## Supersymmetric Particle Searches

The exclusion of particle masses within a mass range  $(m_1, m_2)$ will be denoted with the notation "none  $m_1 - m_2$ " in the VALUE column of the following Listings. The latest unpublished results are described in the "Supersymmetry: Experiment" review.

See the related review(s):

Supersymmetry, Part I (Theory) Supersymmetry, Part II (Experiment)

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The results shown below, unless stated otherwise, are based on the Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model (MSSM), as described in the Note on Supersymmetry. Unless otherwise indicated, this includes the assumption of common gaugino and scalar masses at the scale of Grand Unification (GUT), and use of the resulting relations in the spectrum and decay branching ratios. Unless otherwise indicated, it is also assumed that R-parity (R) is conserved and that:

1) The  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0$  is the lighest supersymmetric particle (LSP),

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NODE=S046CNT NODE=S046CNT 2)  $m_{\tilde{f}_L} = m_{\tilde{f}_R}$ , where  $\tilde{f}_{L,R}$  refer to the scalar partners of leftand right-handed fermions.

Limits involving different assumptions are identified in the Comments or in the Footnotes, in particular also the many simplified models, see definitions below. We summarize here the notations used in this Chapter to characterize some of the most common deviations from the MSSM (for further details, see the Note on Supersymmetry).

Theories with *R*-parity violation (RPV) are characterized by a superpotential of the form:  $\lambda_{ijk}L_iL_je_k^c + \lambda'_{ijk}L_iQ_jd_k^c + \lambda''_{ijk}u_i^cd_j^cd_k^c$ , where i, j, k are generation indices. The presence of any of these couplings is often identified in the following by the symbols  $LL\overline{E}, LQ\overline{D}$ , and  $\overline{UDD}$ . Mass limits in the presence of RPV will often refer to "direct" and "indirect" decays. Direct refers to RPV decays of the particle in consideration. Indirect refers to cases where RPV appears in the decays of the LSP. The LSP need not be the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .

In several models, most notably in theories with so-called Gauge Mediated Supersymmetry Breaking (GMSB), the gravitino ( $\tilde{G}$ ) is the LSP. It is usually much lighter than any other massive particle in the spectrum, and  $m_{\tilde{G}}$  is then neglected in all decay processes involving gravitinos. In these scenarios, particles other than the neutralino are sometimes considered as the next-to-lighest supersymmetric particle (NLSP), and are assumed to decay to their even-R partner plus  $\tilde{G}$ . If the lifetime is short enough for the decay to take place within the detector,  $\tilde{G}$  is assumed to be undetected and to give rise to missing energy ( $\not{\!\!E}$ ) or missing transverse energy ( $\not{\!\!E}_T$ ) signatures.

When needed, specific assumptions on the eigenstate content of  $\tilde{\chi}^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$  states are indicated, using the notation  $\tilde{\gamma}$ (photino),  $\tilde{H}$  (higgsino),  $\tilde{W}$  (wino), and  $\tilde{Z}$  (zino) to signal that the limit of pure states was used. The term gaugino is also used, to generically indicate wino-like charginos and zino-like neutralinos.

In the listings we have made use of the following abbreviations for simplified models employed by the experimental collaborations in supersymmetry searches published in the past year.

**WARNING:** Experimental lower mass limits determined within simplified models are to be treated with extreme care as they might not be directly applicable to realistic models. This is outlined in detail in the publications and we recommend consulting them before using bounds. For example, branching ratios, typically fixed to specific values in simplified models, can vary substantially in more elaborate models.

## Simplified Models Table

- **Tglu1A:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tglu1B:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to qq' \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \ \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tglu1C:** gluino pair production with a 2/3 probability of having a  $\tilde{g} \to qq' \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \ \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decay and a 1/3 probability of having a  $\tilde{g} \to qq \tilde{\chi}_2^0, \ \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to Z^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decay.
- **Tglu1D:** gluino pair production with one gluino decaying to  $q\bar{q'}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm} + \tilde{G}$ , and the other gluino decaying to  $q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + \tilde{G}.$
- **Tglu1E:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to qq'\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to Z^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  where  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\tilde{g}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$ ,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}})/2.$
- **Tglu1F:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to qq'\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  or  $\tilde{g} \to qq\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  with equal branching ratios, where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate scalar tau lepton or sneutrino to  $\tau \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate scalar tau lepton or sneutrino to  $\tau^+\tau^-\tilde{\chi}^0_1$  or  $\nu\bar{\nu}\tilde{\chi}^0_1;$  the mass hierarchy is such that  $m_{\chi^\pm_1}\sim$  $m_{\tilde{\chi}^0_2} = (m_{\tilde{g}} + m_{\chi^0_1})/2$  and  $m_{\tilde{\tau},\tilde{\nu}} = (m_{\tilde{\chi}^\pm_1} + m_{\tilde{\chi}^0_1})/2$ .
- **Tglu1G:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decaying through an intermediate slepton or sneutrino to  $l^+l^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $\nu \bar{\nu} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  where  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = (m_{\tilde{g}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$  and  $m_{\tilde{\ell},\tilde{\nu}} = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$ .

- **Tglu1H:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to \tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z^{0(*)}$ . **Tglu1I:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to \tilde{\chi}_1^0 H$ . **Tglu1J:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , and  $\mathrm{BR}(\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to \tilde{\chi}_2^0)$ .  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z^{0(*)}) = \text{BR}(\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to \tilde{\chi}_1^0 H) = 0.5.$
- **Tglu1LL** gluino pair production where  $\tilde{g} \to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  happens with 1/3 probability and  $\tilde{g} \to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  happens with 2/3 probability. The  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  is assumed to be few hundreds of MeV heavier than the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\dot{0}}$ , and decays to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  via a pion.
- **Tglu2A:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to b\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tglu3A:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- **Tglu3B:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to t\tilde{t}$  where  $\tilde{t}$  decays exclusively to  $t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tglu3C:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to t\tilde{t}$  where  $\tilde{t}$  decays exclusively to  $c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tglu3D:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to t\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tglu3E:** gluino pair production where the gluino decays 25% of the time through  $\tilde{g} \to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , 25% of the time through  $\tilde{g} \to b\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ and 50% of the time through  $\tilde{g} \to t\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tglu3F:** gluino pair production with wino-like couplings to electroweaki-nos, that is:  $\tilde{g} \to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}^0_{1,2}$  with BR 17%,  $\tilde{g} \to b\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}^0_{1,2}$  with BR 17%,  $\tilde{g} \to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with BR 66%.
- $\mathbf{Tglu3G:}$  gluino pair production with higgsino-like couplings to electroweakinos, that is:  $\tilde{g} \to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}^0_{1,2}$  with BR 50%,  $\tilde{g} \to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}_1$  with BR 50%.
- **Tglu4A:** gluino pair production with one gluino decaying to  $q\bar{q'}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm} + \tilde{G}$ , and the other gluino decaying to  $q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + G.$
- **Tglu4B:** gluino pair production with gluinos decaying to  $q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + \tilde{G}.$
- **Tglu4C:** gluino pair production with gluinos decaying to  $\tilde{g} \to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to Z + \tilde{G}.$

- **Tglu4D:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  where the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decays with equal probability to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + \tilde{G}$  or to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to H + \tilde{G}$ . **Tglu4E:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to b\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  where the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decays
- with equal probability to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + \tilde{G}$  or to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to Z + \tilde{G}$ .
- **Tglu4F:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  where the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decays with equal probability to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + \tilde{G}$  or to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to Z + \tilde{G}$ . **Tglu4G:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to qq\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  where the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decays
- with equal probability to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + \tilde{G}$  or to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to Z + \tilde{G}$ .
- **Tglu1RPV:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow uds$  via RPV coupling  $\lambda_{112}''$ . **Tglu2RPV:** gluino pair production with  $\tilde{g} \to (tbd, tbs)$  via RPV coupling  $\lambda_{313}''$  or  $\lambda_{323}''$ .

**Tsqk1:** squark pair production with  $\tilde{q} \to q \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .

- **Tsqk1LL** squark pair production where  $\tilde{q} \to q \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{q} \to q \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  each happen with 50% probability. The  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  is assumed to be few hundreds of MeV heavier than the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , and decays to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  via a pion.
- **Tsqk2:** squark pair production with  $\tilde{q} \to q \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to Z + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tsqk2A:** squark pair production with  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where one of the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to Z^{(*)} \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to f \bar{f} \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \text{ and the other } \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to \tilde{\ell} \ell^+ \to \ell^+ \ell^- \tilde{\chi}_1^0.$  **Tsqk3:** squark pair production with  $\tilde{q} \to q' \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \to W^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^0.$
- (like Tglu1B but for squarks)
- **Tsqk4:** squark pair production with squarks decaying to  $q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + \tilde{G}.$
- **Tsqk4A:** squark pair production with one squark decaying to  $q\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm} + \tilde{G}$ , and the other squark decaying to  $q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + \tilde{G}$ .
- **Tsqk4B:** squark pair production with squarks decaying to  $q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + G.$
- **Tsqk1RPV:** squark pair production with squarks decaying to  $q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to u_i d_j d_k$  via  $\lambda_{ijk}''$ .
- **Tsqk2RPV:** squark pair production with squarks decaying to  $q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to (\ell_i u_j d_k, \nu_i d_j d_k)$  via  $\lambda'_{ijk}$ .
- **Tsqk3RPV:** squark pair production with squarks decaying to  $q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow (\ell_i \nu_j \ell_k, \nu_i \ell_j \ell_k)$  via  $\lambda_{ijk}$ .

**Tstop1:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .

- **Tstop1LL** stop pair production where  $\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{t} \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  each happen with 50% probability. The  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  is assumed to be few hundreds of MeV heavier than the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , and decays to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  via a pion. **Tstop2:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .

  - Tstop3: stop pair production with the subsequent four-body decay  $\tilde{t} \to bf f' \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  where f represents a lepton or a quark.
  - **Tstop4:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to c \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .

  - **Tstop5:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to b\bar{\nu}\tilde{\tau}$  with  $\tilde{\tau} \to \tau\tilde{G}$ . **Tstop6:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to t + \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to Z + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $H + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  each with BR 50%.
  - **Tstop7:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t}_2 \to \tilde{t}_1 + H/Z$ , where  $\tilde{t}_1 \to t + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .

Tstop8: stop pair production with equal probability of the stop decaying via  $\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or via  $\tilde{t} \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ . **Tstop9:** stop pair production with equal probability of the stop

- decaying via  $\tilde{t} \to c \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or via the four-body decay  $\tilde{t} \to b f f' \tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- where f represents a lepton or a quark. **Tstop10:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to b\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm*}\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to$  $(f\bar{f}') + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  with a virtual W-boson. **Tstop11:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decaying through
- an intermediate slepton to  $l\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- **Tstop12:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + \tilde{G}$

- **Tstop13:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  where the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  can decay with equal probability to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma + \tilde{G}$  or to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to Z + \tilde{G}$ .
- **Tstop14:** stop pair production with wino-like couplings to electroweakinos, that is:  $\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}^0_{1,2}$  with BR 33%,  $\tilde{g} \to b \tilde{\chi}^{\pm}_1$  with BR 67%.
- **Tstop15:** stop pair production with higgsino-like couplings to electroweakinos, that is:  $\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}_{1,2}^0$  with BR 50%,  $\tilde{g} \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with BR 50%.
- **Tstop16:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , followed either by  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to \nu_{\tau} \tilde{\tau}_1$  and  $\tilde{\tau}_1 \to \tau \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , or by  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to \tau \tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  and  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \to \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , each with BR 50%.
- **Tstop1RPV:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to \bar{b}\bar{s}$  via RPV coupling  $\lambda''_{323}$ .
- **Tstop2RPV:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to b\ell$ , via RPV coupling  $\lambda'_{i33}$ .
- **Tstop3RPV:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to q\mu$ , via RPV coupling  $\lambda'_{23k}$
- **Tstop4RPV:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to b\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to bbs$  via RPV coupling  $\lambda''_{323}$ .
- **Tstop5RPV:** stop pair production with  $\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}^0_{1,2}, \ \tilde{\chi}^0_{1,2} \to tbs$  via RPV coupling  $\lambda''_{323}$ .
  - **Tsbot1:** sbottom pair production with  $\tilde{b} \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
  - **Tsbot2:** sbottom pair production with  $\tilde{b} \to t\chi_1^-, \chi_1^- \to W^- \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
  - **Tsbot3:** sbottom pair production with  $\tilde{b} \to b\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where one of the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to Z^{(*)}\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to f\bar{f}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and the other  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to \tilde{\ell}\ell^+ \to \ell^+\ell^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
  - **Tsbot4:** sbottom pair production with  $\tilde{b} \to b \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , with  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to H \tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- **Tchi1chi1A:** electroweak pair and associated production of nearly massdegenerate charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  plus soft radiation, and where one of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decays to  $\gamma + \tilde{G}$  while the other one decays to  $Z/H + \tilde{G}$  (with equal probability).
- **Tchi1chi1B:** electroweak pair production of charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate slepton or sneutrino to  $l\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where the slepton or sneutrino mass is 5%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 95% of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  mass.
- **Tchi1chi1C:** electroweak pair production of charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate slepton or sneutrino to  $l\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $m_{\tilde{\ell},\tilde{\nu}} = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$ .
- **Tchi1chi1D:** electroweak associated pair production of charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate scalar tau lepton or sneutrino to  $\tau \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $m_{\tilde{\tau}}, m_{\tilde{\nu}} = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$ .
- **Tchi1chi1F:** electroweak pair and associated production of nearly massdegenerate charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (*i.e.*  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  production) where the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays exclusively to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  plus soft radiation and the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decays to  $\gamma/Z + \tilde{G}$ .
- **Tchi1chi1G:** electroweak pair production of charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , which are nearly mass-degenerate with neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ . The  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays either to  $W^{\pm} + \tilde{G}$ , or to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  plus soft radiation. The  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decays exclusively to  $\gamma + \tilde{G}$ .
- **Tchi1chi1H:** electroweak pair production of charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm} + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $W^{\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} + \nu$ .
- **Tchi1chi1I:** electroweak pair production of charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ and  $W^{\pm} \to q\bar{q'}$ .
- **Tchi1n1A:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays exclusively to  $W^{\pm} + \tilde{G}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decays exclusively to  $\gamma + \tilde{G}$ .

- **Tchi1n2A:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate slepton or sneutrino to  $l\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate slepton or sneutrino to  $l^+l^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $\nu\bar{\nu}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tchi1n2B:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate slepton or sneutrino to  $l\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate slepton or sneutrino to  $l^+l^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $\nu\bar{\nu}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where the slepton or sneutrino mass is 5%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 95% of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  mass.
- **Tchi1n2C:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate slepton or sneutrino to  $l\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate slepton or sneutrino to  $l^+l^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $\nu\bar{\nu}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $m_{\tilde{\ell},\tilde{\nu}} = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$ .
- **Tchi1n2D:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate scalar tau lepton or sneutrino to  $\tau \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate scalar tau lepton or sneutrino to  $\tau^+ \tau^- \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $\nu \bar{\nu} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $m_{\tilde{\tau},\tilde{\nu}} = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$ .
- **Tchi1n2E:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm} + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to H + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tchi1n2F:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate wino-like charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate  $W^{\pm*}$  to  $l\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate  $Z^*$  to  $l^+l^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $\nu\bar{\nu}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tchi1n2Fa:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate wino-like charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate  $W^{\pm *}$  to  $q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate  $Z^*$  to  $l^+l^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $\nu\bar{\nu}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tchi1n2Fb:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate wino-like charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate  $W^{(*)}$  to  $q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate  $Z^{(*)}$  to  $q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tchi1n2Fc:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate wino-like charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate  $W^{(*)}$  to  $q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate  $H^{(*)}$  to  $q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tchi1n2G:** electroweak associated production of Higgsino-like charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , and electroweak associated production of  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , where  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate  $W^{\pm *}$  to  $q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate  $Z^*$  to  $l^+l^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tchi1n2Ga:** electroweak associated production of Higgsino-like charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , and electroweak associated production of  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , where  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate  $W^{\pm *}$  to  $l\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate  $Z^*$  to  $l^+l^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tchi1n2H:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays through an intermediate slepton or sneutrino to  $l\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays through an intermediate scalar tau lepton or sneutrino to  $\tau^+\tau^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $\nu\bar{\nu}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .
- **Tchi1n2I:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays to  $W^{\pm} + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$

and where  $\tilde{\chi}^0_2$  decays 50% of the time to  $Z + \tilde{\chi}^0_1$  and 50% of the time to  $H + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ .

- Tchi1n12\_GGM: in the framework of General Gauge Mediation (GGM): electroweak pair and associated production of nearly massdegenerate charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  (*i.e.*  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  production) where the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decays exclusively to  $W^{\pm} + \tilde{G}$ , the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decays to  $Z/H + \tilde{G}$  and the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decays to  $\gamma/Z + G$ . The branching ratios depend on the composition of the gauge eigenstates of the neutralinos in the GGM scenario.
  - **TwinoLSPBL:** Electroweak pair production of wino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (i.e.  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ). The  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  can decay via bi-linear RPV into  $Z\ell$ ,  $H\ell$  or  $W\nu$ ; the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  can decay into  $Z\nu$ ,  $H\nu$  or  $W\ell$ .
    - Tn1n1A: electroweak pair and associated production of nearly massdegenerate Higgsino-like charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decay to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  plus soft radiation and where both of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decay to  $H + \tilde{G}$ .
    - Tn1n1B: electroweak pair and associated production of nearly massdegenerate Higgsino-like charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decay to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  plus soft radiation and where the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decays 50% of the time to  $H + \tilde{G}$  and 50% of the time to  $Z + \tilde{G}$ .
    - Tn1n1C: electroweak pair and associated production of nearly massdegenerate Higgsino-like charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decay to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  plus soft radiation and where both of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  decay to  $Z + \tilde{G}$ .
    - **Tn1n1D:** electroweak pair and associated production of nearly mass-degenerate Higgsino-like charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ .
    - **Tn1n1E:** electroweak pair and associated production of nearly mass-
    - **Tn1n2A:** electroweak associated production of nearly mass degenerate wino-like charginos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ . **Tn1n2A:** electroweak associated production of nearly mass-degenerate neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , where the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  always decays to  $\gamma + \tilde{G}$ and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  50% of the time to  $H + \tilde{G}$  and 50 % of the time to  $Z + \tilde{G}$ .
    - Tn2n3A: electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_3^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_3^0$  decay through intermediate sleptons to  $l^+l^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where the slepton mass is 5%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 95% of the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  mass.
    - **Tn2n3B:** electroweak associated production of mass-degenerate neutralinos  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_3^0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_3^0$  decay through intermediate sleptons to  $l^+l^-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and where  $m_{\tilde{\ell}} = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$ .
  - TWinoBinoA: electroweak pair production of mass-degenerate wino-like doublet  $(\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})$  (including all pair-production mechanisms) decaying into a bino singlet  $(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ . Decays happen via Standard Model bosons, assumed to decay via hadrons.
  - TWinoHinoA: electroweak pair production of mass-degenerate wino-like doublet  $(\tilde{\chi}_3^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^{\pm})$  (including all possible pair-production mechanisms) decaying into a quasi-mass-degenerate Higgsino triplet  $(\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})$ . Decays happen via Standard Model bosons, assumed to decay via hadrons.
  - THinoBinoA: electroweak pair production of quasi-mass-degenerate higgsinolike triplet  $(\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_3^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})$  (including all possible pair-production mechanisms) decaying into a bino singlet  $(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ . Decays happen via Standard Model bosons, assumed to decay via hadrons.
  - THinoWinoA: electroweak pair production of quasi-mass-degenerate higgsinolike triplet  $(\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^\pm)$  (including all possible pair-production mechanisms) decaying into a mass-degenerate wino doublet

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 $(\tilde{\chi}^0_1,\tilde{\chi}^\pm_1).$  Decays happen via Standard Model bosons, assumed to decay via hadrons.

 $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (Lightest Neutralino) mass limitNODE=S046PHO $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  is often assumed to be the lightest supersymmetric particle (LSP). See<br/>also the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_3^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_4^0$  section below.NODE=S046PHOWe have divided the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  listings below into five sections:1)Accelerator limits for stable  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ,<br/>2) Bounds on  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  from dark matter searches,<br/>3)  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 - p$  elastic cross section (spin-dependent, spin-independent interactions),<br/>4) Other bounds on  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  from astrophysics and cosmology, and<br/>5) Unstable  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (Lightest Neutralino) mass limit.

—— Accelerator limits for stable  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0$  ———

Unless otherwise stated, results in this section assume spectra, production rates, decay modes, and branching ratios as evaluated in the MSSM, with gaugino and sfermion mass unification at the GUT scale. These papers generally study production of  $\tilde{\chi}^0_i \tilde{\chi}^0_j$  ( $i \geq 1, j \geq 2$ ),  $\tilde{\chi}^+_1 \tilde{\chi}^-_1$ , and (in the case of hadronic collisions)  $\tilde{\chi}^+_1 \tilde{\chi}^0_2$  pairs. The mass limits on  $\tilde{\chi}^0_1$  are either direct, or follow indirectly from the constraints set by the non-observation of  $\tilde{\chi}^\pm_1$  and  $\tilde{\chi}^0_2$  states on the gaugino and higgsino MSSM parameters  $M_2$  and  $\mu$ . In some cases, information is used from the nonobservation of slepton decays.

Obsolete limits obtained from  $e^+e^-$  collisions up to  $\sqrt{s}=184$  GeV have been removed from this compilation and can be found in the 2000 Edition (The European Physical Journal **C15** 1 (2000)) of this Review.  $\Delta m = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}.$ 

VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046PHA;CHECK LIMITS
>850	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24z	ATLS	2 same-sign/3 $\ell$ + jets, Tglu1E, $m_{\widetilde{g}}$ =1000 GeV	
none 0.5–4.29	95	<sup>2</sup> LEES	23C	BABR	B + charged track, RPV $B \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 p, \lambda_{113}''$ of order $10^{-7}$ - $10^{-6}$	
>150	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	22E	ATLS	$t \widetilde{\mu}_{L}$ production, RPV, $\widetilde{\mu}_{L} \rightarrow \mu \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , $\lambda'_{231} = 1$ , 200 GeV $< m_{\widetilde{\mu}_{L}} < 600$ GeV.	
none 125–175	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	225	CMS	2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 leptons, Tn1n1A, $m_{\widetilde{G}} = 1$ GeV	
none 125–415	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	225	CMS	2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 leptons, Tn1n1B, $m_{\widetilde{G}} = 1$ GeV	OCCUR=2
none 100–625	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	225	CMS	2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 leptons, Tn1n1C, $m_{\widetilde{G}} = 1$ GeV	OCCUR=3
none 175–102	5 95	<sup>5</sup> TUMASYAN	22V	CMS	3, 4 <i>b</i> -tag jets or 2 large-radius jets, $\not\!$	
none 450–930	95	<sup>6</sup> AAD	21AX	ATLS	jets + large-R jets + $ ot\!$	
none 200–320	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	21BF	ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}$ + <i>b</i> -jets + many jets, Tn1n1D, RPV, $\lambda''_{323}$ elec- troweakino decay, degenerate Higgsino triplet	
none 200–370	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	21BF	ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}$ + <i>b</i> -jets + many jets, Tn1n1E, RPV, $\lambda''_{323}$ elec- troweakino decay, degenerate Wino doublet	OCCUR=2
		<sup>8</sup> DREINER	09	THEO		
> 40	95	<sup>9</sup> ABBIENDI	04н	OPAL	all tan $eta$ , $\Delta m$ $>$ 5 GeV, $m_0$ $>$ 500 GeV, $A_0=0$	
> 42.4	95	<sup>10</sup> HEISTER	04	ALEP	all tan $eta$ , all $\Delta m$ , all $m_0$	
> 39.2	95	<sup>11</sup> ABDALLAH	03M	DLPH	all tan $eta$ , $m_{\widetilde{ u}}>$ 500 GeV	

> 46	95	<sup>12</sup> ABDALLAH	03M DLF		B, all $\Delta m$ , all $\mu$			OCCUR=2	
> 32.5	95	<sup>13</sup> ACCIARRI	00D L3		0.7, $\Delta m > 3$	GeV, all <i>m</i> <sub>0</sub>			
• • • VVe do	o not use t	he following data f	-		, etc. ● ● ●				
> 24		<sup>14</sup> AAD <sup>15</sup> CALIBBI	14к АТІ 13	therma	l relic abundar icle content	ice, MSSM			
two sam selection RPV mo is found. RPC dec or RPV	e-sign lepto targeting dels, are co Exclusion cays via cha	in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> ons or at least thre RPC models, and limits at 95% C.L. arginos, neutralinos either the neutralir eir Fig. 7.	e leptons. selections ficant exce are set on s or sleptor	at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ Several sig based on <i>b</i> ss over the S the gluino o ns into quar	TeV for event nal regions, in -jet multiplicit Standard Mode r squark mass, ks, leptons an	cluding a $ ot\!$	g n o	NODE=S046F	PHA;LINKAGE=M
<sup>2</sup> LEES 23 with a ta with the model, w	BC search in agged <i>B</i> m hypothesis where a neu	$398 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of $e^+ e^-$ heson and one and s of being a proto utralino is produced RPV coupling $\lambda_{113}''$	only one n. The re I in the de	charged tra sults are int cay of a <i>B</i> r	ck that must terpreted in a neson into a r	be consisten 1 RPV SUS 1 eutralino and	t / d	NODE=S046F	PHA;LINKAGE=L
for the $\lambda$ neutralin	113 coupli mass, se	ng, divided by the e their figure 6. T	relevant so hey also s	quark mass s	squared as a fu	unction of the	е		
$^{3}$ AAD 226 measurin $e^{+}\mu^{-}$ . are set c	E searched ng the yield This was f on the RPN	used in decays of <i>E</i> in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> asymmetry betwee found in agreement / production of $t\hat{\mu}$	collisions en events with the	containing <i>e</i> standard me	$\mu^+ \mu^+$ and the odel prediction	ose containing 1 of 1. Limit	s	NODE=S046F	PHA;LINKAGE=I
<sup>4</sup> TUMAS of electron hadronic excess all of $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ and dominate	YAN 225 s coweakino p cally decayin bove the S nd $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ in ed scenario	res 6 and 7. earched in 137 fb <sup>-</sup> pair production in $\sigma$ ang $\tau$ leptons, or tw tandard Model exp the models Tchi1n s), Tchi1n2E, Tchi	events with to same-sig tectations i n2B (in fla 1n2F, see	n three or fo gn light lepto is observed. avory-democ their Figures	bur leptons, work (e or $\mu$ ). Limits are set ratic and tau- s 16–20, and o	ith up to two No significan on the mas enriched or n the mass o	o t s - f	NODE=S046F	PHA;LINKAGE=H
their Fig <sup>5</sup> TUMAS of electro resulting excess al	ure 21. YAN 22V s oweakino p either in 4 bove the S	$\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , and $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ is exarched in 137 fb <sup>-</sup> pair production wit resolved <i>b</i> -jets or tandard Model exp me models Tn1n1A	<sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> of h decay to two large-r pectations i	collisions at two Higgs adius jets, a is observed.	$\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV bosons <i>H</i> , wi nd large $ ot\!$	for evidence the $H \rightarrow b \overline{b}$ by the bound of the bound	e , t s	NODE=S046F	PHA;LINKAGE=J
higgsino- and a bi model T	-like nearly ino-like $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ glu1l, see t	mass degenerate $\hat{j}$ see their Figure 1 heir Figure 14.	$\widetilde{\chi}_2^0$ and $\widetilde{\chi}_3^0$ 13. Limits	are pair pro are also set	duced and eac on the gluind	h decay to <i>F</i> o mass in the	H e		
of electr (Higgs, presence assumpti for the I is observ	roweakinos W, Z) dec e of ₽ <sub>T</sub> , jets ions (Higgs LSP multip ved. Limits	d in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $\mu$ decaying to the L aying into hadrons s, and large-R jets t ino, Wino, Bino) a bliet. No significa s are set on the el icular $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ . See F	SP via th . The fina agged acco re made fo nt excess ectroweak	e emission I state in al ording to the r the pair pr above the S	of Standard I l cases charac boson of inter oduced electro Standard Mod	Model boson terised by the rest. Differen weakinos and el prediction	s e t d s	NODE=S046F	PHA;LINKAGE=G
<sup>7</sup> AAD 211 of gluino The fina Different the assu Standard	BF searched os, stops, el il state in a t models w mptions on d Model pre as a functior	d in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $\mu$ ectroweakinos deca all cases is one or with different branc the nature of the edictions is observe n of the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ mass in	<i>p</i> collisior aying RPV two lepton ching fract electrowea d. Limits a	either direct s, many jets ions of the akinos. No s re set on the	tly or indirectly (up to fifteen gluino or stop significant exc gluino, $\tilde{t}_1$ , e	via the LSP n) and <i>b</i> -jets o follow fron ess above the lectroweaking	9.  n e o	NODE=S046F	PHA;LINKAGE=F
<sup>8</sup> DREINE exists no	R 09 show model-ind ly massless onstraints o	that in the generate ependent laborator $\chi_1^0$ is allowed by to n other MSSM particular that the second s	y bound or	າ the mass o	f the lightest n	eutralino. Ai	n	NODE=S046F	PHA;LINKAGE=DR
<sup>9</sup> ABBIEN and mult final stat covering	IDI 04H sear ti-jet final s tes from A the region	rch for charginos an tates in the 192–20 BBIENDI 04. The $0 < M_2 < 5000$ opersedes ABBIENI	9 GeV dat results ho GeV, –10	a, combined Id for a sca	with the resul n over the par	ts on leptonic ameter space	c e	NODE=S046F	PHA;LINKAGE—AN

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- <sup>10</sup> HEISTER 04 data collected up to 209 GeV. Updates earlier analysis of selectrons from HEISTER 02E, includes a new analysis of charginos and neutralinos decaying into stau and uses results on charginos with initial state radiation from HEISTER 02J. The limit is based on the direct search for charginos and neutralinos, the constraints from the slepton search and the Higgs mass limits from HEISTER 02 using a top mass of 175 GeV, interpreted in a framework with universal gaugino and sfermion masses. Assuming the mixing in the stau sector to be negligible, the limit improves to 43.1 GeV. Under the assumption of MSUGRA with unification of the Higgs and sfermion masses, the limit improves to 50 GeV, and reaches 53 GeV for  $A_0 = 0$ . These limits include and update the results of BARATE 01.
- <sup>11</sup> ABDALLAH 03M uses data from  $\sqrt{s} = 192-208$  GeV. A limit on the mass of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  is derived from direct searches for neutralinos combined with the chargino search. Neutralinos are searched in the production of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_3^0$ , as well as  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_3^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_4^0$  giving rise to cascade decays, and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , followed by the decay  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}\tau$ . The results hold for the parameter space defined by values of  $M_2 < 1$  TeV,  $|\mu| \leq 2$  TeV with the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  as LSP. The limit is obtained for tan $\beta = 1$  and large  $m_0$ , where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_4^0$  and chargino pair production are important. If the constraint from Higgs searches is also imposed, the limit improves to 49.0 GeV in the  $m_h^{\text{max}}$  scenario with  $m_t$ =174.3 GeV. These limits update the results of ABREU 00J.
- <sup>12</sup>ABDALLAH 03M uses data from  $\sqrt{s} = 192-208$  GeV. An indirect limit on the mass of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  is derived by constraining the MSSM parameter space by the results from direct searches for neutralinos (including cascade decays and  $\tilde{\tau}\tau$  final states), for charginos (for all  $\Delta m_+$ ) and for sleptons, stop and sbottom. The results hold for the full parameter space defined by values of  $M_2 < 1$  TeV,  $|\mu| \leq 2$  TeV with the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  as LSP. Constraints from the Higgs search in the  $m_{h}^{max}$  scenario assuming  $m_t=174.3$  GeV are included. The limit is obtained for  $\tan\beta \geq 5$  when stau mixing leads to mass degeneracy between  $\tilde{\tau}_1$ and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and the limit is based on  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  production followed by its decay to  $\tilde{\tau}_1 \tau$ . In the pathological scenario where  $m_0$  and  $|\mu|$  are large, so that the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  production cross section is negligible, and where there is mixing in the stau sector but not in stop nor sbottom, the limit is based on charginos with soft decay products and an ISR photon. The limit then degrades to 39 GeV. See Figs. 40–42 for the dependence of the limit on  $\tan\beta$  and  $m_{\tilde{\nu}}$ . These limits update the results of ABREU 00W.
- <sup>13</sup> ACCIARRI 00D data collected at  $\sqrt{s}$ =189 GeV. The results hold over the full parameter space defined by 0.7  $\leq \tan\beta \leq 60$ ,  $0 \leq M_2 \leq 2$  TeV,  $m_0 \leq 500$  GeV,  $|\mu| \leq 2$  TeV The minimum mass limit is reached for  $\tan\beta$ =1 and large  $m_0$ . The results of slepton searches from ACCIARRI 99W are used to help set constraints in the region of small  $m_0$ . The limit improves to 48 GeV for  $m_0 \gtrsim 200$  GeV and  $\tan\beta \gtrsim 10$ . See their Figs. 6–8 for the  $\tan\beta$  and  $m_0$  dependence of the limits. Updates ACCIARRI 98F.
- $^{14}$  AAD 14K sets limits on the  $\chi\text{-nucleon spin-dependent}$  and spin-independent cross sections out to  $m_{\chi}$  = 10 TeV.
- $^{15}$  CALIBBI 13 use the fact that if the relic abundance of  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$  does not overclose the universe, scalar lepton and Higgsino masses must be relatively small. Using 8 TeV ATLAS constraints on the scalar tau mass and on invisible Higgs decays, they estimate a lower bound for the  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$  mass.

## — Bounds on $\widetilde{\chi}^{m{0}}_1$ from dark matter searches —

These papers generally exclude regions in the  $M_2 - \mu$  parameter plane assuming that  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  is the dominant form of dark matter in the galactic halo. These limits are based on the lack of detection in laboratory experiments, telescopes, or by the absence of a signal in underground neutrino detectors. The latter signal is expected if  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  accumulates in the Sun or the Earth and annihilates into high-energy  $\nu$ 's.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	NODE=S
• • • We do not use the following	g data for averages	s, fits,	limits, etc. • • •	
	<sup>1</sup> MCDANIEL	24	FLAT	
	<sup>2</sup> ABBASI	23A	ICCB	
	<sup>3</sup> ABE	<b>23</b> B	MGIC	
	<sup>4</sup> ALBERT	23	HAWC	
	<sup>5</sup> CHENG	23A	FLAT	
	<sup>6</sup> FOSTER	23	FLAT	
	<sup>7</sup> guo	23A	ICCB	
	<sup>8</sup> LAVIS	23	MEER	
	<sup>9</sup> ABBASI	22в	ICCB	
	<sup>10</sup> ABDALLA	22	HESS	
	<sup>11</sup> ABDALLAH	21	HESS	
	<sup>12</sup> ABAZAJIAN	20	FLAT	
	<sup>13</sup> ABDALLAH	20	HESS	

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NODE=S046PHA;LINKAGE=E

NODE=S046PHB

NODE=S046PHB

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<sup>14</sup> ABE	20G	SKAM
<sup>15</sup> ALBERT	20	HAWC
	-	
16 ALBERT	20A	ANTR
<sup>17</sup> ALBERT	20C	ANIC
<sup>18</sup> ALVAREZ	20	FLAT
<sup>19</sup> HOOF		
	20	FLAT
<sup>20</sup> DI-MAURO	19	FLAT
<sup>21</sup> JOHNSON	19	FLAT
<sup>22</sup> LI	19D	FLAT
23	-	
<sup>23</sup> AHNEN	18	MGIC
<sup>24</sup> ALBERT	18B	HAWC
<sup>25</sup> ALBERT	18C	HAWC
<sup>26</sup> AARTSEN	17	ICCB
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	17A	ICCB
<sup>28</sup> AARTSEN	17C	ICCB
<sup>29</sup> ARCHAMBAU.	17	VRTS
<sup>30</sup> ADRIAN-MAR.	10	-
<sup>30</sup> ADRIAN-MAR.		ANTR
<sup>31</sup> AHNEN	16	MGFL
<sup>32</sup> AVRORIN	16	BAIK
<sup>33</sup> CIRELLI	16	THEO
22		
<sup>33</sup> LEITE	16	THEO
<sup>34</sup> ACKERMANN	15	FLAT
<sup>35</sup> ACKERMANN	15A	FLAT
<sup>36</sup> ACKERMANN	-	FLAT
	<b>15</b> B	
	15	THEO
<sup>38</sup> CHOI	15	SKAM
<sup>39</sup> ALEKSIC	14	MGIC
	14	BAIK
<sup>41</sup> AARTSEN	13C	ICCB
<sup>42</sup> BERGSTROM	13	COSM
<sup>43</sup> BOLIEV	13	BAKS
	-	
	13	ASTR
<sup>42</sup> KOPP	13	COSM
44 ACKERMANN	10	FLAT
<sup>45</sup> ACHTERBERG		AMND
	06	AMND
<sup>47</sup> DEBOER	06	RVUE
<sup>48</sup> DESAI	04	SKAM
<sup>48</sup> AMBROSIO	99	MCRO
<sup>49</sup> LOSECCO	95	RVUE
<sup>50</sup> MORI	93	KAMI
<sup>51</sup> BOTTINO	92	COSM
<sup>52</sup> BOTTINO	91	RVUE
53		
53 GELMINI	91	COSM
<sup>54</sup> KAMIONKOW.	.91	RVUE
<sup>55</sup> MORI		KAMI
<sup>56</sup> OLIVE	-	
OLIVE	88	COSM

none 4–15 GeV

 <sup>1</sup> MCDANIEL 24 uses 14 years of Fermi-LAT data from Milky Way Dwarf Spheroidals to constrain dark matter annihilation cross sections.
 <sup>2</sup> ABBASI 23A sets limits on the dark matter annihilation cross section from searches

- <sup>2</sup> ABBASI 23A sets limits on the dark matter annihilation cross section from searches of monochromatic neutrinos produced in the galactic center. They set a limit on the annihilation cross section for dark matter with masses between 10–40000 GeV annihilating in the Galactic center assuming an NFW profile. The limit is of order  $10 \times 10^{-24}$  cm<sup>3</sup>s<sup>-1</sup> in the  $\nu_e \overline{\nu}_e$  channel.
- <sup>3</sup>ABE 23B sets limits on the dark matter annihilation cross section from line-like features in TeV gamma-rays in the direction of the Galactic center using the MAGIC stereoscopic telescope.
- $^4$  ALBERT 23 uses gamma-ray observation of the Galactic halo to constrain the dark \_ matter annihilation cross section for annihilations for masses between 10–100 TeV.
- <sup>5</sup> CHENG 23A uses 13 years of Fermi-LAT data and 5 years of DAMPE data to constrain dark matter annihilation in the Galactic halo from searches of gamma-ray spectral lines.
- <sup>6</sup> FOSTER 23 sets limits on the dark matter annihilation cross section from monochromatic gamma-rays in the inner Milky Way using 14 years of data from Fermi-LAT.
- <sup>7</sup> GUO 23A sets limits on the dark matter annihilation cross section from 10 years of lceCube muon-track data from 18 dwarf speroidal galaxies.
- <sup>8</sup> LAVIS 23 uses a statistical analysis of the radio flux densities within galaxy clusters in data from the MeerKAT Galaxy Cluster Legacy Survey to constrain dark matter annihilations for masses less than 1 TeV.
- <sup>9</sup> ABBASI 22B presents 7 years of data from a search of neutrinos from dark matter annihilations in the sun using the DeepCore sub-array of IceCube. Annihilation cross section limits applies to dark matter masses between 5–100 GeV.

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- <sup>10</sup> ABDALLA 22 uses gamma-ray observations in the Galactic center to constrain the dark matter annihilation cross section for annihilations into WW and  $\tau\tau$  for dark matter masses between 200 GeV to 70 TeV. This updates ABDALLAH 18.
- <sup>11</sup>ABDALLAH 21 places constraints on the dark matter annihilation cross section for annihilations into gamma-rays from the dwarf irregular galaxy WLM for masses between 0.15 to 10 TeV.
- <sup>12</sup>ABAZAJIAN 20 sets constraints on the dark matter annihilation from gamma-ray searches from Fermi LAT observations of the Galactic center.
- <sup>13</sup> ABDALLAH 20 places constraints on the dark matter annihilation cross section for annihilations into gamma-rays from Milky Way dwarf galaxy satellites for masses between 0.2 to 40 TeV.
- <sup>14</sup> ABE 20G is based on SuperKamiokande data taken from 1996 to 2016 searching for neutrinos produced from dark matter annihilations in the galactic center or halo. They place constraints on the dark matter-nucleon scattering cross section for dark matter masses between 1 GeV and 10 TeV.
- 15 ALBERT 20 sets limits on the annihilation cross section of dark matter with mass between 1 and 100 TeV from gamma-ray observations of the local dwarf spheroidal galaxies.
- $^{16}$  ALBERT 20A set limits on the dark matter annihilation cross section from neutrinos observations in the Galactic center using 11 years of ANTARES data.
- <sup>17</sup> ALBERT 20C set limits on the dark matter annihilation cross section from neutrinos observations in the Galactic center combining Antares and IceCube data.
- <sup>18</sup> ALVAREZ 20 set limits on the dark matter annihilation from gamma-ray searches from Fermi LAT observations in the directions of dwarf spheroidal galaxies.
- $^{19}\,\rm HOOF$  20 set limits on the dark matter annihilation from gamma-ray searches from Fermi LAT observations in the directions of dwarf spheroidal galaxies.
- <sup>20</sup> DI-MAURO 19 sets limits on the dark matter annihilation from gamma-ray searches in M31 and M33 galaxies using Fermi LAT data.
- $^{21}$  JOHNSON 19 sets limits on p-wave dark matter annihilations in the galactic center using  $_{\rm cent}$  Fermi data.
- $^{22}$  LI 19D sets limits on dark matter annihilation cross sections searching for line-like signals in the all-sky Fermi data.
- <sup>23</sup> AHNEN 18 uses observations of the dwarf satellite galaxy Ursa Major II to obtain upper limits on annihilation cross sections for dark matter in various channels for masses between 0.1–100 TeV.
- <sup>24</sup> ALBERT 18B sets limits on the annihilation cross section of dark matter with mass between 1 and 100 TeV from gamma-ray observations of the Andromeda galaxy.
- $^{25}$  ALBERT 18C sets limits on the spin-dependent coupling of dark matter to protons from \_\_\_\_\_\_ dark matter annihilation in the Sun.
- <sup>26</sup> AARTSEN 17 is based on data collected during 327 days of detector livetime with lceCube. They looked for interactions of  $\nu$ 's resulting from neutralino annihilations in the Earth over a background of atmospheric neutrinos and set 90% CL limits on the spin independent neutralino-proton cross section for neutralino masses in the range 10–10000 GeV.
- <sup>27</sup> AARTSEN 17A is based on data collected during 532 days of livetime with the IceCube 86-string detector including the DeepCore sub-array. They looked for interactions of *v*'s from neutralino annihilations in the Sun over a background of atmospheric neutrinos and set 90% CL limits on the spin dependent neutralino-proton cross section for neutralino masses in the range 10–10000 GeV. This updates AARTSEN 16C.
- <sup>28</sup> AARTSEN 17C is based on 1005 days of running with the lceCube detector. They set a limit on the annihilation cross section for dark matter with masses between 10–1000 GeV annihilating in the Galactic center assuming an NFW profile. The limit is of  $1.2 \times 10^{23}$  cm<sup>3</sup>s<sup>-1</sup> in the  $\tau^+\tau^-$  channel. Supercedes AARTSEN 15E.
- $\rm cm^3 s^{-1}$  in the  $\tau^+ \tau^-$  channel. Supercedes AARTSEN 15E.  $^{29}$  ARCHAMBAULT 17 performs a joint statistical analysis of four dwarf galaxies with VERITAS looking for gamma-ray emission from neutralino annihilation. They set limits on the neutralino annihilation cross section.
- <sup>30</sup> ADRIAN-MARTINEZ 16 is based on data from the ANTARES neutrino telescope. They looked for interactions of  $\nu$ 's from neutralino annihilations in the Sun over a background of atmospheric neutrinos and set 90% CL limits on the muon neutrino flux. They also obtain limits on the spin dependent and spin independent neutralino-proton cross section for neutralino masses in the range 50 to 5,000 GeV. This updates ADRIAN-MARTINEZ 13.
- <sup>31</sup> AHNEN 16 combines 158 hours of Segue 1 observations with MAGIC with 6 year observations of 15 dwarf satellite galaxies by Fermi-LAT to set limits on annihilation cross sections for dark matter masses between 10 GeV and 100 TeV.
- <sup>32</sup> AVRORIN 16 is based on 2.76 years with Lake Baikal neutrino telescope. They derive 90% upper limits on the annihilation cross section from dark matter annihilations in the Galactic center.
- <sup>33</sup>CIRELLI 16 and LEITE 16 derive bounds on the annihilation cross section from radio observations.
- <sup>34</sup> ACKERMANN 15 is based on 5.8 years of data with Fermi-LAT and search for monochromatic gamma-rays in the energy range of 0.2–500 GeV from dark matter annihilations. This updates ACKERMANN 13A.
- <sup>35</sup> ACKERMANN 15A is based on 50 months of data with Fermi-LAT and search for dark matter annihilation signals in the isotropic gamma-ray background as well as galactic subhalos in the energy range of a few GeV to a few tens of TeV.
- <sup>36</sup> ACKERMANN 15B is based on 6 years of data with Fermi-LAT observations of Milky Way dwarf spheroidal galaxies. Set limits on the annihilation cross section from  $m_{\chi} = 2$  GeV to 10 TeV. This updates ACKERMANN 14.

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NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=E

NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=L

 $^{37}$  BUCKLEY 15 is based on 5 years of Fermi-LAT data searching for dark matter annihi-NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=G lation signals from Large Magellanic Cloud.  $^{38}$  CHOI 15 is based on 3903 days of SuperKamiokande data searching for neutrinos pro-NODE=S046PHB:LINKAGE=I duced from dark matter annihilations in the sun. They place constraints on the dark matter-nucleon scattering cross section for dark matter masses between 4-200 GeV.  $^{39}$  ALEKSIC 14 is based on almost 160 hours of observations of Segue 1 satellite dwarf galaxy NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=AL using the MAGIC telescopes between 2011 and 2013. Sets limits on the annihilation cross section out to  $m_\chi =$  10 TeV.  $^{40}\,\mathrm{AVRORIN}$  14 is based on almost 2.76 years with Lake Baikal neutrino telescope. They NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=AV derive 90% upper limits on the fluxes of muons and muon neutrinos from dark matter annihilations in the Sun.  $^{41}$ AARTSEN 13C is based on data collected during 339.8 effective days with the IceCube NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=RT 59-string detector. They looked for interactions of  $u_{\mu}$ 's from neutralino annihilations in nearby galaxies and galaxy clusters. They obtain limits on the neutralino annihilation cross section for neutralino masses in the range 30-100,000 GeV.  $^{42}\,{\sf BERGSTROM}$  13, JIN 13, and KOPP 13 derive limits on the mass and annihilation cross NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=KO section using AMS-02 data. JIN 13 also sets a limit on the lifetime of the dark matter particle.  $^{43}$  BOLIEV 13 is based on data collected during 24.12 years of live time with the Bakson NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=BO Underground Scintillator Telescope. They looked for interactions of  $\nu_\mu$  's from neutralino annihilations in the Sun over a background of atmospheric neutrinos and set 90% CL limits on the muon flux. They also obtain limits on the spin dependent and spin independent neutralino-proton cross section for neutralino masses in the range 10–1000 GeV.  $^{44}$  ACKERMANN 10 place upper limits on the annihilation cross section with  $b \, \overline{b}$  or  $\mu^+ \, \mu^-$ NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=AC final states. <sup>45</sup>ACHTERBERG 06 is based on data collected during 421.9 effective days with the NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=AH AMANDA detector. They looked for interactions of  $\nu_\mu {\rm s}$  from the centre of the Earth over a background of atmospheric neutrinos and set 90 % CL limits on the muon flux. Their limit is compared with the muon flux expected from neutralino annihilations into  $W^+W^-$  and  $b\overline{b}$  at the centre of the Earth for MSSM parameters compatible with the relic dark matter density, see their Fig. 7.  $^{46}$  ACKERMANN 06 is based on data collected during 143.7 days with the AMANDA-NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=CK II detector. They looked for interactions of  $\nu_\mu {\rm s}$  from the Sun over a background of atmospheric neutrinos and set 90 % CL limits on the muon flux. Their limit is compared with the muon flux expected from neutralino annihilations into  $W^+W^-$  in the Sun for SUSY model parameters compatible with the relic dark matter density, see their Fig. 3.  $^{47}$  DEBOER 06 interpret an excess of diffuse Galactic gamma rays observed with the EGRET NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=DB satellite as originating from  $\pi^0$  decays from the annihilation of neutralinos into quark jets. They analyze the corresponding parameter space in a supergravity inspired MSSM model with radiative electroweak symmetry breaking, see their Fig. 3 for the preferred region in the (m\_0, m\_{1/2}) plane of a scenario with large  $\tan\beta$ .  $^{48}\mathrm{AMBROSIO}$  99 and DESAI 04 set new neutrino flux limits which can be used to limit NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=BI the parameter space in supersymmetric models based on neutralino annihilation in the Sun and the Earth. <sup>49</sup>LOSECCO 95 reanalyzed the IMB data and places lower limit on  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$  of 18 GeV if NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=LC the LSP is a photino and 10 GeV if the LSP is a higgsino based on LSP annihilation in the sun producing high-energy neutrinos and the limits on neutrino fluxes from the IMB detector. <sup>50</sup> MORI 93 excludes some region in  $M_2$ - $\mu$  parameter space depending on tan $\beta$  and lightest NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=P scalar Higgs mass for neutralino dark matter  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}0} > m_W$ , using limits on upgoing muons produced by energetic neutrinos from neutralino annihilation in the Sun and the Earth.  $^{51}\,{\rm BOTTINO}$  92 excludes some region  $\it M_2\mathchar`-\mu$  parameter space assuming that the lightest NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=S neutralino is the dark matter, using upgoing muons at Kamiokande, direct searches by Ge detectors, and by LEP experiments. The analysis includes top radiative corrections on Higgs parameters and employs two different hypotheses for nucleon-Higgs coupling. Effects of rescaling in the local neutralino density according to the neutralino relic abundance are taken into account.  $^{52}$  BOTTINO 91 excluded a region in  $M_2-\mu$  plane using upgoing muon data from Kamioka NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=ZA experiment, assuming that the dark matter surrounding us is composed of neutralinos and that the Higgs boson is not too heavy.  $^{53}\,{\rm GELMINI}$  91 exclude a region in  $M_2-\mu$  plane using dark matter searches. NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=S4  $^{54}$  KAMIONKOWSKI 91 excludes a region in the  $\mathit{M}_2-\!\mu$  plane using IMB limit on upgoing NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=B muons originated by energetic neutrinos from neutralino annihilation in the sun, assuming that the dark matter is composed of neutralinos and that  $m_{H_1^0} \lesssim$  50 GeV. See Fig. 8 in the paper.  $^{55}$  MORI 91B exclude a part of the region in the  $\mathit{M}_2\text{-}\mu$  plane with  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}\lesssim$  80 GeV using NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=BB a limit on upgoing muons originated by energetic neutrinos from neutralino annihilation in the earth, assuming that the dark matter surrounding us is composed of neutralinos and that  $m_{H_1^0} \lesssim 80$  GeV.  $^{56}\mathrm{OLIVE}$  88 result assumes that photinos make up the dark matter in the galactic halo. NODE=S046PHB;LINKAGE=F Limit is based on annihilations in the sun and is due to an absence of high energy neutrinos detected in underground experiments. The limit is model dependent.

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## $^-~\widetilde{\chi}^0_1 extsf{-}p$ elastic cross section $^-$

Experimental results on the  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0\text{-}p$  elastic cross section are evaluated at  $m_{\chi_1^0}$ =100 GeV. The experimental results on the cross section are often mass dependent. Therefore, the mass and cross section results are also given where the limit is strongest, when appropriate. Results are quoted separately for spin-dependent interactions (based on an effective 4-Fermi Lagrangian of the form  $\overline{\chi}\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{5}\chi\overline{q}\gamma_{\mu}\gamma^{5}q$ ) and spin-independent interactions ( $\overline{\chi}\chi \overline{q} q$ ). For calculational details see GRIEST 88B, ELLIS 88D, BAR-BIERI 89C, DREES 93B, ARNOWITT 96, BERGSTROM 96, and BAER 97 in addition to the theory papers listed in the Tables. For a description of the theoretical assumptions and experimental techniques underlying most of the listed papers, see the review on "Dark matter" in this "Review of Particle Physics," and references therein. Most of the following papers use galactic halo and nuclear interaction assumptions from (LEWIN 96).

### Spin-dependent interactions

Spi	n-dep	endent intera	actions					NODE=S046DM1
VAL	- UE (pb)		<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046DM1
• •	• We	do not use the	followin	g data for averages	, fits,	limits, e	etc. • • •	
<	1.9	imes 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90	<sup>1</sup> AALBERS	23	LZ	Xe	
<	3.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	90	<sup>2</sup> APRILE		XENT		
<	2	imes 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90	<sup>3</sup> HUANG	22	PNDX	Xe	
<	4	imes 10 <sup>-5</sup>	90	<sup>4</sup> AMOLE	19	PICO	C <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub>	
<	5	imes 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90	<sup>5</sup> APRILE		XE1T	Xe	
<	8	imes 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90	<sup>6</sup> AKERIB	17A	LUX	Xe	
<	0.28		90	<sup>7</sup> BATTAT	17	DRFT	CS <sub>2</sub> ; CF <sub>4</sub>	
<	0.027		90	<sup>8</sup> BEHNKE	17	PICA	$C_4 \tilde{F}_{10}$	
<	5	imes 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90	<sup>9</sup> AMOLE	16	PICO	CF <sub>3</sub> I	
<	6.8	imes 10 <sup>-3</sup>	90	<sup>10</sup> APRILE	<b>16</b> B	X100	Xe	
<	6.3	imes 10 <sup>-3</sup>	90	<sup>11</sup> FELIZARDO	14		C <sub>2</sub> CIF <sub>5</sub>	
<	0.01		90	<sup>12</sup> AKIMOV	12	ZEP3	Xe	
<	7	imes 10 <sup>-3</sup>		<sup>13</sup> BEHNKE	12	COUP	CF <sub>3</sub> I	
<	8.5	imes 10 <sup>-3</sup>		<sup>14</sup> FELIZARDO	12		C <sub>2</sub> ČIF <sub>5</sub>	
<	0.016	i	90	<sup>15</sup> KIM	12	KIMS		
$5 \times$	$10^{-10}$	<sup>0</sup> to 10 <sup>-5</sup>	95	<sup>16</sup> BUCHMUEL	11B	THEO		
<	1		90	<sup>17</sup> ANGLE	08A	XE10	Xe	
<	0.055				80	HDMS		
<	0.33		90	<sup>19</sup> BEHNKE	80	COUP	CF <sub>3</sub> I	
<	5			<sup>20</sup> AKERIB	06	CDMS	Ge	
<	2			<sup>21</sup> SHIMIZU	06A	CNTR	CaF <sub>2</sub>	
<	0.4			<sup>22</sup> ALNER	05	NAIA	Nal Spin Dep.	
<	2			<sup>23</sup> BARNABE-HE	05	PICA	C	
		$^{1}$ to $1 imes 10^{-4}$		<sup>24</sup> ELLIS	04		$\mu~>$ 0	
	0.8			<sup>25</sup> AHMED	03	NAIA	Nal Spin Dep.	
< -				<sup>26</sup> TAKEDA	03		NaF Spin Dep.	
<		F		<sup>27</sup> ANGLOHER	02		Saphire	
		to $2 \times 10^{-5}$		<sup>28</sup> ELLIS			$ aneta \leq 10$	
<				<sup>29</sup> BERNABEI		DAMA		
<				SPOONER	00	UKDM		
<				<sup>30</sup> BELLI		DAMA		
$<\!\!1$				<sup>31</sup> OOTANI	99	BOLO		
<				BERNABEI		DAMA		
<	5			<sup>30</sup> BERNABEI	97	DAMA		
							for scattering on neutrons	NODE=S046DM1;LINKAGE=S
	is 4 $\times$	$10^{-6}$ pb at 10	0 GeV a	nd is $1.5 imes 10^{-6}$ p	b at 3	30 GeV.		

is  $4\times10^{-6}$  pb at 100 GeV and is  $1.5\times10^{-6}$  pb at 30 GeV.  $^2$  The strongest upper limit is  $1.4\times10^{-4}$  pb at 28 GeV. The limit for scattering on neutrons

is  $1.1 \times 10^{-5}$  pb at 100 GeV and is  $4.3 \times 10^{-6}$  pb at 28 GeV. <sup>3</sup>The strongest limit is <  $1.7 \times 10^{-4}$  pb at  $m_{\chi} = 40$  GeV. This updates FU 17 and XIA 19A. <sup>4</sup> The strongest limit is  $< 3.2 \times 10^{-5}$  pb at  $m_{\chi} = 25$  GeV. This updates AMOLE 17.

 $^5\,{\rm The\ strongest\ limit\ is}<~2\times10^{-4}$  pb at  $m_\chi^{\phantom{\chi}}=$  30 GeV. For scatterings on neutrons, the strongest limit is  $<~6.3\times10^{-6}$  at  $m_{\chi}^{}=30$  GeV.

 $^{\circ}$  The strongest limit is 5 × 10<sup>-4</sup> pb at  $m_{\chi} \stackrel{^{\sim}}{=}$  35 GeV. The limit for scattering on neutrons is  $3\times 10^{-5}$  pb at 100 GeV and is  $1.6\times 10^{-5}$  pb at 35 GeV. This updates AKERIB 16A. <sup>7</sup>Directional recoil detector. This updates DAW 12.

 $^8\,{\rm This}$  result updates ARCHAMBAULT 12. The strongest limit is 0.013 pb at  $m_\chi=$  20 GeV.

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NODE=S046DM1;LINKAGE=H

 $^9$  The strongest limit is 5  $\times$  10  $^{-4}$  pb at  $m_\chi$  = 80 GeV.

- $^{10}$  The strongest limit is  $5.2\times10^{-3}$  pb at 50 GeV. The limit for scattering on neutrons is  $2.8 \times 10^{-4}$  pb at 100 GeV and the strongest limit is  $2.0 \times 10^{-4}$  pb at 50 GeV. This updates APRILE 13.
- $^{11}\,{\rm The}$  strongest limit is 0.0043 pb and occurs at  $m_\chi$  = 35 GeV. FELIZARDO 14 also presents limits for the scattering on neutrons. At  $m_\chi^\Lambda=100$  GeV, the upper limit is 0.13 pb and the strongest limit is 0.066 pb at  $m_\chi=35$  GeV.
- $^{12}$  This result updates LEBEDENKO 09A. The strongest limit is  $8\times 10^{-3}$  pb at  $m_{\chi}=50$ GeV. Limit applies to the neutralino neutron elastic cross section. <sup>13</sup> The strongest limit is  $6 \times 10^{-3}$  at  $m_{\chi} = 60$  GeV.
- $^{14}\,{\rm The}$  strongest limit is 5.7  $\times\,10^{-3}$  at  $\stackrel{\sim}{m_{\chi}}=$  35 GeV.
- $^{15}\,{\rm This}$  result updates LEE 07A. The strongest limit is at  $m_\chi=$  80 GeV.
- $^{16}$  Predictions for the spin-dependent elastic cross section based on a frequentist approach to electroweak observables in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry.
- $^{17}\,{\rm The}$  strongest limit is 0.6 pb and occurs at  $m_\chi=$  30 GeV. The limit for scattering on neutrons is 0.01 pb at  $m_{\chi} =$  100 GeV, and the strongest limit is 0.0045 pb at  $m_{\chi} =$ 30 GeV.
- <sup>18</sup>Limit applies to neutron elastic cross section.
- $^{19}\,{\rm The}$  strongest upper limit is 0.25 pb and occurs at  $m_\chi\simeq$  40 GeV.
- $^{20}\,{\rm The}$  strongest upper limit is 4 pb and occurs at  $m_{\chi}~\simeq~$  60 GeV. The limit on the neutron spin-dependent elastic cross section is 0.07  $\dot{\text{pb}}.$  This latter limit is improved in AHMED 09, where a limit of 0.02 pb is obtained at  $m_{\gamma} = 100$  GeV. The strongest limit in AHMED 09 is 0.018 pb and occurs at  $m_\chi =$  60 GeV.
- $^{21}$  The strongest upper limit is 1.2 pb and occurs at  $m_\chi~\simeq~$  40 GeV. The limit on the neutron spin-dependent cross section is 35 pb.
- $^{22}$  The strongest upper limit is 0.35 pb and occurs at  $m_\chi~\simeq~$  60 GeV.
- $^{23}$  The strongest upper limit is 1.2 pb and occurs  $m_{\chi}~\simeq~$  30 GeV.
- $^{24}\,{\sf ELLIS}$  04 calculates the  $\chi p$  elastic scattering cross section in the framework of N=1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry, but without universal scalar masses. In the case of universal squark and slepton masses, but non-universal Higgs masses, the limit becomes  $2 \times 10^{-4}$ , see ELLIS 03E.
- $^{25}$  The strongest upper limit is 0.75 pb and occurs at  $m_\chi \approx$  70 GeV.
- $^{26}\,{\rm The}$  strongest upper limit is 30 pb and occurs at  $m_\chi~\approx~$  20 GeV.
- $^{27}\,{\rm The}$  strongest upper limit is 8 pb and occurs at  $m_\chi\simeq 30$  GeV.
- <sup>28</sup> ELLIS 01C calculates the  $\chi$ -p elastic scattering cross section in the framework of N=1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry. In models with nonuniversal Higgs masses, the upper limit to the cross section is  $6 \times 10^{-4}$ .
- $^{29}$  The strongest upper limit is 3 pb and occurs at  $m_\chi \simeq 60$  GeV. The limits are for inelastic scattering  $X^0 + {}^{129}Xe \rightarrow X^0 + {}^{129}Xe^*$  (39.58 keV).
- $^{30}\,{\rm The}$  strongest upper limit is 4.4 pb and occurs at  $m_\chi\simeq 60$  GeV.
- $^{31}$  The strongest upper limit is about 35 pb and occurs at  $m_{_Y} \simeq 15$  GeV.

### Spin-independent interactions

VALUE (pb)	<u>CL%</u>		DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following	owing da	ita f	or averages, fits	, limi	ts, etc.	• • •
$< 3 \times 10^{-11}$	90		AALBERS	23	LZ	Xe
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90		ABE	23E	XMAS	Xe
$< 6.1 \times 10^{-11}$	90		APRILE	23A	XENT	Xe
$< 6.5 \times 10^{-11}$	90	4	MENG	<b>21</b> B	PNDX	Xe
$< 5 \times 10^{-10}$	90		WANG	20G	PNDX	Xe
$< 3.9 \times 10^{-9}$	90	6	AJAJ	19	DEAP	Ar
$< 2 \times 10^{-8}$	90		AMOLE	19	PICO	C <sub>3</sub> F <sub>8</sub>
$< 2.25 \times 10^{-6}$	90	8	ADHIKARI	18	C100	Nal
$< 1.14 \times 10^{-8}$	90		AGNES	18A	DS50	Ar
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-8}$	90		AGNESE	18A	CDMS	Ge
$< 9 \times 10^{-11}$	90		APRILE	18	XE1T	Xe
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-10}$	90		AKERIB	17	LUX	Xe
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-9}$	90		APRILE	<b>16</b> B	X100	Xe
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-9}$	90	14	AKERIB	14	LUX	Xe
$10^{-11}$ -10 <sup>-7</sup>	95			14A	THEO	
$< 4.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90			14	SMPL	C <sub>2</sub> CIF <sub>5</sub>
$10^{-11}$ -10 <sup>-8</sup>	95		ROSZKOWSKI	14	THEO	
$< 2.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90		AGNESE	13	CDMS	Si
$< 5 \times 10^{-8}$	90		AKIMOV	12	ZEP3	Xe
$1.6  imes 10^{-6}$ ; $3.7  imes 10^{-5}$		20	ANGLOHER	12	CRES	CaWO <sub>4</sub>

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NODE=S046DM2 NODE=S046DM2

$3  imes 10^{-12}$ to $3  imes 10^{-9}$	95	<sup>21</sup> BECHTLE 12 TH	IEO
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-7}$	55		UP CF3I
$< 2.3 \times 10^{-7}$	90	00	MS Csl
$< 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$	90	<sup>24</sup> AHMED 11A	Ge
$< 4.4 \times 10^{-8}$	90	05	E2 Ge
$< 1 \times 10^{-7}$	90 90		10 Xe
$< 1 \times 10^{-6}$	90		ARP Ar
$< 7.5 \times 10^{-7}$	90 90	<sup>27</sup> ALNER 07A ZE	
$< 2 \times 10^{-7}$	90	<sup>28</sup> AKERIB 06A CD	
$<90 \times 10^{-7}$			IA Nal Spin Indep.
$<12 \times 10^{-7}$		<sup>29</sup> ALNER 05A ZE	
$<12 \times 10$ $<14 \times 10^{-7}$			EL Ge
$< 4 \times 10^{-7}$		20	MS Ge
$2 \times 10^{-11}$ to $1.5 \times 10^{-7}$	95	01	IEO
$2 \times 10^{-11}$ to $8 \times 10^{-6}$	95		IEO $\mu > 0$
$< 5 \times 10^{-8}$		<sup>34</sup> PIERCE 04 TH	
$< 3 \times 10$ $< 2 \times 10^{-5}$		05	IA Nal Spin Indep.
$< 2 \times 10$ $< 3 \times 10^{-6}$			MA Nai Spin Indep. MS Ge
$2 \times 10^{-13}$ to $2 \times 10^{-7}$		<sup>37</sup> BAER 03A TH	
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-5}$			DMS Ge
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-6}$			MS Ge
$1 \times 10^{-12}$ to $7 \times 10^{-6}$		32 KIM 02B TH	
$< 3 \times 10^{-5}$		<sup>40</sup> MORALES 02B CS	-
$< 3 \times 10^{-5}$		<sup>41</sup> MORALES 028 CS	
$< 1 \times 10^{-6}$			IEO
$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$		10	IEO IMS Ge
$< 3 \times 10^{-6}$			IEO
$< 7 \times 10^{-8}$			
$< 1 \times 10^{-10}$ 5 × 10 <sup>-10</sup> to 1.5 × 10 <sup>-8</sup>			${\sf IEO}\ {\sf tan}eta\leq 25$ ${\sf IEO}\ {\sf tan}eta<10$
$< 4 \times 10^{-6}$			IEO tan $\beta \leq 10$
$< 4 \times 10^{-10}$ $2 \times 10^{-10}$ to $1 \times 10^{-7}$			
6			IEO
$< 3 \times 10^{-6} < 6 \times 10^{-7}$			MS Ge, Si
< 6 × 10 ,			IEO
$2.5\times 10^{-9}$ to $3.5\times 10^{-8}$			MA Nal
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$ to $3.5 \times 10^{-5}$			IEO tan $\beta$ =10
			EX Ge
$< 4 \times 10^{-5} < 7 \times 10^{-6}$			CDM Nal
$< 7 \times 10^{-6}$			MO <sup>76</sup> Ge
$< 7 \times 10^{-6}$		BERNABEI 98c DA	MA Xe

<sup>1</sup> The strongest upper limit is  $9.2 \times 10^{-12}$  pb at 36 GeV. <sup>2</sup> ABE 23E strongest upper limit is  $1.4 \times 10^{-8}$  pb at 60 GeV. Updates ABE 19. <sup>3</sup> The strongest upper limit is  $2.6 \times 10^{-11}$  pb at 28 GeV. <sup>4</sup> Commissioning Run for PandaX-4T. The strongest limit is  $3.8 \times 10^{-11}$  pb at  $m_{\chi} = 40$ 

GeV. 5 WANG 20G strongest limit is  $2.2 \times 10^{-10}$  pb at 30 GeV using 132 ton-day full exposure of PandaX-II. This updates CUI 17A, though the results here provide weaker constraints. <sup>6</sup> This updates AMAUDRUZ 18.

<sup>7</sup> This updates AMOLE 16.

<sup>8</sup> The strongest limit is  $2.05 \times 10^{-6}$  at m = 60 GeV. <sup>9</sup> The strongest limit is  $1.09 \times 10^{-8}$  pb at  $m_{\chi} = 126$  GeV. This updates AGNES 15.

 $^{10}$  The strongest limit is  $1.0\times10^{-8}$  pb at  $m_{\chi}^{}=$  46 GeV. This updates AGNESE 15B.  $^{11}$  Based on 278.8 days of data collection. The strongest limit is  $4.1\times10^{-11}$  pb at  $m_{\chi}=$ 30 GeV. This updates APRILE 17G.

<sup>12</sup> AKERIB 17. The strongest limit is  $1.1 \times 10^{-10}$  pb at 50 GeV. This updates AKERIB 16. <sup>13</sup> The strongest limit is  $1.1 \times 10^{-9}$  pb at 50 GeV. This updates APRILE 12. <sup>14</sup> The strongest upper limit is  $7.6 \times 10^{-10}$  at  $m_{\chi} = 33$  GeV.

<sup>15</sup> Predictions for the spin-independent elastic cross section based on a frequentist approach to electroweak observables in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using the 20 fb<sup>-1</sup> 8 TeV and the 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> 7 TeV LHC data and the LUX data. <sup>16</sup> The strongest limit is  $3.6 \times 10^{-6}$  pb and occurs at  $m_{\chi} = 35$  GeV. Felizardo 2014 updates

Felizardo 2012. <sup>17</sup> Predictions for the spin-independent elastic cross section based on a Bayesian approach  $f_{1} = 1$  supergravity models with radiative to electroweak observables in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using the 20  ${\rm fb}^{-1}$  LHC data and LUX.

 $^{18}\,\mathrm{AGNESE}$  13 presents 90% CL limits on the elastic cross section for masses in the range 7–100 GeV using the Si based detector. The strongest upper limit is  $1.8\times10^{-6}$  pb at  $m_{\chi}=50$  GeV. This limit is improved to  $7\times10^{-7}$  pb in AGNESE 13A. NODE=S046DM2:LINKAGE=IA NODE=S046DM2:LINKAGE=KA NODE=S046DM2;LINKAGE=JA NODE=S046DM2;LINKAGE=HA

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 $^{19}$  This result updates LEBEDENKO 09. The strongest limit is 3.9  $\times\,10^{-8}$  pb at  $m_{\chi}$  = 52 GeV.

- 20 ANGLOHER 12 presents results of 730 kg days from the CRESST-II dark matter detector. They find two maxima in the likelihood function corresponding to best fit WIMP masses of 25.3 and 11.6 GeV with elastic cross sections of 1.6  $\times 10^{-6}$  and 3.7  $\times 10^{-5}$  pb respectively, see their Table 4. The statistical significance is more than  $4\sigma$ . ANGLOHER 12 updates ANGLOHER 09
- <sup>21</sup>Predictions for the spin-independent elastic cross section based on a frequentist approach to electroweak observables in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using the 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> LHC data and XENON100. <sup>22</sup> The strongest limit is  $1.4 \times 10^{-7}$  at  $m_{\chi} = 60$  GeV.
- $^{23}$  This result updates LEE 07A. The strongest limit is  $2.1 \times 10^{-7}$  at  $m_{\chi}=$  70 GeV.
- $^{24}\mathrm{AHMED}$  11A gives combined results from CDMS and EDELWEISS. The strongest limit is at  $m_{\chi} = 90$  GeV.
- $^{25}$  ARMENGAUD 11 updates result of ARMENGAUD 10. Strongest limit at  $m_{\chi}=85~{\rm GeV}.$
- $^{26}\,{\rm The}$  strongest upper limit is  $5.1\times10^{-8}$  pb and occurs at  $m_\chi\simeq$  30 GeV. The values quoted here are based on the analysis performed in ANGLE 08 with the update from SORENSEN 09.
- <sup>27</sup> The strongest upper limit is  $6.6 \times 10^{-7}$  pb and occurs at  $m_{\chi} \simeq 65$  GeV.
- $^{28}\,\text{AKERIB}$  06A updates the results of AKERIB 05. The strongest upper limit is 1.6  $\times$  $10^{-7}~{\rm pb}$  and occurs at  $m_\chi~\approx~60$  GeV.
- $^{29}$  The strongest upper limit is also close to  $1.0 \times 10^{-6}$  pb and occurs at  $m_{\chi}~\simeq~$  70 GeV. BENOIT 06 claim that the discrimination power of ZEPLIN-I measurement (ALNER 05A) is not reliable enough to obtain a limit better than  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  pb. However, SMITH 06 do not agree with the criticisms of BENOIT 06.
- $^{30}$  AKERIB 04 is incompatible with BERNABEI 00 most likely value, under the assumption of standard WIMP-halo interactions. The strongest upper limit is  $4 \times 10^{-7}$  pb and occurs at  $m_{\chi} \simeq 60$  GeV.
- $^{31}$  Predictions for the spin-independent elastic cross section in the framework of  $\mathit{N}$  = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry.
- $^{32}\,\rm KIM$  02 and ELLIS 04 calculate the  $\chi p$  elastic scattering cross section in the framework of N=1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry, but without universal scalar masses.
- <sup>33</sup> In the case of universal squark and slepton masses, but non-universal Higgs masses, the limit becomes  $2 \times 10^{-6}$  ( $2 \times 10^{-11}$  when constraint from the BNL g-2 experiment are included), see ELLIS 03E. ELLIS 05 display the sensitivity of the elastic scattering cross section to the  $\pi$ -Nucleon  $\Sigma$  term.
- $^{34}$  PIERCE 04A calculates the  $\chi p$  elastic scattering cross section in the framework of models with very heavy scalar masses. See Fig. 2 of the paper. <sup>35</sup> The strongest upper limit is  $1.8 \times 10^{-5}$  pb and occurs at  $m_{\chi} \approx 80$  GeV.
- $^{36}$  Under the assumption of standard WIMP-halo interactions, Akerib 03 is incompatible with BERNABEI 00 most likely value at the 99.98% CL. See Fig. 4.
- $^{37}\,\mathrm{BAER}$  03A calculates the  $\chi p$  elastic scattering cross section in several models including the framework of N=1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry.
- $^{38}$  The strongest upper limit is 7  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  pb and occurs at  $m_{\chi} \simeq$  30 GeV.
- $^{39}$  ABRAMS 02 is incompatible with the DAMA most likely value at the 99.9% CL. The strongest upper limit is  $3\times10^{-6}$  pb and occurs at  $m_\chi\simeq$  30 GeV.
- $^{40}$  The strongest upper limit is 2  $\times$  10  $^{-5}$  pb and occurs at  $m_{\chi} \simeq$  40 GeV.
- $^{41}$  The strongest upper limit is 7  $\times$  10  $^{-6}$  pb and occurs at  $m_{\chi}^{\sim} \simeq$  46 GeV.
- $^{42}$  The strongest upper limit is  $1.8 imes 10^{-5}$  pb and occurs at  $m_\chi \simeq$  32 GeV
- $^{43}$ BOTTINO 01 calculates the  $\chi$ -p elastic scattering cross section in the framework of the following supersymmetric models: N=1 supergravity with the radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry, N=1 supergravity with nonuniversal scalar masses and an effective MSSM model at the electroweak scale.
- <sup>44</sup> Calculates the  $\chi$ -p elastic scattering cross section in the framework of N=1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry.
- $^{45}$  ELLIS 01C calculates the  $\chi$ -p elastic scattering cross section in the framework of N=1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry. EL-LIS 02B find a range  $2\times 10^{-8}$ –1.5 $\times 10^{-7}$  at tan $\beta {=}50$ . In models with nonuniversal Higgs masses, the upper limit to the cross section is  $4 \times 10^{-7}$ .
- $^{46}$  ACCOMANDO 00 calculate the  $\chi$ -p elastic scattering cross section in the framework of minimal N=1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry. The limit is relaxed by at least an order of magnitude when models with nonuniversal scalar masses are considered. A subset of the authors in ARNOWITT 02 updated the limit to  $<9\times10^{-8}~(\tan\beta~<55).$
- $^{47}\,{\rm BERNABEI}$  00 search for annual modulation of the WIMP signal. The data favor the hypothesis of annual modulation at  $4\sigma$  and are consistent, for a particular model framework quoted there, with  $m_{\chi_2^0}=44^{+12}_{-9}$  GeV and a spin-independent  $X^0$ -proton cross section of (5.4  $\pm$  1.0)  $\times$  10<sup>-6</sup> pb. See also BERNABEI 01 and BERNABEI 00c.

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<sup>48</sup> FENG 00 calculate the  $\chi$ -p elastic scattering cross section in the framework of N=1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry with a particular emphasis on focus point models. At tan $\beta$ =50, the range is  $8 \times 10^{-8}$ - $4 \times 10^{-7}$ .

## Other bounds on $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ from astrophysics and cosmology ———

# Most of these papers generally exclude regions in the $M_2 - \mu$ parameter plane by requiring that the $\tilde{\chi}^0_1$ contribution to the overall cosmological density is less than some maximal value to avoid overclosure of the Universe. Those not based on the cosmological density are indicated. Many of these papers also include LEP and/or other bounds.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046PHC
>46 GeV		00	RVUE		
	use the following data for a	verage	es, fits, l	imits, etc. • • •	
	<sup>2</sup> ATHRON	<b>17</b> B	COSM		
	<sup>3</sup> BECHTLE	16	COSM		
	<sup>4</sup> BAGNASCHI	15	COSM		
	<sup>5</sup> BUCHMUEL		COSM		
	<sup>6</sup> BUCHMUEL		COSM		
	<sup>7</sup> ROSZKOWSK	14	COSM		
	<sup>8</sup> CABRERA	13	COSM		
	<sup>9</sup> ELLIS	<b>13</b> B	COSM		
	<sup>8</sup> STREGE	13	COSM		
	<sup>5</sup> AKULA	12	COSM		
	<sup>5</sup> ARBEY		COSM		
	<sup>5</sup> BAER	12	COSM		
	<sup>10</sup> BALAZS <sup>11</sup> BECHTLE	12	COSM		
	<sup>12</sup> BESKIDT	12	COSM COSM		
$> 18  { m GeV}$	<sup>13</sup> BOTTINO	12 12	COSM		
> 10 Gev	<sup>5</sup> BUCHMUEL		COSM		
	<sup>5</sup> CAO		COSM		
	<sup>5</sup> ELLIS		COSM		
	<sup>14</sup> FENG		COSM		
	<sup>5</sup> KADASTIK	12	COSM		
	<sup>10</sup> STREGE	12	COSM		
	<sup>15</sup> BUCHMUEL	11	COSM		
	<sup>16</sup> ROSZKOWSK	11	COSM		
	<sup>17</sup> ELLIS	10	COSM		
	<sup>18</sup> BUCHMUEL		COSM		
	<sup>19</sup> DREINER	09	THEO		
	<sup>20</sup> BUCHMUEL		COSM		
	<sup>16</sup> ELLIS	08 07	COSM		
	<sup>21</sup> CALIBBI <sup>22</sup> ELLIS	07	COSM		
	<sup>23</sup> ALLANACH	07 06	COSM COSM		
	<sup>24</sup> DE-AUSTRI	00	COSM		
	<sup>16</sup> BAER	05	COSM		
	<sup>25</sup> BALTZ	04	COSM		
> 6 GeV	<sup>13,26</sup> BELANGER	04	THEO		
	<sup>27</sup> ELLIS		COSM		
	<sup>28</sup> PIERCE	04A	COSM		
	<sup>29</sup> BAER	03	COSM		
> 6  GeV	<sup>13</sup> BOTTINO	03	COSM		
	<sup>29</sup> CHATTOPAD.		COSM		
	<sup>30</sup> ELLIS	03	COSM		
	<sup>16</sup> ELLIS		COSM		
	<sup>29</sup> ELLIS		COSM		
	<sup>29</sup> LAHANAS <sup>31</sup> LAHANAS	03	COSM		
	<sup>31</sup> LAHANAS <sup>32</sup> BARGER	02	COSM		
	<sup>33</sup> ELLIS		COSM COSM		
	<sup>30</sup> BOEHM		COSM		
	<sup>34</sup> FENG	00b 00	COSM		
< 600 GeV	<sup>35</sup> ELLIS		COSM		
	<sup>36</sup> EDSJO	97		Co-annihilation	
	<sup>37</sup> BAER	96	COSM		
	<sup>16</sup> BEREZINSKY	95	COSM		

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=J

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=H

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=G

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=BR

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=UH

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NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=ST

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=BL

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=BS

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=BO

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=FE

	<sup>38</sup> FALK	95	COSM	CP-violating phases	
	<sup>39</sup> DREES	93		Minimal supergravity	
	<sup>40</sup> FALK	93	COSM	Sfermion mixing	
	<sup>39</sup> KELLEY	93	COSM	Minimal supergravity	
	<sup>41</sup> MIZUTA	93	COSM	Co-annihilation	
	<sup>42</sup> LOPEZ	92	COSM	Minimal supergravity, $m_0 = A = 0$	
	<sup>43</sup> MCDONALD	92	COSM	,	
	<sup>44</sup> GRIEST	91	COSM		
	<sup>45</sup> NOJIRI	91	COSM	Minimal supergravity	
	<sup>46</sup> OLIVE	91	COSM		
	47 ROSZKOWSKI	91	COSM		
	<sup>48</sup> GRIEST	90	COSM		OCCUR=2
	<sup>46</sup> OLIVE	89	COSM		
e 100 eV – 15 GeV	SREDNICKI	88	COSM	$\widetilde{\gamma}$ ; $m_{\widetilde{f}}$ =100 GeV	OCCUR=2
e 100 eV–5 GeV	ELLIS	84		$\widetilde{\gamma}$ ; for $m_{\widetilde{f}}$ =100 GeV	OCCUR=2
	GOLDBERG	83	COSM	$\widetilde{\gamma}$	
	<sup>49</sup> KRAUSS	83	COSM	$\widetilde{\gamma}$	
	VYSOTSKII	83	COSM	$\widetilde{\gamma}$	
ELLIS 00 updates ELLI	S 98. Uses LEP $e^+$	'e_ d	ata at $_{ m V}$	$\sqrt{s}$ =202 and 204 GeV to improve	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=EP

<sup>1</sup> ELLIS 00 updates ELLIS 98. Uses LEP  $e^+e^-$  data at  $\sqrt{s}$ =202 and 204 GeV to improve bound on neutralino mass to 51 GeV when scalar mass universality is assumed and 46 GeV when Higgs mass universality is relaxed. Limits on tan $\beta$  improve to > 2.7 ( $\mu$  > 0), > 2.2 ( $\mu$  < 0) when scalar mass universality is assumed and > 1.9 (both signs of  $\mu$ ) when Higgs mass universality is relaxed.

none none

<sup>2</sup> ATHRON 17B places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using all Run I and the 13 fb<sup>-1</sup> 13 TeV Run II LHC searches and other experimental data.

<sup>3</sup>BECHTLE 16 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using all Run I LHC searches.

- <sup>4</sup> BAGNASCHI 15 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using all Run I LHC searches.
- <sup>5</sup> Implications of the LHC result on the Higgs mass and on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry.
- <sup>6</sup> BUCHMUELLER 14A places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using indirect experimental searches using the 20 fb<sup>-1</sup> 8 TeV and the 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> 7 TeV LHC and the LUX data.

<sup>7</sup> ROSZKOWSKI 14 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using Bayesian statistics and indirect experimental searches using the 20 fb<sup>-1</sup> LHC and the LUX data.

<sup>8</sup> CABRERA 13 and STREGE 13 place constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry with and without non-universal Higgs masses using the 5.8 fb<sup>-1</sup>,  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV ATLAS supersymmetry searches and XENON100 results.

- <sup>9</sup> ELLIS 13B place constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry with and without Higgs mass universality. Models with universality below the GUT scale are also considered.
- <sup>10</sup> BALAZS 12 and STREGE 12 place constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using the 1 fb<sup>-1</sup> LHC supersymmetry searches, the 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> Higgs mass constraints, both with  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV, and XENON100 results.

<sup>11</sup>BECHTLE 12 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using indirect experimental searches, using the 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> LHC and XENON100 data.

<sup>12</sup> BESKIDT 12 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using indirect experimental searches, the 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> LHC and the XENON100 data.

 $^{13}$  BELANGER 04 and BOTTINO 12 (see also BOTTINO 03, BOTTINO 03A and BOTTINO 04) do not assume gaugino or scalar mass unification.

<sup>14</sup> FENG 12B places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry and large sfermion masses using the 1 fb<sup>-1</sup> LHC supersymmetry searches, the 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> LHC Higgs mass constraints both with  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV, and XENON100 results.

<sup>15</sup> BUCHMUELLER 11 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N = 1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using indirect experimental searches and including supersymmetry breaking relations between A and B parameters.

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=UC

<sup>16</sup> Places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of $N=1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry but non-Universal Higgs masses.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=EL
<sup>17</sup> ELLIS 10 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of $N = 1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry with universality above the GUT scale.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=IS
<sup>18</sup> BUCHMUELLER 09 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of $N = 1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using indirect experimental searches.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=BC
<sup>19</sup> DREINER 09 show that in the general MSSM with non-universal gaugino masses there exists no model-independent laboratory bound on the mass of the lightest neutralino. An essentially massless $\chi_1^0$ is allowed by the experimental and observational data, imposing some constraints on other MSSM parameters, including $M_2$ , $\mu$ and the slepton and squark masses.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=DI
<sup>20</sup> BUCHMUELLER 08 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of $N = 1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry using indirect experimental searches.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=BU
<sup>21</sup> CALIBBI 07 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of $N = 1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry with universality above the GUT scale including the effects of right-handed neutrinos.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=CA
<sup>22</sup> ELLIS 07 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of $N = 1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry with universality below the GUT scale.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=LL
<sup>23</sup> ALLANACH 06 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of $N = 1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=AL
<sup>24</sup> DE-AUSTRI 06 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of $N = 1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=DA
<sup>25</sup> BALTZ 04 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of $N = 1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=TZ
<sup>26</sup> Limit assumes a pseudo scalar mass < 200 GeV. For larger pseudo scalar masses, $m_{\chi} > 18(29)$ GeV for tan $\beta = 50(10)$ . Bounds from WMAP, $(g - 2)_{\mu}$ , $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ , LEP.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=BV
<sup>27</sup> ELLIS 04B places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N=1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry including supersymmetry breaking relations between A and B parameters. See also ELLIS 03D.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=EI
<sup>28</sup> PIERCE 04A places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of models with very heavy scalar masses.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=PI
<sup>29</sup> BAER 03, CHATTOPADHYAY 03, ELLIS 03C and LAHANAS 03 place constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of N=1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry based on WMAP results for the cold dark matter density.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=BA
<sup>30</sup> BOEHM 00B and ELLIS 03 place constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of minimal $N=1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry. Includes the effect of $\chi$ - $\tilde{t}$ co-annihilations.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=EB
<sup>31</sup> LAHANAS 02 places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of mini- mal N=1 supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry. Focuses on the role of pseudo-scalar Higgs exchange.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=LH
<sup>32</sup> BARGER 01C use the cosmic relic density inferred from recent CMB measurements to constrain the parameter space in the framework of minimal $N=1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=PA
<sup>33</sup> ELLIS 01B places constraints on the SUSY parameter space in the framework of minimal $N=1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry. Focuses on models with large tan $\beta$ .	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=PD
$^{34}$ FENG 00 explores cosmologically allowed regions of MSSM parameter space with multi- TeV masses.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=FG
<sup>35</sup> ELLIS 98B assumes a universal scalar mass and radiative supersymmetry breaking with universal gaugino masses. The upper limit to the LSP mass is increased due to the inclusion of $\chi - \tilde{\tau}_R$ coannihilations.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=C8
<sup>36</sup> EDSJO 97 included all coannihilation processes between neutralinos and charginos for any neutralino mass and composition.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=EJ
$^{37}$ Notes the location of the neutralino Z resonance and h resonance annihilation corridors in minimal supergravity models with radiative electroweak breaking.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=BE
<sup>38</sup> Mass of the bino (=LSP) is limited to $m_{\widetilde{B}} \lesssim 350$ GeV for $m_t = 174$ GeV. <sup>39</sup> DREES 93, KELLEY 93 compute the cosmic relic density of the LSP in the framework of minimal $N=1$ supergravity models with radiative breaking of the electroweak gauge symmetry.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=A NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=DR
<sup>40</sup> FALK 93 relax the upper limit to the LSP mass by considering sfermion mixing in the MSSM.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=FK
<ul> <li><sup>41</sup> MIZUTA 93 include coannihilations to compute the relic density of Higgsino dark matter.</li> <li><sup>42</sup> LOPEZ 92 calculate the relic LSP density in a minimal SUSY GUT model.</li> <li><sup>43</sup> MCDONALD 92 calculate the relic LSP density in the MSSM including exact tree-level annihilation cross sections for all two-body final states.</li> </ul>	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=MZ NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=LZ NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=MC
<sup>44</sup> GRIEST 91 improve relic density calculations to account for coannihilations, pole effects, and threshold effects.	NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=RG
<sup>45</sup> NOJIRI 91 uses minimal supergravity mass relations between squarks and sleptons to	NODE=S046PHC:LINKAGE=NJ

<sup>45</sup> NOJIRI 91 uses minimal supergravity mass relations between squarks and sleptons to narrow cosmologically allowed parameter space.

