b' (4th Generation) Quark, Searches for

NODE=Q008

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	NODE=Q008BPP NODE=Q008BPP;CHECK LIMITS
>1530	95		BP ATLS	$B(\mathit{b}' \to \mathit{W}\mathit{u}) = 1$	<u> </u>
>1540	95	² HAYRAPETY24		$B(\mathit{b}' \to \mathit{Z}\mathit{b}) = 1$	<u> </u>
>1570	95	² HAYRAPETY24		$B(\mathit{b}' \to \mathit{H}\mathit{b}) = 1$	OCCUR=2
>1560	95		/ CMS	$B(b'\to Wt)=1$	
>1570	95	_	31 CMS	$B(b'\to\ Hb)=1$	
>1000	95		E ATLS	$\geq 2\ell + ot\!\!\!E_T + \geq 1b$ j	
> 950	95		L ATLS	Wt, Zb, hb modes	
>1010	95 05	C 0	CP ATLS	2.3ℓ , singlet model	OCCUP 2
>1140	95 95	4044	CP ATLS	2,3 ℓ , doublet model singlet b' . ATLAS Combi-	OCCUR=2
>1220	95		K AILS	nation	
>1370	95	10,12 AABOUD 180	CR ATLS	b' in a weak isospin doublet (t',b') . ATLAS combination.	OCCUR=2
> 730	95		AU CMS	combination.	
> 810	95		z ATLS		
> 190	95		CD0	c au=200mm	
> 190	95	¹⁶ ACOSTA 03		quasi-stable b^\prime	
• • We do not us	e the fo	llowing data for averages,	fits, limit	s, etc. • • •	
>1460	95		AG ATLS	$B(b'\to Wt)=1$	
>1420	95	4	W ATLS	$B(b' \to Zb) = 1$	
>1390	95	10	31 CMS	$B(b' \to Zb) = 1$	OCCUR=2
>1130	95	00	AQ CMS	$B(b' \to Zb) = 1$	
>1230	95	0.1	BWCMS	$B(b'\to Wt)=1$	
>1350	95		W ATLS		
> 910	95		BM CMS	Wt, Zb , hb modes	
> 845	95 05	²³ SIRUNYAN 180 ²⁴ KHACHATRY16	CMS	$B(b' \to Wu) = 1$	
> 880 <350, 580–635, >7	95 00.05	0.5	AR ATLS	$B(b' o W t) = 1 \ B(b' o H b) = 1$	
< 550, 560–655, <i>>1</i> 650 > 620	00 95 95	0.0	BY ATLS	W t, Z b, hb modes	
> 730	95 95	07	BY ATLS	$B(b' \rightarrow Wt) = 1$	OCCUR=2
> 690	95	00	ON ATLS	$B(b' \to Wq) = 1$ $B(b' \to Wq) = 1 (q=u)$	0 0 0 0 N - 2
> 755	95	00	AZ ATLS		
> 675	95	30 CHATRCHYAN 131		$B(b' \rightarrow Wt) = 1$	
> 480	95	0.1	AT ATLS	$B(b' \to Wt) = 1$	
> 400	95	20	AU ATLS	$B(b' \rightarrow Zb) = 1$	
> 350	95	22	BC ATLS	B(b' o Wq) = 1	
		24		(q=u,c)	
> 450	95		BE ATLS	$B(b'\to Wt)=1$	
> 685	95	35 CHATRCHYAN 12		$m_{t'} = m_{b'}$	
> 611	95	36 CHATRCHYAN 12		$B(b'\to Wt)=1$	
> 372	95		CDF	$b' \rightarrow W t$	
> 361	95	³⁸ CHATRCHYAN 111	CMS	Repl. by CHA- TRCHYAN 12X	
> 338	95	39 AALTONEN 10	H CDF	$b' \rightarrow Wt$	
> 380–430	95	⁴⁰ FLACCO 10	RVUE	$m_{b'} > m_{t'}$	
> 268	95	41,42 AALTONEN 070	CDF	$B(b' \rightarrow Zb) = 1$	
> 199	95	⁴³ AFFOLDER 00	CDF	$NC: b' \rightarrow Zb$	
> 148	95	44 ABE 981	N CDF	NC: $b' \rightarrow Zb + \text{vertex}$	
> 96	95		D0	NC: $b' o b\gamma$	
> 128	95		D0	$\ell\ell$ + jets, ℓ + jets	
> 75	95	⁴⁷ MUKHOPAD 93	RVUE		
> 85	95	48 ABE 92	CDF	CC: ℓℓ	
> 72	95		3 CDF	CC: $e + \mu$	
	~-	5U 41/ECCON:		CC	
> 54 > 43	95 95	⁵⁰ AKESSON 90 ⁵¹ ALBAJAR 90	UA2 B UA1	CC: $e+{ m jets}+{E_T\over T}$	

