AVERAGE | Error includes scale factor of 2.0. | | | |

0.1997±0.0003±0.0019 13M ²⁶ AMBROSINO 06 KLOE Not fitted

0.1945±0.0018 ²⁶ ALEXOPOU... 04 KTEV Not fitted

²⁶ We exclude these $B(K_L \rightarrow 3\pi^0)$ measurements from our fit because the authors have constrained K_L branching fractions to sum to one. It enters our fit via the other measurements from the experiment and their correlations, along with our constraint that the fitted branching fractions sum to one.

$\Gamma(3\pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e)$ Γ_6/Γ_1

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|-------------------------------------|---------|------------|
| 0.481 ± 0.004 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.9. | | |
| 0.4782 ± 0.0014 ± 0.0053 | 209K | 27 ALEXOPOU... | 04 KTEV | Not in fit |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 0.545 ± 0.004 ± 0.009 | 38k | KREUTZ | 95 | NA31 |

27 This measurement enters the fit via their separate measurements of these two modes.

 $\Gamma(3\pi^0)/[\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e) + \Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu) + \Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)]$ $\Gamma_6/(\Gamma_1+\Gamma_2+\Gamma_7)$

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|-------------------------------------|------|-------------------------|
| 0.2436 ± 0.0019 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.7. | | |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 0.251 ± 0.014 | 549 | BUDAGOV | 68 | HLBC ORSAY measur. |
| 0.277 ± 0.021 | 444 | BUDAGOV | 68 | HLBC Ecole polytec.meas |
| 0.31 +0.07 -0.06 | 29 | KULYUKINA | 68 | CC |
| 0.24 ± 0.08 | 24 | ANIKINA | 64 | CC |

 $\Gamma(3\pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$ Γ_6/Γ_7

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|
| 1.557 ± 0.012 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.3. | | |
| 1.582 ± 0.027 | 13M | 28 AMBROSINO | 06 KLOE | Not in fit |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 1.611 ± 0.014 ± 0.034 | 28k | KREUTZ | 95 | NA31 |
| 1.65 ± 0.07 | 883 | BARMIN | 72B | HLBC Error statistical only |
| 1.80 ± 0.13 | 1010 | BUDAGOV | 68 | HLBC |
| 2.0 ± 0.6 | 188 | ALEKSANYAN | 64B | FBC |

28 AMBROSINO 06 enters the fit via their separate measurements of these two modes.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_7/Γ

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|------------------------------------|------|-------------|------|
| 0.1254 ± 0.0005 OUR FIT | | | |
| 0.1255 ± 0.0006 OUR AVERAGE | | | |

| | | | |
|--------------------------|-----|----------------|---------|
| 0.1263 ± 0.0004 ± 0.0011 | 13M | 29 AMBROSINO | 06 KLOE |
| 0.1252 ± 0.0007 | | 30 ALEXOPOU... | 04 KTEV |

29 There are correlations between these five KLOE measurements: $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi e \nu)$, $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi \mu \nu)$, $B(K_L \rightarrow 3\pi^0)$, $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$, and τ_{K_L} measured in AMBROSINO 06.
See the footnote for the τ_{K_L} measurement for the correlation matrix.

30 For correlations with other ALEXOPOULOS 04 measurements, see the footnote with their $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi e \nu)$ measurement.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e)$ Γ_7/Γ_1

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|-------------------------------------|---------|------------|
| 0.3092 ± 0.0017 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.2. | | |
| 0.3078 ± 0.0005 ± 0.0017 | 799K | 31 ALEXOPOU... | 04 KTEV | Not in fit |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 0.336 ± 0.003 ± 0.007 | 28k | KREUTZ | 95 | NA31 |

31 This measurement enters the fit via their separate measurements for the two modes.

$$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)/[\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e) + \Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu) + \Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)] \quad \Gamma_7/(\Gamma_1+\Gamma_2+\Gamma_7)$$

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|------|--------------------|
| 0.1565±0.0007 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. | | | |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 0.163 ± 0.003 | 6499 | CHO | 77 | HBC |
| 0.1605 ± 0.0038 | 1590 | ALEXANDER | 73B | HBC |
| 0.146 ± 0.004 | 3200 | BRANDENB... | 73 | HBC |
| 0.159 ± 0.010 | 558 | EVANS | 73 | HLBC |
| 0.167 ± 0.016 | 1402 | KULYUKINA | 68 | CC |
| 0.161 ± 0.005 | | HOPKINS | 67 | HBC |
| 0.162 ± 0.015 | 126 | HAWKINS | 66 | HBC |
| 0.159 ± 0.015 | 326 | ASTBURY | 65B | CC |
| 0.178 ± 0.017 | 566 | GUIDONI | 65 | HBC |
| 0.144 ± 0.004 | 1729 | HOPKINS | 65 | HBC See HOPKINS 67 |

$$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

Violates CP conservation.

$$\Gamma_8/\Gamma$$

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|
| 1.966±0.010 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.6. | |
| 1.975±0.012 | ³² ALEXOPOU... 04 KTEV | |

³² For correlations with other ALEXOPOULOS 04 measurements, see the footnote with their $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi e \nu)$ measurement.

$$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e)$$

$$\Gamma_8/\Gamma_1$$

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|------|---------|
| 4.849±0.020 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. | | | |

4.840±0.020 OUR AVERAGE

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|---------------------------|----|-----------------|
| 4.826 ± 0.022 ± 0.016 | 47k | ³³ LAI | 07 | NA48 |
| 4.856 ± 0.017 ± 0.023 | 84k | ³⁴ ALEXOPOU... | 04 | KTEV Not in fit |

³³ The LAI 07 central value of 4.835×10^{-3} has been reduced by 0.19% to 4.826×10^{-3} to subtract the contribution from the direct emission mode $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ (DE).

³⁴ This measurement enters the fit via their separate measurements for the two modes.

$$[\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-) + \Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\gamma(\text{DE}))]/\Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu)$$

$$(\Gamma_8+\Gamma_{14})/\Gamma_2$$

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|------|
| 7.38 ±0.04 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.4. | | |
| 7.275±0.042±0.054 | 45k ³⁵ AMBROSINO 06F KLOE | | |

³⁵ Fully inclusive. Taking $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi \mu \nu)$ from KLOE, AMBROSINO 06, $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- + \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma(\text{DE})) = (1.963 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.017) \times 10^{-3}$ is obtained.

$$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-)/[\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e) + \Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu)]$$

$$\Gamma_8/(\Gamma_1+\Gamma_2)$$

Violates CP conservation.

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|------|---------|
| 2.909±0.013 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.3. | | | |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|-------------|------|------------------------|----|--------------------------------|
| 3.13 ± 0.14 | 1687 | COUPAL | 85 | SPEC $\eta_{+-}=2.28 \pm 0.06$ |
| 3.04 ± 0.14 | 2703 | DEVOE | 77 | SPEC $\eta_{+-}=2.25 \pm 0.05$ |
| 2.51 ± 0.23 | 309 | ³⁶ DEBOUARD | 67 | OSPK $\eta_{+-}=2.00 \pm 0.09$ |
| 2.35 ± 0.19 | 525 | FITCH | 67 | OSPK $\eta_{+-}=1.94 \pm 0.08$ |

³⁶ Old experiments excluded from fit. See subsection on η_{+-} in section on “PARAMETERS FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow 2\pi$ DECAY” below for average η_{+-} of these experiments and for note on discrepancy.

$$\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e)/\Gamma(2 \text{ tracks}) \quad \Gamma_1/(\Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2 + 0.03508 \Gamma_6 + \Gamma_7 + \Gamma_8)$$

$\Gamma(2 \text{ tracks}) = \Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e) + \Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu) + 0.03508 \Gamma(3\pi^0) + \Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$
 $+ \Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^-)$ where 0.03508 is the fraction of $3\pi^0$ events with one Dalitz decay ($\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma e^+ e^-$).

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|--------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| 0.5006 ± 0.0010 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.4. | |
| 0.4978 ± 0.0035 | 6.8M | LAI | 04B NA48 |

$$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^-)/[\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e) + \Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu) + \Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)] \quad \Gamma_8/(\Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2 + \Gamma_7)$$

Violates CP conservation.

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|------|---------|
| 2.454 ± 0.011 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.3. | | |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

2.60 \pm 0.07 4200 37 MESSNER 73 ASPK $\eta_{+-} = 2.23 \pm 0.05$

³⁷ From same data as $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$ MESSNER 73, but with different normalization.

$$\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) \quad \Gamma_8/\Gamma_7$$

Violates CP conservation.

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|------|---------|
| 1.568 ± 0.010 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.3. | | |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.64 \pm 0.04 4200 MESSNER 73 ASPK $\eta_{+-} = 2.23$

$$\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_9/\Gamma$$

Violates CP conservation.

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|------|
| 0.865 ± 0.006 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.8. | |

0.865 ± 0.012 38 ALEXOPOU... 04 KTEV

³⁸ For correlations with other ALEXOPOULOS 04 measurements, see the footnote with their $B(K_L \rightarrow \pi e \nu)$ measurement.

$$\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^-) \quad \Gamma_9/\Gamma_8$$

Violates CP conservation.

| VALUE | DOCUMENT ID |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0.4397 ± 0.0024 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.9. |
| 0.4391 ± 0.0013 | ETAFIT 10 |

$$\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma(3\pi^0) \quad \Gamma_9/\Gamma_6$$

Violates CP conservation.

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|------|---------|
| 0.443 ± 0.004 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 2.3. | | |

0.4446 ± 0.0016 ± 0.0019 100K 39 ALEXOPOU... 04 KTEV Not in fit

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.37 \pm 0.08 29 BARMIN 70 HLBC $\eta_{00} = 2.02 \pm 0.23$

0.32 \pm 0.15 30 BUDAGOV 70 HLBC $\eta_{00} = 1.9 \pm 0.5$

0.46 \pm 0.11 57 BANNER 69 OSPK $\eta_{00} = 2.2 \pm 0.3$

³⁹ This measurement enters the fit via their separate measurements for the two modes.

Semileptonic modes with photons

$$\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e \gamma) / \Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e)$$

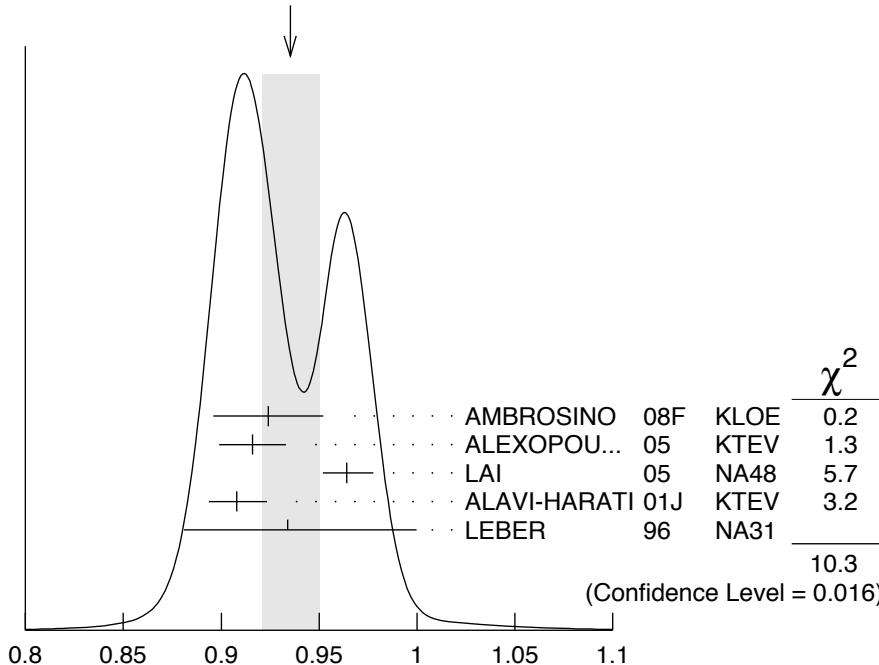
$$\Gamma_{10}/\Gamma_1$$

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|-----------------|------|---|
| 0.935±0.015 OUR AVERAGE | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.9. See the ideogram below. |
| 0.924±0.023±0.016 | 9k | 40 AMBROSINO | 08F | KLOE $E_\gamma^* > 30$ MeV, $\theta_{e\gamma}^* > 20^\circ$ |
| 0.916±0.017 | 4309 | 41 ALEXOPOU... | 05 | KTEV $E_\gamma^* > 30$ MeV, $\theta_{e\gamma}^* > 20^\circ$ |
| 0.964±0.008 ^{+0.011} _{-0.009} | 19K | LAI | 05 | NA48 $E_\gamma^* > 30$ MeV, $\theta_{e\gamma}^* > 20^\circ$ |
| 0.908±0.008 ^{+0.013} _{-0.012} | 15k | ALAVI-HARATI01J | KTEV | $E_\gamma^* \geq 30$ MeV, $\theta_{e\gamma}^* \geq 20^\circ$ |
| 0.934±0.036 ^{+0.055} _{-0.039} | 1384 | LEBER | 96 | NA31 $E_\gamma^* \geq 30$ MeV, $\theta_{e\gamma}^* \geq 20^\circ$ |

⁴⁰ Direct emission contribution measured $\langle X \rangle = -2.3 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.4$.

⁴¹ Also measured cut $E_\gamma^* > 10$ MeV, $\theta_{e\gamma}^* > 0^\circ$ 14221 evts: $\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e \gamma) / \Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e) = (4.942 \pm 0.062)\%$.

WEIGHTED AVERAGE
0.935±0.015 (Error scaled by 1.9)



$$\Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e \gamma) / \Gamma(\pi^\pm e^\mp \nu_e) \text{ (units } 10^{-2})$$

$$\Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu \gamma) / \Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu)$$

$$\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma_2$$

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|----------------|------|-------------------------------|
| 2.09±0.08 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| 2.09±0.09 | | 42 ALEXOPOU... | 05 | KTEV $E_\gamma^* > 30$ MeV |
| 2.08±0.17 ^{+0.16} _{-0.21} | 252 | BENDER | 98 | NA48 $E_\gamma^* \geq 30$ MeV |

⁴² Also measured cut $E_\gamma^* > 10$ MeV, 1385 evts: $\Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu \gamma) / \Gamma(\pi^\pm \mu^\mp \nu_\mu) = (0.530 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.012)\%$.

Hadronic modes with photons or $\ell\bar{\ell}$ pairs **$\Gamma(\pi^0\pi^0\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$** **$\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma$**

| <u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> | |
|--|------------|--------------------|-------------|---|----------|
| < 0.243 | 90 | ABOUZAID | 08B | KTEV $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi_D^0\gamma, \pi_D^0 \rightarrow ee\gamma$ | |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | | |
| < 5.6 | 90 | BARR | 94 | NA31 | |
| <230 | 90 | ROBERTS | 94 | E799 | |

 $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\gamma)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$ **Γ_{13}/Γ_7** For earlier limits see our 1992 edition Physical Review **D45** S1 (1992).

| <u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> | |
|--|-------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------------|----------|
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | | |
| 1.23±0.13 | 516 | 43,44 CARROLL | 80B | SPEC $E_\gamma^* > 20$ MeV | |
| 2.33±0.23 | 546 | 43,45 CARROLL | 80B | SPEC | |
| 3.56±0.26 | 1062 | 43,46 CARROLL | 80B | SPEC $E_\gamma^* > 20$ MeV | |

⁴³ CARROLL 80B quotes $B(\pi^+\pi^-\gamma)$ using normalization $B(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0) = 0.1239$. We divide by this value to obtain their measured $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\gamma) / \Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$.

⁴⁴ Internal Bremsstrahlung component only.

⁴⁵ Direct γ emission component only.

⁴⁶ Both IB and DE components.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\gamma)/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-)$ **Γ_{13}/Γ_8**

| <u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> | |
|---|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|----------|
| 2.11±0.08 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 2.9. | | | |
| 2.11±0.08 OUR AVERAGE | | Error includes scale factor of 2.9. | | | |
| 2.08±0.02±0.02 | 8669 | 47 ALAVI-HARATI01B | KTEV | $E_\gamma^* > 20$ MeV | |
| 2.30±0.07 | 3136 | RAMBERG | 93 | E731 $E_\gamma^* > 20$ MeV | |

⁴⁷ ALAVI-HARATI 01B includes both Direct Emission (DE) and Inner Bremsstrahlung (IB) processes.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\gamma(\text{DE}))/\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\gamma)$ **Γ_{14}/Γ_{13}**

These values assume that $\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma) = \Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma(\text{DE})) + \Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma(\text{IB}))$, the sum of widths for the direct emission (DE) and inner bremsstrahlung (IE) processes, with no IB-DE interference. DE assumes a form factor as described in RAMBERG 93.

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------------|----------|
| 0.684±0.009 OUR FIT | | | | | |
| 0.684±0.009 OUR AVERAGE | | | | | |
| 0.689±0.021 | 111k | ABOUZAID | 06A | KTEV $E_\gamma^* > 20$ MeV | |
| 0.683±0.011 | 8669 | ALAVI-HARATI01B | KTEV | $E_\gamma^* > 20$ MeV | |
| 0.685±0.041 | 3136 | RAMBERG | 93 | E731 $E_\gamma^* > 20$ MeV | |

$\Gamma(\pi^0 2\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{15}/Γ

| VALUE (units 10^{-6}) | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------------|------|------|-------------|------|---------|
| 1.273±0.034 OUR AVERAGE | | | | | |
| 1.28 ± 0.06 ± 0.01 | 1.4k | 48 | ABOUZAID | 08 | KTEV |
| 1.27 ± 0.04 ± 0.01 | 2.5k | 49 | LAI | 02B | NA48 |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----|----|-----------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| 1.68 ± 0.07 ± 0.08 | 884 | 50 | ALAVI-HARATI99B | KTEV | |
| 1.7 ± 0.2 ± 0.2 | 63 | 51 | BARR | 92 | NA31 |
| 1.86 ± 0.60 ± 0.60 | 60 | | PAPADIMITR... | 91 | E731 $m_{\gamma\gamma} > 280$ MeV |
| <5.1 | 90 | | PAPADIMITR... | 91 | E731 $m_{\gamma\gamma} < 264$ MeV |
| 2.1 ± 0.6 | 14 | 52 | BARR | 90C | NA31 $m_{\gamma\gamma} > 280$ MeV |

48 ABOUZAID 08 reports $(1.29 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-6}$ from a measurement of $[\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 2\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0)]$ assuming $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0) = (8.69 \pm 0.04) \times 10^{-4}$, which we rescale to our best value $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0) = (8.65 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-4}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

49 LAI 02B reports $[\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 2\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0)] = (1.467 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.032) \times 10^{-3}$ which we multiply by our best value $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0) = (8.65 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-4}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value. They also find that $B(\pi^0 2\gamma, m_{\gamma\gamma} < 110$ MeV) < 0.6×10^{-8} (90% CL).

