

b' (4^{th} Generation) Quark, Searches for

$b'(-1/3)$ -quark/hadron mass limits in $p\bar{p}$ and pp collisions

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>755	95	¹ AAD	14AZ ATLS	$B(b' \rightarrow Zb) = 1$
>675	95	² CHATRCHYAN 13l	CMS	$B(b' \rightarrow Wt) = 1$
>190	95	³ ABAZOV	08X D0	$c\tau = 200\text{mm}$
>190	95	⁴ ACOSTA	03 CDF	quasi-stable b'
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
>480	95	⁵ AAD	12AT ATLS	$B(b' \rightarrow Wt) = 1$
>400	95	⁶ AAD	12AU ATLS	$B(b' \rightarrow Zb) = 1$
>350	95	⁷ AAD	12BC ATLS	$B(b' \rightarrow Wq) = 1$ ($q=u,c$)
>450	95	⁸ AAD	12BE ATLS	$B(b' \rightarrow Wt) = 1$
>685	95	⁹ CHATRCHYAN 12BH	CMS	$m_{t'} = m_{b'}$
>611	95	¹⁰ CHATRCHYAN 12X	CMS	$B(b' \rightarrow Wt) = 1$
>372	95	¹¹ AALTONEN	11J CDF	$b' \rightarrow Wt$
>361	95	¹² CHATRCHYAN 11L	CMS	Repl. by CHATRCHYAN 12X
>338	95	¹³ AALTONEN	10H CDF	$b' \rightarrow Wt$
> 380–430	95	¹⁴ FLACCO	10 RVUE	$m_{b'} > m_{t'}$
>268	95	^{15,16} AALTONEN	07C CDF	$B(b' \rightarrow Zb) = 1$ assumed
>199	95	¹⁷ AFFOLDER	00 CDF	NC: $b' \rightarrow Zb$
>148	95	¹⁸ ABE	98N CDF	NC: $b' \rightarrow Zb$ + decay vertex
> 96	95	¹⁹ ABACHI	97D D0	NC: $b' \rightarrow b\gamma$
>128	95	²⁰ ABACHI	95F D0	$l\bar{l} + \text{jets}, l + \text{jets}$
> 75	95	²¹ MUKHOPAD...	93 RVUE	NC: $b' \rightarrow bll$
> 85	95	²² ABE	92 CDF	CC: $l\bar{l}$
> 72	95	²³ ABE	90B CDF	CC: $e + \mu$
> 54	95	²⁴ AKESSON	90 UA2	CC: $e + \text{jets} + \text{missing } E_T$
> 43	95	²⁵ ALBAJAR	90B UA1	CC: $\mu + \text{jets}$
> 34	95	²⁶ ALBAJAR	88 UA1	CC: e or $\mu + \text{jets}$

¹ Based on 20.3 fb^{-1} of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$. No significant excess over SM expectation is found in the search for pair production or single production of b' in the events with dilepton from a high p_T Z and additional jets (≥ 1 b -tag). The lower mass limit is 685 GeV for a vector-like singlet b' mixing solely with the third SM generation.

² Based on 5.0 fb^{-1} of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. CHATRCHYAN 13l looked for events with one isolated electron or muon, large \cancel{E}_T , and at least four jets with large transverse momenta, where one jet is likely to originate from the decay of a bottom quark.

³ Result is based on 1.1 fb^{-1} of data. No signal is found for the search of long-lived particles which decay into final states with two electrons or photons, and upper bound on the cross section times branching fraction is obtained for $2 < c\tau < 7000 \text{ mm}$; see Fig. 3. 95% CL excluded region of b' lifetime and mass is shown in Fig. 4.

⁴ ACOSTA 03 looked for long-lived fourth generation quarks in the data sample of 90 pb^{-1} of $\sqrt{s}=1.8 \text{ TeV}$ $p\bar{p}$ collisions by using the muon-like penetration and anomalously high ionization energy loss signature. The corresponding lower mass bound for the charge $(2/3)e$ quark (t') is 220 GeV. The t' bound is higher than the b' bound because t' is more likely to produce charged hadrons than b' . The 95% CL upper bounds for the production cross sections are given in their Fig. 3.