- ² HAYRAPETYAN 24AQ based on 138 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Pair production of vector-like b' is searched for in the fully hadronic final states and those containing $\ell^+\ell^-$ from a Z boson. The data are consistent with the SM background predictions and limits are obtained for different branching ratios B($b' \to Hb$), B($b' \to Zb$), B($b' \to Wt$).
- 3 TUMASYAN ^{23}V based on 138 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Pair production of vector-like b' is seached for in the single-lepton, same-sign charge dilepton and multi-lepton channels. The data are consistent with the SM background predictions and limits are obtained for different branching ratios.
- ⁴ SIRUNYAN 20BI based on 137 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Pair production of vector-like b' is seached for with each b' decaying into Zb or hb. Analysis focuses on final states consisting of jets from six quarks. Mass limits are obtained for a variety of branching ratios of b' decays.
- ⁵ AABOUD 18CE based on $36.1~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of proton-proton data taken at $\sqrt{s}=13~{\rm TeV}$. Events including a same-sign lepton pair are used. The limit is for a singlet model, assuming the branching ratios of b' into Zb, Wt and Hb as predicted by the model.
- ⁶ AABOUD 18CL, AABOUD 18CP based on 36.1 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. The limit is for the pair-produced vector-like b' using all-hadronic final state. The analysis is particularly powerful for the $b'\to hb$ mode. Assuming the pure decay only in this mode sets a limit $m_{b'}>1010$ GeV.
- ⁷ AABOUD 18CP based on 36.1 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Pair and single production of vector-like b' are seached for with at least one b' decaying into Zb. In the case of B($b' \rightarrow Zb$) = 1, the limit is $m_{h'}>1220$ GeV.
- 8 The limit is for the singlet model, assuming that the branching ratios into $W\,t,\,Z\,b,\,h\,b$ add up to one.
- 9 The limit is for the doublet model, assuming that the branching ratios into $W\,t,\,Z\,b,\,h\,b$ add up to one.
- 10 AABOUD 18CR based on 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. A combination of searches for the pair-produced vector-like b' in various decay channels ($b'\to W\,t,\,Z\,b,\,h\,b$). Also a model-independent limit is obtained as $m_{b'}>1.03$ TeV, assuming that the branching ratios into $Z\,b,\,W\,t,$ and $h\,b$ add up to one.
- 11 The limit is for the singlet b'.
- 12 The limit is for b' in a weak isospin doublet (t',b') and $|V_{t'b}| \ll |V_{tb'}|.$ For a b' in a doublet with a charge -4/3 vector-like quark, the limit $m_{b'} > 1.14$ TeV is obtained.
- 13 SIRUNYAN 17AU based on 2.3–2.6 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13\,$ TeV. Limit on pair-produced singlet vector-like b' using one lepton and several jets. The mass bound is given for a b' transforming as a singlet under the electroweak symmetry group, assumed to decay through W, Z or Higgs boson (which decays to jets) and to a third generation quark.
- ^14 AAD 15Z based on 20.3 fb^-1 of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Used events with $\ell+\not\!\! E_T+$ \geq 6j (\geq 1 b) and at least one pair of jets from weak boson decay, primarily designed to select the signature $b'\bar b'\to WWt\bar t\to WWWWb\bar b$. This is a limit on pair-produced vector-like b'. The lower mass limit is 640 GeV for a vector-like singlet b'.
- 15 Result is based on $1.1~{\rm fb^{-1}}$ of data. No signal is found for the search of long-lived particles which decay into final states with two electrons or photons, and upper bound on the cross section times branching fraction is obtained for $2 < c\tau < 7000~{\rm mm}$; see Fig. 3. 95% CL excluded region of b' lifetime and mass is shown in Fig. 4.
- 16 ACOSTA 03 looked for long-lived fourth generation quarks in the data sample of 90 pb $^{-1}$ of $\sqrt{s}{=}1.8$ TeV $p\overline{p}$ collisions by using the muon-like penetration and anomalously high ionization energy loss signature. The corresponding lower mass bound for the charge (2/3)e quark (t') is 220 GeV. The t' bound is higher than the b' bound because t' is more likely to produce charged hadrons than b'. The 95% CL upper bounds for the production cross sections are given in their Fig. 3.
- 17 AAD 23AG based on 139 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Pair production of vector-like top or bs is searched for in the mode $1\ell+\geq 4\mathrm{j}(\geq 1\mathrm{b}\text{-tagged})+\cancel{E}_T$. The data are consistent with the SM background predictions and limits are obtained for different branching ratios. Masses below 1.59 TeV are excluded assuming a mass-degenerate vector-like doublet (t',b') model.
- 18 AAD 23AV based on 139 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Pair production of vector-like b' is searched for in the mode $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}+\geq 2{\rm j}$ ($\geq 1{\rm b}$ -tagged) + $\not\!\!E_T$ or with 3ℓ . The data are consistent with the SM background predictions and limits are obtained for different branching ratios.
- ¹⁹ SIRUNYAN 19AQ based on 35.9 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Pair production of vector-like b' is seached for with one b' decaying into Zb and the other b' decaying into Wt, Zb, hb. Events with an opposite-sign lepton pair consistent with coming from Z and jets are used. Mass limits are obtained for a variety of branching ratios of b'.

- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=JA
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=KA
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=EA
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=DA
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- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=K
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- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=CS
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=FA
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=IA
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=Z

- ²⁰ SIRUNYAN 19BW based on 35.9 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. The limit is for the pair-produced vector-like b' using all-hadronic final state. The analysis is made for the Zb, Wt, hb modes and mass limits are obtained for a variety of branching ratios.
- 21 AABOUD 18AW based on 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. The limit is for the pair-produced vector-like b^\prime using lepton-plus-jets final state. The search is also sensitive to the decays into $Z\,b$ and $H\,b$ final states.
- 22 SIRUNYAN 18BM based on $35.9~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. The limit is for the pair-produced vector-like b'. Three channels (single lepton, same-charge 2 leptons, or at least 3 leptons) are considered for various branching fraction combinations. Assuming ${\rm B}(tW)=1,$ the limit is 1240 GeV and for ${\rm B}(bZ)=1$ it is 960 GeV.
- 23 SIRUNYAN 18Q based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. The limit is for the pair-produced vector-like b' that couple only to light quarks. Upper cross section limits on the single production of a b' and constraints for other decay channels (Z q and Hq) are also given in the paper.
- 24 KHACHATRYAN 16AN based on 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Limit on pair-produced vector-like b' using 1, 2, and $>\!\!2$ leptons as well as fully hadronic final states. Other limits depending on the branching fractions to $t\,W,\,b\,Z,$ and $b\,H$ are given in Table IX
- ²⁵ AAD 15AR based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Used lepton-plus-jets final state. See Fig. 24 for mass limits in the plane of B($b' \rightarrow Wt$) vs. B($b' \rightarrow Hb$) from $b' \overline{b}' \rightarrow Hb + X$ searches.
- $26~{\rm AAD}~15{\rm BY}$ based on $20.3~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8~{\rm TeV}.$ Limit on pair-produced vector-like b' assuming the branching fractions to W,~Z, and h modes of the singlet model. Used events containing $\geq 2\ell + E_T + \geq 2{\rm j}~(\,\geq 1~b)$ and including a same-sign lepton pair.
- 27 AAD 15BY based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Limit on pair-produced chiral b'-quark. Used events containing $\geq 2\ell+\not\!\!E_T+ \geq 2{\rm j}$ (≥ 1 b) and including a same-sign lepton pair.
- 28 AAD 15CN based on 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. Limit on pair-production of chiral b'-quark. Used events with $\ell+\not\!\!E_T+\ge 4{\rm j}$ (non-b-tagged). Limits on a heavy vector-like quark, which decays into $W\,q$, $Z\,q$, $h\,q$, are presented in the plane B($Q\to W\,q$) vs. B($Q\to h\,q$) in Fig. 12.
- ²⁹ Based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of $p\,p$ data at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV. No significant excess over SM expectation is found in the search for pair production or single production of b' in the events with dilepton from a high p_T Z and additional jets (≥ 1 b-tag). If instead of B($b' \rightarrow W\,t$) = 1 an electroweak singlet with B($b' \rightarrow W\,t$) ~ 0.45 is assumed, the limit reduces to 685 GeV.
- 30 Based on 5.0 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 131 looked for events with one isolated electron or muon, large E_T , and at least four jets with large transverse momenta, where one jet is likely to originate from the decay of a bottom quark.
- ³¹ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. No signal is found for the search of heavy quark pair production that decay into W and a t quark in the events with a high p_T isolated lepton, large $\not\!\!E_T$, and at least 6 jets in which one, two or more dijets are from W
- ³²Based on 2.0 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. No $b'\to Zb$ invariant mass peak is found in the search of heavy quark pair production that decay into Z and a b quark in events with $Z\to e^+e^-$ and at least one b-jet. The lower mass limit is 358 GeV for a vector-like singlet b' mixing solely with the third SM generation.
- ³³ Based on 1.04 fb⁻¹ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. No signal is found for the search of heavy quark pair production that decay into W and a quark in the events with dileptons, large E_T , and ≥ 2 jets.
- 34 Based on 1.04 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. AAD 12BE looked for events with two isolated like-sign leptons and at least 2 jets, large $\not\!\!E_T$ and H $_T>350$ GeV.
- 35 Based on 5 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 12BH searched for QCD and EW production of single and pair of degenerate 4'th generation quarks that decay to bW or tW. Absence of signal in events with one lepton, same-sign dileptons or trileptons gives the bound. With a mass difference of 25 GeV/c 2 between $m_{t'}$ and $m_{b'}$, the corresponding limit shifts by about $\pm 20~{\rm GeV/c^2}$.
- $^{36}\,\mathrm{Based}$ on 4.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV. CHATRCHYAN 12X looked for events with trileptons or same-sign dileptons and at least one b jet.
- 37 Based on 4.8 fb $^{-1}$ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at 1.96 TeV. AALTONEN 11J looked for events with $\ell+\cancel{E}_T+$ \geq 5j (\geq 1 b or c). No signal is observed and the bound $\sigma(b'\overline{b}')$ < 30 fb for $m_{b'}>$ 375 GeV is found for B($b'\to Wt$) = 1.
- ³⁸ Based on 34 pb⁻¹ of data in pp collisions at 7 TeV. CHATRCHYAN 11L looked for multijet events with trileptons or same-sign dileptons. No excess above the SM background excludes $m_{b'}$ between 255 and 361 GeV at 95% CL for B($b' \rightarrow Wt$) = 1.
- ³⁹ Based on 2.7 fb⁻¹ of data in $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV. AALTONEN 10H looked for pair production of heavy quarks which decay into $t\,W^-$ or $t\,W^+$, in events with same sign dileptons (e or μ), several jets and large missing E_T . The result is obtained for b' which decays into $t\,W^-$. For the charge 5/3 quark ($T_{5/3}$) which decays into $t\,W^+$,

- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=BA
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=O
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=N
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=P
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=L
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=G
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=H
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=I
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=J
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=E
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- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=GA
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=AD
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=CT
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=CA
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=AO
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=CH
- NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=AT

 $m_{{\cal T}_5/3} >$ 365 GeV (95% CL) is found when it has the charge -1/3 partner B of the same mass

⁴⁰ FLACCO 10 result is obtained from AALTONEN 10H result of $m_{b'}>338$ GeV, by relaxing the condition B($b'\to Wt$) = 100% when $m_{b'}>m_{t'}$.

⁴¹ Result is based on 1.06 fb⁻¹ of data. No excess from the SM Z+jet events is found when Z decays into $e\,e$ or $\mu\mu$. The $m_{b'}$ bound is found by comparing the resulting upper bound on $\sigma(b'\,\overline{b}')$ [1-(1-B($b'\to Z\,b$))²] and the LO estimate of the b' pair production cross section shown in Fig. 38 of the article.

 42 HUANG 08 reexamined the b' mass lower bound of 268 GeV obtained in AALTONEN 07C that assumes B($b'\to~Z\,b)=1$, which does not hold for $m_{b'}>255$ GeV. The lower mass bound is given in the plane of $\sin^2(\theta_{t\,h'})$ and $m_{h'}$.

⁴³ AFFOLDER 00 looked for b' that decays in to b+Z. The signal searched for is bbZZ events where one Z decays into e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$ and the other Z decays hadronically. The bound assumes $B(b'\to Zb)=100\%$. Between 100 GeV and 199 GeV, the 95%CL upper bound on $\sigma(b'\to \overline{b}')\times B^2(b'\to Zb)$ is also given (see their Fig. 2).

⁴⁴ ABE 98N looked for $Z \to e^+e^-$ decays with displaced vertices. Quoted limit assumes B($b' \to Zb$)=1 and $c\tau_{b'}$ =1 cm. The limit is lower than m_Z+m_b (\sim 96 GeV) if $c\tau>$ 22 cm or $c\tau<$ 0.009 cm. See their Fig. 4.

 45 ABACHI 97D searched for b' that decays mainly via FCNC. They obtained 95%CL upper bounds on B($b'\bar{b}'\to \gamma+3$ jets) and B($b'\bar{b}'\to 2\gamma+2$ jets), which can be interpreted as the lower mass bound $m_{b'}>m_Z+m_b$.

⁴⁶ ABACHI 95F bound on the top-quark also applies to b' and t' quarks that decay predominantly into W. See FROGGATT 97.

47 MUKHOPADHYAYA 93 analyze CDF dilepton data of ABE 92G in terms of a new quark decaying via flavor-changing neutral current. The above limit assumes B($b' \rightarrow b\ell^+\ell^-$)=1%. For an exotic quark decaying only via virtual Z [B($b\ell^+\ell^-$) = 3%], the limit is 85 GeV.

 48 ABE 92 dilepton analysis limit of >85 GeV at CL=95% also applies to b^\prime quarks, as discussed in ABE 90B.

 $^{49}\,\mathrm{ABE}$ 90B exclude the region 28–72 GeV.

