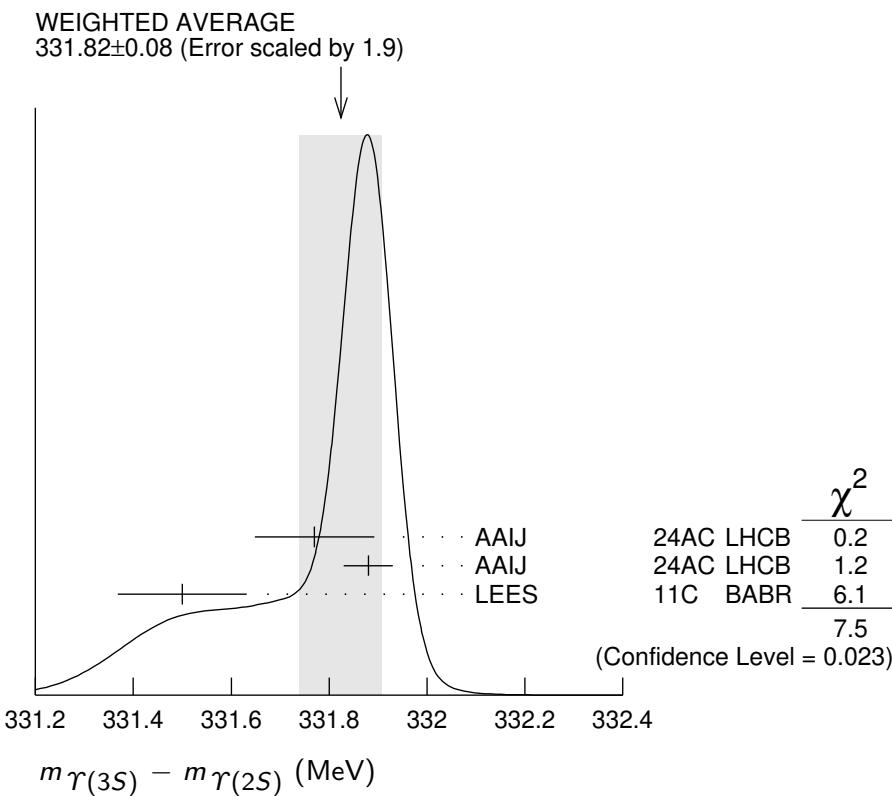


$\Upsilon(3S)$  $I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^-(1^{--})$  **$\Upsilon(3S)$  MASS**

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>10355.1±0.5</b>	1 SHAMOV 23	RVUE	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
<b>• • •</b> We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. <b>• • •</b>			
10355.2±0.5	2,3 ARTAMONOV 00	MD1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
10355.3±0.5	4,5 BARU 86B	MD1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
<sup>1</sup> Reanalysis of MD1 data using the electron mass from COHEN 87, the radiative corrections from KURAEV 85 and interference effects.			
<sup>2</sup> Reanalysis of BARU 86B using new electron mass (COHEN 87).			
<sup>3</sup> Superseded by SHAMOV 23.			
<sup>4</sup> Reanalysis of ARTAMONOV 84.			
<sup>5</sup> Superseded by ARTAMONOV 00.			

 **$m\Upsilon(3S) - m\Upsilon(2S)$** 

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>331.82±0.08 OUR AVERAGE</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.9. See the ideogram below.		
331.77±0.07±0.10	1.8M	6 AAIJ	24AC LHCb	$\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
331.88±0.03±0.04	1.5k	6 AAIJ	24AC LHCb	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S) \pi^+ \pi^-$
331.50±0.02±0.13		LEES	11C BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X$

<sup>6</sup> Observed in prompt  $p p$  production.

**$\Upsilon(3S)$  WIDTH****VALUE (keV)****DOCUMENT ID** **$20.32 \pm 1.85$  OUR EVALUATION**See the Note on "Width Determinations of the  $\Upsilon$  States" **$\Upsilon(3S)$  DECAY MODES**

