

**$K^*(892)$** 

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(1^-)$

 **$K^*(892)$  T-Matrix Pole  $\sqrt{s}$** 

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>(890 ± 14) – <math>i</math> (26 ± 6) OUR ESTIMATE</b>			
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
(890 ± 2) – $i$ (25.6 ± 1.2)	<sup>1</sup> PELAEZ	20	RVUE $\pi K \rightarrow \pi K$
(892 ± 1) – $i$ (29 ± 1)	<sup>2</sup> PELAEZ	17	RVUE $\pi K \rightarrow \pi K$
(889 ± 13) – $i$ (24 ± 4)	<sup>3</sup> PELAEZ	04A	RVUE $\pi K \rightarrow \pi K$
1 Extracted employing $\pi K$ partial wave analysis from ESTABROOKS 78 and ASTON 88, Roy-Steiner equations and once subtracted forward dispersion relations.			
2 Reanalysis of ESTABROOKS 78 and ASTON 88 satisfying Forward Dispersion Relations and using sequences of Pade approximants.			
3 Reanalysis of data from ESTABROOKS 78 and ASTON 88 in the unitarized ChPT model.			

 **$K^*(892)$  MASS****CHARGED ONLY, HADROPRODUCED**

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>891.67 ± 0.26 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
892.2 ± 0.5 ± 1.7		ALBRECHT	20	CBAR	0.9 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
892.6 ± 0.5	5840	BAUBILLIER	84B	HBC –	8.25 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$
888 ± 3		NAPIER	84	SPEC +	200 $\pi^- p \rightarrow 2K_S^0 X$
891 ± 1		NAPIER	84	SPEC –	200 $\pi^- p \rightarrow 2K_S^0 X$
891.7 ± 2.1	3700	BARTH	83	HBC +	70 $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+ X$
891 ± 1	4100	TOAFF	81	HBC –	6.5 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$
892.8 ± 1.6		AJINENKO	80	HBC +	32 $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+ X$
890.7 ± 0.9	1800	AGUILAR...	78B	HBC ±	0.76 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^\mp K_S^0 \pi^\pm$
886.6 ± 2.4	1225	BALAND	78	HBC ±	12 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow (K\pi)^\pm X$
891.7 ± 0.6	6706	COOPER	78	HBC ±	0.76 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow (K\pi)^\pm X$
891.9 ± 0.7	9000	<sup>1</sup> PALER	75	HBC –	14.3 $K^- p \rightarrow (K\pi)^- X$
892.2 ± 1.5	4404	AGUILAR...	71B	HBC –	3.9, 4.6 $K^- p \rightarrow (K\pi)^- p$
891 ± 2	1000	CRENNELL	69D	DBC –	3.9 $K^- N \rightarrow K^0 \pi^- X$
890 ± 3.0	720	BARLOW	67	HBC ±	1.2 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow (K^0 \pi)^\pm K^\mp$
889 ± 3.0	600	BARLOW	67	HBC ±	1.2 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow (K^0 \pi)^\pm K\pi$
891 ± 2.3	620	<sup>2</sup> DEBAERE	67B	HBC +	3.5 $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+ p$
891.0 ± 1.2	1700	<sup>3</sup> WOJCICKI	64	HBC –	1.7 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
893.6 ± 0.1 ± 0.2	183k	ABLIKIM	19AQ BES	±	$J/\psi \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
895.6 ± 0.8	4k	<sup>4</sup> LEES	17C BABR		$J/\psi \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
893.2 ± 0.1 ± 1.0	190k	<sup>5</sup> AAIJ	16N LHCb		$D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
893.5 ± 1.1	27k	<sup>6</sup> ABELE	99D CBAR	±	0.0 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
890.4 ± 0.2 ± 0.5	80k	<sup>7</sup> BIRD	89 LASS	–	11 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$

890.0	$\pm 2.3$	800	2,3 CLELAND	82	SPEC +	30	$K^+ p \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ p$
896.0	$\pm 1.1$	3200	2,3 CLELAND	82	SPEC +	50	$K^+ p \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ p$
893	$\pm 1$	3600	2,3 CLELAND	82	SPEC -	50	$K^+ p \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- p$
896.0	$\pm 1.9$	380	DELFOSSE	81	SPEC +	50	$K^\pm p \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^0 p$
886.0	$\pm 2.3$	187	DELFOSSE	81	SPEC -	50	$K^\pm p \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^0 p$
894.2	$\pm 2.0$	765	2 CLARK	73	HBC -	3.13	$K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$
894.3	$\pm 1.5$	1150	2,3 CLARK	73	HBC -	3.3	$K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$
892.0	$\pm 2.6$	341	2 SCHWEING...	68	HBC -	5.5	$K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$

<sup>1</sup>Inclusive reaction. Complicated background and phase-space effects.

