



$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+) \text{ Status: } ****$$

We have omitted some results that have been superseded by later experiments. See our earlier editions.

Λ MASS

The fit uses Λ , Σ^+ , Σ^0 , Σ^- mass and mass-difference measurements.

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1115.683±0.006 OUR FIT				
1115.683±0.006 OUR AVERAGE				
1115.678±0.006±0.006	20k	HARTOUNI	94	SPEC pp 27.5 GeV/c
1115.690±0.008±0.006	18k	¹ HARTOUNI	94	SPEC pp 27.5 GeV/c
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
1115.59 ±0.08	935	HYMAN	72	HEBC
1115.39 ±0.12	195	MAYEUR	67	EMUL
1115.6 ±0.4		LONDON	66	HBC
1115.65 ±0.07	488	² SCHMIDT	65	HBC
1115.44 ±0.12		³ BHOWMIK	63	RVUE

¹We assume *CPT* invariance: this is the $\bar{\Lambda}$ mass as measured by HARTOUNI 94. See below for the fractional mass difference, testing *CPT*.

²The SCHMIDT 65 masses have been reevaluated using our April 1973 proton and K^\pm and π^\pm masses. P. Schmidt, private communication (1974).

³The mass has been raised 35 keV to take into account a 46 keV increase in the proton mass and an 11 keV decrease in the π^\pm mass (note added Reviews of Modern Physics **39** 1 (1967)).

$$(m_\Lambda - m_{\bar{\Lambda}}) / m_\Lambda$$

A test of *CPT* invariance.

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-5})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
− 0.1 ± 1.1 OUR AVERAGE				
Error includes scale factor of 1.6.				
+ 1.3 ± 1.2	31k	¹ RYBICKI	96	NA32 π^- Cu, 230 GeV
− 1.08 ± 0.90		HARTOUNI	94	SPEC pp 27.5 GeV/c
4.5 ± 5.4		CHIEN	66	HBC 6.9 GeV/c $\bar{p}p$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
−26 ±13		BADIER	67	HBC 2.4 GeV/c $\bar{p}p$

¹RYBICKI 96 is an analysis of old ACCMOR (NA32) data.