50 ALAVI-HARATI 99B finds that $\Gamma(\pi^0 2\gamma, m_{\gamma\gamma} < 240$ MeV) / $\Gamma(\pi^0 2\gamma) = (17.3 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.5)\%$. Superseded by ABOUZAID 08.

51 BARR 92 find that $\Gamma(\pi^0 2\gamma, m_{\gamma\gamma} < 240$ MeV) / $\Gamma(\pi^0 2\gamma) < 0.09$ (90% CL).

52 BARR 90C superseded by BARR 92.

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 \gamma e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{16}/Γ

| VALUE (units 10^{-8}) | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|--------------------------|-----|------|-------------|----------|
| 1.62±0.14±0.09 | | 125 | 53 ABOUZAID | 07D KTEV |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|--------------------|----|---|-----------------|---------|
| 2.34 ± 0.35 ± 0.13 | 44 | | ALAVI-HARATI01E | KTEV |
| <71 | 90 | 0 | MURAKAMI | 99 SPEC |

53 ABOUZAID 07D includes 1997 (ALAVI-HARATI 01E) and 1999 data. It measures the ratio of $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma e^+ e^-) / B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi_D^0)$, where π_D^0 is the Dalitz decaying π^0 , and uses PDG 06 values $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0) = (8.69 \pm 0.04) \times 10^{-4}$, and $B(\pi_D^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma) = (1.198 \pm 0.032) \times 10^{-2}$. Supersedes ALAVI-HARATI 01E result.

Other modes with photons or $\ell\bar{\ell}$ pairs

 $\Gamma(2\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{17}/Γ

| VALUE (units 10^{-4}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------|------|-------------|------|-------------------------------------|
| 5.47±0.04 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.2. |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|-------------|----|-------------|-----|---------------------------|
| 4.54 ± 0.84 | | 54 BANNER | 72B | OSPK |
| 4.5 ± 1.0 | 23 | ENSTROM | 71 | OSPK K_L^0 1.5–9 GeV/c |
| 5.0 ± 1.0 | | 55 REPELLIN | 71 | OSPK |
| 5.5 ± 1.1 | 90 | KUNZ | 68 | OSPK Norm.to 3 $\pi(C+N)$ |

⁵⁴ This value uses $(\eta_{00}/\eta_{+-})^2 = 1.05 \pm 0.14$. In general, $\Gamma(2\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = [(4.32 \pm 0.55) \times 10^{-4}] [(\eta_{00}/\eta_{+-})^2]$.

⁵⁵ Assumes regeneration amplitude in copper at 2 GeV is 22 mb. To evaluate for a given regeneration amplitude and error, multiply by $(\text{regeneration amplitude}/22\text{mb})^2$.

$\Gamma(2\gamma)/\Gamma(3\pi^0)$

Γ_{17}/Γ_6

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------|------|-------------|------|---------|
|--------------------------|------|-------------|------|---------|

2.802±0.017 OUR FIT

2.802±0.018 OUR AVERAGE

$2.79 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.02$ 27k ADINOLFI 03 KLOE

$2.81 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.02$ LAI 03 NA48

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

2.13 ± 0.43 28 BARMIN 71 HLBC

2.24 ± 0.28 115 BANNER 69 OSPK

2.5 ± 0.7 16 ARNOLD 68B HLBC Vacuum decay

$\Gamma(2\gamma)/\Gamma(\pi^0\pi^0)$

Γ_{17}/Γ_9

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|-------|------|-------------|------|
|-------|------|-------------|------|

0.633±0.006 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.5.

0.632±0.004±0.008 110k BURKHARDT 87 NA31

$\Gamma(3\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{18}/Γ

| VALUE | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|-------|-----|-------------|------|
|-------|-----|-------------|------|

$<2.4 \times 10^{-7}$ 90 56 BARR 95C NA31

⁵⁶ Assumes a phase-space decay distribution.

$\Gamma(e^+e^-\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{19}/Γ

| VALUE (units 10^{-6}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|--------------------------|------|-------------|------|
|--------------------------|------|-------------|------|

9.4±0.4 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.0.

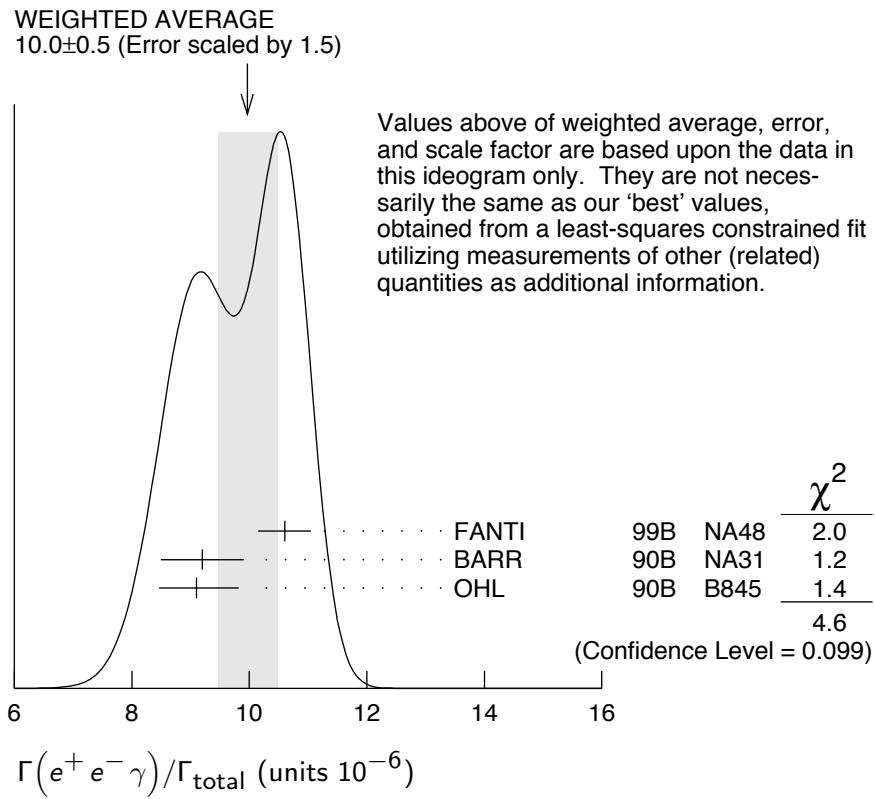
10.0±0.5 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below.

$10.6 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.4$ 6864 57 FANTI 99B NA48

$9.2 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$ 1053 BARR 90B NA31

$9.1 \pm 0.4^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$ 919 OHL 90B B845

⁵⁷ For FANTI 99B, the ± 0.4 systematic error includes for uncertainties in the calculation, primarily uncertainties in the $\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma$ and $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$ branching ratios, evaluated using our 1999 Web edition values.



$\Gamma(e^+ e^- \gamma)/\Gamma(3\pi^0)$

| VALUE (units 10^{-5}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|--------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| 4.82±0.21 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 2.0. | |
| 4.63±0.04±0.13 | 83k | 58 ABOUZAID | 07B KTEV |

58 ABOUZAID 07B reports $[\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma)/\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow 3\pi^0)] / [3\Gamma(\pi^0 \rightarrow 2\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] = (1.3302 \pm 0.0046 \pm 0.0103) \times 10^{-3}$ which we multiply by our best value $3\Gamma(\pi^0 \rightarrow 2\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = (3.48 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \mu^- \gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

| VALUE (units 10^{-7}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| 3.59±0.11 OUR AVERAGE | | Error includes scale factor of 1.3. | |
| 3.62±0.04±0.08 | 9100 | ALAVI-HARATI01G | KTEV |
| 3.4 ± 0.6 ± 0.4 | 45 | FANTI | 97 NA48 |
| 3.23±0.23±0.19 | 197 | SPENCER | 95 E799 |

$\Gamma(e^+ e^- \gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

| VALUE (units 10^{-7}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|-----------------|---------|----------------------|
| 5.95±0.33 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| 5.84±0.15±0.32 | 1543 | ALAVI-HARATI01F | KTEV | $E_\gamma^* > 5$ MeV |
| 8.0 ± 1.5 ^{+1.4} _{-1.2} | 40 | SETZU | 98 NA31 | $E_\gamma^* > 5$ MeV |
| 6.5 ± 1.2 ± 0.6 | 58 | NAKAYA | 94 E799 | $E_\gamma^* > 5$ MeV |
| 6.6 ± 3.2 | | MORSE | 92 B845 | $E_\gamma^* > 5$ MeV |

Γ_{19}/Γ_6

Γ_{20}/Γ

Γ_{21}/Γ

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \mu^- \gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{22}/Γ

| <u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-9}) | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--|-------------|--------------------|-------------|---|
| $10.4^{+7.5}_{-5.9} \pm 0.7$ | 4 | ALAVI-HARATI00E | KTEV | $m_{\gamma\gamma} \geq 1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ |

Charge conjugation \times Parity (CP) or Lepton Family number (LF)

violating modes, or $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current ($S1$) modes

 $\Gamma(\mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^-)$ Γ_{23}/Γ_8 Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interaction.

| <u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6}) | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 3.48 ± 0.05 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| 3.474 ± 0.057 | 6210 | AMBROSE | 00 | B871 |
| 3.87 ± 0.30 | 179 | ⁵⁹ AKAGI | 95 | SPEC |
| 3.38 ± 0.17 | 707 | HEINSON | 95 | B791 |
| $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ | | | | |
| $3.9 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.1$ | 178 | ⁶⁰ AKAGI | 91B | SPEC In AKAGI 95 |
| $3.45 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.13$ | 368 | ⁶¹ HEINSON | 91 | SPEC In HEINSON 95 |
| 4.1 ± 0.5 | 54 | INAGAKI | 89 | SPEC In AKAGI 91B |
| $2.8 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.2$ | 87 | MATHIAZHA... | 89B | SPEC In HEINSON 91 |

⁵⁹AKAGI 95 gives this number multiplied by the PDG 1992 average for $\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\text{total})$.

⁶⁰AKAGI 91B give this number multiplied by the 1990 PDG average for $\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\text{total})$.

⁶¹HEINSON 91 give $\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$. We divide out the $\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ PDG average which they used.

 $\Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{24}/Γ Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interaction.

| <u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-10}) | <u>CL%</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|---|------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| $0.087^{+0.057}_{-0.041}$ | | 4 | AMBROSE | 98 B871 |

$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$

| | | | | |
|-------|----|---|-----------------------|----------|
| <1.6 | 90 | 1 | AKAGI | 95 SPEC |
| <0.41 | 90 | 0 | ⁶² ARISAKA | 93B B791 |

⁶²ARISAKA 93B includes all events with <6 MeV radiated energy.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{25}/Γ Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interaction.

| <u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-7}) | <u>CL%</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
| 3.11 ± 0.19 OUR AVERAGE | | | | | |
| $3.08 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.18$ | 1125 | ⁶³ LAI | 03C | NA48 | |
| $3.2 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.4$ | 37 | ADAMS | 98 | KTEV | |
| $4.4 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.5$ | 13 | TAKEUCHI | 98 | SPEC | |

$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$

| | | | | |
|------|----|--------|----|-------------------------------|
| <4.6 | 90 | NOMURA | 97 | SPEC $m_{ee} > 4 \text{ MeV}$ |
|------|----|--------|----|-------------------------------|

⁶³LAI 03C second error is $0.15(\text{syst}) \pm 0.10(\text{norm})$ combined in quadrature. The normalization uses $\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0) * \text{BR}(\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (1.505 \pm 0.047) \times 10^{-3}$ from our 2000 Edition.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{26}/Γ Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interaction.

| VALUE (units 10^{-9}) | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|--------------------------|-----|------|-----------------|------|
| <6.6 | 90 | 1 | ALAVI-HARATI02C | E799 |

 $\Gamma(\mu^+ \mu^- e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{27}/Γ Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interaction.

| VALUE (units 10^{-9}) | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|-----|------|-------------------------------|------|---------|
| 2.69 ± 0.27 OUR AVERAGE | | | | | |
| $2.69 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.12$ | | 131 | ⁶⁴ ALAVI-HARATI03B | KTEV | |
| $2.9 \begin{array}{l} +6.7 \\ -2.4 \end{array}$ | | 1 | GU | 96 | E799 |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|----|-----------------|------|--------------------------|
| $2.62 \pm 0.40 \pm 0.17$ | 43 | ALAVI-HARATI01H | KTEV | Sup. by ALAVI-HARATI 03B |
| <4900 | 90 | BALATS | 83 | SPEC |

⁶⁴ ALAVI-HARATI 03B also measures the linear slope $\alpha = -1.59 \pm 0.37$. $\Gamma(e^+ e^- e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{28}/Γ Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interaction.

| VALUE (units 10^{-8}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|-------------------|------|---------|
| 3.56 ± 0.21 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| $3.30 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.25$ | 200 | ⁶⁵ LAI | 05B | NA48 |
| $3.72 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.23$ | 441 | ALAVI-HARATI01D | KTEV | |
| $3.96 \pm 0.78 \pm 0.32$ | 27 | GU | 94 | E799 |
| $3.07 \pm 1.25 \pm 0.26$ | 6 | VAGINS | 93 | B845 |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------|---------------------|----|-------------------------|
| $6 \begin{array}{l} \pm 2 \\ \pm 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l} \pm 1 \\ \pm 2 \end{array}$ | 18 | ⁶⁶ AKAGI | 95 | SPEC $m_{ee} > 470$ MeV |
| 7 | ± 3 | 6 | ⁶⁶ AKAGI | 95 | SPEC $m_{ee} > 470$ MeV |
| 10.4 | ± 3.7 | ± 1.1 | ⁶⁷ BARR | 95 | NA31 |
| 6 | ± 2 | 18 | AKAGI | 93 | CNTR Sup. by AKAGI 95 |
| 4 | ± 3 | 2 | BARR | 91 | NA31 Sup. by BARR 95 |

⁶⁵ LAI 05B uses 1998 and 1999 data. Data are normalized to the observed events of $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ (π^0 into Dalitz pair) and PDG 04 values are used for $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$ and $B(\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma)$. The systematic error includes a normalization error of ± 0.10 .⁶⁶ Values are for the total branching fraction, acceptance-corrected for the m_{ee} cuts shown.⁶⁷ Distribution of angles between two $e^+ e^-$ pair planes favors $CP = -1$ for K_L^0 . $\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{29}/Γ Violates CP in leading order. Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interaction.

| VALUE (units 10^{-9}) | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|--------------------------|-----|------|-----------------|------|
| <0.38 | 90 | | ALAVI-HARATI00D | KTEV |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | |
|------|----|---|--------|----|------|
| <5.1 | 90 | 0 | HARRIS | 93 | E799 |
|------|----|---|--------|----|------|

$\Gamma(\pi^0 e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{30}/Γ

Violates CP in leading order. Direct and indirect CP -violating contributions are expected to be comparable and to dominate the CP -conserving part. LAI 02B result suggests that CP -violation effects dominate. Test for $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interaction.

| <u>VALUE (units 10^{-10})</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|---|------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| < 2.8 | 90 | | 68 ALAVI-HARATI04A | KTEV | combined result |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | | |
| < 3.5 | 90 | | ALAVI-HARATI04A | KTEV | |
| $0.0047^{+0.0022}_{-0.0018}$ | | | 69 LAI | 02B | NA48 CP -conserving part |
| < 5.1 0.01 to 0.02 | 90 | 2 | ALAVI-HARATI01 ALAVI-HARATI99B | KTEV | CP -conserving part |
| < 43 | 90 | 0 | HARRIS | 93B | E799 |
| < 75 | 90 | 0 | BARKER | 90 | E731 |
| < 55 | 90 | 0 | OHL | 90 | B845 |
| < 400 | 90 | | BARR | 88 | NA31 |
| <3200 | 90 | | JASTRZEM... | 88 | SPEC |

⁶⁸ Combined result of ALAVI-HARATI 04A 1999-2000 data set and ALAVI-HARATI 01 1997 data set.

⁶⁹ LAI 02B uses the absence of a signal in $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma\gamma$ with $m(\gamma\gamma) < m(\pi^0)$ and their a_V value to predict this value.

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{31}/Γ

Violates CP in leading order. Test of direct CP violation since the indirect CP -violating and CP -conserving contributions are expected to be suppressed. Test of $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current.

| <u>VALUE (units 10^{-7})</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|---|------------|--------------------|-------------|
| < 0.67 | 90 | 70 AHN | 08 K391 |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| < 2.1 | 90 | 71 AHN | 06 K391 |
| < 5.9 | 90 | ALAVI-HARATI00 | KTEV |
| < 16 | 90 | ADAMS | 99 KTEV |
| < 580 | 90 | WEAVER | 94 E799 |
| <2200 | 90 | GRAHAM | 92 CNTR |

⁷⁰ Value obtained using data from February to April 2005.

⁷¹ Value obtained analyzing 10% of data of RUN 1 (performed in 2004).

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{32}/Γ

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|
| $< 4.7 \times 10^{-5}$ | 90 | 72 NIX | 07 K391 |

⁷² Observed 1 event with expected background of 0.43 ± 0.35 events. NIX 07 also measured $B(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 P) < 1.2 \times 10^{-6}$ at 90% CL, where P is the pseudoscalar particle and $m_P < 100$ MeV.