 50 AKESSON 90 searched for events having an electron with $p_T>12$ GeV, missing momentum > 15 GeV, and a jet with $E_T>$ 10 GeV, $\left|\eta\right|<2.2$, and excluded $m_{b'}$ between 30 and 69 GeV.

51 For the reduction of the limit due to non-charged-current decay modes, see Fig. 19 of ALBA JAR 90B.

⁵² ALBAJAR 88 study events at $E_{\rm cm}=546$ and 630 GeV with a muon or isolated electron, accompanied by one or more jets and find agreement with Monte Carlo predictions for the production of charm and bottom, without the need for a new quark. The lower mass limit is obtained by using a conservative estimate for the $b' \, \overline{b}'$ production cross section and by assuming that it cannot be produced in W decays. The value quoted here is revised using the full $O(\alpha_s^3)$ cross section of ALTARELLI 88.

b'(-1/3) mass limits from single production in $p\bar{p}$ and pp collisions

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
>3000	95	$^{ m 1}$ TUMASYAN	220	CMS	$egin{array}{ll} g \ b ightarrow b' ightarrow t \ W, \ B(b' ightarrow t \ W) = 1 \end{array}$
> 693	95	² ABAZOV	11F	D0	$qu \rightarrow q'b' \rightarrow q'(Wu)$
> 430	95	² ABAZOV	11F	D0	$\begin{split} \widetilde{\kappa}_{ub'} = & 1, B(b' \to Wu) = 1 \\ qd \to qb' \to q(Zd) \\ \widetilde{\kappa}_{db'} = & \sqrt{2}, B(b' \to Zd) = 1 \end{split}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

		³ AAD	23cQ ATLS	$b' ightarrow b h (h ightarrow b \overline{b})$
>2600	95	⁴ SIRUNYAN	21AG CMS	$g b \rightarrow b' \rightarrow t W, B(b' \rightarrow b')$
		⁵ SIRUNYAN	19AL CMS	$egin{array}{ll} tW){=}1 \ bZ/tW ightarrow$
. 1500	0.5			
>1500	95	⁶ AAD	16AH ATLS	$gb \rightarrow b' \rightarrow tW, B(b' \rightarrow$
				tW)=1
>1390	95	⁷ KHACHATRY.	16ı CMS	$g b ightarrow b_I' ightarrow t W, B(b_I' ightarrow$
				tW)=1
>1430	95	⁸ KHACHATRY.	16ı CMS	$gb \rightarrow b_R' \rightarrow tW, B(b_R' \rightarrow$
				tW)=1
		0		
>1530	95	⁹ KHACHATRY.	16ı CMS	$gb ightarrow b' ightarrow tW,\; B(b' ightarrow$
				tW)=1

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NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=HU

NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=EB

NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=AN

NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=K2

NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=1K

NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=C

NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=U

NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=AB NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=F

NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=A

NODE=Q008BPP;LINKAGE=D

NODE=Q008BPS NODE=Q008BPS

OCCUR=2

OCCUR=2

OCCUR=3

 1 TUMASYAN 220 based on 138 fb $^{-1}$ of data in pp collisions at 13 TeV. No significant excess over SM expectation is found in the search for a left-handed b' assuming 100% decay to tW using a t-tagged jet and a lepton from W. The model assumes that the b' has the excited quark couplings. The bound is from a statistical combination with an earlier analysis by SIRUNYAN 21AG. The 95% CL bounds are also set as 3.0, 3.0, and 3.2 TeV, respectively, for left-handed, right-handed, and vector-like couplings.

² ABAZOV 11F based on 5.4 fb⁻¹ of data in ppbar collisions at 1.96 TeV. ABAZOV 11F looked for single production of b' via the W or Z coupling to the first generation up or down quarks, respectively. Model independent cross section limits for the single production processes $p\bar{p} \to b'q \to Wuq$, and $p\bar{p} \to b'q \to Zdq$ are given in Figs. 3 and 4, respectively, and the mass limits are obtained for the model of ATRE 09 with degenerate bi-doublets of vector-like quarks.

 3 AAD 23CQ based on 139 fb $^{-1}$ of data in pp collisions at 13 TeV. No significant excess over SM expectation is found. Limits on mass and production cross section of a vector-like b' are obtained in several theoretical scenarios determined by the couplings betwen b' and W, Z, h.

 4 SIRUNYAN 21AG based on 137 fb $^{-1}$ of data in pp collisions at 13 TeV. No significant excess over SM expectation is found in the search for a left-handed b' assuming 100% decay to tW using all hadronic final states, where t and W are tagged as single jets, respectively. The model assumes that the b' has the excited quark couplings. The 95% CL bounds are also set as 2.8 and 3.1 TeV, respectively, for the right-handed and vector-like couplings.