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level
$\Gamma_1 \quad \Upsilon(2S)$ anything	(10.6 $\pm$ 0.8) %	
$\Gamma_2 \quad \Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-$	( 2.82 $\pm$ 0.18) %	S=1.6
$\Gamma_3 \quad \Upsilon(2S)\pi^0\pi^0$	( 1.85 $\pm$ 0.14) %	
$\Gamma_4 \quad \Upsilon(2S)\gamma\gamma$	( 5.0 $\pm$ 0.7) %	
$\Gamma_5 \quad \Upsilon(2S)\pi^0$	< 5.1 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_6 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	( 4.37 $\pm$ 0.08) %	
$\Gamma_7 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0$	( 2.20 $\pm$ 0.13) %	
$\Gamma_8 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\eta$	< 1 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_9 \quad \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0$	< 7 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{10} \quad h_b(1P)\pi^0$	< 1.2 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{11} \quad h_b(1P)\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\eta_b(1S)\pi^0$	( 4.3 $\pm$ 1.4) $\times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{12} \quad h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-$	< 1.2 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{13} \quad \tau^+\tau^-$	( 2.29 $\pm$ 0.30) %	
$\Gamma_{14} \quad \mu^+\mu^-$	( 2.18 $\pm$ 0.21) %	S=2.1
$\Gamma_{15} \quad e^+e^-$	( 2.18 $\pm$ 0.20) %	
$\Gamma_{16} \quad$ hadrons	(93 $\pm$ 12) %	
$\Gamma_{17} \quad ggg$	(35.7 $\pm$ 2.6) %	
$\Gamma_{18} \quad \gamma gg$	( 9.7 $\pm$ 1.8) $\times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{19} \quad \overline{^2H}$ anything	( 2.33 $\pm$ 0.33) $\times 10^{-5}$	

**Radiative decays**

$\Gamma_{20} \quad \gamma\chi_{b2}(2P)$	(13.1 $\pm$ 1.6) %	S=3.4
$\Gamma_{21} \quad \gamma\chi_{b1}(2P)$	(12.6 $\pm$ 1.2) %	S=2.4
$\Gamma_{22} \quad \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P)$	( 5.9 $\pm$ 0.6) %	S=1.4
$\Gamma_{23} \quad \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P)$	(10.0 $\pm$ 1.0) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.7
$\Gamma_{24} \quad \gamma\chi_{b1}(1P)$	( 9 $\pm$ 5) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.8
$\Gamma_{25} \quad \gamma\chi_{b0}(1P)$	( 2.7 $\pm$ 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{26} \quad \gamma\eta_b(2S)$	< 6.2 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{27} \quad \gamma\eta_b(1S)$	( 5.1 $\pm$ 0.7) $\times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{28} \quad \gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma$ hadrons	< 8 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{29} \quad \gamma X \rightarrow \gamma + \geq 4$ prongs	[a] < 2.2 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
$\Gamma_{30} \quad \gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma\mu^+\mu^-$	< 5.5 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{31} \quad \gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tau^+\tau^-$	[b] < 1.6 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%

**Lepton Family number (*LF*) violating modes**

$\Gamma_{32}$	$e^\pm \tau^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	< 4.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{33}$	$e^\pm \mu^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.6	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{34}$	$\mu^\pm \tau^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.1	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%

[a]  $1.5 \text{ GeV} < m_X < 5.0 \text{ GeV}$ [b] For  $m_{\tau^+ \tau^-}$  in the ranges 4.03–9.52 and 9.61–10.10 GeV. **$\Upsilon(3S) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma(\text{total})$** 

$$\Gamma(\text{hadrons}) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{16}\Gamma_{15}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.414±0.007 OUR AVERAGE</b>			
0.413±0.004±0.006	ROSNER	06	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$
0.45 ± 0.03 ± 0.03	<sup>7</sup> GILES	84B	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

<sup>7</sup> Radiative corrections reevaluated by BUCHMUELLER 88 following KURAEV 85.

$$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_6\Gamma_{15}/\Gamma$$

VALUE (eV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>18.46±0.27±0.77</b>	6.4k	<sup>8</sup> AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$

<sup>8</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$  and  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .

 **$\Upsilon(3S)$  PARTIAL WIDTHS**

$$\Gamma(e^+ e^-) \quad \Gamma_{15}$$

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID
<b>0.443±0.008 OUR EVALUATION</b>	

 **$\Upsilon(3S)$  BRANCHING RATIOS**

$$\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_1/\Gamma$$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.106 ± 0.008 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.1023±0.0105	4625	<sup>9,10,11</sup> BUTLER	94B	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^- X$
0.111 ± 0.012	4891 <sup>10,11,12</sup> BROCK	91	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X, \pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$

<sup>9</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\gamma\gamma) = (0.038 \pm 0.007)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0) = (1/2)B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$ .<sup>10</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.06)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.<sup>11</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-) = (18.5 \pm 0.8)\%$ .<sup>12</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.31 \pm 0.21)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\gamma\gamma) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (0.188 \pm 0.035)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (0.436 \pm 0.056)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_2/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2.82±0.18 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.6. See the ideogram below.			
3.00±0.02±0.14	543k	LEES	11C BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-X$
2.40±0.10±0.26	800	13 AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-e^+e^-$
3.12±0.49	980	14,15 BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$
2.13±0.38	974	16 BROCK	91 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-X, \pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4.82±0.65±0.53      138      16 WU      93      CUSB       $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$

