

**$\Lambda(1405)$**   $1/2^-$  $I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$  Status: \*\*\*

In the 1998 Note on the  $\Lambda(1405)$  in PDG 98, R.H. Dalitz discussed the S-shaped cusp behavior of the intensity at the  $N\bar{K}$  threshold observed in THOMAS 73 and HEMINGWAY 85. He commented that this behavior "is characteristic of  $S$ -wave coupling; the other below threshold hyperon, the  $\Sigma(1385)$ , has no such threshold distortion because its  $N\bar{K}$  coupling is  $P$ -wave. For  $\Lambda(1405)$  this asymmetry is the sole direct evidence that  $J^P = 1/2^-$ ."

A recent measurement by the CLAS collaboration, MORIYA 14, definitively established the long-assumed  $J^P = 1/2^-$  spin-parity assignment of the  $\Lambda(1405)$ . The experiment produced the  $\Lambda(1405)$  spin-polarized in the photoproduction process  $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda(1405)$  and measured the decay of the  $\Lambda(1405)$  (polarized)  $\rightarrow \Sigma^+(\text{polarized})\pi^-$ . The observed isotropic decay of  $\Lambda(1405)$  is consistent with spin  $J = 1/2$ . The polarization transfer to the  $\Sigma^+(\text{polarized})$  direction revealed negative parity, and thus established  $J^P = 1/2^-$ .

## See the related review(s):

[Pole Structure of the  \$\Lambda\(1405\)\$  Region](#)

 **$\Lambda(1405)$  POLE POSITION****REAL PART**

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •		
1417.7 $^{+ 6.0 + 1.1}_{- 7.4 - 1.0}$	AIKAWA	23 DPWA
1429 $^{+ 8}_{- 7}$	<sup>1</sup> MAI	15 DPWA
1434 $\pm 2$	<sup>2</sup> MAI	15 DPWA
1421 $^{+ 3}_{- 2}$	GUO	13 DPWA
1424 $^{+ 7}_{- 23}$	IKEDA	12 DPWA

<sup>1</sup> Solution number 4.<sup>2</sup> Solution number 2. **$-2 \times$ IMAGINARY PART**

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •		

$52.2^{+12.0}_{-15.8}{}^{+3.4}_{-4.0}$	AIKAWA	23	DPWA
$24^{+4}_{-6}$	<sup>1</sup> MAI	15	DPWA
$20^{+4}_{-2}$	<sup>2</sup> MAI	15	DPWA
$38^{+16}_{-10}$	GUO	13	DPWA
$52^{+6}_{-28}$	IKEDA	12	DPWA

<sup>1</sup> Solution number 4.<sup>2</sup> Solution number 2.

## $\Lambda(1405)$ MASS

### PRODUCTION EXPERIMENTS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1405.1^{+1.3}_{-1.0}</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				

$1405^{+11}_{-9}$	HASSANVAND	13	SPEC	$p p \rightarrow p \Lambda(1405) K^+$
$1405^{+1.4}_{-1.0}$	ESMAILI	10	RVUE	${}^4\text{He } K^- \rightarrow \Sigma^\pm \pi^\mp X$ at rest
$1406.5 \pm 4.0$	<sup>1</sup> DALITZ	91		M-matrix fit
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
1391 $\pm 1$	700	<sup>1</sup> HEMINGWAY	85	HBC $K^- p$ 4.2 GeV/c
$\sim 1405$	400	<sup>2</sup> THOMAS	73	HBC $\pi^- p$ 1.69 GeV/c
1405	120	BARBARO....	68B	DBC $K^- d$ 2.1–2.7 GeV/c
$1400 \pm 5$	67	BIRMINGHAM	66	HBC $K^- p$ 3.5 GeV/c
1382 $\pm 8$		ENGLER	65	HDBC $\pi^- p, \pi^+ d$ 1.68 GeV/c
$1400 \pm 24$		MUSGRAVE	65	HBC $\bar{p} p$ 3–4 GeV/c
1410		ALEXANDER	62	HBC $\pi^- p$ 2.1 GeV/c
1405		ALSTON	62	HBC $K^- p$ 1.2–0.5 GeV/c
1405		ALSTON	61B	HBC $K^- p$ 1.15 GeV/c

<sup>1</sup> DALITZ 91 fits the HEMINGWAY 85 data.<sup>2</sup> THOMAS 73 data is fit by CHAO 73 (see next section).