 5 SIRUNYAN 19AI based on 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ of pp data at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV. Exclusion limits are set on the product of the production cross section and branching fraction for the $b'(-1/3)+\ b$ and $b'(-1/3)+\ t$ modes as a function of the vector-like quark mass in Figs. 7 and 8 and in Tab. 2 for relative vector-like quark widths between 1 and 30% for left- and right-handed vector-like quark couplings. No significant deviation from the SM prediction is observed.

⁶ AAD 16AH based on 20.3 fb⁻¹ of data in pp collisions at 8 TeV. No significant excess over SM expectation is found in the search for a vector-like b' in the single-lepton and dilepton channels (ℓ or $\ell\ell$) + 1,2,3 j (\geq 1b). The model assumes that the b' has the excited quark couplings.

⁷ Based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of data in pp collisions at 8 TeV. Limit on left-handed b' assuming 100% decay to tW and using all-hadronic, lepton + jets, and dilepton final states.

⁸ Based on 19.7 fb⁻¹ of data in pp collisions at 8 TeV. Limit on right-handed b' assuming 100% decay to tW and using all-hadronic, lepton + jets, and dilepton final states.

 9 Based on $^{19.7}$ fb $^{-1}$ of data in pp collisions at 8 TeV. Limit on vector-like b' assuming 100% decay to tW and using all-hadronic, lepton+jets, and dilepton final states.

NODE=Q008BPS;LINKAGE=F

NODE=Q008BPS:LINKAGE=AB

NODE=Q008BPS;LINKAGE=H

NODE=Q008BPS;LINKAGE=G

NODE=Q008BPS;LINKAGE=E

NODE=Q008BPS;LINKAGE=D

NODE=Q008BPS;LINKAGE=A

NODE=Q008BPS;LINKAGE=B

NODE=Q008BPS;LINKAGE=C

NODE=Q008BPE

NODE=Q008BPE

MASS LIMITS for b' (4th Generation) Quark or Hadron in e^+e^- Collisions

Search for hadrons containing a fourth-generation -1/3 quark denoted b'.

The last column specifies the assumption for the decay mode (CC denotes the conventional charged-current decay) and the event signature which is looked for.

VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	NODE=Q008BPE
>46.0	95	$^{ m 1}$ DECAMP	90F	ALEP	any decay	
• • • We do not u	se the followir	ng data for average	es, fits,	limits, e	etc. • • •	
none 96-103	95	² ABDALLAH	07	DLPH	$b' \rightarrow bZ, cW$	
		³ ADRIANI	93G	L3	Quarkonium	
>44.7	95	ADRIANI	93M	L3	$\Gamma(Z)$	
>45	95	ABREU	91F	DLPH	$\Gamma(Z)$	
none 19.4-28.2	95	ABE	90 D	VNS	Any decay; event shape	
>45.0	95	ABREU	90 D	DLPH	B(CC) = 1; event shape	
>44.5	95	⁴ ABREU	90 D	DLPH	$b' \rightarrow cH^-, H^- \rightarrow \overline{c}s, \tau^- \nu$	OCCUR=2
>40.5	95	⁵ ABREU	90 D	DLPH	$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow hadrons)$	OCCUR=3
>28.3	95	ADACHI	90		B(FCNC)=100%; isol. γ or 4 jets	
>41.4	95	⁶ AKRAWY	90 B	OPAL	Any decay; acoplanarity	
>45.2	95	⁶ AKRAWY	90 B	OPAL	B(CC) = 1; acoplanarity	OCCUR=2
>46	95	⁷ AKRAWY	90J	OPAL	$b' ightarrow \gamma + any$	
>27.5	95	⁸ ABE	89E	VNS	$B(CC) = 1; \mu, e$	
none 11.4–27.3	95	⁹ ABE	89G	VNS	$B(b' \rightarrow b\gamma) > 10\%;$ isolated γ	
>44.7	95	¹⁰ ABRAMS	89C	MRK2	B(CC) = 100%; isol.	
>42.7	95	¹⁰ ABRAMS	89C	MRK2	B(bg)=100%; event shape	OCCUR=2