3.1 ± 2.0      5      MAGERAS      82      CUSB       $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$

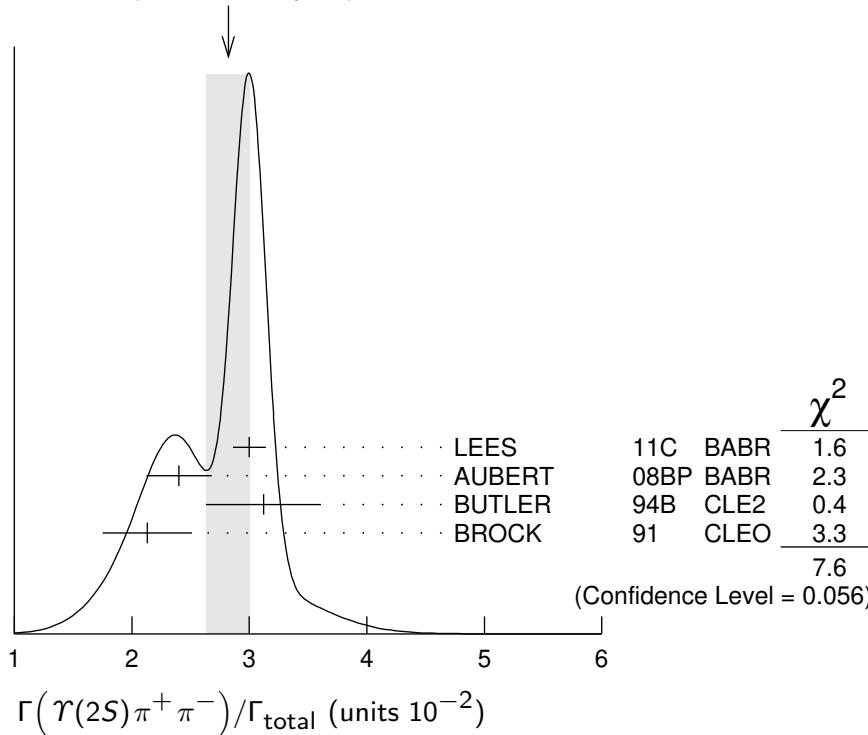
<sup>13</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ , and  $\Gamma_{ee}(\Upsilon(3S)) = 0.443 \pm 0.008$  keV.

<sup>14</sup> From the exclusive mode.

<sup>15</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\gamma\gamma) = (0.038 \pm 0.007)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0) = (1/2)B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$ .

<sup>16</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.31 \pm 0.21)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\gamma\gamma) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (0.188 \pm 0.035)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (0.436 \pm 0.056)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.

WEIGHTED AVERAGE  
2.82±0.18 (Error scaled by 1.6)



$\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_3/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.85±0.14 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
1.82±0.09±0.12	4391	17 BHARI	09 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
2.16±0.39		18,19 BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
1.7 ± 0.5 ± 0.2	10	20 HEINTZ	92 CSB2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$

<sup>17</sup> Authors assume  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.06\%$ .

<sup>18</sup>  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.31 \pm 0.21)\%$  and assuming  $e\mu$  universality.

<sup>19</sup> From the exclusive mode.

<sup>20</sup>  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.44 \pm 0.10)\%$  and assuming  $e\mu$  universality. Supersedes HEINTZ 91.

### $\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$\Gamma_4/\Gamma$
<b>0.0502 ± 0.0069</b>	21 BUTLER	94B	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- 2\gamma$

<sup>21</sup> From the exclusive mode.

### $\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma_5/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$\Gamma_5/\Gamma$
<0.51	90	22 HE	08A	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma\gamma$

<sup>22</sup> Authors assume  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.06\%$ .

### $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma_6/\Gamma$

Abbreviation MM in the COMMENT field below stands for missing mass.

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$\Gamma_6/\Gamma$
<b>4.37 ± 0.08 OUR AVERAGE</b>					

4.32 ± 0.07 ± 0.13	90k	23 LEES	11L	BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
4.46 ± 0.01 ± 0.13	190k	24 BHARI	09	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ MM
4.17 ± 0.06 ± 0.19	6.4k	25 AUBERT	08BP	BABR	$10.58 e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
4.52 ± 0.35	11830	26 BUTLER	94B	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X, \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
4.46 ± 0.34 ± 0.50	451	26 WU	93	CUSB	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
4.46 ± 0.30	11221	26 BROCK	91	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X, \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4.9 ± 1.0	22	GREEN	82	CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
3.9 ± 1.3	26	MAGERAS	82	CUSB	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

<sup>23</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$  and  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .