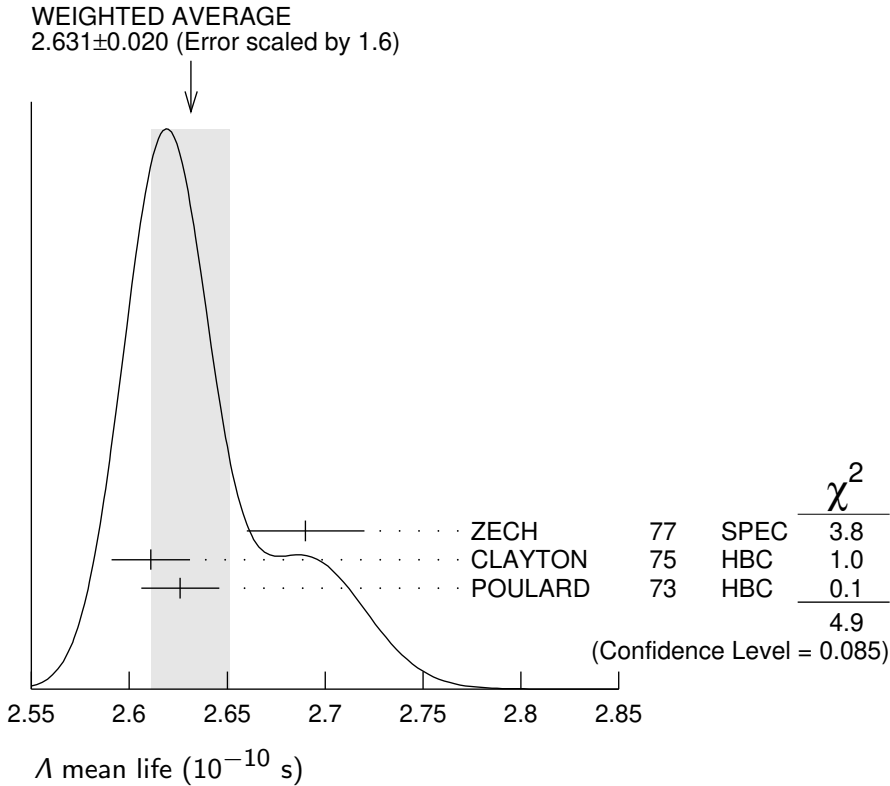
Λ MEAN LIFE

Measurements with an error $\geq 0.1 \times 10^{-10}$ s have been omitted altogether, and only the latest high-statistics measurements are used for the average.

<u>VALUE (10^{-10} s)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.632±0.020 OUR AVERAGE				
Error includes scale factor of 1.6. See the ideogram below.				
2.69 ±0.03	53k	ZECH	77	SPEC Neutral hyperon beam
2.611±0.020	34k	CLAYTON	75	HBC 0.96–1.4 GeV/c $K^- p$
2.626±0.020	36k	POULARD	73	HBC 0.4–2.3 GeV/c $K^- p$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

2.69 ±0.05	6582	ALTHOFF	73B	OSPK	$\pi^+ n \rightarrow \Lambda K^+$
2.54 ±0.04	4572	BALTAY	71B	HBC	$K^- p$ at rest
2.535±0.035	8342	GRIMM	68	HBC	
2.47 ±0.08	2600	HEPP	68	HBC	
2.35 ±0.09	916	BURAN	66	HLBC	
2.452 ^{+0.056} _{-0.054}	2213	ENGELMANN	66	HBC	
2.59 ±0.09	794	HUBBARD	64	HBC	
2.59 ±0.07	1378	SCHWARTZ	64	HBC	
2.36 ±0.06	2239	BLOCK	63	HEBC	



$$(\tau_\Lambda - \tau_{\bar{\Lambda}}) / \tau_\Lambda$$

A test of *CPT* invariance.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.001 ±0.009 OUR AVERAGE			
-0.0018±0.0066±0.0056	BARNES	96	CNTR LEAR $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$
0.044 ±0.085	BADIER	67	HBC 2.4 GeV/c $\bar{p}p$

Λ MAGNETIC MOMENT

See the “Quark Model” review. Measurements with an error $\geq 0.15 \mu_N$ have been omitted.

VALUE (μ_N)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.613 ±0.004				OUR AVERAGE
-0.606 ±0.015	200k	COX	81	SPEC
-0.6138±0.0047	3M	SCHACHIN...	78	SPEC
-0.59 ±0.07	350k	HELLER	77	SPEC
-0.57 ±0.05	1.2M	BUNCE	76	SPEC
-0.66 ±0.07	1300	DAHL-JENSEN71	EMUL	200 kG field

Λ ELECTRIC DIPOLE MOMENT

A nonzero value is forbidden by both T invariance and P invariance.

VALUE (10^{-16} ecm)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN
< 1.5	95	¹ PONDROM	81 SPEC
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●			
<100	95	² BARONI	71 EMUL
<500	95	GIBSON	66 EMUL
¹ PONDROM 81 measures $(-3.0 \pm 7.4) \times 10^{-17}$ e-cm.			
² BARONI 71 measures $(-5.9 \pm 2.9) \times 10^{-15}$ e-cm.			

Λ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level
Γ_1 $p\pi^-$	(63.9 ±0.5) %	
Γ_2 $n\pi^0$	(35.8 ±0.5) %	
Γ_3 $n\gamma$	$(1.75 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_4 $p\pi^- \gamma$	[a] $(8.4 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_5 $p e^- \bar{\nu}_e$	$(8.32 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_6 $p \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$	$(1.57 \pm 0.35) \times 10^{-4}$	

