$B_J(5970)^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(?^?)$ Status: $**$
I, J, P need confirmation.

Quantum numbers shown are quark-model predictions.

$B_J(5970)^+$ MASS

OUR FIT uses m_{B^0} and $m_{B_J(5970)^+} - m_{B^0}$ to determine $m_{B_J(5970)^+}$.

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID
5964±5 OUR FIT	

$m_{B_J(5970)^+} - m_{B^0}$

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
685 ±5 OUR FIT					
685 ±5 OUR AVERAGE					
685.3±4.1± 2.5	2K	[1] AAIJ	15AB	LHCB	pp at 7, 8 TeV
681 ±5 ±12	1.4k	[2] AALTONEN	14I	CDF	$p\bar{p}$ at 1.96 TeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
686.8±4.5± 2.5	2K	[3] AAIJ	15AB	LHCB	pp at 7, 8 TeV

[1] AAIJ 15AB reports $[m_{B_J^+} - m_{B^0}] - m_{\pi^+} = 545.8 \pm 4.1 \pm 2.5$ MeV which we adjust by the π^+ mass. The masses inside the square brackets were measured for each candidate event. The result assumes $P = (-1)^J$ and uses two relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.

[2] AALTONEN 14I reports $m_{B_J(5970)^+} - m_{B^0} - m_{\pi^+} = 541 \pm 5 \pm 12$ MeV which we adjusted by the π^+ mass.

[3] AAIJ 15AB reports $[m_{B_J^+} - m_{B^0}] - m_{\pi^+} = 547 \pm 5 \pm 3$ MeV which we adjust by the π^+ mass. The masses inside the square brackets were measured for each candidate event. The result assumes $P = (-1)^J$ and uses three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.

$m_{B_J(5970)^+} - m_{B^{*0}}$

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
686.0±4.0±2.5	2k	[4] AAIJ	15AB	LHCB	pp at 7, 8 TeV

[4] AAIJ 15AB reports $[m_{B_J^+} - m_{B^0}] - (m_{B^{*+}} - m_{B^+}) - m_{\pi^+} = 547 \pm 4 \pm 3$ MeV which we adjust by the π^+ mass. The masses inside the square brackets were measured for each candidate event. The result assumes $P = -(-1)^J$, $(m_{B^{*0}} - m_{B^0}) = (m_{B^{*+}} - m_{B^+}) = 45.01 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.23$ MeV, and uses three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.

$B_J(5970)^+$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
62±20 OUR AVERAGE					
$63\pm15\pm17$	2K	[5] AAIJ	15AB	LHCB	pp at 7, 8 TeV
$60^{+30}_{-20}\pm40$	1.4k	AALTONEN	14I	CDF	$p\overline{p}$ at 1.96 TeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
$61\pm14\pm17$	2K	[6] AAIJ	15AB	LHCB	pp at 7, 8 TeV
$61\pm15\pm17$	2K	[7] AAIJ	15AB	LHCB	pp at 7, 8 TeV

[5] Assuming $P = (-1)^J$ and using two relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.

[6] Assuming $P = (-1)^J$ and using three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.

[7] Assuming $P = -(-1)^J$ and using three relativistic Breit-Wigner functions in the fit for mass difference.

$B_J(5970)^+$ DECAY MODES

	Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
Γ_1	$B^0\pi^+$	possibly seen
Γ_2	$B^{*0}\pi^+$	seen

$B_J(5970)^+$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(B^0\pi^+)/\Gamma_{total}$ $\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\Gamma_1/\Gamma$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
possibly seen	2K	[8] AAIJ	15AB	LHCB	pp at 7, 8 TeV
possibly seen	1.4k	AALTONEN	14I	CDF	$p\overline{p}$ at 1.96 TeV

[8] A $B\pi$ decay is forbidden from a $P = -(-1)^J$ parent, whereas $B^*\pi$ is allowed.

$\Gamma(B^{*0}\pi^+)/\Gamma_{total}$ $\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\qquad\Gamma_2/\Gamma$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
seen	2k	AAIJ	15AB	LHCB	pp at 7, 8 TeV
seen	1.4k	AALTONEN	14I	CDF	$p\overline{p}$ at 1.96 TeV

$B_J(5970)^+$ REFERENCES

AAIJ	15AB	JHEP 1504 024	R. Aaij *et al.*	(LHCb Collab.)
AALTONEN	14I	PR D90 012013	T. Aaltonen *et al.*	(CDF Collab.)