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=NJ

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NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=S2

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=R9 NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=S3

NODE=S046PHC;LINKAGE=D

NODE=S046UPH

NODE=S046UPH

 $^{46}\,{\rm Mass}$  of the bino (=LSP) is limited to  $m_{\widetilde{B}}~\lesssim~$  350 GeV for  $m_t~\leq$  200 GeV. Mass of the higgsino (=LSP) is limited to  $m_{\widetilde{H}}$   $\lesssim$  1 TeV for  $m_t$   $\leq$  200 GeV.

 $^{47}$  ROSZKOWSKI 91 calculates LSP relic density in mixed gaugino/higgsino region.  $^{48}$  Mass of the bino (=LSP) is limited to  $m_{\widetilde{B}} \lesssim$  550 GeV. Mass of the higgsino (=LSP) is limited to  $m_{\widetilde{H}} \lesssim$  3.2 TeV.

 $^{49}\,\rm KRAUSS$  83 finds  $m_{\widetilde{\gamma}}$  not 30 eV to 2.5 GeV. KRAUSS 83 takes into account the gravitino decay. Find that limits depend strongly on reheated temperature. For example a new allowed region  $m_{\widetilde{\gamma}}$  = 4–20 MeV exists if  $m_{
m gravitino}~<$ 40 TeV. See figure 2.

## $^-$ Unstable $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ (Lightest Neutralino) mass limit

Unless otherwise stated, results in this section assume spectra and production rates as evaluated in the MSSM. Unless otherwise stated, the goldstino or gravitino mass  $m_{\widetilde{G}}$  is assumed to be negligible relative to all other masses. In the following,  $\widetilde{G}$  is assumed to be undetected and to give rise to a missing energy  $(\not\!\!E)$  signature.

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, et al. (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics C38 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

PH;CHECK LIMITS

VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046UPI
> 320	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24AX ATLS	2 $\gamma+2b$ -jets, Tn1n1A, $m_{\widetilde{G}}=1$ MeV	
> 130	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24AX ATLS	$2\gamma+2b\text{-jets, } Tn1n1B\text{-like, } h \rightarrow \qquad \qquad$	OCCUR=2
none 130–940	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	24∪ ATLS	$\geq$ 3 <i>b</i> -jets + $E_T$ , Tn1n1A, $m_{\widetilde{G}} =$ 1 MeV	
none 70–75, 95–112	95	<sup>3</sup> HAYRAPETY.	24AP CMS	2 large-radius jets, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ pair produc- tion with RPV $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow q q q$	
> 840	95	<sup>4</sup> HAYRAPETY.	24N CMS	Combination, Tn1n1A	
> 760	95	<sup>4</sup> HAYRAPETY.		Combination, Tn1n1B	OCCUR=2
>1025	95	<sup>4</sup> HAYRAPETY.		Combination, Tn1n1C	OCCUR=3
> 900	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	23AE ATLS	2 SFOS $\ell$ , jets, $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 365	95	<sup>6</sup> AAD	23AMATLS	= 1 GeV long-lived $\tilde{\chi}^0_1$ , displaced diphoton vertex, Tn1n1A, $ au = 2$ ns	
> 605	95	<sup>6</sup> AAD	23AMATLS	long-lived $\widetilde{\chi}^{m{0}}_1$ , displaced diphoton	OCCUR=2
> 705	95	<sup>6</sup> AAD	23AMATLS	vertex, Tn1n1B, $\tau = 2$ ns long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , displaced diphoton vertex, Tn1n1C, $\tau = 2$ ns	OCCUR=3
> 440	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	23CP ATLS	2 same-sign or 3 $\ell$ , Tn1n1D, bRPV higgsino decays to $\nu W$ , $\ell W$	
>1180	95	<sup>8</sup> TUMASYAN	23AO CMS	long-lived $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \geq 2$ trackless delayed jets + $E_T$ , Tn1n1B, c $ au = 0.5$ m	
> 990	95	<sup>8</sup> TUMASYAN	23A0 CMS	long-lived $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \geq 2$ trackless delayed jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 540	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	21Y ATLS	$\geq 4\ell$ , Tchi1n12-GGM, $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ZG$	
none 7–50	95	<sup>10</sup> AAIJ	21V LHCB	$e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}$ , RPV $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}\nu$ , 2 ps	
>1100	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AF CMS	$< \tau < 50 \text{ ps}$ long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , RPV $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow tbs$ ,	
				$\lambda_{323}^{\prime\prime}$ coupling, 0.6 mm $<$ c $ au$ $<$ 70 mm	
> 800	95	<sup>12</sup> SIRUNYAN	21M CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}+ \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 650	95	<sup>12</sup> SIRUNYAN	21M CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}+E_{T}$ , Tn1n1B	OCCUR=2
> 380	95	<sup>13</sup> AAD	20AN ATLS	$2\gamma + E_T$ , Tn1n1A, GMSB	
> 525	95	<sup>14</sup> SIRUNYAN	19ca CMS	$\widetilde{\chi}^0_1  ightarrow \widetilde{G}$ , GMSB, SPS8, $c au=1$ m	
> 290	95	<sup>15</sup> SIRUNYAN	19CI CMS	$\geq 1 \ H \ (  ightarrow \gamma \gamma) +  ext{jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 230	95	<sup>15</sup> SIRUNYAN	19CI CMS	$\geq 1 \ H \ ( ightarrow \gamma \gamma) +  ext{jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 930	95	<sup>16</sup> SIRUNYAN	19ĸ CMS	$\gamma$ + lepton + $\not{\!\!\! E_T}$ , Tchi1n1A	
none 130–230,	95	<sup>17</sup> AABOUD	18CK ATLS	$2H (\rightarrow bb) + \not{E}_T$ , Tn1n1A, GMSB	
290–880 > 295	95	<sup>18</sup> AABOUD	18z ATLS	$\geq$ 4 $\ell$ , GMSB, Tn1n1C	
> 180	95	<sup>19</sup> SIRUNYAN	18A0 CMS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell$ , Tn1n1A	
> 260	95 95	<sup>19</sup> SIRUNYAN	18A0 CMS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell$ , ThinkA $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell$ , ThinkA	OCCUR=2
				—	

> 450	95	<sup>19</sup> SIRUNYAN		CMS	$\ell^\pm\ell^\pm$ or $\geq 3\ell$ , Tn1n1C	OCCUR=3
> 750	95	<sup>20</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AP	CMS	Combination of searches, GMSB,	
> 650	95	<sup>20</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AP	CMS	Tn1n1A Combination of searches, GMSB, Tn1n1P	OCCUR=2
> 690	95	<sup>20</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AP	CMS	Tn1n1B Combination of searches, GMSB, Tn1n1C	OCCUR=3
> 500	95	<sup>21</sup> SIRUNYAN	18ar	CMS	${{{{{ Tnln1C}}}\atop{{\ell }^{\pm }\ell ^{\mp }+}}$ jets + ${{{ {\it E}}_{T}}}$ , GMSB, Tn1n1B	
> 650	95	<sup>21</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AR	CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ + jets + $\not{\!\! E}_T$ , GMSB, Tn1n1C	OCCUR=2
none 230-770	95	<sup>22</sup> SIRUNYAN	180	CMS	$2 H(\rightarrow bb) + E_T$ , Tn1n1A,	
> 205	95	<sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN	18X	CMS	$GMSB \geq 1 \; H \; ( ightarrow \; \gamma \gamma) + jets +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 130	95	<sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN	18X	CMS	$\geq 1 H (\rightarrow \gamma \gamma) + \text{jets} + \mathbb{E}_T,$ Tn1n1B, GMSB	OCCUR=2
> 380	95	<sup>24</sup> KHACHATRY.	14L	CMS	$\widetilde{\chi}^0_1  o \ Z  G$ simplified models,	
			c		GMSB, RPV	
• • • vve do no	ot use		for av	verages,	fits, limits, etc. • • •	
		<sup>25</sup> AAD	20D		$\widetilde{q} \rightarrow q \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \ell \ell \nu$ , RPV, $\lambda_{121}$ or $\lambda_{122} \neq 0$	
none	95	<sup>26</sup> AABOUD	<b>19</b> G	ATLS	$\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z \widetilde{G}$ from gluinos as in	
300-1000					Tglu1A, GMSB, depending on	
		<sup>27</sup> AAIJ	17z		displaced vertex with associated $\mu$	
		<sup>28</sup> KHACHATRY.		CMS	$\geq 3\ell^{\pm}$ , RPV, $\lambda$ or $\lambda'$ couplings,	
					wino- or higgsino-like neutralinos	
		<sup>29</sup> AAD		ATLS	$2\gamma + \not\!\! E_T$ , GMSB, SPS8	
	05	<sup>30</sup> AAD <sup>31</sup> AAD		ATLS	$2\gamma + E_T$ , GMSB, SPS8	
none 220-380	95		13Q	ATLS	$\gamma + b + E_T$ , higgsino-like neu- tralino, GMSB	
		<sup>32</sup> AAD	13R	ATLS	$\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \mu j j$ , RPV, $\lambda'_{211} \neq 0$	
		<sup>33</sup> AALTONEN	13	CDF	$\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \gamma \widetilde{G}, \not\!\!{E}_{T}, \text{ GMSB}$	
> 220	95	<sup>34</sup> CHATRCHYAN	13AH	CMS	$\widetilde{\chi}_{f 1}^{f 0}  o \ \gamma  \widetilde{{f G}}$ , GMSB, SPS8, $c  au  <$	
		<sup>35</sup> AAD	12CP	ATLS	500 mm $2\gamma + \not\!\!\! E_T$ , GMSB	
		<sup>36</sup> AAD		ATLS	$\geq 4\ell^{\pm}$ , RPV	
		<sup>37</sup> AAD	12R	ATLS	$\widetilde{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}  ightarrow \mu j j$ , RPV, $\lambda'_{211} \neq 0$	
		<sup>38</sup> ABAZOV	12AD	D0	$\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \gamma Z \widetilde{G} \widetilde{G}, \text{ GMSB}$	
		<sup>39</sup> CHATRCHYAN			$2\gamma + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
		<sup>40</sup> CHATRCHYAN	↓11в	CMS	$\widetilde{W}^{0} \rightarrow \gamma \widetilde{G}, \widetilde{W}^{\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \widetilde{G}, \text{ GMSB}$	
> 149	95	<sup>41</sup> AALTONEN	10	CDF	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}\tilde{\chi}, \tilde{\chi} = \tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow$	
					$\gamma \widetilde{G}$ , GMSB	
> 175	95	<sup>42</sup> ABAZOV	<b>10</b> P	D0	$\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \widetilde{G}$ , GMSB	
> 125	95	<sup>43</sup> ABAZOV	08F	D0	$p\overline{p} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}\tilde{\chi}, \tilde{\chi} = \tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow$	
		11			$\gamma \widetilde{G}$ , GMSB	
	~-	44 ABULENCIA		CDF	$RPV, LL\overline{E}$	
> 96.8	95	45 ABBIENDI	06B	OPAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \widetilde{B}\widetilde{B}, (\widetilde{B} \rightarrow \widetilde{G}\gamma)$ + - $\widetilde{G}\sim 0, (\widetilde{C}^0, \widetilde{G}\gamma)$	
		<sup>46</sup> ABDALLAH	05B	DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \widetilde{G}\widetilde{\chi}_1^0, (\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \widetilde{G}\gamma)$	
> 96	95	47 ABDALLAH			$e^+e^- \rightarrow \widetilde{B}\widetilde{B}, (\widetilde{B} \rightarrow \widetilde{G}\gamma)$	OCCUR=2
<sup>1</sup> AAD 24AX 4	search	red in 139 fb $^{-1}$ of n	p coll	isions at	$\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for evidence of higgsino	

<sup>1</sup> AAD 24AX searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of higgsino pair production in events with two photons and two *b*-tagged jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in a model similar to Tn1n1B, but with variable branching ratios of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h\tilde{G}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z\tilde{G}$ , to reflect the dependency on the neutralino mixing matrix, see their Fig. 6. <sup>2</sup> AAD 24U searched in 126–139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of higgsino pair production in events with  $\geq 3$  *b*-tagged jets and  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model superstriang is been refined to be the model of the relations.

<sup>2</sup> AAD 24U searched in 126–139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of higgsino pair production in events with  $\geq 3$  *b*-tagged jets and  $\not{E}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in the model Tn1n1A, see their Fig. 12, which also contains upper limits on the branching ratio, reaching as low as 14% for a higgsino mass of 400 GeV. Model-independent limits are also set on the visible cross section for new physics processes.

<sup>3</sup> HAYRAPETYAN 24AP searched in 128 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of pair-produced multijet signatures probing fully hadronic final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in three RPV SUSY models: higgsino pair production with decay to merged trijets, stop pair production with decay to merged dijets, and pair-produced gluinos decaying to resolved trijets, see their Fig. 4. NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=WA

NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=YA

NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=CB

<sup>4</sup>HAYRAPETYAN 24N searched in up to 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for ev-NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=BB idence of wino-like chargino-neutralino pairs, Higgsino-like neutralino pair production in a gauge-mediated SUSY breaking inspired scenario, a Higgsino-bino interpretation, and slepton pair production in a combination of a number of previously reported searches for SUSY in different final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm$  mass in the wino-bino models Tchi1n2E1, Tchi1n2E, and Tchi1n2I, see their Fig. 11, and on the  $\tilde{\chi}^0_1$  in the higgsino-like GMSB models Tn1n1A, Tn1n1B, and Tn1n1C, see their Fig. 13.  $\ensuremath{\bar{\text{In}}}$  addition, Fig. 14 shows the mass exclusion limit as a function of the branching fraction to the H boson. Limits are also set in a Higgsino-bino interpretation as in THinoBinoA, but also including leptonic decays, see their Fig. 15. Limits are also set on slepton ( $\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu}$ ) production with the decay  $\widetilde{\ell} o \ \ell \, \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , see their Fig. 16. <sup>5</sup> AAD 23AE searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with 2  $\ell$  with NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=RA same flavour and opposite sign, plus jets and  ${\it E}_T$  , defining signal region with the dilepton invariant mass both on- and off-shell with respect to the Z boson. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on models of strong and electroweak production. In this case, limits are placed on production of mass-degenerate, higgsino triplet NLSP with  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \ Z\,\widetilde{{\it G}}$  in a GGM-like scenario, see figure 15. <sup>6</sup>AAD 23AM searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing NODE=S046UPH:LINKAGE=UA electron/photon pairs with invariant mass compatible with h/Z and originating from a common displaced vertex. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on a model where members of a nearly degenerate higgsino triplet are pair-produced, yielding long-lived  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  followed by  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h/Z\tilde{G}$ . Limits are set on  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  as a function of its lifetime and of the B( $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h\tilde{G}$ ) assuming B( $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h\tilde{G}$ )  $h\widetilde{G}$ ) + B( $\tilde{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \rightarrow Z\widetilde{G}$ ) = 1, see Figure 10. <sup>7</sup>AAD 23CP searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with 2  $\ell$  with same charge or 3  $\ell$  plus at least one jet and  $E_T$ , defining signal region based NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=QA significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the mass of a mass-degenerate higgsino triplet decaying into a lepton (neutral or charged) and a W via a bilinear RPV coupling, see figure 14. <sup>8</sup>TUMASYAN 23A0 searched in 138 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=PA of neutralino-chargino production in events with nearly trackless and out-of-time jets that are used to identify decays of long-lived particles. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of the long-lived  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0$  in the model Tn1n1B, see their figures 8–10.  $^9$  AAD 21Y searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for supersymmetry NODE=S046UPH:LINKAGE=HA in events with four or more leptons (electrons, muons and tau-leptons). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on Tchi1n12-GGM, and RPV models similar to Tchi1n2l, Tglu1A (with q = u, d, s, c, b, with equal branching fractions), and  $\tilde{\ell}_L/\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow \ell/\nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (mass-degenerate  $\tilde{\ell}_L$  and  $\tilde{\nu}$  of all 3 generations), all with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu$  via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  (where  $i,k \in 1,2$ ), see their Figure <sup>10</sup> AAIJ 21V searched in 5.38 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for long-lived particles (LLP) decaying to  $e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}\nu$ . The LLP can be a  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  in RPV SUSY, or a right-handed NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=IA neutrino, and can be produced in pairs, in the decay of the Higgs boson, or from charged current processes. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the cross section times branching ratio for all three production mechanisms, see their Figures 6-8.  $^{11}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  21AF searched in 140 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for supersym-NODE=S046UPH:LINKAGE=NA metry in events with with two displaced vertices from long-lived particles decaying into multijet or dijet final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the simplified model Tglu2RPV with  $\lambda_{323}''$  coupling, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  mass in an RPV model with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  pair production and the RPV decay  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow tbs$  with  $\lambda_{323}''$  coupling and on the  $\tilde{t}$  mass in an RPV model with top squark pair production and the RPV decay  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow \overline{d}_i \overline{d}_j$  with  $\lambda_{3ij}''$  coupling, see their Figure 7.  $^{12}$  SIRUNYAN 21M searched in 137 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for supersymmetry NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=MA significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the simplified model Tglu4C, see their Figure 10, on the  $\widetilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ mass in Tchi1n2Fa, see their Figure 11, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  mass in Tn1n1C and Tn1n1B for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see their Figure 12. Limits are also set on the light squark mass for the simplified model Tsqk2A, on the sbottom mass in Tsbot3, see their Figure 13, and on the slepton mass in direct electroweak pair production of mass-degenerate left- and right-handed sleptons (selectrons and smuons), see their Figure 14. <sup>13</sup>AAD 20AN searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=FA photons and missing transverse momentum. Events are further categorised in terms of

lepton or jet multiplicity. No significant excess over the expected background is observed.

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Limits at 95% C.L. are set on the Higgsino mass in the T1n1n1A simplified model, see their Figure 11.

- <sup>14</sup>SIRUNYAN 19CA searched in 77.4 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing delayed photons in both single and diphoton plus  $E_T$  final states. No excess is observed above the background expected from Standard Model processes. The results are used to set 95% C.L. exclusion limits in the context of GMSB, using the SPS8 benchmark model. For neutralino proper decay lengths of 0.1, 1, 10, and 100 m, masses up to about 320, 525, 360, and 215 GeV are excluded, respectively. See their Fig. 5. The searches involve the simplified models Tglu1D, Tglu4A,B,C, Tsqk4,4A,4B.
- $^{15}$  SIRUNYAN 19CI searched in 77.5 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with one or more high-momentum Higgs bosons, decaying to pairs of photons, jets and  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot4 simplified model, see Figure 3, and on the wino mass in the Tchi1n2E simplified model, see their Figure 4. Limits are also set on the higgsino mass in the Tn1n1A and Tn1n1B simplified models, see their Figure 5.
- <sup>16</sup> SIRUNYAN 19K searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with a photon, an electron or muon, and large  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. In the framework of GMSB, limits are set on the chargino and neutralino mass in the Tchi1n1A simplified model, see their Figure 6. Limits are also set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4A simplified model, and on the squark mass in the Tsqk4A simplified model, see their Figure 7.
- <sup>17</sup> AABOUD 18CK searched for events with at least 3 *b*-jets and large missing transverse energy in two datasets of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV of 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> and 24.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> depending on the trigger requirements. The analyses aimed to reconstruct two Higgs bosons decaying to pairs of *b*-quarks. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the Higgsino mass in the Tn1n1A simplified model, see their Figure 15(a). Constraints are also presented as a function of the BR of Higgsino decaying into an higgs boson and a gravitino, see their Figure 15(b). <sup>18</sup> AABOUD 18Z searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events contain-
- <sup>18</sup> AABOUD 18Z searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing four or more charged leptons (electrons, muons and up to two hadronically decaying taus). No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Limits are set on the Higgsino mass in simplified models of general gauge mediated supersymmetry Tn1n4/Tn1n1B/Tn1n1C, see their Figure 9. Limits are also set on the wino, slepton, sneutrino and gluino mass in a simplified model of NLSP pair production with R-parity violating decays of the LSP via  $\lambda_{12L}$  or  $\lambda_{122}$  to charged leptons, see their Figures 7, 8.
- violating decays of the LSP via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  to charged leptons, see their Figures 7, 8. <sup>19</sup> SIRUNYAN 18AO searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos in events with either two or more leptons (electrons or muons) of the same electric charge, or with three or more leptons, which can include up to two hadronically decaying tau leptons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the chargino/neutralino mass in the Tchi1n2A, Tchi1n2H, Tchi1n2D, Tchi1n2E and Tchi1n2F simplified models, see their Figures 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18. Limits are also set on the higgsino mass in the Tn1n1A, Tn1n1B and Tn1n1C simplified models, see their Figure 19.
- <sup>20</sup> SIRUNYAN 18AP searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos by combining a number of previous and new searches. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the chargino/neutralino mass in the Tchi1n2E, Tchi1n2F and Tchi1n2I simplified models, see their Figures 7, 8, 9 an 10. Limits are also set on the higgsino mass in the Tn1n1A, Tn1n1B and Tn1n1C simplified models, see their Figure 11, 12, 13 and 14.
- <sup>22</sup> SIRUNYAN 180 searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two Higgs bosons, decaying to pairs of *b*-quarks, and large  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the Higgsino mass in the T1n1n1A simplified model, see their Figure 9.
- <sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN 18x searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with one or more high-momentum Higgs bosons, decaying to pairs of photons, jets and  $E_T$ . The razor variables ( $M_R$  and  $R^2$ ) are used to categorise the events. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot4 simplified model and on the wino mass in the Tch1n2E simplified model, see their Figure 5. Limits are also set on the higgsino mass in the Tn1n1A and Tn1n1B simplified models, see their Figure 6.
- <sup>24</sup> KHACHATRYAN 14L searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for evidence of direct pair production of neutralinos with Higgs or *Z*-bosons in the decay chain, leading to *HH*, *HZ* and *ZZ* final states with missing transverse energy. The decays of 16–20. a Higgs boson to a *b*-quark pair, to a photon pair, and to final states with leptons are considered in conjunction with hadronic and leptonic decay modes of the *Z* and *W* bosons. No significant excesses over the expected SM backgrounds are observed. The results are interpreted in the context of GMSB simplified models where the decays  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow$ 
  - $H\,\widetilde{G}$  or  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1 
    ightarrow \, Z\,\widetilde{G}$  take place either 100% or 50% of the time, see Figs. 16–20.

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NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=D

 $^{25}$  AAD 20D searched in 32.8 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $\it p\, p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events containing an NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=BA oppositely charge lepton pair (ee,  $\mu\mu$  or  $e\mu$ ) coming from long-lived neutralinos decaying through the R-parity-violating decay  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell\ell\nu$  with  $\lambda_{121} \neq 0$  or  $\lambda_{122} \neq 0$ . No excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived for decay lengths of the neutralino between 1 mm and 10 m in a scenario where a squark-antisquark pair is produced, with the squark decaying to a quark and a  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , with either  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\nu/e\mu\nu$  $(\lambda_{121} \neq 0)$  or  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow e \mu \nu / \mu \mu \nu$   $(\lambda_{122} \neq 0)$ , see their Figures 4 and 5.  $^{26}{\rm AABOUD}$  19G searched in 32.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for evidence NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=W of neutralinos decaying into a Z-boson and a gravitino, in events characterized by the presence of dimuon vertices with displacements from the pp interaction point in the range of 1400 cm. Neutralinos are assumed to be produced in the decay chain of gluinos as in Tglu1A models. No significant excess is observed in the number of vertices relative to the predicted background. In GGM with a gluino mass of 1100 GeV, neutralino masses in the range 300–1000 GeV are excluded for certain values of  $c\tau$ , see their Figure 7. <sup>27</sup> AAIJ 17Z searched in 1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV and in 2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of ppNODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=O collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for events containing a displaced vertex with one associated high transverse momentum  $\mu.\,$  No excess is observed above the background expected from Standard Model processes. The results are used to set 95% C.L. upper limits on the cross section times branching fractions of pair-produced neutralinos decaying nonpromptly into a muon and two quarks. Long-lived particles in a mass range 23-198 GeV are considered, see their Fig. 5 and Fig. 6.  $^{28}\,{\rm KHACHATRYAN}$  16BX searched in 19.5 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=I events containing 3 or more leptons coming from the electroweak production of wino- or higgsino-like neutralinos, assuming non-zero R-parity-violating leptonic couplings  $\lambda_{122},$  $\lambda_{123}$ , and  $\lambda_{233}$  or semileptonic couplings  $\lambda'_{131}$ ,  $\lambda'_{233}$ ,  $\lambda'_{331}$ , and  $\lambda'_{333}$ . No excess over the expected background is observed and limits are derived on the neutralino mass, see Figs. 24 and 25. <sup>29</sup> AAD 14BH searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events containing NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=H non-pointing photons in a diphoton plus missing transverse energy final state. No excess is observed above the background expected from Standard Model processes. The results are used to set 95% C.L. exclusion limits in the contact of gauge-mediated supersymmetric breaking models, with the lightest neutralino being the next-to-lightest supersymmetric particle and decaying with a lifetime in the range from 0.25 ns to about 100 ns into a photon and a gravitino. For limits on the NLSP lifetime versus  $\Lambda$  plane, for the SPS8 model, see their Fig. 7.  $^{30}$  AAD 13AP searched in 4.8 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $\it p\, p$  collisions at  $\it \sqrt{s}$  = 7 TeV for events containing non-NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=LS pointing photons in a diphoton plus missing transverse energy final state. No excess is observed above the background expected from Standard Model processes. The results are used to set 95% C.L. exclusion limits in the context of gauge-mediated supersymmetric breaking models, with the lightest neutralino being the next-to-lightest supersymmetric particle and decaying with a lifetime in excess of 0.25 ns into a photon and a gravitino. For limits in the NLSP lifetime versus  $\Lambda$  plane, for the SPS8 model, see their Fig. 8. <sup>31</sup>AAD 13Q searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events containing a high- $p_T$  isolated photon, at least one jet identified as originating from a bottom NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=SA quark, and high missing transverse momentum. Such signatures may originate from supersymmetric models with gauge-mediated supersymmetry breaking in events in which one of a pair of higgsino-like neutralinos decays into a photon and a gravitino while the other decays into a Higgs boson and a gravitino. No significant excess above the expected background was found and limits were set on the neutralino mass in a generalized GMSB model (GGM) with a higgsino-like neutralino NLSP, see their Fig. 4. Intermediate neutralino masses between 220 and 380 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L, regardless of the squark and gluino masses, purely on the basis of the expected weak production.  $^{32}$  AAD 13R looked in 4.4 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  7 TeV for events containing new, NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=GA heavy particles that decay at a significant distance from their production point into a final state containing a high-momentum muon and charged hadrons. No excess over the expected background is observed and limits are placed on the production cross-section of neutralinos via squarks for various  $m_{\widetilde{q}}$ ,  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$  in an R-parity violating scenario with  $\lambda'_{211}~\neq~$  0, as a function of the neutralino lifetime, see their Fig. 6 <sup>33</sup>AALTONEN 13I searched in 6.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV for events containing  $E_T$  and a delayed photon that arrives late in the detector relative to the NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=LO time expected from prompt production. No evidence of delayed photon production is observed.  $^{34}$  CHATRCHYAN 13AH searched in 4.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 7 TeV for events NODE=S046UPH:LINKAGE=CA containing  $\mathbb{E}_T$  and a delayed photon that arrives late in the detector relative to the time expected from prompt production. No significant excess above the expected background was found and limits were set on the pair production of  $\tilde{\chi}^0_1$  depending on the neutralino NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=GT mass in a generalized GMSB model (GGM) with a bino-like neutralino NLSP, see Figs.

6 and 7. The other sparticle masses were decoupled,  $\tan\beta=2$  and  $c\tau_{NLSP}<0.1$  mm. Also, in the framework of the SPS8 model, limits are presented in Fig. 8.

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<sup>36</sup> AAD 12CT searched in 4.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV for events containing four or more leptons (electrons or muons) and either moderate values of missing transverse momentum or large effective mass. No significant excess is found in the data. Limits are presented in a simplified model of <i>R</i> -parity violating supersymmetry in which charginos are pair-produced and then decay into a <i>W</i> -boson and a $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , which in turn decays through	NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=DG
an RPV coupling into two charged leptons $(e^{\pm}e^{\mp} \text{ or } \mu^{\pm}\mu^{\mp})$ and a neutrino. In this model, limits are set on the neutralino mass as a function of the chargino mass, see Fig. 3a. Limits are also set in an <i>R</i> -parity violating mSUGRA model, see Fig. 3b.	
<sup>37</sup> AAD 12R looked in 33 pb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV for events containing new, heavy particles that decay at a significant distance from their production point into a final state containing a high-momentum muon and charged hadrons. No excess over the expected background is observed and limits are placed on the production cross-section of neutralinos via squarks for various $(m_{\tilde{q}}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})$ in an R-parity violating scenario with	NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=GD
$\lambda'_{211} \neq 0$ , as a function of the neutralino lifetime, see their Fig. 8. Superseded by AAD 13R. <sup>38</sup> ABAZOV 12AD looked in 6.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV for events with	
a photon, a Z-boson, and large $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=AV
model is excluded at 95% C.L. for values of $\Lambda < 87$ TeV. <sup>39</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12BK searched in 2.23 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV for events with two photons and large $E_T$ due to $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \tilde{G}$ decays in a GMSB framework. No significant excess above the expected background was found and limits were set on the pair production of $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ depending on the neutralino lifetime, see Fig. 6.	NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=CH
<sup>40</sup> CHATRCHYAN 11B looked in 35 pb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV for events with an isolated lepton ( <i>e</i> or $\mu$ ), a photon and $E_T$ which may arise in a generalized gauge mediated model from the decay of Wino-like NLSPs. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived in the plane of squark/gluino mass versus Wino mass (see Fig. 4). Mass degeneracy of the produced squarks and gluinos is assumed.	NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=C1
<sup>41</sup> AALTONEN 10 searched in 2.6 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV for diphoton events with large $\mathcal{E}_T$ . They may originate from the production of $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$ in pairs or associated to a $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , decaying into $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ which itself decays in GMSB to $\gamma \tilde{G}$ . There is no excess of events beyond expectation. An upper limit on the cross section is calculated in the GMSB model as a function of the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ mass and lifetime, see their Fig. 2. A limit is derived on the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ mass of 149 GeV for $\tau_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \ll 1$ ns, which improves the results of previous searches.	NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=LT
<sup>42</sup> ABAZOV 10P looked in 6.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV for events with at least two isolated $\gamma$ s and large $\not{E}_T$ . These could be the signature of $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ and $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ production, decaying to $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ and finally $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \tilde{G}$ in a GMSB framework. No significant excess over the SM expectation is observed, and a limit at 95% C.L. on the cross section is derived for $N_{mes} = 1$ , $\tan\beta = 15$ and $\mu > 0$ , see their Fig. 2. This allows them to set a limit on the effective SUSY breaking scale $\Lambda > 124$ TeV, from which the excluded $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ mass range is obtained.	NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=AZ
<sup>43</sup> ABAZOV 08F looked in 1.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV for diphoton events with large $\not{E}_T$ . They may originate from the production of $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$ in pairs or associated to a $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , decaying to a $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ which itself decays promptly in GMSB to $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \tilde{G}$ . No significant excess was found compared to the background expectation. A limit is derived on the masses of SUSY particles in the GMSB framework for $M = 2\Lambda$ , $N = 1$ , $\tan\beta =$ 15 and $\mu > 0$ , see Figure 2. It also excludes $\Lambda < 91.5$ TeV. Supersedes the results of ABAZOV 05A. Superseded by ABAZOV 10P.	NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=ZO
<sup>44</sup> ABULENCIA 07H searched in 346 pb <sup>-1</sup> of $p\overline{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV for events with at least three leptons (e or $\mu$ ) from the decay of $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ via $LL\overline{E}$ couplings. The results are consistent with the hypothesis of no signal. Upper limits on the cross-section are extracted and a limit is derived in the framework of mSUGRA on the masses of $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ and	NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=BL
$\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , see e.g. their Fig. 3 and Tab. II. <sup>45</sup> ABBIENDI 06B use 600 pb <sup>-1</sup> of data from $\sqrt{s} = 189-209$ GeV. They look for events with diphotons + $\not{E}$ final states originating from prompt decays of pair-produced neutralinos in a GMSB scenario with $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP. Limits on the cross-section are computed as a function of m( $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ), see their Fig. 14. The limit on the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ mass is for a pure Bino state assuming	NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=BI
a prompt decay, with lifetimes up to $10^{-9}$ s. Supersedes the results of ABBIENDI 04N. <sup>46</sup> ABDALLAH 05B use data from $\sqrt{s} = 180-209$ GeV. They look for events with single photons + $\not{E}$ final states. Limits are computed in the plane (m( $\tilde{G}$ ), m( $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ )), shown in their Fig. 9b for a pure Bino state in the GMSB framework and in Fig. 9c for a no-scale supergravity model. Supersedes the results of ABREU 00Z.	NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=AA

NODE=S046UPH;LINKAGE=AL

<sup>47</sup> ABDALLAH 05B use data from  $\sqrt{s} = 130-209$  GeV. They look for events with diphotons  $+ \not\!\!E$  final states and single photons not pointing to the vertex, expected in GMSB when the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  is the NLSP. Limits are computed in the plane  $(m(\tilde{G}), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ , see their Fig. 10. The lower limit is derived on the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  mass for a pure Bino state assuming a prompt decay and  $m_{\tilde{e}_R} = m_{\tilde{e}_L} = 2 \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ . It improves to 100 GeV for  $m_{\tilde{e}_R} = m_{\tilde{e}_L} = 1.1 \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ . and the limit in the plane  $(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{e}_R))$  is shown in Fig. 10b. For long-lived neutralinos, cross-section limits are displayed in their Fig 11. Supersedes the results of ABREU 002.

## $\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \, \tilde{\chi}_3^0, \, \tilde{\chi}_4^0$ (Neutralinos) mass limits

Neutralinos are unknown mixtures of photinos, z-inos, and neutral higgsinos (the supersymmetric partners of photons and of Z and Higgs bosons). The limits here apply only to  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_3^0$ , and  $\tilde{\chi}_4^0$ .  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  is the lightest supersymmetric particle (LSP); see  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  Mass Limits. It is not possible to quote rigorous mass limits because they are extremely model dependent; i.e. they depend on branching ratios of various  $\tilde{\chi}^0$  decay modes, on the masses of decay products ( $\tilde{e}$ ,  $\tilde{\gamma}$ ,  $\tilde{g}$ ,  $\tilde{g}$ ), and on the  $\tilde{e}$  mass exchanged in  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_i^0 \tilde{\chi}_j^0$ . Limits arise either from direct searches, or from the MSSM constraints set on the gaugino and higgsino mass parameters  $M_2$  and  $\mu$  through searches for lighter charginos and neutralinos. Often limits are given as contour plots in the  $m_{\tilde{\chi}^0} - m_{\tilde{e}}$  plane vs other parameters. When specific assumptions are made, e.g, the neutralino is a pure photino ( $\tilde{\gamma}$ ), pure z-ino ( $\tilde{Z}$ ), or pure neutral higgsino ( $\tilde{H}^0$ ), the neutralinos will be labelled as such.

Limits obtained from  $e^+e^-$  collisions at energies up to 136 GeV, as well as other limits from different techniques, are now superseded and have not been included in this compilation. They can be found in the 1998 Edition (The European Physical Journal **C3** 1 (1998)) of this Review. Some later papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, *et al.* (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics **C38** 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

NODE=S046ZNO

NODE=S046ZNO

DOCUMENT ID NODE=S046ZNO VALUE (GeV) <u>CL%</u> TECN COMMENT  $^{1}$  AAD >1170 95 <sup>1</sup> AAD none 130-330 95 OCCUR=2 = 1 GeV24G ATLS 1-4 jets +  $\not\!\!E_T$  + displaced low- $p_t$ <sup>2</sup> AAD > 17095 track, Tn1n1D,  $\Delta$ m ( $\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm$  ,  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0$  ) = 0.6 GeV ATLS combination, wino-like Tchi1n2E, >1000 95 <sup>3</sup> AAD 241  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$  < 200 GeV ATLS combination, wino-like  $pp \rightarrow \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}, \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow W \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$  and  $\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{\pm} \rightarrow Z \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} < 170 \text{ GeV}$ <sup>3</sup> AAD OCCUR=2 >1000 95 241 ATLS combination, Tn1n1D,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{G}$ <sup>3</sup> AAD OCCUR=3 > 850 95 241 or  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h \tilde{G}$ , independent of B( $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h \tilde{G}$ ) > 875 95 <sup>4</sup> HAYRAPETY...24N CMS Combination, Tchi1n2E1,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  < 50 GeV Combination, Tchi1n2E,  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$  <<sup>4</sup> HAYRAPETY...24N CMS > 99095 OCCUR=2 50 GeV Combination, Tchi1n2l,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 50$ <sup>4</sup> HAYRAPETY...24N CMS > 875 95 OCCUR=3 GeV Comb., THinoBinoA,  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$  < 50 none 225-800 95 <sup>4</sup> HAYRAPETY...24N CMS OCCUR=4 <sup>5</sup> AAD > 820 95 <sup>6</sup> AAD none 260-420 95 <sup>7</sup> AAD > 230 95 OCCUR=2 <sup>7</sup> AAD 450 95 OCCUR=3 <sup>8</sup> AAD 23CP ATLS 2 same-sign  $\ell$ , Tchi1n2E, wino-bino,  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1$  GeV > 525 95

none 200, 250	0E	<sup>8</sup> AAD		2 some sign / Tabila2E wine	
none 200–250	95		23CP ATLS	2 same-sign $\ell$ , Tchi1n2F, wino- bino, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1~{ m GeV}$	OCCUR=2
none 200–585	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	23CR ATLS	RPV, 2 same-sign, 3, 4 $\ell$ , 1, 2 <i>b</i> - jets, higgsino production with $\tilde{\chi} \rightarrow b + \ell/\nu + t/b$ via	
none 200–670	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	23CR ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} \lambda_{i33}' \text{ coupling} \\ \text{RPV, 2 same-sign, 3, 4 } \ell, 1, 2 \text{ b-} \\ \text{jets, wino production with } \widetilde{\chi} \rightarrow \\ b + \ell/\nu + t/b \text{ via } \lambda_{i33}' \text{ coupling} \end{array}$	OCCUR=2
>1050	95	<sup>10</sup> HAYRAPETY.	23E CMS	$\gamma+jets+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 450 none 290–670	95 95	<sup>10</sup> HAYRAPETY. <sup>11</sup> TUMASYAN	23E CMS 23в CMS	$\gamma$ + jets + $\not\!\!E_T$ , Tn1n2A 2 AK8 jets + 2–6 AK4 jets + $\not\!\!E_T$ , Tchilchill m $\alpha = 1$ GeV	OCCUR=2
none 230–760	95	<sup>11</sup> TUMASYAN	23B CMS	Tchi1chi1l, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1 \text{ GeV}^T$ 2 AK8 jets + 2–6 AK4 jets + $E_T$ , Tchi1n2Fb, $m_{\sim 0} = 1 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
none 240–970	95	<sup>11</sup> TUMASYAN	23B CMS	Tchiln2Fb, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 1$ GeV 2 AK8 jets + 2–6 AK4 jets + $E_T$ , Tchiln2Fc, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 1$ GeV	OCCUR=3
none 300–650	95	<sup>11</sup> TUMASYAN	23B CMS	2 AK8 jets + 2–6 AK4 jets + $E_T$ , THinoBinoA, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1$ GeV	OCCUR=4
> 275	95	<sup>12</sup> TUMASYAN	22Q CMS	2 or 3 $\ell$ (soft), $E_T$ ; Tchi1n2F, wino-bino, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0}^{-} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^{-} = 10$ GeV	
> 205	95	<sup>12</sup> TUMASYAN	22Q CMS	2 or 3 $\ell$ (soft), $E_T$ ; higgsino model with $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ and $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ prod., $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 7.5 \text{ GeV}$ 2 or 3 $\ell$ (soft), $E_T$ ; higgsino model	OCCUR=2
> 150	95	<sup>12</sup> TUMASYAN	22Q CMS	2 or $3 \ell$ (soft), $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1450	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	$\begin{array}{l} \chi_{2}^{2} & \chi_{1}^{2} \\ \text{2 same-sign e or } \mu, \text{ 3 or 4 leptons,} \\ \text{Tchi1n2B (flavor-democratic),} \\ m_{\widetilde{\ell}}^{2} = 1/2(m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}), m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} \end{array}$	
>1360	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	= 850 GeV 2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 leptons, Tchi1n2B (flavor-democratic), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} = 1/2(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}), m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$	OCCUR=2
>1290	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} = 0 \; {\rm GeV} \\ {\rm 2 \; same-sign \; e \; or \; } \mu, \; {\rm 3 \; or \; 4 \; leptons,} \\ {\rm Tchi1n2B \; (flavor-democratic),} \\ m_{\widetilde{\ell}} = 0.05 m_{\widetilde{\chi_1^\pm}} \pm 0.95 m_{\widetilde{\chi_1^0}}, \end{array} \end{array} $	OCCUR=3
>1440	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	$\begin{split} m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} &= 0 \text{ GeV}^{1} \\ \text{2 same-sign } e \text{ or } \mu, \text{ 3 or 4 leptons,} \\ \text{Tchiln2B (flavor-democratic),} \\ m_{\widetilde{\ell}} &= 0.95 m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} + 0.05 m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} &= 0 \text{ GeV} \end{split}$	OCCUR=4
>1140	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	$\begin{array}{l} \chi_1^{\circ} \\ \text{2 same-sign } e \text{ or } \mu, \text{ 3 or 4 leptons,} \\ \text{Tchiln2B (lepton in } \widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \text{ decay} \\ \text{is } \tau), \ m_{\widetilde{\ell}} = 1/2(m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}), \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV} \end{array}$	OCCUR=5
>1110	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	225 CMS	2 same-sign <i>e</i> or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 lep- tons, Tchi1n2B (lepton in $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ decay is $\tau$ ), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} =$ $0.05m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + 0.95m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} =$	OCCUR=6
>1140	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	225 CMS	$\begin{array}{cccc} \chi_1 & \chi_1 & \chi_1 \\ 0 \ {\rm GeV} \\ 2 \ {\rm same-sign} \ e \ {\rm or} \ \mu, \ 3 \ {\rm or} \ 4 \ {\rm lepton} \\ {\rm tons, \ Tchiln2B} \ ({\rm lepton} \\ {\rm in} \ \widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \ {\rm decay} \ {\rm is} \ \tau), \ m_{\widetilde{\ell}} = \\ 0.95 m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + 0.05 m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = \end{array}$	OCCUR=7
> 980	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	225 CMS	0 GeV 2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 lep- tons, Tchi1n2B (leptons in $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ and $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ decays are $\tau$ ), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} = 1/2(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}), m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=8

> 905	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	225 CMS	2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 lep- tons, Tchi1n2B (leptons in $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ and $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ decays are $\tau$ ), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} =$	OCCUR=9
				$0.05m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm}+0.95m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}=0$	
> 875	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	GeV 2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 lep- tons, Tchi1n2B (leptons in $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$	OCCUR=10
				and $\widetilde{\chi}_2^0$ decays are $ au$ ), $m_{\widetilde{\ell}} = 0.95 m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + 0.05 m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
> 650	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	2 same-sign <i>e</i> or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 leptons, Tchi1n2F, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=11
> 260	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	2 same-sign $e$ or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 leptons, Tchi1n2E, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=12
none 265–305	95	<sup>14</sup> TUMASYAN	22V CMS	3, 4 <i>b</i> -tagged or 2 large-radius jets, $E_T$ ; higgsino $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_3^0$ prod. with $\tilde{\chi}_{2,3}^0 \rightarrow H \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ; $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1$ GeV	
> 640	95	<sup>15</sup> AAD	21bg ATLS	$2,3$ $\chi_1^{-}$ $\chi_1^{-}$ $3\ell + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 300	95	<sup>15</sup> AAD	21BG ATLS	$3\ell + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 240	95	<sup>15</sup> AAD	21bg ATLS	$\begin{array}{c} \lambda_2 & \lambda_1 \\ 3\ell + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
> 195	95	<sup>15</sup> AAD	21BG ATLS	$\begin{array}{c} 3\ell + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
> 190	95	<sup>15</sup> AAD	21bg ATLS	GeV $3\ell + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=5
>1600	95	<sup>16</sup> AAD	21Y ATLS	$ \geq 4\ell, \text{ RPV Tchi1n2l with } \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \\ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu, \lambda_{12k} \neq 0, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = $	
>1100	95	16 <sub>AAD</sub>	21Y ATLS	1200 GeV $\geq$ 4 $\ell$ , RPV Tchi1n2I with $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1  ightarrow$	OCCUR=2
				$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}\nu$ , $\lambda_{i33} \neq 0$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} =$	
> 750	95	<sup>17</sup> SIRUNYAN	21M CMS	1000  GeV $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}+E_T$ , Tchi1n2Fa , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} < 100 \text{ GeV}$	
none 400–820	95	<sup>18</sup> TUMASYAN	21c CMS	100 GeV 1 $\ell^{\pm}$ + 2 <i>b</i> -jets + $\not{\!\! E}_T$ , Tchi1n2E, $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1 = 200$ GeV	
none 160–820	95	<sup>18</sup> TUMASYAN	21C CMS	$1 \ \ell^{\pm} + 2b$ -jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 380	95	<sup>19</sup> AAD	20AN ATLS	· · · 1	OCCUR=2
> 193	95	<sup>20</sup> AAD	201 ATLS	2 $\ell$ (soft), jets, $E_T$ ; Tchi1n2Ga, higgsino, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 9.3 \text{ GeV}$	
> 240	95	<sup>21</sup> AAD	201 ATLS	2 $\ell$ (soft), jets, $E_T$ ; Tchi1n2Fa, wino, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 7$ GeV	OCCUR=2
> 345	95	<sup>22</sup> AAD	20K ATLS	$3\ell + E_T$ , Tchiln2F, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
> 740	95	23 <sub>AAD</sub>	20r ATLS	$1\ell+2b$ -jets + $E_T$ , Tchi1n2E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0~{ m GeV}$	
> 290	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	20AU CMS	soft $\tau + \text{jet} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 680	95	<sup>25</sup> AABOUD	19au ATL	0, 1, 2 or more $\ell$ , $H (\rightarrow \gamma\gamma, bb, WW^*, ZZ^*, \tau\tau)$ (various searches), Tchi1n2E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	
> 112	95	<sup>26</sup> SIRUNYAN	19ви CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{GeV} & & \\ pp \rightarrow & \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+} \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} + 2 \text{ jets, } \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \rightarrow \\ \ell^{+} \ell^{-} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \text{ heavy sleptons,} \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} & - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 1 \text{ GeV, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} \\ = & m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+}} \end{array} $	

> 215	95	<sup>26</sup> SIRUNYAN	19bu	CMS	$pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{+} \tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} + 2 \text{ jets, } \tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \rightarrow \ell^{+} \ell^{-} \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \text{ heavy sleptons,} $ $m_{\sim 0} - m_{\sim 0} = 30 \text{ GeV}, m_{\sim 0}$	OCCUR=2
					$ \begin{array}{c} m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = \texttt{30 GeV}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} \\ = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+}} \end{array} $	
> 760	95	27 AABOUD	18AY	ATLS	$2 au + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1125	95	<sup>28</sup> AABOUD	18bt	ATLS	2,3 $\ell + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 580	95	<sup>29</sup> AABOUD	18bt	ATLS	2,3 $\ell + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
none 130-230,	95	<sup>30</sup> AABOUD	18CK	ATLS	$2H (\rightarrow bb) + \not\!\!\! E_T$ , Tn1n1A, GMSB	
290–880 none 220–600	95	<sup>31</sup> AABOUD	18co	ATLS	2,3 $\ell+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 145	95	<sup>32</sup> AABOUD	18R	ATLS	$\chi_1^{\circ}$ 2 $\ell$ (soft) + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 175	95	<sup>33</sup> AABOUD	18R	ATLS	$\begin{array}{l}\chi_2 & \chi_1 \\ 2\ell \ (\text{soft}) + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1060	95	<sup>34</sup> AABOUD	18U	ATLS	$\chi_2^{2}$ $\chi_1^{2}$ 2 $\gamma + \not \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 167	95	<sup>35</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AJ	CMS	NLSP mass $2\ell$ (soft) + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 710	95	<sup>36</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DP	CMS	$2\tau + E_T$ , Tchi1n2D, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
none 220–490	95	<sup>37</sup> SIRUNYAN	17AW	CMS	$\chi_1$ $1\ell+2$ <i>b</i> -jets + $E_T$ , Tchi1n2E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
> 600	95	<sup>38</sup> AAD	16AA	ATLS	3,4 $\ell$ + $\not{\!\! E}_T$ , Tn2n3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ =0GeV	
> 670	95	<sup>38</sup> AAD	16AA	ATLS	$3,4\ell+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 250	95	<sup>39</sup> AAD	15ba	ATLS	$m_{\sim +} = m_{\sim 0}, \ m_{\sim 0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
> 380	95	<sup>40</sup> AAD		ATLS	$\begin{array}{ccc} \chi_1^{\pm} & \chi_2^{\circ} & \chi_1^{\circ} \\ \widetilde{\chi}^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}^0 \rightarrow & \tau^{\pm} u \widetilde{\chi}^0 \tau^{\pm} \tau^{\mp} \widetilde{\chi}^0 & \text{sim} \end{array}$	
> 300	33		1411	AILJ	$ \begin{split} & m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}},  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0 \text{ GeV} \\ & \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \rightarrow \tau^{\pm} \nu \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \tau^{\pm} \tau^{\mp} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0},  \text{sim-} \\ & \text{plified model, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}}, \end{split} $	
					$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0~{ m GeV}$	
> 700	95	<sup>40</sup> AAD	14H	ATLS	$\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \nu \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , simplified model, $m_{\star^{\pm}} = m_{\pi^{\pm}0}$ .	OCCUR=2
					plified model, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0}$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
> 345	95	<sup>40</sup> AAD	14H	ATLS	$\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}  W \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} Z \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , simplified	OCCUR=3
					model, $m_{\sim +} = m_{\simeq 0}, m_{\simeq 0} = 0$	
> 148	95	<sup>40</sup> AAD	14H	ATLS	GeV $\widetilde{\chi}_{\pm}^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_{0}^{0} \rightarrow W \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} H \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , simplified	OCCUR=4
					$\begin{array}{cccc} & \chi_1^- & \chi_2^- & \chi_1^- \\ & \widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm \widetilde{\chi}_2^0 \to & W \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 H \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \text{ simplified} \\ & \text{model,} & m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0}, & m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^0 = 0 \\ & & \text{GeV} \end{array}$	
> 620	95	<sup>41</sup> AAD	14X	ATLS	$\stackrel{GeV}{\geq} \overset{qeV}{_{4\ell^{\pm}}},  \widetilde{\chi}^0_{2,3} \rightarrow \ \ell^{\pm}  \ell^{\mp} \widetilde{\chi}^0_1,  \textit{m}_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$	
		<sup>42</sup> AAD	13	ATLS	= 0  GeV $3\ell^{\pm} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
		<sup>43</sup> CHATRCHYAN	<b>1</b> 2BJ	CMS	$\geq 2 \ \ell$ , jets + $E_T$ , $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_2^0$	
> 62.4	95	<sup>44</sup> ABREU	00W	DLPH	$\widetilde{\chi}_2^0$ , $1 \leq  aneta \leq$ 40, all $\Delta m$ , all $\overline{m_0}$	
> 99.9	95	<sup>44</sup> ABREU	00W	DLPH	$\widetilde{\chi}_{f 3}^{f 0}$ , $1\leq {\sf tan}eta\leq 40$ , all $\Delta m$ , all $m_{f 0}$	OCCUR=2
> 116.0	95	<sup>44</sup> ABREU			$\widetilde{\chi}_{4}^{m{0}}$ , $1\leq  aneta\leq 40$ , all $\Delta m$ , all $m_{m{0}}$	OCCUR=3
• • • We do r	not use				ïts, limits, etc. ● ● ●	
> 310	95	<sup>45</sup> AAD	20AN	ATLS	$2\gamma+{ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
none 180–355	95	<sup>46</sup> AAD	14G	ATLS	$\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \to W \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} Z \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \text{ simplified} \\ \text{model, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{\pm}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0$	
		<sup>47</sup> KHACHATRY.	141	CMS	$\widetilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow (Z, H) \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \widetilde{\ell} \ell$ , simplified	
		<sup>48</sup> AAD	12AS	ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} \text{model} \\ 3\ell^{\pm} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
		<sup>49</sup> AAD	12T	ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm} + E_T$ , pp $\rightarrow ~ \widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_2^0$	

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<sup>1</sup>AAD 24AJ searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at \sqrt{s} = 13 TeV for evidence of direct
                                                                                                                         NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=TB
   stau pair production, or electroweakino pair production with decay via an intermediate
   stau, in events with two taus decaying hadronically (including a same-charge channel),
   tional cut-and-count selection for the electroweakino search. No significant excess above
   the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in models of direct stau
   production \tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \tau \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\tau}_L, \tilde{\tau}_R or degenerate production. Limits are also set in models
   of pair production of charginos (Tchichi1D) or of charginos and neutralinos (Tchi1n2D)
   followed by the decay via intermediate staus, or (for the latter) via Wh (Tchi1n2E). See
   their figures 12, 14 and 16.
 ^2 AAD 24G searched in 140 fb ^{-1} of pp collisions at \sqrt{s}= 13 TeV for evidence of higgsino
                                                                                                                         NODE=S046ZNO:LINKAGE=QB
   pair production in events with low-momentum mildly displaced tracks. No significant
   excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in the model
   Tn1n1D, see their Fig. 3, assuming that the \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} has a flight length of about 0.11 mm
   from the pp interaction point and decays to \tilde{\chi}_1^{0} and a charged particle (usually a soft
   pion) that is measured as low-momentum track.
 ^3 AAD 24I provides a statistical combination of the results of a number of analyses targeting
                                                                                                                         NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=SB
   electroweak production performed using 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at \sqrt{s} = 13 TeV. The
   combination was used to set limits on the pair-produced particle masses as a function of
 the LSP mass for wino-like \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} followed by \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W \tilde{\chi}_1^0, wino-like \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} followed
by \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W \tilde{\chi}_1^0 and either \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0 or \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to h \tilde{\chi}_1^0, or a GGM-like model with a
full higgsino triplet decaying to a gravitino. See their Fig. 2.
<sup>4</sup> HAYRAPETYAN 24N searched in up to 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at \sqrt{s} = 13 TeV for ev-
                                                                                                                         NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=RB
   idence of wino-like chargino-neutralino pairs, Higgsino-like neutralino pair production in
   a gauge-mediated SUSY breaking inspired scenario, a Higgsino-bino interpretation, and
   slepton pair production in a combination of a number of previously reported searches for
   SUSY in different final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expecta-
   tions is observed. Limits are set on the \widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm mass in the wino-bino models Tchi1n2E1,
   Tchi1n2E, and Tchi1n2I, see their Fig. 11, and on the \tilde{\chi}_1^0 in the higgsino-like GMSB
   models Tn1n1A, Tn1n1B, and Tn1n1C, see their Fig. 13. In addition, Fig. 14 shows the mass exclusion limit as a function of the branching fraction to the H boson. Limits are
   also set in a Higgsino-bino interpretation as in THinoBinoA, but also including leptonic
   decays, see their Fig. 15. Limits are also set on slepton (\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu}) production with the decay
   \widetilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, see their Fig. 16.
 ^5 AAD 23AE searched in 139 fb ^{-1} of p\,p collisions at \sqrt{s}= 13 TeV for events with 2 \ell with
                                                                                                                         NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=IB
   same flavour and opposite sign, plus jets and E_T, defining signal region with the dilepton
   invariant mass both on- and off-shell with respect to the Z boson. No significant excess
   above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on models of strong
   and electroweak production. For electroweak production, limits are placed on production of mass-degenerate, wino-like \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1 with \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0 and \tilde{\chi}_1 \rightarrow W \tilde{\chi}_1^0, see figure 15.
 <sup>6</sup> AAD 23CI searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions for events containing 1 \ell (e or \mu), jets, and \mathcal{E}_T. Final states consistent with the production of a diboson system plus \mathcal{E}_T were
                                                                                                                         NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=OB
   identified also by making use of large-R jet tagging techniques. No excess on top of the
   Standard Model background was observed. Limits were set on the production of \widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm \widetilde{\chi}_2^0
   and \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} (assuming wino cross sections) decaying to WZ \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 or WW \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0. See
   their figure 9.
 <sup>7</sup>AAD 23CI searched in 139 fb^{-1} of pp collisions for events containing 1 \ell (e or \mu), jets,
                                                                                                                         NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=PB
   observed. Limits were set on the production of degenerate \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0 (assuming wino cross
   sections) decaying into W h \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \widetilde{\chi}_1^0. See their figure 10.
 <sup>8</sup> AAD 23CP searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at \sqrt{s} = 13 TeV for events with 2 \ell with same charge plus at least one jet and E_T, defining signal region based on stransverse
                                                                                                                         NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=NB
   above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the mass of mass-
   degenerate \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} and \tilde{\chi}_2^0 for the wino-like production of \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_2^0 followed by the decay into either W Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 or W h \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0, see figure 13.
 ^9 AAD 23CR searched in 139 fb^{-1} of p\,p collisions at \sqrt{s}= 13 TeV for RPV SUSY in final
                                                                                                                         NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=LB
   states with multiple leptons and b-tagged jets. No significant excess above the Standard
   Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the production of electroweakinos
   (wino or higgsino) that decay via RPV coupling \lambda'_{i33} to a charged lepton or a neutrino, a b quark, and an additional t or b quark, see their figure 16. A second model addresses
   direct \widetilde{\mu}_{L,R} production and decay to a muon and a bino-like neutralino, which decays
   in the same way as in the first model, see their figure 17.
^{10}\,{\rm HAYRAPETYAN} 23E searched in 137 fb^{-1} of p\,p collisions at \sqrt{s}= 13 TeV for evidence
                                                                                                                         NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=MB
   of gluino, top squark and electroweakino pair production in events with at least one
   expectations is observed. Limits are set in models for strong production, Tglu4D, Tglu4E,
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Tglu4F and Tstop13, see their figure 9. They also interpret the results in the models for electroweak production, shown in their figure 10. Tchi1n1A assumes wino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 

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production, while Tchi1chi1A assumes higgsino-like cross sections and includes  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_{1.2}^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  production. For  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  alone no mass point can be excluded in the model Tchi1chi1A, but in another model for  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  production, Tn1n2A.

- <sup>11</sup>TUMASYAN 23B searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of electroweakino pair production with decays including hadronically decaying bosons, WW, WZ, WH, or ZH, identified with a DNN classifying large-area (AK8) jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of the nearly mass degenerate wino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  in the models Tchi1chi11, Tchi1n2Fb, and Tchi1n2Fc, see their figure 4. They also consider a model that contains both  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  production, see their figure 5 (upper). Results are also interpreted in the model THinoBinoA with nearly mass-degenerate higgsino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  production  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_2^{\pm}$  production.  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_3, \, \widetilde{\chi}^0_2, \, \widetilde{\chi}^\pm_1$ , and a lighter bino-like  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ , see their figure 5 (lower).
- $^{12}\,{\sf TUMASYAN}$  22Q searched in up to 137 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=CB evidence of electroweakino and top squark pair production with a small mass difference between the produced supersymmetric particles and the lightest neutralino in events with two or three low-momentum leptons and missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_2$  and  $\widetilde{\chi}^\pm_1$  in the model Tchi1n2F, see their Figure 8. Limits are also set in a higgsino simplified model with both  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  production, where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$

 $= 1/2(m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})$ . A model inspired by the pMSSM is used for further interpretations in the case of a higgsino LSP, see their Figure 9. Limits are also set on the mass of the

top squark in the models Tstop2 and Tstop3, see their Figure 10.  $^{13}\,{\rm TUMASYAN}$  22S searched in 137 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for evidence

- of electroweakino pair production in events with three or four leptons, with up to two hadronically decaying au leptons, or two same-sign light leptons (e or  $\mu$ ). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_2$  and  $\widetilde{\chi}^\pm_1$  in the models Tchi1n2B (in flavory-democratic and tau-enriched or dominated scenarios), Tchi1n2E, Tchi1n2F, see their Figures 16-20, and on the mass of the higgsino-triplet  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  in the models Tn1n1A, Tn1n1B, and Tn1n1C, see their Figure 21
- $^{14}\,{\rm TUMASYAN}$  22V searched in 137 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for evidence of electroweakino pair production with decay to two Higgs bosons H, with  $H \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ , resulting either in 4 resolved b-jets or two large-radius jets, and large  $\not\!\!\!E_T.$  No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_2$  and  $\widetilde{\chi}^\pm_1$  in the models Tn1n1A, see their Figures 11 and 12, or in a model where higgsino-like nearly mass degenerate  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_2$  and  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_3$  are pair produced and each decay to H and a bino-like  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ , see their Figure 13. Limits are also set on the gluino mass in the model Tglu1l, see their Figure 14.
- $^{15}\,{\rm AAD}$  21BG searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for pair production  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  in final states with three leptons, with and without assuming the presence of a  $Z \rightarrow \ell \ell$  decay. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  mass in Tchi1n2E, Tchi1n2F and Tchi1n2Ga. See their Fig. 16.
- $^{16}\mathrm{AAD}$  21Y searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for supersymmetry in events with four or more leptons (electrons, muons and tau-leptons). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on Tchi1n12-GGM, and RPV models similar to Tchi1n2l, Tglu1A (with q = u, d, s, c, b, with equal branching fractions), and  $\tilde{\ell}_L/\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow \ell/\nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (mass-degenerate  $\tilde{\ell}_L$  and  $\tilde{\nu}$  of all 3 generations), all with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu$  via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  (where  $i, k \in 1, 2$ ), see their Figure 11.
- <sup>17</sup> SIRUNYAN 21M searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *p p* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} =$  13 TeV for supersymmetry significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the simplified model Tglu4C, see their Figure 10, on the  $\widetilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ mass in Tchi1n2Fa, see their Figure 11, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  mass in Tn1n1C and Tn1n1B for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see their Figure 12. Limits are also set on the light squark mass for the simplified model Tsqk2A, on the sbottom mass in Tsbot3, see their Figure 13, and on the slepton mass in direct electroweak pair production of mass-degenerate left- and
- right-handed sleptons (selectrons and smuons), see their Figure 14.  $^{18}$  TUMASYAN 21C searched in 137 fb  $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for supersymmetry in events with with one lepton, a Higgs boson decaying to a pair of bottom quarks, Lower limits are set on the masses of  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$  in the simplified model Tchi1n2E, see their Figure 6.
- $^{19}\,{\rm AAD}$  20AN searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events with two photons and missing transverse momentum. Events are further categorised in terms of lepton or jet multiplicity. No significant excess over the expected background is observed.

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=GB

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=DB

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=EB

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=BB

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=VA

NODE=S0467NO·LINKAGE=XA

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=YA

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=UA

NODE=S046ZNO:LINKAGE=RA

NODE=S046ZNO:LINKAGE=SA

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=OA

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=PA

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=QA

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=NA

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=MA

NODE=S046ZNO:LINKAGE=Z

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=FA

NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=HA

Limits at 95% C.L. are set on the Higgsino mass in the T1n1n1A simplified model, see their Figure 11.

- <sup>20</sup> AAD 20 reported on ATLAS searches for electroweak production in models with compressed mass spectra as Tchi1n2Ga. A dataset of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> was used. Events with  $E_T$ , two sameflavour, opposite-charge, low-transverse-momentum leptons, and jets from initial-state radiation or characteristic of vector-boson fusion production are selected. Constraints at 95% C.L. are placed in Higgsino models on the mass of the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  (the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  mass is halfway between the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  masses) at 193 GeV for a mass splitting between  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  of 9.3 GeV and extend down to a mass splitting of 2.4 GeV at the LEP chargino mass limit. See their Fig. 14(a).

at 240 GeV for a mass splitting between  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  of 7 GeV and extend down to a mass splitting of 1.5 GeV at the LEP chargino mass limit of 92.4 GeV. See their Fig. 14(b,c).

- <sup>22</sup> AAD 20K reported on a search for electroweak production in models with mass splittings near the electroweak scale as Tchi1n2F and exploiting three-lepton final state events with an emulated recursive jigsaw reconstruction method. The analysis uses a dataset of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb<sup>-1</sup>. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are derived on next-to-lightest neutralinos and charginos with masses up to 345 GeV for a massless lightest neutralino, see their Fig. 7.

- <sup>25</sup> AABOUD 19AU searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos and next-to-lightest neutralinos decaying into lightest neutralinos and a *W* and a Higgs boson, respectively. Fully hadronic, semileptonic, diphoton, and multilepton (electrons, muons) final states with missing transverse momentum are considered in this search. Observations are consistent with the Standard Model expectations, and 95% confidence-level limits of up to 680 GeV on the chargino/next-to-lightest neutralino masses are set (Tchi1n2E model). See their Figure 14 for an overlay of exclusion contours from all searches.
- <sup>26</sup> SIRUNYAN 19BU searched for pair production of gauginos via vector boson fusion assuming the gaugino spectrum is compressed, in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV. The final states explored included zero leptons plus two jets, one lepton plus two jets, and one hadronic tau plus two jets. A similar bound is obtained in the light slepton limit.
- <sup>27</sup> AABOUD 18AY searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos as in Tchi1n2D models, in events characterised by the presence of at least two hadronically decaying tau leptons and large missing transverse energy. No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Assuming decays via intermediate  $\tilde{\tau}_L$  and  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0}$ , the observed

limits rule out  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  masses up to 760 GeV for a massless  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ . See their Fig.7 (right). Interpretations are also provided in Fig 8 (bottom) for different assumptions on the ratio between  $m_{\tilde{\tau}}$  and  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ .

- <sup>28</sup> AABOUD 18BT searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos, chargino and next-to-lightest neutralinos and sleptons in events with two or three leptons (electrons or muons), with or without jets, and large missing transverse energy. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the next-to-lightest neutralino mass up to 1100 GeV for massless  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  in the Tchi1n2C simplified model exploiting the 3 $\ell$  signature, see their Figure 8(c).
- <sup>29</sup> AABOUD 18BT searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos, chargino and next-to-lightest neutralinos and sleptons in events with two or three leptons (electrons or muons), with or without jets, and large missing transverse energy. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the next-to-lightest neutralino mass up to 580 GeV for massless  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  in the Tchi1n2F simplified model exploiting the  $2\ell$ +2 jets and  $3\ell$  signatures, see their Figure 8(d).

 $^{30}$ AABOUD 18CK searched for events with at least 3 *b*-jets and large missing transverse NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=KA energy in two datasets of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV of 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  and 24.3 fb $^{-1}$ depending on the trigger requirements. The analyses aimed to reconstruct two Higgs bosons decaying to pairs of b-quarks. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the Higgsino mass in the T1n1n1A simplified model, see their Figure 15(a). Constraints are also presented as a function of the BR of Higgsino decaying into an higgs boson and a gravitino, see their Figure 15(b). <sup>31</sup>AABOUD 1800 searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for direct NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=IA electroweak production of mass-degenerate charginos and next-to-lightest neutralinos in events with two or three leptons (electrons or muons), with or without jets, and large missing transverse energy. The search channels are based on recursive jigsaw reconstruction. Limits are set on the next-to-lightest neutralinos mass up to 600 GeV for massless neutralinos in the Tchi1n2F simplified model exploiting the statistical combination of  $2\ell$ +2 jets and  $3\ell$  channels. Next-to-lightest neutralinos masses below 220 GeV are not excluded due to an excess of events above the SM prediction in the dedicated regions. See their Figure 13(d).  $^{32}$  AABOUD 18R searched in 36.1 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for electroweak pro-NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=AA duction in scenarios with compressed mass spectra in final states with two low-momentum leptons and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with the SM prediction. Results are interpreted in Tchi1n2G higgsino models, and  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_2$  masses are excluded up to 145 GeV for  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 5$  GeV. The exclusion limits extend down to mass splittings of 2.5 GeV, see their Fig. 10 (top). Results are also interpreted in terms of exclusion bounds on the production cross-sections for the NUHM2 scenario as a function of the universal gaugino mass  $m_{1/2}$  and  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see their Fig. 12. <sup>33</sup>AABOUD 18R searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for electroweak pro-duction in scenarios with compressed mass spectra in final states with two low-momentum leptons and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with NODE=S046ZNO:LINKAGE=DA the SM prediction. Results are interpreted in Tchi1n2F wino models, and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  masses are excluded up to 175 GeV for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 10$  GeV. The exclusion limits extend down to mass splittings of 2 GeV, see their Fig. 10 (bottom). Results are also interpreted in terms of exclusion bounds on the production error sections for the NULLW2 terms of exclusion bounds on the production cross-sections for the NUHM2 scenario as a function of the universal gaugino mass  $m_{1/2}$  and  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$ , see their Fig. 12.  $^{34}$  AABOUD 18U searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of  $\it p\, p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV in events with at NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=EA least one isolated photon, possibly jets and significant transverse momentum targeting generalised models of gauge-mediated SUSY breaking. No significant excess of events is observed above the SM prediction. Results of the diphoton channel are interpreted in terms of lower limits on the masses of gauginos Tchi1chi1A models, which reach as high as 1.3 TeV. Gaugino masses below 1060 GeV are excluded for any NLSP mass, see their Fig. 10.  $^{35}$  SIRUNYAN 18AJ searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046ZNO:LINKAGE=Y containing two low-momentum, oppositely charged leptons (electrons or muons) and wino mass in the Tchi1n2F simplified model, see their Figure 5. Limits are also set on the stop mass in the Tstop10 simplified model, see their Figure 6. Finally, limits are set on the Higgsino mass in the Tchi1n2G simplified model, see Figure 8 and in the pMSSM, see Figure 7.  $^{36}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18DP searched in 35.9  ${\rm fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for direct NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=LA electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos or of chargino pairs in events with a tau lepton pair and significant missing transverse momentum. Both hadronic and leptonic decay modes are considered for the tau lepton. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the chargino mass in the Tchi1chi1D and Tchi1n2 simplified models, see their Figures 14 and 15. Also, excluded stau pair production cross sections are shown in Figures 11, 12, and 13.  $^{37}$  SIRUNYAN 17AW searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $\it p\, p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=W a charged lepton (electron or muon), two jets identified as originating from a b-quark, and large  $\mathbb{Z}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of the chargino and the next-to-lightest neutralino in the Tchi1n2E simplified model, see their Figure 6.  $^{38}$  AAD 16AA summarized and extended ATLAS searches for electroweak supersymmetry in NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=V fb<sup>-1</sup> of p p collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV. The paper reports the results of new interpretations and statistical combinations of previously published analyses, as well as new analyses. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on mass-degenerate  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_3^0$  masses in the Tn2n3A and Tn2n3B simplified models. See their Fig. 15. <sup>39</sup> AAD 15BA searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for electroweak pro-NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=Q duction of charginos and neutralinos decaying to a final state containing a W boson and a 125 GeV Higgs boson, plus missing transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models of direct chargino and next-to-lightest neutralino production, with the decays  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm o$  $W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow H \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  having 100% branching fraction, see Fig. 8. A combination of the multiple final states for the Higgs decay yields the best limits (Fig. 8d). <sup>40</sup> AAD 14H searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for electroweak produc-NODE=S046ZNO;LINKAGE=O tion of charginos and neutralinos decaying to a final sate with three leptons and missing

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transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models of direct chargino and next-to-lightest neutralino production, with decays to the lightest neutralino via either all three generations of leptons, staus only, gauge bosons, or Higgs bosons, see Fig. 7. An interpretation in the pMSSM is also given, see Fig. 8.

<sup>41</sup> AAD 14x searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with at least four leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the neutralino mass in an R-parity conserving simplified model where the decay  $\tilde{\chi}_{2,3}^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a breaching ratio of 100% case Fig. 10

a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 10. <sup>42</sup> AAD 13 searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for charginos and neutralinos decaying to a final state with three leptons (*e* and  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse energy. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in the phenomenological MSSM, see Fig. 2 and 3, and in simplified models, see Fig. 4. For the simplified models with intermediate slepton decays, degenerate  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ masses up to 500 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. for very large mass differences with the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ . Supersedes AAD 12AS.

<sup>43</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12BJ searched in 4.98 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos in events with at least two leptons, jets and missing transverse momentum. No significant excesses over the expected SM backgrounds are observed and 95% C.L. limits on the production cross section of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  pair production were set in a number of simplified models, see Figs. 7 to 12. Most limits are for exactly 3 jets.

- <sup>44</sup> ABREU 00W combines data collected at  $\sqrt{s}$ =189 GeV with results from lower energies. The mass limit is obtained by constraining the MSSM parameter space with gaugino and sfermion mass universality at the GUT scale, using the results of negative direct searches for neutralinos (including cascade decays and  $\tilde{\tau}\tau$  final states) from ABREU 01, for charginos from ABREU 00J and ABREU 00T (for all  $\Delta m_+$ ), and for charged sleptons from ABREU 01B. The results hold for the full parameter space defined by all values of  $M_2$  and  $|\mu| \leq 2$  TeV with the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  as LSP.
- <sup>45</sup> AAD 20AN searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two photons and missing transverse momentum. Events are further categorised in terms of lepton or jet multiplicity. No significant excess over the expected background is observed. Limits at 95% C.L. are derived in Tchi1n2E simplified models. Next-to-lightest neutralinos and charginos with masses up to 310 GeV for a massless lightest neutralino are excluded. See their Fig. 10.
- <sup>46</sup> AAD 14G searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for electroweak production of chargino-neutralino pairs, decaying to a final sate with two leptons (*e* and  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models of chargino and next-tolightest neutralino production, with decays to the lightest neutralino via gauge bosons, see Fig. 7. An interpretation in the pMSSM is also given, see Fig. 10.
- see Fig. 7. An interpretation in the pMSSM is also given, see Fig. 10. <sup>47</sup> KHACHATRYAN 14I searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos decaying to a final state with three leptons (*e* or  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse momentum, or with a Z-boson, dijets and missing transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models, see Figs. 12–16.
- <sup>48</sup> AAD 12AS searched in 2.06 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for charginos and neutralinos decaying to a final state with three leptons (*e* and  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse energy. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in the phenomenological MSSM, see Fig. 2 (top), and in simplified models, see Fig. 2 (bottom).

## $\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , $\widetilde{\chi}_2^{\pm}$ (Charginos) mass limits

Charginos are unknown mixtures of w-inos and charged higgsinos (the supersymmetric partners of W and Higgs bosons). A lower mass limit for the lightest chargino ( $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ) of approximately 45 GeV, independent of the field composition and of the decay mode, has been obtained by the LEP experiments from the analysis of the Z width and decays. These results, as well as other now superseded limits from  $e^+e^-$  collisions at energies below 136 GeV, and from hadronic collisions, can be found in the 1998 Edition (The European Physical Journal **C3** 1 (1998)) of this Review.

Unless otherwise stated, results in this section assume spectra, production rates, decay modes and branching ratios as evaluated in the MSSM, with gaugino and sfermion

NODE=S046WNO NODE=S046WNO mass unification at the GUT scale. These papers generally study production of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-$  and (in the case of hadronic collisions)  $\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  pairs, including the effects of cascade decays. The mass limits on  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$  are either direct, or follow indirectly from the constraints set by the non-observation of  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  states on the gaugino and higgsino MSSM parameters  $M_2$  and  $\mu$ . For generic values of the MSSM parameters, limits from high-energy  $e^+ e^-$  collisions coincide with the highest value of the mass allowed by phase-space, namely  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} \lesssim \sqrt{s}/2$ . The still unpublished combination of the results of the four LEP collaborations from the 2000 run of LEP2 at  $\sqrt{s}$  up to  $\simeq 209$  GeV yields a lower mass limit of 103.5 GeV valid for general MSSM models. The limits become however weaker in certain regions of the MSSM parameter space where the detection efficiencies or production cross sections are suppressed. For example, this may happen when: (i) the mass differences  $\Delta m_+ = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}^0$  or  $\Delta m_\nu = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\tilde{\chi}}$  are very small, and the detection efficiency is reduced; (ii) the electron sneutrino mass is small, and the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$  production rate is suppressed due to a destructive interference between s and t channel exchange diagrams. The regions of MSSM parameter space where the following limits are valid are indicated in the comment lines or in the footnotes.