 $\Gamma(e^\pm \mu^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{33}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

| <u>VALUE (units 10^{-11})</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|--|------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| < 0.47 | 90 | | AMBROSE | 98B B871 |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | |
|------|----|---|------------|----|------|
| <9.4 | 90 | 0 | AKAGI | 95 | SPEC |
| <3.9 | 90 | 0 | ARISAKA | 93 | B791 |
| <3.3 | 90 | 0 | 73 ARISAKA | 93 | B791 |

73 This is the combined result of ARISAKA 93 and MATHIAZHAGAN 89.

$\Gamma(e^\pm e^\pm \mu^\mp \mu^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{34}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

| VALUE (units 10^{-11}) | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---------------------------|-----|------|-----------------|------|---------|
| < 4.12 | 90 | 0 | ALAVI-HARATI03B | KTEV | |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | |
|--------|----|---|--------------------|------|--------------------------|
| < 12.3 | 90 | 0 | 74 ALAVI-HARATI01H | KTEV | Sup. by ALAVI-HARATI 03B |
| <610 | 90 | 0 | 74 GU | 96 | E799 |

74 Assuming uniform phase space distribution.

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \mu^\pm e^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{35}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

| VALUE (units 10^{-10}) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|---------------------------|-----|-------------|----------|
| < 0.76 | 90 | ABOUZAID | 08C KTEV |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | |
|-----|----|---------|---------|
| <62 | 90 | ARISAKA | 98 E799 |
|-----|----|---------|---------|

$\Gamma(\pi^0 \pi^0 \mu^\pm e^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{36}/Γ

Test of lepton family number conservation.

| VALUE (units 10^{-10}) | CL% | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|---------------------------|-----|-------------|----------|
| <1.7 | 90 | ABOUZAID | 08C KTEV |

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ENERGY DEPENDENCE OF K_L^0 DALITZ PLOT

For discussion, see note on Dalitz plot parameters in the K^\pm section of the Particle Listings above. For definitions of a_v , a_t , a_u , and a_y , see the earlier version of the same note in the 1982 edition of this Review published in Physics Letters **111B** 70 (1982).

$$|\text{matrix element}|^2 = 1 + gu + hu^2 + jv + kv^2 + fuv \\ \text{where } u = (s_3 - s_0) / m_\pi^2 \text{ and } v = (s_2 - s_1) / m_\pi^2$$

LINEAR COEFFICIENT g FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------------------------|------|-------------|----------|---|
| 0.678 ± 0.008 OUR AVERAGE | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below. |
| 0.6823 ± 0.0044 ± 0.0044 | 500k | ANGELOPO... | 98C CPLR | |
| 0.681 ± 0.024 | 6499 | CHO | 77 HBC | |
| 0.620 ± 0.023 | 4709 | PEACH | 77 HBC | |
| 0.677 ± 0.010 | 509k | MESSNER | 74 ASPK | $a_y = -0.917 \pm 0.013$ |

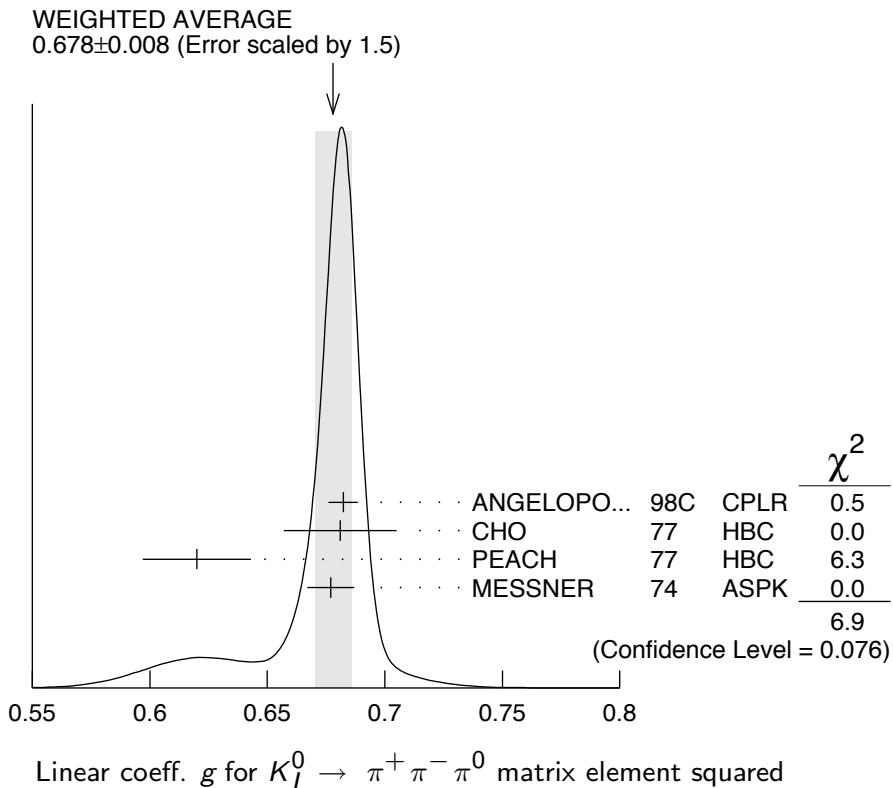
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|---------------|------|---------------------------|-----|-------------------------------|
| 0.69 ± 0.07 | 192 | ⁷⁵ BALDO-... | 75 | HLBC |
| 0.590 ± 0.022 | 56k | ⁷⁵ BUCHANAN | 75 | SPEC $a_u = -0.277 \pm 0.010$ |
| 0.619 ± 0.027 | 20k | ^{75,76} BISI | 74 | ASPK $a_t = -0.282 \pm 0.011$ |
| 0.612 ± 0.032 | | ⁷⁵ ALEXANDER | 73B | HBC |
| 0.73 ± 0.04 | 3200 | ⁷⁵ BRANDENB... | 73 | HBC |
| 0.608 ± 0.043 | 1486 | ⁷⁵ KRENZ | 72 | HLBC $a_t = -0.277 \pm 0.018$ |
| 0.650 ± 0.012 | 29k | ⁷⁵ ALBROW | 70 | ASPK $a_y = -0.858 \pm 0.015$ |
| 0.593 ± 0.022 | 36k | ^{75,77} BUCHANAN | 70 | SPEC $a_u = -0.278 \pm 0.010$ |
| 0.664 ± 0.056 | 4400 | ⁷⁵ SMITH | 70 | OSPK $a_t = -0.306 \pm 0.024$ |
| 0.400 ± 0.045 | 2446 | ⁷⁵ BASILE | 68B | OSPK $a_t = -0.188 \pm 0.020$ |
| 0.649 ± 0.044 | 1350 | ⁷⁵ HOPKINS | 67 | HBC $a_t = -0.294 \pm 0.018$ |
| 0.428 ± 0.055 | 1198 | ⁷⁵ NEFKENS | 67 | OSPK $a_u = -0.204 \pm 0.025$ |

⁷⁵ Quadratic dependence required by some experiments. (See sections on "QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT h " and "QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT k " below.) Correlations prevent us from averaging results of fits not including g , h , and k terms.

⁷⁶ BISI 74 value comes from quadratic fit with quad. term consistent with zero. g error is thus larger than if linear fit were used.

⁷⁷ BUCHANAN 70 result revised by BUCHANAN 75 to include radiative correlations and to use more reliable K_L^0 momentum spectrum of second experiment (had same beam).



QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT h FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 0.076±0.006 OUR AVERAGE | | | |
| 0.061±0.004±0.015 | 500k | ANGELOPO... | 98C CPLR |
| 0.095±0.032 | 6499 | CHO | 77 HBC |
| 0.048±0.036 | 4709 | PEACH | 77 HBC |
| 0.079±0.007 | 509k | MESSNER | 74 ASPK |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | |
|--------------|------|-----------|---------|
| -0.011±0.018 | 29k | 78 ALBROW | 70 ASPK |
| 0.043±0.052 | 4400 | 78 SMITH | 70 OSPK |

See notes in section "LINEAR COEFFICIENT g FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ | MATRIX ELEMENT|²" above.

⁷⁸ Quadratic coefficients h and k required by some experiments. (See section on "QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT k " below.) Correlations prevent us from averaging results of fits not including g , h , and k terms.

QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT k FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 0.0099±0.0015 OUR AVERAGE | | | |
| 0.0104±0.0017±0.0024 | 500k | ANGELOPO... | 98C CPLR |
| 0.024 ± 0.010 | 6499 | CHO | 77 HBC |
| -0.008 ± 0.012 | 4709 | PEACH | 77 HBC |
| 0.0097±0.0018 | 509k | MESSNER | 74 ASPK |

LINEAR COEFFICIENT j FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ (CP-VIOLATING TERM)

Listed in CP-violation section below.

QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT f FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ (CP-VIOLATING TERM)

Listed in CP-violation section below.

QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT h FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$

No average is computed because not all measurements included the effect of final state rescattering.

| <u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|---|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| +0.59±0.20±1.16 | 6.8M | 79 ABOUZAID | 08A KTEV |
| -6.1 ± 0.9 ± 0.5 | 14.7M | 80 LAI | 01B NA48 |
| -3.3 ± 1.1 ± 0.7 | 5M | 80,81 SOMALWAR | 92 E731 |

⁷⁹ Result obtained using CI3pl model of CABIBBO 05 to include $\pi\pi$ rescattering effects.

The systematic error includes an external error of 1.06×10^{-3} from the parametrization input of $(a_0 - a_2) m_{\pi^+} = 0.268 \pm 0.017$ from BATLEY 06B.

⁸⁰ LAI 01B and SOMALWAR 92 results do not include $\pi\pi$ final state rescattering effects.

⁸¹ SOMALWAR 92 chose m_{π^+} as normalization to make it compatible with the Particle Data Group $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ definitions.

K_L^0 FORM FACTORS

For discussion, see note on form factors in the K^\pm section of the Particle Listings above.

In the form factor comments, the following symbols are used.

f_+ and f_- are form factors for the vector matrix element.

f_S and f_T refer to the scalar and tensor term.

$$f_0(t) = f_+(t) + f_-(t) t/(m_{K^0}^2 - m_{\pi^+}^2).$$

t = momentum transfer to the π .

λ_+ and λ_0 are the linear expansion coefficients of f_+ and f_0 :

$$f_+(t) = f_+(0) (1 + \lambda_+ t / m_{\pi^+}^2)$$

For quadratic expansion

$$f_+(t) = f_+(0) (1 + \lambda'_+ t / m_{\pi^+}^2 + \frac{\lambda''_+}{2} t^2 / m_{\pi^+}^4)$$

as used by KTeV. If there is a non-vanishing quadratic term, then λ_+ represents an average slope, which is then different from λ'_+ .

NA48 (K_{e3}) and ISTRA quadratic expansion coefficients are converted with

$$\lambda'_+{}^{PDG} = \lambda'_+{}^{NA48} \text{ and } \lambda''_+{}^{PDG} = 2 \lambda'_+{}^{NA48}$$

$$\lambda'_+{}^{PDG} = (\frac{m_{\pi^+}}{m_{\pi^0}})^2 \lambda'_+{}^{ISTR A} \text{ and}$$

$$\lambda''_+{}^{PDG} = 2 (\frac{m_{\pi^+}}{m_{\pi^0}})^4 \lambda'_+{}^{ISTR A}$$

ISTR A linear expansion coefficients are converted with

$$\lambda_+{}^{PDG} = (\frac{m_{\pi^+}}{m_{\pi^0}})^2 \lambda_+{}^{ISTR A} \text{ and } \lambda_0{}^{PDG} = (\frac{m_{\pi^+}}{m_{\pi^0}})^2 \lambda_0{}^{ISTR A}$$

The pole parametrization is

$$f_+(t) = f_+(0) \left(\frac{M_V^2}{M_V^2 - t} \right)$$

$$f_0(t) = f_0(0) \left(\frac{M_S^2}{M_S^2 - t} \right)$$

where M_V and M_S are the vector and scalar pole masses.

The dispersive parametrization is

$$f_+(t) = f_+(0) \exp[\frac{t}{m_\pi^2} (\Lambda_+ + H(t))];$$

$$f_0(t) = f_0(0) \exp[\frac{t}{m_K^2 - m_\pi^2} (\ln[C] - G(t))],$$

where Λ_+ is the slope parameter and $\ln[C] = \ln[f_0(m_K^2 - m_\pi^2)]$

is the logarithm of the scalar form factor at the Callan-Treiman point.

$H(t)$ and $G(t)$ are dispersive integrals.

The following abbreviations are used:

DP = Dalitz plot analysis.

PI = π spectrum analysis.

MU = μ spectrum analysis.

POL= μ polarization analysis.

BR = $K_{\mu 3}^0 / K_{e3}^0$ branching ratio analysis.

E = positron or electron spectrum analysis.

RC = radiative corrections.

λ_+ (LINEAR ENERGY DEPENDENCE OF f_+ IN K_{e3}^0 DECAY)

For radiative correction of K_{e3}^0 DP, see GINSBERG 67, BECHERRAWY 70, CIRIGLIANO 02, CIRIGLIANO 04, and ANDRE 07. Results labeled OUR FIT are discussed in the review " $K_{\ell 3}^\pm$ and $K_{\ell 3}^0$ Form Factors" in the K^\pm Listings. For earlier, lower statistics results, see the 2004 edition of this review, Physics Letters **B592** 1 (2004).

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|--|------|------------------|
| 2.82 ± 0.04 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. Assuming μ -e universality | | |
| 2.85 ± 0.04 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| 2.86 ± 0.05 ± 0.04 | 2M | AMBROSINO 06D | KLOE | |
| 2.832 ± 0.037 ± 0.043 | 1.9M | ALEXOPOU... 04A | KTEV | PI, no $\mu = e$ |
| 2.88 ± 0.04 ± 0.11 | 5.6M | 82 LAI | 04C | NA48 DP |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 2.84 ± 0.07 ± 0.13 | 5.6M | 83 LAI | 04C | NA48 DP |
| 2.45 ± 0.12 ± 0.22 | 366k | APOSTOLA... | 00 | CPLR DP |
| 3.06 ± 0.34 | 74k | BIRULEV | 81 | SPEC DP |
| 3.12 ± 0.25 | 500k | GJESDAL | 76 | SPEC DP |
| 2.70 ± 0.28 | 25k | BLUMENTHAL75 | SPEC | DP |

⁸² Results from linear fit and assuming only vector and axial couplings.

⁸³ Results from linear fit with $|f_S/f_+|$ and $|f_T/f_+|$ free.

λ_+ (LINEAR ENERGY DEPENDENCE OF f_+ IN $K_{\mu 3}^0$ DECAY)

Results labeled OUR FIT are discussed in the review " $K_{\ell 3}^\pm$ and $K_{\ell 3}^0$ Form Factors" in the K^\pm Listings. For earlier, lower statistics results, see the 2004 edition of this review, Physics Letters **B592** 1 (2004).

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|--|------|-------------------|
| 2.82 ± 0.04 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. Assuming μ -e universality | | |
| 2.71 ± 0.10 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.4. Not assuming μ -e universality | | |
| 2.67 ± 0.06 ± 0.08 | 2.3M | 84 LAI | 07A | NA48 DP |
| 2.745 ± 0.088 ± 0.063 | 1.5M | ALEXOPOU... 04A | KTEV | DP, no $\mu = e$ |
| 2.813 ± 0.051 | 3.4M | ALEXOPOU... 04A | KTEV | PI, DP, $\mu = e$ |
| 3.0 ± 0.3 | 1.6M | DONALDSON 74B | SPEC | DP |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 4.27 ± 0.44 | 150k | BIRULEV | 81 | SPEC DP |

⁸⁴ LAI 07A gives a correlation -0.40 between their λ_0 and λ_+ measurements.

λ_0 (LINEAR ENERGY DEPENDENCE OF f_0 IN $K_{\mu 3}^0$ DECAY)

Wherever possible, we have converted the above values of $\xi(0)$ into values of λ_0 using the associated λ_+^μ and $d\xi(0)/d\lambda_+$. Results labeled OUR FIT are discussed in the review " $K_{\ell 3}^\pm$ and $K_{\ell 3}^0$ Form Factors" in the K^\pm Listings. For earlier, lower statistics results, see the 2004 edition of this review, Physics Letters **B592** 1 (2004).

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | $d\lambda_0/d\lambda_+$ | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------------|---------|------------------|
| 1.38 ± 0.18 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 2.2. Assuming μ -e universality | | | |
| 1.42 ± 0.23 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 2.8. Not assuming μ -e universality | | | |
| 1.17 ± 0.07 ± 0.10 | 2.3M | 85 LAI | 07A | NA48 DP | |
| 1.657 ± 0.125 | -0.44 | 1.5M | 86 ALEXOPOU... 04A | KTEV | DP, no $\mu = e$ |

| | | | |
|-------------------|---------|--------|--|
| 1.635 ± 0.121 | -0.85 | $3.4M$ | ⁸⁷ ALEXOPOU... 04A KTEV PI, DP, $\mu = e$ |
| $+1.9 \pm 0.4$ | -0.47 | $1.6M$ | ⁸⁸ DONALDSON 74B SPEC DP |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | |
|-----------------|---------|--------|----------------------------------|
| 3.41 ± 0.67 | unknown | $150k$ | ⁸⁹ BIRULEV 81 SPEC DP |
|-----------------|---------|--------|----------------------------------|

⁸⁵LAI 07A gives a correlation -0.40 between their λ'_0 and λ'_+ measurements.

⁸⁶ALEXOPOULOS 04A gives a correlation -0.38 between their λ'_0 and λ'_+ measurements.

⁸⁷ALEXOPOULOS 04A gives a correlation -0.36 between their λ'_0 and λ'_+ measurements.

⁸⁸DONALDSON 74B $d\lambda'_0/d\lambda'_+$ obtained from figure 18.

