## G10-FR4

Extracted from wikipedia:

"G-10 is a high-pressure fiberglass laminate. It is created by stacking multiple layers of glass cloth, soaking in epoxy resin, and compressing the resulting material under heat until the epoxy cures.

"FR-4 is a composite material composed of woven fiberglass cloth with an epoxy resin binder that is flame resistant. It contain 7-8 % Bromide as Tetrabrombisphenol A."

The exact composition is manufacturer-dependent and likely not reproduceable, and we have in most cases been unable to find even a typical example.

The best we find is the specification list for materials used in the ALICE silicon strip detector (SDD): http://personalpages.to.infn.it~tosello/EngMeet/ITSmat/SDD/ , and in particular http://personalpages.to.infn.it~tosello/EngMeet/ITSmat/SDD/SDD\_G10FR4.html :

1. The glass fiber is E-Glass. The SSD pages give a detailed composition, but since many of the oxides appear only in trace amounts, we use the nearly-identical composition given in https://www.azom.com/article.aspx?ArticleID=764:

"E-Glass is a low alkali glass with a typical nominal composition of  $SiO_2$  54wt%,  $Al_2O_3$  14wt%, CaO+MgO 22wt%,  $B_2O_3$  10wt% and  $Na_2O+K_2O$  less then 2wt%. Some other materials may also be present at impurity levels."

I actually used 22wt% CaO and ignored the small amount of MgO.

2. The epoxy binder is Epoxy resin Epotek 301-1:

## Part A

Diglycidyl Ether of Bisphenol A  $C_{19}H_{20}O_4$ 70% of Part A by weight 56% of Epotek 301-1 by weight 1,4-Butanediol Diglycidyl Ether  $C_{10}H_{18}O_4$ 30% of Part A by weight 24% of Epotek 301-1 by weight

## Part B

1,6-Hexane diamine 2,2,4-trimethyl-  $\rm C_9H_{22}N_2$  20% of Epotek 301-1

3. Between 1986 and 2006 the Review of Particle Physics listed G10 as 60% SiO<sub>2</sub> and 40% epoxy, presumably by weight. The source of these numbers is unknown. They were adopted for the SDD materials list, and interpreted as wt% of E-Glass and Epotek 301-1. We have been unable to find any references to typical proportions of glass and epoxy, and so use this ratio here.

While our results for the E-Glass and Epotek 301-1 are consistent with the SDD numbers, our radiation length in G10 is  $32.17 \text{ g/cm}^2$  rather than their  $30.17 \text{ g/cm}^2$ .