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, *et al.* (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics **C38** 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046WNO;CHECK LIMITS
none 150–970	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24aj	ATLS	2 hadronic $ au + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1170	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24AJ	ATLS	2 hadronic $ au + E_T$ , Tchi1n2D, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 1 \; { m GeV}$	OCCUR=2
none 130–330	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24AJ	ATLS	2 hadronic $\tau + E_T$ , Tchi1n2E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=3
> 117	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	24ce	ATLS	0-lepton, 2 jets, large rapidity gap, Tchi1n2F, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + 1 \text{ GeV}$	
> 170	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	24G	ATLS	1-4 jets $+ E_T$ + displaced low- $p_t$ track, Tn1n1D, $\Delta m$ ( $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ) = 0.6 GeV	
> 780	95	<sup>4</sup> AAD	241	ATLS	combination, wino-like $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow W \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$	
>1000	95	<sup>4</sup> AAD	241	ATLS	$ \begin{array}{c} = 0 \\ \text{combination, wino-like } p p \rightarrow \\ \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}, \ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow W \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \text{ and} \\ \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{\pm} \rightarrow Z \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} < 170 \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
>1000	95	<sup>4</sup> AAD	241	ATLS	GeV combination, wino-like Tchi1n2E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 200 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=3
> 850	95	<sup>4</sup> AAD	241	ATLS	combination, Tn1n1D, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{G}$ or $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h \tilde{G}$ , independent of B( $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow h \tilde{G}$ )	OCCUR=4
> 650	95	<sup>5</sup> HAYRAPETY.	24M	CMS	$\geq 1 \text{ disappearing track} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 190	95	<sup>5</sup> HAYRAPETY.	24M	CMS	$\geq 1 \text{ disappearing track} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 875	95	<sup>6</sup> HAYRAPETY	24N	CMS	Combination, Tchi1n2E1, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} <$	
> 990	95	<sup>6</sup> HAYRAPETY	24N	CMS	50 GeV Combination, Tchi1n2E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$ <	OCCUR=2
> 875	95	<sup>6</sup> HAYRAPETY.	24N	CMS	50 GeV Combination, Tchi1n2l, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} < 50$ GeV	OCCUR=3

none 225–800	95	<sup>6</sup> HAYRAPETY.	24N	CMS	Combination, THinoBinoA,	I	OCCUR=4
> 820	95	7 <sub>AAD</sub>	23AE	ATLS	$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} < 50 \text{ GeV}$ 2 SFOS $\ell$ , jets, $E_T$ , Tchi1n2Fa,		
none 260–420	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	230	ATLS	$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 1 \text{ GeV}^T$ $1\ell + \text{jets} + E_T$ , Tchiln2J, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$		
none 260–520		<sup>8</sup> AAD		ATLS	$= 0 \text{ GeV}$ $= 0 \text{ GeV}$ $1\ell + \text{ jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		OCCUR=2
> 230	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD		ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} 10^{\circ} + j \epsilon ts + \not \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		OCCUR=3
> 450	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	<b>0</b> 2ci		$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2}^{}-m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}^{}=133~ ext{GeV}$		
> 450	95		230	ATLS	$1\ell$ + jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		OCCUR=4
none 200–250	95	<sup>10</sup> AAD	23CP	ATLS	2 same-sign $\ell$ , Tchi1n2F, wino- bino, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 1~{\rm GeV}$		
> 525	95	10 AAD	2 <b>3</b> CP	ATLS	2 same-sign $\ell$ , Tchi1n2E, wino- bino, $m_{\chi_1^0} = 1$ GeV		OCCUR=2
none 200–585	95	<sup>11</sup> AAD	23CR	ATLS	RPV, 2 same-sign, 3, 4 $\ell$ , 1, 2 <i>b</i> - jets, higgsino production with $\tilde{\chi} \rightarrow b + \ell/\nu + t/b$ via		
none 200–670	95	<sup>11</sup> AAD	23CR	ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} \lambda'_{i33} \text{ coupling} \\ \text{RPV, 2 same-sign, 3, 4 } \ell, 1, 2 \\ b\text{-jets, wino production with} \\ \widetilde{\chi} \rightarrow b + \ell/\nu + t/b \text{ via} \\ \lambda'_{i33} \text{ coupling} \end{array}$		OCCUR=2
> 150	95	<sup>12</sup> AAD	23M	ATLS	2 $\ell$ , Tchi1chi1H, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} >$		
> 104	95	<sup>12</sup> AAD	23м	ATLS	110 GeV 2 $\ell$ , Tchi1chi1H, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} >$		OCCUR=2
>1230	95	<sup>13</sup> HAYRAPETY.	23E	CMS	90 GeV $\gamma$ + jets + $E_T$ , Tchi1n1A		
>1050 none 290–670	95 95	<sup>13</sup> HAYRAPETY <sup>14</sup> TUMASYAN		CMS	$\gamma + \text{jets} + \not\!\!\!E_T$ , Tchi1chi1A 2 AK8 jets + 2–6 AK4 jets + $\not\!\!\!E_T$ , Tchi1chi1I, $m_{\simeq 0} = 1$ GeV		OCCUR=2
none 230-760	95	<sup>14</sup> TUMASYAN	23в	CMS	2 AK8 jets + 2–6 AK4 jets + $\mathcal{P}_T$ , Tchiln2Fb, $m_{\sim 0} = 1$ GeV		OCCUR=2
none 240–970	95	<sup>14</sup> TUMASYAN	<b>23</b> B	CMS	2 AK8 jets + 2–6 AK4 jets + $\mathcal{P}_T$ , Tchiln2Fc, $m_{\sim 0} = 1$ GeV		OCCUR=3
none 300–650	95	<sup>14</sup> TUMASYAN	<b>23</b> B	CMS	2 AK8 jets + 2–6 AK4 jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		OCCUR=4
> 275	95	<sup>15</sup> TUMASYAN	22Q	CMS	2 or 3 $\ell$ (soft), $\mathcal{P}_T$ ; Tchi1n2F, wino-bino, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0}^0 - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^{0} = 10$		
> 205	95	<sup>15</sup> TUMASYAN	22Q	CMS	GeV 2 or 3 $\ell$ (soft), $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		OCCUR=2
> 150	95	<sup>15</sup> TUMASYAN	22Q	CMS	2 or 3 $\ell$ (soft), $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		OCCUR=3
>1450	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	22S	CMS	2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 leptons, Tchi1n2B (flavor-democratic), $m_{\widetilde{\ell}} = 1/2(m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}), m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$		
>1360	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	22S	CMS	= 850 GeV 2 same-sign $\epsilon$ or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 leptons, Tchi1n2B (flavor-democratic), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} = 1/2(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}), m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$		OCCUR=2
>1290	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	225	CMS	= 0 GeV 2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 leptons, Tchi1n2B (flavor-democratic), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} = 0.05 m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + 0.95 m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{0}},$ $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{0}} = 0 \text{ GeV}$		OCCUR=3
>1440	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	225	CMS	$\begin{split} \chi_1 & \chi_1 \\ \text{2 same-sign $e$ or $\mu$, 3 or 4 leptons,} \\ \text{Tchiln2B (flavor-democratic),} & m_{\widetilde{\ell}} = 0.95 m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} + 0.05 m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV} \end{split}$		OCCUR=4

>1140	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	225 CMS	2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 leptons, Tchi1n2B (lepton in $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}$ decay is $\tau$ ), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} = 1/2(m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}})$ , $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=5
>1110	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	<sup><math>\chi_1</math></sup> 2 same-sign <i>e</i> or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 lep- tons, Tchi1n2B (lepton in $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ decay is $\tau$ ), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} =$ $0.05m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + 0.95m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} =$	OCCUR=6
>1140	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	225 CMS	0 GeV 2 same-sign <i>e</i> or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 lep- tons, Tchi1n2B (lepton in $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}$ decay is $\tau$ ), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} =$ 0.95 $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}}$ +0.05 $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$ , $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$ =	OCCUR=7
> 980	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	225 CMS	0 GeV 2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 lep- tons, Tchi1n2B (leptons in $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ and $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ decays are $\tau$ ), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} =$	OCCUR=8
> 905	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	$\begin{array}{l} 1/2(m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}}+m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}), \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}=0\\ \text{GeV}\\ 2 \text{ same-sign } e \text{ or } \mu, \text{ 3 or 4 lep-}\\ \text{tons, Tchi1n2B (leptons in } \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}\\ \text{and } \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \text{ decays are } \tau), \ m_{\widetilde{\ell}}=\end{array}$	OCCUR=9
> 875	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	and $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ decays are $\tau$ ), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} = 1$ $0.05m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + 0.95m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV 2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 lep- tons, Tchiln2B (leptons in $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ and $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ decays are $\tau$ ), $m_{\tilde{\ell}} = 1$	OCCUR=10
> 650	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	$\begin{array}{c} 0.95 m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}}^{\pm} + 0.05 m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}^{\epsilon} = 0 \\ \text{GeV} \\ \text{2 same-sign $e$ or $\mu$, 3 or 4 leptons,} \\ \text{Tchiln2F, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0$ GeV} \end{array}$	OCCUR=11
> 260	95	<sup>16</sup> TUMASYAN	22s CMS	2 same-sign e or $\mu$ , 3 or 4 leptons,	OCCUR=12
>1080	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	21AX ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} {\rm Tchiln2E}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \ {\rm GeV} \\ \\ {\rm jets + large-R \ jets + } {\it {\cal E}}_{T}, \\ {\rm TWinoBinoA}, \ {\rm nearly \ indepen-} \\ {\rm dent \ of \ B}(\widetilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \ Z  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0), \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \end{array} $	
>1060	95	17 <sub>AAD</sub>	21AX ATLS	= 0  GeV jets + large-R jets + $\not\!\!\!E_T$ , TWino- HinoA, tan $\beta = 10, \mu > 0,$ $m_{\sim 0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
> 900	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	21AX ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} \chi_1^{\tau} \\ \text{jets} + \text{large-R jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
> 900	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	21AX ATLS	GeV jets + large-R jets + $\not\!\!\!E_T$ , THi- noWinoA, tan $\beta = 10$ , $\mu > 0$ , $m_{\sim 0} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=4
>1060	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	21AX ATLS	$\chi_1^{\circ}$ jets + large-R jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=5
> 960	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	21AX ATLS	jets + large-R jets + $E_T$ , Tchiln2Fb, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=6
none 620–740	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	21AX ATLS	$\chi_1^{\circ}$ jets + large-R jets + $E_T$ , Tchi1chi1l, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=7
> 640	95	<sup>18</sup> AAD	21BG ATLS	$3\ell + E_T$ , Tchin2F, wino cross section, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^{-1} = 0$ GeV	
> 300	95	<sup>18</sup> AAD	21BG ATLS	$\chi_1^{\circ}$ $3\ell + E_T$ , Tchi1n2F, wino cross section, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = m_Z$	OCCUR=2
> 240	95	<sup>18</sup> AAD	21BG ATLS	$3\ell + E_T$ , Tchi1n2F, wino cross section, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 10$ GeV	OCCUR=3

> 190	95	<sup>18</sup> AAD	21BG ATLS	$3\ell \!+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
>1100	95	<sup>19</sup> AAD	21e ATLS	section, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0~{ m GeV}$ 3 $\ell,~Z\ell$ resonances, TwinoL-	
			-	SPBL, RPV, B $(\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm  o Ze)$	
>1050	95	19 <sub>AAD</sub>	21E ATLS	$= B(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow Z\nu) = 1$ 3 $\ell$ , $Z\ell$ resonances, TwinoL- SPBL, RPV, $B(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow Z\mu)$	OCCUR=2
> 625	95	<sup>19</sup> AAD	21E ATLS	$= B(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow Z\nu) = 1$ 3 $\ell$ , $Z\ell$ resonances, TwinoL- SPBL, RPV, $B(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow Z\tau)$	OCCUR=3
> 975	95	<sup>19</sup> AAD	21e ATLS	$= B(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow Z\nu) = 1$ 3 $\ell$ , $Z\ell$ resonances, TwinoL- SPBL, RPV, $B(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow Z\ell)$ $D(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow Z\nu) = 1 - \ell\ell$	OCCUR=4
>1600	95	<sup>20</sup> AAD	21Y ATLS	$= \begin{array}{l} B(\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}\nu) = 1 \text{ and } \ell = \\ e, \mu, \tau \\ \geq 4\ell, \text{ RPV Tchiln2l with } \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \\ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu, \lambda_{12k} \neq 0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = \end{array}$	
>1100	95	20 <sub>AAD</sub>	21Y ATLS	1200 GeV	OCCUR=2
> 750	95	<sup>21</sup> SIRUNYAN	21M CMS	$\chi_1^{1000}~{ m GeV}\ \ell^\pm\ell^\mp+E_T^{}$ , Tchi1n2Fa, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}<$	
none 400–820	95	<sup>22</sup> TUMASYAN	21C CMS	100 GeV 1 $\ell^{\pm}$ + 2 <i>b</i> -jets + $\not\!\!\!E_T$ , Tchi1n2E, $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 = 200 \text{ GeV}$	
none 160-820	95	<sup>22</sup> TUMASYAN	21C CMS	$1 \ \ell^{\pm} + 2b$ -jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 380	95	<sup>23</sup> AAD	20AN ATLS	$2\gamma + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 240	95	<sup>24</sup> AAD	201 ATLS	2 $\ell$ (soft), jets, $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 345	95	<sup>25</sup> AAD	20K ATLS	$3\ell +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 420	95	26 <sub>AAD</sub>	200 ATLS		
>1000	95	<sup>27</sup> AAD	200 ATLS	$2\ell + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 740	95	<sup>28</sup> AAD	20R ATLS	$1\ell + 2b$ -jets + $E_T$ , Tchiln2E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
> 290	95	<sup>29</sup> SIRUNYAN	20AU CMS	soft $\tau$ + jet + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1050	95	<sup>30</sup> SIRUNYAN	20B CMS	$\geq 1\gamma + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 825	95	<sup>30</sup> SIRUNYAN	20B CMS	$\geq 1\gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 840	95	<sup>30</sup> SIRUNYAN	20B CMS		OCCUR=3
> 680	95	<sup>31</sup> AABOUD	19au ATL	0, 1, 2 or more $\ell$ , $H (\rightarrow \gamma \gamma, bb, WW^*, ZZ^*, \tau \tau)$ (various searches), Tchi1n2E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	
> 112	95	<sup>32</sup> SIRUNYAN	19ви CMS	$ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{GeV} & & \\ pp \rightarrow ~~ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+} ~\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} + 2 ~ \mathrm{jets}, ~~ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+} \rightarrow \\ \ell^{+} ~~ \nu ~~ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, ~ \mathrm{heavy~sleptons}, \\ & m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 1 ~ \mathrm{GeV}, ~ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+}} \\ = ~~ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} \\ pp \rightarrow ~~ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+} ~\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} + 2 ~ \mathrm{jets}, ~\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+} \rightarrow \end{array} $	
> 215	95	<sup>32</sup> SIRUNYAN	19ви CMS	$pp \rightarrow \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{2} \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} + 2 \text{ jets, } \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+} \rightarrow \ell^{+} \nu \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \text{ heavy sleptons,} \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 30 \text{ GeV, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{+}} \\ = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}}^{0}$	OCCUR=2
> 235	95	<sup>33</sup> SIRUNYAN	19CI CMS	$\lambda_2^{\chi_2^{\sim}} \geq 1 \; H \; ( ightarrow \; \gamma \gamma) + jets +  onumber T_T,$ Tchi1n2E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1 \; GeV$	
> 930	95	<sup>34</sup> SIRUNYAN	19к CMS	$\gamma + \text{lepton} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	

> 630	95	<sup>35</sup> AABOUD	18AY ATLS	$2 au+E_T$ , Tchi1chi1D and $\widetilde{ au}_L$ -only, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0~{ m GeV}$	
> 760	95	<sup>36</sup> AABOUD	18AY ATLS	$2 au + E_T$ , Tchi1n2D and $ ilde{ au}_L$ -only, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^0 = 0 \;  ext{GeV}$	OCCUR=2
> 740	95	<sup>37</sup> AABOUD	18BT ATLS	$2\ell + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1125	95	<sup>38</sup> AABOUD	18bt ATLS	2,3 $\ell$ + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 580	95	<sup>39</sup> AABOUD	18bt ATLS	GeV 2,3 $\ell+ ot\!\!\!/ E_T$ , Tchi1n2F, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0$ GeV	OCCUR=3
none 130–230,	95	<sup>40</sup> AABOUD	18CK ATLS	2H ( $\rightarrow bb$ )+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
290–880 none 220–600	95	<sup>41</sup> AABOUD	18co ATLS	2,3 $\ell$ + $E_T$ , recursive jigsaw, Tchi1n2F, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
> 175	95	<sup>42</sup> AABOUD	18r ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} 2\ell \; (soft) + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 145	95	<sup>43</sup> AABOUD	18r ATLS	$ \begin{array}{c} \chi_1 & \chi_1 \\ 2\ell \; (\text{soft}) \; + \; \not \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1060	95	<sup>44</sup> AABOUD	180 ATLS	$2\gamma + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1400	95	<sup>45</sup> AABOUD	18z ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} 2\gamma + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1320	95	<sup>45</sup> AABOUD	18z ATLS	$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 500 \text{ GeV} \\ \geq 4\ell, \text{ RPV}, \lambda_{12k} \neq 0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \end{array} > \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
				50 GeV	
> 980	95	<sup>45</sup> AABOUD	18z ATLS	$\geq 4\ell$ , RPV, $\lambda_{i33}  eq 0$ , 400 GeV $< m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} <$ 700 GeV	OCCUR=3
> 980	95	<sup>46</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AA CMS	$\geq 1\gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
				${\widetilde \chi}^0_2 {\widetilde \chi}^\pm_1$ pair production, nearly degenerate wino and bino	
> 780	95	<sup>46</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AA CMS	masses $\geq 1\gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 950	95	<sup>46</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AA CMS	$\geq 1\gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
> 230	95	<sup>47</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AJ CMS	$2\ell$ (soft) + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1150	95	<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN	18A0 CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ or $> 3\ell$ Tchi1n2A $m_{\sim}$	
				$= m_{\widetilde{\nu}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} + 0.5 (m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}), m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}),\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0{ m GeV}$	
>1120	95	<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN	18A0 CMS	$\ell^{\perp}\ell^{\perp}$ or $\geq 3\ell$ . [chi]n2A. $m_{\gamma}$	OCCUR=2
				$=m_{\widetilde{ u}}=m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}+$ 0.05 $(m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm}-m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm})$	
				$= m_{\widetilde{\nu}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} + 0.05 \ (m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}), \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \ \text{GeV}$	
>1050	95	<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN	18A0 CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell$ , Tchi1n2A, $m_{\widetilde{\ell}}$	OCCUR=3
				$= m_{\widetilde{\nu}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} + 0.95 (m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm})$	
		10		$= m_{\widetilde{\nu}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} + 0.95 (m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}}^{\ell} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}), m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0 \text{ GeV}$ $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} \text{ or } \geq 3\ell \text{ , Tchi1n2H, } m_{\widetilde{\ell}}$	
>1080	95	<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN	18A0 CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell$ , Tchi1n2H, $m_{\tilde{\ell}}$	OCCUR=4
				$= m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} + 0.5 (m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}),$	
		19		$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0~{ m GeV}$ $\ell^\pm\ell^\pm~{ m or}~\geq 3\ell$ , Tchi1n2H, $m_{\widetilde{\ell}}$	
>1030	95	<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AO CMS	$\ell^{\perp}\ell^{\perp}$ or $\geq 3\ell$ , Ichiln2H, $m_{\tilde{\ell}}$	OCCUR=5
				$= m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} + 0.05 (m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}),$ $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
> 1050	05	<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN	18A0 CMS	$\ell^\pm\ell^\pm$ or $\geq 3\ell$ , Tchi1n2H, $m_{\widetilde{\ell}}$	OCCUR=6
>1050	95	SIRUNTAN	10AU CIVIS	$u = u^{-1}$ or $\geq 5u^{-1}$ , remind $m_{\tilde{\ell}}$ = $m_{\sim 0} + 0.95 (m_{1+} - m_{\sim 0})$ .	OCCON=0
				$= m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} + 0.95 (m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}),$ $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
> 625	95	<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN	18A0 CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ or $\ \ge \ 3\ell$ , Tchi1n2D, $m_{\widetilde{ au}}$	OCCUR=7
~ 020	55		20/10 01010	$= m_{\approx 0} + 0.5 \ (m_{\approx \pm} - m_{\approx 0}),$	
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
> 180	95	<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN	18A0 CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ or $\ \geq 3\ell$ , Tchi1n2E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$	OCCUR=8
				= 0  GeV	

> 450	95	<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN	18A0 CMS	$\ell^\pm\ell^\pm$ or $\ \ge 3\ell$ , Tchi1n2F, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$	OCCUR=9
> 480	95	<sup>49</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AP CMS	= 0 GeV Combination of searches, Tchi1n2E, $m_{\tilde{\chi}0} = 0$ GeV	
> 650	95	<sup>49</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AP CMS	Combination of searches, Tchi1n2F, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{0}^{0}} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=2
> 535	95	<sup>49</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AP CMS	Combination of searches, Tchi1n2l, $m_{\chi_1^0}^{\sim 1} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=3
none 160–610	95	<sup>50</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AR CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ + jets + $E_T$ , Tchi1n2F, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
none 170-200	95	<sup>51</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DN CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ , Tchi1chi1E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1$ GeV	
> 810	95	<sup>51</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DN CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ , Tchi1chi1C, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}^{\chi_1}=0$	OCCUR=2
> 630	95	<sup>52</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DP CMS	${f GeV}^{\chi_1}_{2 au+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 710	95	<sup>52</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DP CMS	$2 au +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 170	95	<sup>53</sup> SIRUNYAN	18X CMS	GeV $> 1 H (\rightarrow \gamma \gamma) + \text{jets} + E_T$ ,	
> 420	95	<sup>54</sup> KHACHATRY.	17L CMS	Tchiln2E, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 25 \text{ GeV}$ $2\tau + E_T$ , TchilchilC and $\tilde{\tau}$ -only, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
none 220–490	95	<sup>55</sup> SIRUNYAN	17AW CMS	$\chi_1$ $1\ell + 2b$ -jets $+ \not\!\!\!E_T$ , Tchi1n2E, $m_{\chi_1^0} = 0 \; { m GeV}$	
> 500	95	56 <sub>AAD</sub>	16AA ATLS	$2\ell^{\pm} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 220	95	<sup>56</sup> AAD	16AA ATLS	GeV $2\ell^{\pm}+\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 700	95	<sup>57</sup> AAD	16AA ATLS	$3,4\ell+\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
> 700	95	57 AAD	16AA ATLS	3,4 $\ell$ + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=5
				$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}^{\chi_1}$ $\chi_1^{\chi_1}$	
> 400	95	<sup>57</sup> AAD	16AA ATLS	2 hadronic $\tau + \not\!\!\! E_T \& 3\ell + \not\!\!\! E_T combination, Tchi1n2D, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	OCCUR=6
> 540	95	<sup>58</sup> KHACHATRY.	16P CMS	$egin{array}{c} \kappa_1\ \geq & 1\gamma+1 \; e \; { m or} \; \mu+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 250	95 95	<sup>59</sup> AAD	15BA ATLS	Tchi1n1A	
> 590	95	60 <sub>AAD</sub>	15CA ATLS	$egin{array}{ll} m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} &= m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0},  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0  {\sf GeV} \ \geq 2  \gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
		<sup>60</sup> AAD		NLSP, any NLSP mass	
none 124–361			15ca ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \geq 1 \; \gamma + e, \mu + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 700	95	<sup>61</sup> AAD	14H ATLS	plified model, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0}$ ,	
	05	61		$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
> 345	95	<sup>61</sup> AAD	14H ATLS	model $m \perp = m \circ m \circ =$	OCCUR=2
> 148	95	<sup>61</sup> AAD	14H ATLS	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 \text{ GeV} \\ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \rightarrow W \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} H \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} ,  \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} = \\ \text{model}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = \\ 0 \text{ GeV} \end{array} $	OCCUR=3
> 380	95	<sup>61</sup> AAD	14H ATLS	$ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \to \tau^{\pm} \nu \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \tau^{\pm} \tau^{\mp} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, $ simplified model, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{\pm}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}}, $	OCCUR=4
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
> 750	95	<sup>62</sup> AAD	14x ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} RPV, \ \geq 4\ell^{\pm}, \ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow \ W^{(*)\pm} \ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \\ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \ \ell^{\pm} \ \ell^{\mp} \nu \end{array} $	
> 210	95	<sup>63</sup> KHACHATRY.	14L CMS	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \rightarrow & H \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \text{ and } \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow & W^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \\ \text{simplified models, } & m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} = \end{array} $	
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}=0$ GeV $\chi_2^{\chi_2}$	
		<sup>64</sup> AAD	13 ATLS	$3\ell^{\pm} + E_T$ , pMSSM, SMS	

		<sup>65</sup> AAD	13B	ATLS	$2\ell^{\pm}+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 540	95	66 <sub>AAD</sub>	12CT	ATLS	$2\ell^{\pm}+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
		<sup>67</sup> CHATRCHYAN	<b>1</b> 2BJ	CMS	$\geq$ 2 $\ell$ , jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 94	95	<sup>68</sup> ABDALLAH	<b>0</b> 3M	DLPH	$\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}$ , tan $\beta \leq$ 40, $\Delta m_{+} >$ 3 GeV,all	OCCUR=4
•••We do r	not use t	he following data fo			m <sub>0</sub> ts, limits, etc. ● ●	
		<sup>69</sup> AAD				
> 310	95	S AAD	20AN	ATLS	$2\gamma + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 570	95	<sup>70</sup> KHACHATRY.	<b>16</b> AA	CMS	$\geq 1\gamma + jets +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 680	95	<sup>70</sup> KHACHATRY. <sup>70</sup> KHACHATRY.	<b>16</b> AA	CMS	$\geq 1\gamma + jets + E_T$ , Tchi1n1A	OCCUR=2
> 710	95	<sup>70</sup> KHACHATRY.	<b>16</b> AA	CMS	$\geq 1\gamma + jets + \not\!\!\!E_T$ , GGM,	OCCUR=3
					$\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ pair production, wino-	
					like NLSP	
>1000	95	<sup>71</sup> KHACHATRY.	<b>16</b> R	CMS	$\geq 1\gamma + 1$ e or $\mu +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
					$\geq 1\gamma+1$ e or $\mu+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 307	95	<sup>72</sup> KHACHATRY.	167	CMS	1 . 2	OCCUR=2
> 501	55			CIVID	1,2 soft $\ell^{\pm}$ +jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
		72			$\chi_1^+$ $\chi_1^\circ$ + 0	
> 410	95	<sup>73</sup> AAD	14AV	ATLS	$\geq 2 \  au +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
					$\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_1^{\mp}$ production, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} =$	
					$m_{\perp} m_{\perp 0} = 0 \text{ GeV}^{\chi_2}$	
					$\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 = 0.001$	
> 345	95	<sup>74</sup> AAD	14AV	ATLS	$\geq$ 2 $ au+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
					duction, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}0}=0$ GeV <sup>+</sup>	
none 100–105,	05	75 <sub>AAD</sub>	140	ATLS	$\geq 2 \tau + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
120–135,	95	AAD	146	AILS	$\chi_1 \chi_1 \rightarrow W + \chi_1 W - \chi_1, \text{ sim-}$	
145–160					prined model, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
none 140–465	95	75 <sub>AAD</sub>	14G	ATLS	$\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\mp} \rightarrow \ell^{+}\nu\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}\ell^{-}\overline{\nu}\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , sim-	OCCUR=2
					plified model, $\dot{m}_{\approx 0} = 0$ GeV	
100 055	05	<sup>75</sup> AAD	140		$\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\mp} \rightarrow \ell^{+} \nu \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \ell^{-} \overline{\nu} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \text{ sim-plified model, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0 \text{ GeV}$ $\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \rightarrow W \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} Z \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \text{ simplified model, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=3
none 180–355	95	1º AAD	14G	ATLS	$\chi_1^- \chi_2^\circ \rightarrow W \chi_1^\circ Z \chi_1^\circ$ , simplified	0000K=3
					model, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0}$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} =$	
		70			0 GeV	
> 168	95	<sup>76</sup> AALTONEN	14	CDF	$\begin{array}{l} 0 \; \mathrm{GeV} \\ 3\ell^{\pm} + \not \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
					mSUGRA with $m_0 = 60$ GeV	
		<sup>77</sup> KHACHATRY.	141	CMS	$\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W \widetilde{\chi}_1^0,  \ell \widetilde{\nu},  \widetilde{\ell} \nu,  \text{simplified}$	
		70			model $\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \tau X$ , simplified gravity-	
		<sup>78</sup> AALTONEN	13Q	CDF	$\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\perp}  ightarrow  au X$ , simplified gravity-	
		<sup>79</sup> AAD	10.0		and gauge-mediated models	
		<sup>80</sup> AAD		ATLS	$3\ell^{\pm} + E_T$ , pMSSM $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} + E_T$ , $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} + E$	
		SS AAD	121	ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + \mathcal{E}_T, \ \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm} + \mathcal{E}_T,$	
		01			$\begin{array}{c} p p \rightarrow ~ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \\ \widetilde{W}^{0} \rightarrow ~ \gamma  \widetilde{G}, \widetilde{W}^{\pm} \rightarrow ~ \ell^{\pm}  \widetilde{G}, \text{GMSB} \end{array}$	
		<sup>81</sup> CHATRCHYAN				
> 163	95	<sup>82</sup> CHATRCHYAN	11V	CMS	$\tan\beta=3, m_0=60 \text{ GeV}, A_0=0,$	
1					$\mu > 0$	
					$\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for evidence of direct	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=SD

<sup>1</sup> AAD 24AJ searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of direct stau pair production, or electroweakino pair production with decay via an intermediate stau, in events with two taus decaying hadronically (including a same-charge channel), no *b*-jets and moderate  $\not{E}_T$ , using a BDT for the direct stau search and a more traditional cut-and-count selection for the electroweakino search. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in models of direct stau production  $\tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \tau \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ,  $\tilde{\tau}_L$ ,  $\tilde{\tau}_R$  or degenerate production. Limits are also set in models of pair production of charginos (TchichiD) or of charginos and neutralinos (Tchi1n2D) followed by the decay via intermediate staus, or (for the latter) via *W h* (Tchi1n2E). See their figures 12, 14 and 16.

<sup>2</sup> AAD 24CE searched for VBF production of a wino pair almost mass-degenerate with a bino-like LSP, in events with two jets with a large rapidity gap between them and no leptons in 140 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions. Care was taken into including interference effects between VBF QCD and electroweak diagrams for the cross section estimate. A BDT was trained based on the two jet kinematics and the missing transverse momentum. Results are interpreted in a scenario where wino-like degenerate charginos and neutralinos are pair produced and decay into a nearly degenerate bino-like neutralino LSP, see their Figure 8.

<sup>3</sup> AAD 24G searched in 140 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of higgsino pair production in events with low-momentum mildly displaced tracks. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in the model Tn1n1D, see their Fig. 3, assuming that the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  has a flight length of about 0.11 mm from the *pp* interaction point and decays to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and a charged particle (usually a soft pion) that is measured as low-momentum track.

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=OD

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=TD

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<sup>4</sup> AAD 24I provides a statistical combination of the results of a number of analyses targeting electroweak production performed using 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV. The combination was used to set limits on the pair-produced particle masses as a function of the LSP mass for wino-like $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ followed by $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , wino-like $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ followed by $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ and either $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ or $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow h \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , or a GGM-like model with a full higgsino triplet decaying to a gravitino. See their Fig. 2.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=RD
<sup>5</sup> HAYRAPETYAN 24M searched in 137 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for evidence of wino- and Higgsino-like charginos in final states with one or more disappearing tracks from the decay $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \pi^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ where the soft pion is not reconstructed, $E_T$ , and varying numbers of jets, b-tagged jets, electrons, and muons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the $\tilde{b}$ mass in the model Tbot1LL for various proper decay lengths $c\tau$ of the $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ as well as on the $\tilde{t}$ mass in the model Tstop1LL, see their Fig. 10. Limits are also set in the model Tglu1LL, see their Fig. 11. In addition, limits are set in specific pure wino as well as pure higgsino dark matter models, in which the relationships among the electroweakino masses, the $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ lifetime, and the $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ decay width are constrained by radiative corrections that account for a large difference between the LSP mass and the SUSY-breaking scale, see their Fig.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=PD
<sup>12.</sup> <sup>6</sup> HAYRAPETYAN 24N searched in up to 137 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for ev- idence of wino-like chargino-neutralino pairs, Higgsino-like neutralino pair production in a gauge-mediated SUSY breaking inspired scenario, a Higgsino-bino interpretation, and slepton pair production in a combination of a number of previously reported searches for SUSY in different final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expecta- tions is observed. Limits are set on the $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ mass in the wino-bino models Tchi1n2E1, Tchi1n2E, and Tchi1n2I, see their Fig. 11, and on the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ in the higgsino-like GMSB models Tn1n1A, Tn1n1B, and Tn1n1C, see their Fig. 13. In addition, Fig. 14 shows the mass exclusion limit as a function of the branching fraction to the <i>H</i> boson. Limits are also set in a Higgsino-bino interpretation as in THinoBinoA, but also including leptonic decays, see their Fig. 15. Limits are also set on slepton ( $\tilde{e}$ , $\tilde{\mu}$ ) production with the decay $\tilde{\ell} \to \ell \chi_1^0$ , see their Fig. 16.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=QD
<sup>7</sup> AAD 23AE searched in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with 2 $\ell$ with same flavour and opposite sign, plus jets and $E_T$ , defining signal region with the dilepton invariant mass both on- and off-shell with respect to the <i>Z</i> boson. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on models of strong and electroweak production. For electroweak production, limits are placed on production of mass-degenerate, wino-like $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1$ with $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ and $\tilde{\chi}_1 \rightarrow W \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , see figure 15.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=ID
<sup>8</sup> AAD 23Cl searched in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions for events containing 1 $\ell$ ( <i>e</i> or $\mu$ ), jets, and $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=MD
<sup>9</sup> AAD 23Cl searched in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions for events containing 1 $\ell$ ( <i>e</i> or $\mu$ ), jets, and $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=ND
<sup>10</sup> AAD 23CP searched in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with 2 $\ell$ with same charge plus at least one jet and $\mathcal{E}_T$ , defining signal region based on 'stransverse mass' of the dilepton system, $\mathcal{E}_T$ significance and effective mass. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the mass of mass-degenerate $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ and $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ for the wino-like production of $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ followed by the decay into either $WZ\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ or $Wh\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , see figure 13.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=LD
<sup>11</sup> AAD 23CR searched in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for RPV SUSY in final states with multiple leptons and <i>b</i> -tagged jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the production of electroweakinos (wino or higgsino) that decay via RPV coupling $\lambda'_{i33}$ to a charged lepton or a neutrino, a <i>b</i> quark, and an additional <i>t</i> or <i>b</i> quark, see their figure 16. A second model addresses direct $\tilde{\mu}_{L,R}$ production and decay to a muon and a bino-like neutralino, which decays in the same way as in the first model, see their figure 17.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=JD
<sup>12</sup> AAD 23M searched in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ pair production, followed by $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ in events with two leptons. The focus is on models where $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}^0$ is close to the <i>W</i> mass. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ mass as a function of $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see Figure 9.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=GD
$\chi_1^{13}$ HAYRAPETYAN 23E searched in 137 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for evidence of gluino, top squark and electroweakino pair production in events with at least one	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=KD

NODE=S046WNO:LINKAGE=HD

- <sup>14</sup> TUMASYAN 23B searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of electroweakino pair production with decays including hadronically decaying bosons, *WW*, *WZ*, *WH*, or *ZH*, identified with a DNN classifying large-area (AK8) jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of the nearly mass degenerate wino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  in the models Tchi1chi11, Tchi1n2Fb, and Tchi1n2Fc, see their figure 4. They also consider a model that contains both  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  production, see their figure 5 (upper). Results are also interpreted in the model THinoBinoA with nearly mass-degenerate higgsino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_3^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , and a lighter bino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , see their figure 5 (lower).
- <sup>15</sup> TUMASYAN 22Q searched in up to 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of electroweakino and top squark pair production with a small mass difference between the produced supersymmetric particles and the lightest neutralino in events with two or three low-momentum leptons and missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are also set in a higgsino  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  in the model Tchi1n2F, see their Figure 8. Limits are also set in a higgsino simplified model with both  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  production, where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$  $= 1/2(m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})$ . A model inspired by the pMSSM is used for further interpretations

in the case of a higgsino LSP, see their Figure 9. Limits are also set on the mass of the top squark in the models Tstop2 and Tstop3, see their Figure 10.

- <sup>16</sup>TUMASYAN 22S searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of electroweakino pair production in events with three or four leptons, with up to two hadronically decaying  $\tau$  leptons, or two same-sign light leptons (*e* or  $\mu$ ). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  in the models Tchi1n2B (in flavory-democratic and tau-enriched or dominated scenarios), Tchi1n2E, Tchi1n2F, see their Figures 16–20, and on the mass of the higgsino-triplet  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  in the models Tn1n1A, Tn1n1B, and Tn1n1C, see their Figure 21.
- <sup>17</sup> AAD 21AX searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for pair production of electroweakinos decaying to the LSP via the emission of Standard Model bosons (Higgs, *W*, *Z*) decaying into hadrons. The final state in all cases characterised by the presence of  $\not{E}_T$ , jets, and large-R jets tagged according to the boson of interest. Different assumptions (Higgsino, Wino, Bino) are made for the pair produced electroweakinos and for the LSP multipliet. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the electroweakino masses as a function of the model parameters (in particular  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ ). See Figs. 12, 14, 15.
- <sup>18</sup> AAD 21BG searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for pair production  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  in final states with three leptons, with and without assuming the presence of a  $Z \rightarrow \ell \ell$  decay. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  mass in Tchi1n2E, Tchi1n2F and Tchi1n2Ga. See their Fig. 16.
- <sup>19</sup> AAD 21E searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for production of winolike  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , followed by the RPV decay of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  into  $Z\ell$ ,  $H\ell$  or  $W\nu$  and of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  into  $Z\nu$ ,  $H\nu$  or  $W\ell$ , in events with three leptons, looking for  $Z\ell$  resonances. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the common  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}/m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  mass in the TwinoLSPRPV simplified model, as a function of
- the common  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}/\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  branching fraction to a Z boson. See Figure 9.
- <sup>20</sup> AAD 21Y searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for supersymmetry in events with four or more leptons (electrons, muons and tau-leptons). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on Tchi1n12-GGM, and RPV models similar to Tchi1n2I, Tglu1A (with q = u, d, s, c, b, with equal branching fractions), and  $\tilde{\ell}_L/\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow \ell/\nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (mass-degenerate  $\tilde{\ell}_L$  and  $\tilde{\nu}$  of all 3 generations), all with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu$  via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  (where *i*,  $k \in 1, 2$ ), see their Figure 11.
- <sup>21</sup> SIRUNYAN 21M searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for supersymmetry in events with two opposite-sign same-flavor leptons (electrons, muons) and  $\mathcal{P}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the simplified model Tglu4C, see their Figure 10, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ mass in Tchi1n2Fa, see their Figure 11, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  mass in Tn1n1C and Tn1n1B for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see their Figure 12. Limits are also set on the light squark mass for

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NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=XC

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=VC

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=YC

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the simplified model Tsqk2A, on the sbottom mass in Tsbot3, see their Figure 13, and on the slepton mass in direct electroweak pair production of mass-degenerate left- and right-handed sleptons (selectrons and smuons), see their Figure 14. <sup>22</sup> TUMASYAN 21C searched in 137 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for supersymmetry in events with with one lepton, a Higgs boson decaying to a pair of bottom quarks, and large $\not \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=WC
<sup>23</sup> AAD 20AN searched in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two photons and missing transverse momentum. Events are further categorised in terms of lepton or jet multiplicity. No significant excess over the expected background is observed. Limits at 95% C.L. are set on the Higgsino mass in the T1n1n1A simplified model, see their Figure 11.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=UC
<sup>24</sup> AAD 20I reported on ATLAS searches for electroweak production in models with compressed mass spectra as Tchi1n2Fa. A dataset of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> was used. Events with $\mathcal{E}_T$ , two sameflavour, opposite-charge, low-transverse-momentum leptons, and jets from initial-state radiation or characteristic of vector-boson fusion production are selected. Constraints at 95% C.L. are placed on the mass of the $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ (degenerate with $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ ) at 240 GeV for a mass splitting between $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ and $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ of 7 GeV and extend down to a mass splitting of 1.5 GeV at the LEP chargino mass limit of 92.4 GeV. See their Fig. 14(b,c).	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=MC
<sup>25</sup> AAD 20K reported on a search for electroweak production in models with mass splittings near the electroweak scale as Tchi1n2F and exploiting three-lepton final state events with an emulated recursive jigsaw reconstruction method. The analysis uses a dataset of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> . Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are derived on next-to-lightest neutralinos and charginos with masses up to 345 GeV for a massless lightest neutralino, see their Fig. 7.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=JC
<sup>26</sup> AAD 200 reported on a search for electroweak production in models with charginos and sleptons decaying into final states with exactly two oppositely charged leptons and missing transverse momentum. A dataset of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> was used. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are derived on $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$ decaying according to the Tchi1chi1H simplified model. Chargino masses up to 420 GeV are excluded for a massless lightest neutralino, see their Fig. 7(a).	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=PC
<sup>27</sup> AAD 200 reported on a search for electroweak production in models with charginos and sleptons decaying into final states with exactly two oppositely charged leptons and missing transverse momentum. A dataset of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> was used. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are derived on $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$ decaying according to the Tchi1chi1C simplified model. Chargino masses up to 1000 GeV are excluded for a massless lightest neutralino, see their Fig. 7(b).	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=QC
<sup>28</sup> AAD 20R searched for electroweak production in the model Tchiln2E, selecting events with a pair of <i>b</i> -tagged jets consistent with those from a Higgs boson decay, either an electron or a muon from the <i>W</i> boson decay and $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=KC
<sup>29</sup> SIRUNYAN 20AU searched in 77.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events containing one soft, hadronically decaying tau lepton, one energetic jet from initial-state radiation, and large $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the wino mass in the Tchi1n2D simplified model, see their Figure 2.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=LC
<sup>30</sup> SIRUNYAN 20B searched in 35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with at least one photon and large $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=IC
<sup>31</sup> AABOUD 19AU searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos and next-to-lightest neutralinos decaying into lightest neutralinos and a <i>W</i> , and a Higgs boson, respectively. Fully hadronic, semileptonic, diphoton, and multilepton (electrons, muons) final states with missing transverse momentum are considered in this search. Observations are consistent with the Standard Model expectations, and 95% confidence-level limits of up to 680 GeV on the chargino/next-to-lightest neutralino masses are set (Tchi1n2E model). See their Figure 14 for an overlay of exclusion contours from all searches.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=EC
<sup>32</sup> SIRUNYAN 19BU searched for pair production of gauginos via vector boson fusion as- suming the gaugino spectrum is compressed, in 35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV. The final states explored included zero leptons plus two jets, one lepton plus two jets, and one hadronic tau plus two jets. A similar bound is obtained in the light slepton limit.	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=BC
<sup>33</sup> SIRUNYAN 19Cl searched in 77.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with one or more high-momentum Higgs bosons, decaying to pairs of photons, jets and $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=GC

7/16/2025 12:15 Page 46 in the Tchi1n2E simplified model, see their Figure 4. Limits are also set on the higgsino mass in the Tn1n1A and Tn1n1B simplified models, see their Figure 5.  $^{34}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  19K searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $\it p\, p$  collisions at  $\it \sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=CC with a photon, an electron or muon, and large  ${\it E}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. In the framework of GMSB, limits are set on the chargino and neutralino mass in the Tchi1n1A simplified model, see their Figure 6. Limits are also set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4A simplified model, and on the squark mass in the Tsqk4A simplified model, see their Figure 7.  $^{35}\textsc{AABOUD}$  18AY searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for direct NODE=S046WNO:LINKAGE=LB electroweak production of charginos as in Tchi1chi1D models in events characterised by the presence of at least two hadronically decaying tau leptons and large missing transverse energy. No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. In the Tchi1chi1D model, assuming decays via intermediate  $\tilde{\tau}_L$ , the observed limits rule out  $\widetilde{\chi}^\pm_1$  masses up to 630 GeV for a massless  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1.$  See their Fig.7 (left). Interpretations are also provided in Fig 8 (top) for different assumptions on the ratio between  $m_{\tilde{\tau}}$  and  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$  $+ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}.$  $^{36}\text{AABOUD}$  18AY searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for direct NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=MB electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos as in Tchi1n2D models, in events characterised by the presence of at least two hadronically decaying tau leptons and large missing transverse energy. No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Assuming decays via intermediate  $\tilde{\tau}_L$  and  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0}$ , the observed limits rule out  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  masses up to 760 GeV for a massless  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ . See their Fig.7 (right). Interpretations are also provided in Fig.8 (bottom) for different assumptions on the ratio between  $m_{\widetilde{ au}}$  and  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$  $^{37}$ AABOUD 18BT searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} =$  13 TeV for direct elec-NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=VB troweak production of charginos, chargino and next-to-lightest neutralinos and sleptons in events with two or three leptons (electrons or muons), with or without jets and large missing transverse energy. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the chargino mass up to 750 GeV for massless neutralinos in the Tchi1chi1C simplified model exploiting  $2\ell$  + 0 jets signatures, see their Figure 8(a).  $^{38}$ AABOUD 18BT searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for direct elec-NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=WB troweak production of charginos, chargino and next-to-lightest neutralinos and sleptons in events with two or three leptons (electrons or muons), with or without jets, and large missing transverse energy. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the chargino mass up to 1100 GeV for massless neutralinos in the Tchi1n2C simplified model exploiting  $3\ell$  signature, see their Figure 8(c).  $^{39}$ AABOUD 18BT searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for direct elec-NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=XB troweak production of charginos, chargino and next-to-lightest neutralinos and sleptons in events with two or three leptons (electrons or muons), with or without jets, and large missing transverse energy. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the chargino mass up to 580 GeV for massless neutralinos in the Tchi1n2F simplified model exploiting  $2\ell{+}2$  jets and  $3\ell$  signatures, see their Figure 8(d).  $^{40}$ AABOUD 18CK searched for events with at least 3 *b*-jets and large missing transverse NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=ZB energy in two datasets of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV of 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  and 24.3 fb $^{-1}$ depending on the trigger requirements. The analyses aimed to reconstruct two Higgs bosons decaying to pairs of b-quarks. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the Higgsino mass in the T1n1n1A simplified model, see their Figure 15(a). Constraints are also presented as a function of the BR of Higgsino decaying into an higgs boson and a gravitino, see their Figure 15(b) <sup>41</sup>AABOUD 18C0 searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for direct NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=YB electroweak production of mass-degenerate charginos and next-to-lightest neutralinos in events with two or three leptons (electrons or muons), with or without jets, and large missing transverse energy. The search channels are based on recursive jigsaw reconstruction. Limits are set on the chargino mass up to 600 GeV for massless neutralinos in the Tchi1n2F simplified model exploiting the statistical combination of  $2\ell+2$  jets and  $3\ell$ channels. Chargino masses below 220 GeV are not excluded due to an excess of events above the SM prediction in the dedicated regions. See their Figure 13(d). <sup>42</sup> AABOUD 18R searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for electroweak pro-NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=NB duction in scenarios with compressed mass spectra in final states with two low-momentum leptons and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with the SM prediction. Results are interpreted in Tchi1n2G wino models and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  masses are excluded up to 175 GeV for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 10$  GeV. The exclusion limits extend down to mass splittings of 2 GeV, see their Fig. 10 (bottom). <sup>43</sup>AABOUD 18R searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for electroweak pro-NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=OB duction in scenarios with compressed mass spectra in final states with two low-momentum leptons and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with the SM prediction. Results are interpreted in Tchi1n2G higgsino models and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  masses are excluded up to 145 GeV for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$  -  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  = 5 GeV. The exclusion limits extend down

to mass splittings of 2.5 GeV, see their Fig. 10 (top).

 $^{44}$  AABOUD 18U searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV in events with at NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=PB least one isolated photon, possibly jets and significant transverse momentum targeting generalised models of gauge-mediated SUSY breaking. No significant excess of events is observed above the SM prediction. Results of the diphoton channel are interpreted in terms of lower limits on the masses of gauginos Tchi1chi1A models, which reach as high as 1.3 TeV. Gaugino masses below 1060 GeV are excluded for any NLSP mass, see their Fig. 10. <sup>45</sup> AABOUD 18Z searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events contain-NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=QB ing four or more charged leptons (electrons, muons and up to two hadronically decaying taus). No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Limits are set on the Higgsino mass in simplified models of general gauge mediated supersymmetry Tn1n1A/Tn1n1B/Tn1n1C, see their Figure 9. Limits are also set on the wino, slepton, sneutrino and gluino mass in a simplified model of NLSP pair production with R-parity violating decays of the LSP via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  to charged leptons, see their Figures 7, 8. <sup>46</sup>SIRUNYAN 18AA searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=RA with at least one photon and large  $\mathbb{Z}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on wino masses in a general gauge-mediated SUSY breaking (GGM) scenario with bino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and wino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , see Figure 7. Limits are also set on the NLSP mass in the Tchi1n1A and Tchi1chi1A simplified models, see their Figure 8. Finally, limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4A and Tglu4B simplified models, see their Figure 9, and on the squark mass in the Tskq4A and Tsqk4B simplified models, see their Figure 10.  $^{47}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18AJ searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=DB containing two low-momentum, oppositely charged leptons (electrons or muons) and wino mass in the Tchi1n2F simplified model, see their Figure 5. Limits are also set on the stop mass in the Tstop10 simplified model, see their Figure 6. Finally, limits are set on the Higgsino mass in the Tchi1n2G simplified model, see Figure 8 and in the pMSSM, see Figure 7.  $^{48}$  SIRUNYAN 18AO searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for direct elec-NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=GB troweak production of charginos and neutralinos in events with either two or more leptons (electrons or muons) of the same electric charge, or with three or more leptons, which can include up to two hadronically decaying tau leptons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the chargino/neutralino mass in the Tchi1n2A, Tchi1n2H, Tchi1n2D, Tchi1n2E and Tchi1n2F simplified models, see their Figures 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18. Limits are also set on the higgsino mass in the Tn1n1A, Tn1n1B and Tn1n1C simplified models, see their Figure 19.  $^{49}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18AP searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for direct NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=JB electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos by combining a number of previous and new searches. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the chargino/neutralino mass in the Tchi1n2E, Tchi1n2F and Tchi1n2I simplified models, see their Figures 7, 8, 9 an 10. Limits are also set on the higgsino mass in the Tn1n1A, Tn1n1B and Tn1n1C simplified models, see their Figure 11, 12, 13 and 14.  $^{50}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18AR searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046WNO:LINKAGE=KB containing two opposite-charge, same-flavour leptons (electrons or muons), jets and  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4C simplified model, see their Figure 7. Limits are also set on the chargino/neutralino mass in the Tchi1n2F simplified models, see their Figure 8, and on the higgsino mass in the Tn1n1B and Tn1n1C simplified models, see their Figure 9. Finally, limits are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot3 simplified model, see their Figure 10.  $^{51}$ SIRUNYAN 18DN searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for direct NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=RB electroweak production of charginos and for pair production of top squarks in events with two leptons (electrons or muons) of the opposite electric charge. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the chargino mass in the Tchi1chi1C and Tchi1chi1E simplified models, see their Figure 8. Limits are also set on the stop mass in the Tstop1 and Tstop2 simplified models, see their Figure 9.  $^{52}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18DP searched in 35.9  ${\rm fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for direct NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=TB electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos or of chargino pairs in events with a tau lepton pair and significant missing transverse momentum. Both hadronic and leptonic decay modes are considered for the tau lepton. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the chargino mass in the Tchi1chi1D and Tchi1n2 simplified models, see their Figures 14 and 15. Also, excluded stau pair production cross sections are shown in Figures 11, 12, and 13.  $^{53}$  SIRUNYAN 18X searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with NODE=S046WNO:LINKAGE=XA one or more high-momentum Higgs bosons, decaying to pairs of photons, jets and  $E_T$ . The razor variables ( $M_R$  and  $R^2$ ) are used to categorise the events. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot4 simplified model and on the wino mass in the Tchi1n2E simplified model, see their Figure 5. Limits are also set on the higgsino mass in the Tn1n1A and Tn1n1B simplified models, see their Figure 6.  $^{54}$  KHACHATRYAN 17L searched in about 19 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=PA assuming decays via intermediate  $\widetilde{\tau}$  or  $\widetilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  with equivalent mass, the observed limits rule out  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  masses up to 420 GeV for a massless  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ . See their Fig.5.

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7/16/2025 12:15 Page 48  $^{55}$  SIRUNYAN 17AW searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with a charged lepton (electron or muon), two jets identified as originating from a *b*-quark, NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=QA and large  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of the chargino and the next-to-lightest neutralino in the Tchi1n2E simplified model, see their Figure 6.  $^{56}$  AAD 16AA summarized and extended ATLAS searches for electroweak supersymmetry in NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=VA fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV. The paper reports the results of new interpretations and statistical combinations of previously published analyses, as well as new analyses. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the  ${\widetilde \chi}_1^\pm$  mass in the Tchi1chi1B and Tchi1chi1C simplified models. See their Fig. 13.  $^{57}$  AAD 16AA summarized and extended ATLAS searches for electroweak supersymmetry in NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=BB fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV. The paper reports the results of new interpretations and statistical combinations of previously published analyses, as well as new analyses. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on mass-degenerate  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  masses in the Tchi1n2B, Tchi1n2C, and Tchi1n2D simplified models. See their Figs. 16, 17, and 18. Interpretations in phenomenological-MSSM, two-parameter Non Universal Higgs Masses (NUHM2), and gauge-mediated symmetry breaking (GMSB) models are also given in their Figs. 20, 21 and 22.  $^{58}$ KHACHATRYAN 16R searched in 19.7 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV for events NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=SA the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on wino masses in a general gauge-mediated SUSY breaking model (GGM), for a wino-like neutralino NLSP scenario, see Fig. 5. Limits are also set in the Tglu1D and Tchi1n1A simplified models, see Fig. 6. The Tchi1n1A limit is reduced to 340 GeV for a branching ratio reduced by the weak mixing angle.  $^{59}\,\text{AAD}$  15BA searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for electroweak pro-NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=KA duction of charginos and neutralinos decaying to a final state containing a W boson and a 125 GeV Higgs boson, plus missing transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models of direct chargino and next-to-lightest neutralino production, with the decays  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm o$  $W^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow H\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  having 100% branching fraction, see Fig. 8. A combination of the multiple final states for the Higgs decay yields the best limits (Fig. 8d).  $^{60}$  AAD 15CA searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV for events with one or NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=OA Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on wino masses in the general gauge-mediated SUSY breaking model (GGM), for wino-like NLSP, see Fig. 9, 12  $^{61}$  AAD 14H searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for electroweak produc-NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=HA tion of charginos and neutralinos decaying to a final sate with three leptons and missing transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models of direct chargino and next-to-lightest neutralino production, with decays to the lightest neutralino via either all three generations of leptons, staus only, gauge bosons, or Higgs bosons, see Fig. 7. An interpretation in the pMSSM is also given, see Fig. 8.  $^{62}$  AAD 14x searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for events with at least NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=X four leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the wino-like chargino mass in an R-parity violating simplified model where the decay  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{(*)\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow$  $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}\nu$ , takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 8.  $^{63}$ KHACHATRYAN 14L searched in 19.5 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV for evidence NODE=S046WNO:LINKAGE=Y of chargino-neutralino  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm\,\widetilde{\chi}_2^0$  pair production with Higgs or W-bosons in the decay chain, leading to HW final states with missing transverse energy. The decays of a Higgs boson to a photon pair are considered in conjunction with hadronic and leptonic decay modes of the W bosons. No significant excesses over the expected SM backgrounds are observed. The results are interpreted in the context of simplified models where the decays  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_2 o$  $H\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  take place 100% of the time, see Figs. 22–23. <sup>64</sup> AAD 13 searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for charginos and neutralinos decaying to a final state with three leptons (e and  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse energy. No NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=GA excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in the phenomenological MSSM, see Fig. 2 and 3, and in simplified models, see Fig. 4. For the simplified models with intermediate slepton decays, degenerate  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ masses up to 500 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. for very large mass differences with the  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ . Supersedes AAD 12AS.  $^{65}$  AAD 13B searched in 4.7 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  7 TeV for gauginos decaying to NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=CD a final state with two leptons (e and  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse energy. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Limits are derived in a simplified model of wino-like chargino pair production, where the chargino always decays to the lightest neutralino via an intermediate on-shell charged slepton, see Fig. 2(b). Chargino masses between 110 and 340 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 10$  GeV. Exclusion limits

are also derived in the phenomenological MSSM, see Fig. 3

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=DA

<sup>66</sup> AAD 12CT searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events containing four or more leptons (electrons or muons) and either moderate values of missing transverse momentum or large effective mass. No significant excess is found in the data. Limits are presented in a simplified model of R-parity violating supersymmetry in which charginos are pair-produced and then decay into a *W*-boson and a  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , which in turn decays through an RPV coupling into two charged leptons ( $e^{\pm} e^{\mp}$  or  $e^{\pm} \mu^{\mp}$ ) and a neutrino. In this model, chargino masses up to 540 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  above 300

GeV, see Fig. 3a. The limit deteriorates for lighter  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ . Limits are also set in an R-parity violating mSUGRA model, see Fig. 3b.

- $^{67}$  CHATRCHYAN 12BJ searched in 4.98 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=7$  TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos and neutralinos in events with at least two leptons, jets and missing transverse momentum. No significant excesses over the expected SM backgrounds are observed and 95% C.L. limits on the production cross section of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  pair production were set in a number of simplified models, see Figs. 7 to 12.
- <sup>68</sup> ABDALLAH 03M uses data from  $\sqrt{s} = 192-208$  GeV to obtain limits in the framework of the MSSM with gaugino and sfermion mass universality at the GUT scale. An indirect limit on the mass of charginos is derived by constraining the MSSM parameter space by the results from direct searches for neutralinos (including cascade decays), for charginos and for sleptons. These limits are valid for values of  $M_2 < 1$  TeV,  $|\mu| \leq 2$  TeV with the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  as LSP. Constraints from the Higgs search in the  $m_h^{\rm max}$  scenario assuming  $m_t =$ 174.3 GeV are included. The quoted limit applies if there is no mixing in the third family or when  $m_{\tilde{\tau}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 6$  GeV. If mixing is included the limit degrades to 90 GeV. See

Fig. 43 for the mass limits as a function of  $tan\beta$ . These limits update the results of ABREU 00W.

- <sup>69</sup> AAD 20AN searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two photons and missing transverse momentum. Events are further categorised in terms of lepton or jet multiplicity. No significant excess over the expected background is observed. Limits at 95% C.L. are derived in Tchi1n2E simplified models. Next-to-lightest neutralinos and charginos with masses up to 310 GeV for a massless lightest neutralino are excluded. See their Fig. 10.

- <sup>73</sup> AAD 14AV searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for the direct production of charginos, neutralinos and staus in events containing at last two hadronically decaying  $\tau$ -leptons, large missing transverse momentum and low jet activity. The quoted limit was derived for direct  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\mp}$  production with  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau} \tau \rightarrow \tau \tau \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\tau} \nu (\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \tau) \rightarrow \tau \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$ ,  $m_{\tilde{\tau}} = 0.5$  ( $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ ),  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$  GeV. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Exclusion limits are set in simplified models of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\mp}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  pair production, see their Figure 7. Upper limits on the cross section and signal strength for direct di-stau production are derived, see Figures 8 and 9. Also, limits are derived in a pMSSM model where the only light slepton is the  $\tilde{\tau}_R$ , see Figure 10.
- <sup>74</sup> AAD 14AV searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for the direct production of charginos, neutralinos and staus in events containing at last two hadronically decaying  $\tau$ -leptons, large missing transverse momentum and low jet activity. The quoted limit was derived for direct  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\mp}$  production with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\tau} \nu (\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \tau) \rightarrow \tau \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ,  $m_{\tilde{\tau}} = 0.5$   $(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})$ ,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$  GeV. No excess over the expected SM background is observed.
  - Exclusion limits are set in simplified models of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\mp}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  pair production, see their Figure 7. Upper limits on the cross section and signal strength for direct di-stau production are derived, see Figures 8 and 9. Also, limits are derived in a pMSSM model where the only light slepton is the  $\tilde{\tau}_R$ , see Figure 10.
- <sup>75</sup> AAD 14G searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *p p* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for electroweak production of chargino pairs, or chargino-neutralino pairs, decaying to a final sate with two leptons (*e* and  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models of chargino pair production, with chargino decays to the lightest neutralino via either sleptons or gauge bosons, see Fig 5.; or in simplified models of chargino and next-to-lightest neutralino

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=AH

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=TC

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=NA

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=TA

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=UA

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=A1

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=A2

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=IA

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=W

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=FA

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=TO

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=GL

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=AG

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=C1

NODE=S046WNO;LINKAGE=C2

NODE-S046SW/N

production, with decays to the lightest neutralino via gauge bosons, see Fig. 7. An interpretation in the pMSSM is also given, see Fig. 10.

- <sup>76</sup> AALTONEN 14 searched in 5.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV for evidence of chargino and next-to-lightest neutralino associated production in final states consisting of three leptons (electrons, muons or taus) and large missing transverse momentum. The results are consistent with the Standard Model predictions within 1.85  $\sigma$ . Limits on the chargino mass are derived in an mSUGRA model with  $m_0 = 60$  GeV, tan $\beta = 3$ ,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , see their Fig. 2.
- <sup>77</sup> KHACHATRYAN 14I searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for electroweak production of chargino pairs decaying to a final state with opposite-sign lepton pairs (e or  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models, see Fig. 18.
- <sup>78</sup> AALTONEN 13Q searched in 6.0 fb<sup>-1</sup> of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV for evidence of chargino-neutralino associated production in like-sign dilepton final states. One lepton is identified as the hadronic decay of a tau lepton, while the other is an electron or muon. Good agreement with the Standard Model predictions is observed and limits are set on the chargino-neutralino cross section for simplified gravity- and gauge-mediated models, see their Figs. 2 and 3.
- <sup>79</sup> AAD 12AS searched in 2.06 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for charginos and neutralinos decaying to a final state with three leptons (*e* and  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse energy. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in the phenomenological MSSM, see Fig. 2 (top), and in simplified models, see Fig. 2 (bottom).
- <sup>80</sup> AAD 12T looked in 1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for the production of supersymmetric particles decaying into final states with missing transverse momentum and exactly two isolated leptons (*e* or  $\mu$ ). Opposite-sign and same-sign dilepton events were separately studied. Additionally, in opposite-sign events, a search was made for an excess of same-flavor over different-flavor lepton pairs. No excess over the expected background is observed and limits are placed on the effective production cross section of opposite-sign dilepton events with  $E_T > 250$  GeV and on same-sign dilepton events with  $E_T > 100$  GeV. The latter limit is interpreted in a simplified electroweak gaugino production model as a lower chargino mass limit.
- <sup>81</sup> CHATRCHYAN 11B looked in 35 pb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=7$  TeV for events with an isolated lepton (*e* or  $\mu$ ), a photon and  $\mathcal{E}_T$  which may arise in a generalized gauge mediated model from the decay of Wino-like NLSPs. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived in the plane of squark/gluino mass versus Wino mass (see Fig. 4). Mass degeneracy of the produced squarks and gluinos is assumed.
- assumed. <sup>82</sup>CHATRCHYAN 11V looked in 35 pb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with  $\geq 3$  isolated leptons (e,  $\mu$  or  $\tau$ ), with or without jets and  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived in the CMSSM ( $m_0, m_{1/2}$ ) plane for tan $\beta = 3$  (see Fig. 5).

# Long-lived $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$ (Chargino) mass limit

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VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TEC		NODE=S046SWN
>1050	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	23G AT	$_{-S}  \tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow  \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1} \pi^{\pm}$ , wino LSP, $\tau=20$ ns	OCCUR=3
>1050	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD		_S $\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \widetilde{\chi}^{0}_{1} \pi^{\pm}$ , wino LSP, stable	OCCUR=4
> 660	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	220 AT	$\sum \widetilde{\chi}^{\pm} \to \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\dagger} \pi^{\pm}, \text{ wino LSP, AMSB,}$ $\tan \beta = 5, \mu > 0, \tau = 0.2 \text{ ns}$	
> 860	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	220 AT	$\tan \beta = 5, \mu > 0, \tau = 0.2 \text{ ns}$ -S $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}$ , wino LSP, AMSB, $\tan \beta = 5, \mu > 0, \sigma = 1.5 \text{ ns}$	OCCUR=2
> 220	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD		$\tan \beta = 5, \mu > 0, \tau = 1.5 \text{ ns}$ -S $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}$ , higgsino LSP,	OCCUR=3
> 710	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD		$ \begin{array}{ccc} & & \tau = 0.04 \text{ ns} \\ \neg & & \tilde{\chi}_{\pm}^{0} \rightarrow & \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}, \text{ higgsino LSP, } \tau = 1 \end{array} $	OCCUR=4
> 884	95	<sup>3</sup> SIRUNYAN	20N CM	S $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \xrightarrow{\text{ns}} \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}$ , wino LSP, AMSB,	
> 474	95	<sup>3</sup> SIRUNYAN	20N CM		OCCUR=2
> 750	95	<sup>3</sup> SIRUNYAN	20N CM	$ \begin{array}{c} \tan\beta \stackrel{1}{=} 5, \ \mu > 0, \ \tau = 0.2 \text{ ns} \\ \text{S}  \widetilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \widetilde{\chi}^{0}_{1} \pi^{\pm}, \ \text{higgsino LSP}, \end{array} $	OCCUR=3
> 175	95	<sup>3</sup> SIRUNYAN	20N CM	AMSB, $\tan\beta=5$ , $\mu > 0, \tau=3$ ns S $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}$ , higgsino LSP, AMSB, $\tan\beta=5, \mu > 0, \tau=0.05$ ns	OCCUR=4
>1090	95	<sup>4</sup> AABOUD	19at AT	-S long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ mAMSB	
> 460	95	<sup>5</sup> AABOUD		-S $\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm}  ightarrow \widetilde{\chi}^{0}_{1} \pi^{\pm}$ , lifetime 0.2 ns,	
> 715	95	<sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN	18br CM	$egin{aligned} &m_{\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 160 \; { m MeV} \ &{ m S} & \widetilde{\chi}^{\pm}  o ~\widetilde{\chi}^0_1 \pi^{\pm}, \; { m AMSB, }  ext{tan}eta = 5 \end{aligned}$	
> 695	95	<sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN	18br CM	and $\mu > 0$ , $\tau = 3$ ns S $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}$ , AMSB, $\tan\beta = 5$ and $\mu > 0$ , $\tau = 7$ ns	OCCUR=2

> 505	95	<sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN	18BR CMS	$\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}$ , AMSB, tan $\beta = 5$ ,	OCCUR=3
> 620	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	15ae ATLS	$\mu > 0, 0.5 \text{ ns} > \tau > 60 \text{ ns}$ stable $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}_{+}$	
> 534	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	15BMATLS	stable $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$	
> 239	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	15BMATLS	$\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm}  ightarrow \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}$ , lifetime 1 ns,	OCCUR=2
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^\pm} \stackrel{ extsf{-}}{-} m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0.14 \;  extsf{GeV}$	
> 482	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	15BMATLS	$\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}$ , lifetime 15 ns,	OCCUR=3
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^\pm} \stackrel{-}{-} m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0.14 \; { m GeV}$	
> 103	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	13H ATLS	long-lived $\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}$ ,	
				mAMSB, $\Delta m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 160 \text{ MeV}$	
> 92	95	<sup>10</sup> AAD	12bj ATLS	long-lived $\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \overset{\sim 1}{\pi^{\pm}} \widetilde{\chi}^{0}_{1}$ , mAMSB	
> 171	95	<sup>11</sup> ABAZOV	09M D0	Ĥ	
> 102	95	<sup>12</sup> ABBIENDI	03L OPAL	$m_{\widetilde{ u}}>$ 500 GeV	
none 2–93.0	95	<sup>13</sup> ABREU		$\widetilde{H}^{\pm}$ or $m_{\widetilde{ u}} > m_{\widetilde{ u}^{\pm}}$	
• • • We do	not use	the following data		its, limits, etc. $\bullet$ $\bullet$	
> 260	95	<sup>14</sup> KHACHATRY	15AB CMS	$\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}  ightarrow \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}$ , $ au_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}}$ =0.2ns, AMSB	
> 800	95			long-lived $\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ , mAMSB, $ au$ >100ns	
> 100	95	<sup>15</sup> KHACHATRY		long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}$ , mAMSB, $\tau > 3$ ns	OCCUR=2

long-lived  $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ ,  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \tilde{\chi}^{0}, \tilde{\chi}^{0} \rightarrow \ell^{+} \ell^{-} \nu$ , RPV <sup>16</sup> KHACHATRY...15W CMS disappearing-track signature, AMSB <sup>17</sup> AAD 95 13BD ATLS > 270 long-lived  $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$ , gaugino-like long-lived  $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$ , higgsino-like <sup>18</sup> ABAZOV > 278 95 13B D0 <sup>18</sup> ABAZOV OCCUR=2 > 244 95 13B D0

<sup>1</sup> AAD 23G searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for chargino/neutralino pair production (wino-like LSP) in events with high-pt tracks with large ionisation in the pixel detector. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the chargino mass as a function of its lifetime, see Figure 19.

<sup>2</sup>AAD 22U searched for the signature of disappearing track from a long-lived chargino in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV. Long-lived charginos decay into quasidegenerate neutralino emitting a low-momentum particle whose identification is not attempted. The signal is identified by requiring short tracklets in the four pixel layers with no continuation in the SCT (strip) detector. The main background from fake tracklets is estimated directly with the data. No significant excess above the background prediction is found. The results are interpreted in an AMSB scenario (wino LSP), on  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$ and  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}^0_1$ , assuming B( $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0_1\pi^{\pm}$ ) = 100%, see their figure 7. Results are also interpreted in a higgsino-LSP model, with  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}^{\mp}$ , and  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}^0_{1,2}$ , assuming B( $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0_1\pi^{\pm}$ ) = 95.5%, B( $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0_1e^{\pm}$ ) = 3%, B( $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0_1\mu^{\pm}$ ) = 1.5%, see their figure 8. Finally, results are interpreted in a simplified model of gluino pair production, with  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{g}\tilde{g}$  and B( $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}^0_1$ ) = B( $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}^+$ ) = B( $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}^-$ ) = 1/3, see their figure 9.

<sup>3</sup>SIRUNYAN 20N searched in 101 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct electroweak production of long-lived charginos in events containing isolated tracks with missing hits in the outer layer of the silicon tracker and little or no associated calorimetric energy deposits (disappearing tracks). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. In an AMSB context and assuming a wino LSP, limits are set on the cross section of direct chargino production through  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}^{\mp}$  and  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1}$ , assuming B( $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1} \pi^{\pm}$ ) = 100%, as a function of the chargino mass and mean proper lifetime, see Figure 2. In the case of a Higgsino LSP, limits are set on the cross section of direct chargino production through  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}^{\mp}$  and  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1,2}$ , assuming B( $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1} \pi^{\pm}$ ) = 95.5%, B( $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1} e^{\pm}$ ) = 3%, B( $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1} \mu^{\pm}$ ) = 1.5%, as a function of the chargino mass and mean proper lifetime, see Figure 3.

- <sup>4</sup> AABOUD 19AT searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for metastable *R*-hadrons. Multiple search strategies for a wide range of lifetimes, corresponding to path lengths of a few meters, are defined. No significant deviations from the expected Standard Model background are observed. Results are interpreted in terms of direct electroweak production of long-lived charginos in the context of mAMSB scenarios. Chargino masses are excluded at 95% C.L. below 1090 GeV. See their Figure 10 (right).
- <sup>5</sup> AABOUD 18AS searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct electroweak production of long-lived charginos in the context of AMSB or phenomenological MSSM scenarios with wino-like LSP. Events with a disappearing track due to a low-momentum pion accompanied by at least one jet with high transverse momentum from initial-state radiation are considered. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Exclusion limits are set at 95% confidence level on the mass of charginos for different chargino lifetimes. For a pure wino with a lifetime of about 0.2

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NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=J

NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=G

NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=I

NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=A

NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=B

ns, corresponding to a mass-splitting between the charged and neutral wino of around 160 MeV, chargino masses up to 460 GeV are excluded, see their Fig. 8.

- <sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN 18BR searched in 38.4 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct electroweak production of long-lived charginos in events containing isolated tracks with missing hits in the outer layer of the silicon tracker and little or no associated calorimetric energy deposits (disappearing tracks). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. In an AMSB context, limits are set on the cross section of direct chargino production through  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}^{\mp}$  and  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}^{1}$ , assuming BR( $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1}\pi^{\pm}$ ) = 100%, as a function of the chargino mass and mean proper lifetime, see Figures
- 3, 4 and 5. 7 AAD 15AE searched in 19.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for heavy long-lived charged particles, measured through their specific ionization energy loss in the ATLAS pixel detector or their time-of-flight in the ALTAS muon system. In the absence of an excess of events above the expected backgrounds, limits are set on stable charginos, see Fig. 10.
- <sup>8</sup>AAD 15BM searched in 18.4 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for stable and metastable non-relativistic charged particles through their anomalous specific ionization energy loss in the ATLAS pixel detector. In absence of an excess of events above the expected backgrounds, limits are set on stable charginos (see Table 5) and on metastable charginos decaying to  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \pi^{\pm}$ , see Fig. 11.
- <sup>9</sup>AAD 13H searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for direct electroweak production of long-lived charginos in the context of AMSB scenarios. The search is based on the signature of a high-momentum isolated track with few associated hits in the outer part of the tracking system, arising from a chargino decay into a neutralino and a low-momentum pion. The  $p_T$  spectrum of the tracks was found to be consistent with the SM expectations. Constraints on the lifetime and the production cross section were obtained, see Fig. 6. In the minimal AMSB framework with tan $\beta = 5$ , and  $\mu > 0$ , a chargino having a mass below 103 (85) GeV for a chargino-neutralino mass splitting  $\Delta m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$  of 160 (170) MeV is excluded at the 95% C.L. See Fig. 7 for more precise bounds.
- <sup>10</sup> AAD 12BJ looked in 1.02 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for signatures of decaying charginos resulting in isolated tracks with few associated hits in the outer region of the tracking system. The  $p_T$  spectrum of the tracks was found to be consistent with the SM expectations. Constraints on the lifetime and the production cross section were obtained. In the minimal AMSB framework with  $m_{3/2} < 32$  TeV,  $m_0 < 1.5$  TeV,  $\tan\beta = 5$ , and  $\mu > 0$ , a chargino having a mass below 92 GeV and a lifetime between 0.5 ns and 2 ns is excluded at the 95% C.L. See their Fig. 8 for more precise bounds. <sup>11</sup> ABAZOV 09M searched in 1.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV for events with
- <sup>11</sup>ABAZOV 09M searched in 1.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV for events with direct production of a pair of charged massive stable particles identified by their TOF. The number of the observed events is consistent with the predicted background. The data are used to constrain the production cross section as a function of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  mass, see their Fig. 2. The quoted limit improves to 206 GeV for gaugino-like charginos.
- <sup>12</sup> ABBIENDI 03L used  $e^+e^-$  data at  $\sqrt{s} = 130-209$  GeV to select events with two high momentum tracks with anomalous dE/dx. The excluded cross section is compared to the theoretical expectation as a function of the heavy particle mass in their Fig. 3. The bounds are valid for colorless fermions with lifetime longer than  $10^{-6}$  s. Supersedes the results from ACKERSTAFF 98P.
- <sup>13</sup> ABREU 00T searches for the production of heavy stable charged particles, identified by their ionization or Cherenkov radiation, using data from  $\sqrt{s}$ = 130 to 189 GeV. These limits include and update the results of ABREU 98P.
- <sup>14</sup> KHACHATRYAN 15AB searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events containing tracks with little or no associated calorimeter energy deposits and with missing hits in the outer layers of the tracking system (disappearing-track signature). Such disappearing tracks can result from the decay of charginos that are nearly mass degenerate with the lightest neutralino. The number of observed events is in agreement with the background expectation. Limits are set on the cross section of electroweak chargino production in terms of the chargino mass and mean proper lifetime, see Fig. 4. In the minimal AMSB model, a chargino mass below 260 GeV is excluded at 95% C.L., see their Fig. 5.
- <sup>15</sup> KHACHATRYAN 150 searched in 18.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for evidence of long-lived charginos in the context of AMSB and pMSSM scenarios. The results are based on a previously published search for heavy stable charged particles at 7 and 8 TeV. In the minimal AMSB framework with tan $\beta = 5$  and  $\mu \ge 0$ , constraints on the chargino mass and lifetime were placed, see Fig. 5. Charginos with a mass below 800 (100) GeV are excluded at the 95% C.L. for lifetimes above 100 ns (3 ns). Constraints are also placed on the pMSSM parameter space, see Fig. 3.
- <sup>16</sup>KHACHATRYAN 15W searched in up to 20.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for evidence of long-lived neutralinos produced through  $\tilde{q}$ -pair production, with  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \tilde{\chi}^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}^0 \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \nu$  (RPV:  $\lambda_{121}, \lambda_{122} \neq 0$ ). 95% C.L. exclusion limits on cross section times branching ratio are set as a function of mean proper decay length of the neutralino, see Figs. 6 and 9.
- <sup>17</sup> AAD <sup>13BD</sup> searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events containing tracks with no associated hits in the outer region of the tracking system resulting from the decay of charginos that are nearly mass degenerate with the lightest neutralino, as is often the case in AMSB scenarios. No significant excess above the background expectation is observed for candidate tracks with large transverse momentum. Constraints on chargino

NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=GA

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NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=AB

NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=WT

NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=E

NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=D

NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=F

NODE=S046SWN;LINKAGE=AA

properties are obtained and in the minimal AMSB model, a chargino mass below 270 GeV is excluded at 95% C.L., see their Fig. 7.

 $^{18}$  ABAZOV 13B looked in 6.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  1.96 TeV for charged massive long-lived particles in events with muon-like particles that have both speed and ionization energy loss inconsistent with muons produced in beam collisions. In the absence of an excess, limits are set at 95% C.L. on gaugino- and higgsino-like charginos, see their Table 20 and Fig. 23.

### $\widetilde{\nu}$ (Sneutrino) mass limit

The limits may depend on the number,  $N(\tilde{\nu})$ , of sneutrinos assumed to be degenerate in mass. Only  $\tilde{\nu}_L$  (not  $\tilde{\nu}_R$ ) is assumed to exist. It is possible that  $\tilde{\nu}$  could be the lightest supersymmetric particle (LSP).

We report here, but do not include in the Listings, the limits obtained from the fit of the final results obtained by the LEP Collaborations on the invisible width of the Z boson ( $\Delta\Gamma_{\text{inv.}} < 2.0$  MeV, LEP-SLC 06):  $m_{\widetilde{\nu}} > 43.7$  GeV ( $N(\widetilde{\nu})=1$ ) and  $m_{\widetilde{\nu}} > 44.7$  GeV ( $N(\widetilde{\nu})=3$ ).

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, *et al.* (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics **C38** 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

<u>VALUE (GeV)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		$\frac{COMMENT}{2}$	NODE=S046SNU;CHECK LIMITS
>3900	95	- AAD	23CB ATLS	RPV, $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e\mu$ , $\lambda_{312} = \lambda_{321} = 0.07$ , $\lambda'_{311} = 0.11$	
>2800	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	23CB ATLS	RPV, $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e\tau$ , $\lambda_{313} = 0.07$ ,	OCCUR=2
		-		$\lambda'_{211} = 0.11$	
>2700	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	23CB ATLS	$RPV,  \widetilde{\nu}_{\tau} \to \mu \tau,  \lambda_{323} = 0.07,$	OCCUR=3
>4200	95	<sup>2</sup> TUMASYAN	23н CMS	$\lambda'_{311} = 0.11$ 1e + 1 $\mu$ , RPV $\nu_{ au} \rightarrow e\mu$ , $\lambda = \lambda'$	
>3700	95 95	<sup>2</sup> TUMASYAN	23н CMS 23н CMS	$ \begin{array}{c} 1e + 1\mu, \text{ KPV } \nu_{\tau} \rightarrow e\mu, \lambda = \lambda \\ = 0.1 \\ 1e + 1\tau, \text{ RPV } \nu_{\tau} \rightarrow e\tau, \lambda = \lambda' \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
				- 0.1	
>3600	95	<sup>2</sup> TUMASYAN	23H CMS	$\begin{array}{l} 1 \mu + 1 \ \tau, \ RPV \ \nu_{\tau} \rightarrow \ \mu \tau, \ \lambda = \lambda' \\ = 0.1 \end{array}$	OCCUR=3
>2200	95	<sup>2</sup> TUMASYAN	23н CMS	$1e + 1\mu$ , RPV $\nu_{ au}  ightarrow e\mu$ , $\lambda = \lambda'$ = 0.01	OCCUR=4
>1600	95	<sup>2</sup> TUMASYAN	23H CMS	$1e^{-0.01}$ RPV $ u_{ au}  ightarrow e au$ , $\lambda = \lambda'$ = 0.01	OCCUR=5
>1600	95	<sup>2</sup> TUMASYAN	23H CMS	$1\mu + 1\tau$ , RPV $\nu_{\tau} \rightarrow \mu \tau$ , $\lambda = \lambda'$	OCCUR=6
>3400	95	<sup>3</sup> AABOUD	18см ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} = 0.01 \\ \text{RPV, } \widetilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow \ e\mu, \lambda_{312} = \lambda_{321} = \end{array} $	
		4		0.07, $\lambda'_{311}=$ 0.11	
>2900	95	<sup>4</sup> AABOUD	18CM ATLS	$RPV, \ \widetilde{\nu}_{\tau} \to \ e\tau, \ \lambda_{313} = \lambda_{331} = $	OCCUR=2
>2600	95	<sup>5</sup> AABOUD	18CM ATLS	0.07, $\lambda'_{311} = 0.11$ RPV, $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow \mu \tau$ , $\lambda_{323} = \lambda_{332} =$	OCCUR=3
/				0.07, $\lambda'_{211} = 0.11$	
>1060	95	<sup>6</sup> AABOUD	18z ATLS	RPV, $\geq 4\ell$ , $\lambda_{12k} \neq 0$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} =$	
				600 GeV (mass-degenerate left-	
				handed sleptons and sneutrinos of all 3 generations)	
> 780	95	<sup>6</sup> AABOUD	18z ATLS	RPV, $\geq 4\ell$ , $\lambda_{i33} \neq 0$ , $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} =$	OCCUR=2
				300 GeV (mass-degenerate left- handed sleptons and sneutrinos	
		7		of all 3 generations)	
>1700	95	<sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AT CMS	RPV, $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e\mu$ , $\lambda_{132} = \lambda_{231} = \lambda_{132} = \lambda_{231} = \lambda_{132} = \lambda_$	
>3800	95	<sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AT CMS	$\lambda'_{311}=0.01$ RPV, $\widetilde{ u}_{ au} ightarrow e\mu$ , $\lambda_{132}=\lambda_{231}=$	OCCUR=2
				$\lambda'_{311} = 0.1$	
>2300	95	<sup>8</sup> AABOUD	16P ATLS	RPV, $\widetilde{ u}_{ au}  ightarrow e \mu$ , $\lambda'_{311} = 0.11$	
>2200	95	<sup>8</sup> AABOUD	16P ATLS	RPV, $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e\tau$ , $\lambda'_{311} = 0.11$	OCCUR=2
>1900	95	<sup>8</sup> AABOUD	16P ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} RPV,  \widetilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow  \mu\tau,  \lambda_{311}^{\prime \prime} = 0.11 \\ RPV,  \geq 4\ell^{\pm},  \widetilde{\nu} \rightarrow  \nu  \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0},  \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \end{array}$	OCCUR=3
> 400	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	14X AILS	$\begin{array}{l} RPV, \geq 4\ell^{\pm}, \nu \to \nu \chi_{1}^{o}, \chi_{1}^{o} \to \\ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu \end{array}$	
		<sup>10</sup> AAD	11z ATLS	RPV, $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e \mu$	
> 94	95	<sup>11</sup> ABDALLAH	03M DLPH	$\begin{array}{rl} 1 & \leq \ \tan\beta & \leq \ 40, \\ m_{\widetilde{e}_R}^{} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}^{} > 10 \ {\rm GeV} \end{array}$	
> 84	95	<sup>12</sup> HEISTER	02N ALEP	$\widetilde{\nu}_{e}$ , any $\Delta m$	
> 41	95	<sup>13</sup> DECAMP	92 ALEP	$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{ invisible}); N(\widetilde{\nu})=3, \text{ model}$ independent	
				macpondent	

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NODE=S046SNU;LINKAGE=Z

NODE=S046SNU;LINKAGE=Y

NODE=S046SNU:LINKAGE=T

NODE=S046SNU:LINKAGE=U

NODE=S046SNU:LINKAGE=W

NODE=S046SNU:LINKAGE=S

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

				,,	
		<sup>14</sup> SIRUNYAN	19A0	RPV, $\mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}+~\geq~2$ jets,	
				$\lambda_{211}^\prime  eq $ 0, $\widetilde{ u}_\mu  ightarrow \ \mu \widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ ,	
				$\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow \mu q \overline{q} q \overline{q}$	
>1280	95	<sup>15</sup> KHACHATRY.	16BE CMS	RPV, $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e \mu$ , $\lambda_{132} = \lambda_{231} =$	
				$\lambda'_{311} = 0.01$	
>2300	95	<sup>15</sup> KHACHATRY.	16be CMS	RPV, $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e \mu$ , $\lambda_{132} = \lambda_{231} =$	OCCUR=2
				0.07, $\lambda'_{311} = 0.11$	
>2000	95	<sup>16</sup> AAD	150 ATLS	RPV $(e\mu)$ , $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$ , $\lambda'_{311} = 0.11$ ,	
				$\lambda_{i3k} = 0.07$	
>1700	95	<sup>16</sup> AAD	150 ATLS	RPV $(\tau \mu, e\tau)$ , $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$ , $\lambda'_{311} = 0.11$ ,	OCCUR=2
				$\lambda_{i3k} = 0.07$	
		<sup>17</sup> AAD	13AL ATLS	RPV, $\widetilde{ u}_{ au}  ightarrow e \mu$ , $e  au$ , $\mu  au$	
		<sup>18</sup> AAD	11H ATLS	RPV, $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e \mu$	
		<sup>19</sup> AALTONEN	10z CDF	RPV, $\widetilde{ u}_{ au}  ightarrow e\mu$ , $e au$ , $\mu au$	
		<sup>20</sup> ABAZOV	10M D0	RPV, $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e \mu$	
> 95	95	<sup>21</sup> ABDALLAH	04H DLPH	AMSB, $\mu > 0$	
> 37.1	95	<sup>22</sup> ADRIANI		$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{ invisible}); N(\tilde{\nu}) = 1$	OCCUR=2
> 36	95		91F DLPH	$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{ invisible}); N(\tilde{\nu}) = 1$	
> 31.2	95	<sup>23</sup> ALEXANDER	91F OPAL	$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{ invisible}); N(\tilde{\nu})=1$	
1					

<sup>1</sup>AAD 23CB searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for heavy particles decaying into an  $e\mu$ ,  $e\tau$ ,  $\mu\tau$  final state. No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Limits are set on the mass of a stau neutrino with R-parity-violating couplings, with decays  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e\mu$ ,  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e\tau$ ,  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow \mu\tau$ , see figures 4b, 5b, 6b.

6b. <sup>2</sup> TUMASYAN 23H searched in 138 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of resonant  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  production in events with two charged leptons,  $e\mu$ ,  $e\tau$ , or  $\mu\tau$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  in an RPV model for resonant sneutrino production, where all RPV couplings vanish, except for those that are connected to the production and decay of the  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$ , considering a SUSY mass hierarchy with  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  as the LSP. The  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  is produced resonantly through  $\lambda'_{311}$  coupling, and decays via  $\lambda_{i3k}$  coupling to two leptons, see their figure 3 for coupling, for four values of  $\lambda$  couplings, see their figure 6. In addition, limits are set on heavy Z' gauge bosons with lepton flavor violating decays, see their figure 4, and on nonresonant quantum black hole production in models with extra spatial dimensions, see their figure 5. Model-independent upper limits on the product of the cross section, the branching fraction, acceptance, and efficiency are given as well, see their figure 7.

<sup>3</sup>AABOUD 18CM searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for heavy particles decaying into an  $e\mu$ ,  $e\tau$ ,  $\mu\tau$  final state. No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Limits are set on the mass of a stau neutrino with R-parity-violating couplings. For  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e\mu$ , masses below 3.4 TeV are excluded at 95% CL, see their Figure 4(b). Upper limits on the RPV couplings  $|\lambda_{312}|$  versus  $|\lambda'_{311}|$  are also performed, see their Figure 8(a-b).

<sup>4</sup> AABOUD 18CM searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for heavy particles decaying into an  $e\mu$ ,  $e\tau$ ,  $\mu\tau$  final state. No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Limits are set on the mass of a stau neutrino with R-parity-violating couplings. For  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e\tau$ , masses below 2.9 TeV are excluded at 95% CL, see their Figure 5(b). Upper limits on the RPV couplings  $|\lambda_{313}|$  versus  $|\lambda'_{311}|$  are also performed, see their Figure 8(c).

- <sup>5</sup> AABOUD 18CM searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for heavy particles decaying into an  $e\mu$ ,  $e\tau$ ,  $\mu\tau$  final state. No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Limits are set on the mass of a stau neutrino with R-parity-violating couplings. For  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow \mu\tau$ , masses below 2.6 TeV are excluded at 95% CL, see their Figure 6(b). Upper limits on the RPV couplings  $|\lambda_{323}|$  versus  $|\lambda_{311}'|$  are also performed, see their Figure 8(d).
- <sup>6</sup> AABOUD 18Z searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing four or more charged leptons (electrons, muons and up to two hadronically decaying taus). No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Limits are set on the Higgsino mass in simplified models of general gauge mediated supersymmetry Tn1n1A/Tn1n1B/Tn1n1C, see their Figure 9. Limits are also set on the wino, slepton, sneutrino and gluino mass in a simplified model of NLSP pair production with R-parity violating decays of the LSP via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  to charged leptons, see their Figure 7, 8.

<sup>7</sup>SIRUNYAN 18AT searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for heavy resonances decaying into  $e\mu$  final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectation is observed and 95% C.L. exclusions are placed on the cross section times branching ratio for the R-parity-violating production and decay of a supersymmetric tau sneutrino, see their Fig. 3.

<sup>8</sup>AABOUD 16P searched in 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with different flavour dilepton pairs ( $e\mu$ ,  $e\tau$ ,  $\mu\tau$ ) from the production of  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  via an RPV  $\lambda'_{311}$ 

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coupling and followed by a decay via  $\lambda_{312} = \lambda_{321} = 0.07$  for  $e + \mu$ , via  $\lambda_{313} = \lambda_{331} = 0.07$  for  $e + \tau$  and via  $\lambda_{323} = \lambda_{332} = 0.07$  for  $\mu + \tau$ . No evidence for a dilepton resonance over the SM expectation is observed, and limits are derived on  $m_{\widetilde{\nu}}$  at 95% CL, see their Figs. 2(b), 3(b), 4(b), and Table 3.

- <sup>9</sup> AAD 14X searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with at least four leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sneutrino mass in an R-parity violating simplified model where the decay  $\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu$ , takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 9. 10 AAD 11Z looked in 1.07 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with one electron
- <sup>10</sup> AAD 11Z looked in 1.07 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with one electron and one muon of opposite charge from the production of  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  via an RPV  $\lambda'_{311}$  coupling and followed by a decay via  $\lambda_{312}$  into  $e + \mu$ . No evidence for an  $(e, \mu)$  resonance over the SM expectation is observed, and a limit is derived in the plane of  $\lambda'_{311}$  versus  $m_{\tilde{\nu}}$ for three values of  $\lambda_{312}$ , see their Fig. 2. Masses  $m_{\tilde{\nu}} < 1.32$  (1.45) TeV are excluded for  $\lambda'_{311} = 0.10$  and  $\lambda_{312} = 0.05$  ( $\lambda'_{311} = 0.11$  and  $\lambda_{312} = 0.07$ ).
- <sup>11</sup> ABDALLAH 03M uses data from  $\sqrt{s} = 192-208$  GeV to obtain limits in the framework of the MSSM with gaugino and sfermion mass universality at the GUT scale. An indirect limit on the mass is derived by constraining the MSSM parameter space by the results from direct searches for neutralinos (including cascade decays) and for sleptons. These limits are valid for values of M<sub>2</sub> < 1 TeV,  $|\mu| \leq 1$  TeV with the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  as LSP. The quoted limit is obtained when there is no mixing in the third family. See Fig. 43 for the mass limits as a function of tan $\beta$ . These limits update the results of ABREU 00W.
- $^{12}$  HEISTER 02N derives a bound on  $m_{\widetilde{\nu}_e}$  by exploiting the mass relation between the  $\widetilde{\nu}_e$  and  $\widetilde{e}$ , based on the assumption of universal GUT scale gaugino and scalar masses  $m_{1/2}$  and  $m_0$  and the search described in the  $\widetilde{e}$  section. In the MSUGRA framework with radiative electroweak symmetry breaking, the limit improves to  $m_{\widetilde{\nu}_e} > 130$  GeV, assuming a trilinear coupling  $A_0{=}0$  at the GUT scale. See Figs. 5 and 7 for the dependence of the limits on tan $\beta$ .

 $^{13}\,\text{DECAMP}$  92 limit is from  $\Gamma(\text{invisible})/\Gamma(\ell\,\ell)$  = 5.91  $\pm$  0.15 (  $\textit{N}_{\nu}$  = 2.97  $\pm$  0.07).

- <sup>14</sup> SIRUNYAN 19AO searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing two same-sign muons and at last two jets, originating from resonant production of second-generation sleptons ( $\tilde{\mu}_L$ ,  $\tilde{\nu}_\mu$ ) via the R-parity violating coupling  $\lambda'_{211}$  to quarks. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Upper limits on cross sections are derived in the context of two simplified models, see their Figure 4. The cross section limits are translated into limits on  $\lambda'_{211}$  for a modified CMSSM, see their Figure 5.
- <sup>15</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16BE searched in 19.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for evidence of narrow resonances decaying into  $e\mu$  final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectation is observed and 95% C.L. exclusions are placed on the cross section times branching ratio for the production of an R-parity-violating supersymmetric tau sneutrino, see their Fig. 3.
- <sup>16</sup> AAD 150 searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for evidence of heavy particles decaying into  $e\mu$ ,  $e\tau$  or  $\mu\tau$  final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectation is observed, and 95% C.L. exclusions are placed on the cross section times branching ratio for the production of an *R*-parity-violating supersymmetric tau sneutrino, applicable to any sneutrino flavour, see their Fig. 2.
- 17 AAD 13AI searched in 4.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for evidence of heavy particles decaying into  $e\mu$ ,  $e\tau$  or  $\mu\tau$  final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectation is observed, and 95% C.L. exclusions are placed on the cross section times branching ratio for the production of an R-parity-violating supersymmetric tau sneutrino, see their Fig. 2. For couplings  $\lambda'_{311} = 0.10$  and  $\lambda_{i3k} = 0.05$ , the lower limits on the  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  mass are 1610, 1110, 1100 GeV in the  $e\mu$ ,  $e\tau$ , and  $\mu\tau$  channels, respectively.
- <sup>18</sup> AAD 11H looked in 35 pb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with one electron and one muon of opposite charge from the production of  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  via an RPV  $\lambda'_{311}$  coupling and followed by a decay via  $\lambda_{312}$  into  $e + \mu$ . No evidence for an excess over the SM expectation is observed, and a limit is derived in the plane of  $\lambda'_{311}$  versus  $m_{\tilde{\nu}}$  for several values of  $\lambda_{312}$ , see their Fig. 2. Superseded by AAD 11z.
- <sup>19</sup> AALTONEN 10Z searched in 1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV for events from the production  $d\overline{d} \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  with the subsequent decays  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau} \rightarrow e\mu$ ,  $\mu\tau$ ,  $e\tau$  in the MSSM framework with RPV. Two isolated leptons of different flavor and opposite charges are required, with  $\tau$ s identified by their hadronic decay. No statistically significant excesses are observed over the SM background. Upper limits on  $\lambda'_{311}^2$  times the branching ratio are listed in their Table III for various  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  masses. Limits on the cross section times branching ratio for  $\lambda'_{311} = 0.10$  and  $\lambda_{i3k} = 0.05$ , displayed in Fig. 2, are used to set limits on the  $\tilde{\nu}_{\tau}$  mass of 558 GeV for the  $e\mu$ , 441 GeV for the  $\mu\tau$  and 442 GeV for the  $e\tau$  channels.
- <sup>20</sup> ABAZOV 10M looked in 5.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$  TeV for events with exactly one pair of high  $p_T$  isolated  $e\mu$  and a veto against hard jets. No evidence for an excess over the SM expectation is observed, and a limit at 95% C.L. on the cross section times branching ratio is derived, see their Fig. 3. These limits are translated into limits

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on couplings as a function of  $m_{\widetilde{\nu}_\tau}$  as shown on their Fig. 4. As an example, for  $m_{\widetilde{\nu}_\tau}=$ 

100 GeV and  $\lambda_{312}$   $\leq$  0.07, couplings  $\lambda'_{311}$  > 7.7  $\times$  10<sup>-4</sup> are excluded.

<sup>21</sup> ABDALLAH 04H use data from LEP 1 and  $\sqrt{s} = 192-208$  GeV. They re-use results or re-analyze the data from ABDALLAH 03M to put limits on the parameter space of anomaly-mediated supersymmetry breaking (AMSB), which is scanned in the region  $1 < m_{3/2} < 50$  TeV,  $0 < m_0 < 1000$  GeV,  $1.5 < \tan\beta < 35$ , both signs of  $\mu$ . The constraints are obtained from the searches for mass degenerate chargino and neutralino, for SM-like and invisible Higgs, for leptonically decaying charginos and from the limit on non-SM Z width of 3.2 MeV. The limit is for  $m_t = 174.3$  GeV (see Table 2 for other  $m_t$  values). The limit improves to 114 GeV for  $\mu < 0$ .

 $^{22}\,\text{ADRIANI}$  93M limit from  $\Delta\Gamma(Z)(\text{invisible}) <$  16.2 MeV.

<sup>23</sup> ALEXANDER 91F limit is for one species of  $\tilde{\nu}$  and is derived from  $\Gamma(\text{invisible, new})/\Gamma(\ell\ell)$ < 0.38.