⁸⁹BIRULEV 81 gives $d\lambda'_0/d\lambda'_+ = -1.5$, giving an unreasonably narrow error ellipse which dominates all other results. We use $d\lambda'_0/d\lambda'_+ = 0$.

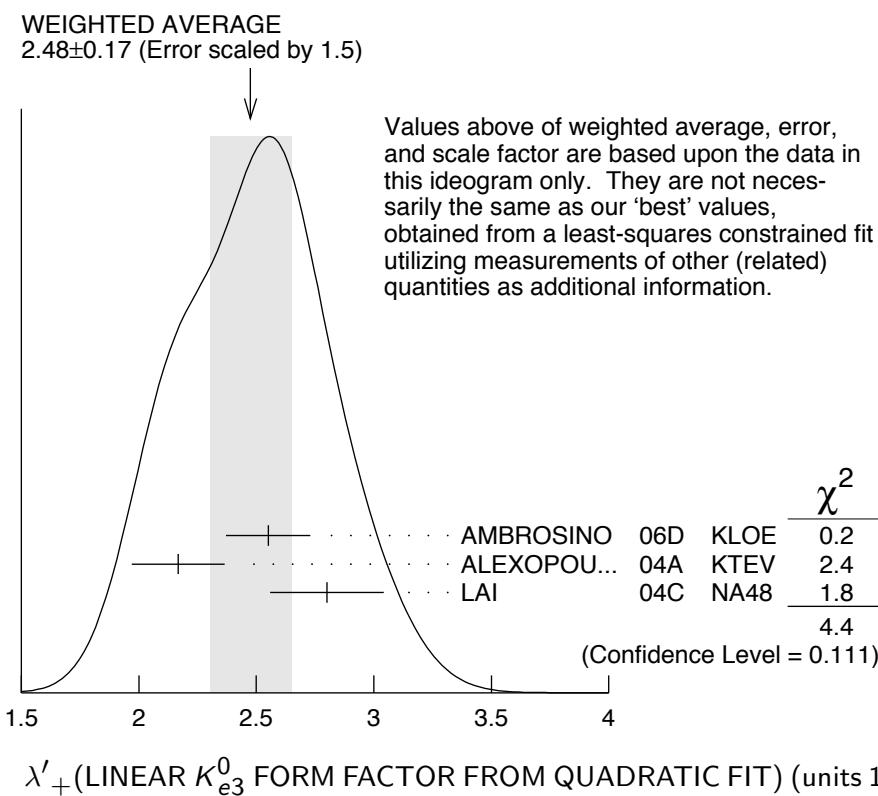
λ'_+ (LINEAR K_{e3}^0 FORM FACTOR FROM QUADRATIC FIT)

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|-------------------------------|------|---|------|--|
| 2.40 ±0.12 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.2. Assuming μ -e universality |
| 2.49 ±0.13 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. Not assuming μ -e universality |
| 2.48 ±0.17 OUR AVERAGE | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below. |
| 2.55 ± 0.15 ± 0.10 | 2M | ⁹⁰ AMBROSINO 06D KLOE | | |
| $2.167 \pm 0.137 \pm 0.143$ | 1.9M | ⁹¹ ALEXOPOU... 04A KTEV PI, no $\mu = e$ | | |
| 2.80 ± 0.19 ± 0.15 | 5.6M | ⁹² LAI 04C NA48 DP | | |

⁹⁰We use AMBROSINO 06D result in the fit not assuming μ -e universality. This result enters the fit assuming μ -e universality via AMBROSINO 07C measurement of λ'_+ in $K_{\mu 3}$ decays. AMBROSINO 06D gives a correlation -0.95 between their λ'_+ and λ''_+ .

⁹¹ALEXOPOULOS 04A gives a correlation -0.97 between their λ'_+ and λ''_+ .

⁹²For LAI 04C we calculate a correlation -0.88 between their λ'_+ and λ''_+ .



λ''_+ (QUADRATIC K_{e3}^0 FORM FACTOR)

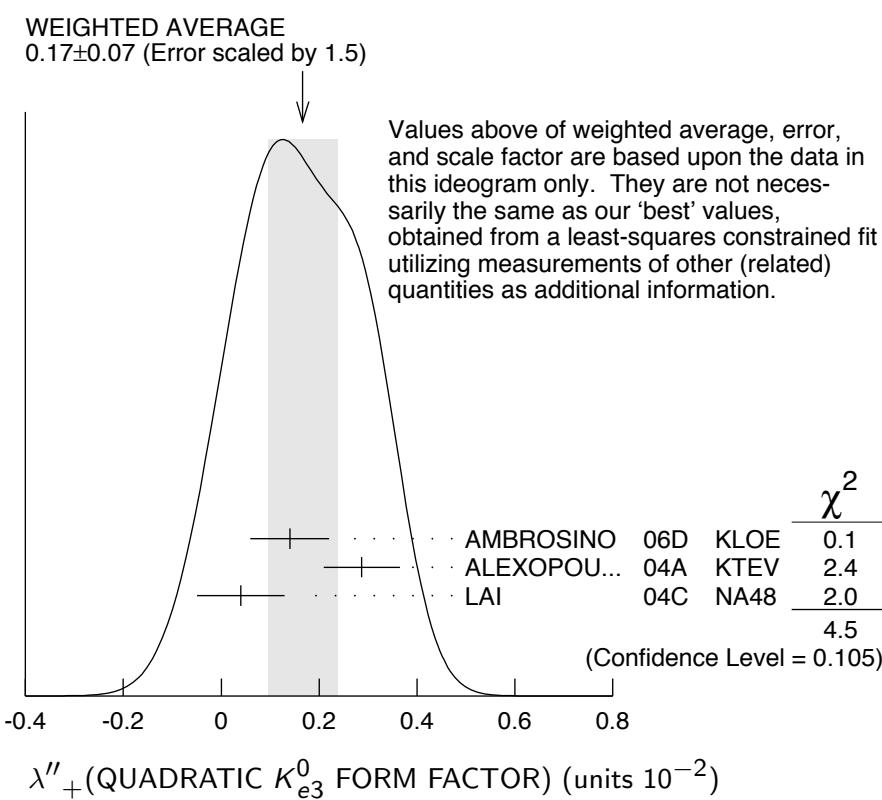
| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------------|------|----------------|------|---|
| 0.20 ± 0.05 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.2. Assuming $\mu-e$ universality |
| 0.16 ± 0.05 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. Not assuming $\mu-e$ universality |
| 0.17 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below. |
| 0.14 ± 0.07 ± 0.04 | 2M | 93 AMBROSINO | 06D | KLOE |
| 0.287 ± 0.057 ± 0.053 | 1.9M | 94 ALEXOPOU... | 04A | KTEV PI, no $\mu = e$ |
| 0.04 ± 0.08 ± 0.04 | 5.6M | 95,96 LAI | 04C | NA48 DP |

⁹³ We use AMBROSINO 06D result in the fit not assuming $\mu-e$ universality. This result enters the fit assuming $\mu-e$ universality via AMBROSINO 07C measurement of λ''_+ in $K_{\mu 3}$ decays. AMBROSINO 06D gives a correlation -0.95 between their λ'_+ and λ''_+ .

⁹⁴ ALEXOPOULOS 04A gives a correlation -0.97 between their λ'_+ and λ''_+ .

⁹⁵ Values doubled to agree with PDG conventions described above.

⁹⁶ LAI 04C gives a correlation -0.88 between their λ'_+ and λ''_+ .



λ'_+ (LINEAR $K_{\mu 3}^0$ FORM FACTOR FROM QUADRATIC FIT)

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------------------|------|------------------|------|---|
| 2.40 ± 0.12 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.2. Assuming $\mu-e$ universality |
| 1.89 ± 0.24 OUR FIT | | | | Not assuming $\mu-e$ universality |
| 2.23 ± 0.98 ± 0.37 | 1.8M | 97 AMBROSINO 07C | KLOE | no $\mu = e$ |
| 2.56 ± 0.15 ± 0.09 | 3.8M | 97 AMBROSINO 07C | KLOE | $\mu = e$ |
| 2.05 ± 0.22 ± 0.24 | 2.3M | 97 LAI | 07A | NA48 DP |
| 1.703 ± 0.319 ± 0.177 | 1.5M | 97 ALEXOPOU... | 04A | KTEV DP, no $\mu = e$ |
| 2.064 ± 0.175 | 3.4M | 97 ALEXOPOU... | 04A | KTEV PI, DP, $\mu = e$ |

⁹⁷ See section λ_0 below for correlations.

λ''_+ (QUADRATIC $K_{\mu 3}^0$ FORM FACTOR)

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---------------------------|------|----------------|----------|--|
| 0.20 ±0.05 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.2. Assuming μ -e universality |
| 0.37 ±0.12 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.3. Not assuming μ -e universality |
| 0.48 ±0.49 ±0.16 | 1.8M | 98 AMBROSINO | 07C KLOE | no $\mu = e$ |
| 0.15 ±0.07 ±0.04 | 3.8M | 98 AMBROSINO | 07C KLOE | $\mu = e$ |
| 0.26 ±0.09 ±0.10 | 2.3M | 98 LAI | 07A NA48 | DP |
| 0.443±0.131±0.072 | 1.5M | 98 ALEXOPOU... | 04A KTEV | DP, no $\mu = e$ |
| 0.320±0.069 | 3.4M | 98 ALEXOPOU... | 04A KTEV | PI, DP, $\mu = e$ |

98 See section λ_0 below for correlations.

λ_0 (LINEAR f_0 $K_{\mu 3}^0$ FORM FACTOR FROM QUADRATIC FIT)

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---------------------------|------|-----------------|----------|--|
| 1.16 ±0.09 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.2. Assuming μ -e universality |
| 1.07 ±0.14 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.3. Not assuming μ -e universality |
| 0.91 ±0.59 ±0.26 | 1.8M | 99 AMBROSINO | 07C KLOE | no $\mu = e$ |
| 1.54 ±0.18 ±0.13 | 3.8M | 100 AMBROSINO | 07C KLOE | $\mu = e$ |
| 0.95 ±0.11 ±0.08 | 2.3M | 101 LAI | 07A NA48 | DP |
| 1.281±0.136±0.122 | 1.5M | 102 ALEXOPOU... | 04A KTEV | DP, no $\mu = e$ |
| 1.372±0.131 | 3.4M | 103 ALEXOPOU... | 04A KTEV | PI, DP, $\mu = e$ |

99 AMBROSINO 07C, not assuming μ -e universality, gives a correlation matrix

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \lambda'_+ & \lambda''_+ & \\ \lambda''_+ & -0.97 & 1 \\ \lambda_0 & 0.81 & -0.91 \end{array}$$

100 AMBROSINO 07C, assuming μ -e universality, gives a correlation matrix

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \lambda'_+ & \lambda''_+ & \\ \lambda''_+ & -0.95 & 1 \\ \lambda_0 & 0.29 & -0.38 \end{array}$$

101 LAI 07A gives a correlation matrix

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \lambda'_+ & \lambda''_+ & \\ \lambda''_+ & -0.96 & 1 \\ \lambda_0 & 0.63 & -0.73 \end{array}$$

102 ALEXOPOULOS 04A, not assuming μ -e universality, gives a correlation matrix

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \lambda'_+ & \lambda''_+ & \lambda_0 \\ \lambda'_+ & 1 & \\ \lambda''_+ & -0.96 & 1 \\ \lambda_0 & 0.65 & -0.75 \end{array}$$

103 ALEXOPOULOS 04A, assuming μ -e universality, gives a correlation matrix

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \lambda'_+ & \lambda''_+ & \lambda_0 \\ \lambda'_+ & 1 & \\ \lambda''_+ & -0.97 & 1 \\ \lambda_0 & 0.34 & -0.44 \end{array}$$

M_V^e (POLE MASS FOR K_{e3}^0 DECAY)

| VALUE (MeV) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------------------|--|-------------|------------------|---------|
| 878 ± 6 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. Assuming μ -e universality | | | |
| 875 ± 5 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| 870 ± 6 ±7 2M | AMBROSINO 06D | KLOE | | |
| 881.03± 5.12±4.94 1.9M | ALEXOPOU... | 04A KTEV | PI, no $\mu = e$ | |
| 859 ±18 5.6M | LAI | 04C | NA48 | |

 M_V^μ (POLE MASS FOR $K_{\mu 3}^0$ DECAY)

| VALUE (MeV) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|-------------------------|--|-------------|-------------------|---------|
| 878 ± 6 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. Assuming μ -e universality | | | |
| 900 ±21 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.7. Not assuming μ -e universality | | | |
| 905 ± 9 ±17 2.3M | 104 LAI | 07A | NA48 DP | |
| 889.19±12.81± 9.92 1.5M | 104 ALEXOPOU... | 04A KTEV | DP, no $\mu = e$ | |
| 882.32± 6.54 3.4M | 104 ALEXOPOU... | 04A KTEV | PI, DP, $\mu = e$ | |

104 See section M_S^μ below for correlations.

 M_S^μ (POLE MASS FOR $K_{\mu 3}^0$ DECAY)

| VALUE (MeV) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------|--|-------------|-------------------|---------|
| 1222 ±80 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 2.3. Not assuming μ -e universality | | | |
| 1252 ±90 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 2.6. Assuming μ -e universality | | | |
| 1400 ±46 ±53 2.3M | 105 LAI | 07A | NA48 DP | |
| 1167.14±28.30±31.04 1.5M | 106 ALEXOPOU... | 04A KTEV | PI, no $\mu = e$ | |
| 1173.80±39.47 3.4M | 107 ALEXOPOU... | 04A KTEV | PI, DP, $\mu = e$ | |

105 LAI 07A gives a correlation -0.47 between their M_S^μ and M_V^μ measurements, not assuming μ -e universality.

106 ALEXOPOULOS 04A gives a correlation -0.46 between their M_S^μ and M_V^μ and measurements, not assuming μ -e universality.

107 ALEXOPOULOS 04A gives a correlation -0.40 between their M_S^μ and M_V^μ and measurements, assuming μ -e universality.

 Λ_+ (DISPERSIVE VECTOR FORM FACTOR FOR $K_{\mu 3}^0$ DECAY)

See the review on " $K_{\ell 3}^\pm$ and $K_{\ell 3}^0$ Form Factors" for details of the dispersive parametrization.

| VALUE (units 10^{-1}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------|
| 0.251±0.011 OUR AVERAGE | Error includes scale factor of 2.2. | | | |
| 0.257±0.004±0.004 3.8M | 108 AMBROSINO | 07C KLOE | $\mu = e$ | |
| 0.233±0.005±0.008 2.3M | 109 LAI | 07A | NA48 DP | |

108 AMBROSINO 07C results include 2M K_{e3} events from AMBROSINO 06D. The correlation between Λ_+ and $\ln(C)$ is -0.26 .

109 LAI 07A gives a correlation -0.44 between their Λ_+ and $\ln(C)$ measurements.

$\ln(C)$ (DISPERSIVE SCALAR FORM FACTOR FOR $K_{\mu 3}^0$ DECAY)

See the review on " $K_{\ell 3}^\pm$ and $K_{\ell 3}^0$ Form Factors" for details of the dispersive parametrization.

| VALUE (units 10^{-1}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------------|------|---------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| 1.59 ± 0.26 OUR AVERAGE | | | | Error includes scale factor of 2.2. |
| 2.04 ± 0.19 ± 0.15 | 3.8M | 110 AMBROSINO | 07C KLOE | $\mu = e$ |
| 1.438 ± 0.080 ± 0.112 | 2.3M | 111 LAI | 07A NA48 | DP |

110 AMBROSINO 07C results include 2M K_{e3} events from AMBROSINO 06D. We convert (Λ_+, Λ_0) to $(\Lambda_+, \ln(C))$ parametrization using $\ln(C) = (\Lambda_0 \cdot 11.713 + 0.0398) \pm 0.0041$, where the error is due to theory parametrization of the form factor. The correlation between Λ_+ and $\ln(C)$ is -0.26 .

111 LAI 07A gives a correlation -0.44 between their Λ_+ and $\ln(C)$ measurements.

$a_1(t_0, Q^2)$ FORM FACTOR PARAMETER

See HILL 06 for a definition of this parameter.

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|------------------------------|------|--------------|----------|
| 1.023 ± 0.028 ± 0.029 | 2M | 112 ABOUZAID | 06C KTEV |

112 $Q^2 = 2 \text{ GeV}^2$, $t_0 = 0.49$ ($m_K - m_\pi$) 2 . Correlation between a_1 and a_2 : $\rho_{12} = -0.064$.

$a_2(t_0, Q^2)$ FORM FACTOR PARAMETER

See HILL 06 for a definition of this parameter.

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|---------------------------|------|--------------|----------|
| 0.75 ± 1.58 ± 1.47 | 2M | 113 ABOUZAID | 06C KTEV |

113 $Q^2 = 2 \text{ GeV}^2$, $t_0 = 0.49$ ($m_K - m_\pi$) 2 . Correlation between a_1 and a_2 : $\rho_{12} = -0.064$.

$|f_S/f_+|$ FOR K_{e3}^0 DECAY

Ratio of scalar to f_+ couplings.