Lepton (L) and/or Baryon (B) number violating decay modes

Γ_7 $\pi^+ e^-$	L, B	< 6	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%
Γ_8 $\pi^+ \mu^-$	L, B	< 6	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%
Γ_9 $\pi^- e^+$	L, B	< 4	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%
Γ_{10} $\pi^- \mu^+$	L, B	< 6	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%
Γ_{11} $K^+ e^-$	L, B	< 2	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%
Γ_{12} $K^+ \mu^-$	L, B	< 3	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%
Γ_{13} $K^- e^+$	L, B	< 2	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%
Γ_{14} $K^- \mu^+$	L, B	< 3	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%
Γ_{15} $K_S^0 \nu$	L, B	< 2	$\times 10^{-5}$	90%
Γ_{16} $\bar{p}\pi^+$	B	< 9	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%

[a] See the Listings below for the pion momentum range used in this measurement.

CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 5 branching ratios uses 20 measurements and one constraint to determine 5 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 10.5$ for 16 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \delta x_j)$, in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$. The fit constrains the x_i whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

x_2	-100			
x_3	-2	-1		
x_5	46	-46	-1	
x_6	0	0	0	0
	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_5

 Λ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(p\pi^-) / \Gamma(N\pi)$ **$\Gamma_1 / (\Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2)$**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.641 ± 0.005 OUR FIT				
0.640 ± 0.005 OUR AVERAGE				
0.646 ± 0.008	4572	BALTAY	71B HBC	$K^- p$ at rest
0.635 ± 0.007	6736	DOYLE	69 HBC	$\pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K^0$
0.643 ± 0.016	903	HUMPHREY	62 HBC	
0.624 ± 0.030		CRAWFORD	59B HBC	$\pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K^0$

$\Gamma(n\pi^0) / \Gamma(N\pi)$ **$\Gamma_2 / (\Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2)$**

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>
0.359 ± 0.005 OUR FIT			
0.310 ± 0.028 OUR AVERAGE			
0.35 ± 0.05		BROWN	63 HLBC
0.291 ± 0.034	75	CHRETIEN	63 HLBC

$\Gamma(n\gamma) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ **Γ_3 / Γ**

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.75 ± 0.15 OUR FIT				
1.75 ± 0.15				
	1816	LARSON	93 SPEC	$K^- p$ at rest
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1.78 ± 0.24 ^{+0.14} / _{-0.16}	287	NOBLE	92 SPEC	See LARSON 93

$\Gamma(n\gamma) / \Gamma(n\pi^0)$ **Γ_3 / Γ_2**

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
2.86 ± 0.74 ± 0.57	24	BIAGI	86 SPEC	SPS hyperon beam

$\Gamma(p\pi^-\gamma)/\Gamma(p\pi^-)$					Γ_4/Γ_1
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
1.32±0.22	72	BAGGETT	72C	HBC	$\pi^- < 95 \text{ MeV}/c$

$\Gamma(pe^-\bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma(p\pi^-)$					Γ_5/Γ_1
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
1.301±0.019 OUR FIT					
1.301±0.019 OUR AVERAGE					
1.335±0.056	7111	BOURQUIN	83	SPEC	SPS hyperon beam
1.313±0.024	10k	WISE	80	SPEC	
1.23 ±0.11	544	LINDQUIST	77	SPEC	$\pi^- p \rightarrow K^0 \Lambda$
1.27 ±0.07	1089	KATZ	73	HBC	
1.31 ±0.06	1078	ALTHOFF	71	OSPK	
1.17 ±0.13	86	¹ CANTER	71	HBC	$K^- p$ at rest
1.20 ±0.12	143	² MALONEY	69	HBC	
1.17 ±0.18	120	² BAGLIN	64	FBC	K^- freon 1.45 GeV/c
1.23 ±0.20	150	² ELY	63	FBC	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.32 ±0.15	218	¹ LINDQUIST	71	OSPK	See LINDQUIST 77
¹ Changed by us from $\Gamma(pe^-\bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma(N\pi)$ assuming the authors used $\Gamma(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = 2/3$.					
² Changed by us from $\Gamma(pe^-\bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma(N\pi)$ because $\Gamma(pe^-\nu)/\Gamma(p\pi^-)$ is the directly measured quantity.					