## Charged sleptons

This section contains limits on charged scalar leptons ( $\tilde{\ell}$ , with  $\ell = e, \mu, \tau$ ). Studies of width and decays of the Z boson (use is made here of  $\Delta\Gamma_{\rm inv}$  < 2.0 MeV, LEP 00) conclusively rule out  $m_{\tilde{\ell}_R}$  < 40 GeV (41

GeV for  $\tilde{\ell}_L$ ), independently of decay modes, for each individual slepton. The limits improve to 43 GeV (43.5 GeV for  $\tilde{\ell}_L$ ) assuming all 3 flavors to be degenerate. Limits on higher mass sleptons depend on model assumptions and on the mass splitting  $\Delta m = m_{\tilde{\ell}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ . The mass and composition

of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  may affect the selectron production rate in  $e^+e^-$  collisions through *t*-channel exchange diagrams. Production rates are also affected by the potentially large mixing angle of the lightest mass eigenstate  $\tilde{\ell}_1 = \tilde{\ell}_R \sin \theta_\ell + \tilde{\ell}_L \cos \theta_\ell$ . It is generally assumed that only  $\tilde{\tau}$  may have significant mixing. The coupling to the Z vanishes for  $\theta_\ell = 0.82$ . In the high-energy limit of  $e^+e^-$  collisions the interference between  $\gamma$  and Z exchange leads to a minimal cross section for  $\theta_\ell = 0.91$ , a value which is sometimes used in the following entries relative to data taken at LEP2. When limits on  $m_{\tilde{\ell}_R}$  are

quoted, it is understood that limits on  $m_{\widetilde{\ell}_L}$  are usually at least as strong.

Possibly open decays involving gauginos other than  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  will affect the detection efficiencies. Unless otherwise stated, the limits presented here result from the study of  $\tilde{\ell}^+ \tilde{\ell}^-$  production, with production rates and decay properties derived from the MSSM. Limits made obsolete by the recent analyses of  $e^+ e^-$  collisions at high energies can be found in previous Editions of this Review.

For decays with final state gravitinos ( $\tilde{G}$ ),  $m_{\tilde{G}}$  is assumed to be negligible relative to all other masses.

### R-parity conserving $\tilde{e}$ (Selectron) mass limit

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, *et al.* (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics **C38** 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

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VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046SE;CHECK LIMITS
none 130-700	95	<sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETY	.24N CMS	Combination, $\widetilde{e}  ightarrow e \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 1$	
>215	95	<sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETY	.24N CMS	$50 \text{ GeV}$ Combination, $\tilde{e} \rightarrow e \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , $\Delta m$ $(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 5 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>270	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	23M ATLS	2 $\ell$ , $\tilde{\ell}$ pair production, $m_{\tilde{e}_L} =$	OCCUR=2
> 90	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	23м ATLS	$\begin{split} & m_{\widetilde{e}_{R}}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0 \ \text{GeV} \\ & 2\ell, \ \widetilde{\ell} \ \text{pair production}, \ m_{\widetilde{e}_{L}} = \\ & m_{\widetilde{e}_{R}}, \ m_{\widetilde{e}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 26 \ \text{GeV} \end{split}$	OCCUR=3
>700	95	<sup>3</sup> SIRUNYAN	21M CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + \not\!\!\!E_T$ , $m_{\vec{\ell}_R} = m_{\vec{\ell}_L}$ and	
>700	95	<sup>4</sup> AAD		$ \begin{split} \widetilde{\ell} &= \widetilde{e}, \ \widetilde{\mu}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0 \ \text{GeV} \\ 2\ell + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>250	95	<sup>5</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AW CMS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>310	95	<sup>5</sup> SIRUNYAN		$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2

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>350	95	<sup>5</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AV	VCMS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3			
>290	95	<sup>5</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AV	VCMS	$ \begin{array}{c} \overset{=}{\ell^{\pm}} 0 \text{ GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4			
					$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0{ m GeV}$				
>400	95	<sup>5</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AV	VCMS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=5			
>450	95	<sup>5</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AV	VCMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}_{\mp}+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=6			
					$\widetilde{\ell} = \widetilde{e}, \ \widetilde{\mu}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \ { m GeV}$				
>500	95	<sup>6</sup> AABOUD	18bt	- ATLS	$2\ell + \not\!\!E_T, \ m_{\widetilde{\ell}_R}^{\sim 1} = m_{\widetilde{\ell}_L} \text{ and } \widetilde{\ell} = \widetilde{e}, \ \widetilde{\mu}, \ \widetilde{\tau} \text{ , with } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$				
>190	95	<sup>7</sup> AABOUD		ATLS	$2\ell \; ({ m soft}) +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$				
		<sup>8</sup> CHATRCHYAN	1140	CMC	$m_{\widetilde{e}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 5 \text{ GeV}'$ $\geq 3\ell^{\pm}, \widetilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \tau^{\mp} \tau^{\mp} \widetilde{G} \text{ sim-}$				
			114R	CMS	$\geq 3\ell^{\perp}, \ell \rightarrow \ell^{\perp} \tau^{\perp} \tau^{\perp} G$ sm- plified model, GMSB, stau (N)NLSP scenario				
		<sup>9</sup> AAD	<b>13</b> B	ATLS	$2\ell^{\pm}+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$				
> 97.5		<sup>10</sup> ABBIENDI	04	OPAL	$\widetilde{e}_{m{R}}$ , $\Delta m$ $>$ 11 GeV, $\left \mu ight $ $>$ 100 GeV, $ an eta=$ 1.5				
> 94.4		<sup>11</sup> ACHARD	04	L3	$\widetilde{e}_{R,\Delta m > 10} \text{ GeV},  \mu  > 200 \text{ GeV}, $ $\tan \beta > 2$				
> 71.3		<sup>11</sup> ACHARD	04	L3	$\tilde{e}_R$ , all $\Delta m$	OCCUR=2			
none 30–94	95	<sup>12</sup> ABDALLAH	<b>0</b> 3M	DLPH	$\Delta m$ >15 GeV, $\widetilde{e}^+_R \widetilde{e}^R$				
> 94	95	<sup>13</sup> ABDALLAH	03M	DLPH	$\widetilde{e}_{m{R}}$ , $1\leq  aneta\leq 40,~\Delta m>$ 10 GeV	OCCUR=2			
> 95	95	<sup>14</sup> HEISTER			$\Delta m > 15$ GeV, $\widetilde{e}_R^+ \widetilde{e}_R^-$				
> 73	95	<sup>15</sup> HEISTER	02N	ALEP	$\tilde{e}_R$ , any $\Delta m$				
>107	95	<sup>15</sup> HEISTER			$\widetilde{e}_L$ , any $\Delta m$	OCCUR=2			
• • • We do r	not use t		or ave	rages, fi	ts, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
>101	95	<sup>16</sup> AAD	201	ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} 2\ell \text{ (soft), jets, } E_T, \ \widetilde{e}_R \text{ only,} \\ m_{\widetilde{e}_R} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 7.5 \ \text{GeV} \end{array}$				
>169	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	201	ATLS	$ \begin{array}{c} 2\ell \text{ (soft), jets, } \mathcal{E}_T,  \widetilde{e}_L  \text{ only,} \\ m_{\widetilde{e}_L}^2 - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^2 = 7.1   \text{GeV} \end{array} $	OCCUR=2			
none 90–325	95	<sup>18</sup> AAD	14G	ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \widetilde{\ell\ell} \rightarrow  \ell^+  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0  \ell^-  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \text{ simplified} \\ \text{model, } m_{\widetilde{\ell}_I} = m_{\widetilde{\ell}_R},  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \end{array} $				
		<sup>19</sup> KHACHATRY.	141	CMS	$\widetilde{\ell} \to \ell \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , simplified model				
<sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETYAN 24N searched in up to 137 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for evidence of wino-like chargino-neutralino pairs, Higgsino-like neutralino pair production in a gauge-mediated SUSY breaking inspired scenario, a Higgsino-bino interpretation, and slepton pair production in a combination of a number of previously reported searches for SUSY in different final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ mass in the wino-bino models Tchi1n2E1,									
Tchi1n2E, and Tchi1n2I, see their Fig. 11, and on the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ in the higgsino-like GMSB models Tn1n1A, Tn1n1B, and Tn1n1C, see their Fig. 13. In addition, Fig. 14 shows the mass exclusion limit as a function of the branching fraction to the <i>H</i> boson. Limits are also set in a Higgsino-bino interpretation as in THinoBinoA, but also including leptonic decays, see their Fig. 15. Limits are also set on slepton ( $\tilde{e}$ , $\tilde{\mu}$ ) production with the decay $\tilde{\ell} \to \ell \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , see their Fig. 16.									
<sup>2</sup> AAD 23M	searched	in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$	collisi	ions at $_{ m V}$	$\sqrt{s}=$ 13 TeV for $\widetilde{\ell}^{\pm}$ pair production,	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=RA			
followed by $m_{\widetilde{\ell}^+} - m_{\widetilde{\ell}^+}$	y $\widetilde{\ell}^{\pm} \rightarrow \widetilde{\ell}_{0}^{\pm}$ is clo	$\ell^\pm \widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ in events se to the $W$ mass.	with t No s	wo lepto significar	ons. The focus is on models where nt excess above the Standard Model				
predictions	is obse	rved. Limits were	set o	n the $\widetilde{\ell}$	mass (assuming $\tilde{e} - \tilde{\mu}$ and $L - R$				

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predictions is observed. Limits were set on the  $\ell$  mass (assuming  $e - \mu$  and L - R degeneracy), as a function of  $m_{\chi_1^0}$ , see Figure 6. Limits were also derived for single  $\tilde{e}$  or  $\tilde{\mu}$ , and for L and R independently, see Figure 7. <sup>3</sup>SIRUNYAN 21M searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for supersymmetry in events with two opposite-sign same-flavor leptons (electrons, muons) and  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the simplified model Tglu4C, see their Figure 10, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  mass in Tchi1n2Fa, see their Figure 11, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  mass in Tn1n1C and Tn1n1B for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see their Figure 12. Limits are also set on the light squark mass for the simplified model Tsqk2A, on the sbottom mass in Tsbot3, see their Figure 13, and on the slepton mass in direct electroweak pair production of mass-degenerate left- and right-handed sleptons (selectrons and smuons), see their Figure 14.

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<sup>4</sup> AAD 200 reported on a search for electroweak production in models with charginos and sleptons decaying into final states with exactly two oppositely charged leptons and missing transverse momentum. A dataset of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> was used. Light-flavour sleptons $\tilde{e}$ and $\tilde{\mu}$ are constrained at 95% C.L. to have masses above 700 GeV for massless lightest neutralino, see their Fig. 7(c). Exclusion limits are also set for selectrons and smuons separately, considering either right- or left-handed components, by including only the di-electron and di-muon same-flavour signal regions defined in the search, see their Fig. 8.	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=NA
<sup>5</sup> SIRUNYAN 19AW searched in 35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for direct electroweak pair production of selectrons or smuons in events with two leptons (electrons or muons) of the opposite electric charge and same flavour, no jets and large $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the selectron mass assuming left-handed, right-handed or both left- and right-handed (mass degenerate) production, see their Figure 6. Similarly, limits are set on the smuon mass, see their Figure 7. Limits are also set on slepton masses under the assumption that the selectron and smuon are mass degenerate, see their Figure 5.	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=JA
<sup>6</sup> AABOUD 18BT searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos, chargino and next-to-lightest neutralinos and sleptons in events with two or three leptons (electrons or muons), with or without jets, and large missing transverse energy. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the slepton mass up to 500 GeV for massless $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , assuming degeneracy of $\tilde{e}$ , $\tilde{\mu}$ , and $\tilde{\tau}$ and exploiting the 2 $\ell$ signature, see their Figure 8(b).	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=GA
<sup>7</sup> AABOUD 18R searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for electroweak production in scenarios with compressed mass spectra in final states with two low-momentum leptons and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with the SM prediction. Results are interpreted in slepton pair production models with a fourfold degeneracy assumed in selectron and smuon masses. The $\tilde{e}$ masses are excluded up to 190 GeV for $m_{\tilde{e}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 5$ GeV. The exclusion limits extend down to mass splittings of 1 GeV, see their Fig. 11.	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=FA
<sup>8</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14R searched in 19.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events with at least three leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the slepton mass in a stau (N)NLSP simplified model (GMSB) where the decay $\tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \tau^{\pm} \tilde{G}$ takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 8.	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=K
<sup>9</sup> AAD 13B searched in 4.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV for sleptons decaying to a final state with two leptons ( <i>e</i> and $\mu$ ) and missing transverse energy. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Limits are derived in a simplified model of direct left-handed slepton pair production, where left-handed slepton masses between 85 and 195 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. for $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20$ GeV. See also Fig. 2(a). Exclusion limits are also derived in the phenomenological MSSM, see Fig. 3.	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=CD
<sup>10</sup> ABBIENDI 04 search for $\tilde{e}_R \tilde{e}_R$ production in acoplanar di-electron final states in the 183–208 GeV data. See Fig. 13 for the dependence of the limits on $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ and for the limit at tanβ=35 This limit supersedes ABBIENDI 00G.	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=AB
<sup>11</sup> ACHARD 04 search for $\tilde{e}_R \tilde{e}_L$ and $\tilde{e}_R \tilde{e}_R$ production in single- and acoplanar di-electron final states in the 192–209 GeV data. Absolute limits on $m_{\tilde{e}_R}$ are derived from a scan over the MSSM parameter space with universal GUT scale gaugino and scalar masses $m_{1/2}$ and $m_0$ , $1 \le \tan\beta \le 60$ and $-2 \le \mu \le 2$ TeV. See Fig. 4 for the dependence of the limits on $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ . This limit supersedes ACCIARRI 99W.	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=AC
<sup>12</sup> ABDALLAH 03M looked for acoplanar dielectron $+\not\!\!E$ final states at $\sqrt{s} = 189-208$ GeV. The limit assumes $\mu = -200$ GeV and $\tan\beta = 1.5$ in the calculation of the production cross section and B( $\tilde{e} \rightarrow e \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ). See Fig. 15 for limits in the $(m_{\tilde{e}_R}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})$ plane. These limits	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=AA
include and update the results of ABREU 01 <sup>13</sup> ABDALLAH 03M uses data from $\sqrt{s} = 192-208$ GeV to obtain limits in the framework of the MSSM with gaugino and sfermion mass universality at the GUT scale. An indirect limit on the mass is derived by constraining the MSSM parameter space by the results from direct searches for neutralinos (including cascade decays) and for sleptons. These limits are valid for values of $M_2 < 1$ TeV, $ \mu  \leq 1$ TeV with the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ as LSP. The quoted limit is obtained when there is no mixing in the third family. See Fig. 43 for the mass limits as a function of tan $\beta$ . These limits update the results of ABREU 00W.	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=AL
<sup>14</sup> HEISTER 02E looked for acoplanar dielectron $+ \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=HE
<sup>15</sup> HEISTER 02N search for $\tilde{e}_R \tilde{e}_L$ and $\tilde{e}_R \tilde{e}_R$ production in single- and acoplanar di-electron final states in the 183–208 GeV data. Absolute limits on $m_{\tilde{e}_R}$ are derived from a scan over the MSSM parameter space with universal GUT scale gaugino and scalar masses $m_{1/2}$ and $m_0$ , $1 \leq \tan\beta \leq 50$ and $-10 \leq \mu \leq 10$ TeV. The region of small $ \mu $ , where cascade decays are important, is covered by a search for $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_3^0$ in final states with leptons and possibly photons. Limits on $m_{\tilde{e}_L}$ are derived by exploiting the mass relation between the $\tilde{e}_L$ and $\tilde{e}_R$ , based on universal $m_0$ and $m_{1/2}$ . When the constraint from the mass limit of the lightest Higgs from HEISTER 02 is included, the bounds improve	NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=HN

to  $m_{\tilde{e}_R} > 77(75)$  GeV and  $m_{\tilde{e}_L} > 115(115)$  GeV for a top mass of 175(180) GeV. In the MSUGRA framework with radiative electroweak symmetry breaking, the limits improve further to  $m_{\tilde{e}_R} > 95$  GeV and  $m_{\tilde{e}_L} > 152$  GeV, assuming a trilinear coupling  $A_0 = 0$  at the GUT scale. See Figs. 4, 5, 7 for the dependence of the limits on  $tan\beta$ .

- $^{16}\,\mathrm{AAD}$  201 reported on ATLAS searches for slepton pair production in models with compressed mass spectra. A dataset of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb $^{-1}$  was used. Events with  $\not\!\!E_T$ , two same-flavour, opposite-charge, low-transverse-momentum leptons, and jets from initial-state radiation or characteristic of vector-boson fusion production are selected. Light-flavour sleptons  $\widetilde{e}$ and  $\widetilde{\mu}$  are constrained at 95% C.L. to have masses above 251 GeV for a mass splitting slepton  $-\widetilde{\chi}_1^0$  of 10 GeV, with constraints extending down to mass splittings of 550 MeV at the LEP slepton limits (73 GeV), see their Fig. 16(a). If only selectrons are considered, and  $\tilde{e} = \tilde{e}_R$ , masses below 101 GeV are excluded for mass splitting  $\tilde{e}_R$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  of 7.5 GeV. See their Fig. 16(b).
- $^{17}$  AAD 201 reported on ATLAS searches for slepton pair production in models with compressed mass spectra. A dataset of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}\,=\,13$  TeV corresponding to opposite-charge, low-transverse-momentum leptons, and jets from initial-state radiation or characteristic of vector-boson fusion production are selected. Light-flavour sleptons  $\widetilde{e}$ and  $\widetilde{\mu}$  are constrained at 95% C.L. to have masses above 251 GeV for a mass splitting slepton  $-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  of 10 GeV, with constraints extending down to mass splittings of 550 MeV at the LEP slepton limits (73 GeV). See their Fig. 16(a). If only selectron are considered, and  $\tilde{e} = \tilde{e}_L$ , masses below 169 GeV are excluded for mass splitting  $\tilde{e}_L$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  of 7.1 GeV. See their Fig. 16(b).
- $^{18}\,{\rm AAD}$  14G searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for electroweak production of slepton pairs, decaying to a final sate with two leptons (e and  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models of slepton pair production, see Fig. 8. An interpretation in the pMSSM is also given, see Fig. 10.
- $^{19}$  KHACHATRYAN 14I searched in 19.5 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for electroweak production of slepton pairs decaying to a final state with opposite-sign lepton pairs (e or  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models, see Fig. 18.

### R-partiy violating $\tilde{e}$ (Selectron) mass limit

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, et al. (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics C38 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046SEV;0
>1200	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	21Y	ATLS	$\geq$ 4 $\ell$ , $\lambda_{12k}$ $ eq$ 0, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$ 900	
	05	1	01.4		GeV (mass-degenerate $\tilde{\ell}_L$ and $\tilde{\nu}$ of all 3 generations)	
> 870	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	21Y	ATLS	$\geq$ 4 $\ell$ , $\lambda_{i33}~ eq$ 0, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$ 450	OCCUR=2
		2			GeV (mass-degenerate ${\widetilde \ell}_{m L}$ and ${\widetilde  u}$ of all 3 generations)	
>1065	95	<sup>2</sup> AABOUD	18Z	ATLS	$\geq$ 4 $\ell$ , $\lambda_{12k}$ $\neq$ 0, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$ 600	
. 700	05	<sup>2</sup> AABOUD	107		GeV (mass-degenerate left- handed sleptons and sneutrinos of all 3 generations)	
> 780	95	- AABOOD		ATLS	GeV (mass-degenerate left- handed sleptons and sneutrinos of all 3 generations)	OCCUR=2
> 410	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	14X	ATLS	$\geq 4\ell^{\pm},  \tilde{\ell} \to I \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0},  \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \to \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu$	
● ● ● We do	not use t	he following data	for av	erages, f	fits, limits, etc. • • •	
> 89	95	<sup>4</sup> ABBIENDI	04F	OPAL	е́L	
> 92	95	<sup>5</sup> ABDALLAH	04M	DLPH	$\widetilde{e}_{R}$ , indirect, $\Delta m$ >5 GeV	

<sup>1</sup>AAD 21Y searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for supersymmetry in events with four or more leptons (electrons, muons and tau-leptons). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations, indois and tai-leptons). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on Tchi1n12-GGM, and RPV models similar to Tchi1n21, Tglu1A (with q = u, d, s, c, b, with equal branching fractions), and  $\tilde{\ell}_L/\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow \ell/\nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (mass-degenerate  $\tilde{\ell}_L$  and  $\tilde{\nu}$  of all 3 generations), all with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu$  via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  (where  $i,k \in 1,2$ ), see their Figure 11

<sup>11.</sup> <sup>2</sup>AABOUD 18Z searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing four or more charged leptons (electrons, muons and up to two hadronically decaying taus). No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Limits are set on the Higgsino mass in simplified models of general gauge mediated supersymmetry Tn1n1A/Tn1n1B/Tn1n1C, see their Figure 9. Limits are also set on the wino, slepton,

NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=LA

NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=DA

NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=MA

NODE=S046SE;LINKAGE=CA

NODE=S046SEV NODE=S046SEV

CHECK LIMITS

NODE=S046SEV;LINKAGE=B

NODE=S046SEV;LINKAGE=A

NODE=S046SEV;LINKAGE=BA

NODE=S046SEV;LINKAGE=IA

NODE=S046SEV:LINKAGE=DH

sneutrino and gluino mass in a simplified model of NLSP pair production with R-parity violating decays of the LSP via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  to charged leptons, see their Figures 7, 8.

<sup>3</sup>AAD 14x searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with at least four leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the slepton mass in an R-parity violating simplified model where the decay  $\tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu$ , takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 9.

- <sup>4</sup> ABBIENDI 04F use data from  $\sqrt{s} = 189-209$  GeV. They derive limits on sparticle masses under the assumption of RPV with  $LL\overline{E}$  or  $LQ\overline{D}$  couplings. The results are valid for  $\tan\beta = 1.5$ ,  $\mu = -200$  GeV, with, in addition,  $\Delta m > 5$  GeV for indirect decays via  $LQ\overline{D}$ . The limit quoted applies to direct decays via  $LL\overline{E}$  or  $LQ\overline{D}$  couplings. For indirect decays, the limits on the  $\tilde{e}_R$  mass are respectively 99 and 92 GeV for  $LL\overline{E}$  and  $LQ\overline{D}$ couplings and  $m_{\tilde{\chi}0} = 10$  GeV and degrade slightly for larger  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  mass. Supersedes the results of ABBIENDI 00.
- results of ABDICIND 60. 5 ABDALLAH 04M use data from  $\sqrt{s} = 192-208$  GeV to derive limits on sparticle masses under the assumption of RPV with  $LL\overline{E}$  or  $\overline{UDD}$  couplings. The results are valid for  $\mu$  = -200 GeV,  $\tan\beta = 1.5$ ,  $\Delta m \ge 5$  GeV and assuming a BR of 1 for the given decay. The limit quoted is for indirect  $\overline{UDD}$  decays using the neutralino constraint of 39.5 GeV for  $LL\overline{E}$  and of 38.0 GeV for  $\overline{UDD}$  couplings, also derived in ABDALLAH 04M. For indirect decays via  $LL\overline{E}$  the limit improves to 95 GeV if the constraint from the neutralino is used and to 94 GeV if it is not used. For indirect decays via  $\overline{UDD}$  couplings it remains unchanged when the neutralino constraint is not used. Supersedes the result of ABREU 00U.

TECN COMMENT

## R-parity conserving $\tilde{\mu}$ (Smuon) mass limit

DOCUMENT ID

VALUE (GeV) CL%

NODE=S046SMU NODE=S046SMU;CHECK LIMITS

VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL %</u>	DOCOMENT ID			NODL-30403100,CILC
none 130–700	95	<sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETY	.24N CM	5 Combination, $\tilde{\mu} \rightarrow \mu \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} < 50 \text{ GeV}$	
>215	95	<sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETY	.24N CM	S Combination, $\widetilde{\mu}  ightarrow \mu \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , $\Delta$ m	OCCUR=2
none 220-460	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	23cr ATL	$\widetilde{\mu}_{L,R}$ pair production with	
				$\widetilde{\mu}_{L,R}  ightarrow \mu \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}  ightarrow b + \ell/ u + t/b \text{ via } \lambda'_{i33} \text{ coupling}$	
>240	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	23M ATL		
> 90	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	23M ATL	S $2\ell, \tilde{\ell}$ pair production, $m_{\tilde{\mu}_L} = m_{\tilde{\mu}_R}, m_{\tilde{\mu}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 32 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>700	95	<sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN	21M CM	5 $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 150	05	<sup>5</sup> AAD	201 471	$\tilde{\ell} = \tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
>150	95	* AAD	201 ATL	S $2\ell$ (soft), jets, $\not \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>216	95	<sup>6</sup> AAD	201 ATL	$m_{\widetilde{\mu}_{I}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{0}} = 10 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>700	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	200 ATL		
>210	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AW CM	5 $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>280	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AW CM	$\delta  \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>290	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AW CM	$ \begin{array}{cc} 5 & \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>400	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AW CM	5 $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + \not\!\!\!E_T, \ \widetilde{\ell}_R \text{ and } \ell^{\pm} = \widetilde{e}, \ \widetilde{\mu}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$ 5 $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + \not\!\!\!\!E_T, \ \widetilde{\ell}_l \text{ and } \widetilde{\ell} = \widetilde{e}, \ \widetilde{\mu}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=4
>450	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AW CM	5 $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + E_T$ , $m_{\widetilde{\ell}_R} = m_{\widetilde{\ell}_L}$ and	OCCUR=5
>310	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AW CM	$ \widetilde{\ell} = \widetilde{e}, \ \widetilde{\mu}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0 \ \text{GeV} $ $ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + \mathcal{B}_{T}, \ m_{\widetilde{\mu}_{R}} = m_{\widetilde{\mu}_{L}}, $ $ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0 \ \text{GeV} $	OCCUR=6
>190	95	<sup>9</sup> AABOUD	18r ATL		
		<sup>10</sup> CHATRCHYAN	114R CM		

$$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 1 \ ACD & 13 \ ATLS & 2r^{L} + E_{T}, SAS, pMSSM \\ > 91.0 \ Translow (1) \ Fright, (1) \ Production (1) \ Fright, (1) \ Production (1) \ Fright, (1) \ Production ($$

and  $\widetilde{\mu}$  are constrained at 95% C.L. to have masses above 251 GeV for a mass splitting slepton $-\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  of 10 GeV, with constraints extending down to mass splittings of 550 MeV at the LEP slepton limits (73 GeV). See their Fig. 16(a). If only smuon are considered, and  $\tilde{\mu} = \tilde{\mu}_L$ , masses below 216 GeV are excluded for mass splitting  $\tilde{\mu}_L$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  of 10 GeV. See their Fig. 16(b).  $^7\,\mathrm{AAD}$  200 reported on a search for electroweak production in models with charginos NODE=S046SMU;LINKAGE=P and sleptons decaying into final states with exactly two oppositely charged leptons and missing transverse momentum. A dataset of p p collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> was used. Light-flavour sleptons  $\tilde{e}$  and  $\tilde{\mu}$  are constrained at 95% C.L. to have masses above 700 GeV for massless lightest neutralino, see their Fig. 7(c). Exclusion limits are also set for selectrons and smuons separately, considering either right- or left-handed components, by including only the di-electron and di-muon same-flavour signal regions defined in the search, see their Fig. 8.  $^8$  SIRUNYAN 19AW searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for direct NODE=S046SMU;LINKAGE=M electroweak pair production of selectrons or smuons in events with two leptons (electrons or muons) of the opposite electric charge and same flavour, no jets and large  ${\it E}_T.$  No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the selectron mass assuming left-handed, right-handed or both left- and right-handed (mass degenerate) production, see their Figure 6. Similarly, limits are set on the smuon mass, see their Figure 7. Limits are also set on slepton masses under the assumption that the selectron and smuon are mass degenerate, see their Figure 5. <sup>9</sup>AABOUD 18R searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *p p* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for electroweak pro-NODE=S046SMU;LINKAGE=K duction in scenarios with compressed mass spectra in final states with two low-momentum leptons and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with the SM prediction. Results are interpreted in slepton pair production models with a fourfold degeneracy assumed in selectron and smuon masses. The  $\tilde{\mu}$  masses are excluded up to 190 GeV for  $m_{\widetilde{\mu}}-m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$  5 GeV. The exclusion limits extend down to mass splittings of 1 GeV, see their Fig. 11.  $^{10}\,\mathrm{CHATRCHYAN}$  14R searched in 19.5 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for events NODE=S046SMU;LINKAGE=G with at least three leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the slepton mass in a stau (N)NLSP simplified model (GMSB) where the decay  $\tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \tau^{\pm} \tau^{\mp} \tilde{G}$ takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 8. <sup>11</sup> AAD 13B searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for sleptons decaying to a NODE=S046SMU;LINKAGE=CD final state with two leptons (e and  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse energy. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Limits are derived in a simplified model of direct left-handed slepton pair production, where left-handed slepton masses between 85 and 195 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. for  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}=$  20 GeV. See also Fig. 2(a). Exclusion limits are also derived in the phenomenological MSSM, see Fig. 3. <sup>12</sup>ABBIENDI 04 search for  $\tilde{\mu}_R \tilde{\mu}_R$  production in acoplanar di-muon final states in the 183–208 GeV data. See Fig. 14 for the dependence of the limits on  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  and for the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NODE=S046SMU:LINKAGE=AB limit at tan $\beta$ =35. Under the assumption of 100% branching ratio for  $\tilde{\mu}_R \rightarrow \mu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , the limit improves to 94.0 GeV for  $\Delta m >$  4 GeV. See Fig. 11 for the dependence of the limits on m $_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$  at several values of the branching ratio. This limit supersedes ABBIENDI 00G. <sup>13</sup>ACHARD 04 search for  $\tilde{\mu}_R \tilde{\mu}_R$  production in acoplanar di-muon final states in the 192–209 GeV data. Limits on  $m_{\tilde{\mu}_R}$  are derived from a scan over the MSSM param-NODE=S046SMU;LINKAGE=AC eter space with universal GUT scale gaugino and scalar masses  $m_{1/2}$  and  $m_0,~1\leq$ tan $eta\leq$  60 and  $-2\leq\mu\leq$  2 TeV. See Fig. 4 for the dependence of the limits on  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ This limit supersedes ACCIARRI 99W. <sup>14</sup> ABDALLAH 03M looked for acoplanar dimuon  $+\vec{E}$  final states at  $\sqrt{s} = 189-208$  GeV. The limit assumes  $B(\tilde{\mu} \rightarrow \mu \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100\%$ . See Fig. 16 for limits on the  $(m_{\tilde{\mu}_R}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})$ NODE=S046SMU:LINKAGE=AA plane. These limits include and update the results of ABREU 01.  $^{15}$  ABDALLAH 03M uses data from  $\sqrt{s}$  = 192–208 GeV to obtain limits in the framework NODE=S046SMU;LINKAGE=AL of the MSSM with gaugino and sfermion mass universality at the GUT scale. An indirect limit on the mass is derived by constraining the MSSM parameter space by the results from direct searches for neutralinos (including cascade decays) and for sleptons. These limits are valid for values of M\_2 < 1 TeV,  $|\mu| \leq$  1 TeV with the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  as LSP. The quoted limit is obtained when there is no mixing in the third family. See Fig. 43 for the mass limits as a function of  $tan\beta$ . These limits update the results of ABREU 00W. NODE=S046SMU;LINKAGE=HE between 183 and 209 GeV. The mass limit assumes B( $\tilde{\mu} \rightarrow \mu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ )=1. See their Fig. 4 for the dependence of the limit on  $\Delta m$ . These limits include and update the results of BARATE 01 <sup>17</sup>AABOUD 18BT searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct elec-NODE=S046SMU;LINKAGE=L troweak production of charginos, chargino and next-to-lightest neutralinos and sleptons in events with two or three leptons (electrons or muons), with or without jets, and large missing transverse energy. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the slepton mass up to 500 GeV for massless  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ , assuming

degeneracy of  $\tilde{e}$ ,  $\tilde{\mu}$ , and  $\tilde{\tau}$  and exploiting the  $2\ell$  signature, see their Figure 8(b).

pairs (e or  $\mu$ ) and missing transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models, see Fig. 18. <sup>20</sup> ABREU 00V use data from  $\sqrt{s}$  = 130–189 GeV to search for tracks with large impact pa-NODE=S046SMU;LINKAGE=VU rameter or visible decay vertices. Limits are obtained as function of  $m_{\widetilde{C}}$ , after combining these results with the search for slepton pair production in the SUGRA framework from ABREU 01 to cover prompt decays and on stable particle searches from ABREU 00Q. For limits at different  $m_{\widetilde{G}}$ , see their Fig. 12. R-parity violating  $\widetilde{\mu}$  (Smuon) mass limit NODE=S046SMV NODE=S046SMV;CHECK LIMITS VALUE (GeV) CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT <sup>1</sup> AAD none 120-645 95 22E ATLS  $t \tilde{\mu}_L$  production, RPV,  $\tilde{\mu}_L \rightarrow$ 22E ATLS  $\mu_L$  production,  $\mu \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \lambda'_{231} = 1, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV.}$ 21Y ATLS  $\geq 4\ell, \lambda_{12k} \neq 0, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 900$ <sup>2</sup> AAD >1200 95 GeV (mass-degenerate  $\widetilde{\ell}_L$  and  $\widetilde{\nu}$ of all 3 generations)  $\geq 4\ell, \lambda_{i33} \neq 0, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 450$ <sup>2</sup> AAD 21Y ATLS OCCUR=2 > 870 95 GeV (mass-degenerate  $\widetilde{\ell}_L$  and  $\widetilde{\nu}$  of all 3 generations)  $\geq 4\ell$ ,  $\lambda_{i33} \neq 0$ ,  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ 18z ATLS <sup>3</sup> AABOUD > 780 95 (mass-degenerate left-handed sleptons and sneutrinos of all 3 generations) <sup>3</sup> AABOUD  $\geq$  4 $\ell$ ,  $\lambda_{12k} 
eq$  0,  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$ =600 GeV >1060 95 18z ATLS OCCUR=2 (mass-degenerate left-handed sleptons and sneutrinos of all 3 generations) <sup>4</sup> AAD 14x ATLS RPV,  $\geq 4\ell^{\pm}$ ,  $\tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow$ 410 95  $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}\nu$ • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • 19A0  $\mu^{\pm} \mu^{\pm} + \geq 2 \text{jets}, \lambda'_{211} \neq 0,$   $\tilde{\mu}_{L} \rightarrow \mu \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \mu q \overline{q}$ 04M DLPH RPV,  $\tilde{\mu}_{R}$ , indirect,  $\Delta m > 5 \text{ GeV}$ <sup>5</sup> SIRUNYAN <sup>6</sup> ABDALLAH 87 >95 <sup>7</sup> HEISTER 03G ALEP RPV,  $\tilde{\mu}_L$ 81 95  $^1 \, {\rm AAD}$  22E searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p \, p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for supersymmetry by NODE=S046SMV;LINKAGE=D measuring the yield asymmetry between events containing  $e^-\mu^+$  and those containing  $e^+\mu^-$ . This was found in agreement with the standard model prediction of 1. Limits are set on the RPV production of  $t \tilde{\mu}_L$  events with  $\tilde{\mu}_L \rightarrow \mu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  for various values of  $\lambda'_{231}$ , see their figures 6 and 7.  $^2$ AAD 21Y searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for supersymmetry NODE=S046SMV;LINKAGE=C in events with four or more leptons (electrons, muons and tau-leptons). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on Tchi1n12-GGM, and RPV models similar to Tchi1n2l, Tglu1A (with q = u, d, s, c, b, with equal branching fractions), and  $\tilde{\ell}_L/\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow \ell/\nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (mass-degenerate  $\tilde{\ell}_L$  and  $\tilde{\nu}$  of all 3 generations), all with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu$  via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  (where  $i, k \in 1, 2$ ), see their Figure 11 <sup>11.</sup> <sup>3</sup>AABOUD 18Z searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events contain-NODE=S046SMV;LINKAGE=A ing four or more charged leptons (electrons, muons and up to two hadronically decaying taus). No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Limits are set on the Higgsino mass in simplified models of general gauge mediated supersymmetry Tn1n1A/Tn1n1B/Tn1n1C, see their Figure 9. Limits are also set on the wino, slepton, sneutrino and gluino mass in a simplified model of NLSP pair production with R-parity violating decays of the LSP via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  to charged leptons, see their Figures 7, 8. <sup>4</sup>AAD 14X searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with at NODE=S046SMV;LINKAGE=H least four leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the slepton mass in an R-parity violating simplified model where the decay  $\tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu$ , takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 9. <sup>5</sup>SIRUNYAN 19AO searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events con-NODE=S046SMV:LINKAGE=B taining two same-sign muons and at last two jets, originating from resonant production of

$^{18}$ AAD 14G searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=$ 8 TeV for electroweak pro-
duction of slepton pairs, decaying to a final sate with two leptons (e and $\mu$ ) and missing
transverse momentum. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed.
Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models of slepton pair production, see Fig. 8.
An interpretation in the pMSSM is also given, see Fig. 10.

 $^{19}\,\rm KHACHATRYAN$  14I searched in 19.5 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for electroweak production of slepton pairs decaying to a final state with opposite-sign lepton

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second-generation sleptons ( $\tilde{\mu}_L$ ,  $\tilde{\nu}_\mu$ ) via the R-parity violating coupling  $\lambda'_{211}$  to quarks. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Upper limits

on cross sections are derived in the context of two simplified models, see their Figure 4. The cross section limits are translated into limits on  $\lambda'_{211}$  for a modified CMSSM, see their Figure 5.

<sup>6</sup> ABDALLAH 04M use data from  $\sqrt{s} = 192-208$  GeV to derive limits on sparticle masses under the assumption of RPV with  $LL\overline{E}$  or  $\overline{UDD}$  couplings. The results are valid for  $\mu$ = -200 GeV,  $\tan\beta = 1.5$ ,  $\Delta m > 5$  GeV and assuming a BR of 1 for the given decay. The limit quoted is for indirect  $\overline{UDD}$  decays using the neutralino constraint of 39.5 GeV for  $LL\overline{E}$  and of 38.0 GeV for  $\overline{UDD}$  couplings, also derived in ABDALLAH 04M. For indirect decays via  $LL\overline{E}$  the limit improves to 90 GeV if the constraint from the neutralino is used and remains at 87 GeV if it is not used. For indirect decays via  $\overline{UDD}$ couplings it degrades to 85 GeV when the neutralino constraint is not used. Supersedes \_ the result of ABREU 00U.

<sup>7</sup> HEISTER 03G searches for the production of smuons in the case of RPV prompt decays with  $LL\overline{E}$ ,  $LQ\overline{D}$  or  $\overline{UDD}$  couplings at  $\sqrt{s} = 189-209$  GeV. The search is performed for direct and indirect decays, assuming one coupling at a time to be non-zero. The limit holds for direct decays mediated by RPV  $LQ\overline{D}$  couplings and improves to 90 GeV for indirect decays (for  $\Delta m > 10$  GeV). Limits are also given for  $LL\overline{E}$  direct ( $m_{\widetilde{\mu}R} > 10$ 

87 GeV) and indirect decays ( $m_{\tilde{\mu}R} > 96$  GeV for  $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 23$  GeV from BARATE 98s) and for  $\overline{UDD}$  indirect decays ( $m_{\tilde{\mu}R} > 85$  GeV for  $\Delta m > 10$  GeV). Supersedes the results from BARATE 01B.

### R-parity conserving $\tilde{\tau}$ (Stau) mass limit

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, *et al.* (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics **C38** 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

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VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT		NODE=S046STA;CHECK LIMITS
>500	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24aj ATLS	2 hadronic $ au+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		
				$ au \widetilde{\chi}_1^{m 0}$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{m 0}} = 1$ GeV		
none 80–425	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24aj ATLS	2 hadronic $\tau + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		OCCUR=2
				$ au \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1 \ { m GeV}$	-	
none 100–350	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24aj ATLS	2 hadronic $ au +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	1	OCCUR=3
	50	1012	2.0.0 / 0.1 20	$\tau \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 1 \text{ GeV}$	•	
>400	95	<sup>2</sup> TUMASYAN	23AG CMS	2 hadronic $\stackrel{\scriptstyle \sim_1}{ au}+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		
				$ au \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1 \ { m GeV}$		
none 115–340	95	<sup>2</sup> TUMASYAN	23AG CMS	2 hadronic $\tau + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		OCCUR=2
10110 113-540	95	TOWASTAN		$\tau \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 1 \text{ GeV}$		00001-2
none 120–390	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	20н	2 hadronic $ au^{ imes_1} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		
				$ au \widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0$ GeV		
none 90–150	95	<sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN	20P CMS	$2 \tau + \not\!\!\!E_T, \tau_h \tau_h \text{ and } \ell \tau_h, m_{\widetilde{\tau}_R} = m_{\widetilde{\tau}_L}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1 \text{ GeV}$		
> 85.2		<sup>5</sup> ABBIENDI	04 OPAL	$\Delta m >$ 6 GeV, $ heta_{ au} = \pi/2$ , $ \mu  >$ 100 GeV, tan $eta =$ 1.5		
> 78.3		<sup>6</sup> ACHARD	04 L3	$\Delta m~>15$ GeV, $ heta_{ au}{=}\pi/2$ ,		
> 81.9	95	<sup>7</sup> ABDALLAH		$ig \muig >$ 200 GeV,tan $eta\geq$ 2 $\Delta m>$ 15 GeV, all $ heta_{ au}$		
> 79	95 95	<sup>8</sup> HEISTER		$\Delta m > 15$ GeV, $an \sigma_{\tau}$ $\Delta m > 15$ GeV, $\theta_{\tau} = \pi/2$		
> 76	95	<sup>8</sup> HEISTER		$\Delta m > 15 \text{ GeV}, \ \theta_{\tau} = 0.91$ $\Delta m > 15 \text{ GeV}, \ \theta_{\tau} = 0.91$		OCCUR=2
		e following data for		,		
>500	95	<sup>9</sup> AABOUD				
2000	50	1	100171120	$2\ell + E_T, \ m_{\tilde{\ell}_R} = m_{\tilde{\ell}_L}, \ \tilde{\ell} = \tilde{e}, \ \tilde{\mu}, \ \tilde{\tau}, \\ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \ \text{GeV}$		
		<sup>10</sup> KHACHATRY		$2 \tau + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		
none 109	95	<sup>11</sup> AAD	16AA ATLS	0 GeV 2 hadronic $ au+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		
				$ au \widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0$ GeV		
		<sup>12</sup> AAD	12AF ATLS	$2 au + jets + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		
		<sup>13</sup> AAD		$\geq 1 au_{h} + jets +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		
		<sup>14</sup> AAD		$\geq 1 au + \text{jets} + E_T$ , GMSB		
> 87.4	95	<sup>15</sup> ABBIENDI		$\widetilde{\tau}_{R} \rightarrow \tau \widetilde{G}$ , all $\tau (\widetilde{\tau}_{R})$		
> 68	95	<sup>16</sup> ABDALLAH		AMSB, $\mu > 0$		
none $m_{ au}^{}-$ 26.3	95	<sup>7</sup> ABDALLAH	03M DLPH	$\Delta m > m_{ au}$ , all $ heta_{ au}$		OCCUR=2

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<sup>1</sup> AAD 24AJ searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at \sqrt{s} = 13 TeV for evidence of direct stau pair production, or electroweakino pair production with decay via an intermediate stau, in events with two taus decaying hadronically (including a same-charge channel), no b-jets and moderate \not{E}_T, using a BDT for the direct stau search and a more traditional cut-and-count selection for the electroweakino search. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in models of direct stau production \tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \tau \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\tau}_L, \tilde{\tau}_R or degenerate production. Limits are also set in models of pair production of charginos (Tchich1D) or of charginos and neutralinos (Tchi1n2D) followed by the decay via intermediate staus, or (for the latter) via W h (Tchi1n2E). See their figures 12, 14 and 16.
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- <sup>2</sup>TUMASYAN 23AG searched in 138 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for or direct pair production of tau sleptons in events with two hadronically decaying tau leptons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of the tau slepton in models with  $\tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \tau \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  for mass-degenerate, pure left-handed and pure right-handed tau sleptons, see their figures 4–7. Limits are also set for the maximally mixed scenario with long-lived tau sleptons and  $\tilde{\tau}$  lifetimes of 0.01 mm to 2.5 mm, see their figure 8.
- <sup>4</sup>SIRUNYAN 20P searched in 77.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct pair production of tau sleptons in events with a tau lepton pair and significant missing transverse momentum. Final states with two double hadronic decay of the tau leptons are considered, as well as where one of the tau leptons decays into an electron or a muon. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stau mass in a simplified models where two tau sleptons are pair produced and decay to a tau lepton and the lightest neutralino, assuming either only left-handed stau production, see Figure 8, or assuming degenerate left- and right-handed stau production, see Figure 9.
- <sup>5</sup>ABBIENDI 04 search for  $\tilde{\tau}\tilde{\tau}$  production in acoplanar di-tau final states in the 183–208 GeV data. See Fig. 15 for the dependence of the limits on  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  and for the limit  $\chi_1^0$

at tan $\beta$ =35. Under the assumption of 100% branching ratio for  $\tilde{\tau}_R \rightarrow \tau \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , the limit improves to 89.8 GeV for  $\Delta m > 8$  GeV. See Fig. 12 for the dependence of the limits on  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  at several values of the branching ratio and for their dependence on  $\theta_{\tau}$ . This limit supersedes ABBIENDI 00G.

- <sup>6</sup> ACHARD 04 search for  $\tilde{\tau}\tilde{\tau}$  production in acoplanar di-tau final states in the 192–209 GeV data. Limits on  $m_{\tilde{\tau}_R}$  are derived from a scan over the MSSM parameter space with universal GUT scale gaugino and scalar masses  $m_{1/2}$  and  $m_0$ ,  $1 \leq \tan\beta \leq 60$  and  $-2 \leq \mu \leq 2$  TeV. See Fig. 4 for the dependence of the limits on  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ .

of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  mass and of the branching ratio. The limit in the low-mass region improves to 29.6 and 31.1 GeV for  $\tilde{\tau}_R$  and  $\tilde{\tau}_L$ , respectively, at  $\Delta m > m_{\tau}$ . The limit in the high-mass region improves to 84.7 GeV for  $\tilde{\tau}_R$  and  $\Delta m > 15$  GeV. These limits include and update the results of ABREU 01.

- <sup>8</sup>HEISTER 02E looked for acoplanar ditau +  $\not\!\!E_T$  final states from  $e^+e^-$  interactions between 183 and 209 GeV. The mass limit assumes B( $\tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \tau \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ )=1. See their Fig. 4 for the dependence of the limit on  $\Delta m$ . These limits include and update the results of BARATE 01.
- <sup>9</sup> AABOUD 18BT searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos, chargino and next-to-lightest neutralinos and sleptons in events with two or three leptons (electrons or muons), with or without jets, and large missing transverse energy. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the slepton mass up to 500 GeV for massless  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , assuming degeneracy of  $\tilde{e}$ ,  $\tilde{\mu}$ , and  $\tilde{\tau}$  and exploiting the 2 $\ell$  signature, see their Figure 8(b).

mass constraints are set, see their Fig. 7.

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NODE=S046STA;LINKAGE=AB

NODE=S046STA;LINKAGE=AC

NODE=S046STA;LINKAGE=AA

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NODE=S046STA;LINKAGE=F

NODE=S046STA;LINKAGE=LS

NODE=S046STA;LINKAGE=GD

NODE=S046STA;LINKAGE=DA

the constraints being stronger for  $\tilde{\tau}_R$ . See their Fig. 12.

- $^{12}$  AAD 12AF searched in 2 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 7 TeV for events with two tau leptons, jets and large  $E_T$  in a GMSB framework. No significant excess above the expected background was found and an upper limit on the visible cross section for new phenomena is set. A 95% C.L. lower limit of 32 TeV on the mGMSB breaking scale  $\it \Lambda$  is set for  $M_{mess}=$  250 TeV,  $N_S=$  3,  $\mu~>$  0 and  $C_{qrav}=$  1, independent of tan $\beta$ .
- <sup>13</sup>AAD 12AG searched in 2.05 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with at least one hadronically decaying tau lepton, jets, and large  $\not\!\!\!E_T$  in a GMSB framework. No significant excess above the expected background was found and an upper limit on the visible cross section for new phenomena is set. A 95% C.L. lower limit of 30 TeV on the mGMSB breaking scale  $\Lambda$  is set for  $M_{mess} = 250$  TeV,  $N_S = 3$ ,  $\mu > 0$  and  $C_{grav}$ = 1, independent of tan $\beta$ . For large values of tan $\beta$ , the limit on  $\Lambda$  increases to 43 TeV.
- $^{14}$  AAD 12CM searched in 4.7 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}{=}7$  TeV for events with at least framework. No significant excess above the expected background was found and an upper limit on the visible cross section for new phenomena is set. A 95% C. L. lower limit of 54 TeV on the mGMSB breaking scale  $\Lambda$  is set for  $M_{mess}=$  250 TeV,  $N_{S}=$  3,  $\mu~>$  0 and  $C_{grav}=$  1, for tan $\beta~>$  20. Here the  $\widetilde{\tau}_{1}$  is the NLSP.
- $^{15}\mathrm{ABBIENDI}$  06B use 600 pb $^{-1}$  of data from  $\sqrt{s}$  = 189–209 GeV. They look for events from pair-produced staus in a GMSB scenario with  $\tilde{\tau}$  NLSP including prompt  $\tilde{\tau}$  decays charged particles. Limits on the cross-section are computed as a function of  $m(\tilde{\tau})$  and the lifetime, see their Fig. 7. The limit is compared to the  $\sigma \cdot BR^2$  from a scan over the GMSB parameter space.
- $^{16}\mathrm{ABDALLAH}$  04H use data from LEP 1 and  $\sqrt{s}$  = 192–208 GeV. They re-use results or re-analyze the data from ABDALLAH 03M to put limits on the parameter space of anomaly-mediated supersymmetry breaking (AMSB), which is scanned in the region 1<  $m_{3/2}$  <50 TeV, 0<  $m_0$  <1000 GeV, 1.5<tan $\beta$  <35, both signs of  $\mu$ . The constraints are obtained from the searches for mass degenerate chargino and neutralino, for SM-like and invisible Higgs, for leptonically decaying charginos and from the limit on non-SM Zwidth of 3.2 MeV. The limit is for  $m_t = 174.3$  GeV (see Table 2 for other  $m_t$  values). The limit improves to 75 GeV for  $\mu < 0$ .

### R-parity violating $\tilde{\tau}$ (Stau) mass limit

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, et al. (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics C38 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046STU;CHECK LIMIT
>1200	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	21Y	ATLS	$\geq$ 4 $\ell$ , $\lambda_{12k}~ eq$ 0, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$	
					900 GeV (mass-degenerate	
		-			$\widetilde{\ell}_L$ and $\widetilde{\nu}$ of all 3 generations)	
> 870	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	21Y	ATLS	$\geq ar{4\ell}$ , $\lambda_{i33}  eq$ 0, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} =$ 450	OCCUR=2
					GeV (mass-degenerate $\widetilde{\ell}_L$	
					and $\widetilde{ u}$ of all 3 generations)	
>1060	95	<sup>2</sup> AABOUD	18Z	ATLS	$\geq$ 4 $\ell$ , $\lambda_{12k}$ $ eq$ 0, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$ 600	
					GeV (mass-degenerate left-	
					handed sleptons and sneutri- nos of all 3 generations)	
> 780	95	<sup>2</sup> AABOUD	18z	ATLS		OCCUR=2
					GeV (mass-degenerate left-	
					handed sleptons and sneutri-	
		2			nos of all 3 generations)	
> 90	95	<sup>3</sup> ABDALLAH	04M	DLPH	$\widetilde{ au}_{m{R}}$ , indirect, $\Delta m$ >5 GeV	
• • • We do n	ot use the	following data for	r avera	ages, fits	, limits, etc. ● ● ●	
> 74	95	<sup>4</sup> ABBIENDI	04F	OPAL	$\widetilde{ au}_L$	

 $^1$  AAD 21Y searched in 139 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for supersymmetry in events with four or more leptons (electrons, muons and tau-leptons). No significant revenue with our or more leptons (electrons, muons and tableptons). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on Tchi1n12-GGM, and RPV models similar to Tchi1n21, Tglu1A (with q = u, d, s, c, b, with equal branching fractions), and  $\tilde{\ell}_L/\tilde{\nu} \rightarrow \ell/\nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (mass-degenerate  $\tilde{\ell}_L$  and  $\tilde{\nu}$  of all 3 generations), all with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu$  via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  (where  $i,k \in 1,2$ ), see their Figure 11

 $^{11.}_{2}$  AABOUD 18Z searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events containing four or more charged leptons (electrons, muons and up to two hadronically decaying taus). No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Limits are set on the Higgsino mass in simplified models of general gauge mediated supersymmetry Tn1n1A/Tn1n1B/Tn1n1C, see their Figure 9. Limits are also set on the wino, slepton, sneutrino and gluino mass in a simplified model of NLSP pair production with R-parity violating decays of the LSP via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  to charged leptons, see their Figures 7, 8.

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NODE=S046STU;LINKAGE=B

NODE=S046STU;LINKAGE=A

- <sup>3</sup>ABDALLAH 04M use data from  $\sqrt{s} = 192-208$  GeV to derive limits on sparticle masses under the assumption of RPV with  $LL\overline{E}$  couplings. The results are valid for  $\mu = -200$  GeV,  $\tan\beta = 1.5$ ,  $\Delta m > 5$  GeV and assuming a BR of 1 for the given decay. The limit quoted is for indirect decays using the neutralino constraint of 39.5 GeV, also derived in ABDALLAH 04M. For indirect decays via  $LL\overline{E}$  the limit decreases to 86 GeV if the constraint from the neutralino is not used. Supersedes the result of ABREU 00U.
- <sup>4</sup> ABBIENDI 04F use data from  $\sqrt{s} = 189-209$  GeV. They derive limits on sparticle masses under the assumption of RPV with  $LL\overline{E}$  or  $LQ\overline{D}$  couplings. The results are valid for  $\tan\beta = 1.5$ ,  $\mu = -200$  GeV, with, in addition,  $\Delta m > 5$  GeV for indirect decays via  $LQ\overline{D}$ . The limit quoted applies to direct decays with  $LL\overline{E}$  couplings and improves to 75 GeV for  $LQ\overline{D}$  couplings. The limit on the  $\tilde{\tau}_R$  mass for indirect decays is 92 GeV for  $LL\overline{E}$  couplings at  $m_{\tilde{\chi}0} = 10$  GeV and no exclusion is obtained for  $LQ\overline{D}$  couplings. Supersedes the results of ABBIENDI 00.

# Long-lived $\tilde{\ell}$ (Slepton) mass limit

Limits on scalar leptons which leave detector before decaying. Limits from Z decays are independent of lepton flavor. Limits from continuum  $e^+e^-$  annihilation are also independent of flavor for smuons and staus. Selectron limits from  $e^+e^-$  collisions in the continuum depend on MSSM parameters because of the additional neutralino exchange contribution.

VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046SLP;CHECK LIMITS
>520	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	23BQ ATLS	2 $\ell$ slightly displaced, long-lived $\widetilde{\mu}, \widetilde{\mu} \rightarrow \mu \widetilde{G}, \ m_{\widetilde{\mu}R} = m_{\widetilde{\mu}L}, \ \tau_{\widetilde{\mu}}$ = 10 ps	
>190	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	23BQ ATLS	2 $\ell$ slightly displaced, long-lived $\widetilde{\mu}, \widetilde{\mu} \rightarrow \mu \widetilde{G}, \ m_{\widetilde{\mu}R} = m_{\widetilde{\mu}L}, \ \tau_{\widetilde{\mu}}$ = 1 ps	OCCUR=2
none 220-360	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	23G ATLS	direct $\widetilde{ au}$ pair, $\widetilde{ au}  o \  au  \widetilde{ extsf{G}}$ , $ au \! = \! 10$ ns	
none 150–220	95	<sup>3</sup> TUMASYAN	23AG CMS	2 hadronic $\tau + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>610	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	22AF CMS	$\begin{array}{l} 2\ell \text{ displaced, long-lived } \widetilde{e}, \widetilde{e} \rightarrow \\ e  \widetilde{G},  m_{\widetilde{e}_R} = m_{\widetilde{e}_L},  c\tau = 0.7 \\ \text{cm} \end{array}$	OCCUR=2
>610	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	22AF CMS	2 $\ell$ displaced, long-lived $\tilde{\mu}, \tilde{\mu} \rightarrow \mu \tilde{G}, m_{\tilde{\mu}R} = m_{\tilde{\mu}L}, c\tau = 3 \text{ cm}$	OCCUR=4
>405	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	22AF CMS	$2\ell$ displaced, long-lived $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \tau  \tilde{G},  m_{\widetilde{\tau}_R} = m_{\widetilde{\tau}_L},  c\tau = 2 \text{ cm}$	OCCUR=6
>270	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	22af CMS	2 $\ell$ displaced, long-lived $\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell \tilde{G}, m_{\tilde{\ell}_R} = m_{\tilde{\ell}_L}, m_{\tilde{e}} = m_{\tilde{\mu}}$ = $m_{\tilde{\tau}}, 0.005 \text{ cm} < c\tau < 265 \text{ cm}$	OCCUR=7
>680	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	22AF CMS	2 $\ell$ displaced, long-lived $\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell \tilde{G}, m_{\tilde{\ell}_R} = m_{\tilde{\ell}_L}, m_{\tilde{e}} = m_{\tilde{\mu}}$ = $m_{\tilde{\tau}}, c\tau = 2 \text{ cm}$	OCCUR=8
>720	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	21al ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} 2\ell \text{ displaced, long-lived } \widetilde{e}, \widetilde{e} \rightarrow \\ e\widetilde{G}, \ m_{\widetilde{e}_R} = m_{\widetilde{e}_L}, \ \tau_{\widetilde{e}} = 0.1 \ \mathrm{ns} \end{array}$	
>680	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	21al ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} 2\ell \text{ displaced, long-lived } \widetilde{\mu}, \widetilde{\mu} \rightarrow \\ \mu  \widetilde{G}, \ m_{\widetilde{\mu}_R} = m_{\widetilde{\mu}_L}, \ \tau_{\widetilde{\mu}} = 0.1 \\ \mathrm{ns} \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
>340	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	21AL ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} 2\ell \text{ displaced, long-lived } \tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\tau} \rightarrow \\ \tau  \tilde{G}, \text{ mixing } \sin \theta_{\widetilde{\tau}} = 0.95,  \tau_{\widetilde{\tau}} \\ = 0.1 \text{ ns} \end{array}$	OCCUR=3
>820	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	21al ATLS	2 $\ell$ displaced, long-lived $\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \ell \tilde{G}, m_{\tilde{\ell}_R} = m_{\tilde{\ell}_L}, m_{\tilde{e}} = m_{\tilde{\mu}}$ = $m_{\tilde{\tau}}, \tau_{\tilde{\ell}} = 0.1 \text{ ns}$	OCCUR=4
>430	95	<sup>6</sup> AABOUD	19AT ATLS	long-lived $\widetilde{ au}$ , GMSB	
>490	95	<sup>(</sup> KHACHATRY.	16BWCMS	long-lived $\widetilde{ au}$ from inclusive pro- duction, mGMSB SPS line 7 scenario	
>240	95	<sup>7</sup> KHACHATRY.	16BWCMS	long-lived $\tilde{\tau}$ from direct pair pro- duction, mGMSB SPS line 7 scenario	OCCUR=2
>440	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	15AE ATLS	mGMSB, $M_{mess} = 250$ TeV, $N_5 = 3, \mu > 0, C_{grav} = 5000,$ tan $\beta = 10$	
>385	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	15AE ATLS	mGMSB, $M_{mess} = 250$ TeV, $N_5$ = 3, $\mu > 0$ , $C_{grav} = 5000$ , tan $\beta = 50$	OCCUR=2

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>286	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	15ΔΕ ΔΤΙ ς	direct $\widetilde{ au}$ production	OCCUR=3						
none 124–309	95 95	<sup>9</sup> AAIJ		long-lived $\tilde{\tau}$ , mGMSB, SPS7	00001-5						
> 98	95	<sup>10</sup> ABBIENDI	03L OPAL	$\tilde{\mu}_{R}, \tilde{\tau}_{R}$							
none 2-87.5	95	<sup>11</sup> ABREU	00Q DLPH	$\widetilde{\mu}_{R}, \widetilde{\tau}_{R}$							
> 81.2	95	<sup>12</sup> ACCIARRI	99H L3	$\tilde{\mu}_{R}, \tilde{\tau}_{R}$							
> 81	95	<sup>13</sup> BARATE	98K ALEP								
		e the following data f									
>300	95	<sup>14</sup> AAD <sup>15</sup> ABAZOV	13AA ATLS 13B D0	long-lived $\tilde{\tau}$ , GMSB, tan $\beta = 5$ –20 long-lived $\tilde{\tau}$ , 100 $< m_{\tilde{\tau}} <$ 300 GeV							
>339	95	<sup>16,17</sup> CHATRCHYA		long-lived $\tilde{\tau}$ , direct $\tilde{\tau}_1$ pair prod.,							
				minimal GMSB, SPS line 7							
>500	95	<sup>16,18</sup> CHATRCHYA		long-lived $\tilde{\tau}$ , $\tilde{\tau}_1$ from direct pair prod. and from decay of heav- ier SUSY particles, minimal GMSB, SPS line 7	OCCUR=2						
>314	95	<sup>19</sup> CHATRCHYA		long-lived τ̃, τ̃ <sub>1</sub> from decay of heavier SUSY particles, mini- mal GMSB, SPS line 7							
>136	95	<sup>20</sup> AAD		stable $\widetilde{ au}$ , GMSB scenario, tan $eta{=}5$							
long-lived $\widetilde{j}$ significant $m_{\widetilde{\mu}}$ as a fu $\widetilde{\mu}_L$ and $\widetilde{\mu}_R$	<sup>1</sup> AAD 23BQ searched in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for pair production of long-lived $\tilde{\mu}$ in events with muons with impact parameters in the millimeter range. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on $m_{\tilde{\mu}}$ as a function of the $\tilde{\mu}$ lifetime, assuming the $\tilde{\mu} \to \mu \tilde{G}$ decay and mass-degenerate $\tilde{\mu}_L$ and $\tilde{\mu}_R$ . See Figure 4.										
in events v excess abo mass as a	vith h ve th functi	igh-pt tracks with lar e Standard Model pro on of its lifetime, see	ge ionisation edictions is o Figure 19.	in the pixel detector. No significant bserved. Limits are set on the stau	NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=K						
pair produc significant the maxim to 2.5 mm models wit	excess ally n , see h $\tilde{\tau}$ –	of tau sleptons in ever s above the Standard nixed scenario with lo their figure 8. Limit $\tau \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ for mass-deger	nts with two h Model expect ng-lived tau is are also se	llisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for or direct adronically decaying tau leptons. No cations is observed. Limits are set for sleptons and $\tilde{\tau}$ lifetimes of 0.01 mm t on the mass of the tau slepton in eft-handed and pure right-handed tau	NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=J						
in $pp$ collis and $\mu\mu$ ) cl between 0. excess abo of the top $d\bar{\ell}$ , see the on a gauge a slepton a contains a BSM Higg	sleptons, see their figures 4–7. <sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN 22AF searched for evidence of new long-lived particles decaying to leptons in <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, corresponding to 118 (113) fb <sup>-1</sup> in the ee channel (eµ and µµ) channels. The leptons are required to have transverse impact parameter values between 0.01 and 10 cm and are not required to form a common vertex. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of the top squark in RPV models with top squark pair production and $\tilde{t} \rightarrow b\bar{\ell}$ and $\tilde{t} \rightarrow$ $d\bar{\ell}$ , see their Figure 4, which contains a wider range of lifetime limits. Limits are also set on a gauge-mediated SUSY breaking model, where the next-to-lightest SUSY particle is a slepton and the lightest SUSY particle a gravitino $\tilde{G}$ , see their Figure 5, which also contains a wider range of lifetime limits. Limits are also set in a model that produces BSM Higgs bosons ( <i>H</i> ) with a mass of 125 GeV through gluongluon fusion, where the <i>H</i> decays to two long-lived scalars <i>S</i> , each of which decays to two oppositely charged										
long-lived standa	slepto rd Mo	ns in events with high odel predictions is obse	nly displaced erved. Limits	$\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for pair production of leptons. No significant excess above are set on $m_{\tilde{e}}$ , $m_{\tilde{\mu}}$ , $m_{\tilde{\tau}}$ as a function cay and mass-degenerate $\tilde{\ell}_L$ and $\tilde{\ell}_R$ .	NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=H						
See Figure	s 2.										
stable <i>R</i> -ha to path len Standard N limits on lo direct prod	adron: gths o Aodel ong-liv uction	s. Multiple search stra of a few meters, are de background are observed stau in the contex n of staus are set at 4	ategies for a w efined. No sig rved. Results at of GMSB n 30 GeV, see t	Is at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for metastable and vide range of lifetimes, corresponding nificant deviations from the expected are interpreted in terms of exclusion models. Lower limits on the mass for their Fig. 10 (left).	NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=G						
<sup>7</sup> KHACHAT with heavy in the silicc evidence fo for pair pro inclusive pr (SPS) line	RYAI stabl on tra or an oducti roduct 7, see	N 16BW searched in 2. e charged particles, id cker and/or long time excess over the expe ion of tau sleptons as tion in a minimal GMS e Fig. 4 and Table 7.	5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> lentified by th e-of-flight me cted backgro a function o BB scenario al	collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events eir anomalously high energy deposits asurements by the muon system. No und is observed. Limits are derived f mass, depending on their direct or ong the Snowmass Points and Slopes	NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=E						
<sup>8</sup> AAD 15AE charged pa pixel detec excess of e	searc irticles tor or vents	hed in 19.1 fb $^{-1}$ of s, measured through t their time-of-flight in	their specific n the ALTAS	at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for heavy long-lived ionization energy loss in the ATLAS muon system. In the absence of an limits are set on stable $\tilde{\tau}$ sleptons in	NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=D						
<sup>9</sup> AAIJ 15BD of Drell-Ya	sear n pai	ched in 3.0 fb $^{-1}$ of r production of long-l	ived $\widetilde{ au}$ particl	at $\sqrt{s}=$ 7 and 8 TeV for evidence es. No evidence for such particles is ction of $\tilde{\tau}$ pair production are derived,	NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=F						

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NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=TC

NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=AA

see Fig. 7. In the mGMSB, assuming the SPS7 benchmark scenario  $\tilde{\tau}$  masses between 124 and 309 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L.

- <sup>10</sup> ABBIENDI 03L used  $e^+e^-$  data at  $\sqrt{s} = 130-209$  GeV to select events with two high momentum tracks with anomalous dE/dx. The excluded cross section is compared to the theoretical expectation as a function of the heavy particle mass in their Fig. 3. The limit improves to 98.5 GeV for  $\tilde{\mu}_L$  and  $\tilde{\tau}_L$ . The bounds are valid for colorless spin 0 particles with lifetimes longer than  $10^{-6}$  s. Supersedes the results from ACKERSTAFF 98P.
- <sup>11</sup>ABREU 00Q searches for the production of pairs of heavy, charged stable particles in  $e^+e^-$  annihilation at  $\sqrt{s}=$  130–189 GeV. The upper bound improves to 88 GeV for  $\tilde{\mu}_L$ ,  $\tilde{\tau}_L$ . These limits include and update the results of ABREU 98P.
- <sup>12</sup> ACCIARRI 99H searched for production of pairs of back-to-back heavy charged particles at  $\sqrt{s}$ =130–183 GeV. The upper bound improves to 82.2 GeV for  $\tilde{\mu}_I$ ,  $\tilde{\tau}_I$ .
- $^{13}$  The BARATE 98K mass limit improves to 82 GeV for  $\widetilde{\mu}_L, \widetilde{\tau}_L.$  Data collected at  $\sqrt{s}{=}161{-}184$  GeV.
- <sup>14</sup> AAD 13AA searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events containing long-lived massive particles in a GMSB framework. No significant excess above the expected background was found. A 95% C.L. lower limit of 300 GeV is placed on long-lived  $\tilde{\tau}$ 's in the GMSB model with  $M_{\eta ress} = 250$  TeV,  $N_S = 3$ ,  $\mu > 0$ , for tan $\beta = 5-20$ . The lower limit on the GMSB breaking scale  $\Lambda$  was found to be 99–110 TeV, for tan $\beta$  values between 5 and 40, see Fig. 4 (top). Also, directly produced long-lived sleptons, or sleptons decaying to long-lived ones, are excluded at 95% C.L. up to a  $\tilde{\tau}$  mass of 278 GeV for models with slepton splittings smaller than 50 GeV.
- $^{15}$  ABAZOV 13B looked in 6.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  1.96 TeV for charged massive long-lived particles in events with muon-like particles that have both speed and ionization energy loss inconsistent with muons produced in beam collisions. In the absence of an excess, limits are set at 95% C.L. on the production cross section of stau leptons in the mass range 100–300 GeV, see their Table 20 and Fig. 23.
- <sup>16</sup>CHATRCHYAN 13AB looked in 5.0 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV and in 18.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with heavy stable particles, identified by their anomalous dE/dx in the tracker or additionally requiring that it be identified as muon in the muon chambers, from pair production of  $\tilde{\tau}_1$ 's. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Supersedes CHATRCHYAN 12L.
- <sup>17</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13AB limits are derived for pair production of  $\tilde{\tau}_1$  as a function of mass in minimal GMSB scenarios along the Snowmass Points and Slopes (SPS) line 7 (see Fig. 8 and Table 7). The limit given here is valid for direct pair  $\tilde{\tau}_1$  production.
- <sup>18</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13AB limits are derived for the production of  $\tilde{\tau}_1$  as a function of mass in minimal GMSB scenarios along the Snowmass Points and Slopes (SPS) line 7 (see Fig. 8 and Table 7). The limit given here is valid for the production of  $\tilde{\tau}_1$  from both direct pair production and from the decay of heavier supersymmetric particles.
- <sup>19</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12L looked in 5.0 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with heavy stable particles, identified by their anomalous dE/dx in the tracker or additionally requiring that it be identified as muon in the muon chambers, from pair production of  $\tilde{\tau}_1$ 's. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived for the production of  $\tilde{\tau}_1$  as a function of mass in minimal GMSB scenarios along the Snowmass Points and Slopes (SPS) line 7 (see Fig. 3). The limit given here is valid for the production of  $\tilde{\tau}_1$  in the decay of heavier supersymmetric particles.
- <sup>20</sup> AAD 11P looked in 37 pb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} =$  7 TeV for events with two heavy stable particles, reconstructed in the Inner tracker and the Muon System and identified by their time of flight in the Muon System. No evidence for an excess over the SM expectation is observed. Limits on the mass are derived, see Fig. 3, for  $\tilde{\tau}$  in a GMSB scenario and for sleptons produced by electroweak processes only, in which case the limit degrades to 110 GeV.

## $\tilde{q}$ (Squark) mass limit

For  $m_{\widetilde{q}} > 60-70$  GeV, it is expected that squarks would undergo a cascade decay via a number of neutralinos and/or charginos rather than undergo a direct decay to photinos as assumed by some papers. Limits obtained when direct decay is assumed are usually higher than limits when cascade decays are included.

Limits from  $e^+ e^-$  collisions depend on the mixing angle of the lightest mass eigenstate  $\tilde{q}_1{=}\tilde{q}_R {\rm sin} \theta_q + \tilde{q}_L \cos \theta_q$ . It is usually assumed that only the sbottom and stop squarks have non-trivial mixing angles (see the stop and sbottom sections). Here, unless otherwise noted, squarks are always taken to be either left/right degenerate, or purely of left or right type. Data from Z decays have set squark mass limits above 40 GeV, in the case of  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \tilde{\chi}_1$  decays if  $\Delta m{=}m_{\widetilde{q}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \gtrsim 5$  GeV. For smaller values of  $\Delta m$ , current constraints on the invisible width of the Z ( $\Delta \Gamma_{\rm inv} < 2.0$  MeV, LEP 00) exclude  $m_{\widetilde{u}_{L,R}} < 44$  GeV,  $m_{\widetilde{d}_R} < 33$  GeV,  $m_{\widetilde{d}_L} < 44$  GeV and, assuming all squarks degenerate,  $m_{\widetilde{q}} < 45$  GeV.

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NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=CT

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NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=CH

NODE=S046SLP;LINKAGE=A1

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, *et al.* (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics **C38** 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

# R-parity conserving $\tilde{q}$ (Squark) mass limit

R-parity con VALUE (GeV)	serving CL%	<i>q̃</i> (Squark) mas	<b>is limit</b> TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046SQK NODE=S046SQK;CHECK LIMITS
>1260	95	1 AAD	24z ATLS	2 same-sign/ $3\ell$ + jets, like Tglu1E but for squarks, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$	
>1700	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24z ATLS	= 100  GeV	OCCUR=2
>1850	95	<sup>2</sup> HAYRAPETY	24Q CMS	$ \begin{array}{c} = 100 \; {\rm GeV} \\ \geq 2 \; \gamma \; + \; \geq 4 \; {\rm jets, \; stealth \; SUSY,} \\ 500 \; {\rm GeV} < m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} \; < 1300 \; {\rm GeV} \end{array} $	
>1550	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	23AE ATLS	2 SFOS $\ell$ , jets, $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
none 1200–2500	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	23x CMS	$= (m_{\widetilde{q}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}})/2, \text{ , } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ $2 \text{ AK8 jets} + 1 \text{ AK4 jet, } \widetilde{q} \rightarrow q_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} \text{ and } \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \rightarrow H_{1}\widetilde{\chi}_{S}^{0}, 40 < m_{H_{1}} < 120 \text{ GeV}$	
>1400	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	21AK ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $E_T$ , Tsqk3, 4 de- generate light $\widetilde{q}_\ell$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm}_1}$ =	
				$(m_{\widetilde{a}} + m_{\sim 0})/2, m_{\sim 0} < 200$	
>1040	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	21ak ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \text{GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm} + \text{jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 925	95	<sup>6</sup> AAD	21F ATLS	$\chi_1$	
> 550	95	<sup>6</sup> AAD	21F ATLS	= 5  GeV	OCCUR=2
> 550	95	<sup>6</sup> AAD	21F ATLS	$\geq 1$ jet $+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
> 545	95	6 <sub>AAD</sub>	21F ATLS	$t$ $\chi_1^0$ $\geq 1$ jet + $E_T$ , Tsbot1, $m_{\widetilde{b}}^- m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 5$ GeV	OCCUR=4
>1850	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	21L ATLS		
>1220	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	21L ATLS	$rac{\chi_1^{ m c}}{\chi_T}$ , Tsqk1, 1 non- degenerate $\widetilde{q}$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}=0$ GeV	OCCUR=2
>1310	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	21L ATLS	jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>3000	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	21L ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0  {\rm GeV} \\ {\rm jets} + {\not\!\! E}_T,  {\rm combined}  \widetilde{g} \widetilde{g},  \widetilde{g}  \widetilde{q}, \\ \widetilde{q} \widetilde{q}  {\rm production},  \widetilde{g}  \rightarrow  q  q'  \widetilde{\chi}^0_1, \end{array}$	OCCUR=4
				$\widetilde{q} \rightarrow q \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, m_{\widetilde{q}} = m_{\widetilde{g}}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$	
>1800	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	21M CMS	$ \substack{= 0 \text{ GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + \mathcal{B}_{T}, \text{ Tsqk2A, } m_{\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} = \\ 1500 \text{ GeV}  m_{\pm \alpha} = 100 \text{ GeV} } $	
>1590	95	<sup>9</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AG CMS	$\begin{array}{l} 1500  {\rm GeV},  m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 100  {\rm GeV} \\ 2\gamma + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1130	95	<sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN	19сн CMS	jets+ $E_T$ , Tsqk1, 1 light flavour, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
>1630	95	<sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN	19сн CMS	jets+ $E_T$ , Tsqk1, 8 degenerate light flavours, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=2
>1430	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	19к CMS	$\gamma + \ell +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1200	95	<sup>12</sup> AABOUD	18bj ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + \text{jets} + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
				= 1 GeV, any $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2}$	

> 850	95	<sup>13</sup> AABOUD	18BV ATLS	$c ext{-jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 710	95	<sup>14</sup> AABOUD	181 ATLS	$\geq rac{\lambda_1}{1  ext{ jets}} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1820	95	<sup>15</sup> AABOUD	180 ATLS	2 $\gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1550	95	<sup>16</sup> AABOUD	18v ATLS	NLSP mass	
>1150	95	<sup>17</sup> AABOUD	18V ATLS	jets+ $E_T$ , Tsqk1, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=2
/1150	55	////2002	100 /1123	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	occon=2
>1650	95	<sup>18</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AA CMS	$\geq 1\gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1750	95	<sup>18</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AA CMS	$\geq 1\gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 675	95	<sup>19</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1320	95	<sup>19</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1220	95	<sup>20</sup> AABOUD	17AR ATLS	$1\ell+ ext{jets}+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1000	95	<sup>21</sup> AABOUD	17N ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} \text{2 same-flavour, opposite-sign }\ell + \\ \text{jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1150	95	<sup>22</sup> KHACHATRY.	17P CMS	GeV 1 or more jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 575	95	<sup>22</sup> KHACHATRY.	17P CMS	GeV 1 or more jets+ $\not\!\!\!E_T$ , Tsqk1, one light flavor state, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0$	OCCUR=2
>1370	95	<sup>23</sup> KHACHATRY.	17∨ CMS	GeV 2 $\gamma+{ ot\!\! E}_T$ , GGM, Tsqk4, any	
>1600	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	17AY CMS	NLSP mass $\gamma + \text{jets} + \not\!\!\! E_T$ , Tsqk4B, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0$	
>1370	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	17AY CMS	GeV $\gamma +  ext{jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1050	95	<sup>25</sup> SIRUNYAN	17AZ CMS	${f GeV} \geq 1$ jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1550	95	<sup>25</sup> SIRUNYAN	17AZ CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} \overset{\chi_1}{\geq} 1 \; jets + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1390	95	<sup>26</sup> SIRUNYAN	17P CMS	$\begin{array}{l} \overset{\lambda_1}{\operatorname{jets}}+ \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 950	95	<sup>26</sup> SIRUNYAN	17P CMS	jets+ ${ ot\!\!{\cal E}}_T$ , Tsqk1, one light flavor state, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0$ GeV	OCCUR=2
> 608	95	<sup>27</sup> AABOUD	16D ATLS	$\geq$ 1 jet $+  ot \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1030	95	<sup>28</sup> AABOUD	16N ATLS	$= 5 \text{ GeV}$ $\geq 2 \text{ jets} + \not\!\!\!E_T, \text{ Tsqk1}, \ m_{\chi_1^0} = 0$ $\text{CoV}$	
> 600	95	<sup>29</sup> KHACHATRY.	16BS CMS	GeV jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1260	95	<sup>29</sup> KHACHATRY.	16BS CMS	jets + $E_T$ , Tsqk1, 8 degenerate light squarks, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=2
> 850	95	<sup>30</sup> AAD	15bv ATLS	jets $+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 250	95	<sup>31</sup> AAD	15cs ATLS	100 GeV photon + $E_T$ , $pp \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{q}^*\gamma$ , $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , $m_{\tilde{q}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = m_c$	
> 490	95	<sup>32</sup> AAD	15K ATLS	$\widetilde{c} \rightarrow c \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} < 200 \ \mathrm{GeV}$	
> 875	95	<sup>33</sup> KHACHATRY.	15af CMS	$\widetilde{q} \rightarrow q \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , simplified model, 8	
> 520	95	<sup>33</sup> KHACHATRY.	15af CMS	degenerate light $\tilde{q}$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0$ $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , simplified model, single light squark, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0$	OCCUR=2

>1450	95	<sup>33</sup> KHACHATRY15AF CMS	CMSSM, $ aneta=30, A_0=-2 ext{max}(m_0, m_{1/2}), \mu>0$	OCCUR=3
> 850	95	<sup>34</sup> AAD 14AE ATLS	jets + $E_T$ , $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ simplified model, mass degenerate first and second generation squarks, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
> 440	95	<sup>34</sup> AAD 14AE ATLS	$\begin{array}{rcl} \operatorname{jets} &+ {\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1700	95	<sup>34</sup> AAD 14AE ATLS	$ \begin{array}{c} \overset{\wedge_1}{\operatorname{pets}} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
> 800	95	<sup>35</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14AH CMS	$\begin{array}{rcl} \operatorname{jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 780	95	<sup>36</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14I CMS	$\begin{array}{l} \text{multijets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1360	95	<sup>37</sup> AAD 13L ATLS	GeV jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1200	95	<sup>38</sup> AAD 13Q ATLS	$\gamma + b + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
		<sup>39</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13 CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}_{\mp}$ + jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1250	95	<sup>40</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13G CMS	$0,1,2, \geq 3$ <i>b</i> -jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1430	95	<sup>41</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13H CMS	$2\gamma + \geq 4$ jets + low $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 750	95	<sup>42</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13T CMS	jets + $E_T$ , $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ simplified model, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
> 820	95	<sup>43</sup> AAD 12AX ATLS	$\ell$ +jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1200	95	44 AAD 12CJ ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}+$ jets+ $\not{\!\!E}_T$ , CMSSM, $m_{\widetilde{q}}=m_{\widetilde{g}}$	
> 870	95	<sup>45</sup> AAD 12CP ATLS	$2\gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 950	95	<sup>46</sup> AAD 12W ATLS	jets + $E_T$ , CMSSM, $m_{\widetilde{g}} = m_{\widetilde{g}}$	
> 760	95	<sup>47</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12 CMS <sup>48</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12AE CMS	e, $\mu$ , jets, razor, CMSSM jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 1110	05	<sup>49</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12AT CMS	200 GeV	
>1110 >1180	95 95	<sup>49</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12AT CMS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
<ul> <li>● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ●</li> </ul>				
>1080	95		jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
			$(m_{\widetilde{q}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}) < 0.95, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} =$	
> 300	95	<sup>51</sup> KHACHATRY16BT CMS	60 GeV 19-parameter pMSSM model, global Bayesian analysis, flat prior	
		<sup>52</sup> AAD 15AI ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1650	95	<sup>30</sup> AAD 15BV ATLS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 790	95	<sup>30</sup> AAD 15BV ATLS	GeV jets + $\mathcal{E}_T$ , $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q W \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100$ CeV	OCCUR=3
> 820	95	<sup>30</sup> AAD 15BV ATLS	100 GeV 2 or 3 leptons + jets, $\tilde{q}$ decays via sleptons, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100$ GeV	OCCUR=4
> 850	95	<sup>30</sup> AAD 15BV ATLS	$ au$ , $\widetilde{q}$ decays via staus, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=50$	OCCUR=5
> 700	95	<sup>53</sup> KHACHATRY15ar CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} \overset{\text{GeV}}{\widetilde{q} \rightarrow q \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \widetilde{S}g, \widetilde{S} \rightarrow \\ S \widetilde{G}, S \rightarrow gg, m_{\widetilde{S}} = 100 \\ \text{GeV}, m_{\widetilde{S}} = 90 \text{ GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm}, \widetilde{q} \rightarrow q \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}, \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow \widetilde{S}W^{\pm}, \end{array} $	
> 550	95	<sup>53</sup> KHACHATRY15ar CMS	$\ell^{\pm}, \tilde{q} \to q \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \to \tilde{S} W^{\pm}, \\ \tilde{S} \to S \tilde{G}, S \to g g, m_{\tilde{S}} = \\ 100 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tilde{S}} = 90 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>1500	95	<sup>54</sup> KHACHATRY15az CMS	100 GeV, $m_S = 90$ GeV $\geq 2 \gamma, \geq 1$ jet, (Razor), bino- like NLSP, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 375$ GeV	

>1000	95	<sup>54</sup> KHACHATRY	15AZ CN	MS	$\geq 1~\gamma,~\geq 2$ jet, wino-like NLSP, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=375~{ m GeV}$	OCCUR=2	
> 670	95	<sup>55</sup> AAD	14E AT	TLS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} (\ell^{\mp}) + \text{ jets, } \tilde{q} \to q' \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm},$ $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \to W^{(*)\pm} \tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}, \tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \to$ $Z^{(*)} \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \text{ simplified model,}$ $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} < 300 \text{ GeV}$		
> 780	95	<sup>55</sup> AAD	14E AT		$ \begin{split} \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} (\ell^{\pm}) &+ \text{ jets, } \widetilde{q} \rightarrow \\ q' \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} / \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}, \ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \nu \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \\ \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} (\nu \nu) \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \text{ simpli-} \end{split} $	OCCUR=2	
> 700	95	<sup>56</sup> CHATRCHYAI	N 13AO CM	MS	fied model $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ + jets + $\not{\!\! E}_T$ , CMSSM, $m_0 < 700 \; {\rm GeV}$		
>1350	95	<sup>57</sup> CHATRCHYAI	N 13AV CN	MS	jets (+ leptons) + $\not\!\!\!E_T$ , CMSSM, $m_{\widetilde{g}} = m_{\widetilde{q}}$		
> 800	95	<sup>58</sup> CHATRCHYAI	N13W CM	MS	$\stackrel{g}{\geq} \stackrel{q}{1}  ext{photons} +  ext{jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$		
>1000	95	<sup>58</sup> CHATRCHYAI	N13W CM	MS	$= 375 \text{ GeV}$ $\geq 2 \text{ photons} + \text{jets} + \not{\!\!\!E}_T,$ GGM, bino-like NLSP, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$	OCCUR=2	
> 340	95	<sup>59</sup> DREINER	12A TH	HEO	$= 375   ext{GeV} \ m_{\widetilde{q}} \sim m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$		
> 650	95	<sup>60</sup> DREINER			$m_{\widetilde{q}} = m_{\widetilde{g}} \sim m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$	OCCUR=2	
two same- selection t RPV mode is found. E RPC decay or RPV de See their F	sign lept argeting els, are co exclusion /s via ch cays of e fig. 7.	ons or at least three RPC models, and onsidered. No signif limits at 95% C.L. arginos, neutralinos ither the neutralino	e leptons selections icant exc are set or or slepto LSP or th	s. Sev s base cess ov n the ons in the sto	s = 13 TeV for events with exactly reral signal regions, including a $\not\!\!E_T$ ed on <i>b</i> -jet multiplicities, targeting ver the Standard Model expectation gluino or squark mass, in multi-step to quarks, leptons and neutralinos, op produced in $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}$ into quarks.	NODE=S046SQK;LINKAG	E=YB
<sup>2</sup> HAYRAPE of stealth significant models inc models, eit or squark,	TYAN 2 supersyn excess a clude a s ther gluir respecti	nmetry in final stat bove the Standard inglet scalar boson nos or squarks are p	es with t Model ex <i>S</i> , and it air produ e decays	two p kpecta its SU uced a $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ -	lisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for evidence hotons and jets, and low $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046SQK;LINKAG	E=XB
<sup>3</sup> AAD 23AE same flavo invariant n above the and electro	searcheo ur and o nass both Standaro oweak pro	d in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> pposite sign, plus je h on- and off-shell v d Model predictions oduction. In this ca	collisions ts and $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	s at $\sqrt{\Gamma}$ , def ect to rved. s are p	$\overline{s} = 13$ TeV for events with 2 $\ell$ with ining signal region with the dilepton the Z boson. No significant excess Limits are set on models of strong laced on the mass of pair-produced	NODE=S046SQK;LINKAG	E=VB
squarks, assuming a scenario like in Tsqk2, see figure 16. <sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN 23X searched in 138 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for squark pair production with cascade decays to <i>CP</i> -even singlet-like Higgs bosons ( <i>H</i> <sub>1</sub> ), leading to final states with small missing transverse momentum. This search targets <i>H</i> <sub>1</sub> decays to <i>bb</i> -pairs that are reconstructed in large-area (AK8) jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in the next-to-minimal supersymmetric extension of the SM, where a singlino of small mass leads to squark and gluino cascade decays that can predominantly end in a highly Lorentz-boosted singlet-like <i>H</i> <sub>1</sub> and a singlino-like neutralino $\tilde{\chi}_{S}^{0}$ of small transverse momentum. The eight first- and second-generation squarks are assumed mass-degenerate, and the gluino mass is set at							
gluinos and the decay the Standa	d squark of a <i>W</i> ard Mode	s in events with a s boson, multiple jets el expectations is ol	single isol and sign bserved.	olated nificar Limit	$\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for pair production of electron or muon, originating from nt $E_T$ . No significant excess above s are set on the gluino mass in the he Tsqk3 simplified model, see their	NODE=S046SQK;LINKAG	E=RB
<sup>6</sup> AAD 21F s squarks in Model pred the $\tilde{b}$ mass	events w dictions i in the T	vith a high- <i>p<sub>T</sub></i> jet a s observed. Limits a	nd $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	No sign the $\tilde{t}$	$\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for pair production of gnificant excess above the Standard mass in the Tstop3 and Tstop4, on sqk1 simplified model (four-flavour,	NODE=\$046SQK;LINKAG	E=TB
<sup>7</sup> AAD 21L of gluinos electrons o	searched and squ or muons	in 139 fb $^{-1}$ of p arks in events with s. No significant e	jets, larg xcess abo	ge mis ove tl	$\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for pair production ssing transverse momentum but no ne Standard Model expectations is lu1A and Tglu1B simplified models,	NODE=S046SQK;LINKAG	E=SB

on the squark mass in the Tsqk1 and Tsqk3 simplified models and in a simplified model for gluino-squark production, see their Figures 13-17.