- ⁵ Based on 1.04 fb^{-1} of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. No signal is found for the search of heavy quark pair production that decay into W and a t quark in the events with a high p_T isolated lepton, large \cancel{E}_T , and at least 6 jets in which one, two or more dijets are from W .
- ⁶ Based on 2.0 fb^{-1} of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. No $b' \rightarrow Zb$ invariant mass peak is found in the search of heavy quark pair production that decay into Z and a b quark in events with $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ and at least one b -jet. The lower mass limit is 358 GeV for a vector-like singlet b' mixing solely with the third SM generation.
- ⁷ Based on 1.04 fb^{-1} of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. No signal is found for the search of heavy quark pair production that decay into W and a quark in the events with dileptons, large \cancel{E}_T , and ≥ 2 jets.
- ⁸ Based on 1.04 fb^{-1} of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. AAD 12BE looked for events with two isolated like-sign leptons and at least 2 jets, large \cancel{E}_T and $H_T > 350 \text{ GeV}$.
- ⁹ Based on 5 fb^{-1} of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. CHATRCHYAN 12BH searched for QCD and EW production of single and pair of degenerate 4'th generation quarks that decay to bW or tW . Absence of signal in events with one lepton, same-sign dileptons or tripleptons gives the bound. With a mass difference of $25 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ between $m_{t'}$ and $m_{b'}$, the corresponding limit shifts by about $\pm 20 \text{ GeV}/c^2$.
- ¹⁰ Based on 4.9 fb^{-1} of pp data at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. CHATRCHYAN 12X looked for events with tripleptons or same-sign dileptons and at least one b jet.
- ¹¹ Based on 4.8 fb^{-1} of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. AALTONEN 11J looked for events with $\ell + \cancel{E}_T + \geq 5j$ (≥ 1 b or c). No signal is observed and the bound $\sigma(b'\bar{b}') < 30 \text{ fb}$ for $m_{b'} > 375 \text{ GeV}$ is found for $B(b' \rightarrow Wt) = 1$.
- ¹² Based on 34 pb^{-1} of data in pp collisions at 7 TeV. CHATRCHYAN 11L looked for multi-jet events with tripleptons or same-sign dileptons. No excess above the SM background excludes $m_{b'}$ between 255 and 361 GeV at 95% CL for $B(b' \rightarrow Wt) = 1$.
- ¹³ Based on 2.7 fb^{-1} of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96 \text{ TeV}$. AALTONEN 10H looked for pair production of heavy quarks which decay into tW^- or tW^+ , in events with same sign dileptons (e or μ), several jets and large missing E_T . The result is obtained for b' which decays into tW^- . For the charge 5/3 quark ($T_{5/3}$) which decays into tW^+ , $m_{T_{5/3}} > 365 \text{ GeV}$ (95% CL) is found when it has the charge $-1/3$ partner B of the same mass.
- ¹⁴ FLACCO 10 result is obtained from AALTONEN 10H result of $m_{b'} > 338 \text{ GeV}$, by relaxing the condition $B(b' \rightarrow Wt) = 100\%$ when $m_{b'} > m_{t'}$.
- ¹⁵ Result is based on 1.06 fb^{-1} of data. No excess from the SM Z +jet events is found when Z decays into ee or $\mu\mu$. The $m_{b'}$ bound is found by comparing the resulting upper bound on $\sigma(b'\bar{b}') [1-(1-B(b' \rightarrow Zb))^2]$ and the LO estimate of the b' pair production cross section shown in Fig. 38 of the article.
- ¹⁶ HUANG 08 reexamined the b' mass lower bound of 268 GeV obtained in AALTONEN 07C that assumes $B(b' \rightarrow Zb) = 1$, which does not hold for $m_{b'} > 255 \text{ GeV}$. The lower mass bound is given in the plane of $\sin^2(\theta_{tb'})$ and $m_{b'}$.
- ¹⁷ AFFOLDER 00 looked for b' that decays in to $b+Z$. The signal searched for is $bbZZ$ events where one Z decays into e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ and the other Z decays hadronically. The bound assumes $B(b' \rightarrow Zb) = 100\%$. Between 100 GeV and 199 GeV, the 95%CL upper bound on $\sigma(b' \rightarrow \bar{b}') \times B^2(b' \rightarrow Zb)$ is also given (see their Fig. 2).
- ¹⁸ ABE 98N looked for $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ decays with displaced vertices. Quoted limit assumes $B(b' \rightarrow Zb) = 1$ and $c\tau_{b'} = 1 \text{ cm}$. The limit is lower than $m_Z + m_b$ ($\sim 96 \text{ GeV}$) if $c\tau > 22 \text{ cm}$ or $c\tau < 0.009 \text{ cm}$. See their Fig. 4.