$\Gamma(p\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_6/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
1.48±0.21±0.08	64	¹ ABLIKIM	21AG	BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$
¹ ABLIKIM 21AG use $\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$ decay mode as the double tag identifier and thus as indirect normalization.					

$\Gamma(p\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu)/\Gamma(N\pi)$					$\Gamma_6/(\Gamma_1+\Gamma_2)$
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
1.57±0.35 OUR FIT					
1.57±0.35 OUR AVERAGE					
1.4 ±0.5	14	BAGGETT	72B	HBC	$K^- p$ at rest
2.4 ±0.8	9	CANTER	71B	HBC	$K^- p$ at rest
1.3 ±0.7	3	LIND	64	RVUE	
1.5 ±1.2	2	RONNE	64	FBC	

Lepton (L) and/or Baryon (B) number violating decay modes

$\Gamma(\pi^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_7/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<6 × 10⁻⁷	90	¹ MCCRACKEN	15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$
¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.					

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_8/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<6 × 10⁻⁷	90	¹ MCCRACKEN	15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$
¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.					

$\Gamma(\pi^- e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_9/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<4 \times 10^{-7}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$

¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode. $\Gamma(\pi^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{10}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<6 \times 10^{-7}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$

¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode. $\Gamma(K^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{11}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$

¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode. $\Gamma(K^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{12}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$

¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode. $\Gamma(K^- e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{13}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$

¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode. $\Gamma(K^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{14}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$

¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode. $\Gamma(K_S^0 \nu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{15}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$

¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode. $\Gamma(p\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{16}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<9 \times 10^{-7}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$

¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.

Λ CP-violating decay-rate asymmetries

This is the difference between Λ and $\bar{\Lambda}$ decay rates to state f and \bar{f} divided by the sum of the rates:

$$A_{CP}(f) = [(B(\Lambda \rightarrow f)) - (B(\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{f}))]/\text{Sum}.$$

 $A_{CP}(\rho\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu)$ in $\Lambda \rightarrow \rho\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{\rho}\mu^+\nu_\mu$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.02±0.14±0.02	ABLIKIM	21AG BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$

 Λ DECAY PARAMETERS

See the “Note on Baryon Decay Parameters” in the neutron Listings. Some early results have been omitted.

 α_- FOR $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.732±0.014 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 2.3.		
0.750±0.009±0.004	420k	ABLIKIM	19BJ BES3	J/ψ to $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
0.721±0.006±0.005		¹ IRELAND	19 CLAS	K production
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
0.74 ^{+0.04} _{-0.03}		AAIJ	200 LHCB	$\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi\Lambda$
0.584±0.046	8500	ASTBURY	75 SPEC	
0.649±0.023	10325	CLELAND	72 OSPK	
0.67 ±0.06	3520	DAUBER	69 HBC	From Ξ decay
0.645±0.017	10130	OVERSETH	67 OSPK	Λ from $\pi^- p$
0.62 ±0.07	1156	CRONIN	63 CNTR	Λ from $\pi^- p$

¹This is a new analysis based on existing kaon photoproduction data of the CLAS collaboration and using spin algebra constraints.

 α_+ FOR $\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.758±0.010±0.007	420k	ABLIKIM	19BJ BES3	J/ψ to $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
-0.755±0.083±0.063	≈ 8.7k	ABLIKIM	10 BES	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
-0.63 ±0.13	770	TIXIER	88 DM2	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$

 $\bar{\alpha}_0$ FOR $\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{n}\pi^0$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.692±0.016±0.006	47k	ABLIKIM	19BJ BES3	J/ψ to $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$

 ϕ ANGLE FOR $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$

$(\tan\phi = \beta / \gamma)$

VALUE (°)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
- 6.5± 3.5 OUR AVERAGE				
- 7.0± 4.5	10325	CLELAND	72 OSPK	Λ from $\pi^- p$
- 8.0± 6.0	10130	OVERSETH	67 OSPK	Λ from $\pi^- p$
13.0±17.0	1156	CRONIN	63 OSPK	Λ from $\pi^- p$

$$\alpha_0 / \alpha_- = \alpha(\Lambda \rightarrow n\pi^0) / \alpha(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-)$$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.01 ± 0.07 OUR AVERAGE				
1.000 ± 0.068	4760	¹ OLSEN	70 OSPK	$\pi^+ n \rightarrow \Lambda K^+$
1.10 ± 0.27		CORK	60 CNTR	