<sup>24</sup> A weighted average of the inclusive and exclusive results.

<sup>25</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (1.91 \pm 0.16)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$ , and  $\Gamma_{ee}(\Upsilon(3S)) = 0.443 \pm 0.008$  keV.

<sup>26</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.06)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.

### $\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$

### $\Gamma_2/\Gamma_6$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$\Gamma_2/\Gamma_6$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.577 ± 0.026 ± 0.060	800	27 AUBERT	08BP	BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
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<sup>27</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (1.91 \pm 0.16)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$ . Not independent of other values reported by AUBERT 08BP.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_7/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b><math>2.20 \pm 0.13</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
2.24 $\pm 0.09 \pm 0.11$	6584	28 BHARI	09 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$
1.99 $\pm 0.34$	56	29 BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$
2.2 $\pm 0.4 \pm 0.3$	33	30 HEINTZ	92 CSB2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$

<sup>28</sup> Authors assume  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.96\%$ .

<sup>29</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.06)\%$  and assuming  $e\mu$  universality.

<sup>30</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.57 \pm 0.07)\%$  and assuming  $e\mu$  universality. Supersedes HEINTZ 91.

 $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_7/\Gamma_6$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>			
0.501 $\pm 0.043$	31 BHARI	09 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(3S)$

<sup>31</sup> Not independent of other values reported by BHARI 09.

 $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_8/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.1	90	32 LEES	11L BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow (\pi^+ \pi^-)(\gamma\gamma) \ell^+ \ell^-$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
<0.8	90	32,33 AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$
<0.18	90	34 HE	08A CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \eta$
<2.2	90	BROCK	91 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \eta$

<sup>32</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .

<sup>33</sup> Using  $\Gamma_{ee}(\Upsilon(3S)) = 0.443 \pm 0.008$  keV.

<sup>34</sup> Authors assume  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.96\%$ .

 $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_8/\Gamma_6$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.23	90	35 LEES	11L BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow (\pi^+ \pi^-)(\gamma\gamma) \ell^+ \ell^-$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
<1.9	90	36 AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+ \pi^- (\pi^0) \ell^+ \ell^-$

<sup>35</sup> Not independent of other values reported by LEES 11L.

<sup>36</sup> Not independent of other values reported by AUBERT 08BP.

 $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_9/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-3}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.07	90	37 HE	08A CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma\gamma$

<sup>37</sup> Authors assume  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.96\%$ .

 $\Gamma(h_b(1P)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{10}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<1.2 $\times 10^{-3}$	90	38 GE	11 CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^0$ anything

<sup>38</sup> Assuming  $M(h_b(1P)) = 9900$  MeV and  $\Gamma(h_b(1P)) = 0$  MeV, and allowing  $B(h_b(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\eta_b(1S))$  to vary from 0–100%.

$\Gamma(h_b(1P)\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\eta_b(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-4}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>4.3±1.1±0.9</b>	LEES	11K BABR	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \eta_b\gamma\pi^0$

 $\Gamma(h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-4}</math>)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
< 1.2	90	39 LEES	11C BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-X$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>				
<18		39 BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-X$
<15		39 BROCK	91 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-X$

<sup>39</sup> For  $M(h_b(1P)) = 9900$  MeV.

 $\Gamma(\tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>2.29±0.21±0.22</b>	15k	40 BESSON	07 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(3S) \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$