<sup>2</sup>Mass errors enlarged by us to  $\Gamma/\sqrt{N}$ . See note.

<sup>3</sup>Number of events in peak reevaluated by us.

<sup>4</sup>From a Dalitz plot analysis in an isobar model with charged and neutral  $K^*(892)$  masses and widths floating.

<sup>5</sup>Average of fit results with different parametrizations for the  $K\pi$  S-wave.

<sup>6</sup>K-matrix pole.

<sup>7</sup>From a partial wave amplitude analysis.

## CHARGED ONLY, PRODUCED IN $\tau$ LEPTON DECAYS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>895.47 <math>\pm 0.20 \pm 0.74</math></b>	53k	<sup>1</sup> EPIFANOV	07	$BELL \quad \tau^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
892.0 $\pm 0.5$		<sup>2</sup> BOITO	10	$RVUE \quad \tau^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$
892.0 $\pm 0.9$		<sup>3,4</sup> BOITO	09	$RVUE \quad \tau^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$
895.3 $\pm 0.2$		<sup>4,5</sup> JAMIN	08	$RVUE \quad \tau^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$
896.4 $\pm 0.9$	12k	<sup>6</sup> BONVICINI	02	$CLEO \quad \tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$
895 $\pm 2$		<sup>7</sup> BARATE	99R	$ALEP \quad \tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$

<sup>1</sup>From a fit in the  $K_0^*(700) + K^*(892) + K^*(1410)$  model.

<sup>2</sup>From the pole position of the  $K\pi$  vector form factor using EPIFANOV 07 and constraints from  $K_{l3}$  decays in ANTONELLI 10.

<sup>3</sup>From the pole position of the  $K\pi$  vector form factor in the complex  $s$ -plane and using EPIFANOV 07 data.

<sup>4</sup>Systematic uncertainties not estimated.

<sup>5</sup>Reanalysis of EPIFANOV 07 using resonance chiral theory.

<sup>6</sup>Calculated by us from the shift by  $4.7 \pm 0.9$  MeV (statistical uncertainty only) reported in BONVICINI 02 with respect to the world average value from PDG 00.

<sup>7</sup>With mass and width of the  $K^*(1410)$  fixed at 1412 MeV and 227 MeV, respectively.

## NEUTRAL ONLY

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>895.55 <math>\pm 0.20</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.7. See the ideogram below.		
894.68 $\pm 0.25 \pm 0.05$		<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	16F	$BES3 \quad D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e$
895.4 $\pm 0.2 \pm 0.2$	243k	<sup>2</sup> DEL-AMO-SA..	11I	$BABR \quad D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e$
895.7 $\pm 0.2 \pm 0.3$	141k	<sup>3</sup> BONVICINI	08A	$CLEO \quad D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$
895.41 $\pm 0.32^{+0.35}_{-0.43}$	18k	<sup>4</sup> LINK	05I	$FOCS \quad D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
896 $\pm 2$		BARBERIS	98E	$OMEG \quad 450 \text{ pp} \rightarrow p_f p_s K^* \bar{K}^*$
895.9 $\pm 0.5 \pm 0.2$		ASTON	88	$LASS \quad 11 \text{ K}^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
894.52 $\pm 0.63$	25k	<sup>5</sup> ATKINSON	86	$OMEG \quad 20-70 \gamma p$
894.63 $\pm 0.76$	20k	<sup>5</sup> ATKINSON	86	$OMEG \quad 20-70 \gamma p$
897 $\pm 1$	28k	EVANGELIS...	80	$OMEG \quad 10 \pi^- p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- (\Lambda, \Sigma)$