### EXTRAPOLATIONS BELOW $N\bar{K}$ THRESHOLD

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
1407.56 or 1407.50	<sup>1</sup> KIMURA	00	potential model
1411	<sup>2</sup> MARTIN	81	K-matrix fit
1406	<sup>3</sup> CHAO	73	DPWA 0-range fit (sol. B)
1421	MARTIN	70	RVUE Constant K-matrix
$1416 \pm 4$	MARTIN	69	Constant K-matrix
$1403 \pm 3$	KIM	67	K-matrix fit
$1407.5 \pm 1.2$	<sup>4</sup> KITTEL	66	0-effective-range fit
$1410.7 \pm 1.0$	KIM	65	0-effective-range fit
$1409.6 \pm 1.7$	<sup>4</sup> SAKITT	65	0-effective-range fit

<sup>1</sup> The KIMURA 00 values are from fits A and B from a coupled-channel potential model using low-energy  $\bar{K}N$  and  $\Sigma\pi$  data, kaonic-hydrogen x-ray measurements, and our  $\Lambda(1405)$  mass and width. The results bear mainly on the *nature* of the  $\Lambda(1405)$ : three-quark state or  $\bar{K}N$  bound state.

<sup>2</sup> The MARTIN 81 fit includes the  $K^\pm p$  forward scattering amplitudes and the dispersion relations they must satisfy.

<sup>3</sup> See also the accompanying paper of THOMAS 73.

<sup>4</sup> Data of SAKITT 65 are used in the fit by KITTEL 66.

## $\Lambda(1405)$ WIDTH

### PRODUCTION EXPERIMENTS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>50.5 ± 2.0 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
62 ± 10		HASSANVAND 13	SPEC	$p p \rightarrow p \Lambda(1405) K^+$
50 ± 2	1 DALITZ	91		M-matrix fit
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
24 + 4 - 3		ESMAILI	10	RVUE ${}^4\text{He } K^- \rightarrow \Sigma^\pm \pi^\mp X$ at rest
32 ± 1	700	<sup>1</sup> HEMINGWAY	85	$K^- p$ 4.2 GeV/c
45 to 55	400	<sup>2</sup> THOMAS	73	$\pi^- p$ 1.69 GeV/c
35	120	BARBARO....	68B	$K^- d$ 2.1–2.7 GeV/c
50 ± 10	67	BIRMINGHAM	66	$K^- p$ 3.5 GeV/c
89 ± 20		ENGLER	65	HDBC
60 ± 20		MUSGRAVE	65	HBC
35 ± 5		ALEXANDER	62	HBC
50		ALSTON	62	HBC
20		ALSTON	61B	HBC

<sup>1</sup> DALITZ 91 fits the HEMINGWAY 85 data.

<sup>2</sup> THOMAS 73 data is fit by CHAO 73 (see next section).

### EXTRAPOLATIONS BELOW $N\bar{K}$ THRESHOLD

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
50.24 or 50.26	<sup>1</sup> KIMURA	00	potential model
30	<sup>2</sup> MARTIN	81	K-matrix fit
55	<sup>3,4</sup> CHAO	73	DPWA 0-range fit (sol. B)
20	MARTIN	70	RVUE Constant K-matrix
29 ± 6	MARTIN	69	Constant K-matrix
50 ± 5	KIM	67	K-matrix fit
34.1 ± 4.1	<sup>5</sup> KITTEL	66	HBC
37.0 ± 3.2	KIM	65	HBC
28.2 ± 4.1	<sup>5</sup> SAKITT	65	HBC

<sup>1</sup> The KIMURA 00 values are from fits A and B from a coupled-channel potential model using low-energy  $\bar{K}N$  and  $\Sigma\pi$  data, kaonic-hydrogen x-ray measurements, and our  $\Lambda(1405)$  mass and width. The results bear mainly on the *nature* of the  $\Lambda(1405)$ : three-quark state or  $\bar{K}N$  bound state.