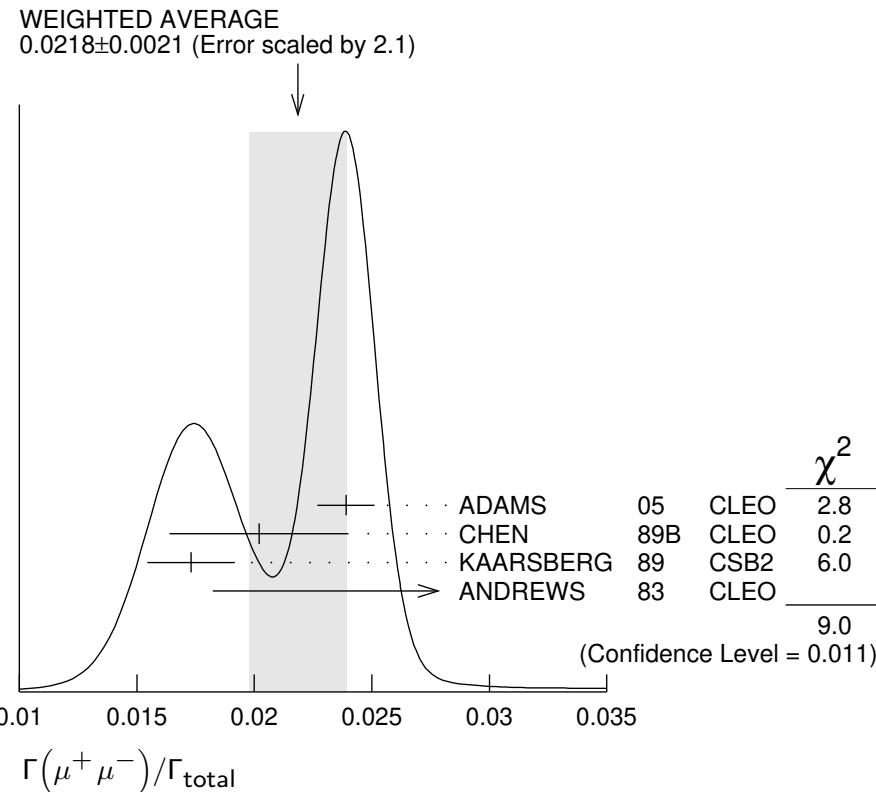
<sup>40</sup> BESSON 07 reports  $[\Gamma(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)] = 1.05 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.05$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.18 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-2}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

 $\Gamma(\tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma(\mu^+\mu^-)$   $\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma_{14}$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>0.968±0.016 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.966±0.008±0.014	2.2M	LEES	20E BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(3S)$
1.05 ± 0.08 ± 0.05	15k	BESSON	07 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(3S)$

 $\Gamma(\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{14}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>0.0218±0.0021 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
Error includes scale factor of 2.1. See the ideogram below.				
0.0239±0.0007±0.0010	81k	ADAMS	05 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
0.0202±0.0019±0.0033		CHEN	89B CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
0.0173±0.0015±0.0011		KAARSBERG	89 CSB2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
0.033 ± 0.013 ± 0.007	1096	ANDREWS	83 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$



### $\Gamma(ggg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>35.7±2.6</b>	3M	41 BESSON	06A CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

41 Calculated using BESSON 06A value of  $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma(ggg) = (2.72 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.37)\%$  and the PDG 08 values of  $B(\gamma(2S) + \text{anything}) = (10.6 \pm 0.8)\%$ ,  $B(\pi^+\pi^-\gamma(1S)) = (4.40 \pm 0.10)\%$ ,  $B(\pi^0\pi^0\gamma(1S)) = (2.20 \pm 0.13)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma\chi_{b2}(2P)) = (13.1 \pm 1.6)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma\chi_{b1}(2P)) = (12.6 \pm 1.2)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma\chi_{b0}(2P)) = (5.9 \pm 0.6)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma\chi_{b0}(1P)) = (0.30 \pm 0.11)\%$ ,  $B(\mu^+\mu^-) = (2.18 \pm 0.21)\%$ , and  $R_{\text{hadrons}} = 3.51$ . The statistical error is negligible and the systematic error is partially correlated with  $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  BESSON 06A value.

### $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.97±0.18</b>	60k	42 BESSON	06A CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$

42 Calculated using BESSON 06A values of  $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma(ggg) = (2.72 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.37)\%$  and  $\Gamma(ggg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ . The statistical error is negligible and the systematic error is partially correlated with  $\Gamma(ggg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  BESSON 06A value.

### $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma(ggg)$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2.72±0.06±0.49</b>	3M	BESSON	06A CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow (\gamma+) \text{hadrons}$

### $\Gamma(\overline{H} \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (units $10^{-5}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>2.33 \pm 0.15^{+0.31}_{-0.28}</math></b>	LEES	14G BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \overline{H} X$