898.4 $\pm 1.4$	1180	AGUILAR-...	78B	HBC	$0.76 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K^\mp K_S^0 \pi^\pm$
894.9 $\pm 1.6$		WICKLUND	78	ASPK	$3,4,6 K^\pm N \rightarrow (K\pi)^0 N$
897.6 $\pm 0.9$		BOWLER	77	DBC	$5.4 K^+ d \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- pp$
895.5 $\pm 1.0$	3600	MCCUBBIN	75	HBC	$3.6 K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
897.1 $\pm 0.7$	22k	<sup>5</sup> PALER	75	HBC	$14.3 K^- p \rightarrow (K\pi)^0 X$
896.0 $\pm 0.6$	10k	FOX	74	RVUE	$2 K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
896.0 $\pm 0.6$		FOX	74	RVUE	$2 K^+ n \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- p$
896 $\pm 2$		<sup>6</sup> MATISON	74	HBC	$12 K^+ p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \Delta$
896 $\pm 1$	3186	LEWIS	73	HBC	$2.1\text{--}2.7 K^+ p \rightarrow K\pi\pi p$
894.0 $\pm 1.3$		<sup>6</sup> LINGLIN	73	HBC	$2\text{--}13 K^+ p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^+ p$
898.4 $\pm 1.3$	1700	<sup>7</sup> BUCHNER	72	DBC	$4.6 K^+ n \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- p$
897.9 $\pm 1.1$	2934	<sup>7</sup> AGUILAR-...	71B	HBC	$3.9,4.6 K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
898.0 $\pm 0.7$	5362	<sup>7</sup> AGUILAR-...	71B	HBC	$3.9,4.6 K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- p$
895 $\pm 1$	4300	<sup>8</sup> HABER	70	DBC	$3 K^- N \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ X$
893.7 $\pm 2.0$	10k	DAVIS	69	HBC	$12 K^+ p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^+ p$
894.7 $\pm 1.4$	1040	<sup>7</sup> DAUBER	67B	HBC	$2.0 K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- p$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
895.50 $\pm 0.92 \pm 2.6$		<sup>9</sup> ADUSZKIEW...	20A	NA61	$158 pp$
898.1 $\pm 1.0$	4k	<sup>10</sup> LEES	17C	BABR	$J/\psi \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
895.53 $\pm 0.17$		LEES	13F	BABR	$D^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$
894.9 $\pm 0.5 \pm 0.7$	14.4k	<sup>11</sup> MITCHELL	09A	CLEO	$D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$
896.2 $\pm 0.3$	20k	<sup>12</sup> AUBERT	07AK	BABR	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^{*0} K^\pm \pi^\mp \gamma$
900.7 $\pm 1.1$	5900	BARTH	83	HBC	$70 K^+ p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- X$

<sup>1</sup> Taking also into account the  $K_0^*(1430)^0$  and  $K_2^*(1430)^0$ .

<sup>2</sup> Taking into account the  $K^*(892)^0$ , *S*-wave and *P*-wave ( $K^*(1410)^0$ ).

<sup>3</sup> From the isobar model with a complex pole for the  $\kappa$ .

<sup>4</sup> Fit to  $K\pi$  mass spectrum includes a non-resonant scalar component.

<sup>5</sup> Inclusive reaction. Complicated background and phase-space effects.

<sup>6</sup> From pole extrapolation.

<sup>7</sup> Mass errors enlarged by us to  $\Gamma/\sqrt{N}$ . See note.