- ¹⁹ ABACHI 97D searched for b' that decays mainly via FCNC. They obtained 95%CL upper bounds on $B(b'\bar{b}' \rightarrow \gamma + 3 \text{ jets})$ and $B(b'\bar{b}' \rightarrow 2\gamma + 2 \text{ jets})$, which can be interpreted as the lower mass bound $m_{b'} > m_Z + m_b$.
- ²⁰ ABACHI 95F bound on the top-quark also applies to b' and t' quarks that decay predominantly into W . See FROGGATT 97.
- ²¹ MUKHOPADHYAYA 93 analyze CDF dilepton data of ABE 92G in terms of a new quark decaying via flavor-changing neutral current. The above limit assumes $B(b' \rightarrow b\ell^+\ell^-)=1\%$. For an exotic quark decaying only via virtual Z [$B(b\ell^+\ell^-) = 3\%$], the limit is 85 GeV.
- ²² ABE 92 dilepton analysis limit of >85 GeV at CL=95% also applies to b' quarks, as discussed in ABE 90B.
- ²³ ABE 90B exclude the region 28–72 GeV.
- ²⁴ AKESSON 90 searched for events having an electron with $p_T > 12$ GeV, missing momentum > 15 GeV, and a jet with $E_T > 10$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.2$, and excluded $m_{b'}$ between 30 and 69 GeV.
- ²⁵ For the reduction of the limit due to non-charged-current decay modes, see Fig. 19 of ALBAJAR 90B.
- ²⁶ ALBAJAR 88 study events at $E_{\text{cm}} = 546$ and 630 GeV with a muon or isolated electron, accompanied by one or more jets and find agreement with Monte Carlo predictions for the production of charm and bottom, without the need for a new quark. The lower mass limit is obtained by using a conservative estimate for the $b'\bar{b}'$ production cross section and by assuming that it cannot be produced in W decays. The value quoted here is revised using the full $O(\alpha_s^3)$ cross section of ALTARELLI 88.

$b'(-1/3)$ mass limits from single production in $p\bar{p}$ and pp collisions

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>693	95	²⁷ ABAZOV	11F D0	$qu \rightarrow q'b' \rightarrow q'(Wu)$ $\tilde{\kappa}_{ub'}=1, B(b' \rightarrow Wu)=1$
>430	95	²⁷ ABAZOV	11F D0	$qd \rightarrow qb' \rightarrow q(Zd)$ $\tilde{\kappa}_{db'}=\sqrt{2}, B(b' \rightarrow Zd)=1$

²⁷ Based on 5.4 fb^{-1} of data in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. ABAZOV 11F looked for single production of b' via the W or Z coupling to the first generation up or down quarks, respectively. Model independent cross section limits for the single production processes $p\bar{p} \rightarrow b'q \rightarrow Wuq$, and $p\bar{p} \rightarrow b'q \rightarrow Zdq$ are given in Figs. 3 and 4, respectively, and the mass limits are obtained for the model of ATRE 09 with degenerate bi-doublets of vector-like quarks.

MASS LIMITS for b' (4^{th} Generation) Quark or Hadron in e^+e^- Collisions

Search for hadrons containing a fourth-generation $-1/3$ quark denoted b' .

The last column specifies the assumption for the decay mode (CC denotes the conventional charged-current decay) and the event signature which is looked for.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>46.0	95	²⁸ DECAMP	90F ALEP	any decay
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
none 96–103	95	²⁹ ABDALLAH	07 DLPH	$b' \rightarrow bZ, cW$
		³⁰ ADRIANI	93G L3	Quarkonium
>44.7	95	ADRIANI	93M L3	$\Gamma(Z)$
>45	95	ABREU	91F DLPH	$\Gamma(Z)$
none 19.4–28.2	95	ABE	90D VNS	Any decay; event shape

