

**$\psi(4390)$** 

$$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^-(1^{--})$$

$I$  needs confirmation.

OMITTED FROM SUMMARY TABLE  
was  $X(4390)$

This state shows properties different from a conventional  $q\bar{q}$  state.  
A candidate for an exotic structure. See the review on non- $q\bar{q}$  states.

 **$\psi(4390)$  MASS**

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>4390 ± 6 OUR AVERAGE</b>			
4382.0 ± 13.3 ± 1.7	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	200 BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$
4391.5 <sup>+6.3</sup> <sub>-6.8</sub> ± 1.0	ABLIKIM	17G BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- h_c$

<sup>1</sup> From a fit of the measured cross section in the range  $\sqrt{s} = 3.808\text{--}4.600$  GeV.

 **$\psi(4390)$  WIDTH**

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>139<sup>+16</sup><sub>-20</sub> OUR AVERAGE</b>			
135.8 ± 60.8 ± 22.5	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	200 BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$
139.5 <sup>+16.2</sup> <sub>-20.6</sub> ± 0.6	ABLIKIM	17G BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- h_c$

<sup>1</sup> From a fit of the measured cross section in the range  $\sqrt{s} = 3.808\text{--}4.600$  GeV.

 **$\psi(4390)$  DECAY MODES**

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1$ $e^+e^-$	
$\Gamma_2$ $\pi^+\pi^- h_c$	seen
$\Gamma_3$ $\eta J/\psi$	seen
$\Gamma_4$ $\pi^+\pi^- \psi(3770)$	possibly seen

 **$\psi(4390)$   $\Gamma(i)\Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma(\text{total})$** 

**$\Gamma(\eta J/\psi) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_3\Gamma_1/\Gamma$**

VALUE (eV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
3.4 ± 2.2	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	200 BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$
1.5 ± 1.0	<sup>2</sup> ABLIKIM	200 BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$
1.7 ± 1.1	<sup>3</sup> ABLIKIM	200 BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$

<sup>1</sup> Solution 1 of three equivalent fit solutions using three resonant structures.

<sup>2</sup> Solution 2 of three equivalent fit solutions using three resonant structures.

<sup>3</sup> Solution 3 of three equivalent fit solutions using three resonant structures.

## $\psi(4390)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-h_c)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$
<b>seen</b>	ABLIKIM	17G BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c$	

$\Gamma(\eta J/\psi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	$\Gamma_3/\Gamma$
<b>seen</b>	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	200 BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta J/\psi$	

<sup>1</sup> With a significance of 6.0  $\sigma$ .

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^-\psi(3770))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	$\Gamma_4/\Gamma$
<b>possibly seen</b>	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	19AR BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-D\bar{D}$	

<sup>1</sup> Observe  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\psi(3770)$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 4.26, 4.36, \text{ and } 4.42$  GeV but cannot establish if continuum or resonant.

## $\psi(4390)$ REFERENCES

ABLIKIM	200	PR D102 031101	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	19AR	PR D100 032005	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	17G	PRL 118 092002	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)