¹ OLSEN 70 compares proton and neutron distributions from Λ decay.

$$\bar{\alpha}_0 / \alpha_+ \text{ in } \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{n}\pi^0, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.913 ± 0.028 ± 0.012	47k	ABLIKIM	19BJ BES3	J/ψ to $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$

$$(\alpha + \bar{\alpha}) / (\alpha - \bar{\alpha}) \text{ in } \Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$$

Zero if CP is conserved; α_- and α_+ are the asymmetry parameters for $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$ and $\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$ decay. See also the Ξ^- for a similar test involving the decay chain $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-, \Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$ and the corresponding antiparticle chain.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.002 ± 0.012 OUR AVERAGE				
-0.006 ± 0.012 ± 0.007	420k	ABLIKIM	19BJ BES3	J/ψ to $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
-0.081 ± 0.055 ± 0.059	≈ 8.7k	ABLIKIM	10 BES	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
+0.013 ± 0.022	96k	BARNES	96 CNTR	LEAR $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$
+0.01 ± 0.10	770	TIXIER	88 DM2	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
-0.02 ± 0.14	10k	¹ CHAUVAT	85 CNTR	$pp, \bar{p}p$ ISR

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

-0.07 ± 0.09 4063 BARNES 87 CNTR See BARNES 96

¹ CHAUVAT 85 actually gives $\alpha_+(\bar{\Lambda})/\alpha_-(\Lambda) = -1.04 \pm 0.29$. Assumes polarization is same in $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}X$ and $pp \rightarrow \Lambda X$. Tests of this assumption, based on C -invariance and fragmentation, are satisfied by the data.

$$R = |G_E/G_M| \text{ in } \Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.96 ± 0.14 ± 0.02	¹ ABLIKIM	19BF BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$ at $\sqrt{s} = 2.396$ GeV

¹ Determined using the latest BES-III value on the asymmetry parameter $\alpha = 0.750 \pm 0.010$.

$$\Delta\Phi = \Phi_E - \Phi_M \text{ in } \Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$$

VALUE (degrees)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
37 ± 12 ± 6	¹ ABLIKIM	19BF BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$ at $\sqrt{s} = 2.396$ GeV

¹ Relative phase between G_E and G_M , determined using the latest BES-III value on the asymmetry parameter $\alpha = 0.750 \pm 0.010$.

$$g_A / g_V \text{ FOR } \Lambda \rightarrow p e^- \bar{\nu}_e$$

Measurements with fewer than 500 events have been omitted. Where necessary, signs have been changed to agree with our conventions, which are given in the "Note on Baryon Decay Parameters" in the neutron Listings. The measurements all assume that the form factor $g_2 = 0$. See also the footnote on DWORKIN 90.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.718 ± 0.015 OUR AVERAGE				
-0.719 ± 0.016 ± 0.012	37k	¹ DWORKIN	90 SPEC	$e\nu$ angular corr.
-0.70 ± 0.03	7111	BOURQUIN	83 SPEC	$\Xi \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-$
-0.734 ± 0.031	10k	² WISE	81 SPEC	$e\nu$ angular correl.

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

−0.63 ± 0.06 817 ALTHOFF 73 OSPK Polarized Λ

¹ The tabulated result assumes the weak-magnetism coupling $w \equiv g_W(0)/g_V(0)$ to be 0.97, as given by the CVC hypothesis and as assumed by the other listed measurements. However, DWORKIN 90 *measures* w to be 0.15 ± 0.30 , and then $g_A/g_V = -0.731 \pm 0.016$.

² This experiment measures only the absolute value of g_A/g_V .

REFERENCES

We have omitted some papers that have been superseded by later experiments. See our earlier editions.

