GAUGE AND HIGGS BOSONS

γ (photon)

$I(J^{PC}) = 0,1(1^{--})$

Mass $m < 1 \times 10^{-18}$ eV
Charge $q < 1 \times 10^{-35}$ e
Mean life τ = Stable

g or gluon

$I(J^{P}) = 0(1^{-})$

Mass $m = 0$ [a]
SU(3) color octet

graviton

$J = 2$

Mass $m < 6 \times 10^{-32}$ eV

W

$J = 1$

Charge $= \pm 1$ e
Mass $m = 80.385 \pm 0.015$ GeV
W/Z mass ratio $= 0.88153 \pm 0.00017$
$m_Z - m_W = 10.803 \pm 0.015$ GeV
$m_{W^+} - m_{W^-} = -0.2 \pm 0.6$ GeV
Full width $\Gamma = 2.085 \pm 0.042$ GeV
$\langle N_{\pi^\pm} \rangle = 15.70 \pm 0.35$
$\langle N_{K^\pm} \rangle = 2.20 \pm 0.19$
$\langle N_p \rangle = 0.92 \pm 0.14$
$\langle N_{\text{charged}} \rangle = 19.39 \pm 0.08$

W^- modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

W^+ DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\ell^+\nu$	[b]	(10.86 ± 0.09) %		–
$e^+\nu$		(10.71 ± 0.16) %		40192
$\mu^+\nu$		(10.63 ± 0.15) %		40192
$\tau^+\nu$		(11.38 ± 0.21) %		40173
hadrons		(67.41 ± 0.27) %		–
$\pi^+\gamma$		$< 7 \times 10^{-6}$	95%	40192

$D_s^+\gamma$	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-3}$	95%	40168
$c\mathrm{X}$	(33.3 ± 2.6)	%		–
$c\overline{s}$	$(31\ ^{+13}_{-11})$	%		–
invisible	[c] (1.4 ± 2.9)	%		–

Z

$J = 1$

Charge = 0
Mass $m = 91.1876 \pm 0.0021$ GeV [d]
Full width $\Gamma = 2.4952 \pm 0.0023$ GeV
$\Gamma(\ell^+\ell^-) = 83.984 \pm 0.086$ MeV [b]
$\Gamma(\text{invisible}) = 499.0 \pm 1.5$ MeV [e]
$\Gamma(\text{hadrons}) = 1744.4 \pm 2.0$ MeV
$\Gamma(\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma(e^+e^-) = 1.0009 \pm 0.0028$
$\Gamma(\tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma(e^+e^-) = 1.0019 \pm 0.0032$ [f]

Average charged multiplicity

$\langle N_{charged} \rangle = 20.76 \pm 0.16$ (S = 2.1)

Couplings to quarks and leptons

$g_V^\ell = -0.03783 \pm 0.00041$
$g_V^u = 0.25^{+0.07}_{-0.06}$
$g_V^d = -0.33^{+0.05}_{-0.06}$
$g_A^\ell = -0.50123 \pm 0.00026$
$g_A^u = 0.50^{+0.04}_{-0.06}$
$g_A^d = -0.523^{+0.050}_{-0.029}$
$g^{\nu_\ell} = 0.5008 \pm 0.0008$
$g^{\nu_e} = 0.53 \pm 0.09$
$g^{\nu_\mu} = 0.502 \pm 0.017$

Asymmetry parameters [g]

$A_e = 0.1515 \pm 0.0019$
$A_\mu = 0.142 \pm 0.015$
$A_\tau = 0.143 \pm 0.004$
$A_s = 0.90 \pm 0.09$
$A_c = 0.670 \pm 0.027$
$A_b = 0.923 \pm 0.020$

Charge asymmetry (%) at Z pole

$A_{FB}^{(0\ell)} = 1.71 \pm 0.10$
$A_{FB}^{(0u)} = 4 \pm 7$
$A_{FB}^{(0s)} = 9.8 \pm 1.1$
$A_{FB}^{(0c)} = 7.07 \pm 0.35$
$A_{FB}^{(0b)} = 9.92 \pm 0.16$