>45.0	95	ABREU	90D	DLPH	$B(CC) = 1$; event shape
>44.5	95	31 ABREU	90D	DLPH	$b' \rightarrow cH^-, H^- \rightarrow \bar{c}s, \tau^- \nu$
>40.5	95	32 ABREU	90D	DLPH	$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{hadrons})$
>28.3	95	ADACHI	90	TOPZ	$B(\text{FCNC})=100\%$; isol. γ or 4 jets
>41.4	95	33 AKRAWY	90B	OPAL	Any decay; acoplanarity
>45.2	95	33 AKRAWY	90B	OPAL	$B(CC) = 1$; acoplanarity
>46	95	34 AKRAWY	90J	OPAL	$b' \rightarrow \gamma + \text{any}$
>27.5	95	35 ABE	89E	VNS	$B(CC) = 1$; μ, e
none 11.4–27.3	95	36 ABE	89G	VNS	$B(b' \rightarrow b\gamma) > 10\%$; isolated γ
>44.7	95	37 ABRAMS	89C	MRK2	$B(CC) = 100\%$; isol. track
>42.7	95	37 ABRAMS	89C	MRK2	$B(bg) = 100\%$; event shape
>42.0	95	37 ABRAMS	89C	MRK2	Any decay; event shape
>28.4	95	38,39 ADACHI	89C	TOPZ	$B(CC) = 1$; μ
>28.8	95	40 ENO	89	AMY	$B(CC) \gtrsim 90\%$; μ, e
>27.2	95	40,41 ENO	89	AMY	any decay; event shape
>29.0	95	40 ENO	89	AMY	$B(b' \rightarrow bg) \gtrsim 85\%$; event shape
>24.4	95	42 IGARASHI	88	AMY	μ, e
>23.8	95	43 SAGAWA	88	AMY	event shape
>22.7	95	44 ADEVA	86	MRKJ	μ
>21		45 ALTHOFF	84C	TASS	R , event shape
>19		46 ALTHOFF	84I	TASS	Aplanarity

²⁸ DECAMP 90F looked for isolated charged particles, for isolated photons, and for four-jet final states. The modes $b' \rightarrow bg$ for $B(b' \rightarrow bg) > 65\%$ $b' \rightarrow b\gamma$ for $B(b' \rightarrow b\gamma) > 5\%$ are excluded. Charged Higgs decay were not discussed.

²⁹ ABDALLAH 07 searched for b' pair production at $E_{\text{cm}}=196\text{--}209$ GeV, with 420 pb^{-1} . No signal leads to the 95% CL upper limits on $B(b' \rightarrow bZ)$ and $B(b' \rightarrow cW)$ for $m_{b'} = 96$ to 103 GeV.

³⁰ ADRIANI 93G search for vector quarkonium states near Z and give limit on quarkonium- Z mixing parameter $\delta m^2 < (10\text{--}30) \text{ GeV}^2$ (95%CL) for the mass $88\text{--}94.5$ GeV. Using Richardson potential, a $1S (b'\bar{b}')$ state is excluded for the mass range $87.7\text{--}94.7$ GeV. This range depends on the potential choice.

³¹ ABREU 90D assumed $m_{H^-} < m_{b'} - 3$ GeV.

³² Superseded by ABREU 91F.

³³ AKRAWY 90B search was restricted to data near the Z peak at $E_{\text{cm}} = 91.26$ GeV at LEP. The excluded region is between 23.6 and 41.4 GeV if no H^+ decays exist. For charged Higgs decays the excluded regions are between $(m_{H^+} + 1.5 \text{ GeV})$ and 45.5 GeV.

³⁴ AKRAWY 90J search for isolated photons in hadronic Z decay and derive $B(Z \rightarrow b'\bar{b}') \cdot B(b' \rightarrow \gamma X) / B(Z \rightarrow \text{hadrons}) < 2.2 \times 10^{-3}$. Mass limit assumes $B(b' \rightarrow \gamma X) > 10\%$.

³⁵ ABE 89E search at $E_{\text{cm}} = 56\text{--}57$ GeV at TRISTAN for multihadron events with a spherical shape (using thrust and acoplanarity) or containing isolated leptons.

³⁶ ABE 89G search was at $E_{\text{cm}} = 55\text{--}60.8$ GeV at TRISTAN.

³⁷ If the photonic decay mode is large ($B(b' \rightarrow b\gamma) > 25\%$), the ABRAMS 89C limit is 45.4 GeV. The limit for for Higgs decay ($b' \rightarrow cH^-, H^- \rightarrow \bar{c}s$) is 45.2 GeV.

- ³⁸ ADACHI 89C search was at $E_{\text{cm}} = 56.5\text{--}60.8$ GeV at TRISTAN using multi-hadron events accompanying muons.
- ³⁹ ADACHI 89C also gives limits for any mixture of CC and bg decays.
- ⁴⁰ ENO 89 search at $E_{\text{cm}} = 50\text{--}60.8$ at TRISTAN.
- ⁴¹ ENO 89 considers arbitrary mixture of the charged current, bg , and $b\gamma$ decays.
- ⁴² IGARASHI 88 searches for leptons in low-thrust events and gives $\Delta R(b') < 0.26$ (95% CL) assuming charged current decay, which translates to $m_{b'} > 24.4$ GeV.
- ⁴³ SAGAWA 88 set limit $\sigma(\text{top}) < 6.1$ pb at CL=95% for top-flavored hadron production from event shape analyses at $E_{\text{cm}} = 52$ GeV. By using the quark parton model cross-section formula near threshold, the above limit leads to lower mass bounds of 23.8 GeV for charge $-1/3$ quarks.
- ⁴⁴ ADEVA 86 give 95%CL upper bound on an excess of the normalized cross section, ΔR , as a function of the minimum c.m. energy (see their figure 3). Production of a pair of $1/3$ charge quarks is excluded up to $E_{\text{cm}} = 45.4$ GeV.
- ⁴⁵ ALTHOFF 84C narrow state search sets limit $\Gamma(e^+e^-)B(\text{hadrons}) < 2.4$ keV CL = 95% and heavy charge $1/3$ quark pair production $m > 21$ GeV, CL = 95%.
- ⁴⁶ ALTHOFF 84I exclude heavy quark pair production for $7 < m < 19$ GeV ($1/3$ charge) using aplanarity distributions (CL = 95%).