<sup>2</sup> The MARTIN 81 fit includes the  $K^\pm p$  forward scattering amplitudes and the dispersion relations they must satisfy.

<sup>3</sup> An asymmetric shape, with  $\Gamma/2 = 41$  MeV below resonance, 14 MeV above.

<sup>4</sup> See also the accompanying paper of THOMAS 73.

<sup>5</sup> Data of SAKITT 65 are used in the fit by KITTEL 66.

**$\Lambda(1405)$  DECAY MODES**

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1 \Sigma\pi$	100 %
$\Gamma_2 \Lambda\gamma$	
$\Gamma_3 \Sigma^0\gamma$	
$\Gamma_4 N\bar{K}$	

 **$\Lambda(1405)$  PARTIAL WIDTHS**

$\Gamma(\Lambda\gamma)$	$\Gamma_2$
<u>VALUE (keV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$	
$27 \pm 8$	BURKHARDT 91 Isobar model fit
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$	
$\Gamma(\Sigma^0\gamma)$	$\Gamma_3$
<u>VALUE (keV)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$	
$10 \pm 4$ or $23 \pm 7$	BURKHARDT 91 Isobar model fit

 **$\Lambda(1405)$  BRANCHING RATIOS**

$\Gamma(N\bar{K})/\Gamma(\Sigma\pi)$	$\Gamma_4/\Gamma_1$
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$	
<3	95 HEMINGWAY 85 HBC $K^- p$ 4.2 GeV/c

 **$\Lambda(1405)$  REFERENCES**

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HASSANVAND	13	PR C87 055202	M. Hassanvand <i>et al.</i>	
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IKEDA	12	NP A881 98	Y. Ikeda, T. Hyodo, W. Weise	(TUM, RIKEN, TINT)
ESMAILI	10	PL B686 23	J. Esmaili, Y. Akaishi, T. Yamazaki	(RIKEN, ISUT+)
KIMURA	00	PR C62 015206	M. Kimura <i>et al.</i>	
PDG	98	EPJ C3 1	C. Caso <i>et al.</i>	(PDG Collab.)
BURKHARDT	91	PR C44 607	H. Burkhardt, J. Lowe	(NOTT, UNM, BIRM)
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HEMINGWAY	85	NP B253 742	R.J. Hemingway	(CERN) J
MARTIN	81	NP B179 33	A.D. Martin	(DURH)
CHAO	73	NP B56 46	Y.A. Chao <i>et al.</i>	(RHEL, CMU, LOUC)
THOMAS	73	NP B56 15	D.W. Thomas <i>et al.</i>	(CMU) J
MARTIN	70	NP B16 479	A.D. Martin, G.G. Ross	(DURH)
MARTIN	69	PR 183 1352	B.R. Martin, M. Sakitt	(LOUC, BNL)
Also		PR 183 1345	B.R. Martin, M. Sakitt	(LOUC, BNL)
BARBARO...	68B	PRL 21 573	A. Barbaro-Galtieri <i>et al.</i>	(LRL, SLAC)
KIM	67	PRL 19 1074	J.K. Kim	(YALE)
BIRMINGHAM	66	PR 152 1148	M. Haque <i>et al.</i>	(BIRM, GLAS, LOIC, OXF+)

KITTEL	66	PL 21 349	W. Kittel, G. Otter, I. Wacek	(VIEN)
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