$B_{J}(5840)^{0}$ 

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(?^?)$$
 Status: \*\*
  
I, J, P need confirmation.

#### OMITTED FROM SUMMARY TABLE

Quantum numbers shown are quark-model predictions.

#### $B_{J}(5840)^{0}$ MASS

OUR FIT uses  $m_{B^+}$  and  $m_{B_1(5840)^0} - m_{B^+}$  to determine  $m_{B_1(5840)^0}$ .

VALUE (MeV)

DOCUMENT ID

#### 5863 ± 9 OUR FIT

$m_{B_1(5840)^0}$	_	$m_{B^+}$
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VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
584± 9 OUR FIT	·	_		

584± 5±7

12k <sup>1</sup> AAIJ

15AB LHCB pp at 7, 8 TeV

ullet ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

 $610 \pm 22 \pm 7$ 

12k <sup>2</sup> AAIJ

15AB LHCB pp at 7, 8 TeV

 $^1$  AAIJ 15AB reports  $[m_{B^0_J} - m_{B^+}] - m_{\pi^-} =$  444  $\pm$  5  $\pm$  7 MeV which we adjust by

the  $\pi^-$  mass. The masses inside the square brackets were measured for each candidate event. The result assumes  $P=(-1)^J$  and uses two relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.

 $^2$  AAIJ 15AB reports  $[m_{B^0}^{-} - m_{B^+}] - m_{\pi^-} = 471 \pm 22 \pm 7$  MeV which we adjust by

the  $\pi^-$  mass. The masses inside the square brackets were measured for each candidate event. The result assumes  $P=(-1)^J$  and uses three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.

### $m_{B_J(5840)^0} - m_{B^{*+}}$

VALUE (MeV) \_\_\_EVTS \_\_DOCUMENT\_ID \_\_TECN \_\_COMMENT\_

ullet ullet We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ullet ullet

 $584 \pm 5 \pm 7$ 

L2k <sup>3</sup> AAIJ

15AB LHCB pp at 7, 8 TeV

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 $^3$  AAIJ 15AB reports  $[m_{B_J^0} - m_{B^+}] - (m_{B^{*+}} - m_{B^+}) - m_{\pi^-} = 444 \pm 5 \pm 7 \text{ MeV}$ 

which we adjust by the  $\pi^-$  mass. The masses inside the square brackets were measured for each candidate event. The result assumes  $P=-(-1)^J$ ,  $(m_{B^{*+}}-m_{B^+})=45.01\pm0.30\pm0.23$  MeV, and uses three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.

### $B_{J}(5840)^{0}$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$127 \pm 17 \pm 34$	12k	<sup>4</sup> AAIJ	15AB LHCB	<i>pp</i> at 7, 8 TeV
• • • We do not use th	e following	g data for averages	s, fits, limits, e	etc. • • •
$107 \pm 20 \pm 34$	12k	<sup>5</sup> AAIJ	15AB LHCB	<i>pp</i> at 7, 8 TeV
$119 \pm 17 \pm 34$	12k	<sup>6</sup> AAIJ	15AB LHCB	pp at 7, 8 TeV

# $B_J(5840)^0$ DECAY MODES

	Mode	Fraction $(\Gamma_i/\Gamma)$
Γ <sub>1</sub>	$B^{*+}\pi^{-}$	seen
Γ <sub>2</sub>	$B^{+}\pi^{-}$	possibly seen

## $B_J(5840)^0$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(B^{*+}\pi^-)/\Gamma_{ ext{total}}$					$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$
VALUE	<u>EVTS</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
seen	12k	AAIJ	15AB LHCB	<i>pp</i> at 7, 8 TeV	
$\Gamma(B^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{ m total}$					$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$
VALUE		DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
possibly seen		<sup>7</sup> AAIJ	15AB LHCB	<i>pp</i> at 7, 8 TeV	
$^7$ A $B\pi$ decay is forbidden from a $P=-(-1)^J$ parent, whereas $B^*\pi$ is allowed.					

# B<sub>J</sub>(5840)<sup>0</sup> REFERENCES

AAIJ 15AB JHEP 1504 024 R. Aaij et al. (LHCb Collab.)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Assuming  $P = (-1)^J$  and using two relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.

difference.  $^5$  Assuming  $P=(-1)^J$  and using three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference

mass difference. 6 Assuming  $P=-(-1)^J$  and using three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.