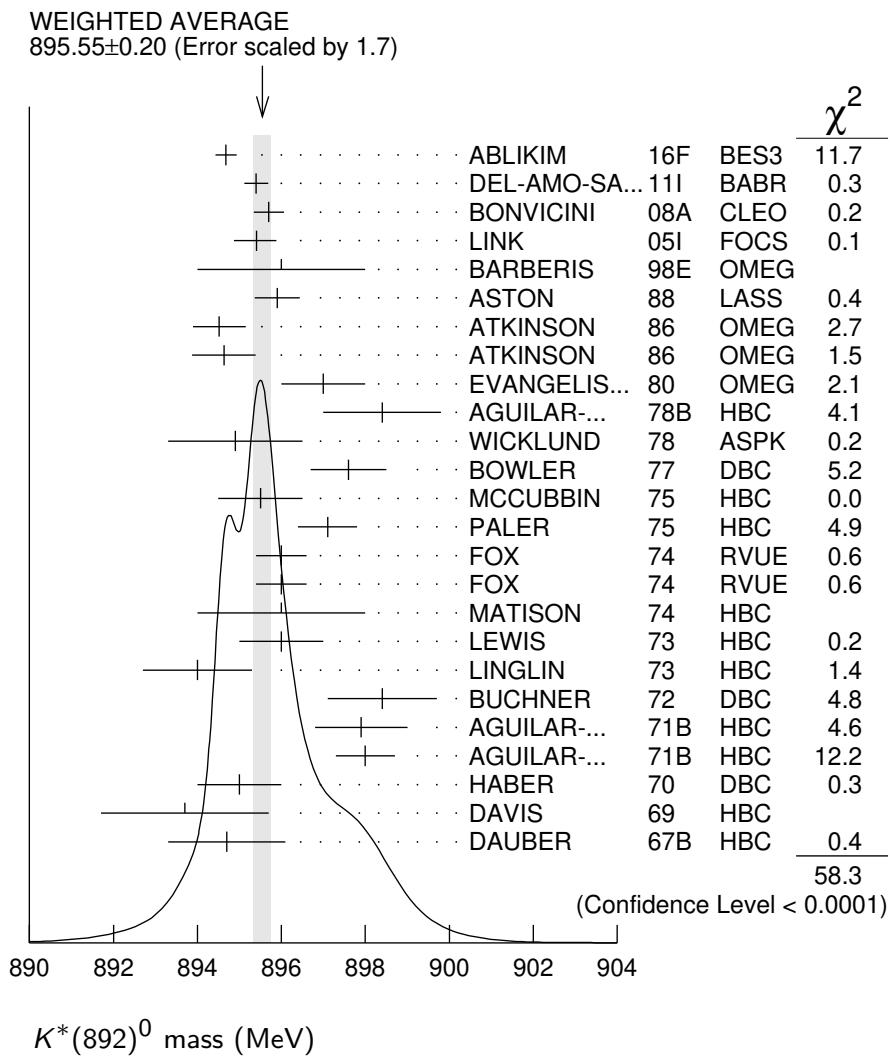
<sup>8</sup> Number of events in peak reevaluated by us.

<sup>9</sup> For transverse momenta between 0.6 and 0.8 GeV/c and rapidity  $0 < y < 0.5$ .

<sup>10</sup> From a Dalitz plot analysis in an isobar model with charged and neutral  $K^*(892)$  masses and widths floating.

<sup>11</sup> This value comes from a fit with  $\chi^2$  of 178/117.

<sup>12</sup> Systematic uncertainties not estimated.



## **$K^*(892)$ MASSES AND MASS DIFFERENCES**

Unrealistically small errors have been reported by some experiments. We use simple “realistic” tests for the minimum errors on the determination of a mass and width from a sample of  $N$  events:

$$\delta_{\min}(m) = \frac{\Gamma}{\sqrt{N}}, \quad \delta_{\min}(\Gamma) = 4 \frac{\Gamma}{\sqrt{N}}. \quad (1)$$

We consistently increase unrealistic errors before averaging. For a detailed discussion, see the 1971 edition of this Note.

**$m_{K^*(892)^0} - m_{K^*(892)^\pm}$** 

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>6.7±1.2 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
7.7±1.7	2980	AGUILAR...	78B HBC	±0	0.76 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^\mp K_S^0 \pi^\pm$
5.7±1.7	7338	AGUILAR...	71B HBC	-0	3.9,4.6 $K^- p$
6.3±4.1	283	<sup>1</sup> BARASH	67B HBC		0.0 $\bar{p}p$

<sup>1</sup> Number of events in peak reevaluated by us.

 **$K^*(892)$  RANGE PARAMETER**

All from partial wave amplitude analyses.

VALUE (GeV <sup>-1</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
2.1 ± 0.5 ± 0.5	243k	<sup>1</sup> DEL-AMO-SA.11I	BABR	0	$D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e$
3.96±0.54 <sup>+1.31</sup> <sub>-0.90</sub>	18k	<sup>2</sup> LINK	05I FOCs	0	$D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
3.4 ± 0.7		ASTON	88 LASS	0	11 $K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
12.1 ± 3.2 ± 3.0		BIRD	89 LASS	-	11 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$

<sup>1</sup> Taking into account the  $K^*(892)^0$ ,  $S$ -wave and  $P$ -wave ( $K^*(1410)^0$ ).