### $\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$

### $\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma$

### $\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma_{17}$

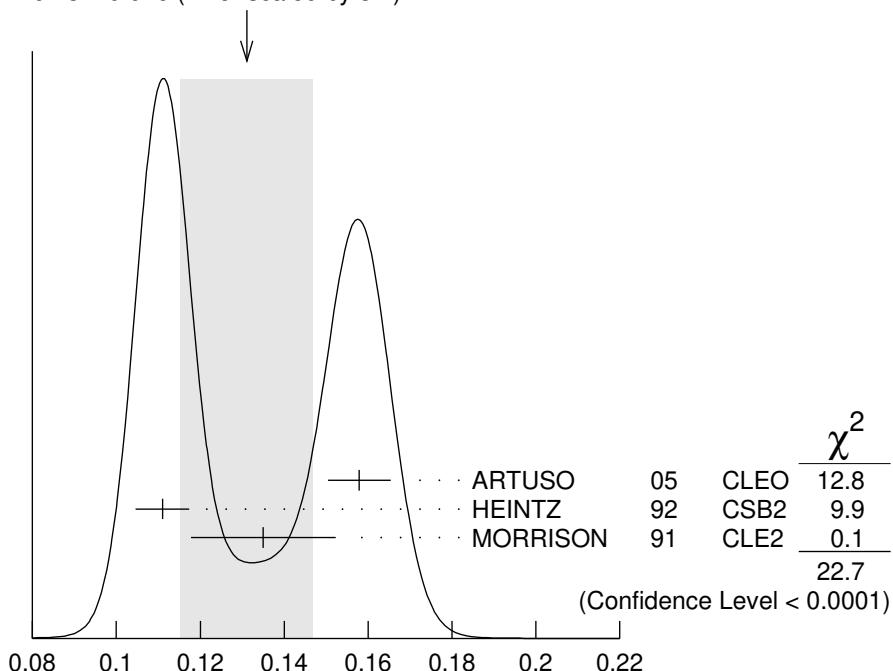
### $\Gamma_{19}/\Gamma$

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b2}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{20}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.131 ±0.016 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 3.4. See the ideogram below.			
0.1579±0.0017±0.0073	568k	ARTUSO	05	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.111 ±0.005 ±0.004	10319	43 HEINTZ	92	CSB2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.135 ±0.003 ±0.017	30741	MORRISON	91	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>43</sup> Supersedes NARAIN 91.

WEIGHTED AVERAGE  
0.131±0.016 (Error scaled by 3.4)

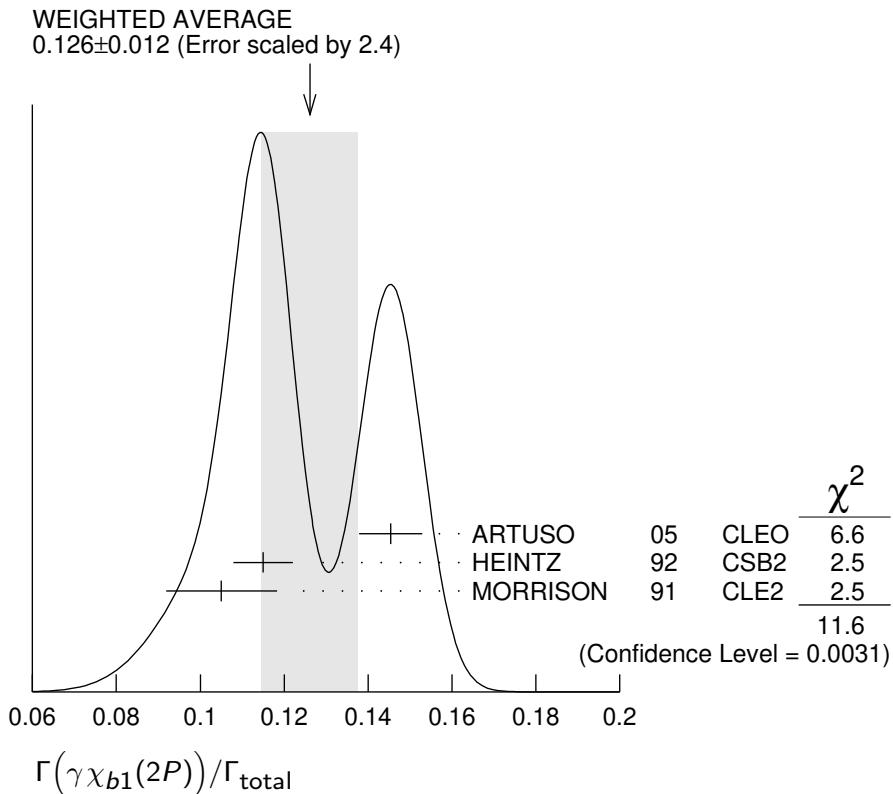


$$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b2}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$$