<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN 21M searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for supersymmetry in events with two opposite-sign same-flavor leptons (electrons, muons) and  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the simplified model Tglu4C, see their Figure 10, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ 

mass in Tchi1n2Fa, see their Figure 11, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  mass in Tn1n1C and Tn1n1B for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see their Figure 12. Limits are also set on the light squark mass for

the simplified model Tsqk2A, on the sbottom mass in Tsbot3, see their Figure 13, and on the slepton mass in direct electroweak pair production of mass-degenerate left- and right-handed sleptons (selectrons and smuons), see their Figure 14.

- <sup>11</sup>SIRUNYAN 19K searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with a photon, an electron or muon, and large  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. In the framework of GMSB, limits are set on the chargino and neutralino mass in the Tchi1n1A simplified model, see their Figure 6. Limits are also set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4A simplified model, and on the squark mass in the Tsqk4A simplified model, see their Figure 7.
- 12 AABOUD 18BJ searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in events with two opposite-sign charged leptons (electrons and muons), jets and missing transverse momentum, with various requirements to be sensitive to signals with different kinematic endpoint values in the dilepton invariant mass distribution. The data are found to be consistent with the SM expectation. Results are interpreted in the Tsqk2 model in case of  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1$  GeV: for any  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0}$ , squark masses below 1200 GeV are excluded, see their Fig. 14(b).
- <sup>13</sup> AABOUD 18BV searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with at least one jet identified as *c*-jet, large missing transverse energy and no leptons. Good agreement is observed between the number of events in data and Standard Model predictions. The results are translated into exclusion limits in Tsqk1 models considering only  $\tilde{c}_1$ . In scenarios with massless neutralinos, scharm masses below 850 GeV are excluded. If the differences of the  $\tilde{c}_1$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  masses is below 100 GeV, scharm masses below 500 GeV are excluded. See their Fig.6 and Fig.7.
- <sup>14</sup> AABOUD 18I searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with at least one jet with a transverse momentum above 250 GeV and no leptons. Good agreement is observed between the number of events in data and Standard Model predictions. The results are translated into exclusion limits in Tsqk1 models. In the compressed scenario with similar squark and neutralino masses, squark masses below 710 GeV are excluded. See their Fig.10(b).
- 15 AABOUD 18U searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in events with at least one isolated photon, possibly jets and significant transverse momentum targeting generalised models of gauge-mediated SUSY breaking. No significant excess of events is observed above the SM prediction. Results are interpreted in terms of lower limits on the masses of squark in Tsqk4B models. Masses below 1820 GeV are excluded for any NLSP mass, see their Fig. 9.
- 16 AABOUD 18V searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in events with no charged leptons, jets and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with the SM expectation. Results are interpreted in the Tsqk1 model: squark masses below 1550 GeV are excluded for massless LSP, see their Fig. 13(a).
- <sup>17</sup> AABOUD 18V searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in events with no charged leptons, jets and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with the SM expectation. Results are interpreted in the Tsqk3 model. Assuming that  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 0.5 \ (m_{\tilde{q}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})$ , squark masses below 1150 GeV are excluded for massless LSP, see their Fig. 14(a). Exclusions are also shown assuming  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 60$

For massiess LSP, see their Fig. 14(a). Exclusions are also shown assuming  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 00$ GeV, see their Fig. 14(b).

<sup>18</sup>SIRUNYAN 18AA searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with at least one photon and large  $\not{E}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on wino masses in a general gauge-mediated SUSY breaking (GGM) scenario with bino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and wino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , see Figure 7. Limits are also set on the NLSP mass in the Tchi1n1A and Tchi1chi1A simplified models, see their Figure 8. Finally, limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4A and Tglu4B simplified models, see their Figure 9, and on the squark mass in the Tskq4A and Tsqk4B simplified models, see their Figure 10.

Tsqk4B simplified models, see their Figure 9, and on the squark mass in the Fisiq in that Tsqk4B simplified models, see their Figure 10. <sup>19</sup> SIRUNYAN 18AY searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing one or more jets and significant  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=UB

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=MB

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=OB

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=NB

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=GB

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=KB

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=BB

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=EB

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=HB

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=IB

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=AB

Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu2A and Tglu3A simplified models, see their Figure 3. Limits are also set on squark, sbottom and stop masses in the Tsqk1, Tsbot1, Tstop1 and Tstop4 simplified models, see their Figure 3. Finally, limits are set on long-lived gluino masses in a Tglu1A simplified model where the gluino is metastable or long-lived with proper decay lengths in the range  $10^{-3}$ mm  $< c\tau < 10^5$  mm, see their Figure 4. <sup>20</sup>AABOUD 17AR searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=ZA with one isolated lepton, at least two jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.25 TeV are set on the 1st and 2nd generation squark masses in Tsqk3 simplified models, with  $x = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}) / (m_{\tilde{q}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}) = 1/2$ . Similar limits are obtained for variable x and fixed neutralino mass,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 60$  GeV. See their Figure 13.  $^{21}$ AABOUD 17N searched in 14.7 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=WA 2 same-flavour, opposite-sign leptons (electrons or muons), jets and large missing transverse momentum. The results are interpreted as 95% C.L. limits in Tsqk2 models, assuming  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$  GeV and  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 600$  GeV. See their Fig. 12 for exclusion limits as a function of  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0}$ .  $^{22}$  KHACHATRYAN 17P searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=VA expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu2A, Tglu3A, Tglu3B, Tglu3C and Tglu3D simplified models, see their Figures 7 and 8. Limits are also set on the squark mass in the Tsqk1 simplified model, see their Fig. 7, and on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot1 simplified model, see Fig. 8. Finally, limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1, Tstop3, Tstop4, Tstop6 and Tstop7 simplified models, see Fig. 8.  $^{23}\,{\rm KHACHATRYAN}$  17V searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046SQK:LINKAGE=TA pectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino and squark mass in the context of general gauge mediation models Tglu4B and Tsqk4, see their Fig. 4.  $^{24}$  SIRUNYAN 17AY searched in 35.9 fb  $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with NODE=S046SQK:LINKAGE=YA expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4A and Tglu4B simplified models, and on the squark mass in the Tskq4A and Tsqk4B simplified models, see their Figure 6.  $^{25}\mathsf{SIRUNYAN}$  17AZ searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046SQK:LINKAGE=XA Tglu3A simplified models, see their Figures 6. Limits are also set on the squark mass in the Tsqk1 simplified model (for single light squark and for 8 degenerate light squarks), on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot1 simplified model and on the stop mass in the Tstop1 simplified model, see their Fig. 7. Finally, limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop2, Tstop4 and Tstop8 simplified models, see Fig. 8. <sup>26</sup> SIRUNYAN 17P searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=UA is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu1C, Tglu2A, Tglu3A and Tglu3D simplified models, see their Fig. 12. Limits are also set on the squark mass in the Tsqk1 simplified model, on the stop mass in the Tstop1 simplified model, and on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot1 simplified model, see Fig. 13. <sup>27</sup>AABOUD 16D searched in 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=KA an energetic jet and large missing transverse momentum. The results are interpreted as 95% C.L. limits on masses of first and second generation squarks decaying into a quark and the lightest neutralino in scenarios with  $m_{\widetilde{q}}-m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$  < 25 GeV. See their Fig. 6. <sup>28</sup> AABOUD 16N searched in 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing hadronic jets, large  $\mathbb{Z}_T$ , and no electrons or muons. No significant excess above the NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=OA Standard Model expectations is observed. First- and second-generation squark masses below 1030 GeV are excluded at the 95% C.L. decaying to quarks and a massless lightest neutralino. See their Fig. 7a.  $^{29}\,{\rm KHACHATRYAN}$  16BS searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=PA verse mass variable  $M_{T2}$  to discriminate between signal and background processes. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the squark mass in the Tskq1 simplified model, both in the assumption of a single light squark and of 8 degenerate squarks, see Fig. 11 and Table 3.  $^{30}$  AAD 15BV summarized and extended ATLAS searches for gluinos and first- and second-NODE=S046SQK:LINKAGE=FA generation squarks in final states containing jets and missing transverse momentum, with or without leptons or *b*-jets in the  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV data set collected in 2012. The paper reports the results of new interpretations and statistical combinations of previously published analyses, as well as new analyses. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the squark mass in several R-parity conserving models. See their Figs. 9, 11, 18, 22, 24, 27, 28.  $^{31}\text{AAD}$  15CS searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for evidence of pair NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=NA production of squarks, decaying into a quark and a neutralino, where a photon was radiated either from an initial-state quark, from an intermediate squark, or from a final-

state quark. No evidence was found for an excess above the expected level of Standard

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=HA

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=Y

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=V

NODE=S046SQK:LINKAGE=X

Model background and a 95% C.L. exclusion limit was set on the squark mass as a function of the squark-neutralino mass difference, see Fig. 19.

<sup>32</sup> AAD 15K searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events containing at least two jets, where the two leading jets are each identified as originating from *c*-quarks, and large missing transverse momentum. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the mass of superpartners of charm quarks ( $\tilde{c}$ ). Assuming that the decay  $\tilde{c} \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place 100% of the time, a scalar charm mass below 490 GeV is excluded for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 200$ 

GeV. For more details, see their Fig. 2.

- <sup>33</sup> KHACHATRYAN 15AF searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with at least two energetic jets and significant  $\not{E}_T$ , using the transverse mass variable  $M_{T2}$  to discriminate between signal and background processes. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the squark mass in simplified models where the decay  $\vec{q} \rightarrow q \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, both for the case of a single light squark or 8 degenerate squarks, see Fig. 12. See also Table 5. Exclusions in the CMSSM, assuming tan $\beta = 30$ ,  $A_0 = -2 \max(m_0, m_{1/2})$  and  $\mu > 0$ , are also presented, see Fig. 15.
- 34 AAD 14AE searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for strongly produced supersymmetric particles in events containing jets and large missing transverse momentum, and no electrons or muons. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models containing squarks that decay via  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , where either a single light state or two degenerate generations of squarks are assumed, see Fig. 10.
- <sup>35</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14AH searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with at least two energetic jets and significant  $\mathcal{E}_T$ , using the razor variables ( $M_R$  and  $R^2$ ) to discriminate between signal and background processes. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on squark masses in simplified models where the decay  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 28. Exclusions in the CMSSM, assuming tan $\beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , are also presented, see Fig. 26.
- <sup>36</sup>CHATRCHYAN 14I searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events containing multijets and large  $E_T$ . No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models containing squarks that decay via  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , where either a single light state or two degenerate generations of squarks are assumed, see Fig. 7a.
- <sup>37</sup> AAD 13L searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for the production of squarks and gluinos in events containing jets, missing transverse momentum and no high  $p_T$  electrons or muons. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. In mSUGRA/CMSSM models with tan $\beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , squarks and gluinos of equal mass are excluded for masses below 1360 GeV at 95% C.L. In a simplified model containing only squarks of the first two generations, a gluino octet and a massless neutralino, squark masses below 1320 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. for gluino masses below 2 TeV. See Figures 10–15 for more precise bounds.
- <sup>38</sup> AAD 13Q searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events containing a high- $p_T$  isolated photon, at least one jet identified as originating from a bottom quark, and high missing transverse momentum. Such signatures may originate from supersymmetric models with gauge-mediated supersymmetry breaking in events in which one of a pair of higgsino-like neutralinos decays into a photon and a gravitino while the other decays into a Higgs boson and a gravitino. No significant excess above the expected background was found and limits were set on the squark mass as a function of the neutralino mass in a generalized GMSB model (GGM) with a higgsino-like neutralino NLSP, see their Fig. 4. For neutralino masses greater than 220 GeV, squark masses below 1020 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. <sup>39</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13 looked in 4.98 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events
- <sup>39</sup>CHATRCHYAN 13 looked in 4.98 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with two opposite-sign leptons ( $e, \mu, \tau$ ), jets and missing transverse energy. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in the mSUGRA/CMSSM model with tan $\beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , see Fig. 6.
- <sup>40</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13G searched in 4.98 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for the production of squarks and gluinos in events containing 0,1,2,  $\geq 3$  *b*-jets, missing transverse momentum and no electrons or muons. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. In mSUGRA/CMSSM models with tan $\beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$ , and  $\mu > 0$ , squarks and gluinos of equal mass are excluded for masses below 1250 GeV at 95% C.L. Exclusions are also derived in various simplified models, see Fig. 7.

Under these assumptions, squark masses less than 1430 GeV were excluded at the 95% C.L.

<sup>42</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13T searched in 11.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with at least two energetic jets and significant  $E_T$ , using the  $\alpha_T$  variable to discriminate

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=I

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=GL

NODE=S046SQK:LINKAGE=SA

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=CY

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=CR

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=CN

- <sup>43</sup> AAD 12AX searched in 1.04 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for supersymmetry in events containing jets, missing transverse momentum and one isolated electron or muon. No excess over the expected SM background is observed and model-independent limits are set on the cross section of new physics contributions to the signal regions. In mSUGRA/CMSSM models with  $\tan \beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , squarks and gluinos of equal mass are excluded for masses below 820 GeV at 95% C.L. Limits are also set on simplified models for squark production and decay via an intermediate chargino and on supersymmetric models with bilinear R-parity violation. Supersedes AAD 11G.
- <sup>44</sup> AAD 12CJ searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events containing one or more isolated leptons (electrons or muons), jets and  $E_T$ . The observations are in good agreement with the SM expectations and exclusion limits have been set in number of SUSY models. In the mSUGRA/CMSSM model with tan $\beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$ , and  $\mu > 0$ , 95% C.L. exclusion limits have been derived for  $m_{\widetilde{q}} < 1200$  GeV, assuming equal squark and gluino masses. In minimal GMSB, values of the effective SUSY breaking scale  $\Lambda < 50$  TeV are excluded at 95% C.L. for tan $\beta < 45$ . Also exclusion limits in a number of simplified models have been presented, see Figs. 10 and 12.
- <sup>46</sup> AAD 12w searched in 1.04 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for the production of squarks and gluinos in events containing jets, missing transverse momentum and no electrons or muons. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. In mSUGRA/CMSSM models with tan $\beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , squarks and gluinos of equal mass are excluded for masses below 950 GeV at 95% C.L. In a simplified model containing only squarks of the first two generations, a gluino octet and a massless neutralino, squark masses below 875 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L.
- <sup>47</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12 looked in 35 pb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with e and/or  $\mu$  and/or jets, a large total transverse energy, and  $\not{E}_T$ . The event selection is based on the dimensionless razor variable R, related to the  $\not{E}_T$  and  $M_R$ , an indicator of the heavy particle mass scale. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived in the CMSSM  $(m_0, m_{1/2})$  plane for tan $\beta = 3$ , 10 and 50 (see Fig. 7 and 8). Limits are also obtained for Simplified Model Spectra.
- <sup>48</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12AE searched in 4.98 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with at least three jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excesses over the expected SM backgrounds are observed and 95% C.L. limits on the production cross section of squarks in a scenario where  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  with a 100% branching ratio, see Fig. 3. For  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 200$  GeV, values of  $m_{\tilde{q}}$  below 760 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L.
- Also limits in the CMSSM are presented, see Fig. 2. <sup>49</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12AT searched in 4.73 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for the production of squarks and gluinos in events containing jets, missing transverse momentum and no electrons or muons. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. In mSUGRA/CMSSM models with tan $\beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , squarks with masses below 1110 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. Squarks and gluinos of equal mass are excluded for masses below 1180 GeV at 95% C.L. Exclusions are also derived in various simplified models, see Fig. 6.
- $^{50}$  AABOUD 18V searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV in events with no charged leptons, jets and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with the SM expectation. Results are interpreted in the Tsqk5 model. Squark masses below 1100 GeV are excluded if  $(m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2}-m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1})/(m_{\widetilde{q}}-m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1})<0.95$  and  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$

= 60 GeV, see their Fig. 16(a). <sup>51</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16BT performed a global Bayesian analysis of a wide range of CMS results obtained with data samples corresponding to 5.0 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 7 TeV and in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV. The set of searches considered, both individually and in combination, includes those with all-hadronic final states, samesign and opposite-sign dileptons, and multi-lepton final states. An interpretation was given in a scan of the 19-parameter pMSSM. No scan points with a gluino mass less than 500 GeV survived and 98% of models with a squark mass less than 300 GeV were excluded.

- $^{52}$  AAD 15AI searched in 20 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV for events containing at least one isolated lepton (electron or muon), jets, and large missing transverse momentum. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the squark masses in the CMSSM/mSUGRA, see Fig. 15, in the NUHMG, see Fig. 16, and in various simplified models, see Figs. 19–21.
- <sup>53</sup>KHACHATRYAN 15AR searched in 19.7 of fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events containing jets, either a charged lepton or a photon, and low missing transverse

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=AX

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=GA

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=GD

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=TG

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=C9

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=HT

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=CA

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=JB

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=QA

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=EA

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=Z

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=LA

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=H

momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the squark mass in a stealth SUSY model where the decays  $\widetilde{q} \rightarrow q \widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ,  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \ \widetilde{S} W^{\pm}$ ,  $\widetilde{S} \rightarrow S \widetilde{G}$  and  $S \rightarrow g g$ , with  $m_{\widetilde{S}} = 100$  GeV and  $m_S = 90$  GeV, take

- place with a branching ratio of 100%. See Fig. 6 for  $\gamma$  or Fig. 7 for  $\ell^{\pm}$  analyses. <sup>54</sup> KHACHATRYAN 15AZ searched in 19.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with either at least one photon, hadronic jets and  $\mathbb{E}_T$  (single photon channel) or with at least two photons and at least one jet and using the razor variables. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on gluino masses in the general gauge-mediated SUSY breaking model (GGM), for both a bino-like
- and wino-like neutralino NLSP scenario, see Fig. 8 and 9.  $^{55}$  AAD 14E searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV for strongly produced supersymmetric particles in events containing jets and two same-sign leptons or three leptons. The search also utilises jets originating from b-quarks, missing transverse momentum and other variables. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models containing gluinos and squarks, see Figures 5 and 6. In the  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q' \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{(*)\pm} \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z^{(*)} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  simplified model, the following assumptions have been made:  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 0.5 m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{g}}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 0.5 (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}})$ . In the  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q' \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  or  $\tilde{q} \rightarrow q' \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \nu \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} (\nu \nu) \tilde{\chi}_1^0$

simplified model, the following assumptions have been made:  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 0.5$  (  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{q}}$  ),  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 460$  GeV. Limits are also derived in the mSUGRA/CMSSM, bRPV and

GMSB models, see their Fig. 8.

- $^{56}$  CHATRCHYAN 13AO searched in 4.98 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  7 TeV for events icant excesses over the expected SM backgrounds are observed and 95% C.L. exclusion limits are derived in the mSUGRA/CMSSM model with taneta= 10,  $A_0=$  0 and  $\mu >$  0, see Fig. 8.
- <sup>57</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13AV searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for new Razor variables. No significant excesses over the expected SM backgrounds are observed and 95% C.L. exclusion limits are derived in the mSUGRA/CMSSM model with tan $\beta$  = 10,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , see Fig. 3. The results are also interpreted in various simplified models, see Fig. 4.
- <sup>58</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13W searched in 4.93 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with one or more photons, hadronic jets and  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on squark masses in the general gaugemediated SUSY breaking model (GGM), for both a wino-like and bino-like neutralino NLSP scenario, see Fig. 5.
- $^{59}\text{DREINER}$  12A reassesses constraints from CMS (at 7 TeV,  $\sim$  4.4 fb $^{-1})$  under the assumption that the fist and second generation squarks and the lightest SUSY particle are quasi-degenerate in mass (compressed spectrum).
- $^{60}\,\textsc{DREINER}$  12A reassesses constraints from CMS (at 7 TeV,  $\sim$  4.4 fb $^{-1})$  under the assumption that the first and second generation squarks, the gluino, and the lightest SUSY particle are quasi-degenerate in mass (compressed spectrum).

#### R-parity violating $\tilde{a}$ (Squark) mass limit

R-parity viol	ating $\widetilde{m{q}}$ (	(Squark) mass limit	:		NODE=S046SQV
VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	NODE=\$046\$QV;CHECK LIMITS
>1600	95	<sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETY24	¢ CMS	$\mu^+ \mu^-$ from displaced vertex, Tsqk3RPV, 0.7 mm < c $\tau$ < 4cm, $m_{\chi_1^0} = 50$ GeV	
>1600	95	<sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETY24	′ CMS	$ \begin{array}{c} \mu^{+} \mu^{-} \text{ from displaced vertex,} \\ \text{Tsqk3RPV, 0.07 mm} < \text{c}\tau \\ \text{2 m, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 500 \text{ GeV} \end{array} \right  $	OCCUR=2
none 100-720	95	<sup>2</sup> SIRUNYAN 18E	A CMS	2 large jets with four-parton sub- structure, $\tilde{q} \rightarrow 4q$	
>1600	95	<sup>3</sup> KHACHATRY16E	BX CMS	$\widetilde{q} \rightarrow q \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \ell \ell \nu, \lambda_{121} \text{ or} \lambda_{122} \neq 0, m_{\widetilde{g}} = 2400 \text{ GeV}$	
>1000	95	<sup>4</sup> AAD 150	B ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} jets,  \widetilde{q} \to  q \widetilde{\chi}_1^0,  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \to  \ell  q  q, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 108 \; GeV \; and \; 2.5 < \\ \mathrm{c} \tau_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 200 \; mm \end{array} $	
		<sup>5</sup> AAD 12A	X ATLS	$\ell$ +jets + $\not{\!\! E}_T$ , CMSSM, $m_{\widetilde{g}} = m_{\widetilde{g}}$	
		<sup>6</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12A		$\geq 3\ell^{\pm}$	

 $^1$ HAYRAPETYAN 24Y searched in 36.6 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13.6 TeV for evidence of R-parity violating (RPV) SUSY in events with a pair of oppositely charged muons originating from a secondary vertex spatially separated from the pp interaction point by distances ranging from several hundred  $\mu$ m to several meters. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in the model Tsqk3RPV on the lifetime of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  for several values of the  $\tilde{q}$  mass, see their Fig. 16. Limits are also interpreted in the framework of a hidden Abelian Higgs model, in which the Higgs boson decays to a pair of long-lived dark photons, see their Figs. 14 and 15.

NODE=S046SQV;LINKAGE=D

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=NC

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=MC

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=MS

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=DR

NODE=S046SQK;LINKAGE=DE

 $^2$  SIRUNYAN 18EA searched in 38.2 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=13$  TeV for the pair production of resonances, each decaying to at least four quarks. Reconstructed particles are clustered into two large jets of similar mass, each consistent with four-parton substructure. No statistically significant excess over the Standard Model expectation is observed. Limits are set on the squark and gluino mass in RPV supersymmetry models where squarks (gluinos) decay, through intermediate higgsinos, to four (five) quarks, see their Figure 4.

<sup>3</sup>KHACHATRYAN 16BX searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events containing 4 leptons coming from R-parity-violating decays of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell \ell \nu$  with  $\lambda_{121} \neq 0$  or  $\lambda_{122} \neq 0$ . No excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the gluino, squark and stop masses, see Fig. 23.

- <sup>4</sup> AAD 15CB searched for events containing at least one long-lived particle that decays at a significant distance from its production point (displaced vertex, DV) into two leptons or into five or more charged particles in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV. The dilepton signature is characterised by DV formed from at least two lepton candidates. Four different final states were considered for the multitrack signature, in which the DV must be accompanied by a high-transverse momentum muon or electron candidate that originates from the DV, jets or missing transverse momentum. No events were observed in any of the signal regions. Results were interpreted in SUSY scenarios involving *R*-parity violation, split supersymmetry, and gauge mediation. See their Fig. 14–20.
- <sup>5</sup> AAD 12AX searched in 1.04 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for supersymmetry in events containing jets, missing transverse momentum and one isolated electron or muon. No excess over the expected SM background is observed and model-independent limits are set on the cross section of new physics contributions to the signal regions. In mSUGRA/CMSSM models with  $\tan\beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , squarks and gluinos of equal mass are excluded for masses below 820 GeV at 95% C.L. Limits are also set on simplified models for squark production and decay via an intermediate chargino and on supersymmetric models with bilinear R-parity violation. Supersedes AAD 11G.
- supersymmetric models nor squark production and decay via an intermediate charging and an supersymmetric models with bilinear R-parity violation. Supersedes AAD 11G. <sup>6</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12AL looked in 4.98 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for anomalous production of events with three or more isolated leptons. Limits on squark and gluino masses are set in RPV SUSY models with leptonic *LLE* couplings,  $\lambda_{123} > 0.05$ , and hadronic  $\overline{UDD}$  couplings,  $\lambda_{112}' > 0.05$ , see their Fig. 5. In the  $\overline{UDD}$  case the leptons arise from supersymmetric cascade decays. A very specific supersymmetric spectrum is

arise from supersymmetric cascade decays. A very specific supersymmetric spectrum assumed. All decays are prompt.

## Long-lived $\tilde{q}$ (Squark) mass limit

The following are bounds on long-lived scalar quarks, assumed to hadronise into hadrons with lifetime long enough to escape the detector prior to a possible decay. Limits may depend on the mixing angle of mass eigenstates:  $\tilde{q}_1 = \tilde{q}_L \cos\theta_q + \tilde{q}_R \sin\theta_q$ .

The coupling to the Z<sup>0</sup> boson vanishes for up-type squarks when  $\theta_u$ =0.98, and for down type squarks when  $\theta_d$ =1.17.

VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046SSQ;CHECK LIMITS
>1250	95	<sup>1</sup> AABOUD	19AT ATLS	$\tilde{b}$ <i>R</i> -hadrons	
>1340	95	<sup>2</sup> AABOUD	19AT ATLS	$\tilde{t}$ <i>R</i> -hadrons	OCCUR=2
>1600	95	<sup>3</sup> SIRUNYAN	19BH CMS	long-lived $\tilde{t}$ , RPV, $\tilde{t} \rightarrow \overline{d} \overline{d}$ , 10	
>1350	95	<sup>3</sup> SIRUNYAN	19вн CMS	mm < $c\tau$ < 110 mm long-lived $\tilde{t}$ , RPV, $\tilde{t} \rightarrow b\ell$ , 7 mm < $c\tau$ < 110 mm	OCCUR=2
> 805	95	<sup>4</sup> AABOUD	16B ATLS	$\tilde{b}$ <i>R</i> -hadrons	
> 890	95	<sup>5</sup> AABOUD	16B ATLS	$\tilde{t}$ <i>R</i> -hadrons	OCCUR=2
>1040	95	<sup>6</sup> KHACHATRY.	16BWCMS	<i>t</i> R-hadrons, cloud interaction model	
>1000	95	<sup>6</sup> KHACHATRY.	16BWCMS	$\tilde{t}$ R-hadrons, charge-suppressed interaction model	OCCUR=2
> 845	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	15AE ATLS		
> 900	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	15AE ATLS	$\tilde{t}$ R-hadron, stable, Regge model	OCCUR=2
>1500	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	15AE ATLS	<i>g</i> decaying to 300 GeV stable sleptons, LeptoSUSY model	OCCUR=3
> 751	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	15BMATLS	$\widetilde{b}$ R-hadron, stable, Regge model	
> 766	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD		$\widetilde{t}$ R-hadron, stable, Regge model	OCCUR=2
> 525	95	<sup>9</sup> KHACHATRY.	15AK CMS	$\widetilde{t}$ R-hadrons, 10 $\mu$ s $< au$ <1000 s	
> 470	95	<sup>9</sup> KHACHATRY.	15AK CMS	$\widetilde{t}$ R-hadrons, 1 $\mu$ s $< au$ <1000 s	OCCUR=2
• • • We do i	not use th	e following data fo	r averages, fit	s, limits, etc. ● ● ●	
> 683	95	10 <sub>AAD</sub>	13AA ATLS	$\tilde{t}$ , <i>R</i> -hadrons, generic interaction model	
> 612	95	<sup>11</sup> AAD	13AA ATLS	$\tilde{b}$ , <i>R</i> -hadrons, generic interaction model	OCCUR=2
> 344	95	<sup>12</sup> AAD	13BC ATLS	R-hadrons, $\widetilde{t}  o \ b \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , Regge	
				model, lifetime between $10^{-5}$	
				and $10^3$ s, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=100$ GeV	

NODE=S046SQV;LINKAGE=RA

NODE=S046SQV;LINKAGE=A

NODE=S046SQV;LINKAGE=JA

NODE=S046SQV;LINKAGE=AX

NODE=S046SQV;LINKAGE=HR

NODE=S046SSQ NODE=S046SSQ

13 AAD13BC ATLS R-hadrons,  $\widetilde{t} \rightarrow t \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , Regge OCCUR=2 95 > 379 model, lifetime between  $10^{-5}$  and  $10^3$  s,  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=100~{\rm GeV}$ > 935 <sup>14</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13AB CMS long-lived  $\tilde{t}$  forming R-hadrons, cloud interaction model 95  $^1$  AABOUD 19AT searched in 36.1 fb  $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for metastable and NODE=S046SSQ;LINKAGE=H stable R-hadrons. Multiple search strategies for a wide range of lifetimes, corresponding to path lengths of a few meters, are defined. No significant deviations from the expected Standard Model background are observed. Sbottom R-hadrons are excluded at 95% C.L. for masses below 1250 GeV. Less stringent constraints are achieved with the muonspectrometer agnostic analysis. See their Figure 9 (bottom-left).  $^2$  AABOUD 19AT searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for metastable and NODE=S046SSQ;LINKAGE=I stable R-hadrons. Multiple search strategies for a wide range of lifetimes, corresponding to path lengths of a few meters, are defined. No significant deviations from the expected Standard Model background are observed. Stop R-hadrons are excluded at 95% C.L. for masses below 1340 GeV. Similar constraints are achieved with the muon-spectrometer agnostic analysis. See their Figure 9 (bottom-right).  $^3$  SIRUNYAN 19BH searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for long-NODE=S046SSQ;LINKAGE=G lived particles decaying into jets, with each long-lived particle having a decay vertex well displaced from the production vertex. The selected events are found to be consistent with standard model predictions. Limits are set on the gluino mass in a GMSB model where the gluino is decaying via  $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow g \widetilde{G}$ , see their Figure 4 and in an RPV model of supersymmetry where the gluino is decaying via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{b} \bar{s}$ , see their Figures 5. Limits are also set on the stop mass in two RPV models, see their Figure 6 (for  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow b\ell$  decays) and Figure 7 (for  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow d\bar{d}$  decays). <sup>4</sup>AABOUD 16B searched in 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for long-lived NODE=S046SSQ;LINKAGE=B R-hadrons using observables related to large ionization losses and slow propagation velocities, which are signatures of heavy charged particles traveling significantly slower than the speed of light. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the long-lived sbottom masses exceeding 805 GeV. See their Fig. 5.  $^5$  AABOUD 16B searched in 3.2 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for long-lived NODE=S046SSQ:LINKAGE=D R-hadrons using observables related to large ionization losses and slow propagation velocities, which are signatures of heavy charged particles traveling significantly slower than the speed of light. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the long-lived stop masses exceeding 890 GeV. See their Fig. 5. <sup>6</sup>KHACHATRYAN 16BW searched in 2.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events NODE=S046SSQ;LINKAGE=F with heavy stable charged particles, identified by their anomalously high energy deposits in the silicon tracker and/or long time-of-flight measurements by the muon system. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived for pair production of top squarks as a function of mass, depending on the interaction model, see Fig. 4 and Table 7.  $^7$  AAD 15AE searched in 19.1 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for heavy long-lived NODE=S046SSQ;LINKAGE=C charged particles, measured through their specific ionization energy loss in the ATLAS pixel detector or their time-of-flight in the ALTAS muon system. In the absence of an excess of events above the expected backgrounds, limits are set R-hadrons in various scenarios, see Fig. 11. Limits are also set in LeptoSUSY models where the gluino decays to stable 300 GeV leptons, see Fig. 9. <sup>8</sup>AAD 15BM searched in 18.4 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for stable and NODE=S046SSQ;LINKAGE=E metastable non-relativistic charged particles through their anomalous specific ionization energy loss in the ATLAS pixel detector. In absence of an excess of events above the expected backgrounds, limits are set on stable bottom and top squark R-hadrons, see Table 5.  $^9$ KHACHATRYAN 15AK looked in a data set corresponding to fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at NODE=S046SSQ;LINKAGE=A  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV, and a search interval corresponding to 281 h of trigger lifetime, for longlived particles that have stopped in the CMS detector. No evidence for an excess over the expected background in a cloud interaction model is observed. Assuming the decay  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and lifetimes between 1  $\mu$ s and 1000 s, limits are derived on  $\tilde{t}$  production as a function of  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see Figs. 4 and 7. The exclusions require that  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  is kinematically consistent with the minimum values of the jet energy thresholds used.  $^{10}\,{\rm AAD}$  13AA searched in 4.7 fb $^{-1}$  of  $\it pp$  collisions at  $\it \sqrt{s}$  = 7 TeV for events containing NODE=S046SSQ;LINKAGE=D1 colored long-lived particles that hadronize forming R-hadrons. No significant excess above the expected background was found. Long-lived R-hadrons containing a  $\tilde{t}$  are excluded for masses up to 683 GeV at 95% C.L in a general interaction model. Also, limits independent of the fraction of R-hadrons that arrive charged in the muon system were derived, see Fig. 6. <sup>11</sup>AAD 13AA searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events containing colored long-lived particles that hadronize forming *R*-hadrons. No significant excess NODE=S046SSQ;LINKAGE=D2 above the expected background was found. Long-lived R-hadrons containing a  $\widetilde{b}$  are excluded for masses up to 612 GeV at 95% C.L in a general interaction model. Also, limits independent of the fraction of R-hadrons that arrive charged in the muon system were derived, see Fig. 6.  $^{12}\,{\rm AAD}$  13BC searched in 5.0 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 7 TeV and in 22.9 fb $^{-1}$  of NODE=S046SSQ:LINKAGE=DD pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for bottom squark R-hadrons that have come to rest within the ATLAS calorimeter and decay at some later time to hadronic jets and a neutralino.

NODE=S046SSQ;LINKAGE=DA

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In absence of an excess of events above the expected backgrounds, limits are set on sbottom masses for the decay  $\widetilde{b} o b \widetilde{\chi}^0_1$ , for different lifetimes, and for a neutralino mass of 100 GeV, see their Table 6 and Fig 10.

- $^{13}$  AAD 13BC searched in 5.0 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 7 TeV and in 22.9 fb $^{-1}$  of ppcollisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for bottom squark R-hadrons that have come to rest within the ATLAS calorimeter and decay at some later time to hadronic jets and a neutralino. In absence of an excess of events above the expected backgrounds, limits are set on stop masses for the decay  $\widetilde{t} o t \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , for different lifetimes, and for a neutralino mass of 100 GeV, see their Table 6 and Fig 10.
- $^{14}\,\text{CHATRCHYAN}$  13AB looked in 5.0 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 7 TeV and in 18.8 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV for events with heavy stable particles, identified by their anomalous dE/dx in the tracker or additionally requiring that it be identified as muon in the muon chambers, from pair production of  $\tilde{t}_1$ 's. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived for pair production of stops as a function of mass in the cloud interaction model (see Fig. 8 and Table 6). In the charge-suppressed model, the limit decreases to 818 GeV.

## $\tilde{b}$ (Sbottom) mass limit

Limits in  $e^+e^-$  depend on the mixing angle of the mass eigenstate  $\tilde{b}_1$  $= \widetilde{b}_L \cos \theta_b + \widetilde{b}_R \sin \theta_b$ . Coupling to the Z vanishes for  $\theta_b \sim 1.17$ . As a consequence, no absolute constraint in the mass region  $\lesssim$  40 GeV is available in the literature at this time from  $e^+e^-$  collisions. In the Listings below, we use  $\Delta m = m_{\widetilde{b}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ 

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, et al. (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics C38 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

### R-parity conserving b (Sbottom) mass limit

NODE=S046SBT NODE=S046SBT;CHECK LIMITS VALUE (GeV) CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT >1490 95 <sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETY...24M CMS  $\mathsf{c} au(\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})=10~\mathsf{cm}$  $\begin{array}{l} \geq 1 \text{ disappearing track} + \not\!\!\! E_T, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} \simeq m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1000 \text{ GeV}, \end{array}$ <sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETY...24M CMS I >1540 95 OCCUR=2 21AMATLS  $\tau^{\pm}$ 's + b-jets +  $E_T$ , Tsbot4,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 130 \text{ GeV},$ <sup>2</sup> AAD > 850 95  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2}$  < 180 GeV 215 ATLS *b*-jets +  $E_T$ , Tsbot1,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$  GeV <sup>3</sup> AAD >1270 95 <sup>3</sup> AAD OCCUR=2 > 660 95 21S <sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN 21M CMS >1600 95 20V ATLS same-sign  $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} + \text{jets}$ , Tsbot2,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{0}} + 100 \text{ GeV},$   $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{0}} \sim 50 \text{ GeV}$ <sup>5</sup> AAD > 750 95 same-sign  $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$  or  $\geq 3\ell^{\pm}$  + jets, Tsbot2,  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} < 800$  GeV,  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$ 95 <sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN 20T CMS > 850 = 50 GeV>1500 95 <sup>7</sup> AAD 19H ATLS  $h(
ightarrow b\,\overline{b}),\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$  60 GeV 19H ATLS <sup>8</sup> AAD  $\geq 3 \text{ } b\text{-jets} + \not\!\!\! E_T, \ \ \bar{\mathsf{T}}\text{sbot4}, \ \geq 1h(\rightarrow b\bar{b}), \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} + 130 \text{ GeV}$ >130095 OCCUR=2 <sup>9</sup> SIRUNYAN >122095 **19CH CMS** <sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN 19CI CMS  $\geq 1 H (\rightarrow \gamma \gamma) + \text{jets} + \not\!\!\!E_T, \text{ Ts-bot4, } m_{\chi_0^0} = m_{\chi_1^0} + 130 \text{ GeV},$  $m_{\chi_1^0} = 1 \text{ GeV},$ 95 > 530  $\textit{m}_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}=\overset{\scriptstyle \sim 2}{1}\text{GeV}$ <sup>11</sup> AABOUD 95 18I ATLS > 430

> 840	95	<sup>12</sup> SIRUNYAN 18AL CMS	$=$ $\gamma$	
> 975	95	<sup>13</sup> SIRUNYAN 18AR CMS	$= 50 \text{ GeV}$ $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + \text{jets} + \not{E}_{T}, \text{ Tsbot3}, m_{\tilde{\ell}} =$ $(m_{\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}})/2, m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ $iets + \not{E}_{T}, \text{ Tsbot1}, m_{\phi} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
>1060	95	<sup>14</sup> SIRUNYAN 18AY CMS	5 jets+ $E_T$ , Tsbot1, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^{\chi_1} = 0$ GeV	
>1230	95	<sup>15</sup> SIRUNYAN 18B CMS		
> 420	95	<sup>16</sup> SIRUNYAN 18X CMS	1	
> 700	95	<sup>17</sup> AABOUD 17AJ ATL	S same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ / 3 $\ell$ + jets + $E_T$ , Tsbot2, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0$ GeV	
> 950	95	<sup>18</sup> AABOUD 17AX ATL		
> 880	95	<sup>19</sup> AABOUD 17AX ATL	GeV S 2 <i>b</i> -jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
		20	0 GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^\pm_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 1$ GeV	
> 315	95	<sup>20</sup> KHACHATRY17a CMS	5 2 VBF jets + $E_T$ , Tsbot1, $m_{\widetilde{b}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 5$ GeV	
> 450	95	<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY17aw CMS	$b_{0}^{\pm} \geq 3\ell^{\pm}$ , 2 jets, Tsbot2, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^{0}_{1}} = 50$	
			GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm}=$ 200 GeV	
> 800	95	<sup>22</sup> KHACHATRY17P CMS	5 1 or more jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1175	95	<sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN 17AZ CMS	$= 0 \text{ GeV}$ $\geq 1 \text{ jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 890	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN 17к СМS	Gev	
> 810	95	<sup>25</sup> SIRUNYAN 175 CMS		
> 323	95	26 AABOUD 16D ATL	100 GeV	
> 840	95	<sup>27</sup> AABOUD 16Q ATL	= 5  GeV 5 2 <i>b</i> -jets + $\not \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 540	95	28 AAD 16BB ATL	GeV	
> 680	95	<sup>29</sup> KHACHATRY16BJ CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ , Tsbot2, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$ < 550 GeV, $m_{\sim 0}$ = 50 GeV	
> 500	95	<sup>29</sup> KHACHATRY16BJ CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\chi_1^{\pm}}$ , Tsbot2, $m_{\widetilde{b}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} < 100$ GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 50$ GeV	OCCUR=2
> 880	95	<sup>30</sup> KHACHATRY16BS CMS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 550	95	<sup>31</sup> KHACHATRY16BY CMS		
> 600	95	<sup>32</sup> AAD 15CJ ATL	$ \begin{array}{c} = 100  {\rm GeV} \\ {\rm S}  \widetilde{b} \rightarrow \ b \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \ < 250  {\rm GeV} \end{array} \end{array} $	
> 440	95		$5  \tilde{b} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm},  \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{(*)} \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0},  m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$	OCCUR=2
			= 60 GeV, $m_{\widetilde{b}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm}^{-1} < m_t^{-\lambda_1}$	
none 300–65	0 95	<sup>32</sup> AAD 15cj ATL	S $\widetilde{b} \rightarrow \widetilde{b} b \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}, \widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \rightarrow h \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} =$ 60 GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} > 250 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=3
> 640	95	<sup>33</sup> KHACHATRY15AF CMS	$\widetilde{b} \rightarrow b \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{0}}^{\Lambda_{2}} = 0$	
> 650	95	<sup>34</sup> KHACHATRY15AH CMS	$\widetilde{b} \rightarrow b \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^{\Lambda_1} = 0$	
> 250	95		$\widetilde{b} \rightarrow b \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \ m_{\widetilde{b}}^{-} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}^{-} < 10 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
> 570	95	<sup>35</sup> KHACHATRY151 CMS	$\tilde{b} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$	
	<u> </u>	36	=50 GeV, 150< $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$ <300 GeV	
> 255	95	<sup>36</sup> AAD 14T ATL	$S  \tilde{b}_1 \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \ m_{\tilde{b}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}^1 \approx m_b$	

<sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETYAN 24M searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of wino- and Higgsino-like charginos in final states with one or more disappearing tracks from the decay  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \pi^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  where the soft pion is not reconstructed,  $\not{E}_T$ , and varying numbers of jets, *b*-tagged jets, electrons, and muons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the  $\vec{b}$  mass in the model Tbot1LL for various proper decay lengths  $c\tau$  of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  as well as on the  $\tilde{t}$  mass in the model Tstop1LL, see their Fig. 10. Limits are also set in the model Tglu1LL, see their Fig. 11. In addition, limits are set in specific pure wino as well as pure higgsino dark matter models, in which the relationships among the electroweakino masses, the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  lifetime, and the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decay width are constrained by radiative corrections that account for a large difference between the LSP mass and the SUSY-breaking scale, see their Fig. 12.

bottom squarks in events with hadronically decaying  $\tau^{\pm}$ -leptons, b-tagged jets, and large  $\mathbb{F}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the bottom squark mass in the Tsbot4 simplified model, assuming  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0}$ 

$$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 130$$
 GeV, see their Figure 8.

<sup>3</sup>AAD 21S searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for pair production of sbottoms, LQ or dark matter in events with *b*-jets and  $E_T$ , also using dedicated secondary-vertex-finding techniques. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on  $m_{\widetilde{b}_1}$  in the Tsbot1 simplified model, on the

NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=DB

NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=ZA

NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=BB

NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=CB

LQ masses depending on the BR in  $b\nu$ , on scalar and pseudoscalar dark matter mediator masses. See Figures 8, 9, 10. <sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN 21M searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for supersymmetry

- in events with two opposite-sign same-flavor leptons (electrons, muons) and  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the simplified model Tglu4C, see their Figure 10, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  mass in Tchi1n2Fa, see their Figure 11, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  mass in Tn1n1C and Tn1n1B for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see their Figure 12. Limits are also set on the light squark mass for the simplified model Tsqk2A, on the sbottom mass in Tsbot3, see their Figure 13, and on the slepton mass in direct electroweak pair production of mass-degenerate left- and right-handed sleptons (selectrons and smuons), see their Figure 14. <sup>5</sup> AAD 20V searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two
- same-sign charged leptons (electrons or muons) and jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the bottom squark masses in the Tsbot2 simplified model for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + 100 \text{ GeV}$ ,

see their Fig. 8(a).

- <sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN 20T searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with at least two jets, and two isolated same-sign or three or more charged leptons (electrons or muons). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A, Tglu3B, Tglu3C and Tglu3D simplified models, see their Figure 7, and in the Tglu1C and Tglu1B simplified models, see their Figure 8 and 9. Limits are also set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot2 simplified model, see their Figure 10, and on the stop mass in the Tstop7 simplified model, see their Figure 11. Finally, limits are set on the gluino mass in RPV simplified models where the gluino decays either via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\bar{q}\bar{q} + e/\mu/\tau$  or via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow tbs$ , see Figure 12. <sup>7</sup> AAD 19H searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with no
- <sup>7</sup> AAD 19H searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with no charged leptons, three or more *b*-jets, and large  $E_T$ . Higgs boson candidates are reconstructed as *b*-jet pairs. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1500 GeV are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot4 simplified model, see Figure 8(a), for fixed  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 60$  GeV and for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0}$  up to 1200 GeV.
- <sup>8</sup> AAD 19H searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with no charged leptons, three or more *b*-jets, and large  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . Higgs boson candidates are reconstructed as *b*-jet pairs. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1300 GeV are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot4 simplified model, see Figure 8(b), for  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} + 130$  GeV and  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2}$  from 200 to 750 GeV.

- <sup>11</sup> AABOUD 18I searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with at least one jet with a transverse momentum above 250 GeV and no leptons. Good agreement is observed between the number of events in data and Standard Model predictions. The results are translated into exclusion limits in Tsbot1 models. In the compressed scenario with sbottom and neutralino masses differing by  $m_b$ , sbottom masses below 430 GeV are excluded. For  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$  they exclude sbottom masses up to 610 GeV. See

their Fig.10(a).

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Figure 3. Finally, limits are set on long-lived gluino masses in a Tglu1A simplified model where the gluino is metastable or long-lived with proper decay lengths in the range $10^{-3}$ mm $< c\tau < 10^{5}$ mm, see their Figure 4. <sup>15</sup> SIRUNYAN 18B searched in 35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for the pair production of third-generation squarks in events with jets and large $\not{E}_T$ . No significant	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=BA
excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot1 simplified model, see their Figure 5, and on the stop mass in the Tstop4 simplified model, see their Figure 6. <sup>16</sup> SIRUNYAN 18x searched in 35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with	
one or more high-momentum Higgs bosons, decaying to pairs of photons, jets and $\mathbb{E}_T$ . The razor variables ( $M_R$ and $R^2$ ) are used to categorise the events. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot4 simplified model and on the wino mass in the Tchi1n2E simplified model, see their Figure 5. Limits are also set on the higgsino mass in the Tn1n1A and Tn1n1B simplified models, see their Figure 6.	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=KA
<sup>17</sup> AABOUD 17AJ searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two same-sign or three leptons, jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 700 GeV are set on the bottom squark mass in Tsbot2 simplified models assuming $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV. See their Figure 4(d).	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=IA
<sup>18</sup> AABOUD 17AX searched in 36 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>p p</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events containing two jets identified as originating from <i>b</i> -quarks and large missing transverse momentum. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the masses of bottom squarks. In the Tsbot1 simplified model, a $\tilde{b}_1$ mass below 950 GeV is excluded for $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ (<420) GeV. See	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=GA
their Fig. 7(a). <sup>19</sup> AABOUD 17AX searched in 36 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events containing two jets identified as originating from <i>b</i> -quarks and large missing transverse momentum, with or without leptons. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the masses of bottom squarks. Assuming 50% BR for Tsbot1 and Tsbot2 simplified models, a $\tilde{b}_1$ mass below 880 (860) GeV is excluded for $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ (<250) GeV. See their Fig. 7(b).	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=HA
<sup>20</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17A searched in 18.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events with two forward jets, produced through vector boson fusion, and missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. A limit is set on sbottom masses in the Tsbot1 simplified model, see Fig. 3.	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=S
<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17AW searched in 2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with at least three charged leptons, in any combination of electrons and muons, and significant $\not{E}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A and Tglu1C simplified models, and on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot2 simplified model, see their Figure 4.	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=Z
$^{22}$ KHACHATRYAN 17P searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$ of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}=$ 13 TeV for events with one or more jets and large $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=W
<sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN 17AZ searched in 35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with one or more jets and large $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=X
<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN 17K searched in 2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>p p</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for direct production of stop or sbottom pairs in events with multiple jets and significant $E_T$ . A second search also requires an isolated lepton and is combined with the all-hadronic search. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1, Tstop8 and Tstop4 simplified models, see their Figures 7, 8 and 9 (for the Tstop4 limits, only the results of the all-hadronic search are used). Limits are also set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot1 simplified model, see Fig. 10 (also here, only the results of the all-hadronic search are used).	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=V
<sup>25</sup> SIRUNYAN 175 searched in 35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two isolated same-sign leptons, jets, and large $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=Y
<sup>26</sup> AABOUD 16D searched in 3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with an energetic jet and large missing transverse momentum. The results are interpreted as 95%C.L. limits on mass of sbottom decaying into a <i>b</i> -quark and the lightest neutralino in scenarios with $m_{\widetilde{b}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ between 5 and 20 GeV. See their Fig. 6.	NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=J

 $^{27}$  AABOUD 16Q searched in 3.2 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} =$  13 TeV for events containing NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=U two jets identified as originating from *b*-quarks and large missing transverse momentum. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the masses of third-generation squarks. Assuming that the decay  $\tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (Tsbot1) takes place 100% of the time, a  $\tilde{b}_1$  mass below 840 (800) GeV is excluded for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 100$  (360) GeV. Differences in mass above 100 GeV between the  $\tilde{b}_1$  and the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  are excluded up to a  $\tilde{b}_1$  mass of 500 GeV. For more details, see their Fig. 4. <sup>28</sup> AAD 16BB searched in 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with exactly NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=N two same-sign leptons or at least three leptons, multiple hadronic jets, b-jets, and  $E_T$ . No significant excess over the Standard Model expectation is found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the sbottom mass for the Tsbot2 model, assuming  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + \chi_1^0$ 100 GeV. See their Fig. 4c.  $^{29}\,{\rm KHACHATRYAN}$  16BJ searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=O with two isolated same-sign dileptons and jets in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot2 simplified model, see Fig. 6.  $^{30}$  KHACHATRYAN 16BS searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} =$  13 TeV for events NODE=S046SBT:LINKAGE=P verse mass variable  $M_{T2}$  to discriminate between signal and background processes. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot1 simplified model, see Fig. 11 and Table 3.  $^{31}$  KHACHATRYAN 16BY searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=R with two opposite-sign, same-flavour leptons, jets, and missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4C simplified model, see Fig. 4, and on sbottom masses in the Tsbot3 simplified model, see Fig. 5.  $^{32}$ AAD 15CJ searched in 20 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for evidence of third NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=M generation squarks by combining a large number of searches covering various final states. Limits on the sbottom mass are shown, either assuming the  $b o b \widetilde{\chi}^0_1$  decay, see Fig. 11, or assuming the  $\tilde{b} \to t \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decay, with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{(*)} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , see Fig. 12a, or assuming the  $\tilde{b} \to b \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  decay, with  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \to h \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , see Fig. 12b. Interpretations in the pMSSM are also discussed, see Figures 13–15.  $^{33}$  KHACHATRYAN 15AF searched in 19.5 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV for events NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=G  $M_{T2}$  to discriminate between signal and background processes. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in simplified models where the decay  $\widetilde{b} o \ b \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 12. See also Table 5. Exclusions in the CMSSM, assuming  $\tan \beta = 30$ ,  $A_0 = -2 \max(m_0, m_{1/2})$  and  $\mu > 0$ , are also presented, see Fig. 15.  $^{34}$ KHACHATRYAN 15AH searched in 19.4 or 19.7 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV NODE=S046SBT:LINKAGE=H for events containing either a fully reconstructed top quark, or events containing dijets requiring one or both jets to originate from *b*-quarks, or events containing a mono-jet. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in simplified models where the decay  $\widetilde{b} \to b \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 12. Limits are also set in a simplified model where the decay  $\tilde{b} \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 12.  $^{35}$ KHACHATRYAN 151 searched in 19.5 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=L in which *b*-jets and four *W*-bosons are produced. Five individual search channels are combined (fully hadronic, single lepton, same-sign dilepton, opposite-sign dilepton, multilepton). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in a simplified model where the decay  $\tilde{b} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 7. <sup>36</sup>AAD 14T searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for monojet-like events. NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=B No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the masses of third-generation squarks in simplified models which assume that the decay  $\widetilde{b}_1 o \ b \, \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place 100% of the time, see Fig. 12. <sup>37</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14AH searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with at least two energetic jets and significant  $E_T$ , using the razor variables ( $M_R$  and NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=E  $R^2$ ) to discriminate between signal and background processes. A second analysis requires at least one of the jets to be originating from a b-quark. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on sbottom masses in simplified models where the decay  $\tilde{b} \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Figs. 28 and 29. Exclusions in the CMSSM, assuming  $\tan\beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , are also presented, see Fig. 26.  $^{38}$  CHATRCHYAN 14R searched in 19.5 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for events NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=A with at least three leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant

excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino

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mass in a simplified model where the decay  $\tilde{b} \to t \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 11.

- <sup>39</sup> KHACHATRYAN 15AD searched in 19.4 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with two opposite-sign same flavor isolated leptons featuring either a kinematic edge, or a peak at the Z-boson mass, in the invariant mass spectrum. No evidence for a statistically significant excess over the expected SM backgrounds is observed and 95% C.L. exclusion limits are derived in a simplified model of sbottom pair production where the sbottom decays into a *b*-quark, two opposite-sign dileptons and a neutralino LSP, through an intermediate state containing either an off-shell Z-boson or a slepton, see Fig. 8.
- <sup>40</sup> AAD 14AX searched in 20.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for the strong production of supersymmetric particles in events containing either zero or at last one high high-*p<sub>T</sub>* lepton, large missing transverse momentum, high jet multiplicity and at least three jets identified as originating from *b*-quarks. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Limits are derived in mSUGRA/CMSSM models with tan $\beta = 30$ ,  $A_0 = -2 m_0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , see their Fig. 14. Also, exclusion limits are set in simplified models containing scalar bottom quarks, where the decay  $\tilde{b} \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow h \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see their Figures 11. <sup>41</sup> AAD 14E searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for strongly produced
- <sup>41</sup> AAD 14E searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for strongly produced supersymmetric particles in events containing jets and two same-sign leptons or three leptons. The search also utilises jets originating from *b*-quarks, missing transverse momentum and other variables. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models containing bottom, see Fig. 7. Limits are also derived in the mSUGRA/CMSSM, bRPV and GMSB models, see their Fig. 8.
- <sup>42</sup>CHATRCHYAN 14H searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with two isolated same-sign dileptons and jets in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in a simplified models where the decay  $\tilde{b} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, with varying mass of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 50$  GeV, see Fig. 6.
- <sup>43</sup> AAD 13AU searched in 20.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events containing two jets identified as originating from *b*-quarks and large missing transverse momentum. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the masses of third-generation squarks. Assuming that the decay  $\tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place 100% of the time, a  $\tilde{b}_1$  mass below 620 GeV is excluded for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 120$  GeV. For more details, see their Fig. 5.
- <sup>44</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13AT provides interpretations of various searches for supersymmetry by the CMS experiment based on 4.73–4.98 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV in the framework of simplified models. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in a simplified models where sbottom quarks are pair-produced and the decay  $\tilde{b} \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 4.

<sup>45</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13T searched in 11.7  $b^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with at least two energetic jets and significant  $\mathcal{F}_T$ , using the  $\alpha_T$  variable to discriminate between processes with genuine and misreconstructed  $\mathcal{F}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on sbottom masses in simplified models where the decay  $\tilde{b} \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 8 and Table 9.

- <sup>46</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13V searched in 10.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with two isolated same-sign dileptons and at least two *b*-jets in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the bottom mass in a simplified models where the decay  $\tilde{b} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, with varying mass of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 50$  GeV, see Fig. 4.
- 47 AAD 12AN searched in 2.05 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for scalar bottom quarks in events with large missing transverse momentum and two *b*-jets in the final state. The data are found to be consistent with the Standard Model expectations. Limits are set in an R-parity conserving minimal supersymmetric scenario, assuming  $B(\tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100\%$ , see their Fig. 2.
- <sup>48</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12AI looked in 4.98 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with two same-sign leptons  $(e, \mu)$ , but not necessarily same flavor, at least 2 *b*-jets and missing transverse energy. No excess beyond the Standard Model expectation is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in a simplified model for sbottom pair production, where the sbottom decays through  $\tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1 W$ , see Fig. 8.
- <sup>49</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12BO searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for scalar bottom quarks in events with large missing transverse momentum and two *b*-jets in the final state. The data are found to be consistent with the Standard Model expectations. Limits are set in an R-parity conserving minimal supersymmetric scenario, assuming  $B(\tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100\%$ , see their Fig. 2.
- <sup>50</sup> AAD 11K looked in 34 pb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with heavy stable particles, identified by their anomalous dE/dx in the tracker or time of flight in the tile calorimeter, from pair production of  $\tilde{b}$ . No evidence for an excess over the SM

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NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=CS

NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=SC

NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=DG

NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=TR

NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=CH

NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=A2

expectation is observed and limits on the mass are derived for pair production of sbottom, see Fig. 4.

<sup>51</sup> AAD 110 looked in 35 pb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with jets, of which at least one is a *b*-jet, and  $E_T$ . No excess above the Standard Model was found. Limits are derived in the  $(m_{\tilde{g}}, m_{\tilde{b}_1})$  plane (see Fig. 2) under the assumption of 100%

branching ratios and  $\widetilde{b}_1$  being the lightest squark. The quoted limit is valid for  $m_{\widetilde{b}_1}$  <

500 GeV. A similar approach for  $\tilde{t}_1$  as the lightest squark with  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 t$  and  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with 100% branching ratios leads to a gluino mass limit of 520 GeV for 130  $< m_{\tilde{t}_1} < t_1 < t_2 < t_2$ 

300 GeV. Limits are also derived in the CMSSM (m\_0, m\_{1/2}) plane for taneta=40, see Fig. 4, and in scenarios based on the gauge group SO(10).

- $^{52}$ CHATRCHYAN 11D looked in 35 pb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} =$  7 TeV for events with of  $\tilde{t}$  or  $\tilde{b}$ . No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived in the CMSSM (m\_0, m\_{1/2}) plane for taneta = 50 (see Fig. 2).
- $^{53}$  AALTONEN 10R searched in 2.65 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,\overline{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=1.96$  TeV for events with with the SM prediction, and a limit on the cross section of 0.1 pb is obtained for the range of masses 80 <  $m_{\widetilde{b}_{1}}$  < 280 GeV assuming that the sbottom decays exclusively to

 $b\widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ . The excluded mass region in the framework of conserved  $R_p$  is shown in a plane of  $(m_{\widetilde{b}_1}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})$ , see their Fig.2.

 $^{54}$ ABAZOV 10L looked in 5.2 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 1.96 TeV for events with the SM expectation is observed, and a limit on the cross section is derived under the assumption of 100% branching ratio. The excluded mass region in the framework of conserved  $R_p$  is shown in a plane of  $(m_{\widetilde{b}_1}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})$ , see their Fig. 3b. The exclusion also extends to  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 110$  GeV for  $160 < m_{\widetilde{b}_1} < 200$  GeV.

# R-parity violating $\tilde{b}$ (Sbottom) mass limit

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
>307	95	<sup>1</sup> KHACHATRY16 <sub>BX</sub>	CMS	RPV, $\tilde{b} \rightarrow td$ or $ts$ , $\lambda_{332}''$ or $\lambda_{331}''$
				coupling

• • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

14E ATLS  $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} (\ell^{\mp}) + \text{jets}, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{(*)\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \text{ sim-}$ plified model,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 2 m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ <sup>2</sup> AAD

 $^1$ KHACHATRYAN 16BX searched in 19.5 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV for events containing 2 leptons coming from R-parity-violating decays of supersymmetric particles. No excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the sbottom mass, assuming the RPV  $\tilde{b} \rightarrow t d$  or  $\tilde{b} \rightarrow t s$  decay, see Fig. 15. <sup>2</sup> AAD 14E searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for strongly produced

supersymmetric particles in events containing jets and two same-sign leptons or three leptons. The search also utilises jets originating from b-quarks, missing transverse momentum and other variables. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models containing bottom, see Fig. 7. Limits are also derived in the mSUGRA/CMSSM, bRPV and GMSB models, see their Fig. 8.

#### $\tilde{t}$ (Stop) mass limit

Limits depend on the decay mode. In  $e^+e^-$  collisions they also depend on the mixing angle of the mass eigenstate  $\tilde{t}_1 = \tilde{t}_L \cos\theta_t + \tilde{t}_R \sin\theta_t$ . The coupling to the Z vanishes when  $\theta_t = 0.98$ . In the Listings below, we use  $\Delta m \equiv m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  or  $\Delta m \equiv m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\nu}}$ , depending on relevant decay mode. See also bounds in " $\tilde{q}$  (Squark) MASS LIMIT."

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, et al. (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics C38 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

# R-parity conserving $\tilde{t}$ (Stop) mass limit

R-parity con	serving	t (Stop) mass lir	NODE=S046STP		
VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046STP;CHECK LIMITS
> 980	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24AC ATLS	$1\ell +  ext{jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 685	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24AC ATLS	$= 600 \text{ GeV} \\ 1\ell + \text{jets} + \not\!\!\! E_T, \text{ Tstop1, } m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - 1$	OCCUR=2
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = m_t$	

NODE=S046SBT LINKAGE=A6

NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=LA

NODE=S046SBT;LINKAGE=C1

NODE=S046SBT:LINKAGE=AB

# NODE=S046SBV NODE=S046SBV

NODE=S046SBV;LINKAGE=T

NODE=S046SBV:LINKAGE=D

NODE=S046227

NODE=S046227

> 800	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	24AO ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} {\rm jets}+{\not\!\! E}_T+c\text{-jets, like Tstop9}\\ {\rm but\ extended\ to\ on-shell}\\ {\ \widetilde{t}}\rightarrow\ t{\ \widetilde{\chi}}^0_1\ {\rm decays,\ }m_{{\ \widetilde{\chi}}^0_1}=\end{array}$	I
>1500	95	<sup>3</sup> HAYRAPETY	24м СМЅ	0, $B(\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 50\%$ $\geq 1 \text{ disappearing track} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	I
>1590	95	<sup>3</sup> HAYRAPETY	24M CMS	$\begin{array}{l} c\tau(\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}) = 10\;cm\\ \geq \; 1\;disappearing\;track + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1430	95	<sup>4</sup> HAYRAPETY	23E CMS	$\gamma+jets+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1150	95	<sup>5</sup> TUMASYAN	23AB CMS	= 1170 GeV $\geq$ 1 $ au^{\pm}$ + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 480	95	<sup>6</sup> TUMASYAN	23к CMS	= 1 GeV 1 high- $p_t$ jet, 1 low- $p_t$ e or $\mu$ , Tstop3, $m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 10$	
> 700	95	<sup>6</sup> TUMASYAN	23к CMS	GeV 1 high- $p_t$ jet, 1 low- $p_t$ e or $\mu$ , Tstop3, $m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 80$	OCCUR=2
> 480	95	<sup>7</sup> TUMASYAN	22Q CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{GeV} \\ \text{2 or } 3 \ \ell \ (\operatorname{soft}), \ \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 540	95	<sup>7</sup> TUMASYAN	22Q CMS	2 or 3 $\ell$ (soft), $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1400	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	21AW ATLS	$ au^{\pm}$ + jets + <i>b</i> -jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1200	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	210 ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}$ + jet + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 710	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	210 ATLS	$\ell^{\pm} = 0 \; { m GeV} \ \ell^{\pm} + { m jet} + { ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 640	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	210 ATLS	$\substack{\substack{ = \\ \ell^{\pm} + \text{ jet } + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1000	95	<sup>10</sup> AAD	21P ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} = 580 \text{ GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + \text{ jets} + E_T, \text{ Tstop1}, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + \text{ jets} + E_T, \text{ Tstop2}. \end{array} $	
> 600	95	<sup>10</sup> AAD	21P ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ + jets + $E_T$ , Tstop2, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 500 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
> 550	95	<sup>10</sup> AAD	21P ATLS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp}_{\mp}$ + jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1310	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	jets + $E_T$ , Tstop1, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$ < 300 GeV	
>1170	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	jets + $\mathcal{E}_T$ , Tstop2, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\widetilde{t}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 100$	OCCUR=2
>1150	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{GeV} & & & & \\ \operatorname{jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
> 640	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	$ = \overline{\chi_1^0} = 100 \text{ GeV} $ $ \text{jets} + \overline{k_T}, \text{ Tstop3, } m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} $	OCCUR=4
> 620	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	$= 50 \text{ GeV}$ $jets + \not\!\!\!E_T, \text{ Tstop3, 10 GeV} < m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 60 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=5
> 740	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=6
> 720	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	$= 80 \text{ GeV}$ $jets + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=7
> 595	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=8
> 630	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	= 10 GeV jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=9
none 200–920	95	<sup>12</sup> SIRUNYAN	21b CMS	$\begin{array}{l} \overset{=}{\ell^{\pm}} \overset{20 \text{ GeV}}{\ell^{\pm}} & \ell^{\pm} + \textit{b-jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	

>1100	95	<sup>20</sup> SIRUNYAN	20ан CMS	$\ell^\pm$ + jet + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
				$= (m_{\widetilde{t}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, 50 < 1$	
>1070	95	<sup>20</sup> SIRUNYAN	20AH CMS	$\begin{array}{l} m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 425 \; \tilde{GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm} + jet + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=5
>1050	95	<sup>20</sup> SIRUNYAN	20AH CMS	$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 5 \text{ GeV}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$ $= 0 \text{ GeV}$ $\ell^{\pm} + \text{ jet} + \not{E}_{T}, \text{ Tstop8},$ $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 5 \text{ GeV},$	OCCUR=6
> 730	95	<sup>21</sup> SIRUNYAN	20т CMS	$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 350 \text{ GeV}$ same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell^{\pm} + j$ ets, Tstop7, $m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} =$	
> 890	95	<sup>21</sup> SIRUNYAN	20т CMS	175 GeV, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ , $B(\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 H) = 100\%$ same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell^{\pm} +$ jets, Tstop7, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} =$ 175 GeV, $m = -200 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
> 760	95	<sup>21</sup> SIRUNYAN	20т CMS	175 GeV, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ , $B(\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 Z) = 100\%$ same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell^{\pm} + j$ ets, Tstop7, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = \chi_1^0$	OCCUR=3
>1100	95	<sup>22</sup> SIRUNYAN	200 CMS	175 GeV, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ , $B(\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 Z) = B(\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 H) = 50\%$ $\tau^{\pm} \tau^{\mp} + b$ -jets $+ \not \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1110	95	<sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AU CMS	$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^{\chi_1} = 0$ $\gamma + \text{jets} + b \text{-jets} + E_T,$	
>1230	95	<sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AU CMS	$\begin{array}{l} \gamma + {\rm jets} + b {\rm -jets} + {\not\!\! E}_T, \\ {\rm Tstop13}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1 \ {\rm GeV} \\ \gamma + {\rm jets} + b {\rm -jets} + {\not\!\! E}_T, \\ {\rm Tstop13}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 800 \ {\rm GeV} \end{array}$	OCCUR=2
>1190	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	19сн CMS	-	
>1140	95	<sup>25</sup> SIRUNYAN	19s CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} jets + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 208	95	<sup>26</sup> SIRUNYAN	190 CMS	$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 200 \text{ GeV}$ $e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp} + \geq 1b$ -jet, Tstop1, m = 175  CoV	
> 235	95	<sup>26</sup> SIRUNYAN	190 CMS	$m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 175 \text{ GeV}$ $e^{\pm} \mu^{\mp} + \geq 1b\text{-jet, Tstop1,}$ $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 182.5 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
> 242	95	<sup>26</sup> SIRUNYAN	190 CMS	$e^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}+ \geq 1b$ -jet, Tstop1, $m_{\widetilde{t}_1}-m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}=167.5~{ m GeV}$	OCCUR=3
> 940	95	<sup>27</sup> AABOUD	18AQ ATLS	$1\ell +  ext{jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 270	95	<sup>28</sup> AABOUD	18AQ ATLS	GeV $1\ell$ +jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 840	95	<sup>29</sup> AABOUD	18AQ ATLS	$\chi_1^{i}$ $1\ell$ +jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
> 500	95	<sup>30</sup> AABOUD	18BV ATLS	$rac{\chi_1}{c ext{-jets}+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 850	95	<sup>31</sup> AABOUD	18BV ATLS	$c$ -jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 390	95	<sup>32</sup> AABOUD	18ı ATLS	$ \begin{array}{c} GeV & \times_1 \\ \geq 1 \ jets + \not\!\!\!\! \mathbb{E}_T, \ Tstop3, \ m_{\widetilde{t}} \sim \\ m_{\widetilde{\sim} 0} \end{array} $	
> 430	95	<sup>33</sup> AABOUD	181 ATLS	$\chi_1^{\chi_1^{-}} \geq 1$ jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1160	95	<sup>34</sup> AABOUD	18Y ATLS	$\mathcal{X}_1$ $\mathcal{U}(\geq 1  ext{ hadronic }  au) + b ext{-jets} + \mathcal{U}_T,  ext{Tstop5},  extsf{m}_{\widetilde{ au}} \sim 800  ext{ GeV}$	

> 450	95	<sup>35</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AJ CMS	2 $\ell$ (soft) + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
				$= (m_{\tilde{t}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, \ m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{t}_1}$	
> 720	95	<sup>36</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AL CMS	$\begin{array}{l} m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 40  \mathrm{GeV} \\ \geq 3\ell^\pm +  \mathrm{jets} +  \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
		26		= 200 GeV, BR $(\widetilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \widetilde{t}_1 H)$ = 100%	
> 780	95	<sup>36</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AL CMS	$ \geq 3\ell^{\pm} + \text{jets} + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 710	95	<sup>36</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AL CMS	$= 100\%$ $\geq 3\ell^{\pm} + \text{jets} + \not{\!\!\!E}_T, \text{Tstop7},$ $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 175 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tilde{t}_1}$ $= 200 \text{ GeV}, \text{ BR}(\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 Z)$	OCCUR=3
> 730	95	<sup>37</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AN CMS	$= BR(\tilde{t}_2 \to \tilde{t}_1 H) = 50\%$ 1 or 2 $\gamma + \ell$ + jets, GGM, Tstop12, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 150 \text{ GeV}$	
> 650	95	<sup>37</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AN CMS	1 or 2 $\gamma + \ell$ + jets GGM	OCCUR=2
>1000	95	<sup>38</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	Tstop12, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 500 \text{ GeV}$ jets+ $E_T$ , Tstop1, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
> 500	95	<sup>38</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 510	95	<sup>39</sup> SIRUNYAN	18B CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 800	95	<sup>40</sup> SIRUNYAN	18C CMS	$10 \text{ GeV} \ \ell^\pm \ell^\mp + b$ -jets + $E_T$ , Tstop1, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0$	
> 750	95	<sup>40</sup> SIRUNYAN	18C CMS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + b\text{-jets} + \not\!\!\!E_T, \text{ Tstop2}, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\widetilde{t}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	OCCUR=2
>1050	95	<sup>40</sup> SIRUNYAN	18C CMS	$\chi_1^{\circ}$ Combination of all-hadronic, 1 $\ell^{\pm}$ and $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp}$ searches, Tstop1, $m_{\chi_1^0} = 0$	OCCUR=3
>1000	95	<sup>40</sup> SIRUNYAN	18C CMS	Combination of all-hadronic, $1 \ell^{\pm}$ and $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp}$ searches, Tstop2, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\widetilde{t}} + $	OCCUR=4
>1200	95	<sup>40</sup> SIRUNYAN	18c CMS	$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}})/2, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0$ $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + b \text{-jets} + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=5
>1300	95	<sup>40</sup> SIRUNYAN	18C CMS	$\begin{split} m_{\tilde{\ell}}^{-1} &= 0.5 \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} \ , \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}^{-1} = 0 \\ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} &+ b \text{-jets} + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=6
none 460–1060	95	<sup>40</sup> SIRUNYAN	18c CMS	$\ell = \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} + \chi_{1}^{0}$ $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + b \text{-jets} + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=7
>1020	95	<sup>41</sup> SIRUNYAN	18D CMS	top quark (hadronically decay- ing) + jets + $E_T$ , Tstop1, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
> 420	95	<sup>42</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DI CMS	$\ell^{\pm}$ + jet + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 560	95	<sup>42</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DI CMS	$\ell^{\pm}_{1}$ $\chi^{\pm}_{1}$ $\ell^{\pm}_{1}$ + jet + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 540	95	<sup>42</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DI CMS	$\ell^{\pm}$ , Tstop10, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\widetilde{t}} +$	OCCUR=3
> 590	95	<sup>42</sup> SIRUNYAN	18di CMS	$\begin{array}{l} m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}})/2, \ m_{\widetilde{t}_{1}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 40\\ \text{GeV}\\ \text{Combination of all-hadronic}\\ \text{and } 1 \ \ell^{\pm} \ \text{searches, Tstop3,}\\ m_{\widetilde{t}_{1}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 30 \ \text{GeV} \end{array}$	OCCUR=4

> 670	95	<sup>42</sup> SIRUNYAN	18di CMS	Combination of all-hadronic and $1 \ell^{\pm}$ searches, Tstop10, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\tilde{t}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$ ,	OCCUR=5
> 450	95	<sup>43</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DN CMS	$m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 60 \text{ GeV}$ $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp}$ , Tstop1, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} =$	
none 225–325	95	<sup>43</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DN CMS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp}$ , Tstop2, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} = (m_{\tilde{t}})$	OCCUR=2
				$+ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 2$ $m_W$	
none 210-690	95	<sup>43</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DN CMS	$\ell^\pm \ell^\mp$ , Tstop1, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0$ GeV	OCCUR=3
none 250–600	95	<sup>43</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DN CMS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp}$ , Tstop2, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\widetilde{t}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=4
> 700	95	<sup>44</sup> AABOUD	17aj ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \overset{\chi_1}{\underset{\mbox{same-sign}}{\overset{\chi_1}{\ell^\pm}} / 3 \ \ell + \ {\rm jets} \ + \\ \mathscr{B}_T, \ {\rm Tstop11}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} \end{array} $	
> 880	95	<sup>45</sup> AABOUD	17AX ATLS	+ 100 GeV <i>b</i> -jets+ $E_T$ , mixture Tstop1 and Tstop2 with BR=50%, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$	
				= 0 GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$ - $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = \stackrel{\sim_1}{1}$	
none 250–1000	95	<sup>46</sup> AABOUD	17AY ATLS	GeV jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
none 450–850	95	<sup>47</sup> AABOUD	17AY ATLS	jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 720	95	<sup>48</sup> AABOUD	17be ATLS	and 1stop2 with BR=50%, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{0}} = 1 \text{ GeV}$ $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + \mathcal{E}_T$ , Tstop1, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{0}} = 0$	
> 400	95	<sup>49</sup> AABOUD	17be ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \underset{\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + E_{T}}{\overset{\text{GeV}}{\underset{\ell^{\pm} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}}} = 40 \text{ GeV} \end{array} \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
> 430	95	<sup>50</sup> AABOUD	17be ATLS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + E_T$ , Tstop1 (offshell t), $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \sim m_W$	OCCUR=3
> 700	95	<sup>51</sup> AABOUD	17BE ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + E_T$ , Tstop2, $m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 10$ GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$	OCCUR=4
> 750	95	<sup>52</sup> KHACHATRY	17 CMS	$= 0 \text{ GeV}^{1}$ $jets + \not{\mathbb{Z}}_{T}, Tstop1, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 100 \text{GeV}$	
none 250–740	95	<sup>53</sup> KHACHATRY	17AD CMS	jets+ <i>b</i> -jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 610	95	<sup>54</sup> KHACHATRY	17AD CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} = 0 \text{ GeV} \\ jets+b\text{-}jets+E_T, \text{ mixture} \\ Tstop1 \text{ and } Tstop2 \text{ with} \\ BR{=}50\%, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 60 \text{ GeV} \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
> 590	95	<sup>55</sup> KHACHATRY	17P CMS	1 or more jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
none 280–640	95	<sup>55</sup> KHACHATRY	17P CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} = 100 \; {\rm GeV} \\ 1 \; {\rm or \; more \; jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 350	95	<sup>55</sup> KHACHATRY	17P CMS	1 or more jets+ $E_T$ , Tstop4, 10 GeV $< m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 80$	OCCUR=3
> 280	95	<sup>55</sup> KHACHATRY	17P CMS	$\begin{array}{l} \text{GeV} \\ 1 \text{ or more jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
> 320	95	<sup>55</sup> KHACHATRY	17P CMS	$\begin{array}{l} {\rm GeV} \\ 1 \ {\rm or} \ {\rm more} \ {\rm jets} {+} {\not\!\!\!E_T}, \ {\rm Tstop9}, \ 10 \\ {\rm GeV} < m_{{\widetilde t_1}} {-} m_{{\widetilde \chi_1^0}} < 80 \end{array}$	OCCUR=5
> 240	95	<sup>56</sup> KHACHATRY	17s CMS	GeV jets+ $E_T$ , Tstop4, $m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} =$	
> 225	95	<sup>57</sup> KHACHATRY	175 CMS	10 GeV jets+ $E_T$ , Tstop3, $m_{\tilde{t}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} =$	OCCUR=2
> 325	95	<sup>58</sup> KHACHATRY	175 CMS	10 GeV jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
				$\chi_1^{i} = \chi_1^{i} = \chi_1^{i}$ GeV	

> 400	95	<sup>59</sup> KHACHATRY1	17s CMS	$m_{\widetilde{t}} + 0.25 \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^1 = 0$	OCCUR=4
> 500	95	<sup>60</sup> KHACHATRY1	L7S CMS	GeV jets+ $E_T$ , Tstop1, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	OCCUR=5
>1120	95	<sup>61</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	L7AS CMS	GeV $1\ell+ ext{jets}+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1000	95	<sup>61</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	L7AS CMS	GeV $1\ell$ +jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 980	95	<sup>61</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	L7AS CMS	$ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{GeV} & \chi_1 & \chi_1 \\ 1\ell + \operatorname{jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=5
>1040	95	<sup>62</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	L7AT CMS	= 0 GeV jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 750	95	<sup>62</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	L7AT CMS	GeV jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 940	95	<sup>62</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	L7AT CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} + \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \ \text{GeV} \\ \text{jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
> 540	95	<sup>62</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	L7AT CMS	$\begin{array}{l} \chi_1^{\circ} \\ jets + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
> 480	95	<sup>62</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	L7AT CMS	$egin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	OCCUR=5
> 530	95	<sup>62</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	L7AT CMS	$\begin{array}{ll} \chi_{1}^{t} & \chi_{1}^{\star} \\ jets+ \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=6
>1070	95	<sup>63</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	17AZ CMS		
> 900	95	62	L7AZ CMS	$\geq$ 1 jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
				$= (m_{\tilde{t}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	
>1020	95	<sup>63</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	L7AZ CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{GeV} \\ \geq & \operatorname{1jets} + E_T, \operatorname{Tstop8}, \\ & m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = \operatorname{5} \operatorname{GeV}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \end{array} $	OCCUR=3
> 540	95	<sup>63</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	17AZ CMS	$=100~{ m GeV}$ $\geq 1~{ m jets}+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
none 280–830	95	<sup>64</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	l7κ CMS	0, $1 \ell^{\pm}$ +jets+ $E_T$ (combination), Tstop1, $m_{\chi_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
> 700	95	<sup>64</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	l7к CMS	0, 1 $\ell^{\pm}$ +jets+ $\mathcal{F}_T$ (combination), Tstop8, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$	OCCUR=2
> 160	95	<sup>64</sup> SIRUNYAN 1	l7κ CMS	= 5 GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$ = 100 GeV jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
				$m_{\widetilde{t}}^{}-m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}^{}$ $<$ 80 GeV	
none 230–960	95	65	L7P CMS	jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 990	95		L7P CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 323	95	<sup>66</sup> AABOUD 1	LGD ATLS	$\geq 1$ jet $+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
none, 745–780	95	<sup>67</sup> AABOUD 1	l6j ATLS	$1 \ell^{\pm} + \geq 4 \text{ jets} + \not\!\!\!E_T, \\ \text{Tstop1, } m_{\chi_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
> 490–650	95	68 <sub>AAD</sub> 1	L6AY ATLS	2 $\ell$ (including hadronic $ au$ ) + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 700	95	<sup>69</sup> KHACHATRY1	l6av CMS	1 or 2 $\ell^{\pm}$ +jets+ <i>b</i> -jets+ $\not\!\!\!E_T$ , Tstop1, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} <$ 250 GeV	

> 700	95	<sup>69</sup> KHACHATRY.	16AV CMS	1 or 2 $\ell^{\pm}$ +jets+ <i>b</i> -jets $E_T$ , Tstop2, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0$ GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^\pm_1}$ = 0.75 $m_{\widetilde{t}_1} + 0.25 m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$	OCCUR=2
				$= 0.75 \ m_{\tilde{t}_1}^{\chi_1} + 0.25 \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}^{\chi_1}$	
> 775	95	<sup>70</sup> KHACHATRY.	16вк СМЅ	jets+ $E_T$ , Tstop1, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ <200GeV	
> 620	95	<sup>70</sup> KHACHATRY.	16BK CMS	jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 800	95	<sup>71</sup> KHACHATRY.	16BS CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 316	95	<sup>72</sup> KHACHATRY.	16Y CMS	1 or 2 soft $\ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 250	95	<sup>73</sup> AAD	15cj ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} B(\widetilde{t} \rightarrow c \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}) + B(\widetilde{t} \rightarrow bff' \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}) \\ = 1, \ m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 10 \ \text{GeV} \end{array} $	
> 270	95	<sup>73</sup> AAD	15cj ATLS	$\tilde{t} \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, m_{\tilde{t}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 80 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
none, 200–700	95	<sup>73</sup> AAD		$\widetilde{t} \rightarrow t \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0$	OCCUR=3
> 500	95	<sup>73</sup> AAD		$B(\tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}) + B(\tilde{t} \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm})$	OCCUR=4
> 600	95	73 <sub>AAD</sub>		$= 1, \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{(*)} \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}}$ $= 2m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} < 160 \text{ GeV}$ $\tilde{t}_{2} \rightarrow Z \tilde{t}_{1}, m_{\tilde{t}_{1}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 180$	OCCUR=5
> 000	90	AAD	ISCJ ATLS	$i_2 \rightarrow 2 i_1, m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} - 100$	OCCOR=5
> 600	95	73 <sub>AAD</sub>	15CLATES	GeV, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ $\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow h \tilde{t}_1, m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 180$	OCCUR=6
<i>y</i> 000	50	1012	1000 / 11 20	$t_2 + m_{1} + m_{t_1} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ GeV, $m_{\sim 0} = 0$	
none, 172.5–191	95	<sup>74</sup> AAD	15」 ATLS	GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ $\widetilde{t} \rightarrow t \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1 \text{ GeV}$	
> 450	95	<sup>75</sup> KHACHATRY.	15AF CMS	$\widetilde{t} \rightarrow t \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0, \ m_{\widetilde{t}} > m_t$	
> 560	95	<sup>76</sup> KHACHATRY.	15ан CMS	$ \begin{array}{c} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} \\ \widetilde{t} \rightarrow t \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0, m_{\widetilde{t}} > m_{t} \\ + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} \end{array} $	
> 250	95	<sup>77</sup> KHACHATRY.	15AH CMS	$+ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} + c \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} < 10 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
> 730	95	<sup>78</sup> KHACHATRY.	15x CMS	$ \begin{split} \widetilde{t} &\to t \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100 \ \text{GeV}, \\ m_{\widetilde{t}} &> m_t + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \end{split} $	
none 400–645	95	<sup>78</sup> KHACHATRY.	15x CMS	$\widetilde{t} \rightarrow t \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \text{ or } \widetilde{t} \rightarrow b \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$ $= 100 \text{ GeV}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} =$	OCCUR=2
none 270–645	95	79 <sub>AAD</sub>	14aj ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} 5 \text{ GeV} \\ \geq 4 \text{ jets} + \not\!\!\! E_T, \   \widetilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 30 \text{ GeV} \end{array} $	
none 250–550	95	<sup>79</sup> AAD	14aj ATLS	$ \geq 4 \text{ jets} + \not\!\!\!E_T, \ B(\tilde{t}_1 \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}) \\ = 50 \ \%, \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 2 \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}, \\ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 60 \ \text{GeV} $	OCCUR=2
none 210–640	95	<sup>80</sup> AAD		$\ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 500	95	<sup>80</sup> AAD	14BD ATLS	$\ell^{\pm} + \text{jets} + \not\!\!\!E_T, \ \tilde{t}_1 \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \\ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 2 \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}, \ \text{100 GeV} < \\ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 150 \ \text{GeV}$	OCCUR=2
none 150–445	95	<sup>81</sup> AAD	14f ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ final state, $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}} = 10 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tilde{\chi}^0}$	
none 215–530	95	<sup>81</sup> AAD	14F ATLS	$\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \text{ final state, } \tilde{t}_{1} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0},$ $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 1 \text{ GeV}$ $\tilde{\iota} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
> 270	95	<sup>82</sup> AAD	14⊤ ATLS	$\widetilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \overset{\chi_1}{c} \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 200  { m GeV}$	
> 240	95	<sup>82</sup> AAD	14⊤ ATLS	$\widetilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 85 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
				$ \cdot$ $\cdot$ $\cdot$ $\cdot$ $\cdot$ $\cdot$ $\cdot$ $\cdot$ $\cdot$ $\cdot$	

SHAYRAPETYAN 24M searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of wino- and Higgsino-like charginos in final states with one or more disappearing tracks from the decay  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \pi^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  where the soft pion is not reconstructed,  $E_T$ , and varying numbers of jets, *b*-tagged jets, electrons, and muons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the  $\tilde{b}$  mass in the model Tbot1LL for various proper decay lengths  $c\tau$  of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  as well as on the  $\tilde{t}$  mass in the model Tstop1LL, see their Fig. 10. Limits are also set in the model Tglu1LL, see their Fig. 11. In addition, limits are set in specific pure wino as well as pure higgsino dark matter models, in which the relationships among the electroweakino masses, the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ lifetime, and the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decay width are constrained by radiative corrections that account for a large difference between the LSP mass and the SUSY-breaking scale, see their Fig. 12. 4 HAYRAPETYAN 23E searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence

of gluino, top squark and electroweakino pair production in events with at least one photon, multiple jets, and large  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in models for strong production, Tglu4D, Tglu4E, Tglu4F and Tstop13, see their figure 9. They also interpret the results in the models for electroweak production, shown in their figure 10. Tchi1n1A assumes wino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{0}$ 

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production, while Tchi1chi1A assumes higgsino-like cross sections and includes  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_{1.2}^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  production. For  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  alone no mass point can be excluded in the model Tchi1chi1A, but in another model for  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  production, Tn1n2A.

