

### 3. International System of Units (SI)

See “The International System of Units (SI),” NIST Special Publication **330**, B.N. Taylor, ed. (USGPO, Washington, DC, 1991); and “Guide for the Use of the International System of Units (SI),” NIST Special Publication **811**, 1995 edition, B.N. Taylor (USGPO, Washington, DC, 1995).

| <u>SI prefixes</u> |       |           |
|--------------------|-------|-----------|
| $10^{24}$          | yotta | (Y)       |
| $10^{21}$          | zetta | (Z)       |
| $10^{18}$          | exa   | (E)       |
| $10^{15}$          | peta  | (P)       |
| $10^{12}$          | tera  | (T)       |
| $10^9$             | giga  | (G)       |
| $10^6$             | mega  | (M)       |
| $10^3$             | kilo  | (k)       |
| $10^2$             | hecto | (h)       |
| 10                 | deca  | (da)      |
| $10^{-1}$          | deci  | (d)       |
| $10^{-2}$          | centi | (c)       |
| $10^{-3}$          | milli | (m)       |
| $10^{-6}$          | micro | ( $\mu$ ) |
| $10^{-9}$          | nano  | (n)       |
| $10^{-12}$         | pico  | (p)       |
| $10^{-15}$         | femto | (f)       |
| $10^{-18}$         | atto  | (a)       |
| $10^{-21}$         | zepto | (z)       |
| $10^{-24}$         | yocto | (y)       |

## 2 3. International system of units (SI)

| Physical quantity                       | Name of unit   | Symbol             |
|---|----------------|--------------------|
| <i>Base units</i>                       |                |                    |
| length                                  | meter          | m                  |
| mass                                    | kilogram       | kg                 |
| time                                    | second         | s                  |
| electric current                        | ampere         | A                  |
| thermodynamic temperature               | K              |                    |
| amount of substance                     | mole           | mol                |
| luminous intensity                      | candela        | cd                 |
| <i>Derived units with special names</i> |                |                    |
| plane angle                             | radian         | rad                |
| solid angle                             | steradian      | sr                 |
| frequency                               | hertz          | Hz                 |
| energy                                  | joule          | J                  |
| force                                   | newton         | N                  |
| pressure                                | pascal         | Pa                 |
| power                                   | watt           | W                  |
| electric charge                         | coulomb        | C                  |
| electric potential                      | volt           | V                  |
| electric resistance                     | ohm            | $\Omega$           |
| electric conductance                    | siemens        | S                  |
| electric capacitance                    | farad          | F                  |
| magnetic flux                           | weber          | Wb                 |
| inductance                              | henry          | H                  |
| magnetic flux density                   | tesla          | T                  |
| luminous flux                           | lumen          | lm                 |
| illuminance                             | lux            | lx                 |
| celsius temperature                     | degree celsius | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| activity (of a radioactive source)*     | becquerel      | Bq                 |
| absorbed dose (of ionizing radiation)*  | gray           | Gy                 |
| dose equivalent*                        | sievert        | Sv                 |

\*See our section 36, on “Radioactivity and radiation protection.”