>42.0	₉₅ 1	⁰ ABRAMS	89c	MRK2	Any decay; event shape	OCCUR=3
>28.4	₉₅ 11,1	² ADACHI	89C	TOPZ	$B(CC) = 1; \mu$	
>28.8		³ ENO	89	AMY	$B(CC) \gtrsim 90\%; \mu, e$	
>27.2		⁴ ENO	89	AMY	any decay; event shape	OCCUR=2
>29.0		³ ENO	89	AMY	$B(b' \rightarrow bg) \gtrsim 85\%;$ event shape	OCCUR=3
>24.4	95 ¹	⁵ IGARASHI	88	AMY	μ ,e	
>23.8		⁶ SAGAWA ⁷ ADEVA	88	AMY	event shape	
>22.7 >21		⁸ ALTHOFF	86 84c	MRKJ TASS	μ R, event shape	
>19	1	9 ALTHOFF	84I	TASS	Aplanarity	
					photons, and for four-jet	
final states. The > 5% are exclude ² ABDALLAH 07	e modes $b' ightarrow b$ ded. Charged Hi searched for b'	bg for $B(b' o ggs)$ decay were pair production	bg) > not dis	65% <i>b</i> /scussed. n=196-2	$b' o b\gamma$ for B($b' o b\gamma$) 209 GeV, with 420 pb $^{-1}$. and B($b' o cW$) for $m_{b'}$	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=DC NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=DA
= 96 to 103 Ge	V				~	
³ ADRIANI 93G se Z mixing param	earch for vector $\delta m^2 < (10)$	–30) GeV ² (95	%CL) 1	for the r	give limit on quarkonium- nass 88–94.5 GeV. Using ass range 87.7–94.7 GeV.	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=TB
This range depe	nds on the pote	ntial choice.			G	
⁴ ABREU 90D ass	sumed m_{H^-} <	$m_{b'}$ – 3 GeV.				NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=AB
⁵ Superseded by A						NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=AF
⁶ AKRAWY 90B s LEP. The exclu- charged Higgs o	ded region is be	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=AK				
GeV.				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
⁷ AKRAWY 90J s B($Z \rightarrow b' \overline{b}'$)·E B($b' \rightarrow \gamma X$) >	$B(b' \rightarrow \gamma X)/B($	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=T				
8 ABE 89E search at $E_{\rm cm}=56$ –57 GeV at TRISTAN for multihadron events with a spherical shape (using thrust and acoplanarity) or containing isolated leptons.						NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=A
⁹ ABE 89G search						NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=B
					the ABRAMS 890 limit is	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=G
45.4 GeV. The I 11 ADACHI 89C se events accompa	earch was at E_{c}	gs decay ($b' \rightarrow c_{cm} = 56.5-60.8$	cH, GeV	at TRIS	$\overline{c}s$) is 45.2 GeV. STAN using multi-hadron	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=C
12 ADACHI 89C als		or any mixture o	of <i>C C</i> :	and bg	decays.	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=F
¹³ ENO 89 search	at $E_{cm} = 50-6$	0.8 at TRISTAI	٧.	· ·	,	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=D
¹⁴ ENO 89 conside	ers arbitrary mixt	ture of the char	ged cui	rrent, be	${f g}$, and ${f b}\gamma$ decays.	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=E
¹⁵ IGARASHI 88 se CL) assuming cl	earches for lepto	ns in low-thrust	event	s and giv	$A = \Delta R(b') < 0.26 (95\%)$	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=S
from event shap	oe analyses at <i>E</i> near threshold,	$_{\rm cm} = 52 \; {\rm GeV}$.	By usi	ng the q	avored hadron production quark parton model cross- mass bounds of 23.8 GeV	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=Q
¹⁷ ADEVA 86 give as a function of 1/3 charge quar	95%CL upper b	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=J				
18 ALTHOFF 84C and heavy charg	narrow state sea	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=K				
¹⁹ ALTHOFF 841 e using aplanarity	exclude heavy q	NODE=Q008BPE;LINKAGE=L				
REFEREN	ICES FOR Se	NODE=Q008				
HAYRAPETY 24AQ P AAD 23AG E AAD 23AV P AAD 23CQ J TUMASYAN 23V J	PR D110 052009 PR D110 052004 PJ C83 719 PL B843 138019 HEP 2311 168 HEP 2307 020 HEP 2304 048	G. Aad et al. A. Hayrapetys G. Aad et al. G. Aad et al. G. Aad et al. A. Tumasyan	n et al. et al.		(ATLAS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)	REFID=63079 REFID=63077 REFID=62172 REFID=62364 REFID=62612 REFID=61788