ABLIKIM	21AG	PRL 127 121802	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
AAIJ	20O	JHEP 2006 110	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
ABLIKIM	19BF	PRL 123 122003	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	19BJ	NATP 15 631	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
IRELAND	19	PRL 123 182301	D.G. Ireland <i>et al.</i>	(GLAS, GWU, JULI+)
MCCRACKEN	15	PR D92 072002	M.E. McCracken <i>et al.</i>	(JLab CLAS Collab.)
ABLIKIM	10	PR D81 012003	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES Collab.)
BARNES	96	PR C54 1877	P.D. Barnes <i>et al.</i>	(CERN PS-185 Collab.)
RYBICKI	96	APP B27 2155	K. Rybicki	
HARTOUNI	94	PRL 72 1322	E.P. Hartouni <i>et al.</i>	(BNL E766 Collab.)
Also		PRL 72 2821 (erratum)	E.P. Hartouni <i>et al.</i>	(BNL E766 Collab.)
LARSON	93	PR D47 799	K.D. Larson <i>et al.</i>	(BNL-811 Collab.)
NOBLE	92	PRL 69 414	A.J. Noble <i>et al.</i>	(BIRM, BOST, BRCO+)
DWORKIN	90	PR D41 780	J. Dworkin <i>et al.</i>	(MICH, WISC, RUTG+)
TIXIER	88	PL B212 523	M.H. Tixier <i>et al.</i>	(DM2 Collab.)
BARNES	87	PL B199 147	P.D. Barnes <i>et al.</i>	(CMU, SACL, LANL+)
BIAGI	86	ZPHY C30 201	S.F. Biagi <i>et al.</i>	(BRIS, CERN, GEVA+)
CHAUVAT	85	PL 163B 273	P. Chauvat <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, CLER, UCLA+)
BOURQUIN	83	ZPHY C21 1	M.H. Bourquin <i>et al.</i>	(BRIS, GEVA, HEIDP+)
COX	81	PRL 46 877	P.T. Cox <i>et al.</i>	(MICH, WISC, RUTG, MINN+)
PONDROM	81	PR D23 814	L. Pondrom <i>et al.</i>	(WISC, MICH, RUTG+)
WISE	81	PL 98B 123	J.E. Wise <i>et al.</i>	(MASA, BNL)
WISE	80	PL 91B 165	J.E. Wise <i>et al.</i>	(MASA, BNL)
SCHACHIN...	78	PRL 41 1348	L. Schachinger <i>et al.</i>	(MICH, RUTG, WISC)
HELLER	77	PL 68B 480	K. Heller <i>et al.</i>	(MICH, WISC, HEIDH)
LINDQUIST	77	PR D16 2104	J. Lindquist <i>et al.</i>	(EFI, OSU, ANL)
Also		JP G2 L211	J. Lindquist <i>et al.</i>	(EFI, WUSL, OSU+)
ZECH	77	NP B124 413	G. Zech <i>et al.</i>	(SIEG, CERN, DORT, HEIDH)
BUNCE	76	PRL 36 1113	G.R.M. Bunce <i>et al.</i>	(WISC, MICH, RUTG)
ASTBURY	75	NP B99 30	P. Astbury <i>et al.</i>	(LOIC, CERN, ETH+)
CLAYTON	75	NP B95 130	E.F. Clayton <i>et al.</i>	(LOIC, RHEL)
ALTHOFF	73	PL 43B 237	K.H. Althoff <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, HEID)
ALTHOFF	73B	NP B66 29	K.H. Althoff <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, HEID)
KATZ	73	Thesis MDDP-TR-74-044	C.N. Katz	(UMD)
POULARD	73	PL 46B 135	G. Poulard, A. Givernaud, A.C. Borg	(SACL)
BAGGETT	72B	ZPHY 252 362	M.J. Baggett <i>et al.</i>	(HEID)
BAGGETT	72C	PL 42B 379	M.J. Baggett <i>et al.</i>	(HEID)
CLELAND	72	NP B40 221	W.E. Cleland <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, GEVA, LUND)
HYMAN	72	PR D5 1063	L.G. Hyman <i>et al.</i>	(ANL, CMU)
ALTHOFF	71	PL 37B 531	K.H. Althoff <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, HEID)
BALTAY	71B	PR D4 670	C. Baltay <i>et al.</i>	(COLU, BING)
BARONI	71	LNC 2 1256	G. Baroni, S. Petrerera, G. Romano	(ROMA)
CANTER	71	PRL 26 868	J. Canter <i>et al.</i>	(STON, COLU)
CANTER	71B	PRL 27 59	J. Canter <i>et al.</i>	(STON, COLU)
DAHL-JENSEN	71	NC 3A 1	E. Dahl-Jensen <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, ANKA, LAUS+)
LINDQUIST	71	PRL 27 612	J. Lindquist <i>et al.</i>	(EFI, WUSL, OSU+)
OLSEN	70	PRL 24 843	S.L. Olsen <i>et al.</i>	(WISC, MICH)
DAUBER	69	PR 179 1262	P.M. Dauber <i>et al.</i>	(LRL)
DOYLE	69	Thesis UCRL 18139	J.C. Doyle	(LRL)
MALONEY	69	PRL 23 425	J.E. Maloney, B. Sechi-Zorn	(UMD)
GRIMM	68	NC 54A 187	H.J. Grimm	(HEID)
HEPP	68	ZPHY 214 71	V. Hepp, H. Schleich	(HEID)