 $^5$  TUMASYAN 23AB searched in 138 fb $^{-1}$  of  ${\it pp}$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for evidence of top squark pair production in a final state with at least one hadronically decaying tau lepton and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of t for the model Tstop16, see their Figure 9. The exclusion limits are not very sensitive to the choice of the  $\tilde{\tau}$  mass parameter, chosen between  $0.25 < (m_{\tilde{\tau}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}) < 0.75$ 

because of the complementary nature of the signal diagrams.  $^6$ TUMASYAN 23K searched in 138 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for evidence of top squark pair production in events with a high-momentum jet, an electron or muon with low transverse momentum, and significant  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the top squark mass in the simplified model Tstop3 for 10 GeV  $< m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 80$  GeV, see their Figure 10.

- $^7$  TUMASYAN 22Q searched in up to 137 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for evidence of electroweakino and top squark pair production with a small mass difference between the produced supersymmetric particles and the lightest neutralino in events with two or three low-momentum leptons and missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  in the model Tchi1n2F, see their Figure 8. Limits are also set in a higgsino simplified model with both  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  production, where  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$

 $= 1/2(m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1})$ . A model inspired by the pMSSM is used for further interpretations

in the case of a higgsino LSP, see their Figure 9. Limits are also set on the mass of the top squark in the models Tstop2 and Tstop3, see their Figure 10.

- $^8$  AAD 21AW searched in 139 fb  $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for pair production No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the  $\tilde{t}_1$  mass as a function of the  $\tilde{\tau}_1$  in the Tstop5 scenario. See their Fig. 8.
- <sup>9</sup>AAD 210 searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for pair production of top squarks in events with one electron or muon, jets, and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the top squark mass in the Tstop1 and Tstop3 simplified models and dark matter models, see their Figures 13, 14 and 15.
- $^{10}$  AAD 21P searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for pair production of top squarks in events with two opposite-sign leptons, jets, and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the top squark mass in the Tstop1, Tstop2, and Tstop3 simplified models, see their Figures 14.
- $^{11}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  21AD searched in 137 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for supersym-

GeV, and Tglu3D with  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm}-m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}=5$  GeV, see their Figure 10.

- $^{12}$ SIRUNYAN 21B searched in 137 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for the pair production of top squarks in events with two oppositely charged leptons (electrons or muons), jets identified as originating from a *b*-quark and significant  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop
- mass in the Tstop1, Tstop2 and Tstop11 simplified models, see their Figures 6 and 7. <sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN 211 searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of top squarks in events with at least two jets and large  $E_T$ , categorized into events with 0, 1, or 2 leptons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the top squark mass in the simplified model Tstop1 in the top corridor  $\left|m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} - 175 \text{ GeV}\right| < 30 \text{ GeV}$  using dilepton events, see their Figure

7. Limits are also set for a combination of earlier searches with 0, 1, and 2 leptons in the models Tstop1, Tstop2 and a 50:50 mixture of these models, see their Figure 9. The results are interpreted in an alternative signal model of dark matter production via a spin-0 mediator in association with a top quark pair as well.

 $^{14}\,{\rm AABOUD}$  20 searched in 36.1 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $\it p\, p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events containing one electron-muon pair with opposite charge. The search targets a region of parameter space where the kinematics of top squark pair production and top quark pair production is very similar and makes use of the double-differential angular distributions of the leptons. No excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1 model, see Figures 16 and 17.

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NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=VD

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NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=OD

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=LD

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=ND

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=ID

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=TD

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=DD

 $^{15}$  AAD 20AS searched in 139 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for evidence of top squarks in events containing either a pair of jets consistent with SM Higgs boson decay into b-quarks or a same-flavour opposite-sign dilepton pair with an invariant mass consistent with a Z boson. No significant excess over the expected background is observed. Limits at 95% C.L. are set in Tstop6 simplified model. Assuming  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$  0 GeV,  $\widetilde{t}_1$ 

masses up to 1220 GeV are excluded for  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2}$  around 900 GeV. Limits reduce down to  ${ ilde t_1}$  masses up to 900 GeV for  $m_{{ ilde \chi}_2^0}$ =130 GeV. See their Fig. 10. Limits are presented

also in case of  $B(\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 h) = 0$  and 1, see their Fig. 11.

 $^{16}\,{\rm AAD}$  20AS searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for evidence of top squarks in events containing either a pair of jets consistent with SM Higgs boson decay into b-quarks or a same-flavour opposite-sign dilepton pair with an invariant mass consistent with a Z boson. No significant excess over the expected background is observed. Limits at 95% C.L. are set in simplified model featuring  $\tilde{t}_2$  pair production,  $\tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 Z$ and  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bff' \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ . Assuming  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} =$  300 GeV, and a mass difference between  $\tilde{t}_1$  and

 $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$  of 40 GeV,  $\widetilde{t}_2$  masses up to 860 GeV are excluded. See their Fig. 12.

<sup>17</sup> AAD 20S searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing multiple jets and large  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on top squark masses in the Tstop1 model up to 1250 GeV for lightest neutralino masses below 200 GeV. Additional constraints are set in the case where  $m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \sim m_t$  for which top squark masses in the

range 300–630 GeV are excluded. See their Fig. 13. <sup>18</sup> AAD 20S searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing multiple jets and large  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on top squark masses in the Tstop3 model in the range 300–660 GeV. In case  $m_{\tilde{t}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \sim 5$  GeV or above,  $m_{\tilde{t}}$  below 500

GeV are excluded. See their Fig. 13(b). <sup>19</sup> AAD 20V searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two same-sign charged leptons (electrons or muons) and jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the top squark mass up to 765 GeV assuming  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm W$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 W$ . Masses of the charginos and lightest neutralinos are set as  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = m_{\tilde{t}_1} - 275$ 

GeV, 
$$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} + 100$$
 GeV and  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^\pm_1} \sim m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$ . See their Fig. 8(b)

- $^{20}$  SIRUNYAN 20AH searched in 137 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for pair production of top squarks in events with a single isolated electron or muon, multiple jets Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1, Tstop2 and Tstop8 simplified models, see Figures 6, 7 and 8, respectively.
- $^{21}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  20T searched in 137 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with at least two jets, and two isolated same-sign or three or more charged leptons (electrons or muons). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A, Tglu3B, Tglu3C and Tglu3D simplified models, see their Figure 7, and in the Tglu1C and Tglu1B simplified models, see their Figures 8 and 9. Limits are also set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot2 simplified model, see their Figure 10, and on the stop mass in the Tstop7 simplified model, see their Figure 11. Finally, limits are set on the gluino mass in RPV simplified models where the gluino decays either via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q q \bar{q} \bar{q} + e/\mu/\tau$  or via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t b s$ , see Figure 12. <sup>22</sup> SIRUNYAN 20U searched in 77.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for the pair
- production of top squarks in events with two hadronically decaying taus, jets identified as originating from a b-quark and large  $\not\!\!E_T.$  No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop11 simplified model assuming the final state leptons are taus. Different values of the scalar tau mass are considered; the impact on the lower bound is negligible.
- $^{23}$  SIRUNYAN 19AU searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with at last one photon, jets, some of which are identified as originating from b-quarks, and the framework of GMSB, limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4C, Tglu4D and Tglu4E simplified models, and on the top squark mass in the Tstop13 simplified model, see their Figure 5.
- <sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN 19CH searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing multiple jets and large  $\mathbb{E}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu1C, Tglu2A and Tglu3A simplified models, see their Figure 13. Limits are also set on squark, sbottom and stop masses in the Tsqk1, Tsbot1, Tstop1 simplified models, see their Figure 14.
- $^{25}$  SIRUNYAN 195 searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with categorize the events. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A and Tglu3C simplified models, see Figures 22 and 23, and on the stop mass in the Tstop1 simplified model, see their Figure 24.

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=KD

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NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=FD

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=HD

NODE=S046STP:LINKAGE=BD

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=YC

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=XC

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=RC

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=VC

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=SC

7/16/2025 12:15 Page 99  $^{26}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  190 searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $\it p\, p$  collisions at  $\it \sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=UC containing one electron-muon pair with opposite charge. The search targets a region of parameter space where the kinematics of top squark pair production and top quark pair production is very similar, due to the mass difference between the top squark and the neutralino being close to the top quark mass. No excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1 model, with  $m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$  close to  $m_t$ , see Figure 5. <sup>27</sup> AABOUD 18AQ searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for top squark pair production in final states with one isolated electron or muon, several energetic jets, and NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=JC missing transverse momentum. No significant excess over the Standard Model prediction is observed. In case of Tstop1 models, top squark masses up to 940 GeV are excluded assuming  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$  GeV, see their Fig. 20. If the top quark is not on-shell (3-body) decay, exclusions up to 500 GeV are obtained for  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$  300 GeV. Exclusions as a function of  $m_{\widetilde{t}_1}\!-\!m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$  are given in their Fig. 21. <sup>28</sup> AABOUD 18AQ searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for top squark pair production in final states with one isolated electron or muon, several energetic jets, and NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=KC missing transverse momentum. No significant excess over the Standard Model prediction is observed. In case of Tstop3 models (4-body), top squark masses up to 370 GeV are excluded for  $m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$  as low as 20 GeV. Top squark masses below 195 GeV are excluded for all  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see their Fig. 20 and Fig. 21. <sup>29</sup> AABOUD 18AQ searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for top squark pair production in final states with one isolated electron or muon, several energetic jets, and NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=LC missing transverse momentum. No significant excess over the Standard Model prediction is observed. In case of Tstop2 models, top squark masses up to 840 GeV are excluded for  $m_{\tilde{t}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 10$  GeV. See their Fig. 23. Exclusion limits for this decay mode are presented also in the context of Higgsino-LSP phenomenological MSSM models, where  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 5$  GeV, see their Fig 26. <sup>30</sup>AABOUD 18<sub>BV</sub> searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with at least one jet identified as *c*-jet, large missing transverse energy and no leptons. NODE=S046STP:LINKAGE=PC Good agreement is observed between the number of events in data and Standard Model predictions. The results are translated into exclusion limits in Tstop4 models. In scenarios with differences of the stop and neutralino masses below 100 GeV, stop masses below 500 GeV are excluded. See their Fig.6 and Fig.7.  $^{31}{\sf AABOUD}$  18BV searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=QC with at least one jet identified as c-jet, large missing transverse energy and no leptons. Good agreement is observed between the number of events in data and Standard Model predictions. The results are translated into exclusion limits in Tstop1 models. In scenarios with massless neutralinos, top squark masses below 850 GeV are excluded. See their Fig.6.  $^{32}$  AABOUD 181 searched in 36.1 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with at NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=DC least one jet with a transverse momentum above 250 GeV and no leptons. Good agreement is observed between the number of events in data and Standard Model predictions. The results are translated into exclusion limits in Tstop3 models. Stop masses below 390 GeV are excluded for  $m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = m_b$ . See their Fig.9(b).  $^{33}\textsc{AABOUD}$  181 searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events with NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=EC at least one jet with a transverse momentum above 250 GeV and no leptons. Good agreement is observed between the number of events in data and Standard Model predictions. The results are translated into exclusion limits in Tstop4 models. In scenarios with differences of the stop and neutralino masses around 5 GeV, stop masses below 430 GeV are excluded. See their Fig.9(a).  $^{34}\,{\rm AABOUD}$  18Y searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for direct pair NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=HC production of top squarks in final states with two tau leptons, b-jets, and missing transverse momentum. At least one hadronic  $\tau$  is required. No significant deviation from the SM predictions is observed in the data. The analysis results are interpreted in Tstop5 models with a nearly massless gravitino. Top squark masses up to 1.16 TeV and tau slepton masses up to 1 TeV are excluded, see their Fig 7. <sup>35</sup> SIRUNYAN 18AJ searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=CC containing two low-momentum, oppositely charged leptons (electrons or muons) and wino mass in the Tchi1n2F simplified model, see their Figure 5. Limits are also set on the stop mass in the Tstop10 simplified model, see their Figure 6. Finally, limits are set on the Higgsino mass in the Tchi1n2G simplified model, see Figure 8 and in the pMSSM, see Figure 7.  $^{36}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18AL searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=GC with at least three charged leptons, in any combination of electrons and muons, jets and Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A and Tglu1C simplified models, see their Figure 5. Limits are also set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot2 simplified model, see their Figure 6, and on the stop mass in the Tstop7 simplified model, see their Figure 7.  $^{37}$ SIRUNYAN 18AN searched in 19.7 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for events NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=FC containing one or two photons and a pair of top quarks from the decay of a pair of top

squark in a natural gauge-mediated scenario. The final state consists of a lepton (electron or muon), jets and one or two photons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop12 simplified model, see their Figure 6.

- $^{38}\mathsf{SIRUNYAN}$  18AY searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events containing one or more jets and significant  ${\not\!\! E}_T.$  No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu2A and Tglu3A simplified models, see their Figure 3. Limits are also set on squark, sbottom and stop masses in the Tsqk1, Tsbot1, Tstop1 and Tstop4 simplified models, see their Figure 3. Finally, limits are set on long-lived gluino masses in a Tglu1A simplified model where the gluino\_is metastable or long-lived with proper decay lengths in the range  $10^{-3}$ mm  $< c\tau < 10^5$  mm, see their Figure 4.
- $^{39}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18B searched in 35.9  ${\rm fb}^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for the pair excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot1 simplified model, see their Figure 5, and on the stop mass in the Tstop4 simplified model, see their Figure 6.
- $^{40}\,{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18C searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for the pair production of top squarks in events with two oppositely charged leptons (electrons or above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1, Tstop2 and Tstop11 simplified models, see their Figures 11 and 12. The Tstop1 and Tstop2 results are combined with complementary searches in the all-hadronic and single lepton channels, see their Figures 13 and 14.
- $^{41}$ SIRUNYAN 18D searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events con-excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1 simplified model, see their Figure 8, and on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A, Tglu3B, Tglu3C and Tglu3E simplified models, see their Figure 9.
- $^{42}$  SIRUNYAN 18DI searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for pair production of top squarks in events with a low transverse momentum lepton (electron or muon), a high-momentum jet and significant missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop3 and Tstop10 simplified models, see their Figures 7 and 8. A combination of this search with the all-hadronic search is presented in Figure 9.
- $^{43}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18DN searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for direct electroweak production of charginos and for pair production of top squarks in events with two leptons (electrons or muons) of the opposite electric charge. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the chargino mass in the Tchi1chi1C and Tchi1chi1E simplified models, see their Figure 8. Limits are also set on the stop mass in the Tstop1 and Tstop2 simplified models, see their Figure 9.
- $^{44}$  AABOUD 17AJ searched in 36.1 fb  $^{-1}$  of p p collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with two same-sign or three leptons, jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 700 GeV are set on the top squark mass in Tstop11 simplified models, assuming  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = m_{\widetilde{t}} - 275$

GeV and  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2}=m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$  + 100 GeV. See their Figure 4(e).

- $^{45}$  AABOUD 17AX searched in 36 fb  $^{-1}$  of *p p* collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events containing two jets identified as originating from *b*-quarks and large missing transverse momentum, with or without leptons. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the masses of top squarks. Assuming 50% BR for Tstop1 and Tstop2 simplified models, a  $\tilde{t}_1$  mass below 880 (860) GeV is excluded for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$  (<250) GeV. See their Fig. 7(b).
- $^{46}$  AABOUD 17AY searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with at least four jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits in the range 250-1000 GeV are set on the top squark mass in Tstop1 simplified models. For the first time, additional constraints are set for the region  $m_{{\widetilde t}_1}$   $\sim$   $m_t$  +  $m_{{\widetilde \chi}_1^0}$  , with exclusion of the  ${\widetilde t}_1$  mass
- range 235-590 GeV. See their Figure 8.
- $^{47}$  AABOUD 17AY searched in 36.1 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with at least four jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits in the range 450-850 GeV are set on the top squark mass in a mixture of Tstop1 and Tstop2 simplified models with BR=50% and assuming  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1$  GeV and  $m_{\chi_1^0} < 240$  GeV. Constraints are given for various values of the BR. See their Figure 9. <sup>48</sup> AABOUD 17BE searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two

- opposite-charge leptons (electrons and muons) and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 720 GeV are set on the top squark mass in Tstop1 simplified models, assuming massless neutralinos. See their Figure 9 (2-body area).
- $^{49}$  AABOUD 17BE searched in 36.1 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with two opposite-charge leptons (electrons and muons) and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to

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NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=OC

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=NC

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=BC

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=QB

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=XB

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=YB

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=RB

NODE=S046STP:LINKAGE=TB

400 GeV are set on the top squark mass in Tstop3 simplified models, assuming $m_{\widetilde{t}_1}-m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$	
= 40 GeV. See their Figure 9 (4-body area). <sup>50</sup> AABOUD 17BE searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two opposite-charge leptons (electrons and muons) and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 430 GeV are set on the top squark mass in Tstop1 simplified models where top quarks are offshell, assuming $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ close to the <i>W</i> mass. See their Figure 9	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=UB
(3-body area). <sup>51</sup> AABOUD 17BE searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two opposite-charge leptons (electrons and muons) and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 700 GeV are set on the top squark mass in Tstop2 simplified models, assuming $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 10$ GeV and massless neutralinos. See their Figure 10.	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=WB
<sup>52</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17 searched in 2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events containing four or more jets, no more than one lepton, and missing transverse momentum, using the razor variables ( $M_R$ and $R^2$ ) to discriminate between signal and background processes. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the stop mass in the Tstop1 simplified model, see Fig. 17.	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=QA
<sup>53</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17AD searched in 2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events containing at least four jets (including <i>b</i> -jets), missing transverse momentum and tagged top quarks. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Top squark masses in the range 250–740 GeV and neutralino masses up to 240 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. See Fig. 12.	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=ZA
<sup>54</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17AD searched in 2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events containing at least four jets (including <i>b</i> -jets), missing transverse momentum and tagged top quarks. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the $\tilde{t}$ mass in simplified models that are a mixture of Tstop1 and Tstop2 with branching fractions 50% for each of the two decay modes: top squark masses of up to 610 GeV and neutralino masses up to 190 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. The $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ and	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=BB
the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ are assumed to be nearly degenerate in mass, with a 5 GeV difference between their masses. See Fig. 12. 55 KHACHATRYAN 17P searched in 2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with one or more jets and large $\not{E}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu2A, Tglu3A, Tglu3B, Tglu3C and Tglu3D simplified models, see their Figures 7 and 8. Limits are also set on the squark mass in the Tsqk1 simplified model, see their Fig. 7, and on the sbottom mass in the Tstop1, Tstop3, Tstop4, Tstop6 and Tstop7 simplified models, see Fig. 8.	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=UA
<sup>56</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17S searched in 18.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events containing multiple jets and missing transverse momentum, using the $\alpha_T$ variable to discriminate between signal and background processes. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the stop mass in the Tstop4 model: for $\Delta m = m_{\tilde{t}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ equal to 10 and 80 GeV, masses of stop below 240 and 260 GeV are excluded, respectively. See their Fig.3.	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=CB
<sup>57</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17S searched in 18.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events containing multiple jets and missing transverse momentum, using the <i>α</i> <sub>T</sub> variable to discriminate between signal and background processes. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the stop mass in the Tstop3 model: for Δm = $m_{\tilde{t}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ equal to 10 and 80 GeV, masses of stop below 225 and 130 GeV are excluded, respectively. See their Fig.3.	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=EB
<sup>58</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17S searched in 18.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events containing multiple jets and missing transverse momentum, using the $\alpha_T$ variable to discriminate between signal and background processes. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the stop mass in the Tstop2 model: assuming $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 0.25 \ m_{\tilde{t}} + 0.75 \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , masses of stop up to 325 GeV and masses of the neutralino up to 225 GeV are excluded. See their Fig.3.	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=FB
<sup>59</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17S searched in 18.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events containing multiple jets and missing transverse momentum, using the $\alpha_T$ variable to discriminate between signal and background processes. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the stop mass in the Tstop2 model: assuming $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 0.75 \ m_{\tilde{t}} + 0.25 \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}^0$ , masses of stop up to 400 GeV are excluded for low neutralino masses. See their Fig.3.	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=GB
<sup>60</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17S searched in 18.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events containing multiple jets and missing transverse momentum, using the $\alpha_T$ variable to discriminate between signal and background processes. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the stop mass in the Tstop1 model: assuming masses of stop up to 500 GeV and masses of the neutralino up to 105 GeV are excluded. See their Fig.3.	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=HB
<sup>61</sup> SIRUNYAN 17AS searched in 35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with a single lepton (electron or muon), jets, and large $\not\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=JB

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Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1, Tstop2 and Tstop8 simplified models, see their Figures 5, 6 and 7.

- $^{62}$  SIRUNYAN 17AT searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=13$  TeV for direct production of top squarks in events with jets and large  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1, Tstop2 , Tstop3, Tstop4, Tstop8 and Tstop10 simplified models, see their Figures 9 to 14.
- <sup>64</sup> SIRUNYAN 17κ searched in 2.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for direct production of stop or sbottom pairs in events with multiple jets and significant  $\not{E}_T$ . A second search also requires an isolated lepton and is combined with the all-hadronic search. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1, Tstop8 and Tstop4 simplified models, see their Figures 7, 8 and 9 (for the Tstop4 limits, only the results of the all-hadronic search are used). Limits are also set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot1 simplified model, see Fig. 10 (also here, only the results of the all-hadronic search are used).
- <sup>66</sup> AABOUD 16D searched in 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in events with an energetic jet and large missing transverse momentum. The results are interpreted as 95% C.L. limits on mass of stop decaying into a charm-quark and the lightest neutralino in scenarios with  $m_{\widetilde{t}_1} m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$  between 5 and 20 GeV. See their Fig. 5.
- <sup>67</sup> AABOUD 16J searched in 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in final states with one isolated electron or muon, jets, and missing transverse momentum. For the direct stop pair production model where the stop decays via top and lightest neutralino, the results exclude at 95% C.L. stop masses between 745 GeV and 780 GeV for a massless  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ . See their Fig. 8.
- $^{68}$  AAD 16AY searched in 20 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV for events with either two hadronically decaying tau leptons, one hadronically decaying tau and one light lepton, or two light leptons. No significant excess over the Standard Model expectation is found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. on the mass of top squarks decaying via  $\widetilde{\tau}$  to a nearly massless gravitino are placed depending on  $m_{\widetilde{\tau}}$  which is ranging from the 87 GeV LEP limit to  $m_{\widetilde{t}_1}$ . See their Figs. 9 and 10.
- $^{69}$  KHACHATRYAN 16AV searched in 19.7 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV for events with one or two isolated leptons, hadronic jets, b-jets and  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1 and Tstop2 simplified models, see Fig. 11.
- $^{70}$  KHACHATRYAN 16BK searched in 18.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV for events with hadronic jets and  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1 and Tstop2 simplified models, see Fig. 16.
- <sup>71</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16BS searched in 2.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with at least one energetic jet , no isolated leptons, and significant  $\not{E}_T$ , using the transverse mass variable  $M_{T2}$  to discriminate between signal and background processes. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1 simplified model, see Fig. 11 and Table 3.
- <sup>73</sup> AAD 15CJ searched in 20 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for evidence of third generation squarks by combining a large number of searches covering various final states. Stop decays with and without charginos in the decay chain are considered and summaries of all ATLAS Run 1 searches for direct stop production can be found in Fig. 4 (no intermediate charginos) and Fig. 7 (intermediate charginos). Limits are set on stop masses in compressed mass regions regions, with B( $\tilde{t} \to c \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ) + B( $\tilde{t} \to bf f' \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ) = 1, see Fig. 5. Limits are also set on stop masses assuming that both the decay  $\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $\tilde{t} \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  are possible, with both their branching rations summing up to 1, assuming  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to W^{(*)} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 2 m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see Fig. 6. Limits on the mass of the
  - next-to-lightest stop  $\tilde{t}_2$ , decaying either to  $Z\tilde{t}_1$ ,  $h\tilde{t}_1$  or  $t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , are also presented, see Figs. 9 and 10.Interpretations in the pMSSM are also discussed, see Figs 13–15.

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NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=PA

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=NA

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=Y

NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=Z

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<sup>74</sup> AAD 15J interpreted the measurement of spin correlations in $t\bar{t}$ production using 20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV in exclusion limits on the pair production of light $\tilde{t}_1$ squarks with masses similar to the top quark mass. The $\tilde{t}_1$ is assumed to decay through $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ with predominantly right-handed top and a 100% branching ratio. The data are found to be consistent with the Standard Model expectations and masses between	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=V	
the top quark mass and 191 GeV are excluded, see their Fig. 2 75 KHACHATRYAN 15AF searched in 19.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events with at least two energetic jets and significant $\not \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=N	
<sup>76</sup> KHACHATRYAN 15AH searched in 19.4 or 19.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events containing either a fully reconstructed top quark, or events containing dijets requiring one or both jets to originate from <i>b</i> -quarks, or events containing a mono-jet. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in simplified models where the decay $\tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 9. Limits are also set in simplified models where the decays $\tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ and $\tilde{t} \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , with $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 5$ GeV, each take place with a branching ratio of 50%, see Fig. 10, or with other fractions, see Fig. 11. Finally, limits are set in a simplified model where the decay $\tilde{t} \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 9, 10 and 11.	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=O	
<sup>77</sup> KHACHATRYAN 15AH searched in 19.4 or 19.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events containing either a fully reconstructed top quark, or events containing dijets requiring one or both jets to originate from <i>b</i> -quarks, or events containing a mono-jet. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in simplified models where the decay $\tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 9. Limits are also set in simplified models where the decays $\tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ and $\tilde{t} \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , with $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 5$ GeV, each take place with a branching ratio of 50%, see Fig. 10, or with other fractions, see Fig. 11. Finally, limits are set in a simplified model where the decay $\tilde{t} \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ takes place with a branching	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=P	
ratio of 100%, see Figs. 9, 10, and 11. 78 KHACHATRYAN 15x searched in 19.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events with at least two energetic jets, at least one of which is required to originate from a <i>b</i> quark, possibly a lepton, and significant $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=S	
<sup>79</sup> AAD 14AJ searched in 20.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events containing four or more jets and large missing transverse momentum. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the masses of third-generation squarks in simplified models which either assume that the decay $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ takes place 100% of the time, see Fig. 8, or that this decay takes place 50% of the time, while the decay $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ takes place the other	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=K	
50% of the time, see Fig. 9. 80 AAD 14BD searched in 20 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events containing one isolated lepton, jets and large missing transverse momentum. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the masses of third-generation squarks in simplified models which either assume that the decay $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ takes place 100% of the time, see Fig. 15, or the decay $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ takes place 100% of the time, see Fig. 16-22. For the mixed	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=L	
decay scenario, see Fig. 23. <sup>81</sup> AAD 14F searched in 20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events containing two leptons ( <i>e</i> or $\mu$ ), and possibly jets and missing transverse momentum. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the masses of third-generation squarks in simplified models which either assume that the decay $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ takes place 100% of the time, see Figs. 14–17 and 20, or that the decay $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ takes place 100% of the time, see Figs. 18	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=J	
and 19. 82 AAD 14T searched in 20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for monojet-like and <i>c</i> -tagged events. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model back- ground was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the masses of third-generation squarks in simplified models which assume that the decay $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ takes place 100% of the time, see Fig. 9 and 10. The results of the monojet-like analysis are also interpreted in terms of stop pair production in the four-body decay $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bff' \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , see Fig. 11.	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=G	

					= 7 TeV for event variables $(M_R$ and		NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=	=M
R <sup>2</sup> ) to disc at least one Standard N	criminate b e of the jet ⁄lodel expe	etween signal is to be origina ctations is obs	and background p iting from a <i>b</i> -qua erved. Limits are	rocesses. A seco ark. No significa set on sbottom	ond analysis require nt excess above the masses in simplified	es d		
28 and 29.	Exclusion	s in the CMSS	takes place with a M, assuming tan/	$\beta = 10, A_0 = 0$	o of 100%, see Figs and $\mu~>$ 0, are also	5. O		
with at lea excess abov	IYAN 14R ast three le ve the Sta	searched in 19 eptons (electro ndard Model	ons, muons, taus expectations is of	) in the final st oserved. Limits	= 8 TeV for event ate. No significan are set on the stop	it p	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=	=F
mass in a mass in $\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm  o$	natural hig → (qq′/ℓı	gsino NLSP si ⁄) <i>H</i> , Z̃G, tak	mplified model (G	MSB) where th anching ratio of	e decay $\widetilde{t}  ightarrow b\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 100% (the particle	, 25		
85 AABOUD	ackets hav	ve a soft $p_T$ spectrum in 36 fb <sup>-1</sup>	pectrum), see Fig Lof nn collisions	s. 4-6. at . /e - 13 Tel	for evidence of to	n		<b>NA /A</b>
squarks in a	events con	taining 2 lept	ons, jets, <i>b</i> -jets and 0 GeV are excluded	nd $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	p6 model, assuming	р g	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=	=VVA
<sup>86</sup> AABOUD in events co	17AF searc	hed in 36 fb <sup>—</sup> 2 leptons, jets	$^1$ of $pp$ collisions , <i>b</i> -jets and $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ Te In Tstop7 mode	V for evidence of $\widetilde{t}_{2}$ . I, assuming $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$ =	2	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=	=XA
50 GeV and limits are a	d 100% de Ilso shown	cays via Z bos as a function	on, $\tilde{t}_2$ masses up of the $\tilde{t}_2$ branchi	to 800 GeV are ng ratios in thei	excluded. Exclusion r Figure 7.	n		
$t_2$ in event	s containir	ng 2 leptons, j	ets, <i>b</i> -jets and $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	r. In Tstop7 mo	TeV for evidence of odel, assuming $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$	0	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=	=YA
Exclusion li	imits are a	lso shown as a	function of the $\tilde{t}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ branching rati	GeV are excluded os in their Figure 7 TeV for events wit	7.		
at least fou the Standa assuming t	ur jets and ard Model three pMS	large missing expectations SM-inspired n	transverse mome is observed. Limi nodels. The first	entum. No sign its are set on t one. referred t	ficant excess above top squark mas to as Higgsino LSF eV, with a mixtur	re ss P	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=	=ZB
of decay m and third ı	nodes as ii models are	n Tstop1, Tst e referred to a	op2 and Tstop6.	See their Figu nd well-tempere	re 10. The secone ed pMSSM models	d		
<sup>89</sup> AAD 14B s a Z boson,	searched ir , with or v	1 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ ovithout addition	f <i>pp</i> collisions at onal leptons, plus	$\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for jets originating	from <i>b</i> -quarks and ted SM background	d	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=	=1
is observed $Z \tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow$	I. Limits a $\rightarrow t \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ wi	re derived in s th a 100% br	implified models	featuring $\tilde{t}_2$ pro	duction, with $\widetilde{t}_2$ – n the framework o	$\rightarrow$		
natural GN <sup>90</sup> CHATRCH	/ISB, see F IYAN 14U (	ig. 6. searched in 19	7 fb <sup><math>-1</math></sup> of <i>pp</i> coll	isions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$	TeV for evidence o	of		_⊔
direct pair is performe to a photo	productior ed using a on pair, mi	n of top squarl selection of ssing transver	ks, with Higgs bos events containing se energy and po	sons in the deca two Higgs bos ossibly <i>b</i> -quark	y chain. The search ons, each decaying ets. No significan ts are interpreted in	h g it	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=	=Π
	•		0		s $\widetilde{t}_1  o b \widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ , with			
			ll happen with 10					
of direct pa	air product	ion of top squ	arks, with Higgs c	or Z-bosons in th	8 TeV for evidence ne decay chain. The nd <i>b</i> -quark jets. No	e	NODE=S046STP;LINKAGE=	=D
significant interpreted squark mas	excesses of in the co ss eigensta	over the expect ntext of a sim te $\tilde{t}_2$ decaying	ted SM backgrou plified model wit to a lighter top-s	unds are observe h pair productio quark eigenstate	ed. The results aron of a heavier top $\tilde{t}_1$ via either $\tilde{t}_2$ – etation is performed	re ⊃- →		
					approximately equa			
to the top-	-quark ma	ss, which is n	ot probed by sea	rches for direct	$\widetilde{t}_1$ pair production $\widetilde{r}_{\widetilde{t}_2} <$ 575 GeV and	۱,		
$m_{\widetilde{t}_1} < 400$					-			
R-parity viola	ating $\tilde{t}$ (S	• •					NODE=S046STV	
VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT		COMMENT			NODE=S046STV;CHECK LI	MITS
>1900	95 05	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24BT ATLS		mpt, Tstop2RPV.			
>1800 > 800	95 95	<sup>1</sup> AAD <sup>1</sup> AAD	24BT ATLS 24BT ATLS		mpt, Tstop2RPV. mpt, Tstop2RPV.		OCCUR=2 OCCUR=3	
none 70–200	95 95		ETY24AP CMS		jets, $\tilde{t}$ pair pro-		00000-0	

VALUL (GEV)	CL /0	DOCOMILINI ID	TLCN	COMMENT
>1900	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD 2	24bt ATLS	$\widetilde{t} \rightarrow be$ , prompt, Tstop2RPV.
>1800	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD 2	24bt ATLS	$\widetilde{t} \rightarrow b\mu$ , prompt, Tstop2RPV.
> 800	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD 2	24bt ATLS	$\widetilde{t}  ightarrow b au$ , prompt, Tstop2RPV.
none 70–200	95	<sup>2</sup> HAYRAPETY2	24AP CMS	2 large-radius jets, $\tilde{t}$ pair pro- duction with RPV $\tilde{t} \rightarrow q q$
none 500–520, 580–770	95	<sup>3</sup> TUMASYAN 2	23L CMS	4 jets with dijet masses > 350 GeV, Tstop1aRPV
>1500	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN 2	22AF CMS	long-lived $\widetilde{t}, \ \widetilde{t} \rightarrow b\overline{\ell}, \ c\tau = 2$ cm

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>1500	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	22AF CMS	long-lived $\tilde{t}, \tilde{t} \rightarrow d\bar{\ell}, c\tau = 2$	OCCUR=3
> 460	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	22AF CMS	$\begin{array}{c} cm \\ long-lived \ \widetilde{t}, \ \widetilde{t} \rightarrow \ b \overline{\ell}, \ 0.01cm < \end{array}$	OCCUR=5
> 460	95	<sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN	22AF CMS	$ ext{c} au < 1000  ext{ cm}$ long-lived $\widetilde{t},\widetilde{t} o  d\overline{\ell},$ 0.01cm $<$	OCCUR=6
>1100	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	21bf ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} \mathrm{c}\tau &< 1000 \ \mathrm{cm} \\ \ell^{\pm} + b\text{-jets} + \mathrm{many \ jets}, \\ \mathrm{Tstop14}, \ \lambda_{323}^{\prime\prime} \ \mathrm{elec}\text{-} \\ \mathrm{troweakino \ decay, \ 500 \ GeV} \\ &< m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} &< 800 \ \mathrm{GeV} \end{array}$	
>1150	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	21bf ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}$ + <i>b</i> -jets + many jets, Tstop15, $\lambda''_{323}$ elec- troweakino decay, 600 GeV $\langle m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 900$ GeV	OCCUR=2
>1300	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	21bf ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}$ + <i>b</i> -jets + many jets, Tstop1, $\lambda''_{323}$ , electroweakino decay, 500 GeV < $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$ <	OCCUR=3
>1600	95	<sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN	21af CMS	1000 GeV long-lived $\tilde{t}, \tilde{t} \rightarrow \overline{d}\overline{d}, \lambda_{3i3}''$ coupling, 0.4 mm < $c\tau$ <	
>1600	95	<sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN	210 CMS	$\begin{array}{rcl} & 80 \ {\sf mm} & & \ {\sf long-lived} \ { ilde t}, \ { ilde t}  ightarrow \ b {ar \ell}, \ 5 < & \ {\sf c}  au \ < 240 \ {\sf mm} & \ {\sf mm} \end{array}$	
>1600	95	<sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN	210 CMS	long-lived $\widetilde{t},\widetilde{t} ightarrowd\overline{\ell},\lambda_{{ m x}31}^{\prime}$	OCCUR=3
>1600	95	<sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN	210 CMS	coupling, $3 < c\tau < 360$ mm long-lived $\tilde{t}, \tilde{t} \rightarrow \overline{d}\overline{d}, \eta_{311}''$ coupling, $2 < c\tau < 1320$	OCCUR=5
> 670	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	21v CMS	$\ell^{\pm} \stackrel{\text{mm}}{+} \geq 7$ jets, Tstop1 with $\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow q q q, \lambda''_{abc}$ coupling,	
> 870	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	21V CMS	$a, b, c \in 1, 2$ $\ell^{\pm} + \geq 7$ jets, stealth SYY	OCCUR=2
>1700	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	20M ATLS	model $\tilde{t} \rightarrow q\mu$ , long-lived, $\tilde{t} \rightarrow 2$ DDV 0.1	
>1150	95	<sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN	19BI ATLS	Tstop3RPV, $ au = 0.1$ ns $\tilde{t} \rightarrow b\mu$ , long-lived, Tstop2RPV, c $ au = 0.1$ cm	
>1100	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	19BJ CMS	$\tilde{t} \rightarrow be$ , Tstop2RPV, prompt	
none 100-410	95	<sup>12</sup> AABOUD	18bb ATLS	4 jets, Tstop1RPV with $\tilde{t} \rightarrow ds$ , $\lambda_{312}''$ coupling	
none 100–470, 480–610	95	<sup>13</sup> AABOUD	18bb ATLS	4 jets, Tstop1RPV, $\lambda''_{323}$ coupling	OCCUR=2
≥ 600 <b>−</b> 1500	95	<sup>14</sup> AABOUD	18P ATLS	$2\ell + b$ -jets, Tstop2RPV, depending on $\lambda'_{i33}$ coupling ( <i>i</i>	
>1130	95	<sup>15</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AD CMS	= 1, 2, 3) $\widetilde{t} \rightarrow b\ell$ , long-lived, c $ au =$	
> 550	95	<sup>15</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AD CMS	$\widetilde{t} \rightarrow b\ell$ , long-lived, c $\tau =$	OCCUR=2
>1400	95	<sup>16</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DV CMS	1-1000  mm long-lived $\widetilde{t}, \ \widetilde{t} \rightarrow \overline{d} \overline{d}, \ 0.6 \text{ mm}$ < c au < 80  mm	
none 80–520	95	<sup>17</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DY CMS	2, 4 jets, Tstop3RPV, $\lambda_{312}''$	
none 80–270, 285–340,	95	<sup>17</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DY CMS	coupling 2 , 4 jets, Tstop1RPV, $\lambda_{323}''$ coupling	OCCUR=2
400–525 >1200	95	<sup>18</sup> AABOUD	17ai ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \geq 1\ell+ \ \geq \text{8 jets, Tstop1 with} \\ \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ t  b  s,  \lambda_{323}^{\prime\prime} \ \text{coupling,} \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
none, 100–315	95	<sup>19</sup> AAD	16AM ATLS	2 large-radius jets, Tstop1RPV	
none, 200–350	95	<sup>20</sup> KHACHATRY	15L CMS	$\widetilde{t} \rightarrow q q,  \lambda_{312}'' \neq 0$	
none, 200–385	95	<sup>20</sup> KHACHATRY	15L CMS	$\tilde{t} \rightarrow q b, \lambda_{323}^{\eta^{12}} \neq 0$	OCCUR=2
> 740	95	<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY		$ au + b$ -jets, $LQ\overline{D}$ , $\lambda'_{333} \neq 0$ , $\tilde{t} \rightarrow \tau b$ simplified model	
> 580	95	<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY	14⊤ CMS	$ au + b$ -jets, $LQ\overline{D}$ , $\lambda'_{3jk} \neq 0$ $(j \neq =3), \tilde{t} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm} b, \tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow qq\tau^{\pm}$ simplified model	OCCUR=2

 $\bullet$   $\bullet$   $\bullet$  We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc.  $\bullet$   $\bullet$ 

> 770	95		$\geq$ 8 jets, $\geq$ 5 <i>b</i> -jets, Tstop4RPV
> 890	95	<sup>23</sup> KHACHATRY16AC CMS	$e^+ e^- + \ \geq$ 5 jets; $\widetilde{t}  ightarrow \ b \widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ ;
			$\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \ \ell^{\pm} j j, \ \lambda'_{ijk}$
>1000	95	<sup>23</sup> KHACHATRY16AC CMS	$\mu^+\mu^-+ \ge 5 \text{ jets}; \ \widetilde{t} \to b \widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm};$
			$\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \ \ell^{\pm} j j, \ \lambda'_{ijk}$
> 950	95	<sup>24</sup> KHACHATRY16bx CMS	$\tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell \ell \ell \nu, \lambda_{121} \text{ or}$
		05	$\lambda_{122} \neq 0^{-1}$
> 790	95	<sup>25</sup> KHACHATRY15E CMS	$\widetilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\ell$ , c $\tau = 2$ cm

<sup>1</sup>AAD 24BT searched in 140 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for pair production of stops decaying RPV to a lepton and a b-quark. The final state consists of two resonant  $\ell-b$  pairs. No excess over the SM prediction is observed. Limits are set on the mass of the  $\tilde{t}$  assuming decays in a single lepton flavour, or into the three lepton flavours with BR of 1/3, see their Figure 9. Limits are also extracted as a function of the branching fraction into each lepton flavour, assuming that the t decays only via  $t \rightarrow b\ell$ , see their Figure 8.

- <sup>2</sup> HAYRAPETYAN 24AP searched in 128 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of pair-produced multijet signatures probing fully hadronic final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in three RPV SUSY models: higgsino pair production with decay to merged trijets, stop pair production with decay to merged dijets, and pair-produced gluinos decaying to resolved trijets, see their Fig. 4.
- <sup>3</sup>TUMASYAN 23L searched in 138 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for pairs of dijet resonances with the same mass in final states with at least four jets, for the case where the four-jet production proceeds via an intermediate resonant state and for nonresonant production. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in the nonresonant search on the top squark mass in the simplified model Tstop1aRPV with  $\lambda_{312}$  coupling, assuming B(ds) = 1, see their figure 12. Limits are also set on resonant pair production of dijet resonances via high mass intermediate states and compared to a signal model of diquarks that decay into pairs of vector-like quarks, see their figures 10 and 11.
- <sup>4</sup> TUMASYAN 22AF searched for evidence of new long-lived particles decaying to leptons in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV, corresponding to 118 (113) fb<sup>-1</sup> in the ee channel (e $\mu$ and  $\mu\mu$ ) channels. The leptons are required to have transverse impact parameter values between 0.01 and 10 cm and are not required to form a common vertex. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of the top squark in RPV models with top squark pair production and  $\tilde{t} \to b \bar{\ell}$  and  $\tilde{t} \to b \bar{\ell}$  $d\bar{\ell}$ , see their Figure 4, which contains a wider range of lifetime limits. Limits are also set on a gauge-mediated SUSY breaking model, where the next-to-lightest SUSY particle is a slepton and the lightest SUSY particle a gravitino G, see their Figure 5, which also contains a wider range of lifetime limits. Limits are also set in a model that produces BSM Higgs bosons ( $\tilde{H}$ ) with a mass of 125 GeV through gluongluon fusion, where the H decays to two long-lived scalars S, each of which decays to two oppositely charged and same-flavor leptons.
- $^5$  AAD 21BF searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for pair production of gluinos, stops, electroweakinos decaying RPV either directly or indirectly via the LSP. The final state in all cases is one or two leptons, many jets (up to fifteen) and b-jets. Different models with different branching fractions of the gluino or stop follow from the assumptions on the nature of the electroweakinos. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the gluino,  $\tilde{t}_1$ , electroweakino masses as a function of the  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$  mass in several scenarios of gluino, stop and electroweakino pair production.
- $^6$ SIRUNYAN 21AF searched in 140 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for supersymmetry in events with with two displaced vertices from long-lived particles decaying into multiple or dijet final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expecta-tions is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the simplified model Tglu2RPV with  $\lambda''_{323}$  coupling, on the  $\tilde{\chi}^0_1$  mass in an RPV model with  $\tilde{\chi}^0_1$  pair production and the RPV decay  $\tilde{\chi}^0_1 \rightarrow tbs$  with  $\lambda''_{323}$  coupling and on the  $\tilde{t}$  mass in an RPV model with top squark pair production and the RPV decay  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow \bar{d}_i \bar{d}_j$  with  $\lambda_{3ij}''$  coupling, see their Figure 7.
- <sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN 21U searched in 132 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for supersymmetry in events with displaced tracks and displaced vertices associated with a dijet system. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on long-lived gluinos in an RPC GMSB SUSY model of gluino pair production, with  $\widetilde{g} 
  ightarrow$  $g\,\widetilde{G},$  see their Figure 9, in Tglu1A in a mini-split model, see their Figure 10, and in an RPV model of gluino pair production, with  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow tbs$  with coupling  $\lambda''_{323}$ , see their Figure 11. Limits are also set on long-lived top squarks in Tstop2RPV, see their Figure 12, in an RPV model with  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow d\bar{\ell}$  and  $\lambda'_{x31}$  coupling, see their Figure 13, and in a dynamical RPV model with  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow \overline{d} \overline{d}$  via a nonholomorphic RPV coupling  $\eta_{311}''$ , see their Figure 14. The best mass limit is achieved in all cases at  $c\tau = 30$  mm.

OCCUR=2

NODE=S046STV;LINKAGE=X

NODE=S046STV;LINKAGE=V

NODE=S046STV;LINKAGE=T

NODE=S046STV;LINKAGE=S

NODE=S046STV;LINKAGE=PD

NODE=S046STV;LINKAGE=P

NODE=S046STV;LINKAGE=M

NODE=S046STV;LINKAGE=O

NODE=S046STV;LINKAGE=K

- $^8$  SIRUNYAN 21V searched in 137 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for supersymmetry in events with one charged lepton (e $^\pm$  or  $\mu^\pm$ ) and  $\geq$  7 jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on a RPV SUSY model like Tstop1 with the additional decay  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow q q q$  with coupling  $\lambda''_{abc}$ , with  $a,b,c \in 1,2$ , and on a stealth SUSY model called SYY, with one scalar particle S with even R-parity and its superpartner  $\widetilde{S}$ , both singlets under all SM interactions, and with a portal mediated by loop interactions involving a new vectorlike messenger field (Y), where pair produced top squarks decay as  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow tg \tilde{S}$ , and  $\tilde{S} \rightarrow \tilde{G}S$ , and  $S \rightarrow gg$ , see their Figure 6 and 7.
- $^9\,\mathrm{AAD}$  20M searched for long-lived particles decaying into hadrons and at least one muon in events containing a displaced muon track and a displaced vertex. The analysis uses a dataset of p p collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 136  $fb^{-1}$ . Using the Tstop3RPV simplified model, top squarks with masses up to 1.7 TeV are excluded for a lifetime of 0.1 ns, and masses below 1.3 TeV are excluded for lifetimes between 0.01 ns and 30 ns, see their Fig. 7. The dependence on the RPV coupling  $\lambda_{23k}$  multiplied by  $\cos\theta_t$ , with  $\theta_t$  the mixing angle between the left- and right-handed  $\tilde{t}$  squarks, is also shown, see their Fig. 7.
- $^{10}\,{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  19BI searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV in final states with two muons and two jets, or with one muon, two jets, and missing transverse momentum. Limits are set in a model of pair-produced, prompt or long-lived top squarks with R-parity violating decays to a b-quark and a lepton (Tstop2RPV), branching fraction of  $\widetilde{t} 
  ightarrow \ b\mu$  equal to 1/3 and c au between 0.1 cm and 10 cm in the case of long-lived top squarks. See their Fig. 10.
- <sup>11</sup>SIRUNYAN 19BJ searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in final states with two electrons and two jets, or with one electron, two jets, and missing transverse momentum. Limits are set in a model of pair-produced, prompt top squarks with R-parity violating decays to a *b*-quark and a lepton (Tstop2RPV), assuming branching fraction of  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow be$  equal to 1/3 and  $c\tau = 0$  cm. See their Fig.10.
- $^{12}{\rm AABOUD}$  18BB searched in 36.7 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for massive colored resonances which are pair-produced and decay into two jets. No significant deviation from the background prediction is observed. Results are interpreted in a SUSY simplified model as Tstop1RPV with  $\widetilde{t} 
  ightarrow ds$ . Top squarks with masses in the range 100–410 GeV are excluded, see their Figure 9(a). The  $\lambda_{312}''$  coupling is assumed to be sufficiently large for the decays to be prompt, but small enough to neglect the singletop-squark resonant production through RPV couplings.
- $^{13}\textsc{AABOUD}$  18BB searched in 36.7 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for massive coloured resonances which are pair-produced and decay into two jets. No significant deviation from the background prediction is observed. Results are interpreted in Tstop1RPV. Top squarks with masses in the range 100-470 GeV or 480-610 GeV are excluded, see their Figure 9(b). The  $\lambda''_{323}$  coupling is assumed to be sufficiently large for the decays to be prompt, but small enough to neglect the single-top-squark resonant production through RPV couplings.
- $^{14}$  AABOUD 18P searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for pair-produced top squarks that decay through RPV  $\lambda'_{i33}$  (i = 1, 2, 3) couplings to a final state with two leptons and two jets, at least one of which is identified as a *b*-jet. No significant excess is observed over the SM background. In the Tstop2RPV model, lower limits on the top squark masses between 600 and 1500 GeV are set depending on the branching fraction to be,  $b\mu$ , and  $b\tau$  final states. See their Figs 6 and 7.
- $^{15}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18AD searched in 2.6 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for long-lived particles by exploiting the multiplicity of displaced jets to search for the presence of signal decays occurring at distances between 1 and 1000 mm. Limits are set in a model of pair-produced, long-lived top squarks with R-parity violating decays to a b-quark and a lepton, see their Figure 3.
- $^{16}\,{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18DV searched in 38.5 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for long-lived particles in events with multiple jets and two displaced vertices composed of many tracks. No events with two well-separated high-track-multiplicity vertices were observed. Limits are set on the stop and the gluino mass in RPV models of supersymmetry where the stop (gluino) is decaying solely into dijet (multijet) final states, see their Figures 6 and 7.
- $^{17}$  SIRUNYAN 18DY searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for the pair production of resonances, each decaying to two quarks. The search is conducted separately in a boosted (two-jet) and resolved (four-jet) jet topology. The mass spectra are found to be consistent with the Standard Model expectations. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop3RPV and Tstop1RPV simplified models, see their Figure 11.
- $^{18}$  AABOUD 17AI searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events with one or more isolated lepton, at least eight jets, either zero or many b-jets, for evidence of R-parity violating decays of the top squark. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.25 (1.10) TeV are set on the top squark mass in R-parity-violating supersymmetry models where  $\tilde{t}_1$  decays for a bino LSP as:  $\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and for a higgsino LSP as  $\tilde{t} \to t \tilde{\chi}_{1,2}^0 / b \tilde{\chi}_1^+$ . These is followed by the decays through the non-zero  $\lambda_{323}''$  coupling  $\tilde{\chi}_{1,2}^0 \to tbs$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \to bbs$ . See their Figure 10 and text for details on model areas in

and text for details on model assumptions.

 $^{19}\,{\rm AAD}$  16AM searched in 17.4 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for events containing two large-radius hadronic jets. No deviation from the background prediction is observed. Top squarks with masses between 100 and 315 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. in the

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hypothesis that they both decay via *R*-parity violating coupling  $\lambda_{323}^{"}$  to *b*- and *s*-quarks. See their Fig. 10.

 $^{20}\,\rm KHACHATRYAN$  15L searched in 19.4 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for pair production of heavy resonances decaying to pairs of jets in four jet events. No significant production of neavy resonances decaying to pairs of jets in our jet events. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in *R*-parity-violating supersymmetry models where  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow qq (\lambda''_{312} \neq 0)$ , see Fig. 6 (top) and  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow qb (\lambda''_{323} \neq 0)$ , see Fig. 6 (bottom). <sup>21</sup> KHACHATRYAN 14T searched in 19.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events

- with  $\tau$ -leptons and *b*-quark jets, possibly with extra light-flavour jets. No excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on stop masses in RPV SUSY models with  $LQ\overline{D}$  couplings, in two simplified models. In the first model, the decay  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow \tau b$  is considered, with  $\lambda'_{333} \neq$  0, see Fig. 3. In the second model, the decay  $\tilde{t} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm} b$ , with the subsequent decay  $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow qq\tau^{\pm}$  is considered, with  $\lambda'_{3ik} \neq 0$  and the mass splitting between the top squark and the charging chosen to be  $1\tilde{00}$  GeV, see Fig. 4.
- $^{22}\,{\rm AAD}$  21B searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events with at least eight jets and at least 5 b-jets, for evidence of R-parity violating decays of the top squark. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 950 GeV are set on the top squark mass in Tstop4RPV simplified model. See their Figure 7 for more detailed mass bounds.
- <sup>23</sup>KHACHATRYAN 16AC searched in 19.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} =$  8 TeV for events with low missing transverse momentum, two oppositely charged electrons or muons, and at least five jets, at least one of which is a b-jet, for evidence of R-parity violating, charging-mediated decays of the top squark. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in R-parity-violating supersymmetry models where  $\tilde{t} \to b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \to \ell^{\pm} j j$ ,  $\lambda'_{ijk} \neq 0$  (*i.j.*,  $k \leq 2$ ), and with  $m_{\tilde{t}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 100$  GeV, see Fig. 3.
- <sup>24</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16BX searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events containing 4 leptons coming from R-parity-violating decays of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell \ell \nu$  with  $\lambda_{121} \neq$ 0 or  $\lambda_{122} \neq 0$ . No excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the gluino, squark and stop masses, see Fig. 23.
- $^{25}$  KHACHATRYAN 15E searched for long-lived particles decaying to leptons in 19.7 fb $^{-1}$ of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV. Events were selected with an electron and muon with opposite charges and each with transverse impact parameter values between 0.02 and 2 cm. Limits are set on SUSY benchmark models with pair production of top squarks decaying into an  $e\mu$  final state via RPV interactions. See their Fig. 2

#### Heavy $\tilde{g}$ (Gluino) mass limit

For  $m_{\widetilde{g}}~>$  60–70 GeV, it is expected that gluinos would undergo a cascade decay via a number of neutralinos and/or charginos rather than undergo a direct decay to photinos as assumed by some papers. Limits obtained when direct decay is assumed are usually higher than limits when cascade decays are included.

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, et al. (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics C38 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

## R-parity conserving heavy $\tilde{g}$ (Gluino) mass limit

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NODE=S046GNO NODE=S046GNO;CHECK LIMITS VALUE (GeV) CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT 24Z ATLS 2 same-sign/3 $\ell$  + jets, Tglu1E,  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 700 ~{\rm GeV}$ >2000 95 <sup>1</sup> AAD 24z ATLS 2 same-sign/3 $\ell$  + jets, Tglu1G,  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}=100~{\rm GeV}$ <sup>1</sup> AAD >2300 95 OCCUR=2 24Z ATLS 2 same-sign/ $3\ell$  + jets, Tglu1A, RPV, with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell q q$ , 300 GeV  $< m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 2000$  GeV <sup>1</sup> AAD I >2200 95 OCCUR=3  $^{1}$  AAD 24Z ATLS 2 same-sign/ $3\ell$  + jets, Tglu2RPV ( $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}t, \tilde{t} \rightarrow bd$ ),  $m_{\tilde{t}} <$ >1650 95 OCCUR=4 1400 GeV <sup>2</sup> HAYRAPETY...24M CMS  $\begin{array}{l} \geq 1 \text{ disappearing track} + \not\!\!\! E_T, \\ m_{\chi_1^{\pm}} \simeq m_{\chi_1^0} = 1500 \text{ GeV}, \end{array}$ 95 >2300 $\begin{array}{l} \mathrm{c}\tau(\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}) = 200 \ \mathrm{cm} \\ \geq 1 \ \mathrm{disappearing} \ \mathrm{track} + \not\!\!\! E_{T}, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} \simeq m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 250 \ \mathrm{GeV}, \end{array}$ <sup>2</sup> HAYRAPETY...24M CMS >2120 95 OCCUR=2  $c\tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}) = 10 \text{ cm}$ 

>1800	95	<sup>3</sup> HAYRAPETY.	24P CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} \geq \ 1 \ \text{displ. vertex} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	I
>1600	95	<sup>3</sup> HAYRAPETY.	24P CMS	$\geq 1$ displ. vertex + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>2240	95	<sup>3</sup> HAYRAPETY.	24P CMS	$egin{array}{lll} (\widetilde{g},\widetilde{\chi}^0_1)>50~{ m GeV}\ \geq ~1~{ m displ.}~{ m vertex}+ E_{T},\ { m GMSB}~{ m SUSY},\widetilde{g} ightarrow ~g\widetilde{G},c au \end{array}$	OCCUR=3
>2150	95	<sup>4</sup> HAYRAPETY.	24Q CMS	= 0.3–100 mm $\geq 2 \gamma + \geq 4$ jets, stealth SUSY, 600 GeV < $m_{\sim 0}$ < 1200 GeV	I.
>2200	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	23AB ATLS	$\stackrel{\chi_1^\circ}{\geq} 1 \ \gamma + jets +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>2200	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	23AB ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} 300  {\rm GeV} \\ \geq 1  \gamma + {\rm jets} + E_T,  {\rm GGM-like}, \\ {\rm Tglu4G},  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0  {\rm NLSP},  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}  > \end{array}$	OCCUR=2
>2250	95	<sup>6</sup> AAD	23AE ATLS	350 GeV 2 SFOS $\ell$ , jets, $E_T$ , Tglu1G, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	
>1950	95	<sup>7</sup> AAD	23AE ATLS	2 SFOS $\ell$ , jets, $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>2440	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	23AL ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} & \overset{\chi_{2}}{m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}} = 100 \ \text{GeV} \\ \text{At least 3 $b$-tagged jets, 0 or 1} \\ \text{lepton, Tglu3B, } & m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 1 \ \text{GeV} \end{array} $	
>2350	95	<sup>8</sup> AAD	23AL ATLS	At least 3 <i>b</i> -tagged jets, 0 or 1 lepton, Tglu2A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1$ GeV	OCCUR=2
>2050	95	<sup>9</sup> AAD	23AL ATLS	At least 3 <i>b</i> -tagged jets, 0 or 1 lepton, Tglu3E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{0}}$ = 2 GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{0}} = 1$ GeV	OCCUR=3
				= 2 GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 1$ GeV	
>2320	95	<sup>10</sup> HAYRAPETY.	23E CMS	$\gamma +  ext{jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>2375	95	<sup>10</sup> HAYRAPETY.	23e CMS	1700 GeV $\gamma + \mathrm{jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>2260	95	<sup>10</sup> HAYRAPETY.	23E CMS	1700 GeV $\gamma + jets +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>2120	95	<sup>11</sup> TUMASYAN	23AY CMS	$ \begin{array}{c} 1700 \; {\rm GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm} \; + \; \geq \; 6 \; {\rm jets} \; + \; \geq \; 1 \; b \text{-jet}, \\ {\rm Tglu3A}, \; m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} \; = \; 0 \; {\rm GeV} \end{array} $	
>2050	95	<sup>11</sup> TUMASYAN	23AY CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} \ell^{\pm} + \geq & 5 \text{ jets, } 0  b \text{-jets,} \\ Tglu1B, & m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
				$= 0.5(m_{\widetilde{g}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})$	
>2200	95	<sup>12</sup> AAD	220 ATLS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q q \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, q q \widetilde{\chi}^{\pm}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm}} =$	
>2330	95	<sup>13</sup> TUMASYAN	22v CMS	1000 GeV, $\tau(\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}) = 1$ ns 3 or 4 <i>b</i> -tagged jets or 2 large- radius jets, $E_T$ ; Tglu1l; $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$	
>2200	95	<sup>14</sup> AAD	21AK ATLS	$= 1 \text{ GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm} + \text{ jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
none 1300–2050	95	<sup>14</sup> aad	21ак ATLS	$= (m_{\widetilde{g}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}})/2, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} <$ $400 \text{ GeV}$ $\ell^{\pm} + \text{jets} + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>2300	95	<sup>15</sup> AAD	21L ATLS	1000 GeV jets + $E_T$ , Tglu1A, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ < 200	
>3000	95	<sup>15</sup> AAD		$ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{GeV} & \chi_{1} \\ \operatorname{jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2

> 2200	95	<sup>15</sup> AAD		inte i 77 Talu1P m — 0	
>2200	95		ZIL AILS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1400	95	<sup>16</sup> AAD	21x ATLS	jets in empty bunch crossings, Tglu1A, long-lived R-hadron, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$ 100 GeV, 10 <sup>-5</sup> s <	
> 870	95	<sup>16</sup> AAD	21x ATLS	$ au_{ m R-hadron} < 10^3  m s$ jets in empty bunch crossings, Tglu1A, long-lived R-hadron, $m_{\widetilde{g}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100  m GeV, 10^{-5}$	OCCUR=2
>2260	95	<sup>17</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	s < $\tau_{\rm R-hadron}$ < 10 <sup>3</sup> s jets + $E_T$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ <	
>2150	95	<sup>17</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	1050 GeV jets + $\mathcal{E}_T$ , Tglu3C, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 600$ GeV, $m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20$ GeV	OCCUR=2
>2250	95	<sup>17</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AD CMS	jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1870	95	<sup>18</sup> SIRUNYAN	21M CMS	$\ell^\pm \ell^\mp +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1980	95	<sup>19</sup> AAD	20AL ATLS	1100 GeV 8 or more jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1820	95	<sup>19</sup> AAD	20AL ATLS	8 or more jets $+  ot \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1600	95	<sup>20</sup> AAD	20v ATLS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ + jets, Tglu1E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=100~{ m GeV}$	
>1975	95	<sup>21</sup> SIRUNYAN	20B CMS	$ \geq 1\gamma + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=9
>1920	95	<sup>22</sup> SIRUNYAN	20bj CMS	jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu1H, $m_{\widetilde{g}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0} =$ 50 GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1$ GeV	
>2150	95	<sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN	20E CMS	$^{\chi_1}_{1\ell+{ m jets}, { m Tglu3A}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} <$ 700 GeV	
>2050	95	<sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN	20E CMS	1 $\ell+$ jets, Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^{\chi_1}$ <1100GeV	OCCUR=2
>1650	95	<sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN	20E CMS	$1\ell$ + jets, Tglu3C, $m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} =$ 175 GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 1150$ GeV	OCCUR=3
>1700	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	20T CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell^{\pm} +$ jets, Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
>1610	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	20T CMS	same-sign $\ell^\pm \ell^\pm$ or $\geq 3\ell^\pm +$ jets, Tglu3B, $m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 175$	OCCUR=2
>1300	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	20T CMS	$\begin{array}{l} {\rm GeV}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \ {\rm GeV} \\ {\rm same-sign} \ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} \ {\rm or} \ \ge 3\ell^{\pm} \ + \\ {\rm jets}, \ {\rm Tglu3C}, \ m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20 \\ {\rm GeV}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \ {\rm GeV} \end{array}$	OCCUR=3
>1500	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	20T CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell^{\pm}$ + jets, Tglu3D, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm}_{1}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}^{0}_{1}}$ +	OCCUR=4
>1350	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	20T CMS	5 GeV, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell^{\pm} + j$ ets, Tglu1C, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\tilde{g}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	OCCUR=5
>1250	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	20T CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} & \chi_1 & \chi_1 \\ \text{GeV} \\ \text{same-sign } \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} \text{ or } \geq 3\ell^{\pm} + \\ \text{ jets, Tglu1C, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} + 20 \text{ GeV, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV} \end{array} $	OCCUR=6
>1425	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	20T CMS	$\begin{array}{l} m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}+20  \mathrm{GeV},  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}=0  \mathrm{GeV} \\ \mathrm{same-sign}  \ell^{\pm}  \ell^{\pm}  \mathrm{or}  \geq 3 \ell^{\pm}  + \\ \mathrm{jets},  \mathrm{Tglu1B},  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}}=(m_{\widetilde{g}} +  \end{array}$	OCCUR=7
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1})/2, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0 \ \text{GeV}$	

>1425	95	<sup>24</sup> SIRUNYAN	20т CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell^{\pm} +$ jets, Tglu1B, $m_{\chi_1^{\pm}} = m_{\chi_1^{0}} +$ $20$ GeV, $m_{\chi_1^{\pm}} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=8
>2000	95	<sup>25</sup> AABOUD	19ı ATL	$\begin{array}{l} \text{20 GeV, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = \bar{0}  \text{GeV} \\ \geq 2  \text{jets} + 1  \text{or}  2  \tau + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1860	95	<sup>26</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AG CMS	$2\gamma + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1920	95	<sup>27</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AU CMS	$\begin{array}{l} \chi_1 \\ \gamma + \mathrm{jets} + b \mathrm{-jets} + \not\!\!\! E_T, \ \mathrm{Tglu4D}, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 127 \ \mathrm{GeV} \end{array}$	
>1950	95	<sup>27</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AU CMS	$\gamma +  ext{jets} + b ext{-jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1800	95	<sup>27</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AU CMS	$\gamma +  ext{jets} + b ext{-jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>2090	95	<sup>27</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AU CMS	$\gamma +  ext{jets} +  ext{b-jets} +  extsf{\vec{E}_T}$ , Tglu4D, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1200 \;  ext{GeV}$	OCCUR=4
>2120	95	<sup>27</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AU CMS	$\gamma +  ext{jets} +  ext{b-jets} +  extsf{\vec{E}_T}$ , Tglu4E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1200 \;  ext{GeV}$	OCCUR=5
>1970	95	<sup>27</sup> SIRUNYAN	19AU CMS	$\gamma +  ext{jets} +  ext{b-jets} +  extsf{E}_T$ , Tglu4F, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} =  ext{1200 GeV}$	OCCUR=6
>1700	95	<sup>28</sup> SIRUNYAN	19CE CMS	2 jets, Stealth SUSY, Tglu1A and $\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \widetilde{S} \gamma (\widetilde{S} \rightarrow S\widetilde{G}), m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$	
>2000	95	<sup>29</sup> SIRUNYAN	19сн CMS	= 200 GeV jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>2030	95	<sup>29</sup> SIRUNYAN	19сн CMS	jets+ $\not\!\!\!E_T$ , Tglu1C, $m_{\chi_1^{\pm}}^{\chi_1} = m_{\chi_2^0} = 0.5(m_{\widetilde{g}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}), m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^0 = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=2
>2270	95	<sup>29</sup> SIRUNYAN	19сн CMS	$ \begin{array}{c} g & \chi_1^0, & \chi_1^0 \\ \text{jets} + \not\!\!\! E_T, \text{ Tglu2A, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV} \end{array} $	OCCUR=3
>2180	95	<sup>29</sup> SIRUNYAN	19сн CMS	jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
>1750	95	<sup>30</sup> SIRUNYAN	19к CMS	$\gamma + \ell +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>2000	95	<sup>31</sup> SIRUNYAN	19s CMS	$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{GeV} & \chi_1 \\ 1 \text{ or } 2 \ \ell + \mathrm{jets} + E_T, \text{ Tglu3A}, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} < \text{700 GeV} \end{array}$	
>1900	95	<sup>31</sup> SIRUNYAN	19s CMS	$1  ext{ or } 2  extit{ } \ell +  ext{jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1970	95	<sup>32</sup> AABOUD	18AR ATLS	jets $+ \geq 3$ <i>b</i> -jets $+ ar{\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1920	95	<sup>33</sup> AABOUD	18AR ATLS	$jets+ \ge 3b$ -jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu2A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} < 600~{ m GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>1650	95	<sup>34</sup> AABOUD	18AS ATLS	$\geq$ 4 jets and disappearing tracks from $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \pi^{\pm}$ , modified Tglu1A or Tglu1B, $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$ life-	
				time 0.2 ns, $m_{\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}} = 460 \text{ GeV}$	
>1850	95	<sup>35</sup> AABOUD	18bj ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ + jets + $E_T$ , Tglu1G, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$ = 100 GeV	
>1650	95	<sup>36</sup> AABOUD	18bj ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ + jets + $E_T$ , Tglu1H, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$ 100 GeV	OCCUR=2
>2150	95	<sup>37</sup> AABOUD	180 ATLS	2 $\gamma + \not \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1600	95	<sup>38</sup> AABOUD	18U ATLS	$\gamma$ + jets + $E_T$ , GGM higgsino- bino, mix of Tglu4B and Tglu4C, any NLSP mass	OCCUR=2
>2030	95	<sup>39</sup> AABOUD	18V ATLS	jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1980	95	<sup>40</sup> AABOUD	18v ATLS	jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu1B, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}=0.5(m_{\widetilde{g}}+m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}), m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$	OCCUR=2
>1750	95	<sup>41</sup> AABOUD	18v ATLS	= 0 GeV jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>2000	95	<sup>42</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AA CMS	any $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_2} > 100~{ m GeV}$ $\geq 1\gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	

>2100 >1800	95 95	<sup>42</sup> SIRUNYAN <sup>43</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AA CMS 18AC CMS	$\geq 1\gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1700	95	<sup>43</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AC CMS	1 $\ell$ +jets, Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ <650 GeV 1 $\ell$ +jets, Tglu3A, $m_{\sim 0}$ <1040 GeV	OCCUR=2
>1900	95	<sup>43</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AC CMS	$1\ell$ +jets, Tglu3A, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ <1040 GeV $1\ell$ + jets, Tglu1B, $m_{z,\pm} = (m_{\tilde{z}})$	OCCUR=3
				$1\ell$ + jets, Tglu1B, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\widetilde{g}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 300 \text{ GeV}$	
>1250	95	<sup>43</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AC CMS	$\chi_1^0 \qquad \chi_1^0 \\ 1\ell + \text{ iets. Tglu1B. } m_{n++} = (m_{\approx}$	OCCUR=4
,				$1\ell$ + jets, Tglu1B, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\tilde{g}} + m_{\sim 0})/2$ , $m_{\sim 0} < 950$ GeV	
>1610	95	<sup>44</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AL CMS	$+ m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1})/2, m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} < 950 \text{ GeV}$ $\geq 3\ell^{\pm} + \text{jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1160	95	<sup>44</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AL CMS	$\geq 3\ell^{\pm} + jets +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1500	95	<sup>45</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AR CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}})/2, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0 \ \text{GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + \text{jets} + \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1770	95	<sup>45</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AR CMS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}$ + jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1625	95	<sup>46</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1825	95	<sup>46</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1625	95	<sup>46</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>2040	95	<sup>47</sup> SIRUNYAN	18D CMS	$\begin{array}{l} \text{top quark (hadronically decaying)} \\ + \; \text{jets} + \not\!\!\! E_T, \; \text{Tglu3A}, \; m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = \end{array}$	
>1930	95	<sup>47</sup> SIRUNYAN	18D CMS	0 GeV top quark (hadronically decay- ing) + jets + $E_T$ , Tglu3B, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 175$ GeV, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$	OCCUR=2
>1690	95	<sup>47</sup> SIRUNYAN	18D CMS	= 200  GeV top quark (hadronically decay- ing) + jets + $E_T$ , Tglu3C, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} =$	OCCUR=3
>1990	95	<sup>47</sup> SIRUNYAN	18D CMS	0 GeV top quark (hadronically decaying) + jets + $E_T$ , Tglu3E, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$	OCCUR=4
				$= m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} + 5 \text{ GeV}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100$	
>2010	95	<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN	18M CMS	$GeV \geq 1 \; H \; ( o \; \; b  b) +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1825 >1750	95 95	<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN <sup>49</sup> AABOUD	18м CMS 17ај ATLS	$\geq 1 H (\rightarrow bb) + E_T$ , Tglu1J same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} / 3 \ell$ + jets +	OCCUR=2
/1100	55	10.0000	17/0 / 11/20	same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ / 3 $\ell^{+}$ + jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1570	95	<sup>50</sup> AABOUD	17aj ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} same-sign \ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} \ / \ 3 \ \ell + jets \ + \\ \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1860	95	<sup>51</sup> AABOUD	17aj ATLS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ / $3\ell$ + jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>2100	95	<sup>52</sup> AABOUD	17AR ATLS	1 $\ell+jets+ ot\!\!\!/_T$ , Tglu1B, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0$	
>1740	95	<sup>53</sup> AABOUD	17AR ATLS	GeV $1\ell$ +jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu1E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0$	OCCUR=2
>1800	95	<sup>54</sup> AABOUD	17AY ATLS	GeV jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1800	95	<sup>55</sup> AABOUD	17AZ ATLS	5 GeV $\geq$ 7 jets+ $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1540	95	<sup>56</sup> AABOUD	17az ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} = 100 \; {\rm GeV} \\ \geq \; {\rm 7\; jets} {+} {\not\!\! E_T}, \; {\rm large\; R-jets} \\ {\rm and/or\; } {\it b-jets}, \; {\rm Tglu3A}, \; {\it m}_{{\scriptstyle \widetilde{\chi}_1^0}} \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
>1340	95	<sup>57</sup> AABOUD	17N ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} = 0 \; {\rm GeV} \\ {\rm 2 \; same-flavor, \; opposite-sign \; \ell +} \\ {\rm jets} + {\it E}_T, \; {\rm Tglu1H}, \; {\it m}_{{\scriptstyle \widetilde{\chi}_1^0}} = 0 \end{array} $	
				GeV	

>1310	95	<sup>58</sup> AABOUD 17	N ATLS	2 same-flavor, opposite-sign $\ell$ + jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
				$(m_{\widetilde{g}}+m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 400$	
>1700	95	<sup>59</sup> AABOUD 17	N ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{GeV} \\ \text{2 same-flavor, opposite-sign } \ell \\ \text{jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
		60		1 GeV	
>1400	95	<sup>60</sup> KHACHATRY17		$ \begin{array}{l} jets + \mathbb{Z}_T, Tglu1A, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 200  \mathrm{GeV} \\ jets + \mathbb{Z}_T, Tglu2A, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 200   \mathrm{GeV} \end{array} $	
>1650	95	<sup>60</sup> KHACHATRY17		jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1600	95	<sup>60</sup> KHACHATRY17		jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1550	95	<sup>61</sup> KHACHATRY17	AD CMS	jets+ $b$ -jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1450	95	<sup>62</sup> KHACHATRY17	AD CMS	0 GeV jets+ $b$ -jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu3C, 200 $< m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 400$ GeV	OCCUR=2
>1570	95	<sup>63</sup> KHACHATRY17	AS CMS	1 $\ell$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$ < 600 GeV	
>1500	95	<sup>63</sup> KHACHATRY17	7AS CMS	1 $\ell$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}0}~<$ 775 GeV	OCCUR=2
>1400	95	<sup>63</sup> KHACHATRY17	7AS CMS	1 $\ell$ , Tglu1B, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm}}^{\chi_1} = (m_{\widetilde{g}} +$	OCCUR=3
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}0})/2$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}0}^{\chi_1}$ < 725 GeV	
none	95	<sup>63</sup> KHACHATRY17	7AS CMS	$\chi_1 \qquad \chi_1 \qquad \chi_1 = (m_{\widetilde{\sigma}} + m_{\sim \pm})$	OCCUR=4
1050–1350				$m_{\sim 0}$ )/2, $m_{\sim 0}$ < 850 GeV	
>1175	95	<sup>64</sup> KHACHATRY17	7AW CMS	1 $\ell$ , Tglu1B, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} = (m_{\widetilde{g}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}})/2$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} < 725 \text{ GeV}$ 1 $\ell$ , Tglu1B, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} = (m_{\widetilde{g}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}})/2$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} < 850 \text{ GeV}$ $\geq 3\ell^{\pm}$ , 2 jets, Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0$	
> 825	95	<sup>64</sup> KHACHATRY17	7AW CMS	$\leq 3\ell^{\pm}$ , 2 jets, Tglu1C, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^{\pm}_1}$	OCCUR=2
				$=(m_{\widetilde{g}}+m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2,\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}=0$	
. 1050	05	65		GeV	
>1350	95	<sup>65</sup> KHACHATRY17		1 or more jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu1A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
>1545	95	<sup>65</sup> KHACHATRY17	7P CMS	1 or more jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu2A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0~{ m GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>1120	95	<sup>65</sup> KHACHATRY17	7P CMS	1 or more jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0~{ m GeV}$	OCCUR=3
>1300	95	<sup>65</sup> KHACHATRY17	7P CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} \overset{\chi_1}{\operatorname{rm or picts}} = \mathcal{I}_T, \ \operatorname{Tglu3D}, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} + 5 \ \operatorname{GeV}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \end{array} $	OCCUR=4
		65		= 100  GeV	
> 780	95	<sup>65</sup> KHACHATRY17	7P CMS	1 or more jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu3B, $m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 175 \text{ GeV}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$	OCCUR=5
> 790	95	<sup>65</sup> KHACHATRY17	7P CMS	= 50  GeV 1 or more jets+ $\not{\!\!E_T}$ , Tglu3C,	OCCUR=6
				$m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20$ GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
>1650	95	<sup>66</sup> KHACHATRY17	7∨ CMS	2 $\gamma + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1900	95	<sup>67</sup> SIRUNYAN 17	7AF CMS	NLSP mass $1\ell + jets + b - jets + E_T$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	
>1600	95	<sup>67</sup> SIRUNYAN 17	7AF CMS		OCCUR=2
				$1\ell$ +jets+ <i>b</i> -jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu3B, $m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 175 \text{ GeV}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$	
>1800	95	<sup>68</sup> SIRUNYAN 17	AY CMS	= 50 GeV $\gamma$ + jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
,				GeV	
>1600	95	<sup>68</sup> SIRUNYAN 17	7ay CMS	$\gamma+{ m jets}+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1860	95	<sup>69</sup> SIRUNYAN 17	7AZ CMS	GeV $\geq$ 1 jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>2025	95	<sup>69</sup> SIRUNYAN 17	7AZ CMS	0 GeV $\geq$ 1 jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1900	95	<sup>69</sup> SIRUNYAN 17	7AZ CMS	GeV $\geq 1 \text{ jets} + \not\!\!\!E_T$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\chi_1^0} = 0$	OCCUR=3
>1825	95	<sup>70</sup> SIRUNYAN 17	7P CMS	GeV jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1950	95	<sup>70</sup> SIRUNYAN 17	7P CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
				<i>x</i> <sub>1</sub>	

>1960	95	<sup>70</sup> SIRUNYAN	17P CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1800	95	<sup>70</sup> SIRUNYAN	17P CMS	1	OCCUR=4
				$= (m_{\widetilde{g}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	
>1870	95	<sup>70</sup> SIRUNYAN	17P CMS	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{GeV} \\ \text{jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=5
				+ 5 GeV, $m_{\chi 0} = 1000 \text{ GeV}$	
>1520	95	<sup>71</sup> SIRUNYAN	175 CMS	+ 5 GeV, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1000 \text{ GeV}^1$ same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $E_T$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	
>1200	95	<sup>71</sup> SIRUNYAN	17s CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} + jets + E_T$ , Tglu3D, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} + 5$ GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100$ GeV	OCCUR=2
				GeV. $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{0}} + 5$	
>1370	95	<sup>71</sup> SIRUNYAN	17s CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $E_T$ ,	OCCUR=3
				same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $\not\!\!E_T$ , Tglu3B, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 175$ GeV, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 50$ GeV	
		71		GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 50$ GeV	
>1180	95	<sup>71</sup> SIRUNYAN	17s CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{i}^{0}} = 0  \text{GeV}$	
>1280	95	<sup>71</sup> SIRUNYAN	17s CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $\not\!\!E_T$ , Tglu1B, $m_{\chi_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\widetilde{g}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $\not\!\!E_T$ , Tglu1B, $m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20$ GeV, $m_{\widetilde{t}_1} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20$ GeV,	OCCUR=5
				$(\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm})/2, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1} = 0$ GeV	
>1300	95	<sup>71</sup> SIRUNYAN	17s CMS	$\chi_1^{0,7,2}, \chi_1^{0}$ same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $E_T$ ,	OCCUR=6
,				Tglu1B, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20$ GeV,	
		72		$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	
>1570	95	<sup>72</sup> AABOUD	16AC ATLS	$\geq 2$ jets $+ 1$ or $2  au +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1460	95	<sup>73</sup> AABOUD	16J ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} 1 \ \ell^{\pm} \ + \ \geq 4 \ {\rm jets} + \not \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1650	95	<sup>74</sup> AABOUD	16M ATLS	$2 \gamma + E_T$ , Tglu1D, any NLSP	
>1510	95	<sup>75</sup> AABOUD	16N ATLS	mass $\geq 4 \text{ jets} + E_T$ , Tglu1A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} =$	
>1500	95	<sup>76</sup> AABOUD	16N ATLS	0 GeV $\geq$ 4 jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
				$(m_{\widetilde{g}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 200 \text{GeV}$	
>1780	95	77 <sub>AAD</sub>	16AD ATLS	$0\ell, \geq 3 \sum_{k=1}^{\lambda_1} \sum_{\substack{\chi_1 \\ E_T, \ Tglu2A, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}}} \sum_{k=1}^{\lambda_1} \lambda_1$	
>1760	95	<sup>78</sup> AAD	16AD ATLS	$1\ell, \stackrel{ imes_1}{\geq}$ 3 <i>b</i> -jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1300	95	<sup>79</sup> AAD	16BB ATLS	$\chi_1$ 2 same-sign/3 $\ell$ + jets + $\not\!\!\!E_T$ ,	
>1100	95	<sup>79</sup> AAD	16BB ATLS	Tglu1D, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} < 600$ GeV 2 same-sign/3 $\ell$ + jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
		70		Tglu1E, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} <$ 300 GeV	
>1200	95	<sup>79</sup> AAD	16BB ATLS	2 same-sign $/3\ell$ + jets + $E_T$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} < 600~{ m GeV}$	OCCUR=3
>1600		<sup>80</sup> AAD	16BG ATLS	$1\ell$ , $\geq$ 4 jets, $E_T$ , Tglu1B,	
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = (m_{\widetilde{g}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})/2,$	
> 1400	05	<sup>81</sup> AAD		$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	
>1400	95		16V ATLS	$\geq$ 7 to $\geq$ 10 jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1400	95	<sup>81</sup> AAD	16V ATLS	$\geq 7$ to $\geq 10$ jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1100	95	<sup>82</sup> KHACHATRY	16AMCMS	= 3 TeV, $\tan\beta$ =10, $\mu < 0$ boosted W+b, Tglu3C, $m_{\tilde{t}_1}$ -	
/1100	55	NUMERAL INT		$m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 80 \text{GeV}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 400 \text{GeV}$	
> 700	95	<sup>82</sup> KHACHATRY	16AMCMS	$\chi_1^{i}$ $\chi_1^{i}$ boosted W+b, Tglu3B, $m_{\tilde{t}_1}$ –	OCCUR=2
				$m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$ 175 GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$ 0 GeV	
				- +	

>1050	95	<sup>83</sup> KHACHATRY16BJ CMS	same-sign $\ell^\pm \ell^\pm$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} < 800~{ m GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>1300	95	<sup>83</sup> KHACHATRY16BJ CMS	$\chi_1^2$ same-sign $\ell^\pm \ell^\pm$ ,Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}=0$	OCCUR=3
>1140	95	<sup>83</sup> KHACHATRY16BJ CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ , Tglu3B, $m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20$ GeV, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	OCCUR=5
> 850	95	<sup>83</sup> KHACHATRY16BJ CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ , Tglu3B, $m_{\tilde{t}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 700 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=6
> 950	95	<sup>83</sup> KHACHATRY16BJ CMS	same-sign $\ell^\pm\ell^\pm$ , Tglu3D, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^\pm_1}$	OCCUR=7
>1100	95	<sup>83</sup> KHACHATRY16BJ CMS	$= m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} + 5 \text{ GeV}$ same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ , Tglu1B, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} =$	OCCUR=8
> 830	95	<sup>83</sup> KHACHATRY16bj CMS	$\begin{array}{l} 0.5(m_{\widetilde{g}}+m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}),m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}<\!\!400 \widetilde{\text{GeV}}\\ \text{same-sign}\ \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm},\text{Tglu1B},m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}}=\\ 0.5(m_{\widetilde{g}}+m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}),m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}<\!\!700 \widetilde{\text{GeV}}\end{array}$	OCCUR=9
>1300	95	<sup>83</sup> KHACHATRY16BJ CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ , Tglu3B, $m_{\tilde{t}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = m_t, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	OCCUR=10
>1050	95	<sup>83</sup> KHACHATRY16BJ CMS	$\chi_1^{\circ}$ $\ell^{\pm}$ $\chi_1^{\circ}$ same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ , Tglu3B, $m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = m_t$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 800$ GeV	OCCUR=11
>1725	95	<sup>84</sup> KHACHATRY16BS CMS	jets $+ \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1750	95	<sup>84</sup> KHACHATRY16BS CMS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1550	95	<sup>84</sup> KHACHATRY16BS CMS	jets + $E_T$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^{\chi_1} = 0$	OCCUR=4
>1280	95	<sup>85</sup> KHACHATRY16by CMS	opposite-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ , Tglu4C, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 1000 \text{ GeV}$	
>1030	95	<sup>85</sup> KHACHATRY16BY CMS	opposite-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ , Tglu4C, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 0$ GeV	OCCUR=2
>1440	95	<sup>86</sup> KHACHATRY16v CMS	jets + $E_T$ , Tglu1A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=0$	
>1600	95	<sup>86</sup> KHACHATRY16V CMS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1550	95	<sup>86</sup> KHACHATRY16V CMS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1450	95	<sup>86</sup> KHACHATRY16V CMS	jets + $E_T$ , Tglu1C, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	OCCUR=4
> 820	95	<sup>87</sup> AAD 15BG ATLS	$\begin{array}{rcl} GGM,\widetilde{g}\rightarrowq\widetilde{q}Z\widetilde{G},tan\beta=30,\\ \mu>600GeV_{\sim} \end{array}$	
> 850	95	<sup>87</sup> AAD 15BG ATLS	GGM, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q \tilde{q} Z G$ , tan $\beta = 1.5$ ,	OCCUR=2
>1150	95		general RPC $\widetilde{g}$ decays, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$ $<$	
> 700	95	<sup>89</sup> AAD 15BX ATLS	100 GeV $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow X \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , independent of $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$	
>1290	95	<sup>90</sup> AAD 15CA ATLS	$\geq$ 2 $\gamma +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1260	95	<sup>90</sup> AAD 15CA ATLS	$\geq$ 1 $\gamma$ + <i>b</i> -jets + $E_T$ , GGM, higgsino-bino admix. NLSP and $\mu$ <0, m(NLSP)>450 GeV	OCCUR=2
>1140	95	<sup>90</sup> AAD 15CA ATLS	$\geq 1 \gamma + \text{jets} + \not\!\!\!E_T$ , GGM, higgsino-bino admixture NLSP, all $\mu > 0$	OCCUR=3
>1225	95	<sup>91</sup> KHACHATRY15AF CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q \overline{q} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0$	
>1300	95	<sup>91</sup> KHACHATRY15AF CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow b \overline{b} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 0$	OCCUR=2
>1225	95	<sup>91</sup> KHACHATRY15AF CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t  \overline{t}  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0,  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	OCCUR=3
>1550	95	<sup>91</sup> KHACHATRY15AF CMS	CMSSM, $\tan\beta = 30$ , $m_{\widetilde{g}} = m_{\widetilde{q}}$ , $A_0 = -2\max(m_0, m_{1/2})$ , $\mu > 0$	OCCUR=4
>1150	95	<sup>91</sup> KHACHATRY15AF CMS	CMSSM, $tan\beta=30$ , $A_0=-2max(m_0,m_{1/2})$ , $\mu > 0$	OCCUR=5
>1280	95	<sup>92</sup> KHACHATRY151 CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \widetilde{t} \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	
>1310	95	<sup>93</sup> KHACHATRY15x CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow b \overline{b} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}^{1} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	
>1175	95	<sup>93</sup> KHACHATRY15x CMS	$\widetilde{g}  ightarrow t  \overline{t}  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0,  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100   { m GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>1330	95	<sup>94</sup> AAD 14AE ATLS	jets + $E_T$ , $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q \bar{q} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ simplified model, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV	

>1700	95	<sup>94</sup> AAD	14AE ATLS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1090	95	<sup>95</sup> AAD	14AG ATLS	$ au+jets+oldsymbol{\widetilde{E}}_T$ , natural Gauge	
>1600	95	<sup>95</sup> AAD	14AG ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \text{Mediation} \\ \tau + \text{jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
> 640	95	96 <sub>AAD</sub>	14x ATLS	$\geq \frac{q}{\ell} \frac{q}{2} \tilde{g} \rightarrow q \bar{q} \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \tilde{G}, \tan\beta = 30, \text{ GGM}$	OCCUR=2
>1000	95	<sup>97</sup> CHATRCHYA	AN 14AH CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} jets + \mathcal{E}_T,  \tilde{g} \rightarrow q  \overline{q}  \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \text{ simplified} \\ \text{model},  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 50   \text{GeV} \end{array} $	
>1350	95	<sup>97</sup> CHATRCHYA	AN 14AH CMS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=2
>1000	95	<sup>98</sup> CHATRCHYA	AN 14AH CMS	jets $+ E_T$ , $\tilde{g} \rightarrow b \overline{b} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ simplified model, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 50$ GeV	OCCUR=3
>1000	95	<sup>99</sup> CHATRCHYA	AN 14AH CMS	jets + $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
>1160	95	<sup>100</sup> CHATRCHYA	AN 141 CMS	jets $+ \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1130	95	<sup>100</sup> CHATRCHYA	AN 14 CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{jets} + \mathbb{E}_T,  \widetilde{g} \xrightarrow{\sim} q  \overline{q}  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0  \operatorname{simplified} \\ \operatorname{model},  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}  100  \operatorname{GeV} \\ \operatorname{multijets} + \mathbb{E}_T,  \widetilde{g} \xrightarrow{\sim} t  \overline{t}  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0  \operatorname{simplified} \\ \operatorname{plified}  \operatorname{model},  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}  < 100 \\ \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
>1210	95	<sup>100</sup> CHATRCHY	AN 141 CMS	$\begin{array}{l} {\rm GeV} \\ {\rm multijets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1260	95	<sup>101</sup> CHATRCHYA	AN 14N CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} 1\ell^{\pm} +  \mathrm{jets}  +  \geq  2b \mathrm{-jets},  \widetilde{g} \rightarrow \\ t  \overline{t}  \chi_1^0  \mathrm{simplified \ model}, \\ m_{\chi_1^0} = 0   \mathrm{GeV},  m_{\widetilde{t}} > m_{\widetilde{g}} \end{array} $	
		<sup>102</sup> CHATRCHYA	AN 14R CMS	$\geq 3\ell^{\pm}$ , $(\widetilde{g}/\widetilde{q})  ightarrow q\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}\widetilde{G}$ simplified model, GMSB, slep-	
		<sup>103</sup> CHATRCHYA	AN 14R CMS	ton co-NLSP scenario $\geq 3\ell^{\pm},  \widetilde{g} \rightarrow t  \overline{t}  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ simplified model	OCCUR=2
• • • We d	o not use	the following data	for averages, fi	ts, limits, etc. • • •	
>1500	95	<sup>104</sup> AABOUD	18bj ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} + jets + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1770	95	<sup>105</sup> AABOUD	18V ATLS	jets+ $\vec{E}_T$ , Tglu1C-like, 1/2 BR per decay mode, any $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0}^{-} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}^{-} = 60 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=4
>1600	95	<sup>106</sup> AABOUD	17AZ ATLS	$\geq$ 7 jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
>1600	95	<sup>107</sup> KHACHATR	Y16AY CMS	$ \begin{array}{l} = 200 \; \text{GeV} \\ 1\ell^{\pm} + \text{jets} + b \text{-jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
> 500	95	<sup>108</sup> KHACHATR	Y16BT CMS	19-parameter pMSSM model, global Bayesian analysis, flat prior	
		<sup>109</sup> AAD	15AB ATLS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow \widetilde{S}g, c\tau = 1 \text{ m}, \widetilde{S} \rightarrow S\widetilde{G}$ and $S \rightarrow gg, BR = 100\%$	
		<sup>110</sup> AAD	15AI ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}$ + jets + $E_T$	
>1600	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	pMSSM, M $_1=$ 60 GeV, $m_{\widetilde{q}}<$ 1500 GeV	OCCUR=2
>1280	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	mSUGRA, $m_0 > 2$ TeV	OCCUR=3
>1100	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	via $\widetilde{ au}$ , natural GMSB, all $m_{\widetilde{ au}}$	OCCUR=4
>1330	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=5
>1500	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15bv ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} 1 \; {\rm GeV} \\ {\rm jets} + {\it E}_T,  {\it \widetilde{g}} \rightarrow  {\it \widetilde{q}}  q,  {\it \widetilde{q}} \rightarrow  q  {\it \widetilde{\chi}}_1^0, \\ m_{{\it \widetilde{\chi}}_1^0} = 1 \; {\rm GeV} \end{array} $	OCCUR=6
>1650	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=7
> 850	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15bv ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{GeV} & & \\ \operatorname{jets} + \mathbb{E}_T,  \widetilde{g} \to  g  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0,  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \\ \end{array} < \\ \end{array} $	OCCUR=8
>1270	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15bv ATLS	550 GeV jets + $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=9

>1150	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	$ \begin{array}{rcl} jets + \ell^{\pm}  \ell^{\pm},  \widetilde{g} \to & q  \overline{q}  W  Z  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = & 100   GeV \end{array} $	OCCUR=10
>1320	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	jets $+ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ , $\widetilde{g}$ decays via sleptons, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=11
>1220	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	$ au$ , ${ar q}$ decays via staus, $m_{{\widetilde \chi}^0_1}=100$	OCCUR=12
>1310	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	$ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{GeV} \\ b\text{-jets, } \widetilde{g} \rightarrow t  \overline{t}  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0,  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 400 \end{array} $	OCCUR=13
>1220	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \text{GeV} \\ \text{b-jets, } \widetilde{g} \rightarrow \widetilde{t}_1 t \text{ and } \widetilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \\ m_{\mathcal{T}_1} < 1000 \text{ GeV} \end{array} $	OCCUR=14
>1180	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15bv ATLS	<i>b</i> -jets, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 t$ and $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , $m_{T_1} < 1000 \text{ GeV}$ , $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 60 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=15
>1260	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15bv ATLS	<i>b</i> -jets, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow \widetilde{t}_1 t$ and $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow c \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$	OCCUR=16
>1200	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	<i>b</i> -jets, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow \widetilde{b_1} b$ and $\widetilde{b_1} \rightarrow \widetilde{b_1} b$ , $m_{\widetilde{b_1}} < 1000 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=18
>1250	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	<i>b</i> -jets, $\widetilde{g}  ightarrow b \overline{b} \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ < 400	OCCUR=19
none, 750–1250	95	<sup>88</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	GeV b-jets, $\tilde{g}$ decay via offshell $\tilde{t}_1$ and $\tilde{b}_1$ , $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$ < 500 GeV	OCCUR=20
>1100	95	<sup>111</sup> AAD	15cb ATLS	$jets, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q q \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow Z \tilde{G},$ $GGM, m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 400 \text{ GeV and } 3$ $< c\tau_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} \leq 500 \text{ mm}$ $jets = r q \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} = z \rightarrow r q \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \text{ Celt}$	OCCUR=3
>1400	95	<sup>111</sup> AAD	15CB ATLS	jets or $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
>1500	95	<sup>111</sup> AAD	15CB ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} 15 < c\tau & \overset{\chi_1}{<} 300 \text{ mm} \\ \mathbb{E}_T,  \widetilde{g} \rightarrow q  q  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0,  \text{Split SUSY}, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100   \text{GeV and}  20 < \end{array}$	OCCUR=5
		<sup>112</sup> KHACHATRY	15AD CMS	$c\tau < 250 \text{ mm}$ $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp} + \text{jets} + \not\!\!{E}_{T}$ , GMSB, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q \overline{q} Z \widetilde{G}$	
>1300	95	<sup>113</sup> KHACHATRY	15AZ CMS	$\geq 2 \gamma$ , $\geq 1$ jet, (Razor), bino- like NLSP, $m_{\chi_1^0} = 375$ GeV	
> 800	95	<sup>113</sup> KHACHATRY	15AZ CMS	$\geq 1 \gamma$ , $\geq 2$ jet, wino-like NLSP, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 375 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>1280	95	<sup>114</sup> AAD	14AX ATLS	$\geq$ 3 <i>b</i> -jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1250	95	114 AAD	14AX ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \geq 3 \ b\text{-jets} + \mathcal{F}_{T}, \ \widetilde{g} \rightarrow \widetilde{b}_{1} \ b\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \\ \text{simplified model}, \ \widetilde{b}_{1} \rightarrow \ b\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 60 \ \text{GeV}, \ m_{\widetilde{b}_{1}} < 900 \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
>1190	95	<sup>114</sup> AAD	14AX ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} {\rm GeV} \\ \geq 3 \ b\text{-jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1180	95	<sup>114</sup> AAD	14AX ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \stackrel{{\rm GeV}}{\geq} 3 \hspace{0.1cm} {}_{J} }{}_{J} {}_{J} }{}_{J} {}_{J} {}_{J} {}_{J} }{}_{J} }{}_{J} {}_{J} }{}_{J} \stackrel$	OCCUR=4
>1250	95	<sup>114</sup> AAD	14AX ATLS	$egin{array}{c} m_{\widetilde{t}_1} > 1000 \; { m GeV} \ \geq 3 \; b ext{-jets} +  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=5
>1340	95	<sup>114</sup> AAD	14AX ATLS	$ \begin{array}{c} \overset{X_1}{\underset{\geq}{\text{GeV}}} \\ \geq \text{ 3 } \textit{b-jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=6
>1300	95	<sup>114</sup> AAD	14AX ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{GeV} & \chi_{1} \\ \geq 3 \text{ b-jets} + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=7
> 950	95	<sup>115</sup> AAD	14e ATLS	$ \begin{array}{c} \chi_1^{} \\ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} (\ell^{\mp}) + \text{ jets, } \widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \overline{t} \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \\ \text{simplified model} \end{array} $	

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=QF

$$\begin{aligned} &>1000 \quad 95 \quad 115 \text{ AAD} \quad 14E \text{ ATLS } t^{\pm} t^{\pm} (t^{\mp}) + jets, \ \overline{g} \rightarrow t \ \widetilde{t}_{1} & \text{OCCUR=2} \\ & \text{with } \ \widetilde{t}_{1} \rightarrow b \ \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm} \ \text{simplified} \\ & \text{model, } \ m_{1}^{-} < 200 \text{ GeV}^{+}, \ m_{1}^{+} \\ &= 118 \text{ GeV}, \ m_{1}^{+} = 0 \text{ GeV}^{+} \\ &= 118 \text{ GeV}, \ m_{1}^{+} = 0 \text{ GeV}^{+} \\ & \text{Solution} = 0 \text{ GeV}^{+}$$

lifetime, and the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  decay width are constrained by radiative corrections that account for a large difference between the LSP mass and the SUSY-breaking scale, see their Fig. 12.