SIRUNYAN	18Q	PR D97 072008	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=58920
SIRUNYAN		JHEP 1711 085	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=58344
AAD		JHEP 1602 110	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=57318
KHACHATRY	. 16AN	PR D93 112009	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=57295
KHACHATRY	161	JHEP 1601 166	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=57141
AAD		JHEP 1508 105	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=56648
AAD		JHEP 1510 150	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=56863
AAD	15CN	PR D92 112007	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=57013
AAD	15Z	PR D91 112011	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=56592
AAD	14AZ	JHEP 1411 104	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=56201
CHATRCHYAN		JHEP 1301 154	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=54941
					REFID=54229
AAD		PRL 109 032001	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)	
AAD		PRL 109 071801	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54230
AAD	12BC	PR D86 012007	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54358
AAD	12BE	JHEP 1204 069	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54458
CHATRCHYAN		PR D86 112003	S. Chatrchyan et al.	` (CMS Collab.)	REFID=54772
CHATRCHYAN		JHEP 1205 123	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=54460
AALTONEN	11J	PRL 106 141803	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)	REFID=16439
ABAZOV	11F	PRL 106 081801	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)	REFID=16469
CHATRCHYAN	11L	PL B701 204	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=16643
AALTONEN	10H	PRL 104 091801	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)	REFID=53271
FLACCO	10	PRL 105 111801	C.J. Flacco et al.	(UCI, HAIF)	REFID=53412
				(OCI, TIAII)	REFID=54081
ATRE	09	PR D79 054018	A. Atre et al.	(= = = ·)	
ABAZOV	X80	PRL 101 111802	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)	REFID=52402
HUANG	80	PR D77 037302	P.Q. Hung, M. Sher	(UVA, WILL)	REFID=52505
AALTONEN	07C	PR D76 072006	T. Aaltonen et al.	(CDF Collab.)	REFID=51994
ABDALLAH	07	EPJ C50 507	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)	REFID=51764
ACOSTA	03	PRL 90 131801	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)	REFID=49298
AFFOLDER	00	PRL 84 835	A. Affolder et al.	(CDF Collab.)	REFID=47308
ABE	98N	PR D58 051102	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)	REFID=46140
ABACHI	97D	PRL 78 3818	S. Abachi et al.	(D0 Collab.)	REFID=45459
FROGGATT	97	ZPHY C73 333	C.D. Froggatt, D.J. Smith, H.B.		REFID=45376
ABACHI	95F	PR D52 4877	S. Abachi <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)	REFID=44482
ADRIANI	93G	PL B313 326	O. Adriani et al.	(L3 Collab.)	REFID=43472
ADRIANI	93M	PRPL 236 1	O. Adriani <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)	REFID=43644
MUKHOPAD	93	PR D48 2105	B. Mukhopadhyaya, D.P. Roy	(TATA)	REFID=43481
ABE	92	PRL 68 447	F. Abe et al.	(CDF Collab.)	REFID=41874
Also		PR D45 3921	F. Abe et al.	(CDF Collab.)	REFID=42068
ABE	92G	PR D45 3921	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)	REFID=42068
ABREU	91F	NP B367 511	P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>		REFID=42000
				(DELPHI Collab.)	
ABE	90B	PRL 64 147	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)	REFID=40986
ABE	90D	PL B234 382	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(VENUS Collab.)	REFID=41105
ABREU	90D	PL B242 536	P. Abreu et al.	(DELPHI Collab.)	REFID=41317
ADACHI	90	PL B234 197	I. Adachi et al.	(TOPAZ Collab.)	REFID=41106
AKESSON	90	ZPHY C46 179	T. Akesson <i>et al.</i>	(UA2 Collab.)	REFID=41051
AKRAWY	90B				REFID=40987
		PL B236 364	M.Z. Akrawy et al.	(OPAL Collab.)	
AKRAWY	90J	PL B246 285	M.Z. Akrawy et al.	(OPAL Collab.)	REFID=41336
ALBAJAR	90B	ZPHY C48 1	C. Albajar <i>et al.</i>	(UA1 Collab.)	REFID=41312
DECAMP	90F	PL B236 511	D. Decamp et al.	(ALEPH Collab.)	REFID=41035
ABE	89E	PR D39 3524	K. Abe et al.	(VENUS Collab.)	REFID=40844
ABE	89G	PRL 63 1776	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(VENUS Collab.)	REFID=40951
				,	
ABRAMS	89C	PRL 63 2447	G.S. Abrams et al.	(Mark II Collab.)	REFID=40966
ADACHI	89C	PL B229 427	I. Adachi <i>et al.</i>	(TOPAZ Collab.)	REFID=40952
ENO	89	PRL 63 1910	S. Eno et al.	(AMY Collab.)	REFID=40953
ALBAJAR	88	ZPHY C37 505	C. Albajar et al.	(UA1 Collab.)	REFID=40464
ALTARELLI	88	NP B308 724	G. Altarelli et al.	(CERN, ROMA, ETH)	REFID=40899
IGARASHI	88	PRL 60 2359	S. Igarashi <i>et al.</i>	(AMY Collab.)	REFID=40606
	88				REFID=40453
SAGAWA		PRL 60 93	H. Sagawa et al.	(AMY Collab.)	
ADEVA	86	PR D34 681	B. Adeva et al.	(Mark-J Collab.)	REFID=40171
ALTHOFF	84C	PL 138B 441	M. Althoff et al.	(TASSO Collab.)	REFID=12195
ALTHOFF	84I	ZPHY C22 307	M. Althoff et al.	(TASSO Collab.)	REFID=12196
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	