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------|-----|------|-------------|----------|---------|
| 1.5 ± 0.7 ± 1.2 | | 5.6M | 114 LAI | 04C NA48 | |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | |
|------|----|-----|--------------|------|--------------------------|
| <9.5 | 95 | 18k | HILL | 78 | STRC |
| <7. | 68 | 48k | BIRULEV | 76 | SPEC See also BIRULEV 81 |
| <4. | 68 | 25k | BLUMENTHAL75 | SPEC | |

114 Results from linear fit with $|f_S/f_+|$ and $|f_T/f_+|$ free.

$|f_T/f_+|$ FOR K_{e3}^0 DECAY

Ratio of tensor to f_+ couplings.

| VALUE (units 10^{-2}) | CL% | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------|-----|------|-------------|----------|---------|
| 5 ± 3 ± 3 | | 5.6M | 115 LAI | 04C NA48 | |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | |
|------|----|-----|--------------|------|--------------------------|
| <40. | 95 | 18k | HILL | 78 | STRC |
| <34. | 68 | 48k | BIRULEV | 76 | SPEC See also BIRULEV 81 |
| <23. | 68 | 25k | BLUMENTHAL75 | SPEC | |

115 Results from linear fit with $|f_S/f_+|$ and $|f_T/f_+|$ free.

$|f_T/f_+|$ FOR $K_{\mu 3}^0$ DECAY

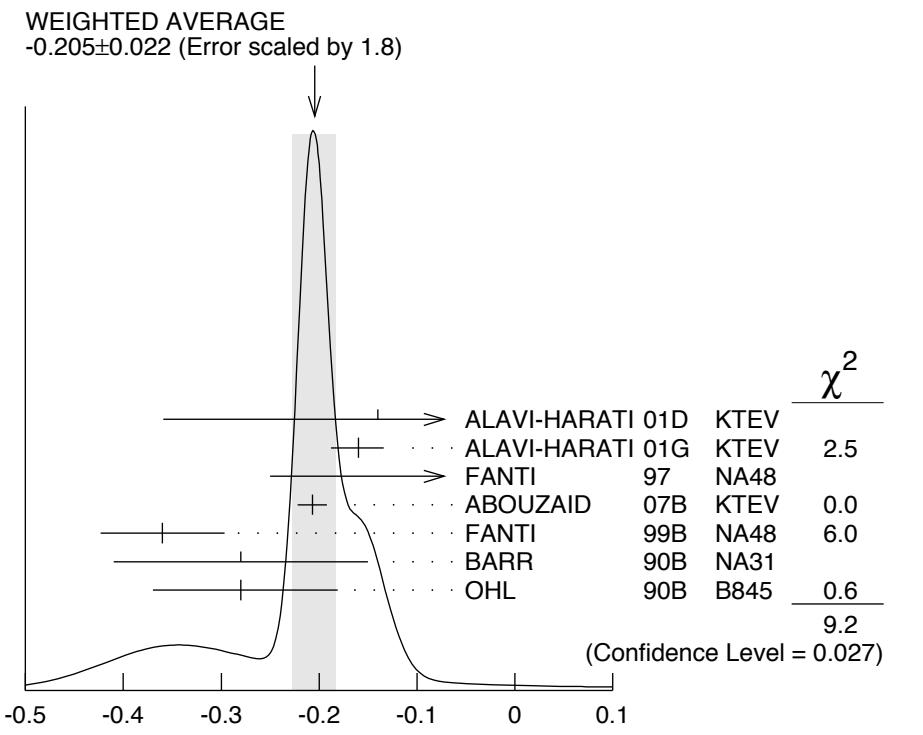
Ratio of tensor to f_+ couplings.

VALUE (units 10^{-2}) DOCUMENT ID TECN
12.±12. BIRULEV 81 SPEC

α_{K^*} DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-$

Average of all α_{K^*} measurements (from each of three datablocks following this one) assuming lepton universality.

VALUE DOCUMENT ID
-0.205±0.022 OUR AVERAGE Includes data from the 3 datablocks that follow this one. Error includes scale factor of 1.8. See the ideogram below.



α_{K^*} DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma$, $K_L^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-$

α_{K^*} DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$

α_{K^*} is the constant in the model of BERGSTROM 83 which measures the relative strength of the vector-vector transition $K_L \rightarrow K^* \gamma$ with $K^* \rightarrow \rho, \omega, \phi \rightarrow \gamma^*$ and the pseudoscalar-pseudoscalar transition $K_L \rightarrow \pi, \eta, \eta' \rightarrow \gamma \gamma^*$.

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

-0.217±0.034 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 2.4.

| | | | | |
|--|------|-------------------------|-----|------|
| -0.207±0.012±0.009 | 83k | ¹¹⁶ ABOUZAID | 07B | KTEV |
| -0.36 ± 0.06 ± 0.02 | 6864 | FANTI | 99B | NA48 |
| -0.28 ± 0.13 | | BARR | 90B | NA31 |
| -0.280 ^{+0.099} _{-0.090} | | OHL | 90B | B845 |

¹¹⁶ ABOUZAID 07B measures $C \cdot \alpha_{K^*} = -0.517 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.022$. We assume $C = 2.5$, as in all other measurements.

α_{K^*} DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \gamma$

α_{K^*} is the constant in the model of BERGSTROM 83 described in the previous section.

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

-0.158±0.027 OUR AVERAGE

| | | | |
|----------------------------|------|-----------------|---------|
| $-0.160^{+0.026}_{-0.028}$ | 9100 | ALAVI-HARATI01G | KTEV |
| $-0.04^{+0.24}_{-0.21}$ | | FANTI | 97 NA48 |

$\alpha_{K^*}^{\text{eff}}$ DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^-$

$\alpha_{K^*}^{\text{eff}}$ is the parameter describing the relative strength of an intermediate pseudoscalar decay amplitude and a vector meson decay amplitude in the model of BERGSTROM 83. It takes into account both the radiative effects and the form factor. Since there are two $e^+ e^-$ pairs here compared with one in $e^+ e^- \gamma$ decays, a factorized expression is used for the $e^+ e^- e^+ e^-$ decay form factor.

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

-0.14±0.16±0.15 441 ALAVI-HARATI01D KTEV

α_{DIP} DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma, K_L^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

Average of all α_{DIP} measurements (from each of three datablocks following this one) assuming lepton universality.

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID

-1.69±0.08 OUR AVERAGE Includes data from the 3 datablocks that follow this one. Error includes scale factor of 1.7.

α_{DIP} DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$

α_{DIP} parameter in $K_L^0 \rightarrow \gamma^* \gamma^*$ form factor by DAMBROSIO 98, motivated by vector meson dominance and a proper short distance behavior.

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

-1.729±0.043±0.028 83k ABOUZAID 07B KTEV

α_{DIP} DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \gamma$

α_{DIP} is a constant in the model of DAMBROSIO 98 described in the previous section.

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

-1.54±0.10 9100 ALAVI-HARATI01G KTEV

α_{DIP} DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \mu^+ \mu^-$

α_{DIP} is a constant in the model of DAMBROSIO 98 described in the previous section.

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

-1.59±0.37 131 ALAVI-HARATI03B KTEV

a_1/a_2 FORM FACTOR FOR M1 DIRECT EMISSION AMPLITUDE

Form factor = $\tilde{g}_{M1} \left[1 + \frac{a_1/a_2}{(M_p^2 - M_K^2) + 2M_K E_\gamma^*} \right]$ as described in ALAVI-HARATI 00B.

| VALUE (GeV ²) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--|------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|
| -0.737 ± 0.014 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| -0.744 ± 0.027 ± 0.032 | 5241 | 117 ABOUZAID | 06 | KTEV $\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$ |
| -0.738 ± 0.007 ± 0.018 | 111k | 118 ABOUZAID | 06A | KTEV $\pi^+ \pi^+ \gamma$ |
| -0.81 ^{+0.07} _{-0.13} ± 0.02 | | 119 LAI | 03C | NA48 $\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$ |
| -0.737 ± 0.026 ± 0.022 | | 120 ALAVI-HARATI01B | | $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ |
| -0.720 ± 0.028 ± 0.009 | 1766 | 121 ALAVI-HARATI00B | KTEV | $\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$ |

117 ABOUZAID 06 also measured $|\tilde{g}_{M1}| = 1.11 \pm 0.14$.

118 ABOUZAID 06A also measured $|\tilde{g}_{M1}| = 1.198 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.086$.

119 LAI 03C also measured $\tilde{g}_{M1} = 0.99^{+0.28}_{-0.27} \pm 0.07$.

120 ALAVI-HARATI 01B fit gives $\chi^2/\text{DOF} = 38.8/27$. Linear and quadratic fits give $\chi^2/\text{DOF} = 43.2/27$ and $37.6/26$ respectively.

121 ALAVI-HARATI 00B also measured $|\tilde{g}_{M1}| = 1.35^{+0.20}_{-0.17} \pm 0.04$.

 \bar{f}_S DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^0 e^\mp \nu_e$

| VALUE | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|----------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| 0.049 ± 0.011 OUR AVERAGE | | |
| 0.052 ± 0.006 ± 0.002 | BATLEY | 04 NA48 |
| 0.010 ± 0.016 ± 0.017 | MAKOFF | 93 E731 |

 \bar{f}_P DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^0 e^\mp \nu_e$

| VALUE | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| -0.052 ± 0.012 OUR AVERAGE | | |
| -0.051 ± 0.011 ± 0.005 | BATLEY | 04 NA48 |
| -0.079 ± 0.049 ± 0.022 | MAKOFF | 93 E731 |

 λ_g DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^0 e^\mp \nu_e$

| VALUE | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|----------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| 0.085 ± 0.020 OUR AVERAGE | | |
| 0.087 ± 0.019 ± 0.006 | BATLEY | 04 NA48 |
| 0.014 ± 0.087 ± 0.070 | MAKOFF | 93 E731 |

 \bar{h} DECAY FORM FACTOR FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^0 e^\mp \nu_e$

| VALUE | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|---------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| -0.30 ± 0.13 OUR AVERAGE | | |
| -0.32 ± 0.12 ± 0.07 | BATLEY | 04 NA48 |
| -0.07 ± 0.31 ± 0.31 | MAKOFF | 93 E731 |

 L_3 CHIRAL PERT. THEO. PARAM. FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^0 e^\mp \nu_e$

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| -3.96 ± 0.28 OUR AVERAGE | | |
| -3.96 ± 0.28 | Error includes scale factor of 1.6. | |
| -4.1 ± 0.2 | BATLEY | 04 NA48 |
| -3.4 ± 0.4 | 122 MAKOFF | 93 E731 |

122 MAKOFF 93 sign has been changed to negative to agree with the sign convention used in BATLEY 04.

a_V , VECTOR MESON EXCHANGE CONTRIBUTION

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--|------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| -0.43 ± 0.06 OUR AVERAGE | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.5. |
| $-0.31 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.07$ | 1.4k | 123 | ABOUZAID 08 | KTEV |
| $-0.46 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.04$ | | LAI | 02B | NA48 $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 2\gamma$ |
| $-0.67 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.12$ | | ALAVI-HARATI01E | KTEV | $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^- \gamma$ |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| $-0.72 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.06$ | | 124 | ALAVI-HARATI99B | KTEV $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 2\gamma$ |

123 Using KTeV dataset collected in 1996, 1997, and 1999.
 124 Superseded by ABOUZAID 08.

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CP-VIOLATION PARAMETERS IN K_L^0 DECAYS**— CHARGE ASYMMETRY IN K_{l3}^0 DECAYS —**

Such asymmetry violates CP. It is related to $\text{Re}(\epsilon)$.

 $A_L = \text{weighted average of } A_L(\mu) \text{ and } A_L(e)$

In previous editions and in the literature the symbol used for this asymmetry was δ_L or δ . We use A_L for consistency with B^0 asymmetry notation and with recent K_S^0 notation.

| VALUE (%) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|------|-------------|------|---|
| 0.332 ± 0.006 OUR AVERAGE | | | | Includes data from the 2 datablocks that follow this one. |
| 0.333 ± 0.050 | 33M | WILLIAMS 73 | ASPK | $K_{\mu 3} + K_{e3}$ |

 $A_L(\mu) = [\Gamma(\pi^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu) - \Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu)]/\text{SUM}$

Only the combined value below is put into the Meson Summary Table.

| VALUE (%) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|---|------|-------------|------|
| The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock. | | | |

 0.304 ± 0.025 OUR AVERAGE

| | | | |
|--|------|-----------------|------|
| 0.313 ± 0.029 | 15M | GEWENIGER 74 | ASPK |
| 0.278 ± 0.051 | 7.7M | PICCIONI 72 | ASPK |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| 0.60 ± 0.14 | 4.1M | MCCARTHY 73 | CNTR |
| 0.57 ± 0.17 | 1M | 125 PACIOTTI 69 | OSPK |

125 PACIOTTI 69 is a reanalysis of DORFAN 67 and is corrected for $\mu^+ \mu^-$ range difference in MCCARTHY 72.

 $A_L(e) = [\Gamma(\pi^- e^+ \nu_e) - \Gamma(\pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu}_e)]/\text{SUM}$

Only the combined value below is put into the Meson Summary Table.

| VALUE (%) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|---|------|-------------|------|
| The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock. | | | |

 0.334 ± 0.007 OUR AVERAGE

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|----------------|------|
| $0.3322 \pm 0.0058 \pm 0.0047$ | 298M | ALAVI-HARATI02 | |
| 0.341 ± 0.018 | 34M | GEWENIGER 74 | ASPK |
| 0.318 ± 0.038 | 40M | FITCH 73 | ASPK |
| 0.346 ± 0.033 | 10M | MARX 70 | CNTR |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|---------------|------|-------------|----|------|
| 0.36 ± 0.18 | 600k | ASHFORD | 72 | ASPK |
| 0.246 ± 0.059 | 10M | 126 SAAL | 69 | CNTR |
| 0.224 ± 0.036 | 10M | 126 BENNETT | 67 | CNTR |

126 SAAL 69 is a reanalysis of BENNETT 67.

———— PARAMETERS FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow 2\pi$ DECAY ——

$$\eta_{+-} = A(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) / A(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$$

$$\eta_{00} = A(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0) / A(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0)$$

The fitted values of $|\eta_{+-}|$ and $|\eta_{00}|$ given below are the results of a fit to $|\eta_{+-}|$, $|\eta_{00}|$, $|\eta_{00}/\eta_{+-}|$, and $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$. Independent information on $|\eta_{+-}|$ and $|\eta_{00}|$ can be obtained from the fitted values of the $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi$ and $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi$ branching ratios and the K_L^0 and K_S^0 lifetimes. This information is included as data in the $|\eta_{+-}|$ and $|\eta_{00}|$ sections with a Document ID "BRFIT." See the note "*CP* violation in K_L decays" above for details.

$$|\eta_{00}| = |A(K_L^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0) / A(K_S^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0)|$$

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|---------|
| 2.221±0.011 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.8. | | |
| 2.243±0.014 | BRFIT | 10 | |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|-----|------------------------------|
| 2.47 ± 0.31 ± 0.24 | ANGELOPO... | 98 | CPLR |
| 2.49 ± 0.40 | 127 ADLER | 96B | CPLR Sup. by ANGELOPOULOS 98 |
| 2.33 ± 0.18 | CHRISTENS... | 79 | ASPK |
| 2.71 ± 0.37 | 128 WOLFF | 71 | OSPK Cu reg., 4γ's |
| 2.95 ± 0.63 | 128 CHOLLET | 70 | OSPK Cu reg., 4γ's |

127 Error is statistical only.

128 CHOLLET 70 gives $|\eta_{00}| = (1.23 \pm 0.24) \times (\text{regeneration amplitude, 2 GeV/c Cu})/10000\text{mb}$. WOLFF 71 gives $|\eta_{00}| = (1.13 \pm 0.12) \times (\text{regeneration amplitude, 2 GeV/c Cu})/10000\text{mb}$. We compute both $|\eta_{00}|$ values for (regeneration amplitude, 2 GeV/c Cu) = 24 ± 2mb. This regeneration amplitude results from averaging over FAISSNER 69, extrapolated using optical-model calculations of Bohm et al., Physics Letters **27B** 594 (1968) and the data of BALATS 71. (From H. Faissner, private communication).

$$|\eta_{+-}| = |A(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) / A(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)|$$

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|------|---------|
| 2.232±0.011 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.8. | | | |
| 2.226±0.007 | BRFIT | 10 | | |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----|----------------------------------|
| 2.223±0.012 | 129 LAI | 07 | NA48 |
| 2.219±0.013 | 130 AMBROSINO | 06F | KLOE |
| 2.228±0.010 | 131 ALEXOPOU... | 04 | KTEV |
| 2.286±0.023±0.026 | 70M 132 APOSTOLA... | 99C | CPLR $K^0 - \bar{K}^0$ asymmetry |
| 2.310±0.043±0.031 | 133 ADLER | 95B | CPLR $K^0 - \bar{K}^0$ asymmetry |
| 2.32 ± 0.14 ± 0.03 | 10 ⁵ ADLER | 92B | CPLR $K^0 - \bar{K}^0$ asymmetry |
| 2.30 ± 0.035 | GEWENIGER | 74B | ASPK |

- 129 Value obtained from the NA48 measurements of $\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi e \nu_e)$ and $\tau_{K_S^0}$ and KLOE measurements of $B(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$ and $\tau_{K_L^0}$. $\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$ is defined to include the inner bremsstrahlung component $\Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma(\text{IB}))$ but exclude the direct emission component $B(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \text{ (DE)})$. Their $|\eta_{+-}|$ value is not directly used in our fit, but enters the fit via their branching ratio and lifetime measurements.
- 130 AMBROSINO 06F uses KLOE branching ratios and τ_L together with τ_S from PDG 04. Their $|\eta_{+-}|$ value is not directly used in our fit, but enters the fit via their branching ratio and lifetime measurements.
- 131 ALEXOPOULOS 04 $|\eta_{+-}|$ uses their $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi$ branching fractions, $\tau_S = (0.8963 \pm 0.0005) \times 10^{-10} \text{ s}$ from the average of KTeV and NA48 τ_S measurements, and assumes that $\Gamma(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu_\ell) = \Gamma(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu_\ell)$ giving $B(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu_\ell) = 0.118\%$. Their η_{+-} is not directly used in our fit, but enters our fit via their branching ratio measurements.
- 132 APOSTOLAKIS 99C report $(2.264 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.026 + 9.1[\tau_s - 0.8934]) \times 10^{-3}$. We evaluate for our 2006 best value $\tau_s = (0.8958 \pm 0.0005) \times 10^{-10} \text{ s}$.
- 133 ADLER 95B report $(2.312 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.030 - 1[\Delta m - 0.5274] + 9.1[\tau_s - 0.8926]) \times 10^{-3}$. We evaluate for our 1996 best values $\Delta m = (0.5304 \pm 0.0014) \times 10^{-10} \text{ fs}^{-1}$ and $\tau_s = (0.8927 \pm 0.0009) \times 10^{-10} \text{ s}$. Superseded by APOSTOLAKIS 99C.