<sup>12.</sup> <sup>3</sup> HAYRAPETYAN 24P searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of gluino pair production in events with long-lived particles with mean proper decay lengths between 0.1 and 1000 mm, whose decay products produce a final state with at least one displaced vertex and large  $\not{P_T}$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the  $\tilde{g}$  mass in a model for split SUSY, shown in Fig. 8, where the SUSY breaking scale is assumed to be  $\gg 10^6$  TeV, and all scalar masses are set to that scale, except for a single, fine-tuned, Higgs boson mass. The decay is as in the model Tglu1A, but the  $\tilde{g}$  is long-lived because of its decay through a high-mass, virtual squark. Limits are also set in a GMSB model, where the pair-produced  $\tilde{g}$  decays to a gluon and a nearly massless gravitino  $\tilde{G}$ , see their Fig. 9.

<sup>4</sup>HAYRAPETYAN 24Q searched in 138 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=RF of stealth supersymmetry in final states with two photons and jets, and low  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. The investigated models include a singlet scalar boson S, and its SUSY fermion  $\tilde{S}$ . In the investigated models, either gluinos or squarks are pair produced and then each decay to a  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$  and a gluon or squark, respectively, followed by the decays  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma \tilde{S}, \tilde{S} \to \tilde{G}S$  and  $S \to gg$ . Limits are set on the  $\tilde{g}$  and the  $\tilde{q}$  mass, see their Fig. 4.  $^5$  AAD 23AB searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for an excess of NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=LF events with one photon, jets and  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on the mass of pair produced gluinos decaying to  $\widetilde{g} \to q q \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$  followed by  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \gamma \widetilde{G}$  or  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \to X \widetilde{G}$  with equal probability, see Figure 4. X can be Z (left figure) or h (right figure). <sup>6</sup> AAD 23AE searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with 2  $\ell$  with NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=JF invariant mass both on- and off-shell with respect to the Z boson. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on models of strong and electroweak production. In this case, limits are placed on the mass of pair-produced gluinos, assuming a scenario like in Tglu1G, see figure 16. <sup>7</sup>AAD 23AE searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with 2  $\ell$  with NODE=S046GNO:LINKAGE=KF same flavour and opposite sign, plus jets and  $E_T$ , defining signal region with the dilepton invariant mass both on- and off-shell with respect to the Z boson. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on models of strong and electroweak production. In this case, limits are placed on the gluino mass assuming gluino pair production, assuming a scenario like in Tglu1H, see figure 16. <sup>8</sup>AAD 23AL searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with 0 or 1 NODE=S046GNO:LINKAGE=HF lepton and at least three b-tagged jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model prediction is observed. Results are interpreted in terms of gluino pair production followed by the decay of gluinos into off-shell third generation squarks, yielding final states with top and bottom quarks, and missing transverse momentum from a  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  LSP. Limits are set on the mass of the gluino as a function of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  assuming B( $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}t$ ) = 100% or  $B(\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{b}b) = 100\%$ , see figure 10.  $^9$  AAD 23AL searched in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with 0 or 1 NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=IF lepton and at least three b-tagged jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model prediction is observed. Results are interpreted in terms of gluino pair production followed by the decay of gluinos into off-shell third generation squarks, yielding final states with top and bottom quarks, and missing transverse momentum from a  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  LSP. Limits are set on the mass of the gluino as a function of  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , assuming  $B(\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}t) + B(\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}t)$  $\widetilde{b}b$ ) + B( $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow tb\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}$ ) = 100%, and  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 2$  GeV, see figures 11-13.  $^{10}$  HAYRAPETYAN 23E searched in 137 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for evidence NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=NF of gluino, top squark and electroweakino pair production in events with at least one photon, multiple jets, and large  ${\not\!\! E}_T.$  No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in models for strong production, Tglu4D, Tglu4E, Tglu4F and Tstop13, see their figure 9. They also interpret the results in the models for electroweak production, shown in their figure 10. Tchi1n1A assumes wino-like  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ production, while Tchi1chi1A assumes higgsino-like cross sections and includes  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_{1.2}^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  production. For  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  alone no mass point can be excluded in the model Tchi1chi1A, but in another model for  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_2^0$  production, Tn1n2A.  $^{11}$  TUMASYAN 23AY searched in 138 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for evidence NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=OF of gluino pair production in events with a single electron or muon and multiple hadronic jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in the models Tglu3A and Tglu1B, see their figure 11. For Tglu1B, the chargino mass is set to  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 0.5 \ (m_{\tilde{g}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})$ .  $^{12}\,\mathrm{AAD}$  22U searched for the signature of disappearing track from a long-lived chargino NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=FF in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV. Long-lived charginos decay into quasidegenerate neutralino emitting a low-momentum particle whose identification is not attempted. The signal is identified by requiring short tracklets in the four pixel layers with no continuation in the SCT (strip) detector. The main background from fake tracklets is estimated directly with the data. No significant excess above the background prediction is found. The results are interpreted in an AMSB scenario (win LSP), on  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$ and  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1}$ , assuming  $B(\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1}\pi^{\pm}) = 100\%$ , see their figure 7. Results are also interpreted in a higgsino-LSP model, with  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}^{\mp}$ , and  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1,2}$ , assuming  $B(\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1}\pi^{\pm}) = 95.5\%$ ,  $B(\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1}e^{\pm}) = 3\%$ ,  $B(\tilde{\chi}^{\pm} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1}\mu^{\pm}) =$ 1.5%, see their figure 8. Finally, results are interpreted in a simplified model of gluino pair production, with  $pp \rightarrow \tilde{g}\tilde{g}$  and  $B(\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}^{0}_{1}) = B(\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{\chi}^{+}) = B(\tilde{g} \rightarrow$ 

 $q\,q\,\widetilde{\chi}^-)=1/3$ , see their figure 9.

<sup>13</sup>TUMASYAN 22V searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for evidence of electroweakino pair production with decay to two Higgs bosons *H*, with  $H \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ , resulting either in 4 resolved b-jets or two large-radius jets, and large  $\not{E}_T$ . No significant

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NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=AF

excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  in the models Tn1n1A, see their Figures 11 and 12, or in a model where higgsino-like nearly mass degenerate  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_3^0$  are pair produced and each decay to H and a bino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , see their Figure 13. Limits are also set on the gluino mass in the model Tglu1I, see their Figure 14.

- <sup>14</sup> AAD 21AK searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for pair production of gluinos and squarks in events with a single isolated electron or muon, originating from the decay of a *W* boson, multiple jets and significant  $\mathcal{E}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1B simplified model and on the squark mass in the Tsqk3 simplified model, see their Figure 8.
- <sup>15</sup> AAD 21L searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for pair production of gluinos and squarks in events with jets, large missing transverse momentum but no electrons or muons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A and Tglu1B simplified models, on the squark mass in the Tsqk1 and Tsqk3 simplified models and in a simplified model for gluino-squark production, see their Figures 13-17.
- <sup>16</sup> AAD 21X searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for the decay of longlived R-hadrons stopped by the calorimeter, producing high-momentum jets resulting in large out-of-time energy deposits in the calorimeters. These decays are detected using data collected during periods in the LHC bunch structure when collisions are absent. No significant excess above the predicted background is observed. Limits are set on the R-hadron mass in the Tglu1A simplified model ad a function of the R-hadron lifetime, for different  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ . See Figures 9, 10.
- <sup>17</sup> SIRUNYAN 21AD searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for supersymmetry in events with multiple jets, no leptons, and large  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the top squark mass in the simplified models Tstop1, Tstop2 with  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = (m_{\tilde{t}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$ , and a 50:50 mixture of these with  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 5$  GeV, see their Figure 8. Limits are also set on the top squark mass for 10 GeV  $< m_{\tilde{t}} m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} < 80$  GeV in the simplified models Tstop2,

Tstop 3, and Tstop4, see their Figure 9. For indirect top squark production, limits are set on the gluino mass in the simplified models Tglu3A, Tglu3C with  $m_{\tilde{t}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20$ 

GeV, and Tglu3D with  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm}-m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}=5$  GeV, see their Figure 10.

- <sup>18</sup> SIRUNYAN 21M searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for supersymmetry in events with two opposite-sign same-flavor leptons (electrons, muons) and  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the simplified model Tglu4C, see their Figure 10, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ mass in Tchi1n2Fa, see their Figure 11, on the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  mass in Tn1n1C and Tn1n1B for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see their Figure 12. Limits are also set on the light squark mass for the simplified model Tsqk2A, on the sbottom mass in Tsbot3, see their Figure 13, and on the slepton mass in direct electroweak pair production of mass-degenerate left- and
  - right-handed sleptons (selectrons and smuons), see their Figure 14.
- <sup>19</sup> AAD 20AL searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with 8 or more jets and moderate missing transverse momentum. The selection makes requirements according to the number of *b*-tagged jets and the scalar sum of masses of large-radius jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to about 2 TeV are set on the gluino mass in Tglu1E simplified model. Limits up to about 1.8 TeV are set on the gluino mass in Tglu3A simplified model. See their Fig. 10(a).
- <sup>20</sup> AAD 20V searched in 139 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in final states with same-sign charged leptons (electrons or muons) and jets. No significant excess over the Standard Model expectation is observed. In the Tglu1E model, considering off-shell intermediate *W* and *Z* bosons in the decay chains, gluino masses are excluded at 95% C.L. up to 1600 GeV for neutralino masses of 100 GeV or above (up to 1000 GeV). See their Fig. 7(a).
- $^{22}$  SIRUNYAN 20BJ searched in 137 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=13$  TeV for events containing two hadronically decaying, highly energetic Z bosons and large  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1H simplified model, see their Figure 9.

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=BF

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=DF

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NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=VE

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=SE

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=WE

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=TE

7/16/2025 12:15 Page 121  $^{24}$  SIRUNYAN 20T searched in 137 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events with NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=UE at least two jets, and two isolated same-sign or three or more charged leptons (electrons or muons). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A, Tglu3B, Tglu3C and Tglu3D simplified models, see their Figure 7, and in the Tglu1C and Tglu1B simplified models, see their Figures 8 and 9. Limits are also set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot2 simplified model, see their Figure 10, and on the stop mass in the Tstop7 simplified model, see their Figure 11. Finally, limits are set on the gluino mass in RPV simplified models where the gluino decays either via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q q \overline{q} \overline{q} + e/\mu/\tau$  or via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t b s$ , see Figure 12.  $^{25}$  AABOUD 191 searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV in final states NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=NE with hadronic jets, 1 or two hadronically decaying au and  $E_T$ . In Tglu1F, gluino masses are excluded at 95% C.L. up to 2000 GeV for neutralino masses of 100 GeV or below. Neutralino masses up to 1000 GeV are excluded for all gluino masses below 1400 GeV. See their Fig. 9. Limits are also presented in the context of Gauge-Mediated Symmetry Breaking models: in this case, values of  $\Lambda$  below 110 TeV are excluded at the 95% CL for all values of  ${\rm tan}\beta$  in the range 2  $<{\rm tan}\beta~<$  60, see their Fig 10.  $^{26}\,{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  19AG searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=JE is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4B simplified model and on the squark mass in the Tsqk4B simplified model, see their Figure 3.  $^{27}$  SIRUNYAN 19AU searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=LE at last one photon, jets, some of which are identified as originating from b-quarks, and large  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. In the framework of GMSB, limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4C, Tglu4D and Tglu4E simplified models, and on the top squark mass in the Tstop13 simplified model, see their Figure 5.  $^{28}\,{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  19CE searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for new NODE=S046GNO:LINKAGE=RE particles decaying to a photon and two gluons in events with at least three large-radius jets of which two have substructure and are composed of a photon and two gluons. No statistically significant excess is observed above the SM background expectation. Upper limits at 95% confidence level on the cross section for gluino pair production are set, using a simplified Tglu1A-like stealth SUSY model. Gluino masses up to 1500-1700 GeV are excluded, depending on the neutralino mass, with the highest exclusion set for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ = 200 GeV. See their Fig 4. <sup>29</sup> SIRUNYAN 19CH searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing multiple jets and large  $\not\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=OE expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu1C, Tglu2A and Tglu3A simplified models, see their Figure 13. Limits are also set on squark, sbottom and stop masses in the Tsqk1, Tsbot1, Tstop1 simplified models, see their Figure 14.  $^{30}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  19K searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO:LINKAGE=KE with a photon, an electron or muon, and large  ${\not\!\! E}_T.$  No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. In the framework of GMSB, limits are set on the chargino and neutralino mass in the Tchi1n1A simplified model, see their Figure 6. Limits are also set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4A simplified model, and on the squark mass in the Tsqk4A simplified model, see their Figure 7.  $^{31}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  19S searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with NODE=S046GNO:LINKAGE=ME categorize the events. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A and Tglu3C simplified models, see Figures 22 and 23, and on the stop mass in the Tstop1 simplified model, see their Figure 24.  $^{32}$  AABOUD 18AR searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of  $\it p\, p$  collisions at  $\it \sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for gluino pair NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=UD production in events containing large missing transverse momentum and several energetic jets, at least three of which must be identified as originating from b-quarks. No excess is found above the predicted background. In Tglu3A models, gluino masses of less than 1.97 TeV are excluded for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  below 300 GeV, see their Fig. 10(a). Interpretations are also provided for scenarios where Tglu3A modes mix with Tglu2A and Tglu3D, see their Fig 11.  $^{33}$  AABOUD 18AR searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for gluino pair NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=VD production in events containing large missing transverse momentum and several energetic jets, at least three of which must be identified as originating from b-quarks. No excess is found above the predicted background. In Tglu2A models, gluino masses of less than 1.92 TeV are excluded for  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$  below 600 GeV, see their Fig. 10(b). Interpretations are also provided for scenarios where Tglu2A modes mix with Tglu3A and Tglu3D, see their Fig 11.  $^{34}$  AABOUD 18AS searched for in 36.1 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for gluino pair NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=ND production in the context of AMSB or phenomenological MSSM scenarios with wino-like LSP and long-lived charginos. Events with a disappearing track due to a low-momentum pion accompanied by at least four jets are considered. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Exclusion limits are set at 95% confidence level

on the mass of gluinos for different chargino lifetimes. Gluino masses up to 1.65 TeV are excluded assuming a chargino mass of 460 GeV and lifetime of 0.2 ns, corresponding to a mass-splitting between the charged and neutral wino of around 160 MeV. See their

Fig. 9.

7/16/2025 12:15 Page 122  $^{35}\text{AABOUD}$  18BJ searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV in events with NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=YD two opposite-sign charged leptons (electrons and muons), jets and missing transverse momentum, with various requirements to be sensitive to signals with different kinematic endpoint values in the dilepton invariant mass distribution. The data are found to be consistent with the SM expectation. Results are interpreted in the Tglu1G model: gluino masses below 1850 GeV are excluded for  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$  100 GeV, see their Fig. 12(a).  $^{36}$  AABOUD 18BJ searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV in events with two opposite-sign charged leptons (electrons and muons), jets and missing transverse NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=ZD momentum, with various requirements to be sensitive to signals with different kinematic endpoint values in the dilepton invariant mass distribution. The data are found to be consistent with the SM expectation. Results are interpreted in the Tglu1H model: gluino masses below 1650 GeV are excluded for  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=$  100 GeV, see their Fig. 13(a).  $^{37}\textsc{AABOUD}$  180 searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV in events with at NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=WD least one isolated photon, possibly jets and significant transverse momentum targeting generalised models of gauge-mediated SUSY breaking. No significant excess of events is observed above the SM prediction. Results for the di-photon channel are interpreted in terms of lower limits on the masses of gluinos in Tglu4B models, which reach as high as 2.3 TeV. Gluinos with masses below 2.15 TeV are excluded for any NLSP mass, see their Fig. 8.  $^{38}$  AABOUD 18U searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV in events with at NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=XD least one isolated photon, possibly jets and significant transverse momentum targeting generalised models of gauge-mediated SUSY breaking. No significant excess of events is observed above the SM prediction. Results of the  $\gamma$  + jets +  $\not\!\!\!E_T$  channel are interpreted in terms of lower limits on the masses of gluinos in GGM higgsino-bino models (mix of Tglu4B and Tglu4C), which reach as high as 2050 GeV. Gluino masses below 1600 GeV are excluded for any NLSP mass provided that  $m_{\widetilde{g}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} > 50$  GeV. See their Fig. 11. <sup>39</sup>AABOUD 18V searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in events with no charged leptons, jets and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=BE consistent with the SM expectation. Results are interpreted in the Tglu1A model: gluino masses below 2030 GeV are excluded for massless LSP, see their Fig. 13(b). <sup>40</sup>AABOUD 18V searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in events with no charged leptons, jets and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=CE be consistent with the SM expectation. Results are interpreted in the Tglu1B model. Assuming that  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 0.5 \ (m_{\widetilde{g}} + m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0})$ , gluino masses below 1980 GeV are excluded for massless LSP, see their Fig. 14(c). Exclusions are also shown assuming  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 60$ GeV, see their Fig. 14(d).  $^{41}{\rm AABOUD}$  18V searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of  $\it p\, p$  collisions at  $\it \sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV in events with NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=EE no charged leptons, jets and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with the SM expectation. Results are interpreted in the Tglu1E model: gluino masses below 1750 GeV are excluded for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1$  GeV and any  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0}$  above 100 GeV, see their Fig. 15. Gluino mass exclusion up to 2 TeV is found for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 1$  TeV. NODE=S046GNO·LINKAGE=LD SUSY breaking (GGM) scenario with bino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and wino-like  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ , see Figure 7. Limits are also set on the NLSP mass in the Tchi1n1A and Tchi1chi1A simplified models, see their Figure 8. Finally, limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4A and Tglu4B simplified models, see their Figure 9, and on the squark mass in the Tskq4A and Tsqk4B simplified models, see their Figure 10. <sup>43</sup> SIRUNYAN 18AC searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=MD a single electron or muon and multiple jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A and Tglu1B simplified models, see their Figure 5.  $^{44}\,{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  18AL searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=QD with at least three charged leptons, in any combination of electrons and muons, jets and significant  $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A and Tglu1C simplified models, see their Figure 5. Limits are also set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot2 simplified model, see their Figure 6, and on the stop mass in the Tstop7 simplified model, see their Figure 7.  $^{45}\rm SIRUNYAN$  18AR searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=RD No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4C simplified model, see their Figure 7. Limits are also set on the chargino/neutralino mass in the Tchi1n2F simplified models, see their Figure 8, and on the higgsino mass in the Tn1n1B and Tn1n1C simplified models, see their Figure 9. Finally, limits are set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot3 simplified model, see their Figure 10.  $^{46}$  SIRUNYAN 18AY searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=SD Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu2A and Tglu3A simplified models, see their Figure 3. Limits are also set on squark, sbottom

and stop masses in the Tsqk1, Tsbot1, Tstop1 and Tstop4 simplified models, see their

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Figure 3. Finally, limits are set on long-lived gluino masses in a Tglu1A simplified model where the gluino is metastable or long-lived with proper decay lengths in the range $10^{-3}$ mm $< c\tau < 10^5$ mm, see their Figure 4.	
<sup>47</sup> SIRUNYAN 18D searched in 35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events containing identified hadronically decaying top quarks, no leptons, and $E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1 simplified model, see their Figure 8, and on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A, Tglu3B, Tglu3C and Tglu3E simplified models, see their Figure 9.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=KC
<sup>48</sup> SIRUNYAN 18M searched in 35.9 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with one or more high-momentum Higgs bosons, decaying to pairs of <i>b</i> -quarks, and large $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1I and Tglu1J simplified models, see their Figure 3.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=PD
<sup>49</sup> AABOUD 17AJ searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two same-sign or three leptons, jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.75 TeV are set on the gluino mass in Tglu3A simplified models in case of off-shell top squarks and for $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100$ GeV. See their Figure 4(a).	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=ZC
<sup>50</sup> AABOUD 17AJ searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two same-sign or three leptons, jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.57 TeV are set on the gluino mass in Tglu1E simplified models (2-step models) for $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100$ GeV.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=BD
See their Figure 4(b). <sup>51</sup> AABOUD 17AJ searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two same-sign or three leptons, jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.86 TeV are set on the gluino mass in Tglu1G simplified models for $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 200$ GeV. See their Figure	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=CD
4(c). <sup>52</sup> AABOUD 17AR searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with one isolated lepton, at least two jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 2.1 TeV are set on the gluino mass in Tglu1B simplified models, with $x = (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}) / $	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=QC
$(m_{\widetilde{g}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}) = 1/2$ . Similar limits are obtained for variable x and fixed neutralino mass, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 60$ GeV. See their Figure 13.	
<sup>53</sup> AABOUD 17AR searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with one isolated lepton, at least two jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.74 TeV are set on the gluino mass in Tglu1E simplified model. Limits up to 1.7 TeV are also set on pMSSM models leading to similar signal event topologies. See their Figure 13.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=TC
<sup>54</sup> AABOUD 17AY searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with at least four jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.8 TeV are set on the gluino mass in Tglu3A simplified models assuming $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 5$ GeV. See their Figure 13.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=YC
<sup>55</sup> AABOUD 17AZ searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with at least seven jets and large missing transverse momentum. Selected events are further classified based on the presence of large R-jets or <i>b</i> -jets and no leptons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.8 TeV are set on the gluino mass in Tglu1E simplified models. See their Figure 6b.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=UC
<sup>56</sup> AABOUD 17AZ searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with at least seven jets and large missing transverse momentum. Selected events are further classified based on the presence of large R-jets or <i>b</i> -jets and no leptons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.54 TeV are set on the gluino mass in Tglu3A simplified models. See their Figure 7a.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=VC
<sup>57</sup> AABOUD 17N searched in 14.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV in final states with 2 same-flavor, opposite-sign leptons (electrons or muons), jets and large missing transverse momentum. In Tglu1J models, gluino masses are excluded at 95% C.L. up to 1300 GeV for $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$ GeV and $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 1100$ GeV. See their Fig. 12 for exclusion limits as a function of $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0}$ . Limits are also presented assuming $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + 100$ GeV, see	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=WB
their Fig. 13. <sup>58</sup> AABOUD 17N searched in 14.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV in final states with 2 same-flavor, opposite-sign leptons (electrons or muons), jets and large missing transverse momentum. In Tglu1H models, gluino masses are excluded at 95% C.L. up to 1310 GeV for $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 400$ GeV and assuming $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = (m_{\tilde{g}} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2$ . See their Fig.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=XB
<sup>15.</sup> <sup>59</sup> AABOUD 17N searched in 14.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV in final states with 2 same-flavor, opposite-sign leptons (electrons or muons), jets and large missing transverse momentum. In Tglu1G models, gluino masses are excluded at 95% C.L. up to 1700 GeV for small $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ . The results probe kinematic endpoints as small as $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_2^0} - \chi_2^0$	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=YB
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = (m_{\tilde{g}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0})/2 = 50 \text{ GeV}.$ See their Fig. 14.	

 $^{60}$  KHACHATRYAN 17 searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=PB containing four or more jets, no more than one lepton, and missing transverse momentum, using the razor variables ( $M_R$  and  $R^2$ ) to discriminate between signal and background processes. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu2A and Tglu3A simplified models, see Figs. 16 and 17. Also, assuming gluinos decay only via three-body processes involving third-generation quarks plus a neutralino/chargino, and assuming  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} + 5$  GeV, a branching ratio-independent limit on the gluino mass is given, see Fig. 16.  $^{61}$  KHACHATRYAN 17AD searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=13$  TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=AC containing at least four jets (including *b*-jets), missing transverse momentum and tagged top quarks. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Gluino masses up to 1550 GeV and neutralino masses up to 900 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. See Fig. 13.  $^{62}$ KHACHATRYAN 17AD searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=BC containing at least four jets (including *b*-jets), missing transverse momentum and tagged top quarks. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Gluino masses up to 1450 GeV and neutralino masses up to 820 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. See Fig. 13.  $^{63}$ KHACHATRYAN 17AS searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=OB with a single electron or muon and multiple jets. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A and Tglu1B simplified models, see their Fig. 7.  $^{64}$  KHACHATRYAN 17AW searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=IC with at least three charged leptons, in any combination of electrons and muons, and Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A and Tglu1C simplified models, and on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot2 simplified model, see their Figure 4.  $^{65}$ KHACHATRYAN 17P searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=VB expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu2A, Tglu3A, Tglu3B, Tglu3C and Tglu3D simplified models, see their Figures 7 and 8. Limits are also set on the squark mass in the Tsqk1 simplified model, see their Fig. 7, and on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot1 simplified model, see Fig. 8. Finally, limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1, Tstop3, Tstop4, Tstop6 and Tstop7 simplified models, see Fig. 8.  $^{66}$  KHACHATRYAN 17V searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=PA pectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino and squark mass in the context of general gauge mediation models Tglu4B and Tsqk4, see their Fig. 4.  $^{67}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  17AF searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=EC with a single lepton (electron or muon), jets, including at least one jet originating from a observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A and Tglu3B simplified models, see their Figure 2.  $^{68}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  17AY searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events with NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=FC expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4A and Tglu4B simplified models, and on the squark mass in the Tskq4A and Tsqk4B simplified models, see their Figure 6.  $^{69}{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  17AZ searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=DC expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu2A, Tglu3A simplified models, see their Figures 6. Limits are also set on the squark mass in the Tsqk1 simplified model (for single light squark and for 8 degenerate light squarks), on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot1 simplified model and on the stop mass in the Tstop1 simplified model, see their Fig. 7. Finally, limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop2, Tstop4 and Tstop8 simplified models, see Fig. 8.  $^{70}\,{\rm SIRUNYAN}$  17P searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events with NODE=S046GNO·LINKAGE=UB is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu1A, Tglu1C, Tglu2A, Tglu3A and Tglu3D simplified models, see their Fig. 12. Limits are also set on the squark mass in the Tsqk1 simplified model, on the stop mass in the Tstop1 simplified model, and on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot1 simplified model, see Fig. 13.  $^{71}$ SIRUNYAN 17S searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=GC Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the mass of the gluino mass in the Tglu3A, Tglu3B, Tglu3C, Tglu3D and Tglu1B simplified models, see their Figures 5 and 6, and on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot2 simplified model, see their Figure 6.  $^{72}\textsc{AABOUD}$  16AC searched in 3.2 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $\it{pp}$  collisions at  $\it{\sqrt{s}}$  = 13 TeV in final states NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=SB are excluded at 95% C.L. up to 1570 GeV for neutralino masses of 100 GeV or below. Neutralino masses up to 700 GeV are excluded for all gluino masses between 800 GeV and 1500 GeV, while the strongest neutralino-mass exclusion of 750 GeV is achieved for gluino masses around 1400 GeV. See their Fig. 8. Limits are also presented in the

context of Gauge-Mediated Symmetry Breaking models: in this case, values of  $\Lambda$  below 92 TeV are excluded at the 95% CL, corresponding to gluino masses below 2000 GeV.

See their Fig. 9.

<sup>73</sup> AABOUD 16J searched in 3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV in final states with one isolated electron or muon, hadronic jets, and $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=CB
<sup>74</sup> AABOUD 16M searched in 3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two photons, hadronic jets and $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=DB
<sup>75</sup> AABOUD 16N searched in 3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events containing hadronic jets, large $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=EB
<sup>76</sup> AABOUD 16N searched in 3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events containing hadronic jets, large $\not{E}_T$ , and no electrons or muons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Gluino masses below 1500 GeV are excluded at the 95% C.L. in a simplified model with gluinos decaying via an intermediate $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ to two quarks, a <i>W</i> boson and a $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , for $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 200$ GeV. See their Fig 8.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=FB
<sup>77</sup> AAD 16AD searched in 3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events containing several energetic jets, of which at least three must be identified as <i>b</i> -jets, large $E_T$ and no electrons or muons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. For $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ below 800 GeV, gluino masses below 1780 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. for gluinos decaying via bottom squarks. See their Fig. 7a.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=GB
<sup>78</sup> AAD 16AD searched in 3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events containing several energetic jets, of which at least three must be identified as <i>b</i> -jets, large $E_T$ and one electron or muon. Large-radius jets with a high mass are also used to identify highly boosted top quarks. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. For $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ below 700 GeV, gluino masses below 1760 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. for gluinos decaying via top squarks. See their Fig. 7b.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=HB
<sup>79</sup> AAD 16BB searched in 3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with exactly two same-sign leptons or at least three leptons, multiple hadronic jets, <i>b</i> -jets, and $\not{E}_T$ . No significant excess over the Standard Model expectation is found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the gluino mass in various simplified models (Tglu1D, Tglu1E, Tglu3A). See their Figs. 4.a, 4.b, and 4.d.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=IB
<sup>80</sup> AAD 16BG searched in 3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV in final states with one isolated electron or muon, hadronic jets, and $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=TB
<sup>81</sup> AAD 16V searched in 3.2 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with $\not\!\!\!E_T$ various hadronic jet multiplicities from $\geq 7$ to $\geq 10$ and with various <i>b</i> -jet multiplicity requirements. No significant excess over the Standard Model expectation is found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the gluino mass in one simplified model (Tglu1E) and a pMSSM-inspired model. See their Fig. 5.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=JB
<sup>82</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16AM searched in 19.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events with highly boosted <i>W</i> -bosons and <i>b</i> -jets, using the razor variables ( $M_R$ and $R^2$ ) to discriminate between signal and background processes. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3C and Tglu3B simplified models, see Fig. 12.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=KB
<sup>83</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16BJ searched in 2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two isolated same-sign dileptons and jets in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the following simplified models: Tglu3A and Tglu3D, see Fig. 4, Tglu3B and Tglu3C, see Fig. 5, and Tglu1B, see Fig. 7.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=NB
<sup>84</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16BS searched in 2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with at least one energetic jet , no isolated leptons, and significant $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=MA
<sup>85</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16BY searched in 2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two opposite-sign, same-flavour leptons, jets, and missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu4C simplified model, see Fig. 4, and on sbottom masses in the Tsbot3 simplified model, see Fig. 5.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=MB
<sup>86</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16V searched in 2.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with at least four energetic jets and significant $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=UA

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7/16/2025 12:15 Page 126  $^{87}$ AAD 15BG searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for events with NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=LA jets, missing  $E_T$ , and two opposite-sign same flavor isolated leptons featuring either a kinematic edge, or a peak at the Z-boson mass, in the invariant mass spectrum. No evidence for a statistically significant excess over the expected SM backgrounds are observed and 95% C.L. exclusion limits are derived in a GGM simplified model of gluino pair production where the gluino decays into quarks, a Z-boson, and a massless gravitino LSP, see Fig. 12. Also, limits are set in simplified models with slepton/sneutrino intermediate states, see Fig. 13.  $^{88}$  AAD 15BV summarized and extended ATLAS searches for gluinos and first- and second-NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=OA generation squarks in final states containing jets and missing transverse momentum, with or without leptons or *b*-jets in the  $\sqrt{s}$  =8 TeV data set collected in 2012. The paper reports the results of new interpretations and statistical combinations of previously published analyses, as well as new analyses. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the gluino mass in several R-parity conserving models, leading to a generalized constraint on gluino masses exceeding 1150 GeV for lightest supersymmetric particle masses below 100 GeV. See their Figs. 10, 19, 20, 21, 23, 25, 26, 29-37.  $^{89}$ AAD 15BX interpreted the results of a wide range of ATLAS direct searches for super-NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=QA symmetry, during the first run of the LHC using the  $\sqrt{s}$  =7 TeV and  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV data set collected in 2012, within the wider framework of the phenomenological MSSM (pMSSM). The integrated luminosity was up to 20.3 fb $^{-1}$ . From an initial random sampling of 500 million pMSSM points, generated from the 19-parameter pMSSM, a total of 310,327 model points with  $\widetilde{\chi}^0_1$  LSP were selected each of which satisfies constraints from previous collider searches, precision measurements, cold dark matter energy density measurements and direct dark matter searches. The impact of the ATLAS Run 1 searches on this space was presented, considering the fraction of model points surviving, after projection into two-dimensional spaces of sparticle masses. Good complementarity is observed between different ATLAS analyses, with almost all showing regions of unique sensitivity. ATLAS searches have good sensitivity at LSP mass below 800 GeV.  $^{90}$  AAD 15CA searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV for events with one or NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=VA Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on gluino masses in the general gaugemediated SUSY breaking model (GGM), for bino-like or higgsino-bino admixtures NLSP, see Fig. 8, 10, 11  $^{91}$  KHACHATRYAN 15AF searched in 19.5 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO:LINKAGE=EA  $M_{T2}$  to discriminate between signal and background processes. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in simplified models where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q \bar{q} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 13(a), or where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow b \overline{b} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 13(b), or where the decay  $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \overline{t} \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 13(c). See also Table 5. Exclusions in the CMSSM, assuming  $\tan\beta =$  30,  $A_0 = -2 \max(m_0, m_{1/2})$  and  $\mu >$  0, are also presented, see Fig. 15.  $^{92}$ KHACHATRYAN 151 searched in 19.5 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=JA in which *b*-jets and four *W*-bosons are produced. Five individual search channels are combined (fully hadronic, single lepton, same-sign dilepton, opposite-sign dilepton, multilepton). No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in a simplified model where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t \bar{t} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 5. Also a simplified model with gluinos decaying into on-shell top squarks is considered, see Fig. 6.  $^{93}$ KHACHATRYAN 15X searched in 19.3fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for events NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=KA with at least two energetic jets, at least one of which is required to originate from a b quark, and significant  $\mathbb{Z}_T$ , using the razor variables  $(M_R)$  and  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ) to discriminate between signal and background processes. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in simplified models where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$  and the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$  take place with branching ratios varying between 0, 50 and 100%, see Figs. 13 and 14. <sup>94</sup> AAD 14AE searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for strongly pro-NODE=S046GNO:LINKAGE=U duced supersymmetric particles in events containing jets and large missing transverse momentum, and no electrons or muons. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models containing gluinos and squarks, see Figures 5, 6 and 7. Limits are also derived in the mSUGRA/CMSSM with parameters taneta = 30,  $A_0$  = -2  $m_0$  and  $\mu$  > 0, see their Fig. 8.  $^{95}\,{\rm AAD}$  14AG searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for events containing NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=V one hadronically decaying au-lepton, zero or one additional light leptons (electrons or muons), jets and large missing transverse momentum. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set in several SUSY scenarios. For an interpretation in the minimal GMSB model, see their Fig. 8. For an interpretation in the mSUGRA/CMSSM with parameters tan $\beta$ = 30,  $A_0 = -2 m_0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , see their Fig. 9. For an interpretation in the framework of natural Gauge Mediation, see Fig. 10. For an interpretation in the bRPV scenario, see their Fig. 11.  $^{96}$  AAD 14x searched in 20.3 fb  $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV for events with at least NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=I four leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant excess above the

Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in a general gauge-mediation model (GGM) where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}\tilde{G}$ ,

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=X

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=T

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=A

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=B

NODE=S046GNO:LINKAGE=C

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=AE

NODE=S046GNO/LINKAGE=EE

NODE=S046GNO:LINKAGE=XC

takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, for two choices of  $\tan\beta = 1.5$  and 30, see Fig. 11. Also some constraints on the higgsino mass parameter  $\mu$  are discussed. 97 CHATRCHYAN 14AH searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with at least two energetic jets and significant  $E_T$ , using the razor variables ( $M_R$  and

 $R^2$ ) to discriminate between signal and background processes. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on sbottom masses in simplified models where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q \bar{q} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 28. Exclusions in the CMSSM, assuming tan $\beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , are also presented, see Fig. 26.

- <sup>99</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14AH searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with at least two energetic jets and significant  $E_T$ , using the razor variables ( $M_R$  and  $R^2$ ) to discriminate between signal and background processes. A second analysis requires at least one of the jets to be originating from a *b*-quark. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on sbottom masses in simplified models where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t \bar{t} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Figs. 28 and 29. Exclusions in the CMSSM, assuming tan $\beta = 10$ ,  $A_0 = 0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , are also presented, see Fig. 26.
- 100 CHATRCHYAN 14I searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at √s = 8 TeV for events containing multijets and large ₽<sub>T</sub>. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models containing gluinos that decay via g̃ → q q x̃<sub>1</sub><sup>0</sup> with a 100% branching ratio, see Fig. 7b, or via g̃ → t t x̃<sub>1</sub><sup>0</sup> with a 100% branching ratio, see Fig. 7c, or via g̃ → q q W/Z x̃<sub>1</sub><sup>0</sup>, see Fig. 7d.
  101 CHATRCHYAN 14N searched in 19.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at √s = 8 TeV for events containing a single isolated electron or muon and multiple jets, at least two of which contained and the tight.
- <sup>101</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14N searched in 19.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events containing a single isolated electron or muon and multiple jets, at least two of which are identified as originating from a *b*-quark. No significant excesses over the expected SM backgrounds are observed. The results are interpreted in three simplified models of gluino pair production with subsequent decay into virtual or on-shell top squarks, where each of the top squarks decays in turn into a top quark and a  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , see Fig. 4. The models differ in which masses are allowed to vary.
- <sup>102</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14R searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with at least three leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in a slepton co-NLSP simplified model (GMSB) where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \tilde{G}$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 8.

<sup>103</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14R searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with at least three leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in a simplified model where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t \bar{t} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 11.

- 104 AABOUD 18BJ searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in events with two opposite-sign charged leptons (electrons and muons), jets and missing transverse momentum, with various requirements to be sensitive to signals with different kinematic endpoint values in the dilepton invariant mass distribution. The data are found to be consistent with the SM expectation. Results are interpreted in the Tglu1H model in case of  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1$  GeV: for any  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0}$ , gluino masses below 1500 GeV are excluded, see their Fig. 14(a).
- <sup>105</sup> AABOUD 18V searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV in events with no charged leptons, jets and missing transverse momentum. The data are found to be consistent with the SM expectation. Results are interpreted in a Tglu1C-like model, assuming 50% BR for each gluino decay mode. Gluino masses below 1770 GeV are excluded for any  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  and  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 60$  GeV, see their Fig. 16(b).
- <sup>106</sup> AABOUD 17AZ searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with at least seven jets and large missing transverse momentum. Selected events are further classified based on the presence of large R-jets or *b*-jets and no leptons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set for pMSSM models with  $M_1 = 60$  GeV,  $\tan(\beta) = 10$ ,  $\mu < 0$  varying the soft-breaking parameters  $M_3$  and  $\mu$ . Gluino masses up to 1600 GeV are excluded for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 200$  GeV. See their

Figure 6a and text for details on the model.

<sup>107</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16AY searched in 2.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with one isolated high transverse momentum lepton (e or  $\mu$ ), hadronic jets of which at least one is identified as coming from a *b*-quark, and large  $\not{E}_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A simplified model, see Fig. 10, and in the Tglu3B model, see Fig. 11.

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<sup>108</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16BT performed a global Bayesian analysis of a wide range of CMS results obtained with data samples corresponding to 5.0 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} =$ 7 TeV and in 19.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} =$ 8 TeV. The set of searches considered, both individually and in combination, includes those with all-hadronic final states, same-sign and opposite-sign dileptons, and multi-lepton final states. An interpretation was given in a scan of the 19-parameter pMSSM. No scan points with a gluino mass less than 500 GeV survived and 98% of models with a squark mass less than 300 GeV were excluded.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=XA
<sup>109</sup> AAD 15AB searched for the decay of neutral, weakly interacting, long-lived particles in 20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. Signal events require at least two reconstructed vertices possibly originating from long-lived particles decaying to jets in the inner tracking detector and muon spectrometer. No significant excess of events over the expected background was found. Results were interpreted in Stealth SUSY benchmark models where a pair of gluinos decay to long-lived singlinos, $\tilde{S}$ , which in turn each decay to a low-mass gravitino and a pair of jets. The 95% confidence-level limits are set on the cross section × branching ratio for the decay $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{S}g$ , as a function of the singlino proper lifetime ( $c\tau$ ). See their Fig. 10(f)	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=ZA
<sup>110</sup> AAD 15AI searched in 20 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events containing at least one isolated lepton (electron or muon), jets, and large missing transverse momentum. No excess of events above the expected level of Standard Model background was found. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the gluino mass in the CMSSM/mSUGRA, see Fig. 15, in the NUHMG, see Fig. 16, and in various simplified models, see Figs. 18–22.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=NA
<sup>111</sup> AAD 15CB searched for events containing at least one long-lived particle that decays at a significant distance from its production point (displaced vertex, DV) into two leptons or into five or more charged particles in 20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The dilepton signature is characterised by DV formed from at least two lepton candidates. Four different final states were considered for the multitrak signature, in which the DV must be accompanied by a high-transverse momentum muon or electron candidate that originates from the DV, jets or missing transverse momentum. No events were observed in any of the signal regions. Results were interpreted in SUSY scenarios involving <i>R</i> -parity violation, split supersymmetry, and gauge mediation. See their Fig. 12–20.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=TA
<sup>112</sup> KHACHATRYAN 15AD searched in 19.4 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events with two opposite-sign same flavor isolated leptons featuring either a kinematic edge, or a peak at the Z-boson mass, in the invariant mass spectrum. No evidence for a statistically significant excess over the expected SM backgrounds is observed and 95% C.L. exclusion limits are derived in a simplified model of gluino pair production where the gluino decays into quarks, a Z-boson, and a massless gravitino LSP, see Fig. 9.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=Z
<sup>113</sup> KHACHATRYAN 15AZ searched in 19.7 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events with either at least one photon, hadronic jets and $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=BB
<sup>114</sup> AAD 14AX searched in 20.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for the strong production of supersymmetric particles in events containing either zero or at last one high high- <i>p<sub>T</sub></i> lepton, large missing transverse momentum, high jet multiplicity and at least three jets identified as originating from <i>b</i> -quarks. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Limits are derived in mSUGRA/CMSSM models with tan $\beta = 30$ , $A_0 = -2m_0$ and $\mu > 0$ , see their Fig. 14. Also, exclusion limits in simplified models containing gluinos and scalar top and bottom quarks are set, see their Figures 12, 13.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=BA
<sup>115</sup> AAD 14E searched in 20.3 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for strongly produced supersymmetric particles in events containing jets and two same-sign leptons or three leptons. The search also utilises jets originating from <i>b</i> -quarks, missing transverse momentum and other variables. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models containing gluinos and squarks, see Figures 5 and 6. In the $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq'\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{(*)\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z^{(*)}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ simplified model, the following assumptions have been made: $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = 0.5 m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{g}}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 0.5 (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}), m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 520$ GeV. In the $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq'\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ or $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq'\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}(\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ simplified model, the following assumptions have been made: $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 0.5 (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}), m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 520$ GeV. In the $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq'\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ or $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq'\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}(\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ simplified model, the following assumptions have been made: $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 0.5 (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{g}}), m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 660$ GeV. Limits are also derived in the mSUGRA/CMSSM, bRPV and GMSB models, see their Fig. 8.	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=B2
116 CHATRCHYAN 14H searched in 19.5 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV for events with two isolated same-sign dileptons and jets in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in simplified models where the decay $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t \bar{t} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, or where the decay $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}t$ , $\tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, with varying mass of the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , or where the decay $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{b}b$ , $\tilde{b} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow$ $W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, with varying mass of the $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ , see	NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=J

Fig. 5. 117 CHATRCHYAN 14H searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with two isolated same-sign dileptons and jets in the final state. No significant excess

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=M

above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass

above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in simplified models where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq' \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, with varying mass of the  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , see Fig. 7. <sup>118</sup> CHATRCHYAN 14H searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with two isolated same-sign dileptons and jets in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in simplified models where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{\pm}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, for two choices of  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}}$  and fixed  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see Fig. 6.

### R-parity violating heavy $\tilde{g}$ (Gluino) mass limit

NODE=S046GNO;LINKAGE=N

		heavy ĝ (Gluino)			NODE=S046GNV
VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		COMMENT	NODE=S046GNV;CHECK LIMITS
>1720	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24AF ATLS	jets + <i>b</i> -jets, Tglu1RPV, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q q q$	
>1760	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24AF ATLS	jets $+$ <i>b</i> -jets, Tglu1RPV, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q q b$	OCCUR=2
>2230	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24AF ATLS	jets + <i>b</i> -jets, Tglu1A, $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0  ightarrow q  q  q,  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1300  { m GeV}$	OCCUR=3
>2330	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	24AF ATLS	jets + b-jets, Tglu1A, $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow q  q  b, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1400 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=4
>2200	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	21BF ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}$ + <i>b</i> -jets + many jets, Tglu3F, $\lambda_{323}^{''}$ electroweakino decay, 500 GeV < $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ <	
>2250	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD		$\begin{array}{l} 1600 \; {\rm GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm} + b \text{-jets} + \text{many jets,} \\ {\rm Tglu3G, \;} \lambda''_{323} \; {\rm electroweakino} \\ {\rm decay, \; 600 \; {\rm GeV}} < m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} < \end{array}$	OCCUR=2
>2200	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD		$\begin{array}{l} 1600 \; {\rm GeV} \\ \ell^{\pm} + b \text{-jets} + \text{many jets,} \\ {\rm Tglu3B, \;} \lambda''_{323} \; \text{electroweakino} \\ {\rm decay, \; 600 \; {\rm GeV}} < m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} < \end{array}$	OCCUR=3
>1800	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD		1600 GeV $\ell^{\pm}$ + <i>b</i> -jets + many jets, Tglu3B, $\lambda''_{323}$ , $\tilde{t}$ decay, $m_{\tilde{t}}$ <	OCCUR=4
>2200	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	21bf ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}$ + <i>b</i> -jets + many jets, Tglu1A, $\lambda'$ , $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ decay with equal probability into <i>e</i> , $\mu$ , $\nu_{e}$ , $\nu_{\mu}$ , 400 GeV < $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$ < 1700	OCCUR=5
>2500	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	21Y ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{GeV} \\ \geq & 4\ell, \ \operatorname{Tglu1A} \ \operatorname{with} \ \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \\ & \ell^{\pm} \ \ell^{\mp} \ \nu, \ \lambda_{12k} \neq & 0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \end{array} $	
>1900	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	21Y ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} = 2200 \; \mathrm{GeV} \\ \geq \; 4\ell, \; \mathrm{Tglu1A} \; \mathrm{with} \; \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \\ \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu, \; \lambda_{j33} \; \neq \; 0, \; m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
>1600	95	<sup>4</sup> AAD		$= 1550 \; { m GeV}$ 8 or more jets $+  ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1600	95 95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	20V ATLS	same-sign $\ell^\pm \ell^\pm +$ jets, $\widetilde{g}  o$	
>2150	95	<sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN	20T CMS	t  b  d simplified model same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell^{\pm} +$ jets, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q  q  \overline{q}  \overline{q} + e/\mu/\tau$ simplified model	
>1725	95	<sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN	20T CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ or $\geq 3\ell^{\pm}+$ jets, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow tbs$ simplified model	OCCUR=2
>1500	95	<sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN	19F CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow jjj$	
>2260	95	<sup>8</sup> AABOUD	18z ATLS	$\geq$ 4 $\ell$ , $\lambda_{12k}~ eq$ 0, $m_{{\widetilde \chi}^0_1}~>$ 1000	
>1650	95	<sup>8</sup> AABOUD	18z ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} {\rm GeV} \\ \geq 4\ell,  \lambda_{\textbf{j}33} \ \neq \ \textbf{0}, \ \textbf{\textit{m}}_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} \ > 500 \\ {\rm GeV} \end{array}$	OCCUR=2
>1610	95	<sup>9</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AK CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow tbs, \lambda_{332}''$ coupling	
>1690	95	<sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN	18D CMS	top quark (hadronically decay- ing) + jets + $E_T$ , Tglu3C, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=3
none 100–14	10 95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	18EA CMS	2 large jets with four-parton sub- structure, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow 5q$	

>2100	95	<sup>12</sup> AABOUD	17ai ATLS	$\geq 1\ell + \geq 8$ jets, Tglu3A and $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow u ds, \chi_{112}''$ coupling, $m_{o} = 1000$ GeV	
>1650	95	<sup>13</sup> AABOUD	17ai ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 1000  \mathrm{GeV}^{-} \\ \geq 1\ell + \geq 8  \mathrm{jets},  \widetilde{g} \rightarrow  t  \widetilde{t},  \widetilde{t} \rightarrow \\ b s,  \lambda_{323}''  \mathrm{coupling},  m_{\widetilde{t}} = 1000 \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
>1800	95	<sup>14</sup> AABOUD	17ai ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{GeV} \\ \geq 1\ell + \geq 8 \text{ jets, } Tglu1A \\ \operatorname{and} \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \to q q l,  \lambda' \text{ coupling,} \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1000 \text{ GeV} \end{array} $	OCCUR=3
>1800	95	<sup>15</sup> AABOUD	17aj ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} \chi_1^{\circ} \\ \text{same-sign} \ \ell^{\pm}  \ell^{\pm} \ / \ 3 \ \ell + \ \text{jets} \ + \\ \not{E}_T, \ \text{Tglu3A}, \ \chi_{112}^{\prime\prime} \ \text{coupling}, \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 50 \ \text{GeV} \end{array}$	OCCUR=4
>1750	95	<sup>16</sup> AABOUD	17aj ATLS	same-sign $\ell^\pm \ell^\pm$ / 3 $\ell$ + jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=6
>1450	95	<sup>17</sup> AABOUD	17AJ ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} \lambda' \text{ coupling} \\ \text{same-sign } \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} \ / \ 3 \ \ell + \text{ jets } + \\ \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=8
>1450	95	<sup>18</sup> AABOUD	17aj ATLS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} / 3 \ell$ + jets + $\mathcal{E}_T, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t \tilde{t}_1$ and $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bd$ , $\lambda''_{313}$ coupling	OCCUR=9
> 400	95	<sup>19</sup> AABOUD	17aj ATLS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm} / 3 \ell$ + jets + $\mathcal{E}_T, \tilde{d}_R \rightarrow tb(ts), \lambda''_{313}$ $(\lambda''_{321})$ coupling	OCCUR=10
none 625–1375	95	<sup>20</sup> AABOUD	17AZ ATLS	$(\lambda_{321})$ coupling $\geq 7$ jets+ $E_T$ , large R-jets and/or <i>b</i> -jets, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t \tilde{t}_1$ and $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs, \lambda_{323}''$ coupling	OCCUR=3
none 600–650	95	<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY.	17Y CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q q q q q, \lambda''_{212}$ coupling, $\widetilde{m}_{\widetilde{q}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	
none 600–1030	95	<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY.	17Y CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q q q q q, \lambda_{212}''$ coupling, $m_{\widetilde{q}} = 900 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
none 600–650	95	<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY.	17Y CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q q q q b, \lambda_{213}''$ coupling, $m_{\widetilde{q}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=3
none 600–1080	95	<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY.	17Y CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q q q q b, \lambda_{213}''$ coupling, $m_{\widetilde{q}} = 900 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=4
none 600–680	95	<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY.	17Y CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q q q b b, \lambda_{212}''$ coupling, $m_{\widetilde{q}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=5
none 600–1080	95	<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY.	17Y CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q q q b b, \ \lambda_{212}''$ coupling, $m_{\widetilde{q}} = 900 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=6
none 600–650	95	<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY.	17Y CMS	$\widetilde{g}  ightarrow qqbbb, \lambda_{213}''$ coupling, $m_{\widetilde{q}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=7
none 600–1100	95	<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY.	17Y CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} q q b b b, \ \lambda_{213}^{\prime\prime} \ { m coupling}, \ m_{\widetilde{q}} = 900 \ { m GeV} \end{array}$	OCCUR=8
>1050	95	<sup>22</sup> KHACHATRY.	16bj CMS	same-sign $\ell^\pm \ell^\pm$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0}$ $<$ 800 GeV	OCCUR=2
>1140	95	<sup>22</sup> KHACHATRY.	16bj CMS	same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ , Tglu3A, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 800 \text{ GeV}$ same-sign $\ell^{\pm} \ell^{\pm}$ , Tglu3B, $m_{\widetilde{t}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 20 \text{ GeV}, m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	OCCUR=5
>1030	95	<sup>23</sup> KHACHATRY.		$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t bs, \lambda_{222}''$ coupling	
>1150	95	<sup>24</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	general RPC $\widetilde{g}$ decays, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} <$	
>1350	95	<sup>25</sup> AAD	14x ATLS		
> 650 none 200–835	95 95	<sup>26</sup> CHATRCHYAN <sup>26</sup> CHATRCHYAN	N14P CMS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow \widetilde{j} \widetilde{j} \widetilde{g}$ $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow b i i$	OCCUR=2
				$g \rightarrow b f f$ ts, limits, etc. • • •	0000N-2
>1875	95	<sup>27</sup> AABOUD	18CF ATLS	jets and large R-jets, Tglu2RPV and $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow q q q$ , $\lambda''$ coupling, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1000 \text{ GeV}$	
>1400	95	<sup>28</sup> KHACHATRY.	16BX CMS	$\widetilde{g} \xrightarrow{\chi_1} q q \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \ \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \xrightarrow{\ell \ell \nu}, \ \lambda_{121} \\ \text{or } \lambda_{122} \neq 0, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} > 400 \ \text{GeV} $	OCCUR=2
>1600	95	<sup>24</sup> AAD	15bv ATLS	pMSSM, M <sub>1</sub> = $60 \text{ GeV}$ , $m_{\widetilde{q}} < 1500 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2

>1280	95	<sup>24</sup> AAD		mSUGRA, $m_0^{}$ > 2 TeV	OCCUR=3
>1100	95	<sup>24</sup> AAD		via $\tilde{\tau}$ , natural GMSB, all $m_{\tilde{\tau}}$	OCCUR=4
>1220	95	<sup>24</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	b-jets, $\widetilde{g}  ightarrow \widetilde{t}_1 t$ and $\widetilde{t}_1  ightarrow t \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , $m_{\mathcal{T}_1} < 1000 \; { m GeV}$	OCCUR=14
>1180	95	<sup>24</sup> AAD	15BV ATLS	<i>b</i> -jets, $\tilde{\widetilde{g}} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 t$ and $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow$	OCCUR=15
				$egin{array}{l} b \widetilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \ m_{{\mathcal T}_1} \ < 1000   { m GeV}, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 60   { m GeV} \end{array}$	
> 880	95	<sup>24</sup> AAD	15bv ATLS	jets, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow \widetilde{t}_1 t$ and $\widetilde{t}_1 \rightarrow s b$ , $400 < m_{\widetilde{t}_1} < 1000 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=17
		<sup>29</sup> AAD	15CB ATLS	$\ell, \widetilde{g} \rightarrow (e/\mu) q q$ , benchmark gluino, neutralino masses	
> 600	95	<sup>29</sup> AAD	15CB ATLS	$\ell\ell/Z, \ \widetilde{g}  ightarrow (ee/\mu\mu/e\mu)qq, \ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 400 \ { m GeV} \ { m and} \ 0.7 < 1$	OCCUR=2
				$c\tau_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} < 3 \times 10^5 \text{ mm}$	
>1000	95	<sup>30</sup> AAD	15x ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} c\tau_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} < 3 \times 10^{5} \text{ mm} \\ \geq 10 \text{ jets, } \widetilde{g} \rightarrow q \overline{q} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0},  \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \rightarrow \\ q q q,  m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 500 \text{ GeV} \end{array}$	
> 917	95	<sup>30</sup> AAD	15x ATLS	$ \begin{array}{l} \geq \hspace{0.1cm} 6,7 \hspace{0.1cm} {\rm jets}, \hspace{0.1cm} \widetilde{g} \hspace{0.1cm} \rightarrow \hspace{0.1cm} q \hspace{0.1cm} q \hspace{0.1cm} q \hspace{0.1cm} q, \hspace{0.1cm} ({\rm light} - \\ {\rm quark}, \hspace{0.1cm} \lambda^{''} \hspace{0.1cm} {\rm couplings}) \end{array} $	OCCUR=2
> 929	95	<sup>30</sup> AAD	15x ATLS	$\geq$ 6,7 jets, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q q q$ , (b-quark,	OCCUR=3
>1180	95	<sup>31</sup> AAD	14AX ATLS	$\lambda^{''}$ couplings) $\geq$ 3 <i>b</i> -jets + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
				simplified model, $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ , $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 2m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 60$ GeV, $m_{\tilde{t}_1} < 1000$ GeV	
> 850	95	<sup>32</sup> AAD	14E ATLS	$\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}(\ell^{\mp}) + \text{jets}, \ \widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \ \widetilde{t}_{1}$ with $\widetilde{t}_{1} \rightarrow b s$ simplified model	OCCUR=4
> 900	95	<sup>33</sup> CHATRCHYA	N14H CMS	model same-sign $\ell^\pm \ell^\pm$ , $\widetilde{g}  o t bs$ simplified model	OCCUR=4
<sup>1</sup> AAD 24AF	searche	d in 140 fb $^{-1}$ of $p$	p collisions at	$\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV for evidence of gluino	NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=L
				ays into three jets or $\widetilde{g}  o q q \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$	
		-		excess above the Standard Model	
				d in models with non-vanishing $\lambda^{''}_{112}$	
or $\lambda_{113}$ , 7	۲glu1RP	V and Tglu1A with	$\widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ RPV deca	y, see their Figures 9 and 10.	
				t $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for pair production her directly or indirectly via the LSP.	NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=EF
The final	state in	all cases is one or	two leptons, n	nany jets (up to fifteen) and <i>b</i> -jets. s of the gluino or stop follow from	
the assum	ptions or	n the nature of the	electroweakin	os. No significant excess above the	
				et on the $gluino, \tilde{t}_1$ , electroweakino os of gluino, stop and electroweakino	
pair produ	ction.	-			
<sup>3</sup> AAD 21Y	searched	I in 139 fb $^{-1}$ of p	p collisions a	t $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for supersymmetry	NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=K
excess abo	ove the S	tandard Model exp	ectations is ob	ons and tau-leptons). No significant oserved. Limits are set on Tchi1n12-	
GGM, and	l RPV n	nodels similar to T	ີchi1n2l, Tglu ເບັດໃນລີ0	1A (with $q = u$ , $d$ , $s$ , $c$ , $b$ , with (mass-degenerate $\tilde{\ell}_L$ and $\tilde{\nu}$ of all 3	
				$_{33}$ (where $i, k \in 1, 2$ ), see their Figure	
11.					
				$\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with 8 or more The selection makes requirements	NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=H
-			-	scalar sum of masses of large-radius l expectations is observed. Exclusion	
limits at 9	5% C.L.	are set on the gluin	io mass in RP	v simplified models where the gluino	
		$bd \text{ or } \widetilde{g}  ightarrow tbs. T r Fig. 10(c).$	hey extend up	) to almost 1.6 TeV for a $\widetilde{t}_1$ mass of	
<sup>5</sup> AAD 20v	searched	l in 139 fb $^{-1}$ of $ ho$		$\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for events with two	NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=G
				d jets. No significant excess above usion limits at 95% C.L. are set on	
	mass in			ne gluino decays via $\widetilde{g}  o t  b  d$ , see	
<sup>6</sup> SIRUNYA	N 20⊤ se			ons at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV for events with	NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=F
at least tw	<i>i</i> o jets, a	nd two isolated sam	ne-sign or thre	e or more charged leptons (electrons ard Model expectations is observed.	
Limits are	set on th	ne gluino mass in th	ne Tglu3A, Tg	lu3B, Tglu3C and Tglu3D simplified	
models, se	e their H	-igure 7, and in the	e ignuic and	Tglu1B simplified models, see their	

Figures 8 and 9. Limits are also set on the sbottom mass in the Tsbot2 simplified model, see their Figure 10, and on the stop mass in the Tstop7 simplified model, see their Figure 11. Finally, limits are set on the gluino mass in RPV simplified models where the gluino decays either via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\bar{q}\bar{q} + e/\mu/\tau$  or via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow tbs$ , see Figure 12.

<sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN 19F searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for threejet resonances produced in the decay of a gluino in R-parity violating supersymmetric models. The mass range from 200 to 2000GeV is explored in four separate mass regions. The observations show agreement with standard model expectations. The results are interpreted within the framework of R-parity violating SUSY, where pair-produced gluinos decay to a six quark final state. Gluino masses below 1500GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. See their Fig.5.

<sup>8</sup> AABOUD 18Z searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing four or more charged leptons (electrons, muons and up to two hadronically decaying taus). No significant deviation from the expected SM background is observed. Limits are set on the Higgsino mass in simplified models of general gauge mediated supersymmetry Tn1n1A/Tn1n1B/Tn1n1C, see their Figure 9. Limits are also set on the wino, slepton, sneutrino and gluino mass in a simplified model of NLSP pair production with R-parity violating decays of the LSP via  $\lambda_{12k}$  or  $\lambda_{i33}$  to charged leptons, see their Figures 7, 8.

<sup>9</sup>SIRUNYAN 18AK searched in 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events containing a single lepton, large jet and *b*-quark jet multiplicities, coming from R-parity-violating decays of gluinos. No excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the gluino mass, assuming the RPV  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow tbs$  decay, see their Figure 9.

 $^{10}$  SIRUNYAN 18D searched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  13 TeV for events containing identified hadronically decaying top quarks, no leptons, and  $\not\!\!\!E_T$ . No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the stop mass in the Tstop1 simplified model, see their Figure 8, and on the gluino mass in the Tglu3A, Tglu3B, Tglu3C and Tglu3E simplified models, see their Figure 9.

<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN 18EA searched in 38.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for the pair production of resonances, each decaying to at least four quarks. Reconstructed particles are clustered into two large jets of similar mass, each consistent with four-parton substructure. No statistically significant excess over the Standard Model expectation is observed. Limits are set on the squark and gluino mass in RPV supersymmetry models where squarks (gluinos) decay, through intermediate higgsinos, to four (five) quarks, see their Figure 4.

<sup>12</sup> AABOUD 17AI searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with one or more isolated lepton, at least eight jets, either zero or many *b*-jets, for evidence of R-parity violating decays of the gluino. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 2.1 TeV are set on the gluino mass in R-parity-violating supersymmetry models as Tglu3A with LSP decay through the non-zero  $\lambda_{112}''$ 

coupling as  $\widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \to \ \textit{uds}.$  See their Figure 9.

- <sup>13</sup> AABOUD 17ÅI searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with one or more isolated lepton, at least eight jets, either zero or many *b*-jets, for evidence of R-parity violating decays of the gluino. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.65 TeV are set on the gluino mass in R-parity-violating supersymmetry models with  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}, \tilde{t} \rightarrow bs$  through the non-zero  $\lambda''_{323}$  coupling. See their Figure 9.
- <sup>14</sup> AABOUD 17AI searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with one or more isolated lepton, at least eight jets, either zero or many *b*-jets, for evidence of R-parity violating decays of the gluino. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.8 TeV are set on the gluino mass in R-parity-violating supersymmetry models as Tglu1A with the LSP decay through the non-zero  $\lambda'$  coupling as  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qq\ell$ . See their Figure 9.
- <sup>15</sup> AABOUD 17AJ searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two same-sign or three leptons, jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.8 TeV are set on the gluino mass in R-parity-violating supersymmetry models as Tglu3A with LSP decaying through the non-zero  $\lambda''_{112}$  coupling as  $\tilde{\chi}^0_1 \rightarrow u \, ds$ . See their Figure 5(d). <sup>16</sup> AABOUD 17AJ searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two

<sup>16</sup> AABOUD 17AJ searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two same-sign or three leptons, jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.75 TeV are set on the gluino mass in R-parity-violating supersymmetry models as Tglu1A with LSP decaying through the non-zero  $\lambda'$  coupling as  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qq\ell$ . See their Figure 5(c).

<sup>17</sup> AABOUD 17AJ searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two same-sign or three leptons, jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.45 TeV are set on the gluino mass in R-parity-violating supersymmetry models where  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}_1$  and  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow cd$  through the pap are  $\lambda''_1$  -coupling. See their Figure 5(h)

 $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow sd$  through the non-zero  $\lambda_{321}''$  coupling. See their Figure 5(b).

<sup>18</sup> AABOUD 17AJ searched in 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of p p collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with two same-sign or three leptons, jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 1.45 TeV are set on the gluino mass in R-parity-violating supersymmetry models where  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t \tilde{t}_1$  and  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bd$  through the non-zero  $\lambda''_{313}$  coupling. See their Figure 5(a).

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=E

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=GE

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=OD

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=KC

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=IE

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=LC

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=OC

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=PC

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=DD

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=FD

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=ID

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=JD

 $^{19}$ AABOUD 17AJ searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} =$  13 TeV for events with two NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=KD same-sign or three leptons, jets and large missing transverse momentum. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits up to 400 GeV are set on the down type squark ( $d_R$  mass in R-parity-violating supersymmetry models where  $\tilde{d}_R \rightarrow t b$  through the non-zero  $\lambda''_{313}$  coupling or  $\tilde{d}_R \rightarrow t s$  through the non-zero  $\lambda''_{321}$ . See their Figure 5(e) and 5(f).  $^{20}\, {\rm AABOUD}$  17AZ searched in 36.1  ${\rm fb}^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events with NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=WC at least seven jets and large missing transverse momentum. Selected events are further classified based on the presence of large R-jets or b-jets and no leptons. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set for R-parity violating decays of the gluino assuming  $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \widetilde{t}_1$  and  $\widetilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$  through the non-zero  $\lambda_{323}^{\prime\prime}$  couplings. The range 625–1375 GeV is excluded for  $m_{\widetilde{t}_1}$  = 400 GeV. See their Figure 7b.  $^{21}$ KHACHATRYAN 17Y searched in 19.7 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=$  8 TeV for events NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=AB containing at least 8 or 10 jets, possibly b-tagged, coming from R-parity-violating decays of supersymmetric particles. No excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the gluino mass, assuming various RPV decay modes, see Fig. 7.  $^{22}$ KHACHATRYAN 16BJ searched in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} =$  13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=NB with two isolated same-sign dileptons and jets in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the following simplified models: Tglu3A and Tglu3D, see Fig. 4, Tglu3B and Tglu3C, see Fig. 5, and Tglu1B, see Fig. 7. <sup>23</sup>KHACHATRYAN 16BX searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=QB containing 0 or 1 leptons and b-tagged jets, coming from R-parity-violating decays of supersymmetric particles. No excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the gluino mass, assuming the RPV  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow tbs$  decay, see Fig. 7 and 10.  $^{24}\,\mathrm{AAD}$  15BV summarized and extended ATLAS searches for gluinos and first- and second-NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=OA generation squarks in final states containing jets and missing transverse momentum, with or without leptons or *b*-jets in the  $\sqrt{s}$  =8 TeV data set collected in 2012. The paper reports the results of new interpretations and statistical combinations of previously published analyses, as well as new analyses. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the gluino mass in several R-parity conserving models, leading to a generalized constraint on gluino masses exceeding 1150 GeV for lightest supersymmetric particle masses below 100 GeV. See their Figs. 10, 19, 20, 21, 23, 25, 26, 29-37.  $^{25}\,{\rm AAD}$  14X searched in 20.3 fb $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for events with at NODE=S046GNV/LINKAGE=D least four leptons (electrons, muons, taus) in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in an R-parity violating simplified model where the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q \bar{q} \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , with  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} \nu$ , takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 8.  $^{26}$  CHATRCHYAN 14P searched in 19.4 fb  $^{-1}$  of  $p\,p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 8 TeV for three-NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=HC jet resonances produced in the decay of a gluino in R-parity violating supersymmetric models. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Assuming a 100% branching ratio for the gluino decay into three light-flavour jets, limits are set on the cross section of gluino pair production, see Fig. 7, and gluino masses below 650 GeV are excluded at 95% C.L. Assuming a 100% branching ratio for the gluino decaying to one b-quark jet and two light-flavour jets, gluino masses between 200 GeV and 835 GeV are excluded at 95% C L.  $^{27}$  AABOUD 18CF searched in 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 13 TeV for events NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=HE with several jets, possibly b-jets, and large-radius jets for evidence of R-parity violating decays of the gluino. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits between 1000 and 1875 GeV are set on the gluino mass in R-parityviolating supersymmetry models as Tglu2RPV with the LSP decay through the non-zero  $\lambda''$  coupling as  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow q q q$ . The most stringent limit is obtained for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 1000$  GeV, the weakest for  $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}$  = 50 GeV. See their Figure 7(b). Figure 7(a) presents results for gluinos directly decaying into 3 quarks, Tglu1RPV. <sup>28</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16<sub>BX</sub> searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events NODE=S046GNV/LINKAGE=RB containing 4 leptons coming from R-parity-violating decays of  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \ell \ell \nu$  with  $\lambda_{121} \neq 0$  or  $\lambda_{122} \neq 0$ . No excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived on the gluino, squark and stop masses, see Fig. 23.  $^{29}\,\mathrm{AAD}$  15CB searched for events containing at least one long-lived particle that decays at NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=TA a significant distance from its production point (displaced vertex, DV) into two leptons or into five or more charged particles in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV. The dilepton signature is characterised by DV formed from at least two lepton candidates. Four different final states were considered for the multitrak signature, in which the DV must be accompanied by a high-transverse momentum muon or electron candidate that originates from the DV, jets or missing transverse momentum. No events were observed in any of the signal regions. Results were interpreted in SUSY scenarios involving R-parity violation, split supersymmetry, and gauge mediation. See their Fig. 12–20. <sup>30</sup> AAD 15X searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events containing NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=WA large number of jets, no requirements on missing transverse momentum and no isolated

electrons or muons. The sensitivity of the search is enhanced by considering the number of *b*-tagged jets and the scalar sum of masses of large-radius jets in an event. No evidence was found for excesses above the expected level of Standard Model background. 7/16/2025 12:15

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Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the gluino mass assuming the gluino decays to various quark flavors, and for various neutralino masses. See their Fig. 11–16.

- <sup>31</sup> AAD 14AX searched in 20.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for the strong production of supersymmetric particles in events containing either zero or at last one high high- $p_T$  lepton, large missing transverse momentum, high jet multiplicity and at least three jets identified as originating from *b*-quarks. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Limits are derived in mSUGRA/CMSSM models with tan $\beta = 30$ ,  $A_0 = -2m_0$  and  $\mu > 0$ , see their Fig. 14. Also, exclusion limits in simplified models containing gluinos and scalar top and bottom quarks are set, see their Figures 12, 13.
- and  $\mu > 0$ , see then Fig. 14. Also, exclusion initis in simplified models containing guinos and scalar top and bottom quarks are set, see their Figures 12, 13. <sup>32</sup> AAD 14E searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for strongly produced supersymmetric particles in events containing jets and two same-sign leptons or three leptons. The search also utilises jets originating from *b*-quarks, missing transverse momentum and other variables. No excess over the expected SM background is observed. Exclusion limits are derived in simplified models containing gluinos and squarks, see Figures 5 and 6. In the  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq'\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow W^{(*)\pm}\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ ,  $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z^{(*)}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  simplified model, the following assumptions have been made:  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} = 0.5 m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{g}}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} = 0.5 (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^1}), m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 520$  GeV. In the  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq'\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow 0.5 (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^1}), m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 520$  GeV. In the  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq'\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  or  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow 0.5 (m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^1}), m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 520$  GeV.
  - $q q' \tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}, \tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0} \rightarrow \ell^{\pm} \ell^{\mp} (\nu \nu) \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$  simplified model, the following assumptions have been made:  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}} = m_{\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}} = 0.5 \ (m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} + m_{\tilde{g}}), \ m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} < 660 \text{ GeV}$ . Limits are also derived in the mSUGRA/CMSSM, bRPV and GMSB models, see their Fig. 8.
- <sup>33</sup>CHATRCHYAN 14H searched in 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with two isolated same-sign dileptons and jets in the final state. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in simplified models where the R-parity violating decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow tbs$  takes place with a branching ratio of 100%, see Fig. 8.