Z DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)		Scale factor/ Confidence level		p (MeV/c)
$e^+ e^-$		(3.363	±0.004) %			45594
$\mu^+ \mu^-$		(3.366	±0.007) %			45594
$\tau^+ \tau^-$		(3.370	±0.008) %			45559
$\ell^+ \ell^-$	[b]	(3.3658	±0.0023) %			–
$\ell^+ \ell^- \ell^+ \ell^-$	[h]	(3.30	±0.31) $\times 10^{-6}$	S=1.1		45594
invisible		(20.00	±0.06) %			–
hadrons		(69.91	±0.06) %			–
$(u\overline{u}+c\overline{c})/2$		(11.6	±0.6) %			–
$(d\overline{d}+s\overline{s}+b\overline{b})/3$		(15.6	±0.4) %			–
$c\overline{c}$		(12.03	±0.21) %			–
$b\overline{b}$		(15.12	±0.05) %			–
$b\overline{b}\,b\overline{b}$		(3.6	±1.3) $\times 10^{-4}$			–
$g\,g\,g$		< 1.1		%	CL=95%	–
$\pi^0\gamma$		< 2.01		$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45594
$\eta\gamma$		< 5.1		$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45592
$\omega\gamma$		< 6.5		$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	45590
$\eta'(958)\gamma$		< 4.2		$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45589
$\gamma\gamma$		< 1.46		$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45594
$\pi^0\pi^0$		< 1.52		$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45594
$\gamma\gamma\gamma$		< 1.0		$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45594
$\pi^\pm W^\mp$	[i]	< 7		$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	10162
$\rho^\pm W^\mp$	[i]	< 8.3		$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	10136
$J/\psi(1S)$X		(3.51	$^{+0.23}_{-0.25}$) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1		–
$J/\psi(1S)\gamma$		< 2.6		$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45541
$\psi(2S)$X		(1.60	±0.29) $\times 10^{-3}$			–
$\chi_{c1}(1P)$X		(2.9	±0.7) $\times 10^{-3}$			–
$\chi_{c2}(1P)$X		< 3.2		$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	–
$\Upsilon(1S)$ X + $\Upsilon(2S)$ X + $\Upsilon(3S)$ X		(1.0	±0.5) $\times 10^{-4}$			–
$\Upsilon(1S)$X		< 3.4		$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	–
$\Upsilon(2S)$X		< 6.5		$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	–
$\Upsilon(3S)$X		< 5.4		$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	–
$(D^0/\overline{D}^0)$ X		(20.7	±2.0) %			–
$D^\pm$X		(12.2	±1.7) %			–
$D^*(2010)^\pm$X	[i]	(11.4	±1.3) %			–
$D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$X		(3.6	±0.8) $\times 10^{-3}$			–
$D_{sJ}(2573)^\pm$X		(5.8	±2.2) $\times 10^{-3}$			–
$D^{*\prime}(2629)^\pm$X		searched for				–
B^+X	[j]	(6.08	±0.13) %			–
B^0_sX	[j]	(1.59	±0.13) %			–
B^+_cX		searched for				–

$\Lambda_c^+ X$			(1.54	±0.33) %			–
$\Xi_c^0 X$			seen				–
$\Xi_b X$			seen				–
b-baryon X		[j]	(1.38	±0.22) %			–
anomalous γ+ hadrons		[k]	< 3.2		$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%	–
$e^+ e^- \gamma$		[k]	< 5.2		$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	45594
$\mu^+ \mu^- \gamma$		[k]	< 5.6		$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	45594
$\tau^+ \tau^- \gamma$		[k]	< 7.3		$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	45559
$\ell^+ \ell^- \gamma\gamma$		[l]	< 6.8		$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	–
$q\overline{q}\gamma\gamma$		[l]	< 5.5		$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	–
$\nu\overline{\nu}\gamma\gamma$		[l]	< 3.1		$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45594
$e^\pm \mu^\mp$	LF	[i]	< 7.5		$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=95%	45594
$e^\pm \tau^\mp$	LF	[i]	< 9.8		$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45576
$\mu^\pm \tau^\mp$	LF	[i]	< 1.2		$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45576
pe	L,B		< 1.8		$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45589
$p\mu$	L,B		< 1.8		$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45589

H^0

$J = 0$

Mass $m = 125.09 \pm 0.24$ GeV
Full width $\Gamma < 1.7$ GeV, CL = 95%

H^0 Signal Strengths in Different Channels

See Listings for the latest unpublished results.

Combined Final States = 1.10 ± 0.11
$WW^* = 1.08^{+0.18}_{-0.16}$
$ZZ^* = 1.29^{+0.26}_{-0.23}$
$\gamma\gamma = 1.16 \pm 0.18$
$b\overline{b} = 0.82 \pm 0.30$ (S = 1.1)
$\mu^+ \mu^- < 7.0$, CL = 95%
$\tau^+ \tau^- = 1.12 \pm 0.23$
$Z\gamma < 9.5$, CL = 95%
$t\overline{t}H^0$ Production $= 2.3^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$

H^0 DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$e^+ e^-$	< 1.9 $\times 10^{-3}$	95%	62545
$J/\psi\gamma$	< 1.5 $\times 10^{-3}$	95%	62507
$\Upsilon(1S)\gamma$	< 1.3 $\times 10^{-3}$	95%	62187
$\Upsilon(2S)\gamma$	< 1.9 $\times 10^{-3}$	95%	62143
$\Upsilon(3S)\gamma$	< 1.3 $\times 10^{-3}$	95%	62116
$\mu\tau$	< 1.51 %	95%	62532
invisible	<58 %	95%	–

Neutral Higgs Bosons, Searches for

Searches for a Higgs Boson with Standard Model Couplings

Mass $m >$ 122 and none 128–1000 GeV, CL = 95%

The limits for H_1^0 and A^0 in supersymmetric models refer to the $m_h^{\max}$ benchmark scenario for the supersymmetric parameters.