$|\epsilon| = (2|\eta_{+-}| + |\eta_{00}|)/3$

This expression is a very good approximation, good to about one part in 10^{-4} because of the small measured value of $\phi_{00} - \phi_{+-}$ and small theoretical ambiguities.

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | DOCUMENT ID |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2.228±0.011 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.8. |

$|\eta_{00}/\eta_{+-}|$

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|-------|------|-------------|------|
|-------|------|-------------|------|

0.9951±0.0008 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.6.

0.9930±0.0020 OUR AVERAGE

| | | | | |
|---|---------|-------|-----------|------|
| 0.9931±0.0020 | 134,135 | BARR | 93D | NA31 |
| 0.9904±0.0084±0.0036 | 136 | WOODS | 88 | E731 |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 0.9939±0.0013±0.0015 | 1M | 134 | BARR | 93D |
| 0.9899±0.0020±0.0025 | | 134 | BURKHARDT | 88 |

134 This is the square root of the ratio R given by BURKHARDT 88 and BARR 93D.

135 This is the combined results from BARR 93D and BURKHARDT 88, taking into account a common systematic uncertainty of 0.0014.

136 We calculate $|\eta_{00}/\eta_{+-}| = 1 - 3(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$ from WOODS 88 (ϵ'/ϵ) value.

$\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon) = (1 - |\eta_{00}/\eta_{+-}|)/3$

We have neglected terms of order $\omega \cdot \text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$, where $\omega = \text{Re}(A_2)/\text{Re}(A_0) \simeq 1/22$. If included, this correction would lower $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$ by about 0.04×10^{-3} . See SOZZI 04.

| VALUE (units 10^{-3}) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------|-------------|------|---------|
|--------------------------|-------------|------|---------|

1.65±0.26 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.6.

1.67±0.23 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.

| | | | |
|----------------|---------|----------------|------|
| 2.07±0.28 | | ALAVI-HARATI03 | KTEV |
| 1.47±0.22 | | BATLEY | 02 |
| 2.3 ± 0.65 | 137,138 | BARR | 93D |
| 0.74±0.52±0.29 | | GIBBONS | 93B |

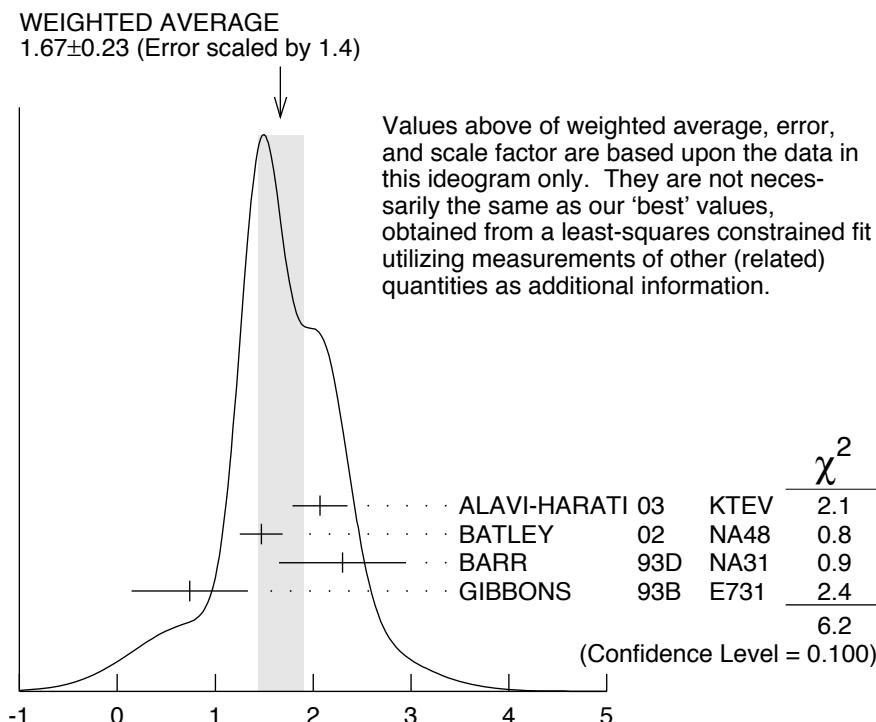
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1.53 ± 0.26 | LAI | 01C | NA48 | Incl. in BATLEY 02 |
| $2.80 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.28$ | ALAVI-HARATI 99D | KTEV | In ALAVI-HARATI 03 | |
| $1.85 \pm 0.45 \pm 0.58$ | FANTI | 99C | NA48 | In LAI 01C |
| 2.0 ± 0.7 | ¹³⁹ BARR | 93D | NA31 | |
| $-0.4 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.6$ | PATTERSON | 90 | E731 | in GIBBONS 93B |
| 3.3 ± 1.1 | ¹³⁹ BURKHARDT | 88 | NA31 | |
| $3.2 \pm 2.8 \pm 1.2$ | ¹³⁷ WOODS | 88 | E731 | |

¹³⁷ These values are derived from $|\eta_{00}/\eta_{+-}|$ measurements. They enter the average in this section but enter the fit via the $|\eta_{00}/\eta_{+-}|$ only.

¹³⁸ This is the combined results from BARR 93D and BURKHARDT 88, taking into account their common systematic uncertainty.

¹³⁹ These values are derived from $|\eta_{00}/\eta_{+-}|$ measurements.



$$\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon) = (1 - |\eta_{00}/\eta_{+-}|)/3$$

ϕ_{+-} , PHASE of η_{+-}

The dependence of the phase on Δm and τ_S is given for each experiment in the comments below, where Δm is the $K_L^0 - K_S^0$ mass difference in units 10^{10} fs^{-1} and τ_S is the K_S mean life in units 10^{-10} s . We also give the regeneration phase ϕ_f in the comments below.

OUR FIT is described in the note on "CP violation in K_L decays" in the K_L^0 Particle Listings. Most experiments in this section are included in both the "Not Assuming CPT" and "Assuming CPT" fits. In the latter fit, they have little direct influence on ϕ_{+-} because their errors are large compared to that assuming CPT, but they influence Δm and τ_S through their dependencies on these parameters, which are given in the

footnotes. Only ALAVI-HARATI 03 is excluded from the “Assuming *CPT*” fit because we explicitly include their Δm and τ_s measurements which assume *CPT*.

| VALUE ($^{\circ}$) | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--|---------|-----------------|----------|---|
| 43.51 \pm 0.05 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. Assuming <i>CPT</i> |
| 43.4 \pm 0.7 OUR FIT | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.3. Not assuming <i>CPT</i> |
| 44.12 \pm 0.72 \pm 1.20 | 140 | ALAVI-HARATI03 | KTEV | Not assuming <i>CPT</i> |
| 42.9 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3 | 70M | 141 APOSTOLA... | 99C CPLR | K^0 - \bar{K}^0 asymmetry |
| 43.0 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.2 | 142,143 | SCHWINGEN... | 95 E773 | CH _{1.1} regenerator |
| 41.4 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.3 | 143,144 | GIBBONS | 93 E731 | B ₄ C regenerator |
| 44.4 \pm 1.6 \pm 0.6 | 145 | CAROSI | 90 NA31 | Vacuum regen. |
| 43.3 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.5 | 146 | GEWENIGER | 74B ASPK | Vacuum regen. |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|-------------------------------|
| 42.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3 | 147,148 | ADLER | 96C RVUE | |
| 43.4 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.3 | 149 | ADLER | 95B CPLR | K^0 - \bar{K}^0 asymmetry |
| 42.3 \pm 4.4 \pm 1.4 | 10 ⁵ | 150 ADLER | 92B CPLR | K^0 - \bar{K}^0 asymmetry |
| 47.7 \pm 2.0 \pm 0.9 | 143,151 | KARLSSON | 90 E731 | |
| 44.2 \pm 2.8 \pm 0.2 | 152 | CARITHERS | 75 SPEC | C regenerator |

140 ALAVI-HARATI 03 ϕ_{+-} is correlated with their $\Delta m = m_{K_L^0} - m_{K_S^0}$ and τ_{K_S} measurements in the K_L^0 and K_S^0 sections respectively. The correlation coefficients are $\rho(\phi_{+-}, \Delta m) = +0.955$, $\rho(\phi_{+-}, \tau_S) = -0.871$, and $\rho(\tau_S, \Delta m) = -0.840$. *CPT* is not assumed. Uses scintillator Pb regenerator.

141 APOSTOLAKIS 99C measures $\phi_{+-} = (43.19 \pm 0.53 \pm 0.28) + 300 [\Delta m - 0.5301] (\circ)$. We have adjusted the measurement to use our best values of ($\Delta m = 0.5292 \pm 0.0009$) ($10^{10} \text{ } \hbar \text{ s}^{-1}$). Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values.

142 SCHWINGENHEUER 95 measures $\phi_{+-} = (43.53 \pm 0.76) + 173 [\Delta m - 0.5282] - 275 [\tau_S - 0.8926] (\circ)$. We have adjusted the measurement to use our best values of ($\Delta m = 0.5292 \pm 0.0009$) ($10^{10} \text{ } \hbar \text{ s}^{-1}$), ($\tau_S = 0.8953 \pm 0.0005$) (10^{-10} s). Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values.

143 These experiments measure $\phi_{+-} - \phi_f$ and calculate the regeneration phase from the power law momentum dependence of the regeneration amplitude using analyticity and dispersion relations. SCHWINGENHEUER 95 [GIBBONS 93] includes a systematic error of 0.35° [0.5°] for uncertainties in their modeling of the regeneration amplitude.

144 GIBBONS 93 measures $\phi_{+-} = (42.21 \pm 0.9) + 189 [\Delta m - 0.5257] - 460 [\tau_S - 0.8922] (\circ)$. We have adjusted the measurement to use our best values of ($\Delta m = 0.5292 \pm 0.0009$) ($10^{10} \text{ } \hbar \text{ s}^{-1}$), ($\tau_S = 0.8953 \pm 0.0005$) (10^{-10} s). Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values. This is actually reported in SCHWINGENHEUER 95, footnote 8. GIBBONS 93 reports $\phi_{+-} (42.2 \pm 1.4)^\circ$. They measure $\phi_{+-} - \phi_f$ and calculate the regeneration phase ϕ_f from the power law momentum dependence of the regeneration amplitude using analyticity. An error of 0.6° is included for possible uncertainties in the regeneration phase.

145 CAROSI 90 measures $\phi_{+-} = (46.9 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.7) + 579 [\Delta m - 0.5351] + 303 [\tau_S - 0.8922] (\circ)$. We have adjusted the measurement to use our best values of ($\Delta m = 0.5292 \pm 0.0009$) ($10^{10} \text{ } \hbar \text{ s}^{-1}$), ($\tau_S = 0.8953 \pm 0.0005$) (10^{-10} s). Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values.

146 GEWENIGER 74B measures $\phi_{+-} = (49.4 \pm 1.0) + 565 [\Delta m - 0.540] (\circ)$. We have adjusted the measurement to use our best values of ($\Delta m = 0.5292 \pm 0.0009$) ($10^{10} \text{ } \hbar$

- s^{-1}). Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values.
- 147 ADLER 96C measures $\phi_{+-} = (43.82 \pm 0.41) + 339 [\Delta m - 0.5307] - 252 [\tau_s - 0.8922] (\circ)$. We have adjusted the measurement to use our best values of ($\Delta m = 0.5292 \pm 0.0009$) ($10^{10} \text{ \AA s}^{-1}$), ($\tau_s = 0.8953 \pm 0.0005$) (10^{-10} s). Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values.
- 148 ADLER 96C is the result of a fit which includes nearly the same data as entered into the "OUR FIT" value in the 1996 edition of this Review (Physical Review **D54** 1 (1996)).
- 149 ADLER 95B measures $\phi_{+-} = (42.7 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.6) + 316 [\Delta m - 0.5274] + 30 [\tau_s - 0.8926] (\circ)$. We have adjusted the measurement to use our best values of ($\Delta m = 0.5292 \pm 0.0009$) ($10^{10} \text{ \AA s}^{-1}$), ($\tau_s = 0.8953 \pm 0.0005$) (10^{-10} s). Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values.
- 150 ADLER 92B quote separately two systematic errors: ± 0.4 from their experiment and ± 1.0 degrees due to the uncertainty in the value of Δm .
- 151 KARLSSON 90 systematic error does not include regeneration phase uncertainty.
- 152 CARITHERS 75 measures $\phi_{+-} = (45.5 \pm 2.8) + 224 [\Delta m - 0.5348] (\circ)$. We have adjusted the measurement to use our best values of ($\Delta m = 0.5292 \pm 0.0009$) ($10^{10} \text{ \AA s}^{-1}$). Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values. $\phi_f = -40.9 \pm 2.6^\circ$.

ϕ_{00} , PHASE OF η_{00}

See comment in ϕ_{+-} header above for treatment of Δm and τ_s dependence, as well as for the inclusion of data in both the "Assuming CPT" and "Not Assuming CPT" fits.

OUR FIT is described in the note on "CP violation in K_L decays" in the K_L^0 Particle Listings.

| VALUE (\circ) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|--|----------|-------------------------|
| 43.52 \pm 0.05 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. Assuming CPT | | |
| 43.7 \pm 0.8 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.2. Not assuming CPT | | |
| 44.5 \pm 2.3 \pm 0.6 | 153 CAROSI | 90 NA31 | |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| 41.6 \pm 5.9 \pm 0.2 | 154 ANGELOPO... | 98 CPLR | |
| 50.8 \pm 7.1 \pm 1.7 | 155 ADLER | 96B CPLR | Sup. by ANGELOPOULOS 98 |
| 47.4 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.9 | 156 KARLSSON | 90 E731 | |

153 CAROSI 90 measures $\phi_{00} = (47.1 \pm 2.1 \pm 1.0) + 579 [\Delta m - 0.5351] + 252 [\tau_s - 0.8922] (\circ)$. We have adjusted the measurement to use our best values of ($\Delta m = 0.5292 \pm 0.0009$) ($10^{10} \text{ \AA s}^{-1}$), ($\tau_s = 0.8953 \pm 0.0005$) (10^{-10} s). Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values.

154 ANGELOPOULOS 98 measures $\phi_{00} = (42.0 \pm 5.6 \pm 1.9) + 240 [\Delta m - 0.5307] (\circ)$. We have adjusted the measurement to use our best values of ($\Delta m = 0.5292 \pm 0.0009$) ($10^{10} \text{ \AA s}^{-1}$). Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values. The τ_s dependence is negligible.

155 ADLER 96B identified initial neutral kaon individually as being a K^0 or a \bar{K}^0 . The systematic uncertainty is $\pm 1.5^\circ$ combined in quadrature with $\pm 0.8^\circ$ due to Δm .

156 KARLSSON 90 systematic error does not include regeneration phase uncertainty.

$\phi_\epsilon = (2\phi_{+-} + \phi_{00})/3$

This expression is a very good approximation, good to about 10^{-3} degrees because of the small measured values of $\phi_{00} - \phi_{+-}$ and $\text{Re } \epsilon' / \epsilon$, and small theoretical ambiguities.

| VALUE (°) | DOCUMENT ID | COMMENT |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---|
| 43.51 ± 0.05 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.1. Assuming <i>CPT</i> |
| 43.5 ± 0.7 OUR FIT | | Error includes scale factor of 1.3. Not assuming <i>CPT</i> |
| 43.5136 ± 0.0002 ± 0.0533 | 157 SUPERWEAK 10 | Assuming <i>CPT</i> |

157 SUPERWEAK 10 is a fake measurement used to impose the *CPT* or Superweak constraint $\phi_{+-} = \phi_{SW} = \tan^{-1}[2 \frac{\Delta m}{\hbar} (\frac{\tau_S \tau_L}{\tau_L - \tau_S})]$. This “measurement” is linearized using values near the RPP 2004 edition values of Δm , τ_S and τ_L , and then adjusted to our current values as described in the following “measurement”. SUPERWEAK 10 measures $\phi_\epsilon = (43.51647 \pm 0.00020) + 54.1 [\Delta m - 0.5290] + 32.0 [\tau_s - 0.8958]$ (°). We have adjusted the measurement to use our best values of ($\Delta m = 0.5292 \pm 0.0009$) ($10^{10} \hbar s^{-1}$), ($\tau_s = 0.8953 \pm 0.0005$) (10^{-10} s). Our first error is their experiment’s error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best values.

— DECAY-PLANE ASYMMETRY IN $\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$ DECAYS —

This is the *CP*-violating asymmetry

$$A = \frac{N_{\sin\phi\cos\phi>0.0} - N_{\sin\phi\cos\phi<0.0}}{N_{\sin\phi\cos\phi>0.0} + N_{\sin\phi\cos\phi<0.0}}$$

where ϕ is the angle between the $e^+ e^-$ and $\pi^+ \pi^-$ planes in the K_L^0 rest frame.

CP ASYMMETRY A in $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$

| VALUE (%) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|------|
| 13.7 ± 1.5 OUR AVERAGE | | |
| 13.6 ± 1.4 ± 1.5 | ABOUZAID 06 | KTEV |
| 14.2 ± 3.0 ± 1.9 | LAI 03C | NA48 |
| 13.6 ± 2.5 ± 1.2 | ALAVI-HARATI00B | KTEV |

— PARAMETERS FOR $e^+ e^- e^+ e^-$ DECAYS —

These are the *CP*-violating parameters in the ϕ distribution, where ϕ is the angle between the planes of the two $e^+ e^-$ pairs in the kaon rest frame:

$$d\Gamma/d\phi \propto 1 + \beta_{CP} \cos(2\phi) + \gamma_{CP} \sin(2\phi)$$

β_{CP} from $K_L^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^-$

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---------------------------------|------|-----------------|------|------------------------------|
| -0.19 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| -0.13 ± 0.10 ± 0.03 | 200 | 158 LAI 05B | NA48 | |
| -0.23 ± 0.09 ± 0.02 | 441 | ALAVI-HARATI01D | KTEV | $M_{ee} > 8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ |

158 LAI 05B obtains $\beta_{CP} = -0.13 \pm 0.10$ (stat) if $\gamma_{CP} = 0$ is assumed.

γ_{CP} from $K_L^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+ e^-$

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------------|------|-----------------|------|-------------------------------------|
| 0.01 ± 0.11 OUR AVERAGE | | | | Error includes scale factor of 1.6. |
| +0.13 ± 0.10 ± 0.03 | 200 | LAI 05B | NA48 | |
| -0.09 ± 0.09 ± 0.02 | 441 | ALAVI-HARATI01D | KTEV | $M_{ee} > 8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ |

CHARGE ASYMMETRY IN $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ DECAYS

These are CP -violating charge-asymmetry parameters, defined at beginning of section "LINEAR COEFFICIENT g FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ above.