<sup>2</sup> Fit to  $K\pi$  mass spectrum includes a non-resonant scalar component.

 **$K^*(892)$  WIDTH****CHARGED ONLY, HADROPRODUCED**

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>51.4±0.8 OUR FIT</b>					
<b>51.4±0.8 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
54.4±0.9±1.7		ALBRECHT	20 CBAR		0.9 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
49 ± 2	5840	BAUBILLIER	84B HBC	-	8.25 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$
56 ± 4		NAPIER	84 SPEC	-	200 $\pi^- p \rightarrow 2K_S^0 X$
51 ± 2	4100	TOAFF	81 HBC	-	6.5 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$
50.5±5.6		AJINENKO	80 HBC	+	32 $K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+ X$
45.8±3.6	1800	AGUILAR...	78B HBC	±	0.76 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^\mp K_S^0 \pi^\pm$
52.0±2.5	6706	<sup>1</sup> COOPER	78 HBC	±	0.76 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow (K\pi)^\pm X$
52.1±2.2	9000	<sup>2</sup> PALER	75 HBC	-	14.3 $K^- p \rightarrow (K\pi)^- X$
46.3±6.7	765	<sup>1</sup> CLARK	73 HBC	-	3.13 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$
48.2±5.7	1150	<sup>1,3</sup> CLARK	73 HBC	-	3.3 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$
54.3±3.3	4404	<sup>1</sup> AGUILAR...	71B HBC	-	3.9,4.6 $K^- p \rightarrow (K\pi)^- p$
46 ± 5	1700	<sup>1,3</sup> WOJCICKI	64 HBC	-	1.7 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>					
46.7±0.2 <sup>+0.1</sup> <sub>-0.2</sub>	183k	ABLIKIM	19AQ BES	±	$J/\psi \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
43.6±1.3	4k	<sup>4</sup> LEES	17C BABR		$J/\psi \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
47.2±0.3±2.3	190k	<sup>5</sup> AAIJ	16N LHCb		$D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
54.8±1.7	27k	<sup>6</sup> ABEL	99D CBAR	±	0.0 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
45.2±1 ± 2	80k	<sup>7</sup> BIRD	89 LASS	-	11 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$

$42.8 \pm 7.1$	3700	BARTH	83	HBC	+	$70 K^+ p \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+ X$
$64.0 \pm 9.2$	800	<sup>1,3</sup> CLELAND	82	SPEC	+	$30 K^+ p \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ p$
$62.0 \pm 4.4$	3200	<sup>1,3</sup> CLELAND	82	SPEC	+	$50 K^+ p \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ p$
$55 \pm 4$	3600	<sup>1,3</sup> CLELAND	82	SPEC	-	$50 K^+ p \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- p$
$62.6 \pm 3.8$	380	DELFOSSE	81	SPEC	+	$50 K^\pm p \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^0 p$
$50.5 \pm 3.9$	187	DELFOSSE	81	SPEC	-	$50 K^\pm p \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^0 p$

<sup>1</sup> Width errors enlarged by us to  $4 \times \Gamma/\sqrt{N}$ ; see note.<sup>2</sup> Inclusive reaction. Complicated background and phase-space effects.<sup>3</sup> Number of events in peak reevaluated by us.<sup>4</sup> From a Dalitz plot analysis in an isobar model with charged and neutral  $K^*(892)$  masses and widths floating.<sup>5</sup> Average of fit results with different parametrizations for the  $K\pi$  S-wave.<sup>6</sup> K-matrix pole.<sup>7</sup> From a partial wave amplitude analysis.

