

$\Lambda(1405) 1/2^-$  $I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$  Status: \*\*\*\*

The nature of the  $\Lambda(1405)$  has been a puzzle for decades: three-quark state or hybrid; two poles or one. We cannot here survey the rather extensive literature. See, for example, CIEPLY 10, KISSLINGER 11, SEKIHARA 11, and SHEVCHENKO 12A for discussions and earlier references.

It seems to be the universal opinion of the chiral-unitary community that there are two poles in the 1400-MeV region. ZYCHOR 08 presents experimental evidence against the two-pole model, but this is disputed by GENG 07A. See also REVAI 09, which finds little basis for choosing between one- and two-pole models; and IKEDA 12, which favors the two-pole model.

A single, ordinary three-quark  $\Lambda(1405)$  fits nicely into a  $J^P = 1/2^-$   $SU(4) \bar{4}$  multiplet, whose other members are the  $\Lambda_c(2595)^+$ ,  $\Xi_c(2790)^+$ , and  $\Xi_c(2790)^0$ ; see Fig. 1 of our note on "Charmed Baryons."

## $\Lambda(1405)$ MASS

### PRODUCTION EXPERIMENTS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1405.1^{+1.3}_{-1.0}$				<b>OUR AVERAGE</b>
1405 $^{+11}_{-9}$		HASSANVAND 13	SPEC	$pp \rightarrow p\Lambda(1405)K^+$
1405 $^{+1.4}_{-1.0}$		ESMAILI 10	RVUE	$^4\text{He } K^- \rightarrow \Sigma^\pm \pi^\mp X$ at rest
1406.5 $\pm$ 4.0		<sup>1</sup> DALITZ 91		M-matrix fit
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
1391 $\pm$ 1	700	<sup>1</sup> HEMINGWAY 85	HBC	$K^- p$ 4.2 GeV/c
~ 1405	400	<sup>2</sup> THOMAS 73	HBC	$\pi^- p$ 1.69 GeV/c
1405	120	BARBARO-... 68B	DBC	$K^- d$ 2.1–2.7 GeV/c
1400 $\pm$ 5	67	BIRMINGHAM 66	HBC	$K^- p$ 3.5 GeV/c
1382 $\pm$ 8		ENGLER 65	HDBC	$\pi^- p, \pi^+ d$ 1.68 GeV/c
1400 $\pm$ 24		MUSGRAVE 65	HBC	$\bar{p} p$ 3–4 GeV/c
1410		ALEXANDER 62	HBC	$\pi^- p$ 2.1 GeV/c
1405		ALSTON 62	HBC	$K^- p$ 1.2–0.5 GeV/c
1405		ALSTON 61B	HBC	$K^- p$ 1.15 GeV/c

### EXTRAPOLATIONS BELOW $N\bar{K}$ THRESHOLD

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
1407.56 or 1407.50	<sup>3</sup> KIMURA 00		potential model
1411	<sup>4</sup> MARTIN 81		K-matrix fit
1406	<sup>5</sup> CHAO 73	DPWA	0-range fit (sol. B)
1421	MARTIN 70	RVUE	Constant K-matrix

1416 ± 4	MARTIN	69	HBC	Constant K-matrix
1403 ± 3	KIM	67	HBC	K-matrix fit
1407.5 ± 1.2	<sup>6</sup> KITTEL	66	HBC	0-effective-range fit
1410.7 ± 1.0	KIM	65	HBC	0-effective-range fit
1409.6 ± 1.7	<sup>6</sup> SAKITT	65	HBC	0-effective-range fit

## Λ(1405) WIDTH

### PRODUCTION EXPERIMENTS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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#### 50.5 ± 2.0 OUR AVERAGE

62 ± 10	HASSANVAND 13	SPEC	$pp \rightarrow p\Lambda(1405)K^+$
50 ± 2	<sup>1</sup> DALITZ 91		M-matrix fit

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

24 $\begin{matrix} + 4 \\ - 3 \end{matrix}$	ESMAILI 10	RVUE	${}^4\text{He } K^- \rightarrow \Sigma^\pm \pi^\mp X$ at rest
32 ± 1	700 <sup>1</sup> HEMINGWAY 85	HBC	$K^- p$ 4.2 GeV/c
45 to 55	400 <sup>2</sup> THOMAS 73	HBC	$\pi^- p$ 1.69 GeV/c
35	120 BARBARO-... 68B	DBC	$K^- d$ 2.1–2.7 GeV/c
50 ± 10	67 BIRMINGHAM 66	HBC	$K^- p$ 3.5 GeV/c
89 ± 20	ENGLER 65	HDBC	
60 ± 20	MUSGRAVE 65	HBC	
35 ± 5	ALEXANDER 62	HBC	
50	ALSTON 62	HBC	
20	ALSTON 61B	HBC	