See also note on Dalitz plot parameters in K^\pm section and note on " CP violation in K_L decays" above.

LINEAR COEFFICIENT j FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 0.0012±0.0008 OUR AVERAGE | | | |
| 0.0010±0.0024±0.0030 | 500k | ANGELOPO... | 98C CPLR |
| -0.001 ± 0.011 | 6499 | CHO | 77 |
| 0.001 ± 0.003 | 4709 | PEACH | 77 |
| 0.0013±0.0009 | 3M | SCRIBANO | 70 |
| 0.0 ± 0.017 | 4400 | SMITH | 70 OSPK |
| 0.001 ± 0.004 | 238k | BLANPIED | 68 |

QUADRATIC COEFFICIENT f FOR $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 0.0045±0.0024±0.0059 | 500k | ANGELOPO... | 98C CPLR |

PARAMETERS for $K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ DECAY

$$|\eta_{+-\gamma}| = |A(K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma, CP \text{ violating})/A(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma)|$$

| <u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|---|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 2.35 ±0.07 OUR AVERAGE | | | |
| 2.359±0.062±0.040 | 9045 | MATTHEWS | 95 E773 |
| 2.15 ± 0.26 ± 0.20 | 3671 | RAMBERG | 93B E731 |

$$\phi_{+-\gamma} = \text{phase of } \eta_{+-\gamma}$$

| <u>VALUE (°)</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 44 ± 4 OUR AVERAGE | | | |
| 43.8± 3.5± 1.9 | 9045 | MATTHEWS | 95 E773 |
| 72 ± 23 ± 17 | 3671 | RAMBERG | 93B E731 |

$$|\epsilon'_{+-\gamma}|/\epsilon \text{ for } K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$$

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> |
|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| <0.3 | 90 | 3671 | 159 RAMBERG | 93B E731 |

159 RAMBERG 93B limit on $|\epsilon'_{+-\gamma}|/\epsilon$ assumes than any difference between η_{+-} and $\eta_{+-\gamma}$ is due to direct CP violation.

$$|g_{E1}| \text{ for } K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$$

This parameter is the amplitude of the direct emission of a CP violating E1 electric dipole photon.

| <u>VALUE</u> | <u>CL%</u> | <u>EVTS</u> | <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> | <u>TECN</u> | <u>COMMENT</u> |
|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| <0.21 | 90 | 111k | ABOUZAID | 06A KTEV | $E_\gamma^* > 20$ MeV |

T VIOLATION TESTS IN K_L^0 DECAYS

$\text{Im}(\xi)$ in $K_{\mu 3}^0$ DECAY (from transverse μ pol.)

Test of T reversal invariance.

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--|------|---------------|------|------------------------|
| -0.007±0.026 OUR AVERAGE | | | | |
| 0.009±0.030 | 12M | MORSE | 80 | CNTR Polarization |
| 0.35 ± 0.30 | 207k | 160 CLARK | 77 | SPEC POL, $t=0$ |
| -0.085±0.064 | 2.2M | 161 SANDWEISS | 73 | CNTR POL, $t=0$ |
| -0.02 ± 0.08 | | LONGO | 69 | CNTR POL, $t=3.3$ |
| -0.2 ± 0.6 | | ABRAMS | 68B | OSPK Polarization |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | |
| 0.012±0.026 | | SCHMIDT | 79 | CNTR Repl. by MORSE 80 |
| 160 CLARK 77 value has additional $\xi(0)$ dependence +0.21Re[$\xi(0)$]. | | | | |
| 161 SANDWEISS 73 value corrected from value quoted in their paper due to new value of Re(ξ). See footnote 4 of SCHMIDT 79. | | | | |

CPT-INVARIANCE TESTS IN K_L^0 DECAYS

PHASE DIFFERENCE $\phi_{00} - \phi_{+-}$

Test of CPT .

OUR FIT is described in the note on “ CP violation in K_L decays” in the K_L^0 Particle Listings.

| VALUE (°) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|---|--|------|---------------------|
| 0.006±0.014 OUR FIT | Error includes scale factor of 1.8. Assuming CPT | | |
| 0.2 ± 0.4 OUR FIT | Not assuming CPT | | |
| 0.006±0.008 | 162 SUPERWEAK 10 | | Assuming CPT |
| 0.39 ± 0.22 ± 0.45 | 163 ALAVI-HARATI03 | KTEV | |
| -0.30 ± 0.88 | 164 SCHWINGEN...95 | | Combined E731, E773 |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | |
| 0.62 ± 0.71 ± 0.75 | SCHWINGEN...95 | E773 | |
| -1.6 ± 1.2 | 165 GIBBONS | 93 | E731 |
| 0.2 ± 2.6 ± 1.2 | 166 CAROSI | 90 | NA31 |
| -0.3 ± 2.4 ± 1.2 | KARLSSON | 90 | E731 |

162 SUPERWEAK 10 is a fake experiment to constrain $\phi_{00} - \phi_{+-}$ to a small value as described in the note “ CP violation in K_L decays.”

163 ALAVI-HARATI 03 fit $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$, $\text{Im}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$, Δm , τ_S , and ϕ_{+-} simultaneously, not assuming CPT . Phase difference is obtained from $\phi_{00} - \phi_{+-} \approx -3\text{Im}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$ for small $|\epsilon'/\epsilon|$.

164 This SCHWINGENHEUER 95 values is the combined result of SCHWINGENHEUER 95 and GIBBONS 93, accounting for correlated systematic errors.

165 GIBBONS 93 give detailed dependence of systematic error on lifetime (see the section on the K_S^0 mean life) and mass difference (see the section on $m_{K_L^0} - m_{K_S^0}$).

166 CAROSI 90 is excluded from the fit because it is not independent of ϕ_{+-} and ϕ_{00} values.

PHASE DIFFERENCE $\phi_{+-} - \phi_{SW}$

Test of *CPT*. The Superweak phase $\phi_{SW} \equiv \tan^{-1}(2\Delta m/\Delta\Gamma)$ where $\Delta m = m_{K_L^0} - m_{K_S^0}$ and $\Delta\Gamma = \hbar(\tau_L - \tau_S)/(\tau_L\tau_S)$.

| VALUE (°) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------|
| 0.61±0.62±1.01 | 167 ALAVI-HARATI03 | KTEV |

167 ALAVI-HARATI 03 fit is the same as their ϕ_{+-} , τ_{K_S} , Δm fit, except that the parameter $\phi_{+-} - \phi_{SW}$ is used in place of ϕ .

$$\text{Re}\left(\frac{2}{3}\eta_{+-} + \frac{1}{3}\eta_{00}\right) - \frac{A_L}{2}$$

Test of *CPT*

| VALUE (units 10^{-6}) | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--------------------------|--------------------|------|---------------------------------|
| -3±35 | 168 ALAVI-HARATI02 | E799 | Uses A_L from K_{e3} decays |

168 ALAVI-HARATI 02 uses PDG 00 values of η_{+-} and η_{00} .

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$$x = A(\bar{K}^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \ell^+ \nu) / A(K^0 \rightarrow \pi^- \ell^+ \nu) = A(\Delta S = -\Delta Q) / A(\Delta S = \Delta Q)$$

REAL PART OF x

| VALUE | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|------------------------------|------|-------------|----------|---------------------|
| -0.0018±0.0041±0.0045 | | ANGELOPO... | 98D CPLR | K_{e3} from K^0 |

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

| | | | | | | |
|--------|----------------|-------------|-------------|------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0.10 | +0.18 -0.19 | 79 | SMITH | 75B | WIRE | $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^0 \Lambda$ |
| 0.04 | ±0.03 | 4724 | NIEBERGALL | 74 | ASPK | $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 p \pi^+$ |
| -0.008 | ±0.044 | 1757 | FACKLER | 73 | OSPK | K_{e3} from K^0 |
| -0.03 | ±0.07 | 1367 | HART | 73 | OSPK | K_{e3} from $K^0 \Lambda$ |
| -0.070 | ±0.036 | 1079 | MALLARY | 73 | OSPK | K_{e3} from $K^0 \Lambda X$ |
| 0.03 | ±0.06 | 410 | 169 BURGUN | 72 | HBC | $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 p \pi^+$ |
| 0.04 | +0.10 -0.13 | 100 | 170 GRAHAM | 72 | OSPK | $K_{\mu 3}$ from $K^0 \Lambda$ |
| -0.05 | ±0.09 | 442 | 170 GRAHAM | 72 | OSPK | $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^0 \Lambda$ |
| 0.26 | +0.10 -0.14 | 126 | MANN | 72 | HBC | $K^- p \rightarrow n \bar{K}^0$ |
| -0.13 | ±0.11 | 342 | 170 MANTSCH | 72 | OSPK | K_{e3} from $K^0 \Lambda$ |
| 0.04 | +0.07 -0.08 | 222 | 169 BURGUN | 71 | HBC | $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 p \pi^+$ |
| 0.25 | +0.07 -0.09 | 252 | WEBBER | 71 | HBC | $K^- p \rightarrow n \bar{K}^0$ |
| 0.12 | ±0.09 | 215 | 171 CHO | 70 | DBC | $K^+ d \rightarrow K^0 p p$ |
| -0.020 | ±0.025 | 172 BENNETT | 69 | CNTR | Charge asym+ Cu regen. | |
| 0.09 | +0.14 -0.16 | 686 | LITTENBERG | 69 | OSPK | $K^+ n \rightarrow K^0 p$ |
| 0.03 | ±0.03 | 172 BENNETT | 68 | CNTR | | |
| 0.09 | +0.07 -0.09 | 121 | JAMES | 68 | HBC | $\bar{p} p$ |
| 0.17 | +0.16 -0.35 | 116 | FELDMAN | 67B | OSPK | $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^0 \Lambda$ |

| | | | | | | |
|-------|--------------------|-----|---------------|----|------|----------------------------|
| 0.17 | ± 0.10 | 335 | 171 HILL | 67 | DBC | $K^+ d \rightarrow K^0 pp$ |
| 0.035 | $+0.11$ -0.13 | 196 | AUBERT | 65 | HLBC | K^+ charge exch. |
| 0.06 | $+0.18$ -0.44 | 152 | 173 BALDO-... | 65 | HLBC | K^+ charge exch. |
| -0.08 | $+0.16$ -0.28 | 109 | 174 FRANZINI | 65 | HBC | $\bar{p}p$ |

169 BURGUN 72 is a final result which includes BURGUN 71.

170 First GRAHAM 72 value is second GRAHAM 72 value combined with MANTSCH 72.

171 CHO 70 is analysis of unambiguous events in new data and HILL 67.

172 BENNETT 69 is a reanalysis of BENNETT 68.

173 BALDO-CEOLIN 65 gives x and θ converted by us to $\text{Re}(x)$ and $\text{Im}(x)$.

174 FRANZINI 65 gives x and θ for $\text{Re}(x)$ and $\text{Im}(x)$. See SCHMIDT 67.

IMAGINARY PART OF x

Assumes $m_{K_L^0} - m_{K_S^0}$ positive. See Listings above.

| VALUE | | EVTS | DOCUMENT ID | TECN | COMMENT |
|--|----------------------|------|-----------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| 0.0012 ± 0.0019 ± 0.0009 | | 640k | ANGELOPO... | 01B CPLR | K_{e3} from K^0 |
| • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • | | | | | |
| 0.0012 ± 0.0019 | | 640k | 175 ANGELOPO... | 98E CPLR | K_{e3} from K^0 |
| -0.10 | $+0.16$ -0.19 | 79 | SMITH | 75B WIRE | $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^0 \Lambda$ |
| -0.06 | ± 0.05 | 4724 | NIEBERGALL | 74 ASPK | $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 p \pi^+$ |
| -0.017 | ± 0.060 | 1757 | FACKLER | 73 OSPK | K_{e3} from K^0 |
| 0.09 | ± 0.07 | 1367 | HART | 73 OSPK | K_{e3} from $K^0 \Lambda$ |
| 0.107 | $+0.092$ -0.074 | 1079 | MALLARY | 73 OSPK | K_{e3} from $K^0 \Lambda X$ |
| 0.07 | $+0.06$ -0.07 | 410 | 176 BURGUN | 72 HBC | $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 p \pi^+$ |
| 0.12 | $+0.17$ -0.16 | 100 | 177 GRAHAM | 72 OSPK | $K_{\mu 3}$ from $K^0 \Lambda$ |
| 0.05 | ± 0.13 | 442 | 177 GRAHAM | 72 OSPK | $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^0 \Lambda$ |
| 0.21 | $+0.15$ -0.12 | 126 | MANN | 72 HBC | $K^- p \rightarrow n \bar{K}^0$ |
| -0.04 | ± 0.16 | 342 | 177 MANTSCH | 72 OSPK | K_{e3} from $K^0 \Lambda$ |
| 0.12 | $+0.08$ -0.09 | 222 | 176 BURGUN | 71 HBC | $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 p \pi^+$ |
| 0.0 | ± 0.08 | 252 | WEBBER | 71 HBC | $K^- p \rightarrow n \bar{K}^0$ |
| -0.08 | ± 0.07 | 215 | 178 CHO | 70 DBC | $K^+ d \rightarrow K^0 pp$ |
| -0.11 | $+0.10$ -0.11 | 686 | LITTENBERG | 69 OSPK | $K^+ n \rightarrow K^0 p$ |
| +0.22 | $+0.37$ -0.29 | 121 | JAMES | 68 HBC | $\bar{p}p$ |
| 0.0 | ± 0.25 | 116 | FELDMAN | 67B OSPK | $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^0 \Lambda$ |
| -0.20 | ± 0.10 | 335 | 178 HILL | 67 DBC | $K^+ d \rightarrow K^0 pp$ |
| -0.21 | $+0.11$ -0.15 | 196 | AUBERT | 65 HLBC | K^+ charge exch. |
| -0.44 | $+0.32$ -0.19 | 152 | 179 BALDO-... | 65 HLBC | K^+ charge exch. |
| +0.24 | $+0.40$ -0.30 | 109 | 180 FRANZINI | 65 HBC | $\bar{p}p$ |

175 Superseded by ANGELOPOULOS 01B.

176 BURGUN 72 is a final result which includes BURGUN 71.

177 First GRAHAM 72 value is second GRAHAM 72 value combined with MANTSCH 72.

178 Footnote 10 of HILL 67 should read +0.58, not -0.58 (private communication) CHO 70 is analysis of unambiguous events in new data and HILL 67.

179 BALDO-CEOLIN 65 gives x and θ converted by us to $\text{Re}(x)$ and $\text{Im}(x)$.

180 FRANZINI 65 gives x and θ for $\text{Re}(x)$ and $\text{Im}(x)$. See SCHMIDT 67.

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| BATLEY | 06B | PL B633 173 | J.R. Batley <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48/2 Collab.) |
| HILL | 06 | PR D74 096006 | R.J. Hill | (FNAL) |
| PDG | 06 | JPG 33 1 | W.-M. Yao <i>et al.</i> | (PDG Collab.) |
| ALEXOPOU... | 05 | PR D71 012001 | T. Alexopoulos <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| AMBROSINO | 05C | PL B626 15 | F. Ambrosino <i>et al.</i> | (KLOE Collab.) |
| CABIBBO | 05 | JHEP 0503 021 | N. Cabibbo, G. Isidori | (CERN, ROMAI, FRAS) |
| LAI | 05 | PL B605 247 | A. Lai <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| LAI | 05B | PL B615 31 | A. Lai <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 04A | PRL 93 021805 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV/E799 Collab.) |
| ALEXOPOU... | 04 | PR D70 092006 | T. Alexopoulos <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALEXOPOU... | 04A | PR D70 092007 | T. Alexopoulos <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| BATLEY | 04 | PL B595 75 | J.R. Batley <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| CIRIGLIANO | 04 | EPJ C35 53 | V. Cirigliano, H. Neufeld, H. Pichl | (CIT, VALE+) |
| LAI | 04B | PL B602 41 | A. Lai <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| LAI | 04C | PL B604 1 | A. Lai <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| PDG | 04 | PL B592 1 | S. Eidelman <i>et al.</i> | (PDG Collab.) |
| SOZZI | 04 | EPJ C36 37 | M. Sozzi | (PISA) |
| ADINOLFI | 03 | PL B566 61 | M. Adinolfi <i>et al.</i> | (KLOE Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 03 | PR D67 012005 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| Also | | PR D70 079904 (errat.) | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 03B | PRL 90 141801 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| LAI | 03 | PL B551 7 | A. Lai <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| LAI | 03C | EPJ C30 33 | A. Lai <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 02 | PRL 88 181601 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 02C | PRL 89 211801 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| BATLEY | 02 | PL B544 97 | J.R. Batley <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| CIRIGLIANO | 02 | EPJ C23 121 | V. Cirigliano <i>et al.</i> | (VIEN, VALE, MARS) |
| LAI | 02B | PL B536 229 | A. Lai <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 01 | PRL 86 397 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 01B | PRL 86 761 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 01D | PRL 86 5425 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |

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| ALAVI-HARATI | 01E | PRL 87 021801 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 01F | PR D64 012003 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 01G | PRL 87 071801 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 01H | PRL 87 111802 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 01J | PR D64 112004 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ANGELOPO... | 01 | PL B503 49 | A. Angelopoulos <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| ANGELOPO... | 01B | EPJ C22 55 | A. Angelopoulos <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| LAI | 01B | PL B515 261 | A. Lai <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| LAI | 01C | EPJ C22 231 | A. Lai <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 00 | PR D61 072006 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 00B | PRL 84 408 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 00D | PRL 84 5279 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 00E | PR D62 112001 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| AMBROSE | 00 | PRL 84 1389 | D. Ambrose <i>et al.</i> | (BNL E871 Collab.) |
| APOSTOLA... | 00 | PL B473 186 | A. Apostolakis <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| PDG | 00 | EPJ C15 1 | D.E. Groom <i>et al.</i> | |
| ADAMS | 99 | PL B447 240 | J. Adams <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 99B | PRL 83 917 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| ALAVI-HARATI | 99D | PRL 83 22 | A. Alavi-Harati <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| APOSTOLA... | 99C | PL B458 545 | A. Apostolakis <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| Also | | EPJ C18 41 | A. Apostolakis <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| FANTI | 99B | PL B458 553 | V. Fanti <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| FANTI | 99C | PL B465 335 | V. Fanti <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| MURAKAMI | 99 | PL B463 333 | K. Murakami <i>et al.</i> | (KEK E162 Collab.) |
| ADAMS | 98 | PRL 80 4123 | J. Adams <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL KTeV Collab.) |
| AMBROSE | 98 | PRL 81 4309 | D. Ambrose <i>et al.</i> | (BNL E871 Collab.) |
| AMBROSE | 98B | PRL 81 5734 | D. Ambrose <i>et al.</i> | (BNL E871 Collab.) |
| ANGELOPO... | 98 | PL B420 191 | A. Angelopoulos <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| ANGELOPO... | 98C | EPJ C5 389 | A. Angelopoulos <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| ANGELOPO... | 98D | PL B444 38 | A. Angelopoulos <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| Also | | EPJ C22 55 | A. Angelopoulos <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| ANGELOPO... | 98E | PL B444 43 | A. Angelopoulos <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| ARISAKA | 98 | PL B432 230 | K. Arisaka <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E799 Collab.) |
| BENDER | 98 | PL B418 411 | M. Bender <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| DAMBROSIO | 98 | PL B423 385 | G. D'Ambrosio, G. Isidori, J. Portoles | |
| SETZU | 98 | PL B420 205 | M.G. Setzu <i>et al.</i> | |
| TAKEUCHI | 98 | PL B443 409 | Y. Takeuchi <i>et al.</i> | (KYOT, KEK, HIRO) |
| FANTI | 97 | ZPHY C76 653 | V. Fanti <i>et al.</i> | (CERN NA48 Collab.) |
| NOMURA | 97 | PL B408 445 | T. Nomura <i>et al.</i> | (KYOT, KEK, HIRO) |
| ADLER | 96B | ZPHY C70 211 | R. Adler <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| ADLER | 96C | PL B369 367 | R. Adler <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| GU | 96 | PRL 76 4312 | P. Gu <i>et al.</i> | (RUTG, UCLA, EFI, COLO+) |
| LEBER | 96 | PL B369 69 | F. Leber <i>et al.</i> | (MANZ, CERN, EDIN, ORSAY+) |
| PDG | 96 | PR D54 1 | R. M. Barnett <i>et al.</i> | |
| ADLER | 95 | PL B363 237 | R. Adler <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| ADLER | 95B | PL B363 243 | R. Adler <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| AKAGI | 95 | PR D51 2061 | T. Akagi <i>et al.</i> | (TOHOK, TOKY, KYOT, KEK) |
| BARR | 95 | ZPHY C65 361 | G.D. Barr <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LAZO+) |
| BARR | 95C | PL B358 399 | G.D. Barr <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LAZO+) |
| HEINSON | 95 | PR D51 985 | A.P. Heinson <i>et al.</i> | (BNL E791 Collab.) |
| KREUTZ | 95 | ZPHY C65 67 | A. Kreutz <i>et al.</i> | (SIEG, EDIN, MANZ, ORSAY+) |
| MATTHEWS | 95 | PRL 75 2803 | J.N. Matthews <i>et al.</i> | (RUTG, EFI, ELMT+) |
| SCHWINGEN... | 95 | PRL 74 4376 | B. Schwingenheuer <i>et al.</i> | (EFI, CHIC+) |
| SPENCER | 95 | PRL 74 3323 | M.B. Spencer <i>et al.</i> | (UCLA, EFI, COLO+) |
| BARR | 94 | PL B328 528 | G.D. Barr <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LAZO+) |
| GU | 94 | PRL 72 3000 | P. Gu <i>et al.</i> | (RUTG, UCLA, EFI, COLO+) |
| NAKAYA | 94 | PRL 73 2169 | T. Nakaya <i>et al.</i> | (OSAK, UCLA, EFI, COLU+) |
| ROBERTS | 94 | PR D50 1874 | D. Roberts <i>et al.</i> | (UCLA, EFI, COLU+) |
| WEAVER | 94 | PRL 72 3758 | M. Weaver <i>et al.</i> | (UCLA, EFI, COLU, ELMT+) |
| AKAGI | 93 | PR D47 R2644 | T. Akagi <i>et al.</i> | (TOHOK, TOKY, KYOT, KEK) |
| ARISAKA | 93 | PRL 70 1049 | K. Arisaka <i>et al.</i> | (BNL E791 Collab.) |
| ARISAKA | 93B | PRL 71 3910 | K. Arisaka <i>et al.</i> | (BNL E791 Collab.) |
| BARR | 93D | PL B317 233 | G.D. Barr <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LAZO+) |
| GIBBONS | 93 | PRL 70 1199 | L.K. Gibbons <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| Also | | PR D55 6625 | L.K. Gibbons <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| GIBBONS | 93B | PRL 70 1203 | L.K. Gibbons <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| GIBBONS | 93C | Thesis RX-1487 | L.K. Gibbons | (CHIC) |
| Also | | PR D55 6625 | L.K. Gibbons <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| HARRIS | 93 | PRL 71 3914 | D.A. Harris <i>et al.</i> | (EFI, UCLA, COLO+) |
| HARRIS | 93B | PRL 71 3918 | D.A. Harris <i>et al.</i> | (EFI, UCLA, COLO+) |

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| MAKOFF | 93 | PRL 70 1591 | G. Makoff <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| Also | | PRL 75 2069 (erratum) | G. Makoff <i>et al.</i> | |
| RAMBERG | 93 | PRL 70 2525 | E. Ramberg <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| RAMBERG | 93B | PRL 70 2529 | E.J. Ramberg <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| VAGINS | 93 | PRL 71 35 | M.R. Vagins <i>et al.</i> | (BNL E845 Collab.) |
| ADLER | 92B | PL B286 180 | R. Adler <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| Also | | SJNP 55 840 | R. Adler <i>et al.</i> | (CLEAR Collab.) |
| BARR | 92 | PL B284 440 | G.D. Barr <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LAZO+) |
| GRAHAM | 92 | PL B295 169 | G.E. Graham <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| MORSE | 92 | PR D45 36 | W.M. Morse <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, YALE, VASS) |
| PDG | 92 | PR D45 S1 | K. Hikasa <i>et al.</i> | (KEK, LBL, BOST+) |
| SOMALWAR | 92 | PRL 68 2580 | S.V. Somalwar <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| AKAGI | 91B | PRL 67 2618 | T. Akagi <i>et al.</i> | (TOHOK, TOKY, KYOT, KEK) |
| BARR | 91 | PL B259 389 | G.D. Barr <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LAZO+) |
| HEINSON | 91 | PR D44 R1 | A.P. Heinson <i>et al.</i> | (UCI, UCLA, LANL+) |
| PAPADIMITR... | 91 | PR D44 R573 | V. Papadimitriou <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| BARKER | 90 | PR D41 3546 | A.R. Barker <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| Also | | PRL 61 2661 | L.K. Gibbons <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| BARR | 90B | PL B240 283 | G.D. Barr <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LAZO+) |
| BARR | 90C | PL B242 523 | G.D. Barr <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LAZO+) |
| CAROSI | 90 | PL B237 303 | R. Carosi <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LAZO+) |
| KARLSSON | 90 | PRL 64 2976 | M. Karlsson <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| OHL | 90 | PRL 64 2755 | K.E. Ohl <i>et al.</i> | (BNL E845 Collab.) |
| OHL | 90B | PRL 65 1407 | K.E. Ohl <i>et al.</i> | (BNL E845 Collab.) |
| PATTERSON | 90 | PRL 64 1491 | J.R. Patterson <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| INAGAKI | 89 | PR D40 1712 | T. Inagaki <i>et al.</i> | (KEK, TOKY, KYOT) |
| MATHIAZHA... | 89 | PRL 63 2181 | C. Mathiazagan <i>et al.</i> | (UCI, UCLA, LANL+) |
| MATHIAZHA... | 89B | PRL 63 2185 | C. Mathiazagan <i>et al.</i> | (UCI, UCLA, LANL+) |
| WAHL | 89 | CERN-EP/89-86 | H. Wahl | (CERN) |
| BARR | 88 | PL B214 303 | G.D. Barr <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ, LAZO+) |
| BURKHARDT | 88 | PL B206 169 | H. Burkhardt <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ+) |
| JASTRZEM... | 88 | PRL 61 2300 | E. Jastrzembski <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, YALE) |
| WOODS | 88 | PRL 60 1695 | M. Woods <i>et al.</i> | (FNAL E731 Collab.) |
| BURKHARDT | 87 | PL B199 139 | H. Burkhardt <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, EDIN, MANZ+) |
| ARONSON | 86 | PR D33 3180 | S.H. Aronson <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, CHIC, STAN+) |
| Also | | PRL 48 1078 | S.H. Aronson <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, CHIC, STAN+) |
| PDG | 86C | PL 170B 132 | M. Aguilar-Benitez <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, CIT+) |
| COUPAL | 85 | PRL 55 566 | D.P. Coupal <i>et al.</i> | (CHIC, SACL) |
| BALATS | 83 | SJNP 38 556 | M.Y. Balats <i>et al.</i> | (ITEP) |
| | | Translated from YAF 38 | 927. | |
| BERGSTROM | 83 | PL 131B 229 | L. Bergstrom, E. Masso, P. Singer | (CERN) |
| ARONSON | 82 | PRL 48 1078 | S.H. Aronson <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, CHIC, STAN+) |
| ARONSON | 82B | PRL 48 1306 | S.H. Aronson <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, CHIC, PURD) |
| Also | | PL 116B 73 | E. Fischbach <i>et al.</i> | (PURD, BNL, CHIC) |
| Also | | PR D28 476 | S.H. Aronson <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, CHIC, PURD) |
| Also | | PR D28 495 | S.H. Aronson <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, CHIC, PURD) |
| PDG | 82B | PL 111B 70 | M. Roos <i>et al.</i> | (HELS, CIT, CERN) |
| BIRULEV | 81 | NP B182 1 | V.K. Birulev <i>et al.</i> | (JINR) |
| Also | | SJNP 31 622 | V.K. Birulev <i>et al.</i> | (JINR) |
| | | Translated from YAF 31 | 1204. | |
| CARROLL | 80B | PRL 44 529 | A.S. Carroll <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, ROCH) |
| CARROLL | 80C | PL 96B 407 | A.S. Carroll <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, ROCH) |
| CHO | 80 | PR D22 2688 | Y. Cho <i>et al.</i> | (ANL, CMU) |
| MORSE | 80 | PR D21 1750 | W.M. Morse <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, YALE) |
| CHRISTENS... | 79 | PRL 43 1209 | J.H. Christenson <i>et al.</i> | (NYU) |
| SCHMIDT | 79 | PRL 43 556 | M.P. Schmidt <i>et al.</i> | (YALE, BNL) |
| HILL | 78 | PL 73B 483 | D.G. Hill <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, SLAC, SBER) |
| CHO | 77 | PR D15 587 | Y. Cho <i>et al.</i> | (ANL, CMU) |
| CLARK | 77 | PR D15 553 | A.R. Clark <i>et al.</i> | (LBL) |
| Also | | Thesis LBL-4275 | G. Shen | (LBL) |
| DEVOE | 77 | PR D16 565 | R. Devoe <i>et al.</i> | (EFI, ANL) |
| PEACH | 77 | NP B127 399 | K.J. Peach <i>et al.</i> | (BGNA, EDIN, GLAS+) |
| BIRULEV | 76 | SJNP 24 178 | V.K. Birulev <i>et al.</i> | (JINR) |
| | | Translated from YAF 24 | 340. | |
| COOMBES | 76 | PRL 37 249 | R.W. Coombes <i>et al.</i> | (STAN, NYU) |
| GJESDAL | 76 | NP B109 118 | G. Gjesdal <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, HEIDH) |
| BALDO-... | 75 | NC 25A 688 | M. Baldo-Ceolin <i>et al.</i> | (PADO, WISC) |
| BLUMENTHAL | 75 | PRL 34 164 | R.B. Blumenthal <i>et al.</i> | (PENN, CHIC, TEMP) |
| BUCHANAN | 75 | PR D11 457 | C.D. Buchanan <i>et al.</i> | (UCLA, SLAC, JHU) |
| CARITHERS | 75 | PRL 34 1244 | W.C.J. Carithers <i>et al.</i> | (COLU, NYU) |
| SMITH | 75B | Thesis UCSD unpub. | J.G. Smith | (UCSD) |
| BISI | 74 | PL 50B 504 | V. Bisi, M.I. Ferrero | (TORI) |

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| DONALDSON | 74 | Theory SLAC-0184 | G. Donaldson | (SLAC) |
| Also | | PR D14 2839 | G. Donaldson <i>et al.</i> | (SLAC) |
| DONALDSON | 74B | PR D9 2960 | G. Donaldson <i>et al.</i> | (SLAC, UCSC) |
| Also | | PRL 31 337 | G. Donaldson <i>et al.</i> | (SLAC, UCSC) |
| GEWENIGER | 74 | PL 48B 483 | C. Geweniger <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, HEIDH) |
| Also | | Theory CERN Int. 74-4 | V. Luth | (CERN) |
| GEWENIGER | 74B | PL 48B 487 | C. Geweniger <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, HEIDH) |
| Also | | PL 52B 119 | S. Gjesdal <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, HEIDH) |
| GEWENIGER | 74C | PL 52B 108 | C. Geweniger <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, HEIDH) |
| GJESDAL | 74 | PL 52B 113 | S. Gjesdal <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, HEIDH) |
| MESSNER | 74 | PRL 33 1458 | R. Messner <i>et al.</i> | (COLO, SLAC, UCSC) |
| NIEBERGALL | 74 | PL 49B 103 | F. Niebergall <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, ORSAY, VIEN) |
| WILLIAMS | 74 | PRL 33 240 | H.H. Williams <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, YALE) |
| ALEXANDER | 73B | NP B65 301 | G. Alexander <i>et al.</i> | (TELA, HEID) |
| BRANDENBURG | 73 | PR D8 1978 | G.W. Brandenburg <i>et al.</i> | (SLAC) |
| EVANS | 73 | PR D7 36 | G.R. Evans <i>et al.</i> | (EDIN, CERN) |
| Also | | PRL 23 427 | G.R. Evans <i>et al.</i> | (EDIN, CERN) |
| FACKLER | 73 | PRL 31 847 | O. Fackler <i>et al.</i> | (MIT) |
| FITCH | 73 | PRL 31 1524 | V.L. Fitch <i>et al.</i> | (PRIN) |
| Also | | Theory COO-3072-13 | R.C. Webb | (PRIN) |
| HART | 73 | NP B66 317 | J.C. Hart <i>et al.</i> | (CAVE, RHEL) |
| MALLARY | 73 | PR D7 1953 | M.L. Mallary <i>et al.</i> | (CIT) |
| Also | | PRL 25 1214 | F.J. Sciulli <i>et al.</i> | (CIT) |
| MCCARTHY | 73 | PR D7 687 | R.L. McCarthy <i>et al.</i> | (LBL) |
| Also | | PL 42B 291 | R.L. McCarthy <i>et al.</i> | (LBL) |
| Also | | Theory LBL-550 | R.L. McCarthy | (LBL) |
| MESSNER | 73 | PRL 30 876 | R. Messner <i>et al.</i> | (COLO, SLAC, UCSC) |
| SANDWEISS | 73 | PRL 30 1002 | J. Sandweiss <i>et al.</i> | (YALE, ANL) |
| WILLIAMS | 73 | PRL 31 1521 | H.H. Williams <i>et al.</i> | (BNL, YALE) |
| ASHFORD | 72 | PL 38B 47 | V.A. Ashford <i>et al.</i> | (UCSD) |
| BANNER | 72B | PRL 29 237 | M. Banner <i>et al.</i> | (PRIN) |
| BARMIN | 72B | SJNP 15 638 | V.V. Barmin <i>et al.</i> | (ITEP) |
| | | Translated from YAF 15 | 1152. | |
| BURGUN | 72 | NP B50 194 | G. Burgun <i>et al.</i> | (SACL, CERN, OSLO) |
| GRAHAM | 72 | NC 9A 166 | M.F. Graham <i>et al.</i> | (ILL, NEAS) |
| JAMES | 72 | NP B49 1 | F. James <i>et al.</i> | (CERN, SACL, OSLO) |
| KRENZ | 72 | LNC 4 213 | W. Krenz <i>et al.</i> | (AACH, CERN, EDIN) |
| MANN | 72 | PR D6 137 | W.A. Mann <i>et al.</i> | (MASA, BNL, YALE) |
| MANTSCH | 72 | NC 9A 160 | P.M. Mantsch <i>et al.</i> | (ILL, NEAS) |
| MCCARTHY | 72 | PL 42B 291 | R.L. McCarthy <i>et al.</i> | (LBL) |
| PICCIONI | 72 | PRL 29 1412 | R. Piccioni <i>et al.</i> | (SLAC) |
| Also | | PR D9 2939 | R. Piccioni <i>et al.</i> | (SLAC) |
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