REFERENCES FOR Searches for (Fourth Generation) b' Quark

AAD	14AZ	JHEP 1411 104	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	13I	JHEP 1301 154	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
AAD	12AT	PRL 109 032001	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12AU	PRL 109 071801	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12BC	PR D86 012007	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	12BE	JHEP 1204 069	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12BH	PR D86 112003	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	12X	JHEP 1205 123	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
AALTONEN	11J	PRL 106 141803	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	11F	PRL 106 081801	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	11L	PL B701 204	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
AALTONEN	10H	PRL 104 091801	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
FLACCO	10	PRL 105 111801	C.J. Flacco <i>et al.</i>	(UCI, HAIF)
ATRE	09	PR D79 054018	A. Atre <i>et al.</i>	
ABAZOV	08X	PRL 101 111802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
HUANG	08	PR D77 037302	P.Q. Hung, M. Sher	(UVA, WILL)
AALTONEN	07C	PR D76 072006	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABDALLAH	07	EPJ C50 507	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACOSTA	03	PRL 90 131801	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AFFOLDER	00	PRL 84 835	A. Affolder <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	98N	PR D58 051102	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABACHI	97D	PRL 78 3818	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
FROGGATT	97	ZPHY C73 333	C.D. Froggatt, D.J. Smith, H.B. Nielsen	(GLAS+)
ABACHI	95F	PR D52 4877	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ADRIANI	93G	PL B313 326	O. Adriani <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ADRIANI	93M	PRPL 236 1	O. Adriani <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
MUKHOPAD...	93	PR D48 2105	B. Mukhopadhyaya, D.P. Roy	(TATA)
ABE	92	PRL 68 447	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
Also		PR D45 3921	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	92G	PR D45 3921	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABREU	91F	NP B367 511	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABE	90B	PRL 64 147	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABE	90D	PL B234 382	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(VENUS Collab.)
ABREU	90D	PL B242 536	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ADACHI	90	PL B234 197	I. Adachi <i>et al.</i>	(TOPAZ Collab.)
AKESSON	90	ZPHY C46 179	T. Akesson <i>et al.</i>	(UA2 Collab.)
AKRAWY	90B	PL B236 364	M.Z. Akrawy <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AKRAWY	90J	PL B246 285	M.Z. Akrawy <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ALBAJAR	90B	ZPHY C48 1	C. Albajar <i>et al.</i>	(UA1 Collab.)
DECAMP	90F	PL B236 511	D. Decamp <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
ABE	89E	PR D39 3524	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(VENUS Collab.)

ABE	89G	PRL 63 1776	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(VENUS Collab.)
ABRAMS	89C	PRL 63 2447	G.S. Abrams <i>et al.</i>	(Mark II Collab.)
ADACHI	89C	PL B229 427	I. Adachi <i>et al.</i>	(TOPAZ Collab.)
ENO	89	PRL 63 1910	S. Eno <i>et al.</i>	(AMY Collab.)
ALBAJAR	88	ZPHY C37 505	C. Albajar <i>et al.</i>	(UA1 Collab.)
ALTARELLI	88	NP B308 724	G. Altarelli <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, ROMA, ETH)
IGARASHI	88	PRL 60 2359	S. Igarashi <i>et al.</i>	(AMY Collab.)
SAGAWA	88	PRL 60 93	H. Sagawa <i>et al.</i>	(AMY Collab.)
ADEVA	86	PR D34 681	B. Adeva <i>et al.</i>	(Mark-J Collab.)
ALTHOFF	84C	PL 138B 441	M. Althoff <i>et al.</i>	(TASSO Collab.)
ALTHOFF	84I	ZPHY C22 307	M. Althoff <i>et al.</i>	(TASSO Collab.)