### EXTRAPOLATIONS BELOW $N\bar{K}$ THRESHOLD

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

50.24 or 50.26	<sup>3</sup> KIMURA 00		potential model
30	<sup>4</sup> MARTIN 81		K-matrix fit
55	<sup>5,7</sup> CHAO 73	DPWA	0-range fit (sol. B)
20	MARTIN 70	RVUE	Constant K-matrix
29 ± 6	MARTIN 69	HBC	Constant K-matrix
50 ± 5	KIM 67	HBC	K-matrix fit
34.1 ± 4.1	<sup>6</sup> KITTEL 66	HBC	
37.0 ± 3.2	KIM 65	HBC	
28.2 ± 4.1	<sup>6</sup> SAKITT 65	HBC	

## Λ(1405) DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1 \quad \Sigma \pi$	100 %
$\Gamma_2 \quad \Lambda \gamma$	
$\Gamma_3 \quad \Sigma^0 \gamma$	
$\Gamma_4 \quad N\bar{K}$	

**$\Lambda(1405)$  PARTIAL WIDTHS** **$\Gamma(\Lambda\gamma)$   $\Gamma_2$** 

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

27 ± 8	BURKHARDT 91	Isobar model fit
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 **$\Gamma(\Sigma^0\gamma)$   $\Gamma_3$** 

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

10 ± 4 or 23 ± 7	BURKHARDT 91	Isobar model fit
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 **$\Lambda(1405)$  BRANCHING RATIOS** **$\Gamma(N\bar{K})/\Gamma(\Sigma\pi)$   $\Gamma_4/\Gamma_1$** 

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<3$	95	HEMINGWAY 85	HBC	K <sup>-</sup> p 4.2 GeV/c
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 **$\Lambda(1405)$  FOOTNOTES**<sup>1</sup> DALITZ 91 fits the HEMINGWAY 85 data.<sup>2</sup> THOMAS 73 data is fit by CHAO 73 (see next section).<sup>3</sup> The KIMURA 00 values are from fits A and B from a coupled-channel potential model using low-energy  $\bar{K}N$  and  $\Sigma\pi$  data, kaonic-hydrogen x-ray measurements, and our  $\Lambda(1405)$  mass and width. The results bear mainly on the *nature* of the  $\Lambda(1405)$ : three-quark state or  $\bar{K}N$  bound state.<sup>4</sup> The MARTIN 81 fit includes the  $K^\pm p$  forward scattering amplitudes and the dispersion relations they must satisfy.<sup>5</sup> See also the accompanying paper of THOMAS 73.<sup>6</sup> Data of SAKITT 65 are used in the fit by KITTEL 66.<sup>7</sup> An asymmetric shape, with  $\Gamma/2 = 41$  MeV below resonance, 14 MeV above. **$\Lambda(1405)$  REFERENCES**

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CIEPLY 10	EPJ A43 191	A. Cieply, J. Smejkal	(NPI, Tech. U, Czech Rep.)
ESMAILI 10	PL B686 23	J. Esmaili, Y. Akaishi, T. Yamazaki	(RIKEN, ISUT+)
REVAI 09	PR C79 035202	J. Revai, N.V. Shevchenko	(BUDA, NPI Czech Rep.)
ZYCHOR 08	PL B660 167	I. Zychor <i>et al.</i>	(COSY-ANKE Collab.)
GENG 07A	EPJ A34 405	L.S. Geng, E. Oset	(VALE)
KIMURA 00	PR C62 015206	M. Kimura <i>et al.</i>	
BURKHARDT 91	PR C44 607	H. Burkhardt, J. Lowe	(NOTT, UNM, BIRM)
DALITZ 91	JP G17 289	R.H. Dalitz, A. Deloff	(OXFTP, WINR)
HEMINGWAY 85	NP B253 742	R.J. Hemingway	(CERN) J
MARTIN 81	NP B179 33	A.D. Martin	(DURH)
CHAO 73	NP B56 46	Y.A. Chao <i>et al.</i>	(RHEL, CMU, LOUC)

THOMAS	73	NP B56 15	D.W. Thomas <i>et al.</i>	(CMU) J
MARTIN	70	NP B16 479	A.D. Martin, G.G. Ross	(DURH)
MARTIN	69	PR 183 1352	B.R. Martin, M. Sakitt	(LOUC, BNL)
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BARBARO-...	68B	PRL 21 573	A. Barbaro-Galtieri <i>et al.</i>	(LRL, SLAC)
KIM	67	PRL 19 1074	J.K. Kim	(YALE)
BIRMINGHAM	66	PR 152 1148	M. Haque <i>et al.</i>	(BIRM, GLAS, LOIC, OXF+)
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