## CHARGED ONLY, PRODUCED IN $\tau$ LEPTON DECAYS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>46.2 <math>\pm 0.6 \pm 1.2</math></b>	53k	<sup>1</sup> EPIFANOV	07	BELL $\tau^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$
<b>• • •</b> We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. <b>• • •</b>				
46.5 $\pm 1.1$		<sup>2</sup> BOITO	10	RVUE $\tau^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$
46.2 $\pm 0.4$		<sup>3,4</sup> BOITO	09	RVUE $\tau^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$
47.5 $\pm 0.4$		<sup>4,5</sup> JAMIN	08	RVUE $\tau^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- \nu_\tau$
55 $\pm 8$		<sup>6</sup> BARATE	99R	ALEP $\tau^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^0 \nu_\tau$

<sup>1</sup> From a fit in the  $K_0^*(700) + K^*(892) + K^*(1410)$  model.<sup>2</sup> From the pole position of the  $K\pi$  vector form factor using EPIFANOV 07 and constraints from  $K/3$  decays in ANTONELLI 10.<sup>3</sup> From the pole position of the  $K\pi$  vector form factor in the complex  $s$ -plane and using EPIFANOV 07 data.<sup>4</sup> Systematic uncertainties not estimated.<sup>5</sup> Reanalysis of EPIFANOV 07 using resonance chiral theory.<sup>6</sup> With mass and width of the  $K^*(1410)$  fixed at 1412 MeV and 227 MeV, respectively.

## NEUTRAL ONLY

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>47.3 <math>\pm 0.5</math> OUR FIT</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.9.		
<b>47.3 <math>\pm 0.5</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>		Error includes scale factor of 2.0. See the ideogram below.		
46.53 $\pm 0.56 \pm 0.31$		<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	16F	BES3 $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e$
46.5 $\pm 0.3 \pm 0.2$	243k	<sup>2</sup> DEL-AMO-SA...11I	BABR	$D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ e^+ \nu_e$
45.3 $\pm 0.5 \pm 0.6$	141k	<sup>3</sup> BONVICINI	08A	CLEO $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$
47.79 $\pm 0.86^{+1.32}_{-1.06}$	18k	<sup>4</sup> LINK	05I	FOCS $D^+ \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
54 $\pm 3$		BARBERIS	98E	OMEG $450 pp \rightarrow p_f p_s K^* \bar{K}^*$
50.8 $\pm 0.8 \pm 0.9$		ASTON	88	LASS $11 K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$
46.5 $\pm 4.3$	5900	BARTH	83	HBC $70 K^+ p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- X$
54 $\pm 2$	28k	EVANGELIS...	80	OMEG $10 \pi^- p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- (\Lambda, \Sigma)$
45.9 $\pm 4.8$	1180	AGUILAR-...	78B	HBC $0.76 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K^\mp K_S^0 \pi^\pm$
51.2 $\pm 1.7$		WICKLUND	78	ASPK $3,4,6 K^\pm N \rightarrow (K\pi)^0 N$
48.9 $\pm 2.5$		BOWLER	77	DBC $5.4 K^+ d \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- pp$

48	$\begin{array}{c} +3 \\ -2 \end{array}$	3600	MCCUBBIN	75	HBC	$3.6 K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$	
50.6	$\pm 2.5$	22k	<sup>5</sup> PALER	75	HBC	$14.3 K^- p \rightarrow (K\pi)^0 X$	
47	$\pm 2$	10k	FOX	74	RVUE	$2 K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$	
51	$\pm 2$		FOX	74	RVUE	$2 K^+ n \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- p$	
46.0	$\pm 3.3$	3186	<sup>6</sup> LEWIS	73	HBC	$2.1-2.7 K^+ p \rightarrow K\pi\pi p$	
51.4	$\pm 5.0$	1700	<sup>6</sup> BUCHNER	72	DBC	$4.6 K^+ n \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- p$	
55.8	$\begin{array}{c} +4.2 \\ -3.4 \end{array}$	2934	<sup>6</sup> AGUILAR-...	71B	HBC	$3.9, 4.6 K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ n$	
48.5	$\pm 2.7$	5362	AGUILAR-...	71B	HBC	$3.9, 4.6 K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- p$	
54.0	$\pm 3.3$	4300	<sup>6,7</sup> HABER	70	DBC	$3 K^- N \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ X$	
53.2	$\pm 2.1$	10k	<sup>6</sup> DAVIS	69	HBC	$12 K^+ p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^+ p$	
44	$\pm 5.5$	1040	<sup>6</sup> DAUBER	67B	HBC	$2.0 K^- p \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^- p$	
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>							
48.8	$\pm 1.8$	$\pm 2.0$	<sup>8</sup> ADUSZKIEW...20A	NA61	158 $p\bar{p}$		
52.6	$\pm 1.7$	4k	<sup>9</sup> LEES	17C	BABR	$J/\psi \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$	
44.90 $\pm 0.30$			LEES	13F	BABR	$D^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$	
45.7	$\pm 1.1$	$\pm 0.5$	14.4k	<sup>10</sup> MITCHELL	09A	CLEO	$D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$
50.6	$\pm 0.9$	20k	<sup>11</sup> AUBERT	07AK	BABR	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^{*0} K^\pm \pi^\mp \gamma$	

<sup>1</sup> Taking also into account the  $K_0^*(1430)^0$  and  $K_2^*(1430)^0$ .