BADIER	67	PL 25B 152	J. Badier <i>et al.</i>	(EPOL)
MAYEUR	67	U.Libr.Brux.Bul. 32	C. Mayeur, E. Tompa, J.H. Wickens	(BELG, LOUC)
OVERSETH	67	PRL 19 391	O.E. Overseth, R.F. Roth	(MICH, PRIN)
PDG	67	RMP 39 1	A.H. Rosenfeld <i>et al.</i>	(LRL, CERN, YALE)
BURAN	66	PL 20 318	T. Buran <i>et al.</i>	(OSLO)
CHIEN	66	PR 152 1171	C.Y. Chien <i>et al.</i>	(YALE, BNL)
ENGELMANN	66	NC 45A 1038	R. Engelmann <i>et al.</i>	(HEID, REHO)
GIBSON	66	NC 45A 882	W.M. Gibson, K. Green	(BRIS)
LONDON	66	PR 143 1034	G.W. London <i>et al.</i>	(BNL, SYRA)
SCHMIDT	65	PR 140 B1328	P. Schmidt	(COLU)
BAGLIN	64	NC 35 977	C. Baglin <i>et al.</i>	(EPOL, CERN, LOUC, RHEL+)
HUBBARD	64	PR 135 B183	J.R. Hubbard <i>et al.</i>	(LRL)
LIND	64	PR 135 B1483	V.G. Lind <i>et al.</i>	(WISC)
RONNE	64	PL 11 357	B.E. Ronne <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, EPOL, LOUC+)
SCHWARTZ	64	Thesis UCRL 11360	J.A. Schwartz	(LRL)
BHOWMIK	63	NC 28 1494	B. Bhowmik, D.P. Goyal	(DELH)
BLOCK	63	PR 130 766	M.M. Block <i>et al.</i>	(NWES, BGNA, SYRA+)
BROWN	63	PR 130 769	J.L. Brown <i>et al.</i>	(LRL, MICH)
CHRETIEN	63	PR 131 2208	M. Chretien <i>et al.</i>	(BRAN, BROW, HARV+)
CRONIN	63	PR 129 1795	J.W. Cronin, O.E. Overseth	(PRIN)
ELY	63	PR 131 868	R.P. Ely <i>et al.</i>	(LRL)
HUMPHREY	62	PR 127 1305	W.E. Humphrey, R.R. Ross	(LRL)
CORK	60	PR 120 1000	B. Cork <i>et al.</i>	(LRL, PRIN, BNL)
CRAWFORD	59B	PRL 2 266	F.S. Crawford <i>et al.</i>	(LRL)