 $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b1}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{21}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.126 ±0.012 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 2.4. See the ideogram below.			
0.1454±0.0018±0.0073	537k	ARTUSO	05	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.115 ±0.005 ±0.005	11147	44 HEINTZ	92	CSB2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.105 $^{+0.003}_{-0.002}$ ±0.013	25759	MORRISON	91	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

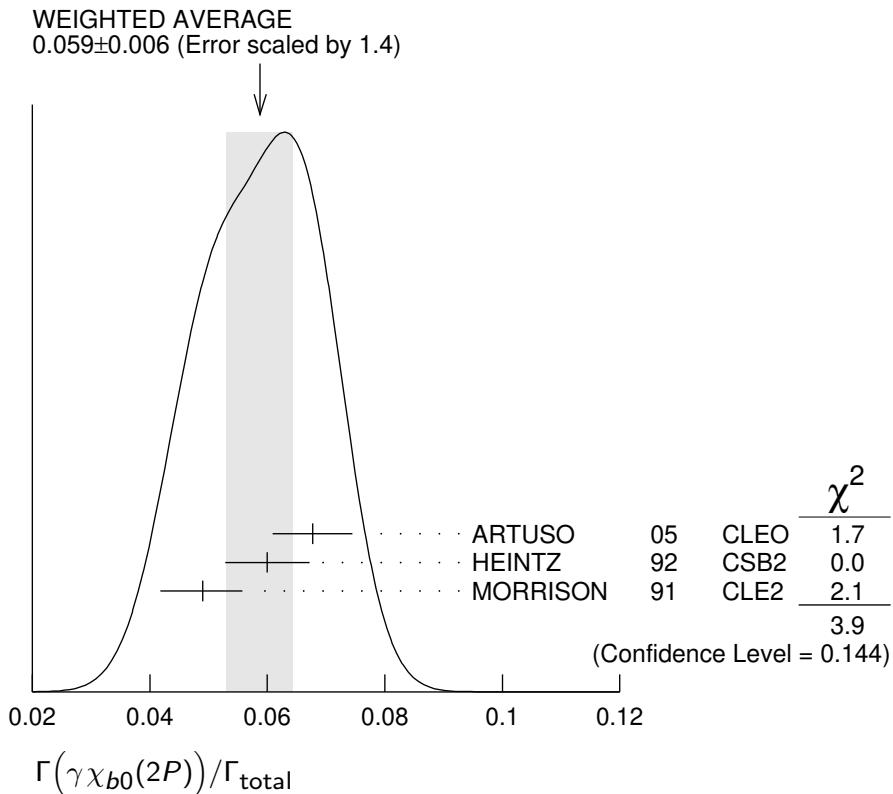
<sup>44</sup> Supersedes NARAIN 91.



### $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b0}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$\Gamma_{22}/\Gamma$
<b>0.059 ±0.006 OUR AVERAGE</b>	225k	ARTUSO 05	CLEO	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → γX	
0.0677±0.0020±0.0065	4959	HEINTZ 45	CSB2	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → γX	
0.060 ±0.004 ±0.006	9903	MORRISON 91	CLE2	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → γX	
0.049 +0.003 -0.004 ±0.006					

<sup>45</sup> Supersedes NARAIN 91.



### $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma_{23}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>10.0±1.0 OUR AVERAGE</b>			Error includes scale factor of 1.7.		
8.0±1.3±0.4	126	46,47	KORNICER	11	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$
10.5±0.3 <sup>+0.7</sup> <sub>-0.6</sub>	9.7k	LEES		11J	BABR $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<19	90	48 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$
seen		49 HEINTZ	92 CSB2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$

<sup>46</sup> Assuming  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .

<sup>47</sup> KORNICER 11 reports  $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\chi_{b2}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\Upsilon(1S))]$   $= (1.435 \pm 0.162 \pm 0.169) \times 10^{-3}$  which we divide by our best value  $B(\chi_{b2}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\Upsilon(1S)) = (18.0 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-2}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

<sup>48</sup> ASNER 08A reports  $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))]$   $< 27.1 \times 10^{-2}$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P)) = 7.15 \times 10^{-2}$ .

<sup>49</sup> HEINTZ 92, while unable to distinguish between different  $J$  states, measures  $\sum_J B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{bJ}) \times B(\chi_{bJ} \rightarrow \gamma\Upsilon(1S)) = (1.7 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 0, 1, 2$  using inclusive  $\Upsilon(1S)$  decays and  $(1.2^{+0.4}_{-0.3} \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 1, 2$  using  $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ .

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{24}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT		
<b>0.9±0.5 OUR AVERAGE</b>			Error includes scale factor of 1.8.				
$1.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.1$	50	50,51	KORNICER	11	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$	
$0.5 \pm 0.3^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$			LEES	11J	BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$	
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>							
<1.7	90	52	ASNER	08A	CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$	
seen		53	HEINTZ	92	CSB2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$	

50 Assuming  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .

51 KORNICER 11 reports  $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\chi_{b1}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\Upsilon(1S))] = (5.38 \pm 1.20 \pm 0.95) \times 10^{-4}$  which we divide by our best value  $B(\chi_{b1}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\Upsilon(1S)) = (35.2 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-2}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

52 ASNER 08A reports  $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))] < 2.5 \times 10^{-2}$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b1}(1P)) = 6.9 \times 10^{-2}$ .

53 HEINTZ 92, while unable to distinguish between different  $J$  states, measures  $\sum_J B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{bJ}) \times B(\chi_{bJ} \rightarrow \gamma\Upsilon(1S)) = (1.7 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 0,1,2$  using inclusive  $\Upsilon(1S)$  decays and  $(1.2^{+0.4}_{-0.3} \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 1,2$  using  $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ .

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{25}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT		
<b>0.27±0.04 OUR AVERAGE</b>							
$0.27 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.02$	2.3k	LEES	11J	BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$		
$0.30 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.10$	8.7k	ARTUSO	05	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$		
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>							
<0.8	90	54	ASNER	08A	CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$	

54 ASNER 08A reports  $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))] < 21.9 \times 10^{-2}$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(1P)) = 3.8 \times 10^{-2}$ .

$\Gamma(\gamma\eta_b(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{26}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
< 6.2	90		ARTUSO	05	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>						
<19	90		LEES	11J	BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$

$\Gamma(\gamma\eta_b(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{27}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT		
<b>5.1±0.7 OUR AVERAGE</b>							
$7.1 \pm 1.8 \pm 1.3$	2.3 ± 0.5k	55	BONVICINI	10	CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma X$	
$4.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6$	19 ± 3k	55	AUBERT	09AQ	BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma X$	
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>							
<8.5	90		LEES	11J	BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$	
$4.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.2$	19 ± 3k	55,56	AUBERT	08V	BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma X$	
<4.3	90		57	ARTUSO	05	CLEO	
						$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	

<sup>55</sup> Assuming  $\Gamma_{\eta_b(1S)} = 10$  MeV.

<sup>56</sup> Systematic error re-evaluated by AUBERT 09AQ.

<sup>57</sup> Superseded by BONVICINI 10.

$\Gamma(\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \text{hadrons})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   
( $0.3 \text{ GeV} < m_{A^0} < 7 \text{ GeV}$ )

$\Gamma_{28}/\Gamma$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	58 LEES	11H BABR	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \text{ hadrons}$

<sup>58</sup> For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar,  $A^0$ , excluding known resonances, with mass in the range  $0.3\text{--}7$  GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of  $m_{A^0}$  range from  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  to  $8 \times 10^{-5}$ .

$\Gamma(\gamma X \rightarrow \gamma + \geq 4 \text{ prongs})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   
( $1.5 \text{ GeV} < m_X < 5.0 \text{ GeV}$ )

$\Gamma_{29}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.2	95	ROSNER	07A CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

$\Gamma(\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{30}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<5.5	90	59 AUBERT	09Z BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \mu^+ \mu^-$

<sup>59</sup> For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar,  $A^0$ , with mass in the range  $212\text{--}9300$  MeV, excluding  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$ . Measured 90% CL limits as a function of  $m_{A^0}$  range from  $0.27\text{--}5.5 \times 10^{-6}$ .

$\Gamma(\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \tau^+ \tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{31}/\Gamma$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-4}$	90	60 AUBERT	09P BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \tau^+ \tau^-$

<sup>60</sup> For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar,  $A^0$ , with  $M(\tau^+ \tau^-)$  in the ranges  $4.03\text{--}9.52$  and  $9.61\text{--}10.10$  GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of  $M(\tau^+ \tau^-)$  range from  $1.5\text{--}16 \times 10^{-5}$ .

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$\Gamma(e^\pm \tau^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{32}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<4.2	90	LEES	10B BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^\pm \tau^\mp$

$\Gamma(e^\pm \mu^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{33}/\Gamma$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 3.6 \times 10^{-7}$	90	LEES	22A BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\mp$

$\Gamma(\mu^\pm \tau^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{34}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 3.1	90	LEES	10B BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm \tau^\mp$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<20.3	95	LOVE	08A CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm \tau^\mp$
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