

$\Omega_c(2770)^0$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^+)$ Status: ***

The natural assignment is that this goes with the $\Sigma_c(2520)$ and $\Xi_c(2645)$ to complete the lowest mass $J^P = \frac{3}{2}^+$ SU(3) sextet, part of the SU(4) 20-plet that includes the $\Delta(1232)$. But J and P have not been measured.

NODE=S053

NODE=S053

$\Omega_c(2770)^0$ MASS

The mass is obtained from the mass-difference measurement that follows.

NODE=S053M

NODE=S053M

NODE=S053M

VALUE (MeV) DOCUMENT ID

$2766.0^{+0.9}_{-1.0}$ OUR FIT

$\Omega_c(2770)^0 - \Omega_c^0$ MASS DIFFERENCE

NODE=S053D

NODE=S053D

VALUE (MeV) EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

$70.7^{+0.8}_{-0.9}$ OUR FIT

$70.7^{+0.8}_{-1.0}$ OUR AVERAGE

$70.7 \pm 0.9^{+0.1}_{-0.9}$	54 ± 9	SOLOVIEVA	09	BELL	$\Omega_c^0 \gamma$ in $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S)$
$70.8 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.1$	105 ± 22	AUBERT,BE	06l	BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Omega_c(2770)^0$ DECAY MODES

NODE=S053215;NODE=S053

NODE=S053

The $\Omega_c(2770)^0 - \Omega_c^0$ mass difference is too small for any strong decay to occur.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
$\Gamma_1 \quad \Omega_c^0 \gamma$	presumably 100%

DESIG=1;OUR EST;→ UNCHECKED ←

$\Omega_c(2770)^0$ REFERENCES

NODE=S053

REFID=52631
REFID=51575

SOLOVIEVA	09	PL B672 1	E. Solovieva <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
AUBERT,BE	06l	PRL 97 232001	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)