H_1^0 in Supersymmetric Models ($m_{H_1^0} < m_{H_2^0}$)

Mass $m >$ 92.8 GeV, CL = 95%

A^0 Pseudoscalar Higgs Boson in Supersymmetric Models [n]

Mass $m >$ 93.4 GeV, CL = 95% $\quad \tan\beta > 0.4$

Charged Higgs Bosons ($H^\pm$ and $H^{\pm\pm}$), Searches for

$H^\pm$ Mass $m >$ 80 GeV, CL = 95%

New Heavy Bosons (W', Z', leptoquarks, etc.), Searches for

Additional W Bosons

W' with standard couplings
Mass $m >$ 3.710×10^3 GeV, CL = 95% (pp direct search)
W_R (Right-handed W Boson)
Mass $m >$ 715 GeV, CL = 90% (electroweak fit)

Additional Z Bosons

$Z'_{\rm SM}$ with standard couplings
Mass $m >$ 2.900×10^3 GeV, CL = 95% (pp direct search)
Mass $m >$ 1.500×10^3 GeV, CL = 95% (electroweak fit)
Z_{LR} of $\mathrm{SU(2)}_L \times \mathrm{SU(2)}_R \times \mathrm{U(1)}$ (with $g_L = g_R$)
Mass $m >$ 630 GeV, CL = 95% ($p\overline{p}$ direct search)
Mass $m >$ 1162 GeV, CL = 95% (electroweak fit)
Z_χ of $\mathrm{SO(10)} \rightarrow \mathrm{SU(5)} \times \mathrm{U(1)}_\chi$ (with $g_\chi = e/\cos\theta_W$)
Mass $m >$ 2.620×10^3 GeV, CL = 95% (pp direct search)
Mass $m >$ 1.141×10^3 GeV, CL = 95% (electroweak fit)
Z_ψ of $E_6 \rightarrow \mathrm{SO(10)} \times \mathrm{U(1)}_\psi$ (with $g_\psi = e/\cos\theta_W$)
Mass $m >$ 2.570×10^3 GeV, CL = 95% (pp direct search)
Mass $m >$ 476 GeV, CL = 95% (electroweak fit)
Z_η of $E_6 \rightarrow \mathrm{SU(3)} \times \mathrm{SU(2)} \times \mathrm{U(1)} \times \mathrm{U(1)}_\eta$ (with $g_\eta = e/\cos\theta_W$)
Mass $m >$ 1.870×10^3 GeV, CL = 95% (pp direct search)
Mass $m >$ 619 GeV, CL = 95% (electroweak fit)

Scalar Leptoquarks

Mass $m >$ 1050 GeV, CL = 95% (1st generation, pair prod.)
Mass $m >$ 304 GeV, CL = 95% (1st generation, single prod.)
Mass $m >$ 1000 GeV, CL = 95% (2nd generation, pair prod.)
Mass $m >$ 73 GeV, CL = 95% (2nd generation, single prod.)
Mass $m >$ 740 GeV, CL = 95% (3rd generation, pair prod.)
(See the Particle Listings for assumptions on leptoquark quantum numbers and branching fractions.)

Diquarks

Mass $m >$ 4700 GeV, CL = 95% (E_6 diquark)

Axigluon

Mass $m >$ 3600 GeV, CL = 95%

Axions (A^0) and Other Very Light Bosons, Searches for

The standard Peccei-Quinn axion is ruled out. Variants with reduced couplings or much smaller masses are constrained by various data. The Particle Listings in the full *Review* contain a Note discussing axion searches.

The best limit for the half-life of neutrinoless double beta decay with Majoron emission is $> 7.2 \times 10^{24}$ years (CL = 90%).

NOTES

[*a*] Theoretical value. A mass as large as a few MeV may not be precluded.

[*b*] ℓ indicates each type of lepton (e, μ, and τ), not sum over them.

[*c*] This represents the width for the decay of the W boson into a charged particle with momentum below detectability, p$<$ 200 MeV.

[*d*] The Z-boson mass listed here corresponds to a Breit-Wigner resonance parameter. It lies approximately 34 MeV above the real part of the position of the pole (in the energy-squared plane) in the Z-boson propagator.

[*e*] This partial width takes into account Z decays into $\nu\overline{\nu}$ and any other possible undetected modes.

[*f*] This ratio has not been corrected for the τ mass.

[*g*] Here $A \equiv 2g_V g_A/(g_V^2+g_A^2)$.

[*h*] Here ℓ indicates e or μ.

[*i*] The value is for the sum of the charge states or particle/antiparticle states indicated.

[*j*] This value is updated using the product of (i) the $Z \to b\overline{b}$ fraction from this listing and (ii) the b-hadron fraction in an unbiased sample of weakly decaying b-hadrons produced in Z-decays provided by the Heavy Flavor Averaging Group (HFAG, http://www.slac.stanford.edu/xorg/hfag/osc/PDG_2009/#FRACZ).

[*k*] See the Z Particle Listings for the γ energy range used in this measurement.

[*l*] For $m_{\gamma\gamma} = (60 \pm 5)$ GeV.

[*n*] The limits assume no invisible decays.