<sup>2</sup> Taking into account the  $K^*(892)^0$ ,  $S$ -wave and  $P$ -wave ( $K^*(1410)^0$ ).

<sup>3</sup> From the isobar model with a complex pole for the  $\kappa$ .

<sup>4</sup> Fit to  $K\pi$  mass spectrum includes a non-resonant scalar component.

<sup>5</sup> Inclusive reaction. Complicated background and phase-space effects.

<sup>6</sup> Width errors enlarged by us to  $4 \times \Gamma/\sqrt{N}$ ; see note.

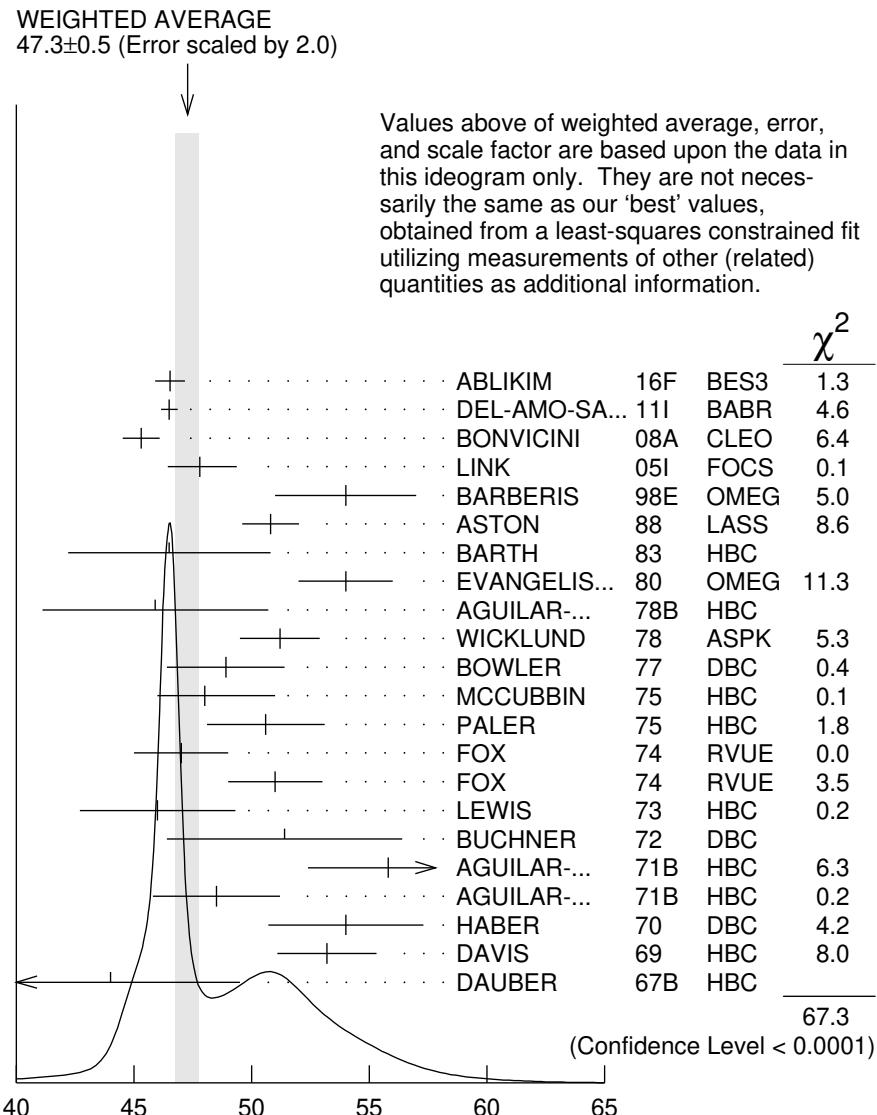
<sup>7</sup> Number of events in peak reevaluated by us.