## Long-lived $\tilde{g}$ (Gluino) mass limit

Limits on light gluinos ( $m_{\tilde{g}} < 5 \text{ GeV}$ ) were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, *et al.* (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics **C38** 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

VALUE (GeV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046LGN
none 70-1700	95	<sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETY	′24AP CMS	$\geq$ 6 jets $\widetilde{g}$ pair production with RPV $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q q q$	l
>2050	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	23G ATLS	R-hadrons, Tglu1A, stable, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 100 \;  ext{GeV}$	
>2270	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	23G ATLS	R-hadrons, Tglu1A, $ au = 20$ ns, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1} = 100 \; {\rm GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>2050	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	23G ATLS	<i>R</i> -hadrons, Tglu1A, stable, $m_{\widetilde{g}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 30 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=3
>2050	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD	23G ATLS	<i>R</i> -hadrons, Tglu1A, $\tau = 20$ ns, $m_{\widetilde{g}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 30$ GeV	OCCUR=4
>2500	95	<sup>3</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AF CMS	long-lived $\widetilde{g}$ , Tglu2RPV , $\lambda_{323}''$ coupling, 0.6 mm < $c\tau < 90$ mm	
>2450	95	<sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN	210 CMS	long-lived $\tilde{g}$ , $pp \rightarrow \tilde{g}\tilde{g}$ , $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{g}\tilde{G}$ , $\tilde{G}$ GMSB, $6 < c\tau < 550$ mm	
>2500	95	<sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN	210 CMS	long-lived $\tilde{g}$ , $pp \rightarrow \tilde{g}\tilde{g}$ , $\tilde{g} \rightarrow q \bar{q} \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , mini-split, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}$ =100 GeV, $7 < c\tau < 360$ mm	OCCUR=3
>2500	95	<sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN	210 CMS	$\begin{array}{l} \text{long-lived } \widetilde{g}, \ pp \rightarrow \ \widetilde{g}\widetilde{g}, \ \widetilde{g} \rightarrow \\ t \ b \ s, \ \lambda''_{323} \ \text{coupling, } 3 < \\ c \ \tau < 1000 \ \text{mm} \end{array}$	OCCUR=5
>1980	95	<sup>5</sup> AABOUD	19AT ATLS	<i>R</i> -hadrons, Tglu1A, metastable	
>2060	95	<sup>6</sup> AABOUD	19c ATLS	R-hadrons, Tglu1A, $\tau \ge 10$ ns, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	
>1890	95	<sup>6</sup> AABOUD	19c ATLS	<i>R</i> -hadrons, Tglu1A, stable	OCCUR=2
>2400	95	<sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN	19вн CMS	long-lived $\tilde{g}$ , RPV, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow \overline{t} \overline{b} \overline{s}$ , 10 mm < c $\tau$ < 250 mm	
>2300	95	<sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN	19вн CMS	long-lived $\tilde{g}$ , GMSB, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow g \tilde{G}$ , 20 mm $< c\tau < 110$ mm	OCCUR=2
>2100	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	19BT CMS	long-lived $\tilde{g}$ , GMSB, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow g \tilde{G}$ , 0.3 m < c $\tau$ < 30 m	
>2500	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	19BT CMS	long-lived $\tilde{g}$ , GMSB, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow g \tilde{G}$ , $c\tau = 1 \text{ m}$	OCCUR=2

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=BA

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=B2

NODE=S046GNV;LINKAGE=P

NODE=S046LGN

NODE=S046LGN

>1900	95	<sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN	19BT CMS	long-lived $\widetilde{g}$ , GMSB, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow \widetilde{c}$	OCCUR=3
>2370	95	<sup>9</sup> AABOUD	185 ATLS	$g~{\sf G},~{\sf c} au=100~{\sf m}$ displaced vertex + $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1600	95	<sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	GeV, and $ au$ =0.17 ns jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
>1750	95	<sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu1A, c $ au=1$ mm, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}^0_1}=100~{ m GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>1640	95	<sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=3
>1490	95	<sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	jets+ $\not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=4
>1300	95	<sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	jets+ $ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=5
> 960	95	<sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	$egin{aligned} \chi_1^\circ\  ext{jets}+ ot\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	OCCUR=6
> 900	95	<sup>10</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AY CMS	jets+ $E_T$ , Tglu1A, c $ au=100$ m, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}0}=100$ GeV	OCCUR=7
>2200	95	<sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DV CMS	long-lived $\widetilde{g}$ , RPV, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow \overline{t} \overline{b} \overline{s}$ ,	
>1000	95	<sup>12</sup> KHACHATRY	17AR CMS	0.6 mm < $c\tau$ < 80 mm long-lived $\tilde{g}$ , RPV, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow t \overline{b} \overline{s}$ ,	
>1300	95	<sup>12</sup> KHACHATRY	17AR CMS	c au = 0.3  mm long-lived $\widetilde{g}$ , RPV, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \overline{b} \overline{s}$ ,	OCCUR=2
>1400	95	<sup>12</sup> KHACHATRY		c au = 1.0  mm long-lived $\widetilde{g}$ , RPV, $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \overline{b} \overline{s}$ ,	OCCUR=3
				$2 \text{ mm} < \mathrm{c}  au < 30 \text{ mm}$	occon_5
>1580 > 740–1590	95 95	<sup>13</sup> AABOUD <sup>14</sup> AABOUD	16B ATLS 16C ATLS	long-lived R-hadrons R-hadrons, Tglu1A, $ au \geq$ 0.4	
/ 10 1000	50	1.1.10000	100 /1120	ns, $m_{\tilde{\chi}^0} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	
>1570	95	<sup>14</sup> AABOUD	16c ATLS	$^{\Lambda_1}$ <i>R</i> -hadrons, Tglu1A, stable	OCCUR=3
>1610	95	<sup>15</sup> KHACHATRY	16BWCMS	long-lived $\tilde{g}$ forming R-	
				hadrons, $f = 0.1$ , cloud interaction model	
>1580	95	<sup>15</sup> KHACHATRY	16BWCMS	long-lived $\tilde{g}$ forming R-hadrons, f = 0.1, charge-suppressed interaction	OCCUR=2
>1520	95	<sup>15</sup> KHACHATRY	16BWCMS	model long-lived $\tilde{g}$ forming R- hadrons, f = 0.5, cloud	OCCUR=3
>1540	95	<sup>15</sup> KHACHATRY	16BWCMS	interaction model long-lived $\tilde{g}$ forming R- hadrons, f = 0.5, charge- suppressed interaction	OCCUR=4
>1270	95	<sup>16</sup> AAD	15AE ATLS	model $\tilde{g}$ R-hadron, generic R-hadron	
>1360	95	<sup>16</sup> AAD	15AE ATLS	model	OCCUR=2
>1115	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	15BMATLS	$\widetilde{g}$ R-hadron, stable	
>1185	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	15bmATLS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow (g/q\overline{q})\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , lifetime 10 ns, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=2
>1099	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	15BMATLS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow (g/q\overline{q})\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , lifetime 10 ns, $m_{\widetilde{g}}^{0} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}}^{0} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=3
>1182	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	15BMATLS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \overline{t} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , lifetime 10 ns, $m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$ $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \overline{t} \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , lifetime 10 ns,	OCCUR=4
>1157	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	15BMATLS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow \overset{\chi_1}{t t \widetilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , lifetime 10 ns, $m_{\widetilde{g}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_0} = 480 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=5
> 869	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	15BMATLS	$m_{\widetilde{g}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 480 \text{ GeV}$ $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow (g/q\overline{q})\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \text{ lifetime 1}$ $\text{ns, } m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$	OCCUR=6
> 821	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	15BMATLS	$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow (g/q\overline{q})\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}, \text{ lifetime} \\ 1 \text{ ns, } m_{\widetilde{g}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 100$	OCCUR=7
> 836	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD	15BMATLS	$ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{GeV} & \chi_1 \\ \widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \overline{t} \widetilde{\chi}_1^0, \text{ lifetime 1 ns,} \\ m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100 \text{ GeV} \end{array} $	OCCUR=8
				$\chi_1$	

		17			~ -~0			
> 836	95	<sup>17</sup> AAD			$\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t  \overline{t}  \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$ , lifetime 10 ns, $m_{\widetilde{g}} - m_{\widetilde{\chi}_1^0} = 480  \text{GeV}$	OCCUR=9		
>1000	95	<sup>18</sup> KHACHATRY.	15ак С	CMS	$\widetilde{g}$ R-hadrons, 10 $\mu$ s $< au$ <1000			
> 880	95	<sup>18</sup> KHACHATRY.			$\widetilde{g}$ R-hadrons, 1 $\mu$ s $< au$ <1000 s	OCCUR=2		
• • • We do not		following data for a	verages,	fits, l	imits, etc. • • •			
> 985	95	<sup>19</sup> AAD	13aa A	TLS	$\widetilde{g}$ , <i>R</i> -hadrons, generic interac- tion model			
> 832	95	<sup>20</sup> <sub>AAD</sub>	13вс А	ATLS	R-hadrons, $\tilde{g} \rightarrow g/q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$ , generic R-hadron model, lifetime between $10^{-5}$ and $10^{3}$ s, $m_{\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}} = 100$ GeV			
>1322	95	<sup>21</sup> CHATRCHYAN	<b>13</b> ав С	CMS	long-lived $\tilde{g}$ forming R- hadrons, f = 0.1, cloud			
none 200–341	95	<sup>22</sup> AAD	12p A	TLS	interaction model long-lived $\tilde{g} \rightarrow g \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ , $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} =$			
> 640	95	<sup>23</sup> CHATRCHYAN	12AN C	CMS	100 GeV long-lived $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow g \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$			
>1098	95	<sup>24</sup> CHATRCHYAN			long-lived $\tilde{g}$ forming R-			
× F0C	05	<sup>25</sup> AAD	11./ 4	TIC	hadrons, $f = 0.1$			
> 586 > 544	95 95	26 AAD	11K A 11P A		stable $\tilde{g}$ stable $\tilde{g}$ , GMSB scenario,			
/ 544	55				$\tan\beta=5$			
> 370 > 398	95 95	<ul> <li><sup>27</sup> KHACHATRY.</li> <li><sup>28</sup> KHACHATRY.</li> </ul>		CMS CMS	long lived $\widetilde{g}$ stable $\widetilde{g}$			
of pair-produc excess above SUSY models with decay to their Fig. 4. <sup>2</sup> AAD 23G sea production in significant exc	<sup>1</sup> HAYRAPETYAN 24AP searched in 128 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for evidence of pair-produced multijet signatures probing fully hadronic final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set in three RPV SUSY models: higgsino pair production with decay to merged trijets, stop pair production with decay to merged dijets, and pair-produced gluinos decaying to resolved trijets, see their Fig. 4. <sup>2</sup> AAD 23G searched in 139 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for R-hadron pair production in events with high-pt tracks with large ionisation in the pixel detector. No significant excess above the Standard Model predictions is observed. Limits are set on							
<sup>3</sup> SIRUNYAN 2 metry in even multijet or dij tions is obser with $\lambda''_{323}$ cou RPV decay $\tilde{\chi}$ top squark pa	the R-hadron mass for different masses of the LSP and for different R-hadron lifetimes, see Figure 18. <sup>3</sup> SIRUNYAN 21AF searched in 140 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for supersym- metry in events with with two displaced vertices from long-lived particles decaying into multijet or dijet final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expecta- tions is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass in the simplified model Tglu2RPV with $\lambda''_{323}$ coupling, on the $\tilde{\chi}^0_1$ mass in an RPV model with $\tilde{\chi}^0_1$ pair production and the RPV decay $\tilde{\chi}^0_1 \rightarrow tbs$ with $\lambda''_{323}$ coupling and on the $\tilde{t}$ mass in an RPV model with top squark pair production and the RPV decay $\tilde{t} \rightarrow \bar{d}_i \bar{d}_i$ with $\lambda''_{3ii}$ coupling, see their							
<sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN 2 in events with significant exc long-lived glu $g \tilde{G}$ , see their RPV model c Figure 11. Liu 12, in an RP <sup>1</sup> dynamical RP Figure 14. Th	Figure 7. <sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN 21U searched in 132 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for supersymmetry in events with displaced tracks and displaced vertices associated with a dijet system. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on long-lived gluinos in an RPC GMSB SUSY model of gluino pair production, with $\tilde{g} \rightarrow$ $g \tilde{G}$ , see their Figure 9, in Tglu1A in a mini-split model, see their Figure 10, and in an RPV model of gluino pair production, with $\tilde{g} \rightarrow tbs$ with coupling $\lambda''_{323}$ , see their Figure 11. Limits are also set on long-lived top squarks in Tstop2RPV, see their Figure 12, in an RPV model with $\tilde{t} \rightarrow d\bar{\ell}$ and $\lambda'_{x31}$ coupling, see their Figure 13, and in a dynamical RPV model with $\tilde{t} \rightarrow d\bar{d}$ via a nonholomorphic RPV coupling $\eta''_{311}$ , see their Figure 14. The best mass limit is achieved in all cases at $c\tau = 30$ mm.							
<sup>5</sup> AABOUD 19AT searched in 36.1 fb <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for metastable and stable <i>R</i> -hadrons. Multiple search strategies for a wide range of lifetimes, corresponding to path lengths of a few meters, are defined. No significant deviations from the expected Standard Model background are observed. Gluino <i>R</i> -hadrons with lifetimes of the order of 50 ns are excluded at 95% C.L. for masses below 1980 GeV using the muon-spectrometer agnostic analysis. Using the full-detector search, the observed lower limits on the mass are 2000 GeV. See their Figure 9 (top).								
and stable <i>R</i> - with high tran 10 ns are excl GeV, see thei 1 ns, see thei GeV, see thei	hadrons isverse m uded at ! r Figure r Figure r Figure	arising as excesses in nomentum and large 95% C.L. with lower 5(a). Masses smalle 6. In the case of st 5(b).	n the ma dE/dx. mass lin r than 1 table <i>R</i> -	ass dis Gluine mit rai L290 G -hadro	at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV for metastable tribution of reconstructed tracks to <i>R</i> -hadrons with lifetimes above nge between 1000 GeV and 2060 teV are excluded for a lifetime of ns, the lower mass limit is 1890	NODE=S046LGN;LINKAGE=EA		
<sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN 1 lived particles	9BH sea decayin	rched in 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ g into jets, with eacl	h long-li	ived pa	ons at $\sqrt{s}=13~{ m TeV}$ for long- article having a decay vertex well rents are found to be consistent	NODE=S046LGN;LINKAGE=FA		

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NODE=S046LGN;LINKAGE=O

NODE=S046LGN;LINKAGE=R

NODE=S046LGN;LINKAGE=K

NODE=S046LGN;LINKAGE=S

NODE=S046LGN;LINKAGE=L

NODE=S046LGN;LINKAGE=Q

NODE=S046LGN/LINKAGE=H

with standard model predictions. Limits are set on the gluino mass in a GMSB model where the gluino is decaying via  $\tilde{g} \to g \tilde{G}$ , see their Figure 4 and in an RPV model of supersymmetry where the gluino is decaying via  $\tilde{g} \to \overline{t} \overline{b} \overline{s}$ , see their Figures 5. Limits are also set on the stop mass in two RPV models, see their Figure 6 (for  $\tilde{t} \to b\ell$  decays) and Figure 7 (for  $\tilde{t} \to \overline{d} \overline{d}$  decays).

- <sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN 19BT searched in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for longlived particles decaying to displaced, nonprompt jets and missing transverse momentum. Candidate signal events are identified using the timing capabilities of the CMS electromagnetic calorimeter. The results of the search are found to be consistent with the background predictions. Limits are set on the gluino mass in a GMSB model where long-lived gluinos are pair produced and decaying via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow g \tilde{G}$ , see their Figures 4 and 5
- <sup>9</sup> AABOUD 18S searched in 32.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for long-lived gluinos in final states with large missing transverse momentum and at least one high-mass displaced vertex with five or more tracks. The observed yield is consistent with the expected background. Exclusion limits are derived for Tglu1A models predicting the existence of long-lived gluinos reaching roughly  $m(\tilde{g}) = 2000$  GeV to 2370 GeV for  $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100$  GeV and gluino lifetimes between 0.02 and 10 ns, see their Fig. 8. Limits are presented also as a function of the lifetime (for a fixed gluino-neutralino mass difference of 100 GeV) and of the gluino and neutralino masses (for a fixed lifetime of 1 ns). See their Fig. 9 and 10 respectively.
- <sup>11</sup> SIRUNYAN 18DV searched in 38.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for long-lived particles in events with multiple jets and two displaced vertices composed of many tracks. No events with two well-separated high-track-multiplicity vertices were observed. Limits are set on the stop and the gluino mass in RPV models of supersymmetry where the stop (gluino) is decaying solely into dijet (multijet) final states, see their Figures 6 and 7.
- <sup>12</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17AR searched in 17.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for Rparity-violating SUSY in which long-lived neutralinos or gluinos decay into multijet final states. No significant excess above the Standard Model expectations is observed. Limits are set on the gluino mass for a range of mean proper decay lengths ( $c\tau$ ), see their Fig. 7. The upper limits on the production cross section times branching ratio squared (Fig. 7) are also applicable to long-lived neutralinos.
- <sup>13</sup>AABOUD 16B searched in 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for long-lived *R*-hadrons using observables related to large ionization losses and slow propagation velocities, which are signatures of heavy charged particles traveling significantly slower than the speed of light. Exclusion limits at 95% C.L. are set on the long-lived gluino masses exceeding 1580 GeV. See their Fig. 5.
- <sup>14</sup> AABOUD 16C searched in 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for long-lived and stable *R*-hadrons identified by anomalous specific ionization energy loss in the ATLAS Pixel detector. Gluino *R*-hadrons with lifetimes above 0.4 ns are excluded at 95% C.L. with lower mass limit range between 740 GeV and 1590 GeV. In the case of stable *R*-hadrons, the lower mass limit is 1570 GeV. See their Figs. 5 and 6.
- <sup>15</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16BW searched in 2.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV for events with heavy stable charged particles, identified by their anomalously high energy deposits in the silicon tracker and/or long time-of-flight measurements by the muon system. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived for pair production of gluinos as a function of mass, depending on the interaction model and on the fraction f, of produced gluinos hadronizing into a  $\tilde{g}$  gluon state, see Fig. 4 and Table 7.
- <sup>16</sup> AAD 15AE searched in 19.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for heavy long-lived charged particles, measured through their specific ionization energy loss in the ATLAS pixel detector or their time-of-flight in the ALTAS muon system. In the absence of an excess of events above the expected backgrounds, limits are set R-hadrons in various scenarios, see Fig. 11. Limits are also set in LeptoSUSY models where the gluino decays to stable 300 GeV leptons, see Fig. 9.
- to stable 300 GeV leptons, see Fig. 9. 17 AAD 15BM searched in 18.4 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for stable and metastable non-relativistic charged particles through their anomalous specific ionization energy loss in the ATLAS pixel detector. In absence of an excess of events above the expected backgrounds, limits are set within a generic R-hadron model, on stable gluino R-hadrons (see Table 5) and on metastable gluino R-hadrons decaying to  $(g/q\bar{q})$  plus a light  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (see Fig. 7) and decaying to  $t\bar{t}$  plus a light  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (see Fig. 9).
- <sup>18</sup> KHACHATRYAN 15AK looked in a data set corresponding to 18.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV, and a search interval corresponding to 281 h of trigger lifetime, for long-lived particles that have stopped in the CMS detector. No evidence for an excess over the expected background in a cloud interaction model is observed. Assuming the decay  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow g \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  and lifetimes between 1  $\mu$ s and 1000 s, limits are derived on  $\tilde{g}$  production as a function of  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ , see Figs. 4 and 6. The exclusions require that  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  is kinematically consistent with the minimum values of the jet energy thresholds used.

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- <sup>19</sup> AAD 13AA searched in 4.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events containing colored long-lived particles that hadronize forming *R*-hadrons. No significant excess above the expected background was found. Long-lived *R*-hadrons containing a  $\tilde{g}$  are excluded for masses up to 985 GeV at 95% C.L in a general interaction model. Also, limits independent of the fraction of *R*-hadrons that arrive charged in the muon system were derived, see Fig. 6.
- <sup>20</sup> AAD 13BC searched in 5.0 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV and in 22.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for bottom squark R-hadrons that have come to rest within the ATLAS calorimeter and decay at some later time to hadronic jets and a neutralino. In absence of an excess of events above the expected backgrounds, limits are set on gluino masses for different decays, lifetimes, and neutralino masses, see their Table 6 and Fig. 10.
- <sup>21</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13AB looked in 5.0 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV and in 18.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for events with heavy stable particles, identified by their anomalous dE/dx in the tracker or additionally requiring that it be identified as muon in the muon chambers, from pair production of  $\tilde{g}$ 's. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived for pair production of gluinos as a function of mass (see Fig. 8 and Table 5), depending on the fraction, f, of formation of  $\tilde{g}$ -g (R-gluonball) states. The quoted limit is for f = 0.1, while for f = 0.5 it degrades to 1276 GeV. In the conservative scenario where every hadronic interaction causes it to become neutral, the limit decreases to 928 GeV for f = 0.1.
- <sup>22</sup> AAD 12P looked in 31 pb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with pair production of long-lived gluinos. The hadronization of the gluinos leads to *R*-hadrons which may stop inside the detector and later decay via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow g \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  during gaps between the proton bunches. No significant excess over the expected background is observed. From a counting experiment, a limit at 95% C.L. on the cross section as a function of  $m_{\tilde{g}}$  is

derived for  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100$  GeV, see Fig. 4. The limit is valid for lifetimes between  $10^{-5}$ 

and  $10^3$  seconds and assumes the *Generic* matter interaction model for the production cross section.

<sup>23</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12AN looked in 4.0 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with pair production of long-lived gluinos. The hadronization of the gluinos leads to *R*-hadrons which may stop inside the detector and later decay via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow g \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  during gaps between the proton bunches. No significant excess over the expected background is observed. From a counting experiment, a limit at 95% C.L. on the cross section as a function of  $m_{\tilde{g}}$  is derived, see Fig. 3. The mass limit is valid for lifetimes between  $10^{-5}$  and  $10^3$  seconds for what they call "the daughter gluon energy  $E \rightarrow$ " 100 GeV and

and  $10^3$  seconds, for what they call "the daughter gluon energy  $E_g$  >" 100 GeV and assuming the *cloud* interaction model for *R*-hadrons. Supersedes KHACHATRYAN 11.

- <sup>24</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12L looked in 5.0 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with heavy stable particles, identified by their anomalous dE/dx in the tracker or additionally requiring that it be identified as muon in the muon chambers, from pair production of  $\tilde{g}$ 's. No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived for pair production of gluinos as a function of mass (see Fig. 3), depending on the fraction, f, of formation of  $\tilde{g}$ -g (*R*-glueball) states. The quoted limit is for f = 0.1, while for f = 0.5 it degrades to 1046 GeV. In the conservative scenario where every hadronic interaction causes it to become neutral, the limit decreases to 928 GeV for f=0.1. Supersedes KHACHATRYAN 11C.
- <sup>25</sup> AAD 11K looked in 34 pb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with heavy stable particles, identified by their anomalous dE/dx in the tracker or time of flight in the tile calorimeter, from pair production of  $\tilde{g}$ . No evidence for an excess over the SM expectation is observed. Limits are derived for pair production of gluinos as a function of mass (see Fig. 4), for a fraction, f = 10%, of formation of  $\tilde{g} g$  (R-gluonball). If instead of a phase space driven approach for the hadronic scattering of the R-hadrons, a triple-Regge model or a bag-model is used, the limit degrades to 566 and 562 GeV, respectively.
- <sup>26</sup> AAD 11P looked in 37 pb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with heavy stable particles, reconstructed and identified by their time of flight in the Muon System. There is no requirement on their observation in the tracker to increase the sensitivity to cases where gluinos have a large fraction, f, of formation of neutral  $\tilde{g} g$  (R-gluonball). No evidence for an excess over the SM expectation is observed. Limits are derived as a function of mass (see Fig. 4), for f=0.1. For fractions f = 0.5 and 1.0 the limit degrades to 537 and 530 GeV, respectively.
- <sup>27</sup> KHACHATRYAN 11 looked in 10 pb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with pair production of long-lived gluinos. The hadronization of the gluinos leads to R-hadrons which may stop inside the detector and later decay via  $\tilde{g} \rightarrow g \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  during gaps between the proton bunches. No significant excess over the expected background is observed. From a counting experiment, a limit at 95% C.L. on the cross section times branching ratio is derived for  $m_{\tilde{g}}^2 m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 100$  GeV, see their Fig. 2. Assuming 100% branching

ratio, lifetimes between 75 ns and 3  $\times$  10<sup>5</sup> s are excluded for  $m_{\widetilde{g}}$  = 300 GeV. The  $\widetilde{g}$  mass exclusion is obtained with the same assumptions for lifetimes between 10  $\mu s$  and 1000 s, but shows some dependence on the model for R-hadron interactions with matter, illustrated in Fig. 3. From a time-profile analysis, the mass exclusion is 382 GeV for a lifetime of 10  $\mu s$  under the same assumptions as above.

<sup>28</sup> KHACHATRYAN 11C looked in 3.1 pb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV for events with heavy stable particles, identified by their anomalous dE/dx in the tracker or additionally

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NODE=S046LGN;LINKAGE=A2

NODE=S046LGN;LINKAGE=KH

requiring that it be identified as muon in the muon chambers, from pair production of  $\tilde{g}$ . No evidence for an excess over the expected background is observed. Limits are derived for pair production of gluinos as a function of mass (see Fig. 3), depending on the fraction, f, of formation of  $\tilde{g} - g$  (R-gluonball). The quoted limit is for f=0.1, while for f=0.5 it degrades to 357 GeV. In the conservative scenario where every hadronic interaction causes it to become neutral, the limit decreases to 311 GeV for f=0.1.

## Light $\widetilde{G}$ (Gravitino) mass limits from collider experiments

The following are bounds on light (  $\ll$  1 eV) gravitino indirectly inferred from its coupling to matter suppressed by the gravitino decay constant.

Unless otherwise stated, all limits assume that other supersymmetric particles besides the gravitino are too heavy to be produced. The gravitino is assumed to be undetected and to give rise to a missing energy  $(\not\!\!E)$  signature.

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, *et al.* (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics **C38** 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

VALUE (eV)	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	NODE=S046GTN
$\bullet$ $\bullet$ $\bullet$ We do not	use the fo	llowing data for a	verages, fits, l	imits, etc. • • •	
$> 3.5 \times 10^{-4}$	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	15bh ATLS	$\begin{array}{l} jet + \not\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
$> 3 \times 10^{-4}$	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	15вн ATLS	${ m jet}+{ m \not E}_T, \ { m \it p} { m \it p}  ightarrow ({ m \it q}/{ m \it g}) { m \it G}, \ m_{{ m \it q}}=m_{{ m \it g}}=1000 \ { m GeV}$	OCCUR=2
$> 2 \times 10^{-4}$	95	<sup>1</sup> AAD	15bh ATLS	${ m jet}+{ m \not E}_T, \ { m \it p p} ightarrow ({ m \it q}/{ m \it g}){ m \it G}, \ m_{{ m \it q}}=m_{{ m \it g}}=1500 \ { m GeV}$	OCCUR=3
$>$ 1.09 $\times$ 10 <sup>-5</sup>	95	<sup>2</sup> ABDALLAH	05B DLPH	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\tilde{G}}\tilde{G}\gamma$	
> 1.35 $ imes$ 10 <sup>-5</sup>	95	<sup>3</sup> ACHARD	04E L3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \widetilde{G}\widetilde{G}\gamma$	
$> 1.3 \times 10^{-5}$		<sup>4</sup> HEISTER	03c ALEP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \widetilde{G} \widetilde{G} \gamma$	
$>11.7 \times 10^{-6}$	95	<sup>5</sup> ACOSTA		$p \overline{p} \rightarrow \widetilde{G} \widetilde{G} \gamma$	
$>$ 8.7 $\times 10^{-6}$	95	<sup>6</sup> ABBIENDI,G	00D OPAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \widetilde{G} \widetilde{G} \gamma$	
1		1	_		

<sup>1</sup> AAD 15BH searched in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of *pp* collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV for associated production of a light gravitino and a squark or gluino. The squark (gluino) is assumed to decay exclusively to a quark (gluon) and a gravitino. No evidence was found for an excess above the expected level of Standard Model background and 95% C.L. lower limits were set on the gravitino mass as a function of the squark/gluino mass, both in the case of degenerate and non-degenerate squark/gluino masses, see Figs. 14 and 15.

<sup>3</sup>ACHARD 04E use data from  $\sqrt{s} = 189-209$  GeV. They look for events with a single photon +  $\not\!\!\!E$  final states from which a limit on the Gravitino mass is set corresponding to  $\sqrt{F} > 238$  GeV. Supersedes the results of ACCIARRI 99R.

 $^4\,{\rm HEISTER}$  03C use the data from  $\sqrt{s}$  = 189–209 GeV to search for  $\gamma \not\!\!\! E_T$  final states.

<sup>6</sup>ABBIENDI,G 00D searches for  $\gamma \not\!\!\!E$  final states from  $\sqrt{s}$ =189 GeV.

#### Supersymmetry miscellaneous results

Results that do not appear under other headings or that make nonminimal assumptions.

Some earlier papers are now obsolete and have been omitted. They were last listed in our PDG 14 edition: K. Olive, *et al.* (Particle Data Group), Chinese Physics **C38** 070001 (2014) (http://pdg.lbl.gov).

VALUE	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
• • • We do not us	e the follo	wing data for aver	ages, fits, limi	ts, etc. ● ● ●	
		<sup>1</sup> AAD	24AH ATLS	pMSSM search	
		<sup>2</sup> AAD	20c ATLS	habemus MSSM, $m_A- aneta$ plane	-
none 450–1400	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD	20L ATLS	heavy neutral Higgs bosons, hMSSM, $m_A$ -tan $\beta$ plane	
>65	95	<sup>4</sup> AABOUD	16AF ATLS	selected ATLAS searches on EWK sector	
none 0–2	95	<sup>5</sup> AAD	16AG ATLS	dark photon, $\gamma_d$ , in SUSY- and Higgs-portal models	

NODE=S046GTN NODE=S046GTN

NODE=S046GTN;LINKAGE=B

NODE=S046GTN;LINKAGE=AB

NODE=S046GTN;LINKAGE=AH

NODE=S046GTN;LINKAGE=HE

NODE=S046GTN;LINKAGE=AC

NODE=S046GTN;LINKAGE=GU

NODE=S046OTH NODE=S046OTH

#### NODE=S046OTH

none 100–185	95	<sup>6</sup> AAD <sup>7</sup> AALTONEN <sup>8</sup> AAD <sup>9</sup> CHATRCHYA <sup>10</sup> ABAZOV	13P ATLS 12AB CDF 11AA ATLS N11E CMS 10N D0	dark $\gamma$ , hidden val hidden-valley Higg scalar gluons $\mu\mu$ resonances $\gamma_D$ , hidden valley	gs		
of models derived	d from a ion of m	flat-prior scan to pN odels excluded as a	ASSM parame	them and interpret er space. Limits are one or two paramet	in a series e provided	NODE=S046OTH;LINKAGE	=1
<sup>2</sup> AAD 20C uses W W W W, bb Higgs boson pair Constraints in th	a statisti $\gamma \gamma$ , and $V$ rs. The s e habem	cal combination of $WW\gamma\gamma$ to search fsearch uses 36.1 fb	or non-resonar <sup>—1</sup> of <i>pp</i> colli mmetric Stanc	tes $b\overline{b}b\overline{b}$ , $b\overline{b}WW$ and resonant pro- sions data at $\sqrt{s}$ = ard Model in the ( <i>n</i>	duction of = 13 TeV.	NODE=S046OTH;LINKAGE	=G
<sup>3</sup> AAD 20L used 27 Higgs bosons pro of <i>b</i> -quarks. Th excess of events	7.8 fb <sup>—1</sup> oduced in ne data a in the m	of <i>p p</i> collision data association with a are compatible with ass range 450–1400	at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ T t least one <i>b</i> -q h SM expecta ) GeV, see the	eV to search for heauark and decaying i tions, yielding no s r Fig. 11. Exclusion f $m_A$ and tan $\beta$ , see	nto a pair significant n limits at	NODE=S046OTH;LINKAGE	=H
<sup>4</sup> AABOUD 16AF of SUSY particle 20 fb <sup>-1</sup> of pp c focusing on the ATLAS searches	es studyii collisions gaugino- impact	ng resulting constra at $\sqrt{s}=$ 8 TeV. A higgsino and Higgs	aints on dark 1 likelihood-driv 5 sector of the	r the electroweak p natter candidates. en scan of an effect pMSSM is perforn excluding 86% of t	They use ive model ned. The	NODE=S046OTH;LINKAGE	=D
collected with th dark photons in 9 observed and 95 branching ratio portal topologies The results are a	hes for prime ATLAS SUSY-po % CL up for two p s, for $\gamma_d$ also interp	5 detector. Lepton- rtal and Higgs-port per limits are comp prompt lepton-jets mass values betwee	-jets are expect al models. No puted on the p in models prece een 0 and 2 G a 90% CL exclu	$\sigma p p$ collisions at $\sqrt{s}$ ted from decays of significant excess of roduction cross sect dicting 2 or 4 $\gamma_d$ v eV. See their Figs usion region in kine	low-mass f events is tion times via SUSY- 9 and 10.	NODE=S046OTH;LINKAGE	=F
<sup>6</sup> AAD 13P search at least four mu lepton-jets with supersymmetric expectations are branching ratio o	ed in 5 fl ions; pair two or m models. found. 9 of dark pl	p <sup>-1</sup> of <i>pp</i> collision rs of lepton-jets, ea ore electrons. All of No statistically sign 5% C.L. limits are p hotons for several p	s at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ T ach with two of these could b ificant deviational placed on the p parameter sets	eV for single lepton or more muons; and e signatures of Hido ons from the Standa production cross sector of a Hidden Valley	d pairs of den Valley ard Model tion times model.	NODE=S046OTH;LINKAGE	=DA
production of m events may occu produced in asso further decaying of the hidden sec No significant ex	ultiple lo ur in hide ociation v into a d ctor. As t «cess ove	w-energy leptons ir den valley models i vith a $W$ or $Z$ boso ark photon ( $\gamma_D$ ) a the $\gamma_D$ is expected or the SM expectat	a association with which a suppon, with $H \rightarrow$ and the unobse to be light, it ion is observed	$\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV for a vith a $W$ or $Z$ bospersymmetric Higgs $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ pair and wirrvable lightest SUS may decay into a le a and a limit at 95 ymmetric hidden-va	ion. Such boson is th the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ Y particle pton pair. % C.L. is	NODE=S046OTH;LINKAGE	=AA
<sup>8</sup> AAD 11AA looke jets originating f two-jet resonance section times bra to two gluons, th	rom pair es are obs inching ra ne quotec	production of scala served over the SM atio (see Fig. 3). A	ar gluons, each background. L ssuming 100%	7 TeV for events v decaying to two g imits are derived on branching ratio for ept for a 5 GeV mas	luons. No the cross the decay	NODE=S046OTH;LINKAGE	=AD
collimated $\mu$ pair new resonance p	11E look rs (lepton roduction	ic jets) from the de n is found. Limits a	cay of hidden s are derived an	$\sqrt{s} =$ 7 TeV for ex sector states. No ev d compared to vario ecays to dark sector	idence for ous SUSY	NODE=S046OTH;LINKAGE	=C2
<sup>10</sup> ABAZOV 10N Ic hidden valley mo lightest SUSY pa decay into a tigh with $E_T$ and two $e\mu$ or $\mu\mu$ . No sig C.L. on the cross	ooked in dels in w article of ntly collir o isolatec gnificant s section variant m	5.8 fb <sup>-1</sup> of $p\overline{p}$ co hich a $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ decays in the hidden sector. nated lepton pair, of lepton jets observiex excess over the SM times branching ra- ass of the lepton jet	Ilisions at $\sqrt{s}$ to a dark photo As the $\gamma_D$ is called lepton j able by an opp expectation is atio is derived,	= 1.96 TeV for evon, $\gamma_D$ , and the uncertainty expected to be lighted. They searched solution construction observed, and a limit see their Table I. It resonance, see the	ents from observable ht, it may for events n pair <i>ee</i> , hit at 95% They also	NODE=S046OTH;LINKAGE	=AB

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AABOUD	19AU PR D100 012006 19C PL B788 96	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i> M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	19G PR D99 012001	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	19I PR D99 012009	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	19H JHEP 1912 060	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
ABE	19 PL B789 45	K. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(XMASS Collab.)
AJAJ AMOLE	19 PR D100 022004 19 PR D100 022001	R. Ajaj <i>et al.</i> C. Amole <i>et al.</i>	(DEAP-3600 Collab.) (PICO Collab.)
APRILE	19A PRL 122 141301	E. Aprile <i>et al.</i>	(XENON1T Collab.)
DI-MAURO	19 PR D99 123027	M. Di Mauro et al.	,
JOHNSON	19 PR D99 103007	C. Johnson <i>et al.</i>	
	19D PR D99 123519 19AG JHEP 1906 143	S. Li et al.	(CMS Callab )
SIRUNYAN SIRUNYAN	19AG JHEP 1900 145 19AO EPJ C79 305	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i> A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	19AU EPJ C79 444	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	19AW PL B790 140	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	19BH PR D99 032011	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN SIRUNYAN	19BI PR D99 032014 19BJ PR D99 052002	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i> A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	19BJ PK D99 052002 19BT PL B797 134876	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	19BU JHEP 1908 150	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	19CA PR D100 112003	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	19CE PRL 123 241801	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN SIRUNYAN	19CH JHEP 1910 244 19CI JHEP 1911 109	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i> A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	19F PR D99 012010	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	19K JHEP 1901 154	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	19S JHEP 1903 031	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	19U JHEP 1903 101 19A PL B792 193	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
XIA AABOUD	19A PL B792 193 18AQ JHEP 1806 108	J. Xia <i>et al.</i> M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(PandaX-II Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18AR JHEP 1806 107	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18AS JHEP 1806 022	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18AY EPJ C78 154	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD AABOUD	18BB EPJ C78 250 18BJ EPJ C78 625	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i> M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18BT EPJ C78 995	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18BV JHEP 1809 050	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18CF PL B785 136	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18CK PR D98 092002	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD AABOUD	18CM PR D98 092008 18CO PR D98 092012	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i> M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18I JHEP 1801 126	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18P PR D97 032003	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18R PR D97 052010	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18S PR D97 052012	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD AABOUD	18U PR D97 092006 18V PR D97 112001	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i> M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18Y PR D98 032008	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	18Z PR D98 032009	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
ABDALLAH		H. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(H.E.S.S. Collab.)
ADHIKARI AGNES	18 NAT 564 83 18A PR D98 102006	G. Adhikari <i>et al.</i>	(COSINE-100 Collab.)
AGNESE	18A PRL 120 061802	P. Agnes <i>et al.</i> R. Agnese <i>et al.</i>	(DarkSide-50 Collab.) (SuperCDMS Collab.)
AHNEN	18 JCAP 1803 009	M.L. Ahnen <i>et al.</i>	(MAGIC Collab.)
ALBERT	18B JCAP 1806 043	A. Albert et al.	(HAWC Collab.)
ALBERT	18C PR D98 123012	A. Albert <i>et al.</i>	(HAWC Collab.)
AMAUDRUZ APRILE	18 PRL 121 071801 18 PRL 121 111302	P.A. Amaudruz <i>et al.</i> E. Aprile <i>et al.</i>	(DEAP-3600 Collab.) (XENON1T Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18AA PL B780 118	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18AC PL B780 384	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18AD PL B780 432	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18AJ PL B782 440 18AK PL B783 114	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN SIRUNYAN	18AK PL B783 114 18AL JHEP 1802 067	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i> A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18AN JHEP 1803 167	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18AO JHEP 1803 166	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18AP JHEP 1803 160	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS_Collab.)
SIRUNYAN SIRUNYAN	18AR JHEP 1803 076 18AT JHEP 1804 073	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i> A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18AT JHEP 1804 073 18AY JHEP 1805 025	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i> A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18B PL B778 263	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18BR JHEP 1808 016	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18C PR D97 032009	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18D PR D97 012007	A.M. Sirunyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)

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SIRUNYAN	18DN	JHEP 1811 079	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18DP	JHEP 1811 151	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18DV	PR D98 092011	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18DY	PR D98 112014	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18EA	PRL 121 141802	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18M	PRL 120 241801	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18O	PR D97 032007	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	18X	PL B779 166	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
AABOUD	17AF	JHEP 1708 006	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	17AI	JHEP 1709 088 JHEP 1709 084 JHEP 1908 121 (errat.) PR D96 112010 JHEP 1712 085 JHEP 1712 085 JHEP 1712 034 EPJ C77 898 EPJ C77 144 EPJ C77 224 EPJ C77 82 EPJ C77 146 EPJ C77 214 (errat.) EPJ C77 627 PRL 118 251301 PRL 119 181301 PRL 119 181301	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	17AJ	JHEP 1709 084	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
Also		JHEP 1908 121 (errat.)	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	17AR	PR D96 112010	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	17AX	JHEP 1711 195	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	17AY	JHEP 1712 085	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	17AZ	JHEP 1712 034	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	17BE	EPJ C77 898	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	17N	EPJ C77 144	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAIJ	17Z	EPJ C77 224	R. Aaii et al.	(LHCb Collab.)
AARTSEN AARTSEN	17	EPJ C77 82	M.G. Åartsen <i>et al.</i>	(IceCube Collab.)
AARTSEN	17A	EPJ C77 146	M.G. Aartsen <i>et al.</i>	(IceCube Collab.)
		EP.J C79 214 (errat.)	M.G. Aartsen et al.	(IceCube Collab.)
AARTSEN	17C	EP.I C77 627	M.G. Aartsen et al.	(IceCube Collab.)
AKERIB	17	PRI 118 021303	DS Akerib et al	(LUX Collab.)
AARTSEN AKERIB AKERIB AMOLE	17A	PRL 118 251302	D.S. Akerib et al.	(LUX Collab.)
AMOLE	17	PRL 118 251301	C. Amole et al.	(PICO Collab.)
APRILE	17G	PRL 119 181301	E. Aprile et al.	(XENON Collab.)
		PR D95 082001	S. Archambault <i>et al.</i>	(VERITAS Collab.)
ATHRON	17B	EPJ C77 824	P. Athron <i>et al.</i>	(GAMBIT Collab.)
BATTAT	17	ASP 91 65	J.B.R. Battat <i>et al</i>	(DRIFT-IId Collab.)
BEHNKE	17	ASP 90 85	E. Behnke et al.	(PICASSO Collab.)
CUI	17A	EPJ C77 898 EPJ C77 144 EPJ C77 224 EPJ C77 224 EPJ C77 224 EPJ C77 224 EPJ C77 627 PRL 118 021303 PRL 118 251301 PRL 118 251301 PRL 119 181301 PR D95 082001 EPJ C77 824 ASP 91 65 ASP 90 85 PRL 119 181302 PRL 118 071301 PRL 120 049902 (errat.) PR D95 012003 PRL 118 021802 PR D96 012004 PR D95 012004 PR D95 012001 EPJ C77 635 JHEP 1704 018 EPJ C77 294 PL B767 403 PL B769 391 PL B769 391	X. Cui et al.	(PandaX-II Collab.)
FU	17	PRL 118 071301	C. Fu et al	(PandaX-II Collab.)
Also	-'	PRL 120 049902 (errot )	C. Fu et al	(PandaX-II Collab.)
KHACHATRY.	17	PR D95 012003	V Khachatryan et al	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY.	17A	PRI 118 021802	V Khachatryan <i>et al</i>	(CMS Collab.)
	17AD	PR D96 012004	V Khachatryan <i>et al</i>	(CMS Collab.)
	17AR	PR D95 012009	V Khachatryan et al	(CMS Collab.)
	1745	PR D95 012005	V Khachatryan et al	(CMS Collab.)
	174\/	EPJ C77 635	V Khachatryan et al	(CMS Collab.)
	171	IHEP 1704 018	V Khachatryan et al	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	17P	JHEP 1704 018 EPJ C77 294	V Khachatryan et al	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY.	175	PI B767 403	V Khachatryan <i>et al</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY.	17V	PL B769 391	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
	17V	PL B770 257	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
SIRLINVAN	174F	PRI 110 151802	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	1745	IHEP 1710 019	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	17AT	PL B770 257 PRL 119 151802 JHEP 1710 019 JHEP 1710 005 JHEP 1711 029 JHEP 1711 029 JHEP 1712 142 EPJ C77 710 EPJ C77 327 PR D96 032003 EPJ C77 578 EPJ C76 683 JHEP 1609 175 PL B760 647 PR D94 032005 PR D94 052009 EPJ C75 517	A M Cirupian at al	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	174\/	IHEP 1711 029	A.M. Sirunyan et al. A.M. Sirunyan et al. M. Aaboud et al.	(CMS Collab.)
SIRLINVAN	17AV	IHEP 1712 142	A M Sirunyan et al	(CMS Collab.)
SIRUNYAN	1741	EDI C77 710	A.W. Sirunyan et al.	
SIRUNYAN	1742	EPJ C77 327	A.W. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
SIRLINVAN	17P	PR D06 032003	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
	175	EDI C77 578	A.M. Sirunyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
	1610	ED 1 C76 692	A.W. Shunyan et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
	16AE	ILED 1600 175	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
	16R	DI B760 647	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
	160	DP D03 112015	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
	16D	PR D04 032005	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
	161	PR D04 052000	M. Aaboud et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD	16M	EPJ C76 517	M. Aaboud et al.	
				(ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD AABOUD	16N 16P	EPJ C76 392 EPJ C76 541	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i> M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
AABOUD		EPJ C76 547	M. Aaboud <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		PR D93 052002	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		PR D94 032003	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		JHEP 1602 062	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		JHEP 1602 062	G. Aad <i>et al.</i> G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		EPJ C76 81	G. Aad <i>et al.</i> G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		EPJ C76 81 EPJ C76 259	G. Aad <i>et al.</i> G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		EPJ C76 259 EPJ C76 565	G. Aad <i>et al.</i> G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	16V		G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AARTSEN	16V		M.G. Aartsen <i>et al.</i>	(IceCube Collab.)
ADRIAN-MAR		PL B759 69	S. Adrian-Martinez et a	
			M.L. Ahnen <i>et al.</i>	(MAGIC and Fermi-LAT Collab.)
AKERIB	16	PRL 116 161301	D.S. Akerib <i>et al.</i>	(IMAGIC and Fermi-LAT Collab.) (LUX Collab.)
AKERIB	16A	JCAP 1602 039 PRL 116 161301 PRL 116 161302	D.S. Akerib et al.	(LUX Collab.)
AMOLE	16A	PR D93 052014	C. Amole <i>et al.</i>	(PICO Collab.)
APRILE		PR D93 052014 PR D94 122001	E. Aprile <i>et al.</i>	(XENON100 Collab.)
AVRORIN	10D 16	ASP 81 12	A.D. Avrorin <i>et al.</i>	(BAIKAL Collab.)
BECHTLE	16 16	EPJ C76 96	A.D. Avrorin <i>et al.</i> P. Bechtle <i>et al.</i>	(BAINAL COUDD.)
CIRELLI	16	JCAP 1607 041	M. Cirelli, M. Taoso	(LPNHE, MADE)
		PL B759 479	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
		PL B759 479 PL B760 178	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
		PR D93 092009	V. Knachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
		JHEP 1607 027	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY	164	JHEP 1607 027 JHEP 1608 122	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
		EPJ C76 317		(CMS Collab.)
		EPJ C76 317 EPJ C76 439	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
		EPJ C76 459 EPJ C76 460		
		JHEP 1610 006	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
	. 10D3	JHEP 1610 006 JHEP 1610 129	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
		/ PR D94 112004	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
		PR D94 112004 PR D94 112009	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
		JHEP 1612 013		(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY.			V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	
KHVUDVIDA			V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY.	16V	PL B758 152	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY. KHACHATRY.	16V	PL B758 152		

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DEEI	D_57/72
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DEEL	D = 57382
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LEITE	16	JCAP 1611 021	N. Leite <i>et al.</i>	
AAD		PR D92 012010	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		JHEP 1501 068	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		JHEP 1504 116	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		EPJ C75 208	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD Also	TODG	EPJ C75 318 EPJ C75 463	G. Aad <i>et al.</i> G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15RH	EPJ C75 403 EPJ C75 299	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
Also	1301	EPJ C75 299 EPJ C75 408 (errat.)	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15BM	EPJ C75 408 (erral.) EPJ C75 407	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		JHEP 1510 054	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		JHEP 1510 134	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		PR D92 072001	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		PR D92 072004	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		EPJ C75 510	G. Aad	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		PR D91 012008	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
Also	1000	PR D92 059903 (errat.)		(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15J	PRL 114 142001	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15K	PRL 114 161801	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	150	PRL 115 031801	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	15X	PR D91 112016	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAIJ		EPJ C75 595	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
AARTSEN	15E	EPJ C75 492	M.G. Aartsen et al.	(IceCube Collab.)
ACKERMANN	15	PR D91 122002	M. Ackermann et al.	(Fermi-LAT Collab.)
ACKERMANN		JCAP 1509 008	M. Ackermann et al.	(Fermi-LAT Collab.)
ACKERMANN		PRL 115 231301	M. Ackermann et al.	(Fermi-LAT Collab.)
AGNES	15	PL B743 456	P. Agnes <i>et al.</i>	(DarkSide-50 Collab.)
AGNESE	15B	PR D92 072003	R. Agnese et al.	(SuperCDMS Collab.)
BAGNASCHI		EPJ C75 500	E.A. Bagnaschi <i>et al.</i>	
BUCKLEY	15	PR D91 102001	M.R. Buckley et al.	
CHOI	15	PRL 114 141301	K. Choi <i>et al.</i>	(Super-Kamiokande Collab.)
		JHEP 1501 096	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
		JHEP 1504 124	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
		JHEP 1505 078	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
		JHEP 1506 116	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY KHACHATRY			V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY.			V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
		PR D92 072006	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY.			V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i> V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY.		PL B745 5	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY		PL B747 98	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY		PL B748 255	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
		PR D91 052012	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY			V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
	15	PL B750 247	K. Rolbiecki, J. Tattersall	(MADE, HEID)
AAD		JHEP 1409 176	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14AG	JHEP 1409 103	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		JHEP 1409 015	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14AV	JHEP 1410 096	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14AX	JHEP 1410 024	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14B	EPJ C74 2883	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		JHEP 1411 118	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		PR D90 112005	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14E	JHEP 1406 035	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14F	JHEP 1406 124	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14G	JHEP 1405 071	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14H	JHEP 1404 169	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	14K 14T	PR D90 012004	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD AAD	14 I 14X	PR D90 052008 PR D90 052001	G. Aad <i>et al.</i> G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
	14A 14			(ATLAS Collab.)
AALI ONEN ACKERMANN		PR D90 012011 PR D89 042001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AKERIB	14	PRL 112 091303	M. Ackermann <i>et al.</i> D.S. Akerib <i>et al.</i>	(Fermi-LAT Collab.) (LUX Collab.)
ALEKSIC	14	JCAP 1402 008	J. Aleksic <i>et al.</i>	(MAGIC Collab.)
AVRORIN	14	ASP 62 12	A.D. Avrorin <i>et al.</i>	(BAIKAL Collab.)
BUCHMUEL		EPJ C74 2809	O. Buchmueller <i>et al.</i>	
BUCHMUEL		EPJ C74 2922	O. Buchmueller et al.	
		PR D90 112001	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN		JHEP 1401 163	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	141	JHEP 1406 055	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	14N	PL B733 328	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN	14P	PL B730 193	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN		PR D90 032006	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
CHATRCHYAN		PRL 112 161802	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
	14	PRL 113 201803	M. Czakon <i>et al.</i>	(AACH, CAMB, UCB, LBL+)
	14	PR D89 072013	M. Felizardo <i>et al.</i>	(SIMPLE Collab.)
KHACHATRY		PL B736 371	V. Khachatryan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY.		EPJ C74 3036	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY.		PR D90 092007	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
KHACHATRY.		PL B739 229	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
PDG ROSZKOWSKI	14 14	CP C38 070001	K. Olive <i>et al.</i> I. Roszkowski, F.M. Sesso	(PDG Collab.)
AAD	14 13	JHEP 1408 067 PL B718 841	L. Roszkowski, E.M. Sesso G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	lo, A.J. Williams (WINR) (ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		PL B720 277	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		PL B723 15	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD			G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD			G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD		PL B718 879	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	13B			
AAD	13B 13BC	PR D88 112003	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
	13BC	PR D88 112003 PR D88 112006	G. Aad <i>et al.</i> G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
AAD	13BC	PR D88 112006		
	13BC 13BD	PR D88 112006 JHEP 1301 131 PR D87 012008	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)
AAD AAD AAD	13BC 13BD 13H 13L 13P	PR D88 112006 JHEP 1301 131 PR D87 012008 PL B719 299	G. Aad <i>et al.</i> G. Aad <i>et al.</i> G. Aad <i>et al.</i> G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
AAD AAD AAD AAD	13BC 13BD 13H 13L 13P 13Q	PR D88 112006 JHEP 1301 131 PR D87 012008 PL B719 299 PL B719 261	<ul> <li>G. Aad et al.</li> </ul>	(ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.)
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AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AAD AALTONEN	13BC 13BD 13H 13L 13P 13Q 13R 13I	PR D88 112006 JHEP 1301 131 PR D87 012008 PL B719 299 PL B719 261 PL B719 280 PR D88 031103	G. Aad et al. G. Aad et al. T. Aaltonen et al.	(ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (ATLAS Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
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REEL	$D=56335 \\ D=55687 \\ D=56413 \\ D=54788 \\ D=56788 \\ D=56$
REFI RFFI	D=54967 D=55080
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REFI	$D = 54908 \\ D = 54930 \\ D = 54934 \\ D = 54935 \\ D = 54936$
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ABAZOV	13B	PR D87 052011	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)	REFID=55130
ACKERMANN	13A	PR D88 082002	M. Ackermann <i>et al.</i>	(Fermi-LAT Collab.)	REFID=55466
ADRIAN-MAR1	13	JCAP 1311 032	S. Adrian-Martinez et al.	(ANTARES Collab.)	REFID=55597
	13	PR D88 031104	R. Agnese <i>et al.</i>	(CDMS Collab.)	REFID=55174
	13A				REFID=55615
		PRL 111 251301	R. Agnese <i>et al.</i>	(CDMS Collab.)	
	13	PRL 111 021301	E. Aprile <i>et al.</i>	(XENON100 Collab.)	REFID=55218
BERGSTROM 1	13	PRL 111 171101	L. Bergstrom <i>et al.</i>		REFID=55469
BOLIEV	13	JCAP 1309 019	M. Boliev et al.		REFID=55514
CABRERA 1	13	JHEP 1307 182	M. Cabrera, J. Casas, R. de Austri		REFID=55046
	13	JHEP 1310 132	L. Calibbi <i>et al.</i>		REFID=60246
				(CMC Cullul )	
CHATRCHYAN 1		PL B718 815	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=54769
CHAIRCHYAN 1	13AB	JHEP 1307 122	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=55042
Also		JHEP 2211 149 (errat.)	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=61972
CHATRCHYAN 1	13AH		S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=55075
		PR D87 072001		(CMS Collab.)	REFID=55138
			S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>		
		PR D88 052017	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=55194
CHATRCHYAN 1	13AV	PRL 111 081802	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=55222
CHATRCHYAN 1	13G	JHEP 1301 077	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=54896
CHATRCHYAN 1	13H	PL B719 42	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=54940
CHATRCHYAN 1		EPJ C73 2568	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=55016
CHATRCHYAN 1	130	JHEP 1303 037	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=55027
Also		JHEP 1307 041 (errat.)	S. Chatrchyan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=55039
CHATRCHYAN 1	13W	JHEP 1303 111	S. Chatrchyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)	REFID=55028
ELLIS 1	13B	EPJ C73 2403	J. Ellis <i>et al.</i>	· · · · ·	REFID=55672
	13	JCAP 1311 026	HB. Jin, YL. Wu, YF. Zhou		REFID=55596
	13	PR D88 076013			REFID=55552
			J. Kopp		
	13	JCAP 1304 013	C. Strege <i>et al.</i>		REFID=55663
		PL B714 180	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54195
AAD 1	12AG	PL B714 197	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54196
		PRL 108 181802	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54223
		PRL 108 261804	G. Aad et al.	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54228
	⊥∠AX	PR D85 012006	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54353
Also		PR D87 099903 (errat.)		(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=55154
AAD 1	12BJ	EPJ C72 1993	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54521
		PR D86 092002	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54698
		EPJ C72 2215	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54720
		PL B718 411	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54725
		JHEP 1212 124	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54783
AAD 1	12P	EPJ C72 1965	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54132
AAD 1	12R	PL B707 478	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54150
	12T	PL B709 137	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54154
		PL B710 67	G. Aad <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)	REFID=54157
		PR D85 092001	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)	REFID=54367
ABAZOV 1	12AD	PR D86 071701	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)	REFID=54606
AKIMOV	12	PL B709 14	D.Yu. Akimov et al.	(ZEPLIN-III Collab.)	REFID=54153
	12	PR D85 075001	S. Akula <i>et al.</i>	(NEAS, MICH)	REFID=54983
	12	EPJ C72 1971	G. Angloher <i>et al.</i>	(CRESST-II Collab.)	REFID=54137
	12	PRL 109 181301	E. Aprile <i>et al.</i>	(XENON100 Collab.)	REFID=54616
	12A	PL B708 162	A. Arbey <i>et al.</i>		REFID=54982
ARCHAMBAU1	12	PL B711 153	C Archambault at al		REFID=54166
ARCHAWDAU			S. Archambault <i>et al.</i>	(PICASSO Collab.)	
BAER	12	JHEP 1205 091	H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev	(PICASSO Collab.) (OKLA, WISC+)	REFID=54977
BAER I BALAZS I	12 12	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563	H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev C. Balazs <i>et al.</i>		REFID=54977 REFID=55665
BAER I BALAZS I BECHTLE I	12 12 12	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098	<ul><li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li><li>C. Balazs <i>et al.</i></li><li>P. Bechtle <i>et al.</i></li></ul>	(OKLA, WISC+)	REFID=54977 REFID=55665 REFID=54577
BAER BALAZS BECHTLE BEHNKE	12 12	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098 PR D86 052001	<ul> <li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li> <li>C. Balazs <i>et al.</i></li> <li>P. Bechtle <i>et al.</i></li> <li>E. Behnke <i>et al.</i></li> </ul>	(OKLA, WISC+)	REFID=54977 REFID=55665 REFID=54577 REFID=54610
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BAER BALAZS BECHTLE BEHNKE Also	12 12 12	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098 PR D86 052001	<ul> <li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li> <li>C. Balazs <i>et al.</i></li> <li>P. Bechtle <i>et al.</i></li> <li>E. Behnke <i>et al.</i></li> <li>E. Behnke <i>et al.</i></li> </ul>	(OKLA, WISC+) (COUPP Collab.) (COUPP Collab.)	REFID=54977 REFID=55665 REFID=54577 REFID=54610
BAER BALAZS BECHTLE BEHNKE Also BESKIDT D	12 12 12 12 12	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098 PR D86 052001 PR D90 079902 (errat.) EPJ C72 2166	<ul> <li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li> <li>C. Balazs <i>et al.</i></li> <li>P. Bechtle <i>et al.</i></li> <li>E. Behnke <i>et al.</i></li> <li>C. Beskidt <i>et al.</i></li> </ul>	(OKLA, WISC+) (COUPP Collab.) (COUPP Collab.) (KARLE, JINR, ITEP)	REFID=54977 REFID=55665 REFID=54577 REFID=54610 REFID=56151 REFID=54678
BAER BALAZS BECHTLE BEHNKE Also BESKIDT BOTTINO	12 12 12 12 12 12 12	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098 PR D86 052001 PR D90 079902 (errat.) EPJ C72 2166 PR D85 095013	<ul> <li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li> <li>C. Balazs <i>et al.</i></li> <li>P. Bechtle <i>et al.</i></li> <li>E. Behnke <i>et al.</i></li> <li>C. Beskidt <i>et al.</i></li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S. Scopel</li> </ul>	(OKLA, WISC+) (COUPP Collab.) (COUPP Collab.) (KARLE, JINR, ITEP)	REFID=54977 REFID=55665 REFID=54577 REFID=54610 REFID=56151 REFID=54678 REFID=54988
BAER BALAZS BECHTLE BEHNKE Also BESKIDT BOTTINO BUCHMUEL	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098 PR D86 052001 PR D90 079902 (errat.) EPJ C72 2166 PR D85 095013 EPJ C72 2020	<ul> <li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li> <li>C. Balazs et al.</li> <li>P. Bechtle et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>C. Beskidt et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S. Scopel</li> <li>O. Buchmueller et al.</li> </ul>	(OKLA, WISC+) (COUPP Collab.) (COUPP Collab.) (KARLE, JINR, ITEP)	REFID=54977 REFID=55665 REFID=54577 REFID=54610 REFID=54678 REFID=54978 REFID=54978
BAER BALAZS BECHTLE BEHNKE BEHNKE BESKIDT BOTTINO BUCHMUEL CAO	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12A	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098 PR D86 052001 PR D90 079902 (errat.) EPJ C72 2166 PR D85 095013 EPJ C72 2020 PL B710 665	<ul> <li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li> <li>C. Balazs et al.</li> <li>P. Bechtle et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>C. Beskidt et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S. Scopel</li> <li>O. Buchmueller et al.</li> <li>J. Cao et al.</li> </ul>	(OKLA, WISC+) (COUPP Collab.) (COUPP Collab.) (KARLE, JINR, ITEP) (TORI, SOGA)	REFID=54977 REFID=55665 REFID=54577 REFID=54610 REFID=54678 REFID=54678 REFID=54978 REFID=54978 REFID=54542
BAER BALAZS BECHTLE BEHNKE Also BESKIDT BOTTINO BUCHMUEL	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12A	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098 PR D86 052001 PR D90 079902 (errat.) EPJ C72 2166 PR D85 095013 EPJ C72 2020	<ul> <li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li> <li>C. Balazs et al.</li> <li>P. Bechtle et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>C. Beskidt et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S. Scopel</li> <li>O. Buchmueller et al.</li> </ul>	(OKLA, WISC+) (COUPP Collab.) (COUPP Collab.) (KARLE, JINR, ITEP)	REFID=54977 REFID=55665 REFID=54577 REFID=54610 REFID=54678 REFID=54978 REFID=54978
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BAER BALAZS BECHTLE BEHNKE BESKIDT BOTTINO BUCHMUEL CAO CHATRCHYAN	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12A 12 12AE	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098 PR D86 052001 PR D90 079902 (errat.) EPJ C72 2166 PR D85 095013 EPJ C72 2020 PL B710 665 PR D85 012004 PRL 109 171803	<ul> <li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li> <li>C. Balazs et al.</li> <li>P. Bechtle et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>C. Beskidt et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S. Scopel</li> <li>O. Buchmueller et al.</li> <li>J. Chao et al.</li> <li>S. Chatrchyan et al.</li> <li>S. Chatrchyan et al.</li> </ul>	(OKLA, WISC+) (COUPP Collab.) (COUPP Collab.) (KARLE, JINR, ITEP) (TORI, SOGA) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)	REFID=54977 REFID=55665 REFID=54577 REFID=54610 REFID=54610 REFID=54678 REFID=54978 REFID=54978 REFID=54542 REFID=53990 REFID=54617
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BAER BALAZS BECHTLE BEHNKE Also BESKIDT BOTTINO BUCHMUEL CAO CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 AE 12 AI 12 AL	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098 PR D86 052001 PR D90 079902 (errat.) EPJ C72 2166 PR D85 095013 EPJ C72 2020 PL B710 665 PR D85 012004 PRL 109 171803 JHEP 1208 110 JHEP 1206 169	<ul> <li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li> <li>C. Balazs et al.</li> <li>P. Bechtle et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>C. Beskidt et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S. Scopel</li> <li>O. Buchmueller et al.</li> <li>J. Cao et al.</li> <li>S. Chatrchyan et al.</li> <li>S. Chatrchyan et al.</li> <li>S. Chatrchyan et al.</li> <li>S. Chatrchyan et al.</li> </ul>	(OKLA, WISC+) (COUPP Collab.) (COUPP Collab.) (KARLE, JINR, ITEP) (TORI, SOGA) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)	REFID=55665 REFID=55665 REFID=54577 REFID=54610 REFID=54678 REFID=54678 REFID=54978 REFID=54542 REFID=54617 REFID=54617 REFID=54560 REFID=54569
BAER BALAZS BECHTLE BEHNKE BESKIDT BOTTINO BUCHMUEL CAO CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 AL 12 AL 12 AN	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098 PR D86 052001 PR D90 079902 (errat.) EPJ C72 2166 PR D85 095013 EPJ C72 2020 PL B710 665 PR D85 012004 PRL 109 171803 JHEP 1208 110 JHEP 1208 026	<ul> <li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li> <li>C. Balazs et al.</li> <li>P. Bechtle et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>C. Beskidt et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S. Scopel</li> <li>O. Buchmueller et al.</li> <li>J. Cao et al.</li> <li>S. Chatrchyan et al.</li> </ul>	(OKLA, WISC+) (COUPP Collab.) (COUPP Collab.) (KARLE, JINR, ITEP) (TORI, SOGA) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)	REFID=54977 REFID=54577 REFID=54510 REFID=54610 REFID=54618 REFID=54978 REFID=54978 REFID=54978 REFID=54542 REFID=545617 REFID=54569 REFID=54569 REFID=54570
BAER BALAZS BECHTLE BEHNKE BESKIDT BOTTINO BUCHMUEL CAO CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN CHATRCHYAN	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	JHEP 1205 091 EPJ C73 2563 JHEP 1206 098 PR D86 052001 PR D90 079902 (errat.) EPJ C72 2166 PR D85 095013 EPJ C72 2020 PL B710 665 PR D85 012004 PRL 109 171803 JHEP 1208 110 JHEP 1208 169 JHEP 1208 026 JHEP 1210 018	<ul> <li>H. Baer, V. Barger, A. Mustafayev</li> <li>C. Balazs et al.</li> <li>P. Bechtle et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>E. Behnke et al.</li> <li>E. Beskidt et al.</li> <li>C. Beskidt et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S. Scopel</li> <li>O. Buchmueller et al.</li> <li>J. Cao et al.</li> <li>S. Chatrchyan et al.</li> </ul>	(OKLA, WISC+) (COUPP Collab.) (COUPP Collab.) (KARLE, JINR, ITEP) (TORI, SOGA) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.) (CMS Collab.)	REFID=54977 REFID=55665 REFID=54610 REFID=54610 REFID=54678 REFID=54678 REFID=54978 REFID=54542 REFID=54542 REFID=54560 REFID=54560 REFID=54560 REFID=54560 REFID=54570 REFID=54623
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REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI	$D=54111 \\ D=16349 \\ D=16353 \\ D=16355 \\ D=53846 \\ D=53577 \\ D=16343 \\ D=16344 \\ D=16444 \\ D=16$
REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI	$\begin{array}{l} D{=}54111\\ D{=}16349\\ D{=}16353\\ D{=}16355\\ D{=}53846\\ D{=}53577\\ D{=}16343\\ D{=}54105\\ D{=}53188 \end{array}$
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AALTONEN	10Z	PRL 105 191801	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	10L	PL B693 95	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	10M	PRL 105 191802	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	10N	PRL 105 211802	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABAZOV	10P	PRL 105 221802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ACKERMANN	10	JCAP 1005 025	M. Ackermann	(Fermi-LAT Collab.)
ARMENGAUD	10	PL B687 294	E. Armengaud et al.	(EDELWEISS-II Collab.)
ELLIS	10	EPJ C69 201	J. Ellis, A. Mustafayev, K. (	
ABAZOV	09M	PRL 102 161802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
AHMED	09	PRL 102 011301	Z. Ahmed <i>et al.</i>	(CDMS Collab.)
ANGLOHER	09	ASP 31 270	G. Angloher <i>et al.</i>	(CRESST Collab.)
BUCHMUEL	09	EPJ C64 391	O. Buchmueller <i>et al.</i>	(LOIC, FNAL, CERN+)
DREINER	09	EPJ C62 547	H. Dreiner <i>et al.</i>	(2010, 110.2, 02.01)
LEBEDENKO	09	PR D80 052010	V.N. Lebedenko <i>et al.</i>	(ZEPLIN-III Collab.)
LEBEDENKO	09A	PRL 103 151302	V.N. Lebedenko <i>et al.</i>	(ZEPLIN-III Collab.)
SORENSEN	09	NIM A601 339	P. Sorensen <i>et al.</i>	(XENON10 Collab.)
ABAZOV	08F	PL B659 856	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
ANGLE	08	PRL 100 021303	J. Angle <i>et al.</i>	(XENON10 Collab.)
ANGLE	08A	PRL 101 091301	J. Angle <i>et al.</i>	(XENON10 Collab.)
BEDNYAKOV	08			Kleingrothaus, I.V. Krivosheina
DEDITION	00	Translated from YAF 71		in anglotinaus, internationalia
BEHNKE	08	SCI 319 933	E. Behnke	(COUPP Collab.)
BENETTI	08	ASP 28 495	P. Benetti <i>et al.</i>	(WARP Collab.)
BUCHMUEL	08	JHEP 0809 117	O. Buchmueller et al.	, ,
ELLIS	08	PR D78 075012	J. Ellis, K. Olive, P. Sandick	(CERN, MINN)
ABULENCIA	07H	PRL 98 131804	A. Abulencia et al.	(CDF Collab.)
ALNER	07A	ASP 28 287	G.J. Alner <i>et al.</i>	(ZEPLIN-II Collab.)
CALIBBI	07	JHEP 0709 081	L. Calibbi <i>et al.</i>	( )
ELLIS	07	JHEP 0706 079	J. Ellis, K. Olive, P. Sandick	(CERN, MINN)
LEE	07A	PRL 99 091301	H.S. Lee et al.	(KIMS Collab.)
ABBIENDI	06B	EPJ C46 307	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ACHTERBERG	06	ASP 26 129	A. Achterberg et al.	(AMANDA Collab.)
ACKERMANN	06	ASP 24 459	M. Ackermann et al.	(AMANDA Collab.)
AKERIB	06	PR D73 011102	D.S. Akerib et al.	CDMS Collab.)
AKERIB	06A	PRL 96 011302	D.S. Akerib <i>et al.</i>	(CDMS Collab.)
ALLANACH	06	PR D73 015013	B.C. Allanach et al.	(******)
BENOIT	06	PL B637 156	A. Benoit et al.	
DE-AUSTRI	06	JHEP 0605 002	R.R. de Austri, R. Trotta, L	Roszkowski
DEBOER	06	PL B636 13	W. de Boer et al.	
LEP-SLC	06	PRPL 427 257	ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, OPAL	SLD and working groups
SHIMIZU	06A	PL B633 195	Y. Shimizu et al.	,
SMITH	06	PL B642 567	N.J.T. Smith, A.S. Murphy,	T.J. Summer
ABAZOV	05A	PRL 94 041801	V.M. Abazov et al.	(D0 Collab.)
ABDALLAH	05B	EPJ C38 395	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
AKERIB	05	PR D72 052009	D.S. Akerib <i>et al.</i>	(CDMS Collab.)
ALNER	05	PL B616 17	G.J. Alner <i>et al.</i>	(UK Dark Matter Collab.)
ALNER	05A	ASP 23 444	G.J. Alner <i>et al.</i>	(UK Dark Matter Collab.)
BAER	05	JHEP 0507 065	H. Baer <i>et al.</i>	(FSU, MSU, HAWA)
BARNABE-HE.		PL B624 186	M. Barnabe-Heider <i>et al.</i>	(PICASSO Collab.)
ELLIS	05	PR D71 095007	J. Ellis <i>et al.</i>	()
SANGLARD	05	PR D71 122002	V. Sanglard et al.	(EDELWEISS Collab.)
ABBIENDI	04	EPJ C32 453	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	04F	EPJ C33 149	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	04H	EPJ C35 1	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABBIENDI	04N	PL B602 167	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04H	EPJ C34 145	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ABDALLAH	04M	EPJ C36 1	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
Also		EPJ C37 129 (errat.)	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACHARD	04	PL B580 37	P. Achard et al.	(L3 Collab.)
ACHARD	04E	PL B587 16	P. Achard et al.	(L3 Collab.)
AKERIB	04	PRL 93 211301	D.S. Akerib et al.	(CDMS II Collab.)
BALTZ	04	JHEP 0410 052	E. Baltz, P. Gondolo	(
BELANGER	04	JHEP 0403 012	G. Belanger et al.	
BOTTINO	04	PR D69 037302	A. Bottino et al.	
DESAI	04	PR D70 083523	S. Desai <i>et al.</i>	(Super-Kamiokande Collab.)
ELLIS	04	PR D69 015005	J. Ellis <i>et al.</i>	
ELLIS	04B	PR D70 055005	J. Ellis <i>et al.</i>	
HEISTER	04	PL B583 247	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
PIERCE	04A	PR D70 075006	A. Pierce	, ,
ABBIENDI	03L	PL B572 8	G. Abbiendi et al.	(OPAL Collab.)
ABDALLAH	03M	EPJ C31 421	J. Abdallah <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.)
AHMED	03	ASP 19 691	B. Ahmed et al.	(UK Dark Matter Collab.)
AKERIB	03	PR D68 082002	D.S. Akerib et al.	(CDMS Collab.)
BAER	03	JCAP 0305 006		
DALN			H. Baer, C. Balazs	
BAER	03A	JCAP 0309 007	H. Baer, C. Balazs H. Baer <i>et al.</i>	
BAER	03A	JCAP 0309 007	H. Baer et al.	Scopel
BAER BOTTINO BOTTINO CHATTOPAD	03A 03 03A 03	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005	<ul> <li>H. Baer <i>et al.</i></li> <li>A. Bottino <i>et al.</i></li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath
BAER BOTTINO BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS	03A 03 03A	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395	<ul> <li>H. Baer <i>et al.</i></li> <li>A. Bottino <i>et al.</i></li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Sant.</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath
BAER BOTTINO BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS	03A 03 03A 03 03 03 03B	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Sante</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath
BAER BOTTINO BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS	03A 03 03A 03 03 03 03B 03C	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Santi</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath
BAER BOTTINO BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS	03A 03 03A 03 03 03B 03C 03D	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B573 162	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Sant</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath
BAER BOTTINO BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS	03A 03 03A 03 03 03B 03C 03D 03E	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B573 162 PR D67 123502	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Sant</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso
BAER BOTTINO BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER	03A 03 03A 03 03B 03B 03C 03D 03E 03C	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B573 162 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Sante</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.)
BAER BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER HEISTER	03A 03 03A 03 03 03B 03C 03D 03E 03C 03G	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B565 176 PL B573 162 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C31 1	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Santi</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.)
BAER BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER HEISTER KLAPDOR-K	03A 03 03A 03 03B 03C 03D 03E 03C 03G 03	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B573 162 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C21 1 ASP 18 525	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Santu</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>H.V. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus of</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.)
BAER BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER HEISTER KLAPPOOR-K LAHANAS	03A 03 03A 03 03B 03C 03D 03C 03C 03G 03 03 03	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B573 162 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C31 1 ASP 18 525 PL B568 55	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Sant</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>H.V. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus of</li> <li>A. Lahanas, D. Nanopoulos</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.)
BAER BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER HEISTER KLAPDOR-K LAHANAS TAKEDA	03A 03 03A 03 03B 03C 03D 03C 03C 03G 03 03 03 03 03	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B573 162 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C31 1 ASP 18 525 PL B568 55 PL B568 55 PL B572 145	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Sant</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>H.V. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus et A. Lahanas, D. Nanopoulos</li> <li>A. Takeda et al.</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) et al.
BAER BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER HEISTER KLAPDOR-K LAHANAS	03A 03 03A 03 03B 03C 03D 03C 03C 03G 03 03 03 03 03 02	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B565 176 PL B573 162 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C31 1 ASP 18 525 PL B568 55 PL B572 145 PR D66 122003	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Santi</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>H.V. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus et A. Takeda et al.</li> <li>D. Abrams et al.</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) et al. (CDMS Collab.)
BAER BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER HEISTER KLAPDOR-K LAHANAS TAKEDA ABRAMS ACOSTA	03A 03 03A 03 03B 03C 03D 03C 03C 03G 03 03 03 03 03 02 02H	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C28 1 ASP 18 525 PL B568 55 PL B572 145 PR D66 122003 PRL 89 281801	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Sante</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>H.V. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus of</li> <li>A. Lahanas, D. Nanopoulos</li> <li>A. Takeda et al.</li> <li>D. Akosta et al.</li> <li>D. Acosta et al.</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) et al. (CDMS Collab.) (CDF Collab.)
BAER BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER KLAPDOR-K LAHANAS TAKEDA ABRAMS ACOSTA ANGLOHER	03A 03 03A 03 03B 03C 03D 03C 03G 03G 03 03 03 03 02 02H 02	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B573 162 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C31 1 ASP 18 525 PL B568 55 PL B572 145 PR D66 122003 PRL 89 281801 ASP 18 43	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Sant</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>H.V. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus of</li> <li>A. Lahanas, D. Nanopoulos</li> <li>A. Takeda et al.</li> <li>D. Abrams et al.</li> <li>G. Angloher et al.</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) et al. (CDMS Collab.)
BAER BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER HEISTER KLAPDOR-K LAHANAS TAKEDA ABRAMS ACOSTA ANGLOHER ARNOWITT	03A 03 03A 03 03B 03C 03D 03C 03G 03G 03 03 03 03 03 02 02H 02 02	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B573 162 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C31 1 ASP 18 525 PL B568 55 PL B572 145 PR D66 122003 PRL 89 281801 ASP 18 43 hep-ph/0211417	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Santi</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>A. Lahanas, D. Nanopoulos</li> <li>A. Takeda et al.</li> <li>D. Abrams et al.</li> <li>G. Angloher et al.</li> <li>R. Arnowitt, B. Dutta</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) et al. (CDMS Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (CRESST Collab.)
BAER BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER HEISTER KLAPDOR-K LAHANAS TAKEDA ABRAMS ACOSTA ANGLOHER ARNOWITT ELLIS	03A 03 03A 03 03B 03C 03D 03C 03C 03G 03 03 03 03 02 02H 02 02B	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B565 176 PL B573 162 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C31 1 ASP 18 525 PL B568 55 PL B572 145 PR D66 122003 PRL 89 281801 ASP 18 43 hee-ph/0211417 PL B532 318	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Santi</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>H.V. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus et al.</li> <li>D. Abrams et al.</li> <li>D. Acosta et al.</li> <li>G. Angloher et al.</li> <li>R. Arnowitt, B. Dutta</li> <li>J. Ellis, A. Ferstl, K.A. Olive</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) et al. (CDMS Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (CRESST Collab.)
BAER BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER KLAPDOR-K LAHANAS TAKEDA ABRAMS ACOSTA ANGLOHER ARNOWITT ELLIS HEISTER	03A 03 03A 03 03B 03C 03D 03C 03C 03G 03 03 03 03 02 02H 02 02B 02 02 02 02 02	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C31 1 ASP 18 525 PL B568 55 PL B572 145 PR D66 122003 PRL 89 281801 ASP 18 43 hep-ph/0211417 PL B523 218 PL B526 191	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Sant,</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>H.V. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus of</li> <li>A. Lahanas, D. Nanopoulos</li> <li>A. Takeda et al.</li> <li>D. Abrams et al.</li> <li>D. Acosta et al.</li> <li>R. Angoher et al.</li> <li>R. Annowitt, B. Dutta</li> <li>J. Ellis A. Ferst, K.A. Olive</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) et al. (CDMS Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (CRESST Collab.) e (ALEPH Collab.)
BAER BOTTINO CHATTOPAD ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS ELLIS HEISTER HEISTER KLAPDOR-K LAHANAS TAKEDA ABRAMS ACOSTA ANGLOHER ARNOWITT ELLIS	03A 03 03A 03 03B 03C 03D 03C 03C 03G 03 03 03 03 02 02H 02 02B	JCAP 0309 007 PR D68 043506 PR D67 063519 PR D68 035005 ASP 18 395 NP B652 259 PL B565 176 PL B565 176 PL B573 162 PR D67 123502 EPJ C28 1 EPJ C31 1 ASP 18 525 PL B568 55 PL B572 145 PR D66 122003 PRL 89 281801 ASP 18 43 hee-ph/0211417 PL B532 318	<ul> <li>H. Baer et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino et al.</li> <li>A. Bottino, N. Fornengo, S.</li> <li>U. Chattopadhyay, A. Corset</li> <li>J. Ellis, K.A. Olive, Y. Santi</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>J. Ellis et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>A. Heister et al.</li> <li>H.V. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus et al.</li> <li>D. Abrams et al.</li> <li>D. Acosta et al.</li> <li>G. Angloher et al.</li> <li>R. Arnowitt, B. Dutta</li> <li>J. Ellis, A. Ferstl, K.A. Olive</li> </ul>	ti, P. Nath oso (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) et al. (CDMS Collab.) (CDF Collab.) (CRESST Collab.)

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A. Heister <i>et al.</i> A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.)
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A. Lahanas, V.C. Spanos A. Morales <i>et al.</i>	(COSME Collab.)
A. Morales <i>et al.</i> 2. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(IGEX Collab.) (DELPHI Collab.)
2. Abreu <i>et al.</i> E. Baltz, P. Gondolo	(DELPHI Collab.)
R. Barate <i>et al.</i> R. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
7. Darger, C. Nau	(ALEPH Collab.)
Baudis <i>et al.</i> R. Bernabei <i>et al.</i>	(Heidelberg-Moscow Collab.) (DAMA Collab.)
A. Bottino <i>et al.</i> A. Corsetti, P. Nath	
I. Ellis <i>et al.</i> I. Ellis, A. Ferstl, K.A. Oliv M.E. Gomez, J.D. Vergados	2
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P. Abreu <i>et al.</i> P. Abreu <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.) (DELPHI Collab.)
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M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i> E. Accomando <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
R. Bernabei <i>et al.</i> R. Bernabei <i>et al.</i>	(DAMA Collab.) (DAMA Collab.)
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C. Boehm, A. Djouadi, M. I I. Ellis <i>et al.</i> I.L. Feng, K.T. Matchev, F.	Wilczek
EP Collabs. (ALEPH, A. Morales <i>et al.</i>	DELPHI, L3, OPAL, SLD+) (IGEX Collab.)
D.E. Groom <i>et al.</i> N.J.C. Spooner <i>et al.</i>	(PDG Collab.) (UK Dark Matter Col.)
M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i> M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.) (L3 Collab.)
M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
M. Ambrosio <i>et al.</i> Baudis <i>et al.</i> ?. Belli <i>et al.</i>	(Macro Collab.) (Heidelberg-Moscow Collab.) (DAMA Collab.)
N. Ootani <i>et al.</i>	
P. Abreu <i>et al.</i> M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(DELPHI Collab.) (L3 Collab.)
K. Ackerstaff <i>et al.</i> R. Barate <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.)
R. Barate <i>et al.</i> R. Bernabei <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.) (DAMA Collab.)
I. Ellis <i>et al.</i> I. Ellis, T. Falk, K. Olive	
C. Caso <i>et al.</i> H. Baer, M. Brhlik	(PDG Collab.)
R. Bernabei <i>et al.</i>	(DAMA Collab.)
I. Edsjo, P. Gondolo R. Arnowitt, P. Nath H. Baer, M. Brhlik	
Bergstrom, P. Gondolo I.D. Lewin, P.F. Smith	
/. Berezinsky <i>et al.</i> F. Falk, K.A. Olive, M. Sree	daidii (MINN LICSP)
.M. LoSecco	(NDAM)
D. Adriani <i>et al.</i>	
M. Drees, M.M. Nojiri	(L3`Collab.) (DESY, SLAC)
M. Drees, M.M. Nojiri M. Drees, M.M. Nojiri F. Falk <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN)
I. Falk <i>et al.</i> 5. Kelley <i>et al.</i> 5. Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TOHO)
I. Halk <i>et al.</i> 5. Kelley <i>et al.</i> 5. Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi 4. Mori <i>et al.</i> (ł 4. Bottino <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TOHO) (EK, NIIG, TOKY, TOKA+)
I. Falk <i>et al.</i> 5. Kelley <i>et al.</i> 5. Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi M. Mori <i>et al.</i> 4. Bottino <i>et al.</i> 4. Bottino <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TOHO) (EK, NIIG, TOKY, TOKA+) (TORI, ZARA) (TORI, INFN)
I. Falk <i>et al.</i> 5. Kelley <i>et al.</i> 6. Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi 4. Bottino <i>et al.</i> 4. Bottino <i>et al.</i> 6. Decamp <i>et al.</i> 7. Leopez, D.V. Nanopoulos	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TOHO) (EK, NIIG, TOKY, TOKA+) (TORI, ZARA) (TORI, INFN) (ALEPH Collab.) 5, K.J. Yuan (TAMU)
I. Falk et al. 5. Kelley et al. 5. Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi M. Mori et al. 4. Bottino et al. 4. Bottino et al. 5. Decamp et al. 1. McDonald, K.A. Olive, M. 2. Abreu et al.	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TOHO) (EK, NIIG, TOKY, TOKA+) (TORI, ZARA) (TORI, INFN) (ALEPH Collab.) 5, K.J. Yuan (TAMU) . Srednicki (LISB+) (DELPHI Collab.)
I. Falk et al. S. Kelley et al. S. Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi M. Mori et al. A. Bottino et al. A. Bottino et al. J. Decamp et al. I.L. Lopez, D.V. Nanopoulos J. McDonald, K.A. Olive, M G. Alexander et al. A. Bottino et al.	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TORU, ALAH) (TORI, ZARA) (TORI, INFN) (ALEPH Collab.) Srednicki (DELPHI Collab.) (OPAL Collab.)
I. Falk et al. S. Kelley et al. Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi M. Mori et al. A. Bottino et al. Decamp et al. I. Lopez, D.V. Nanopoulos I. McDonald, K.A. Olive, M A. Abreu et al. Alexander et al. A. Bottino et al. B. Gelmin P. Gondolo E.	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TORU, ALAH) (TORI, ZARA) (TORI, INFN) (ALEPH Collab.) (Srednicki (LISB+) (DELPHI Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (TORI, INFN) . Roulet (UCLA, TRST)
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I. Falk et al. S. Kelley et al. S. Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi M. Mori et al. A. Bottino et al. A. Bottino et al. D. Decamp et al. J. L. Lopez, D.V. Nanopoulos I. McDonald, K.A. Olive, M 2. Abreu et al. A. Bottino et al. S. Belmini, P. Gondolo, E G. Griest, D. Seckel M. Kamionkowski M. Mori et al. M. Kamionkowski M. Mori et al.	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TOHO) (EK, NIIG, TOKY, TOKA+) (TORI, INFN) (ALEPH Collab.) (TAMU) . Srednicki (LISB+) (DELPHI Collab.) (TORI, INFN) . Roulet (UCLA, TRST) (CHIC, FNAL) (Kamiokande Collab.) (Kamiokande Collab.)
I. Falk et al. S. Kelley et al. S. Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi M. Mori et al. A. Bottino et al. Decamp et al. I.L. Lopez, D.V. Nanopoulos I. McDonald, K.A. Olive, M P. Abreu et al. S. Alexander et al. S. Geimini, P. Gondolo, E K. Griest, D. Seckel M. Kamionkowski M. Mojiri K.A. Olive, M. Srednicki L. Roszkowski K. Griest, M. Kamionkowski,	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TOHO) (EK, NIIG, TOKY, TOKA+) (TORI, INFN) (ALEPH Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (TORI, INFN) . Roulet (UCLA, TRST) (CHIC, FNAL) (Kamiokande Collab.) (KEK) (MINN, UCSB) (CERN) M.S. Turner (UCB+)
I. Falk et al. S. Kelley et al. Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi M. Mori et al. A. Bottino et al. Decamp et al. L. Lopez, D.V. Nanopoulos I. McDonald, K.A. Olive, M A. Abreu et al. Alexander et al. B. Gelmini, P. Gondolo, E G. Griest, D. Seckel M. Mori et al. M. Nojiri (A. Olive, M. Srednicki S. Barbieri, M. Srednicki	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TOHO) (EK, NIIG, TOKY, TOKA+) (TORI, INFN) (ALEPH Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (TORI, INFN) . Roulet (UCLA, TRST) (CHIC, FNAL) (Kamiokande Collab.) (KEK) (MINN, UCSB) (CERN) M.S. Turner (UCB+)
<ol> <li>Falk et al.</li> <li>Kelley et al.</li> <li>Kelley et al.</li> <li>Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi</li> <li>Mori et al.</li> <li>Bottino et al.</li> <li>Bottino et al.</li> <li>Decamp et al.</li> <li>Lopez, D.V. Nanopoulos</li> <li>McDonald, K.A. Olive, M</li> <li>Abreu et al.</li> <li>Alexander et al.</li> <li>Bottino et al.</li> <li>Bettinin, P. Gondolo, E</li> <li>Griest, D. Seckel</li> <li>Mori et al.</li> <li>Mori et al.</li> <li>Mori et al.</li> <li>Selemini, P. Gondolo, E</li> <li>Griest, D. Seckel</li> <li>Mori et al.</li> <li>Roszkowski</li> <li>Griest, M. Kamionkowski,</li> <li>Barbieri, M. Frigeni, G. G</li> <li>CA. Olive, M. Srednicki</li> <li>Ellis, R. Flores</li> <li>Griest</li> </ol>	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TOHO) (EK, NIIG, TOKY, TOKA+) (TORI, INFN) (ALEPH Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (TORI, INFN) . Roulet (UCLA, TRST) (CHIC, FNAL) (Kamiokande Collab.) (KEK) (MINN, UCSB) (CERN) M.S. Turner (UCB+)
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<ol> <li>Falk et al.</li> <li>Kelley et al.</li> <li>Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi</li> <li>Mori et al.</li> <li>Bottino et al.</li> <li>Bottino et al.</li> <li>Decamp et al.</li> <li>Lopez, D.V. Nanopoulos</li> <li>McDonald, K.A. Olive, M</li> <li>Abreu et al.</li> <li>Alexander et al.</li> <li>Bottino et al.</li> <li>Bottino et al.</li> <li>Sander et al.</li> <li>Alexander et al.</li> <li>Bedimin, P. Gondolo, E</li> <li>Griest, D. Seckel</li> <li>Mori et al.</li> <li>Mori et al.</li> <li>Mori et al.</li> <li>Armionkowski</li> <li>Mori et al.</li> <li>Roszkowski</li> <li>Griest, M. Kamionkowski,</li> <li>Barbieri, M. Frigeni, G. G</li> <li>CA. Olive, M. Srednicki</li> <li>Ellis, R. Flores</li> <li>Griest</li> <li>Alis, R. Watkins, K.</li> <li>Ellis et al.</li> </ol>	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TORI, ZARA) (TORI, ZARA) (TORI, INFN) (ALEPH Collab.) (ALEPH Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (CHIC, FINAL) (Kamiokande Collab.) (KEK) (Kamiokande Collab.) (KEK) (MINN, UCSB) (CERN) A. Olive (MINN, UCSB) (CERN)
<ol> <li>Falk et al.</li> <li>Kelley et al.</li> <li>Kulizuta, M. Yamaguchi</li> <li>Mizuta, M. Yamaguchi</li> <li>Mori et al.</li> <li>Bottino et al.</li> <li>Bottino et al.</li> <li>Decamp et al.</li> <li>Le Lopez, D.V. Nanopoulos</li> <li>McDonald, K.A. Olive, M</li> <li>Abreu et al.</li> <li>Alexander et al.</li> <li>Alexander et al.</li> <li>Griest, M. Srednicki</li> <li>Griest, R. Matkin, R. Watkins, K</li> </ol>	(L3 Collab.) (DESY, SLAC) (UCB, UCSB, MINN) (TAMU, ALAH) (TOHO) (EK, NIIG, TOKY, TOKA+) (TORI, INFN) (ALEPH Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (OPAL Collab.) (TORI, INFN) . Roulet (UCLA, TRST) (CHIC, FNAL) (Kamiokande Collab.) (CERN) (KAIN, UCSB) (MINN, UCSB) (MINN, UCSB) A. Olive (MINN, UCSB)

REF REF REF	D=48915 D=48932 D=49117 D=48970 D=49038
REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI	$\begin{array}{c} D = 49234 \\ D = 48012 \\ D = 48013 \\ D = 48140 \\ D = 48014 \\ D = 48015 \\ D = 48444 \\ D = 47899 \end{array}$
REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI	$D=48166 \\ D=49239 \\ D=49240 \\ D=48268 \\ D=49238 \\ D=49241 \\ D=48442$
REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI	$\begin{array}{c} D = 47369 \\ D = 47486 \\ D = 47495 \\ D = 47787 \\ D = 48020 \\ D = 47507 \\ D = 47608 \\ D = 47724 \end{array}$
REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI	$\begin{array}{c} D = 47725 \\ D = 47749 \\ D = 47755 \\ D = 47790 \\ D = 47634 \\ D = 47494 \\ D = 49237 \\ D = 47623 \end{array}$
REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI	$ \begin{array}{c} D = 48032 \\ D = 49104 \\ D = 49200 \\ D = 47768 \\ D = 48058 \\ D = 47501 \\ D = 47761 \\ D = 47469 \\ \end{array} $
REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI	$\begin{array}{c} D = 47577 \\ D = 47034 \\ D = 47322 \\ D = 47493 \\ D = 47231 \\ D = 46702 \\ D = 47326 \end{array}$
REFI REFI REFI REFI REFI	D=45950 D=46077 D=46076 D=46148 D=46247
REF REF REF REF REF	D=45563 D=47557 D=49231 D=49726
REFE REFE REFE REFE REFE	$\begin{array}{c} D=49381\\ D=49199\\ D=44356\\ D=44116\\ D=43644\\ D=43806\\ D=49230\\ D=4920\\ D=490$
REFI RFFI	D=43279 D=43808
REF	D = 41805
	D=41771 D=41688 D=41671 D=49229 D=41812 D=49227 D=49227
REFI	D=40756 D=12520 D=12508 D=12510