<sup>8</sup> For transverse momenta between 0.6 and 0.8 GeV/c and rapidity  $0 < y < 0.5$ .

<sup>9</sup> From a Dalitz plot analysis in an isobar model with charged and neutral  $K^*(892)$  masses and widths floating.

<sup>10</sup> This value comes from a fit with  $\chi^2$  of 178/117.

<sup>11</sup> Systematic uncertainties not estimated.



NEUTRAL ONLY (MeV)

### K\*(892) DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level
$\Gamma_1 \quad K\pi$	~ 100 %	
$\Gamma_2 \quad (K\pi)^{\pm}$	( 99.902 ± 0.009 ) %	
$\Gamma_3 \quad (K\pi)^0$	( 99.754 ± 0.021 ) %	
$\Gamma_4 \quad K^0\gamma$	( 2.46 ± 0.21 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_5 \quad K^\pm\gamma$	( 9.8 ± 0.9 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
$\Gamma_6 \quad K\pi\pi$	< 7 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	95%

## CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to the total width and a partial width uses 14 measurements and one constraint to determine 3 parameters. The overall fit has a  $\chi^2 = 10.7$  for 12 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients  $\langle \delta p_i \delta p_j \rangle / (\delta p_i \cdot \delta p_j)$ , in percent, from the fit to parameters  $p_i$ , including the branching fractions,  $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ . The fit constrains the  $x_i$  whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x_5 & -100 \\ \hline \Gamma & 17 & -17 \\ & x_2 & x_5 \end{array}$$

	Mode	Rate (MeV)
$\Gamma_2$	$(K\pi)^\pm$	$51.4 \pm 0.8$
$\Gamma_5$	$K^\pm \gamma$	$0.050 \pm 0.005$

## CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to the total width and a partial width uses 23 measurements and one constraint to determine 3 parameters. The overall fit has a  $\chi^2 = 68.4$  for 21 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients  $\langle \delta p_i \delta p_j \rangle / (\delta p_i \cdot \delta p_j)$ , in percent, from the fit to parameters  $p_i$ , including the branching fractions,  $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ . The fit constrains the  $x_i$  whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x_4 & -100 \\ \hline \Gamma & 12 & -12 \\ & x_3 & x_4 \end{array}$$

	Mode	Rate (MeV)	Scale factor
$\Gamma_3$	$(K\pi)^0$	$47.2 \pm 0.5$	1.9
$\Gamma_4$	$K^0 \gamma$	$0.117 \pm 0.010$	

## $K^*(892)$ PARTIAL WIDTHS

$\Gamma(K^0 \gamma)$	$\Gamma_4$
<u>VALUE (keV)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>
<b>116 <math>\pm</math> 10 OUR FIT</b>	
<b>116.5 <math>\pm</math> 9.9</b>	584
CARLSMITH	86
SPEC	0
$K_L^0 A \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0 A$	

$\Gamma(K^\pm\gamma)$	$\Gamma_5$				
VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT	
<b>50± 5 OUR FIT</b>					
<b>50± 5 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
48±11	BERG 83	SPEC	—	156 $K^- A \rightarrow \bar{K}\pi A$	
51± 5	CHANDLEE 83	SPEC	+	200 $K^+ A \rightarrow K\pi A$	

## $K^*(892)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(K^0\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_4/\Gamma$				
VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT	
<b>2.46±0.21 OUR FIT</b>					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
1.5 ±0.7	CARITHERS 75B	CNTR	0	8–16 $\bar{K}^0 A$	
$\Gamma(K^\pm\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_5/\Gamma$				
VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>0.98±0.09 OUR FIT</b>					
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<1.6	95	BEMPORAD 73	CNTR	+	10–16 $K^+ A$
$\Gamma(K\pi\pi)/\Gamma((K\pi)^\pm)$	$\Gamma_6/\Gamma_2$				
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	CHG	COMMENT
<b>&lt; 7 × 10<sup>-4</sup></b>	95	JONGEJANS 78	HBC		4 $K^- p \rightarrow p\bar{K}^0 2\pi$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<20 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>		WOJCICKI 64	HBC	—	1.7 $K^- p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^- p$

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